LEGISLATURE---29TH SESSION.

Freights and Fares Not to Be Again Dragged Into That Body.

Grangers Petitioning for a Mutual Fire Insurance Law—Work in the Assembly Side.

SENATE.

SACRAMENTO, Monday, Feb. 9, 1891.

The Senate met at 2 o'clock P. M., Lieutenant-Governor Reddick in the chair. Roll called and quorum present. Prayer by Rev. A. T. Needham. Journal read and approved.

The special order for 2 o'clock was Mr. Wilson's S. B. 267, to regulate the interest on money.

On motion of Mr. Wilson, the consideration of the bill was made the special order for 11:30 A. M. on Tuesday.

PETITIONS.

Mr. Ostrom presented two petitions from Lodi Grange. One favored the bill relating to dealing in futures, and the other favored the passage of the mutual insurance bill.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Mr. Mahoney, from the Committee on Commerce and Navigation, reported back S. B. 332, relating to the Harbor Commissioners of San Diego, with the request that the author of the bill be allowed to withdraw it.

Mr. Streeter, the author of the bill, explained that he had been requested by the City Council of Riverside to withdraw the bill. It was so ordered.

Mr. Fraser, from the Committee on Agriculture, reported back S. B. 550, relating to the formation and government of agricultural districts, recommending its passage as amended.

Mr. Preston, from the Committee on Prisons, reported back the bill relating to the appointment of a State agent for the employment of discharged convicts, recommending its passage.

Mr. G. H. Williams, from the Committee on Federal Relations, reported back S. B. 560, relating to the registration of Chinese residents. Passage recommended.

Mr. DeLong, from the Committee on Finance, reported back favorably the bill appropriating money to pay the salary of the Executive Secretary for the forty-first and forty-second fiscal years.

KLAMATH RIVER AGAIN.

Mr. Campbell, of Siskiyou, called up the first special order—the bill repealing the Act declaring Klamath River navigable.

Messrs. McGowan and Ostrom wanted the matter postponed, and after some discussion it was made the special order for 2 o'clock P. M. on Wednesday.

THE POLICE BILL.

On motion of Mr. Dray, the Senate took up for consideration messages from the Assembly. Among these was one informing the Senate that the Assembly had refused to concur in the Senate amendment to A. B. 211 (the police bill), excepting cities of the third class from its operation.

Mr. Dray moved that the Senate recede from its amendment, which it did. He then moved to amend the bill by providing that in cities of the third class there shall not be to exceed one policeman for each one thousand inhabitants. This, he said, would entitle Sacramento to 27, San Jose to 19, and San Diego to 16.

The amendment was adopted.

BACK PAY.

Mr. Denison offered a resolution providing that S. B. 478 be amended so as to reduce the sum to be appropriated thereby from $426 to $300. [The bill appropriates money to pay for the services of certain attaches performed by direction of the Assembly in 1885, but for which Controller Dunn refused to issue warrants. The bill had been recommended for passage, but it was deemed advisable to reduce the sum to be appropriated.]

The resolution was amended.

A BILL APPROVED.

A message was received from the Governor, announcing his approval of S. C. A. 10, amending Section 2, of Article IV., of the Constitution.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

By Mr. Heacock—Amending Section 1243 of the Penal Code, relating to stay of execution in criminal cases on appeal to the Supreme Court.

By Mr. Mead—Creating police relief funds in cities and counties.

By Mr. DeLong—Authorizing the employment of otherwise unemployed convicts on roads at San Quentin.

By Mr. Broderick—Providing for the appointment of health and market inspectors in cities of 5,000 inhabitants or over.

By Mr. Dray—To protect owners of bottles, kegs, etc., used in the business of the manufacture of beverages.

Also, providing for the establishment of titles to real estate by the judgments of courts.

THE RAILROAD COMMISSION.

The next special order was Mr. Mead's constitutional amendment repealing Sections 22 and 23 of Article XII., of the Constitution, creating the State Board of Railroad Commissioners.

Mr. Dray said he was not prepared to vote intelligently on the measure. It had been said in some quarters that the Railroad Commission had not been vigilant in the discharge of its duties, but he did not know such to be the fact. If the commission were abolished the old scenes about the Legislature would, he feared, be re-enacted. He had hoped that Senators would discuss the question, in order that he might be enlightened on the subject.

Mr. Wilson said he had recently experienced a change of heart on the proposition, and was now in favor of abolishing the commission. In his opinion it had not worked as well here as in other States.

