THE RECORD-UNION.

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NATIONAL CAPITAL.

The President Has no Idea of Calling an Extra Session.

HE DOES NOT THINK BUSINESS WILL REQUIRE ONE.

A Rumor Current That the Chinese Government Protests Against the Appointment of Blair as Minister to China is Denied by a Representative of the Legation at Washington.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—This Congress is having a remarkable closing. There is an air of extraordinary calmness about the proceedings which consume the closing twenty-four hours of Congress, and they are about devoid of interest. There is perhaps more than a usual rush in the lobbies by those wishing to press through measures. The "lobby" is very active, and is in a measure successful, though all that was expected in the way of getting little measures through will not be accomplished.

The work done to-day was chiefly in conference committees, the two houses merely acting on the reports.

The result of the struggle to put miscellaneous items on the appropriation bills is still in doubt; therefore it is not possible to tell just what the agreement of the appropriations of the session will be. These miscellaneous items count up enormously during the closing hours of the session. At the close of the last session a very liberal estimate was made by the committee, fixing the sum of the items at $5,000,000, but it turned out that the aggregate was $10,000,000. It is safe to say the aggregate of all appropriations will exceed $525,000,000. Possibly they will be considerably more.

An evening paper says: The President said to callers yesterday that the report that he intended to send a special message urging the passage of the Federal elections bill is not true. It would be, he said, both superfluous and useless.

The President said to these gentlemen that he had no idea that an extra session of Congress would be necessary. As to the talked-of special session of the Senate, the President said he had no intention of calling one. There was, he said, nothing in the present outlook of public business that would require it.

The President then told his callers that he was going on a shooting trip about a week after the adjournment of Congress, to be gone a week.

MINISTER BLAIR.

No Truth in the Report that the Chinese Government Objects to Him.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—A rumor is current to the effect that upon information cabled by the Chinese Minister here the Chinese Government has entered an objection to Senator Blair, as Minister to that country.

The Chinese Minister being in Peru, Mr. Yo, one of the attaches of the Legation, to-day said there was absolutley no truth in the report, and added: "A cablegram was, of course, sent, but it was a mere announcement, and no word has been received from the Chinese Government in answer to the message. Any action hostile to the appointment would be taken, presumably, on information sent from here, and nothing against Mr. Blair has been sent, or is likely to be sent. We have, of course, made investigations, but all we have found out is favorable to the appointment rather than against it. I have been in this country long enough to know what a fake is, even if I do not use the word myself, and I should call the whole story about Mr. Blair a fake."

Secretary Blaine said that so far as he knew there was nothing whatever in the story.

BLAIR'S ANTI-CHINESE RECORD.

NEW YORK, March 3.—A *Tribune* Washington special says: The only point made against Senator Blair as Minister to China that has any real weight is his attitude upon the Chinese question. He has opposed in the Senate the admission of Chinese to this country, and in one of his reports he has used rather strong language in describing the character of the Chinese quarter in San Francisco. The position assumed by him in his speeches and reports is supposed to be greatly to his disadvantage as the future Minister to China. It should be remembered, however, that the Chinese Government is as strongly opposed to Chinese coming to this country as any people here could be to their being received at that point, therefore it will not be sufficient to make Blair's relations with the Chinese authorities disagreeable.

NEW LAWS.

Acts Which Have Been Approved by the President.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—The President has signed the following bills:

The direct tax bill.

The Act to prevent book-making and pool-selling in the District of Columbia.

The joint resolution authorizing Vice-Consul-General Seidmore to accept the medal conferred upon him by the Emperor of Japan.

The Act amending the Act for the relief of the volunteers and regular soldiers of the late war, approved March 2, 1889.

The Act to pension the widow of General William H. Hoffman.

The Act to establish Circuit Court appeals and to define and regulate in certain cases the jurisdiction of courts of the United States.

In regard to the treaty of reciprocity with the Hawaiian Islands.

The Act providing for the safe and humane transportation of cattle.

The Act for the erection of United States prisons and for the imprisonment of United States prisoners.