Mr. Goucher said he was opposed to the proposed amendment, abolishing the commission, on two grounds. One was the fact that its effect would be to legislate three officers out of one-half the terms for which they were elected. If the amendment had been so framed as to permit the members of the commission to serve out their full terms, he might see his way to overcome his scruples in other respects and vote for it. Possibly the commission had failed in the past to meet public expectations, but it should not be condemned for that reason, as all departments of the State Government had been failures at some time or other. Governors had been failures, and so had Legislatures—even the Supreme Court. The remedy lay with the people. If they fail to choose wisely in selecting their public officials, the fault is their own. The Railroad Commission takes the vexed question of fares and freights out of the halls of the Legislature and thus relieves that body of fruitful source of annoyance and interference. If good and efficient commissioners be elected in the future, the work of the board may be satisfactory. The intricate subject of regulating fares and freights should not again be dragged into the Legislature. Besides, when a man is elected to a public office it is under an implied contract that he shall be allowed to serve out the term for which he was chosen, and that contract should be above repudiation.

Mr. Mead said he had no objection to amending the bill so that it should not take effect until 1895—after the expiration of the terms of the present commissioners. He felt himself as if it would be hardly right to legislate men out of office after they had passed through an expensive campaign; but of the utility of the commission itself he had not a very high opinion.

Mr. Dray then offered an amendment providing that the bill should not go into effect until January 1, 1895.

Mr. Heacock spoke against it. He said that if it were well to abolish the commission at all it should be done without regard to the men composing it. They were but the servants of the people. If the commission is a good thing it should be retained, and if not it should be abolished. The question to be determined was not as to whether or not the three officials should hold for two or four years. It was the interests of the people that were to be subserved.

Mr. Sprague indorsed Mr. Heacock's views. He held that the general interests of the people were of paramount consideration to those of a few individuals.

Mr. Ostrom was in favor of removing the commission, but did not want to disturb the terms of the present members of the board.

Mr. Campbell of Solano disagreed with the latter view of the question. In fact, he was opposed to both the amendment and the bill itself. When he looked back and reflected on the fares and freights legislation by the Legislature, he saw that body in a turmoil over railroad bills, while lobbyists swarmed throughout the Capitol. The commission is a good thing, provided the people select good men to compose it. Abolish it, and you will relegate back the whole question to be the bane of the Legislature, and be haunted by the old lobby.

Mr. Langford wanted the commission abolished because of the expense attached to its maintenance.

Mr. Dray said he had come the conclusion that the members of the commission were entitled to their positions for the terms for which they were elected. It was proper and safe to submit all questions of public import to a vote of the people.

The amendment offered by Mr. Dray was lost—ayes 7, noes 30.

The roll was then called on the main question, and the Senate refused its sanction to the proposed constitutional amendment by the following vote:

Ayes—Berry, Crandall, Langford, McGowan, Mead, Ostrom and Wilson—7.

Noes—Bailey, Banks, Britt, Broderick, Byrnes, Campbell of Solano, Campbell of Siskiyou, Carpenter, Dargie, Denison, Dray, Everett, Flint, Fraser, Goucher, Hamill, Harp, Heacock, Maher, Mahoney, McComas, Ragsdale, Shippee, Simpson, Sprague, Streeter, Voorhies, Welch, W. H. Williams, G. H. Williams—30.

On motion of Mr. Heacock, the Senate then adjourned.

ASSEMBLY.

The House met at 2 o'clock P. M., after a recess since Friday afternoon, Speaker Coombs in the chair. Roll called, quorum present. Prayer by the Chaplain. Journal approved.

SPECIAL ORDER.

S. J. R. 8, relative to memorializing Congress to loan money to farmers at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum, which had been made the special order for Saturday, was taken up.

Dr. Martin of Placer offered a substitute which included miners in the benefits to be derived from the resolution.

Dr. Martin's substitute was voted down.

The resolution was adopted by a vote of 52 to 19.

S. J. R. 8, relating to the same topic, was lost by a vote of 27 noes to 40 ayes.

A. C. A. 7, amending Section 18 of Article XI., which had been lost, came up on a pending motion to reconsider, and was made a special order for Wednesday at 2 P. M.

A. B.'s 114 and 116, "electric railway" bills, came up, with amendments pending.

On motion, Mr. Dibble was appointed a special committee of one to so amend the bill as to give San Francisco the privilege of electric roads, excepting those run by overhead wires.

The amendment was made a special order for Wednesday.

RAILROAD COMMISSION.