The Act amending the laws in regard to the immigration of aliens.

The Act granting pensions to Powell's battalion of mounted volunteers.

The Act granting a pension to the widow of Rear-Admiral Porter.

The Act to provide for the ocean mail service between the United States and foreign points, and to promote commercial relation.

The Act to regulate the granting of leases of the Hot Springs in Arkansas.

Authorizing the Coos Boseburg and Eastern Railroad and Navigation Company, in Coos County, Or., to construct a bridge across the Coal Bank Slough.

To provide for the inspection of live hogs and carcasses and products thereof which are subject to interstate commerce.

Granting to the Missoula and Northern Railway a right of way through the Flathead Indian Reservation, in Montana.

The joint resolution appropriating $1,000,000 for the improvement of the Mississippi River, and making the same immediately available, and the Act to provide for the adjudication and payment of claims arising from Indian depredations.

RIVER IMPROVEMENTS.

Report Concerning the Lock Construction on the Columbia.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—In response to a Senate resolution of some months ago, Major Thomas B. Handbeary, submitted to the Secretary of War a report concerning the lock construction at the Cascades, on the Columbia river, Oregon. The Secretary of War sent the voluminous report to the Senate to-day.

The report says that the increase of money asked for is due to a policy adopted to increase the size of the canal and locks to comply with the commerce of the section which will certainly be developed within a few years. The original plan conformed to the present needs, possibly, but an increase was decided upon as the most economical policy.

It is also stated that owing to the small appropriations the work has been greatly embarrassed, and under this policy the total cost would be increased. It is stated that the rock to be removed is much harder than at first supposed, and in other ways also an increase of expenditure had been necessitated.

The estimated cost of completing the improvement is placed at $1,745,500, and it is stated that it will take three years to do the work.

A change in the elevation of the upper gate of the lower lock is suggested, which will cost an additional $65,000. It is urged very strongly that the recommendation in this particular be adopted.

Soon after the opening of the present session Senator Dolph introduced an amendment to the general deficiency bill to appropriate $120,000 to complete "this improvement." It was not received favorably, and Senator Mitchell said he was almost disgusted over the way the matter has been treated. In his judgment the plans called for more money than they should. The amount was enough to cause anyone to hestitate. There would be no appropriation this session, as there was no river and harbor bill, and the report had been received too late for action upon it.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

San Francisco Gets an Increase in the Postoffice Appropriation.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—The Senate amendment to the sundry civil appropriation bill increasing the appropriation bill for the San Francisco Postoffice building by $450,000 went through all right to-day. This makes the total amount available for the purchase of a site $1,250,000.

The Treasury Department will be urged to take immediate action before the nimble real estate men of San Francisco have a chance to run up prices.

In the sundry civil bill $10,000 was appropriated for the Presidio at San Francisco.

It is said to-night that the deficiency bill is in danger of not getting through in time. It carries $1,300,000 for the French spoilation claim, and $3,000,000 for the Central Pacific Railroad claim for Government transportation. The Senate and House cannot agree, and these items imperil the bill's passage.

The bill to repeal the timber culture claims has been before the President all day, and he hesitates to sign it. He sent to-night to the Secretary of the Interior for a written opinion on the matter pertaining to certain features. The Secretary referred the matter to Land Commissioner Groff, who is preparing a report, which will be sent to the President very early to-morrow.

BARRUNDIA'S DEATH.

A Million-Dollar Claim Filed Against the United States.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—Transito Hutarte, for the widow of General Barrundia in her own name and as a representative of his wife, Barrundia's daughter, has filed with the Secretary of State a claim against the United States for $1,000,000 for having surrendered Barrundia to the Guatemalan authorities, at whose hands he lost his life.

There is a defect in the claim, which, in the opinion of the State Department officials, will prove fatal to it, and that is the fact that it is made by citizens of a foreign country without the knowledge and consent of that country. It is said at the Department that it is a well-established principle in this country, as well as in others, that claims of citizens of one country against another are recognized only when presented in the name of the country of which the claimant is a citizen.

Defects in Steel Castings.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—Seecretary Tracy sent to the Senate to-night, in response to a resolution, the result of the investigation made into the alleged defects in steel castings furnished the Government by the Standard Steel Co. of Thurlow, Pa. The investigation showed that a number of castings furnished were defective, and flaws in steel concealed apparently to defraud the steel inspectors.

The Secretary also sent a report of the board appointed to investigate the false stamping of steel test pieces for naval vessels made by the Linden Steel Co. of Pittsburg, the result of which shows that a counterfeit stamp has been used by an employe of the company, and that the company had no knowledge of the fraud practiced on the Government.

Architect Windrim Vindicated.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—Senator Spooner, from the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds, to-day submitted the result of the committee's investigations of certain allegations made by citizens of Springfield, Mo., concerning the selection of a site for public buildings and making certain insinuations against Supervising Architect of the Treasury Windrim in connection with the matter.

The report states that the committee, after hearing a large amount of testimony, are unanimously of the opinion that there is nothing whatever in the evidence which impeaches in any way the capacity or integrity of Windrim.

The Late Senator Hearst.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—The funeral services of Senator Hearst take place at noon Thursday at the house, Dr. Bartlett of the New York Avenue Presbyterian Church, officiating. Saturday the remains will be removed to a special train, which will leave Washington and is expected to arrive in San Francisco the following Thursday.

Confirmed by the Senate.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—The Senate has confirmed Joseph Pinkham as United States Marshal for Idaho; W. D. Tillotson of Washington, Consul-General at Kanagwa; H. C. Ide of Vermont, Land Commissioner in Samoa; T. N. Clewell, Postmaster at Helena, Montana.

Pensions Paid.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—The Treasury Department to-day paid out $9,500,000 for pensions, completing the $30,000,000 required on that account for the quarter ending to-morrow. The revenue surplus has accordingly been reduced to $25,000,000.

How to Get Rid of Sideache.

Who has not suffered from sideache? We all had it when we ran races at school—we have it when we overwork ourselves at any age. It comes on, as everybody knows, suddenly. By using one of ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS it goes away nearly as quickly. F. Roessner, of No. 556 West 58th Street, New York, says:

"It is with pleasure I write these lines in testimony to the powers of ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS. I have been somewhat annoyed with serious pains in my sides, for which several medicines have been prescribed, but to no avail, and through the advice of a friend I tried two ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS, and the relief they have given me is both satisfactory and astonishing. To any one annoyed with pains these plasters are a certain remedy."

COAST CHRONICLES.

The La Blanche-Mitchell Fight Declared Off.

ANOTHER ALILA TRAIN ROBBER ARRESTED.

The Work of Repairing the Damage to the Southern Pacific Road in Arizona Progressing Rapidly—The Road Expected to be Opened by Monday Next.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 3.—The Directors of the California Athletic Club held a meeting to-night to consider the awarding of the victory in the recent fight between young Mitchell and George La Blanche, "The Marine." Charges had been made that the fight was sold. The Directors decided to-night that the fight was not to the satisfaction of the club, and declared it off, and barred La Blanche and his second from further appearance in the ring. The question of compensation to Mitchell will be considered at a future meeting.

EFFECTS OF THE STORM.

Large Force of Men at Work Repairing the Washouts.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 3.—Word has been received from Assistant General Superintendent R. H. Pratt, of the Southern Pacific, that El Rio was reached this morning with a force of 700 men. The water had so far receded that it was possible to commence work immediately. The line beyond Yuma may possibly be open on Saturday night, and will certainly be so by Monday morning next.

LOSS VERY HEAVY.

CLIFTON (A. T.), March. 3.—The *Graham County Bulletin* states that the water was higher than the Aztec ruins and seven feet higher than in the knowledge of the oldest Indian or Mexican. It is impossible to ascertain the damage to property or life.

The mail will arrive on a hand-car Sunday, the first since the 22d of February. Hundreds are at work repairing the damage. No lives were lost except from pneumonia contracted during the storm. The loss is heavy, about $100,000. The Magollans, White, Blue and San Francisco Mountains are covered deeply with snow. Another warm rain would be most disastrous.