A. C. A. 9, providing for the repeal of Sections 22 and 23 of Article XII. of the Constitution and abolishing the Board of Railroad Commissioners, gave rise to a lengthy debate. Mr. Dibble desired to add to what he said the other day, that the Railroad Commission, having been under a Democratic administration for the past four years, that party was responsible for the blunders and faults of the commission; that now, having elected a Republican board, he desired to see them given a chance to right all alleged wrongs, and therefore called upon his fellow-Republicans to vote against the extinction of the board.

Mr. Clark wished to support Mr. Dibble, and called attention to the fact that the present commission is already at work, reading extracts from the daily press giving an account of their work.

Mr. Bruner desired to know how much better off the people of the State would be when the commission was abolished and who of those who now condemned it was prepared to suggest a remedy for the evils which the board has not been able to arrange. He reviewed briefly the history of railroad legislation from 1868 to 1880, claiming that about one-half of each term, then 120 days in length, was consumed in fruitless efforts to settle freights and fares. This lasted for twelve or fourteen years, when the people concluded that the Legislature was not a fit place to discuss freights and fares, the Constitutional Convention was called, mainly to wrestle with railroad matters. The result was that the Board of Commissioners was created, and has existed ever since. It is now claimed that the people want it abolished, but if this is done all complaints against the railroad which come up between the sessions will will have to wait—some of them two years before redress can be had. But, by the Constitution, there can be no legislation with respect to special cases, so that much hardship to the people will ensue. He said that out of one hundred and sixty-seven complaints submitted to the late Board of Commissioners, one hundred and forty had been decided for the complainants and against the railroad. He asked the House to consider the question carefully before deciding to throw the State back into the condition which existed before the Constitutional Convention.

Mr. Doty spoke in favor of abolishing the Commission.

Messrs. Gould and Shanahan supported the bill.

The vote, on final passage of the bill, stood, ayes 34, noes 40, the names being as follows:

Ayes—Alms, Baughman, Beecher, Bledsoe, Brown, Cunningham, Doty, Dunn, Durner, Estey, Fowler, Garver, Gordon, Gould, Hail, Harloe, Hocking, Jackson, Kellogg, Lacey, Lewis, Lynch, Marion, Martin, Matlock, Mathews, Mordecai, Murnan, Murphy, Rice, Robertson, Smith of Butte, Smith of Orange, Sturtevant, Weston—34.

Noes—Alexander, Ames, Barnard, Barnett of San Francisco, Bert, Bruner, Brusie, Bryant, Carter, Clark, Coffey, Cram, Culver, Daly, Dennis, Dibble, Dow, Freeman, Galbraith, Glynn, Hawley, Hayes, Hersey, Hoey, Hunewill, Johnson, Jones, Low, Lux, McCall, Phillips, Shanahan, Stabler, Steltz, Tennis, Wentworth, Windrow, Young, Mr. Speaker—40.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS.

The following bills were introduced, read by title and referred:

By Mr. Mathews—Relating to highways.

Also, concerning highways, and to provide penalties to injuries thereto.

By Mr. McCall—To provide for the deficiency in the appropriation for the expenses of the State Board of Railroad Commissioners.

By Mr. Ames—Relating to entries in official books and records.

By Mr. Weston—Relating to County Jails.

By Mr. Wentworth—Relating to settlement of accounts of deceased executors, administrators and guardians.

By Mr. Galbraith—To provide pensions for teachers of the public schools.

By Mr. Cram—To make train-wrecking a capital offense.

By Mr. Barnett—To create a police relief, health and life insurance and pension fund in counties and cities.

By Mr. Dibble—Authorizing the State Prison Directors to employ unemployed prisoners to construct roads at San Quentin.

By Mr. Johnson—To create and organize and define the powers of a Board of Shipping Commissioners, for the purpose of securing and chartering ships to carry the surplus wheat and other surplus farm products to foreign ports.

By Mr. Hall—Relating to mining industry in California.

PETITIONS.

Mr. Gould presented a petition for a wagon road to Yosemite Valley. Referred.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

The Judiciary Committee reported back a large batch of Assembly and Senate bills.

Reports were also received from Committee on Rules and Regulations, Joint Committee of Senate and Assembly, Agriculture and Forestry, Ways and Means, Municipal Corporations.

The reading of the special file disposed of the third reading of various bills which have already been mentioned, and shortly after the beginning of the first file the House adjourned.

EDWIN HUTCHINSON.

A Sketch of the Career of Sacramento's Second Baseman.

Edwin Hutchinson, the man who will guard second base for the Sacramento Club during the coming season, will arrive in this city shortly. Captain McCloskey has signed him, and, in doing so, he says he considers himself lucky, as Hutchinson's services have been sought after by Colonel Robinson and other managers of Western clubs.