THE FIRST TRAIN EAST.

PRESCOTT (Ariz.), March 3.—The first train for the East since February 21st left here to-day.

IN THE GILA VALLEY.

YUMA (Ariz.), March 3.—A Cocopah Indian runner from the Colorado Reservation, arrived to-day. He reports that the steamer Gila had gone to the rescue of several refugees of the flood who were perched on the tops of houses. The men were saved, but during the night the Colorado River lowered very fast, leaving the steamer six feet above water on a sand bar.

Further news from the Mohawk Valley reports that all the settlers are safe and the damage by the flood being repaired. The first train from the west is expected to-morrow.

WATER VERY HIGH.

MARYSVILLE, March 3.—Reports from the Sacramento River say the water is very high, but no immediate danger is feared. The Feather River is running over both banks at Nelson's Point, below the break of last year.

ELECTRIC LIGHT WAR.

Suit Growing Out of a Rivalry Between Companies at San Jose.

SAN JOSE, March 3.—In the injunction suit of the San Jose Light and Power Company against the San Jose Electric Improvement Company, growing out of the rivalry between the electric light companies, the defendant has filed an answer making a specific denial of the allegations of the complaint, which was filed Saturday evening, and praying for the dissolution of the temporary injunction. The case attracts the greatest interest. The Electric Improvement Company secured the street-lighting contract some months since, and Saturday night attempted to light San Jose's famous tower. The Secretary of the other company, backed by five employes, climbed the tower, and, drawing a six-shooter, threatened the employes of the other company while his men cut their wires. They then lowered all the lamps and everything belonging to the improvement company. The latter set a man to work and about 12 o'clock had repaired the damage and a flood of light was shining from the tower.

ALILA TRAIN ROBBERY.

Three Men Now Under Arrest as Participants in the Affair.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 3.—A *Chronicle* Paso Robles special says: Last week detective Smith of the Southern Pacific Company, arrested Grets Dalton twelve miles north of here on suspicion of being one of the Alila train robbers, and sent him to San Francisco, where he was turned over to Sheriff Kay of Tulare County. Yesterday Cole Dalton and Jack Parker were also arrested at the same place, and were taken to San Francisco this morning. The detectives claim to have evidence to convict the prisoners of the train robbery. It is said that the Daltons are cousins of the notorious Younger brothers.

Vacaville and Incorporation.

VACAVILLE, March 3.—A petition for the incorporation of Vacaville Township was in circulation here to-day, and received more than the requisite number of signatures. Elaborate efforts by the largest property-owners are being made to present the advantages of the plan, and the prospects are more than favorable for its being carried. The report of the committee appointed to investigate the plan shows that several thousand dollars can be annually saved the taxpayers, or else used for roads without an increase in taxation.

Hawaiian News.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 3.—Honolulu advices received to-night per steamship Zelandia, state that the United States steamer Iroquois arrived at Honolulu from Samoa February 21st.

The question of whether the Queen has a right to ask the Cabinet to resign is still the chief topic of the islands. The newspapers unite in stating that a change at the present time would be ill-advised. No demonstrations of any kind have occurred, and the old Cabinet is still in office.

Duelists Eligible to Office.

CARSON (Nev.), March 3.—A resolution was adopted to-day doing away with the duelist oath heretofore required from all State officers. Hereafter a duelist is eligible for office in this State.

Arizona Legislature.

PHŒNIX (A. T.), March 3.—The Legislative Council to-day passed the woman suffrage bill by a vote of 10 to 2. It will certainly pass the House.

New Auditor Elected.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 3.—The Board of Supervisors to-night elected Thomas J. Smiley Auditor, to succeed the late David Stern.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

M. Biggs, Jr., of Oroville is in town.

General E. S. Solomon came up from the bay yesterday.

Editor McIntyre of the San Francisco *Mirror* is in the city.

John J. Curry came up from San Francisco on the late train last night.

George C. Meckfessal and wife of Berlin, California, are visiting friends in the city.

S. J. Reinheimer, of the Capital Clothing Company, has returned from his Eastern trip.

Arrivals at the Capital Hotel yesterday: S. P. Berry, Wheatland; David O'Neil, Ione; J. S. Swan, Dan. F. Cole, J. H. Pryor, San Francisco; W. E. Davies, James Cahill, You Bet; Mrs. McMurray, City; W. J. Hanlon, J. M. LaRue, Stockton; G. T. Mehoover, New York; H. T. Huggins, Clarksburg; W. G. Brown, Sheridan; David L. Haas, Napa; Wm. S. Green, Colusa; A. Spooner, Michigan Bar; M. Biggs, Jr., Oroville; Ed. D. Page, Folsom; Sperry Dye, Walnut Grove.

Cold-Blooded Murder.

CORPUS CHRISTI (Texas), March 3.—A cold-blooded and most atrocious double murder was committed recently on Padre Island, the victims being two old men, Harry Reynolds and Perry Douglas. Reynolds owned a sheep ranch on the island, and the belief is that the men were murdered for the purpose of robbery. There is no clue to the perpetrator.

Mrs. Brusie Recovering.

CHICAGO, March 3.—J. C. Brusie of Sacramento, whose wife was painfully injured in the recent wreck on the Pan-Handle, near Richmond, Ind., arrived from the West to-day. Mrs. Brusie is now with friends in this city, and is rapidly recovering.

PACIFIC CABLE BILL.

THE HOUSE REFUSES TO PASS THE MEASURE.

General Hartwell Says the Cable Will Not be Laid Without Government Aid.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—Contrary to the expectations of Representative Morrow, the cable bill was defeated in the House this afternoon. The unanimous vote by which the House refused to accept the Senate amendment yesterday, granting a subsidy of $250,000 annually to any responsible cable company desiring to lay a cable, seemed very discouraging, but Morrow and Hartwell seemed hopeful that the matter could be satisfactorily settled in conference, and that the conference report would be adopted by both houses.

At 5 o'clock this afternoon Hitt, Chairman of the Foreign Affairs Committee, presented a conference report granting a subsidy of $150,000, provided that an amount equal to one-third of this should be furnished by the Kingdom of Hawaii, the Government having a right to purchase the cable at cost after its completion.

Hitt spoke earnestly in favor of the adoption of the report, and was followed by Morrow. He said he preferred not to treat the cable proposition as strictly a Pacific Coast interest, but as one affecting the interests of the entire country, commercially and politically. He urged the Government to act in good time and prevent Hawaii becoming a Bermuda for foreign power.

Morrow said that the laying of this cable would stimulate trade not only with Hawaii, but with eleven hundred other fruitful islands of the Pacific. In answer to Herbert of Alabama, Morrow said that it would not be a subsidy to General Hartwell or his company, but the money would be placed in the hands of the President to use in his discretion.

McCreary opposed the bill stoutly, and said it was the worst subsidy he had heard of during his whole career in Congress. He said the Atlantic and all other cables had been built without Government aid. He dragged old Don Celso Cæsar Moreno's name before the House, and said he and others were willing to lay a cable without Government aid. But here came a proposition to grant, to give, $3,000,000 to a cable in which the Government would have no ownership. The House (to its credit be it said) voted down this infamous provision yesterday, but now the Conference Committee, with sublime cheek, asked the House to agree to a subsidy of $150,000 annually.

Under the provisions of the bill before the House the Government would have no voice in its construction or control of the cable after its completion. No report was required to be made to the Government, and the amount of capital was not named in the bill, nor was it known who would get the money appropriated by the Government, for the reason that in this latter proposition advanced by the Senate the incorporators were not named. The bill made no provision by which the cable company could be enjoined from mortgaging or otherwise disposing of its property. What security would the Government have that its three millions would not be utterly thrown away? No one would know what become of the money.

If the cable was completed from Honolulu to Samoa, Japan and China, there was no guarantee that the Government would have the same rights and privileges that it would enjoy over this proposed line from San Francisco to Honolulu.

McCreary denounced the bill as simply a gratuity to a gang of lobbyists who were then infesting the corridors of the Capitol.