Hutchinson was born in Pittsburg, Pa., in 1867, and is therefore 24 years old. He stands 5 feet 11 inches in hight, and weighs 180 pounds. He is a left-handed batter, and has an excellent record as a hard hitter, expert base runner and clever fielder. He is unmarried.

His first engagement as a professional was with the Zanesville, Ohio, Club, of the Tri-State League in 1886. His position was right field and when the season closed he led his competitors in fielding and ranked as the second-best batter in the league. In 1887 he played with the Savannah, Ga., Club of the Southern League. While with the team he did shortstop work, being assigned to that position by Manager Morton, now of the Toledo Club. He ranked fifth as a batter and in base-running captured the first prize.

With the Columbus, Ohio, team in 1888, he played at short and again distinguished himself by gaining a batting average of 3.27, and finishing as second-best batter in that "swift" league. In 1889 he guarded second base for the Austin Club in Texas, and ranked as the leading in-fielder.

Hutchinson played with the Houston Club until last June, when Manager McCloskey sold him to Captain Anson of the Chicagos. He played second base for the latter team until one day he sprained his ankle badly in running a base, and was compelled to retire from the club. While with the Houston Club he led the league in base-running and ranked fifth as a batter.

YOUNG LADIES' INSTITUTE.

Their Third Anniversary Party Was Quite a Success.

Young Ladies' Institute Lodge, No. 17, gave its third anniversary party at Turner Hall last evening, and the affair certainly proved how successfully ladies can manage a party of the kind.

It was a success in a social way and also from a financial standpoint, and one of the most respectable gatherings of young men and ladies that one could wish to see. There were over one hundred and fifty couple in the grand march, and although the dancing floor was somewhat crowded, it did not hinder any one from enjoying the party. The dances were fourteen in number, and the music was furnished by an excellent orchestra of six pieces. The success of the affair was due to the energetic work of the following committees:

Reception—Miss L. Conrad, Miss A. O'Rielly, Miss M. Stack, Miss K. Golden, Miss Mollie Walsh, Miss M. Boylan, Miss J. Haggerty, Mrs. Mary Stack and Mrs. Susie Maley.

Arrangements—Mrs. J. W. Willem, Mrs. M. E. O'Callaghan, Mrs. Rosa Moore, Mrs. D. J. Considine and Misses N. Denny, Minnie Kent, Maggie Hallanan and Mary Gleeson.

Floor Director, Miss Josie L. Regan; Managers—Mrs. M. A. Nagle, Mrs. Al. Wulff, Mrs. Kate Dolan and Misses Mary Morley, Mary Pepper, M. Brannan, Mamie Whyte, Lizzie Long, Lilly Denny and Mamie Costello.

A SERIOUS ACCUSATION.

The Father of a Family Accused of Criminal Assault.

Sunday evening Mr. and Mrs. Furbie who live on Eighteenth street, between M and N, called at the police station and asked a private interview with Captain Lee. Mrs. Furbie was very much excited, and she told a story to the effect that a neighbor named Fred Brown had committed a criminal assault on her by threatening to kill her if she did not comply with his request. She said her family and the Browns were on very friendly terms and visited each other often, and she did not for a moment suspect that the father of a family would take advantage of her. Mrs. Furbie hesitated about swearing to a complaint against Brown Sunday night, fearing that her family would be disgraced, but yesterday morning she resolved to do so, and Brown was arrested.

Mrs. Furbie has four children and Brown has a wife and a number of children.

The police are inclined to doubt the story of the complainant.

THE GAMBLING CASES.

Shunk and Mater Are Held to Answer by Judge Cravens.

Ed Shunk and James Mater, two of the men caught by officers Brissell, Frazee and Alter, in the faro-room over the Bank Exchange, were held to answer for gaming yesterday by Judge Cravens, and bail was fixed at $1,000 in each case. The testimony introduced by the prosecution was similar to the account of the raid as published in the RECORD-UNION when the men were arrested. The attorneys for the defense moved that the defendants be discharged when the prosecution closed, but Judge Cravens denied the motion.

The charge against Walter Emery was dismissed on motion of the prosecution, and the case of Angus Ross, accused of leasing the house for gaming purposes, went over until Friday at 1:30 P. M.

SCHOOL CHANGES.

A New Class Is Created, and Several Promotions Follow.

The City Board of Education held a special meeting last evening and made several new changes.

A new sixth-grade class was created at the school at Tenth and Q streets, and Miss Tenbroeck was elected teacher of the class.