Morrow interrupted, and challanged McCreary to name a few of these lobbyists.

McCreary answered: "Hartwell is one of them."

Morrow said: "Oh, yes, and he is all that you can name, and is the only one that is here in the interest of the cable. He has a concession granted him by Hawaii, and comes here as a business man to lay a like proposition before Congress, and should not be classed in the category of 'lobbyists.'"

Chipman (Dem.) of Michigan followed McCreary, and advocated the passage of the cable bill, which would build up our commercial and political prestige on the islands, and prevent the English gaining control.

Darnell of Minnesota followed in the same vein.

Hoover of Mississippi opposed the proposition.

At 5:30 the previous question was ordered on the following resolution by McCreary:

Resolved, That the House disagree on the Hawaiian cable amendment to the diplomatic appropriation bill, and that the House conferees be instructed to adhere to this determination.

The vote resulted so disastrously to the friends of the Pacific cable that no further attempt will be made to pass it.

General Hartwell, President of the proposed cable company, was asked if the cable would be built without Government aid.

"No," said he.

Hartwell left for Boston to-night.

ROCHESTER (N. Y.), March 3.—For the first time in twenty years a Republican Board of Aldermen was elected here to-day.

EASTERN HAPPENINGS.

Prominent Ladies of Illinois Protest Against Woman Suffrage.

THE REMAINS OF THE LATE EMMA ABBOT CREMATED.

Large Number of California Horses Sold at Auction in New York—An Important Meeting of Railroad Presidents Soon to be Held at New York.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

SPRINGFIELD (Ill.), March 3.—An interesting petition has reached the members of the Illinois General Assembly. It is signed by some of the best-known of Chicago's society ladies, and is a protest against the bill extending municipal suffrage to woman, and denouncing as false and pernicious all attempts to secure legislation in that direction.

Among the signers are Mrs. J. J. P. Odell, wife of the well-known banker; Mrs. Caroline Corbin, wife of Lieutenant-Colonel Corbin, U. S. A.; Mrs. Elizabeth Gary, wife of Judge Gary; Mrs. E. J. Griggs, Mrs. Cornelie McAvery, Mrs. George W. Smith, Francis T. Higgins and Isabella A. Gault.

The following extracts are taken from the petition: "Busy in the cares of their homes, the women have neither time, strength nor inclination to enter the public arena and defend themselves against doings which they earnestly believe to be pernicious and destructive of the true power and influence of women in their homes."

The French revolution is reviewed, and authorities cited to prove that woman suffrage would result in a degradation of the sex. Instances of communistic societies, etc., are instanced with the employed destruction of family relations.

The petition adds: "When women share with men the burden of labor, and government communism, with all that it implies, is already begun, we regard the question of property rights of comparatively few women in general to the maintenance and protection in the home, while they are engaged in absorbing offices and duties of womanhood, and this paramount right of woman is threatened with entire destruction by the solastic doctrine above cited. We exhort you to remember that, above all, human laws stand their great natural laws inherent in the universe which no man or body of men can controvene, and that these laws have forever established a difference between the powers and privileges of the sex, to disregard which is to invoke penalties by which they are relentlessly forced.

"We beg you to consider that the revolution of France could not avoid these laws, but fell crushed under the burden. That in so far as any political body in this country has attempted to do so, it has suffered defeat, and we believe no greater misfortune can attend the farming labor in this country in its attempt to secure legislation in the interest of the farmer, artisan, and laborer than it should espouse the false and pernicious doctrine of political rights of women.

"We pray, therefore, that no matter what argument to the contrary may be urged on you as legislators for the commonwealth, you will stand fast by that ancient bulwark of liberty, the home, remembering that the same power which says to all men 'Behold, God is our father, all ye are brethren,' has joined also the husband and wife as flesh for the orderly bearing and caring of children and the maintenance of society, and has given to each their distinctive and equally honorable share in the labors and rewards of life."

The ladies, in conclusion, say they have held council with many women in different parts of the State, and feel assured that the petition represents the wishes of an overwhelming majority of the women of Illinois.

CALIFORNIA HORSES.

Prices Realized at the Sale at New York Yesterday.

NEW YORK, March 3.—The public sale of California trotting stock opened in the American Institute building this morning. The stock was composed of young colts, consigned from the most prominent ranches of California. To-day's sales were by William Corbitt of San Mateo. The stud was of Wilkes' stock, and comprised forty-three colts, fillies and brood mares. The prices for which the colts especially were sold were said to be very fair.

The following sales were made: Hindo Wilkes, black mare, 6-year-old, by Guy Wilkes, $5,000; Cognac, black colt, 3-year-old, by Guy Wilkes, dam, Lottie by Belmont, $3,500; bay colt, 2-year-old, by Sable Wilkes, dam Woodford Queen, by Almonte, $1,650; black filly, 1-year-old, by Sable Wilkes, dam Woodford Queen, by Almonte, $1,150; La Tosca, brown filly, 3-year-old, by Guy Wilkes, dam Rosette, by The Moor, $1,250; bay colt, 2-year-old, by Sable Wilkes, dam Huntress, by Arthurton, $1,700; Tasso Wilkes, by Guy Wilkes-Tabbie Rosenbaum, W. A. Clarke, Butte City, Mont., $4,000; black colt, by Guy Wilkes-Tabbie Rosenbaum, $1,500; bay filly, by Guy Wilkes-Directress, $3,100; May Wilkes, by Guy Wilkes-Bay View, $1,650; Princess, by Sable Wilkes-Minnie Princess, $2,100; Caro Wilkes, by Guy Wilkes-Atlanta, Macey Brothers, Versailles, Ky., $4,600; Cecil Wilkes, by Guy Wilkes, W. H. Crawford, Lexington, Ky., $4,000; Viva, by Sable Wilkes-Anteeo Viva, $2,400; brown filly, by Sable Wilkes-Anteeo Viva, $3,000; Rosemont, by Guy Wilkes-Melrose, $2,180; brown filly, by Sable Wilkes-Sylph, $1,600; Nabob, by Guy Wilkes-Hattie, $2,000; Lucetta, by Sable Wilkes-Hattie, $1,600; black colt, by Sable Wilkes-Susie Hunter, $1,800; black filly, by Sable Wilkes-Alice Clay, $1,400; brown colt, by Sable Wilkes-Oak Grove Queen, $1,250; Rosanna Wilkes, $1,400; brown colt, by Sable Wilkes-Rosanna Wilkes, $1,500; bay colt, by Sable Wilkes-Rosanna Wilkes, $1,700; Ventura, by Sable Wilkes-Venturess, $1,250.

Thirty-five horses were sold at an average of $1,848 each. Several of the Corbett lot were withdrawn.

A large crowd was present at the sale. There were many from out of town. As is well known, a strong objection is felt toward certain methods employed by the National Horse-breeders' Association, and because of this feeling a paper was drawn up this morning by several well-known breeders of trotting stock and circulated for signatures, calling for a meeting for the purpose of organizing a new Horse-breeders' Association.

To-morrow forty-nine colts from the Rosemead Stud, Valensin Stock Farm and La Tosca ranch will be put up, and on Thursday fifteen mares, fillies and colts by Messrs. Stimson, Holly and Green and Hallinan, of California, will be sold.

RAILROAD PRESIDENTS.

Another Important Meeting to be Held in New York.

NEW YORK, March 3.—A morning paper says that another important meeting of railroad Presidents, it is said on good authority, is to be called and will be held in this city within a few days. President Manvel of the Atchison, now here, and Vice-President Clarke of the Missouri-Pacific and Union Pacific are expected. The Presidents of nearly all the other large systems are either already here or said to be on their way. It is asserted that steps will be taken at the meeting to make the recently adopted rates permanent. Jay Gould is understood to be working for a more binding agreement than that which now stands. All the Western roads, according to the story, have agreed to enter into a new and stronger contract, except the Burlington and Rock Island, which refuse to join an association of parties identified with Gould. It is said conferences have been held since President Manvel's arrival looking to the consummation of his scheme to consolidate the Missouri Pacific and Union Pacific, and the Southern Pacific and Atchison into a new company, and that the scheme is very close to being carried out. It is also said that it is intended to take in the Rock Island.