Miss Johnson was elected to fill the vacancy occasioned by the promotion of Miss Tenbroeck.

Miss Tracy, first substitute, was elected assistant at the night school, and the vacancy on the substitute list was filled by the election of Miss Anna Stanfield.

Mrs. Coon was elected janitress of the High School, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Mr. Otis.

State House Again.

D. Dierssen, assignee of Wilson & Kinney, late lessees of the State House Hotel, has brought suit against Charles A. Jenkins for the recovery of an omnibus, two horses, fixtures and other hotel property, valued in all at $13,000. Jenkins is the owner and present manager of the hotel. Dierssen also sues for $1,000 damages. When Wilson & Kinney went into insolvency, Dierssen was appointed assignee by the court, and he alleges that Jenkins unlawfully seized the property above mentioned.

More Light Wanted.

That portion of the Capitol Park in the rear of the building is greatly in need of an electric light. Many persons have to cross that portion of the grounds at night, although the darkness there is intense. Besides, it would be a great aid to the watchman about the building and grounds to have the place well lighted, as a protection against rough characters and vandals.

CONMITTEES AND CAUCUSES.

Contestant P. J. Murphy Likely to be Out His Expenses.

The Sacramento Bond Bill Will be Reported Favorably—Action on Other Bills.

The Ways and Means Committee of the Assembly at their meeting last night had under consideration the general appropriation bill. Before going into executive session the committee listened to Senator DeLong in behalf of the appropriation for San Quentin State Prison; Captain Aull for an appropriation of $240,000 for maintenance of Folsom Prison, together with $65,000 for additions and repairs; to Mr. Lowe, brother of Assemblyman Lowe of Santa Clara, on the appropriation necessary for the State Normal School at San Jose, and to Mr. Barnard on behalf of the Normal School at Chico.

Chairman Dibble hopes to have the bill ready to report back to the Assembly by next Monday at the farthest.

THE APPORTIONMENT BILL.

The Assembly Republican caucus held last evening was brief, the apportionment bill was discussed and it is said that a substitute was agreed upon, to be presented to the Assembly to-day.

Another story is to the effect that the caucus merely agreed upon plans to push ahead the apportionment bill, and that a joint caucus of Senators and Assemblymen will be held in a day or two to agree upon a bill.

SACRAMENTO BOND BILL.

The bill affecting the bonded debt of this city was again considered by the Senate Judiciary Committee last evening. At the previous hearing arguments against the bill were made by bondholder Bates and Bond Commissioner Beatty. Last evening arguments in its favor were made by Judge McKune and W. A. Anderson, who have both acted as attorneys for the city in its litigation with the bondholders.

The points dwelt upon by the gentlemen—while new to the committee—are familiar to all Sacramentans who followed the bond litigation in years past. Major Anderson laid particular stress upon the significance of Supreme Justice Paterson's dissenting opinion in the case of Bates vs. City Treasurer Porter, in which four of the seven Justices held that the bondholders were entitled to 55 per cent. of the gross income of the water works. One paragraph of Justice Paterson's opinion, although frequently quoted, is worty of reproduction. It reads:

In view of the uncertainty as to the meaning the Legislature intended to attach to the word "revenue," in the Act of 1858, the amendatory and supplemental acts may be regarded as simply rendering its true meaning certain, and as in no way changing, adding to, or taking from it. They should not be declared void because of the insertion of the word "net," unless it is clearly repugnant to the sense in which the words "revenue from water rents" had been used in the original Act.

In support of Justice Paterson's opinion, that of Justice McFarland was also quoted, in which he said:

The water works is a business, like the business of other water companies, mining, railroading, merchandising, etc. In such case "revenue" is, of course, the excess of receipts over expenditures. If other financial miracles could be wrought as easily as the turning of the gross receipts of a business into revenue, "the chapels had been churches, and poor men's cottages princes' palaces."

Messrs. McKune and Anderson were submitted to a rigid course of questioning by members of the committee, and when the hearing was concluded the committee, without a dissenting vote, agreed to recommend the bill for passage.

CONCERNING BOYCOTTING.

The Judiciary Committee of the Senate also considered last evening the bill relating to unlawful conspiracy. It re-enacts the present provisions of the code on that subject, with the addition of a new section, as follows:

To injure any person in his business, or to prevent any person from exercising a lawful employment, calling or business.

They are punishable by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding two years, or by a fine not exceeding $2,000, or both.

The committee at one time voted to reduce the term of imprisonment from two years to one year, and the fine from $2,000 to $1,000. Subsequently arguments against the bill were made by Eugene Hough and C. M. Harrison, after which the committee decided to postpone final action on the bill until its author, Senator Campbell, could be present.

A BILL KNOCKED OUT.

At a session of the Senate Committee on Irrigation and Water Rights, A. B. 192, providing for the disorganization of irrigation districts, was considered, among other bills relating to irrigation. The bill in question was one far-reaching in its scope, as it virtually repealed, or negatived, the provisions of the Wright Irrigation Act of four years ago, under which so many districts have been formed and are now operating.

The bill was, on motion of Mr. Campbell of Siskiyou, indefinitely postponed. Ex-Senator Wright was present, and seemed to be immensely pleased at the action of the committee.

ECONOMY'S THE WORD.

There was a caucus of the Republican Senators last evening, called for the purpose of considering what action should be pursued in regard to the bills of cost returned for the Murphy-Mahoney contest. Mr. Murphy's claim is for $3,333 90, and Mr. Mahoney's for $5,534 40.

The caucus last night decided, it is said, to vote against allowing any portion of the Murphy bill except for the work of the stenographic reporter, and also reduced the Mahoney bill some $1,200.

Evidently the Republican Senators are of the opinion that the contest on Mr. Murphy's part was without any foundation.

"TOO PREVIOUS."

A Charivari Party That Got Itself Into Trouble.

Manuel Perry, who lives in the "pocket," down the river, called at the District Attorney's office yesterday and had a complaint drawn up against Frank Cardoza, Manuel Silva and Antone Hacks, charging them with disturbing his peace. The complaint was sworn to before Justice of the Peace Henry, and warrants were placed in the hands of Deputy Constable Swift for service.

According to Perry's story, his daughter is contemplating marriage, and the young men above mentioned were a little "too previous," and treated her and the rest of the Perry household to a charivari Saturday night. In the course of their orgy the young men discharged pistols and did other things to terrorize the Perry family.

They will be arrested to-day.

WITH THE ATHLETES.

A Coming Entertainment—A New Hand-ball Court.

The Board of Directors of the Sacramento Athletic Club held a regular meeting last night.

A committee was appointed to get estimates on the cost of building a new hand-ball court in the gymnasium. Hand-ball has become very popular among the members of late, and as the present court is inadequate the board has decided to have a better one.

The Entertainment Committee was instructed to arrange for giving another "Ladies' night" at the rooms within a fortnight.

There was some informal talk regarding a couple of amateur boxing contests that are on the tapis, after which the board adjourned.

IN 1850 "Brown's Bronchial Troches" were introduced, and their success in relieving coughs and bronchial troubles has been unparalleled.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

Hon. G. G. Blanchard, of Placerville, is in the city.

E. B. Ryan, Tax Agent for the Southern Pacific Company, is in the city, having come up from San Francisco last evening.

Arrivals at the Golden Eagle Hotel yesterday: W. J. Clendennis, E. A. Shaver, Baltimore; J. H. Schafer, Cedar Rapids; D. W. Waser, Chico; H. D. Howard and wife, Stockton; H. J. Hazard and wife, F. H. Seeley, Los Angeles; Mrs. A. Seeley, Santa Barbara; W. A. Shippee, Avon; E. Fagan, Gridley; John Landis, J. M. C. Jasper, Wheatland; Charles Aull, Folsom; M. C. McLennen, Auburn; W. C. Good, Santa Rosa; John G. North, Redlands; Charles A. Swisler, Placerville; S. Baden, Cincinnati; L. F. Moulton, Colusa; J. M. Wentworth, Oakland; John J. McDonald, Boca; T. J. Fields, Monterey; J. N. Holm, R. W. Hauser, F. W. Titus, W. D. Valentine, S. B. Schroeder, A. H. Emery, Lyman Bridges, General Evans, M. T. Moses, J. S. Dryer, E. B. Ryan, M. H. Falkenstein, J. Henry Smith, H. I. Willey, J. Kraker, W. H. Moran, M. E. Frank, Sam Hayman, J. T. Peters, San Francisco.

Arrivals at the Capital Hotel yesterday: Mrs. A. C. Newcomb, Tehama; F. F. Chase, Dutch Flat; N. Coombs, Napa; J. A. Egan, Jackson; J. L. Seawell and wife, Colusa; Byron Waters, San Bernardino; Clarence Camp, Perkins; W. W. Bowers, San Diego; W. A. Brown, J. D. Daly, San Francisco; F. M. Jones, Perkins; A. R. Bidwell, California; J. Churchill, Yuba; D. M. Cantrell, Arno, Cal.; Dr. L. Bunwell, Oroville; T. W. H. Shanahan, Anderson; A. M. Wilber, Yuba City; Geo. A. Knight, San Francisco; T. M. Noster, Berkeley; R. H. Beamer, Woodland; L. Matavia, Truckee; John F. Stephenson, Franklin; S. H. Callen, Santa Rosa; W. S. Green, Colusa; W. A. Bean, Fresno City; Wm. F. Burbank, New York; C. P. Berry, Wheatland; J. Harris, E. H. Tucker, Colorado; M. Van Gilder, Acampo; John Brown, San Francisco; W. H. Galbraith, Santa Cruz; C. E. Mack, Jr., Union House; F. McCormack, Florin; J. H. Curley, Boston; Clement Bennett, San Francisco; Arthur I. Gray, Elk Grove.

BRIEF NOTES.

Alpine County paid $3,067 13 into the State Treasury yesterday.

Two Chinamen were arrested yesterday by the officers for discharging fireworks promiscuously on I street.

Este Brothers, who run the big lumber mill above Grizzly Flat, have recently put two immense steam wagons on the road between their mill and Diamond Springs. Each of the monsters carries 40,000 feet of lumber.

Dr. G. A. White held an autopsy on the remains of Christopher Kelly, who was found dead Saturday morning at the foot of a flight of stairs on K street. It was found that death resulted from a fracture of the skull caused by the fall.

At the meeting of the Board of City Trustees yesterday the Chief Engineer of the Water Works reported that 25,741,000 gallons of water were pumped during the week ending February 8th. The Holly engine was in operation 35½ hours and the Stevens 86 hours.

On last Saturday evening Union Lodge, No. 21, Ancient Order United Workmen, elected as Representatives to the Grand Lodge, A. O. U. W., which meets in San Francisco on April 7, 1891, H. J. Norton, J. E. Harlow, J. C. White, Joseph Judd and C. W. Baker.

POLICE COURT.

Most of the Cases Continued—Five Fines for Drunkenness.

Yesterday's calendar in the Police Court was a lengthy and varied one. Peter Sheldon, William Freeman, Frank Pierson, Harry Lee and M. M. Clegg, charged with drunkenness, were fined $5 each. The cases of Joseph Dias, charged with seduction, and William Gillson, accused of receiving stolen property, were continued until the 13th inst.

The charges of disturbing the peace against Daniel Redding and Joseph Garcher were dismissed on payment of costs, as was also the case of Andrew Lichi, charged with a similar offense.

The Hollingsworth grand larceny case went over until Friday next.

S. W. Butler, charged with misdemeanor, was ordered to appear to-day for trial.

"A STATE INSTITUTION."

"Of Which a Californian of Any Section Might Be Proud."

[Santa Rosa Leaf, February 8th.]

The Sacramento RECORD-UNION is among the most prized and the most carefully scanned of our State exchanges. It is dignified without starchiness, live without being indelicate, and as a harvester of news about the Capital City, there are no fences to prevent it going all over the field. The daily has been enlarged to six pages and the SUNDAY UNION to eight. With its new Goss perfecting press, it is now handsomely enough equipped to be regarded as a State institution, of which a Californian of any section might be proud.

Thrown Out on His Head.

A Chinaman was thrown from a wagon on I street yesterday morning in consequence of his horse becoming unmanagable. He alighted headforemost on the cobbles and received an ugly cut just below the left eye. He was taken to the receiving hospital, where Dr. Nichols dressed the wound. The discharge of Chinese fireworks frightened the horse.

Jeweler (examining it)—"What on earth have you been doing to this watch?" Owner of watch—"Nothing, sir. Nothing at all. I wound it up awhile ago, good and tight, and it stopped. I shook it for half an hour and couldn't start it, and then I opened it and poked the balance wheel with a toothpick, and still it wouldn't go. I want to know what's the matter with the blamed thing."—*Chicago Tribune.*

PREVENTION is better than cure, and you may prevent attacks of rheumatism by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which will keep your blood pure and free from acid and germs of disease.

SYRUP of FIGS

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

Changed Daily for the Red House.

SPECIAL!

Belated styles are never meaner than in Millinery. We want no hold-overs to begin a new season with. We have no shop-worn or worthless goods to dispose of, but the same fashionable styles that you ladies gathered so freely a few weeks ago. What remains from those busy days are to be closed out regardless of cost. Everything in the shape of Winter Millinery MUST GO at some price. No dilly-dallying when this sale begins. A quick pulse must reach to the edge of every stock, and ours not wonderfully large.

ON THURSDAY MORNING NEXT

We commence this sale, and we list below a part of our offerings. Every Trimmed Bonnet or Hat at some price:

Beaver Flats, reduced from $1 75 to.....35 cents
Felt Flats, reduced from $1 to.....35 cents
Felt Hats, latest styles, all colors, reduced from 75c to...10 and 15 cents
Children's Trimmed Hats, felt, reduced from $1 to.....40 cents
Hammock Hats, felt, reduced from 75 cents to.....38 cents
Astrakhan Caps, with plush trimmings, reduced to.....15 cents
Velvet Majestic Caps, reduced from $1 to.....50 cents
Large Wings, all colors, reduced to..... 3 cents
Quills, all colors, reduced to.....1 cent each
Fancy Trimming Pins, reduced to.....1 cent each
Jersey Caps.....1 cent each

ETC., ETC., ETC.

Everything of winter stock in our Millinery rooms--the best, the poorest, all at quick-moving prices.

RECEIVED YESTERDAY.---A carload of Floor Matting. The same will be on sale to-day at Clearing Sale prices. Several different qualities.

C. H. GILMAN,
Red House, Sacramento.

JOS. THIEBEN CROCKERY CO.

We start the ball rolling for the year 1891 by quoting a few of our prices, and to be convinced that our stock is by far the best selected and cheapest in this city, we invite you all. As our goods are marked in plain figures, we have but ONE PRICE.

$17 50—100-piece Real China Decorated Dinner and Tea Set. Regular price, $27 50.
$10 00—100-piece English Decorated Semi-Porcelain Dinner and Tea Set.
25c—Half-gallon Heavy Glass Jug.
5c—Plain Heavy Goblets.
35c—Heavy Glass Sets, four pieces.
25c—Lava Decorated Cuspidores.

THE ABOVE IS NO BAIT, BUT OUR REGULAR PRICES.

$2. Come and see the THIEBEN ELECTRIC LAMP—simplest, safest and best in the world, and to introduce our lamp we offer it at the same price as the Banner and all other cheap lamps in the market. $2.

JOS. THIEBEN CROCKERY CO.,
NO. 518 J STREET.

PAY CAR. To the Employes of the Southern Pacific Company:

We wish to direct their attention to our SEVENTH ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE, now in full blast. The aim of everyone is to make the $ go its farthest, and at the same time get the money's worth. We say that with us you will always find us up to the times. At our sale we have cut everything in price, and the buyer is the gainer. Come to us for Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, etc. MECHANICAL CLOTHING STORE, 414 K street. H. MARKS, Proprietor.

$10--NO. 7 COOK STOVE--$10.

We offer you the largest Cook Stove, with the largest and best oven to be found in the State, for $10. Come and see it. Every one warranted. New price-list free on application.
ROOFING, PLUMBING AND GENERAL JOBBING.
CHAMBERLIN & CO., 613 K Street.

HUNTINGTON-HOPKINS COMPANY,
Sporting Goods, Shotguns, Rifles, Standard Loaded Shells, Powder, Shot, Etc.
SACRAMENTO AND SAN FRANCISCO.

FELTER, SON & CO.,
1008 and 1010 Second St., Sacramento,
JOBBERS AND DEALERS IN CHOICE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.
Delivered to any address, city or country, in quantities to suit.
Telephone 87. P. O. Box 33.

KLUNE & FLOBERG,
WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELERS, 428 J STREET, BETWEEN FOURTH AND Fifth, dealers in WATCHES, JEWELRY and DIAMONDS. REPAIRING in all its branches a specialty, under Mr. Floberg. Agents for ROCKFORD WATCH COMPANY.

M. WACHHORST,
LEADING JEWELER OF SACRAMENTO, AGENT FOR PATEK, PHILIPPE & CO.'S WATCHES—best in the world. Sign of the Town Clock, No. 315 J Street, Sacramento.

SHERWOOD HALL NURSERIES
Timothy Hopkins,
MENLO PARK, SAN MATEO COUNTY, CAL.
Carnations, Roses, Chrysanthemums and Cut Flowers.
SWEET PEA SEED A SPECIALTY.

A. MEISTER,
CARRIAGES, VICTORIAS, PHAETONS, Buggies and Spring Wagons.
910, 912, 914 Ninth st., Sacramento.

GUTHRIE BROS.,
PRACTICAL PLUMBERS, STEAM AND Gas Fitters. Roofing and Jobbing. Terms reasonable. 127 J Street.