THE LATE EMMA ABBOTT.

Her Remains Cremated and Sent to New York.

PITTSBURG, March 3.—It became known to-day that the body of Emma Abbott was cremated in this city on February 17th. No one was present except the employes of the crematory. When placed in the furnace Miss Abbott was dressed in her favorite dress, valued at $5,000, and made by Worth. She had expressed a desire to be cremated in a copper dress.

After the remains had been placed in the urn it was sealed and taken to the vaults of the Safe Deposit Company of New York City, where they will remain till the completion of the monument being made in Massachusetts, after which they will be placed under it.

Dry-Dock on Puget Sound.

NEW YORK, March 3.—The *Herald's* Washington special says: Strong influence is being brought to bear upon Secretary Tracy by certain New York capitalists to prevent the carrying out of the provisions of the new naval appropriation Act authorizing the construction of a naval dry-dock on Puget Sound. These parties have learned through the debate in Congress on the provisions referred to, of the large and constantly growing shipping interest in that section, and have concluded that it would be a profitable investment to build a dock of their own, if they can succeed in preventing the construction of one by the Government. They hope to be able to get the Secretary to stave off action until Congress meets again, by which time they expect to have their dock under way.

Suit for Trinity Church Property.

HOUSTON (Tex.), March 3.—Several heirs to the estate of Robert Edwards of New York City have been discovered in Houston, San Augustine and Tyler. It is said that in the early days of the colony, Edwards, a sailor, invested his savings in the thirty-four-acre tract of land in New York City now occupied by Trinity Church and part of Wall street. The property is valued at $262,000,000. Several attempts have heretofore been made to establish ownership by the Edwards heirs, but without avail. With the aid of the newly discovered heirs another effort will be made to secure control of the property.

The Northern Pacific's Victory.

NEW YORK, March 3.—The decision of the Supreme Court of the United States in the contest between the Northern Pacific and Great Northern "Manitoba" Railroads over a large tract of land, in dispute for several years between the two companies, aroused considerable comment in Wall street to-day. The decision was a victory for the Northern Pacific Company, but its importance was not recognized in any early movement in preferred stock, although a later recognition was given in an advance of more than two per cent. The decision will transfer to the Northern Pacific about three million dollars.

The Cherokee Strip.

GUTHRIE (Oklahoma), March 3.—Ex-Chief Bushyhead, who has a lease upon the stone quarries in the Cherokee strip, to-day obtained a temporary restraining order from Judge Green, enjoining Lieutenant Golden from removing Bushyhead and his employes from the strip and destroying the buildings, side-tracks, derricks and machinery. Jordan, agent for Bushyhead, is now in possession, and if the troops arrest him again the case will undoubtedly be brought into the courts.

T. P. O'Connor Going to London.

NEW YORK, March 3.—T. P. O'Connor, late editor of the London *Star*, sailed for Europe this morning, because the mission in America in the interest of the Irish party was a failure. He thinks the outlook of the Irish cause dismal. He will, he said, start a paper in London called the *Sunday Sun*, devoted to the Irish cause and American news.

Bituminous Coal.

NEW YORK, March 3.—Bituminous coal has been found about twenty miles south of Lake Nicaragua, near the proposed route of the canal, suitable for ocean steamers, and an effort is being made here to organize a syndicate to develope the mines. The vein, so far as at present known, is nearly a mile long and twenty-one feet deep.

Labor Leaders Arrested.

SCOTTDALE (Pa.), March 3.—A sensation was created to-day by the arrest of President John B. Rae, of the United Mine Workers, Master Workmen Wise and several other labor leaders, on warrants sworn out by operator Rainey, charging conspiracy against them.

Imprisonment for Life.

CHICAGO, March 3.—George Hathaway, who shot and killed ex-Alderman William Whelan in a saloon brawl some weeks ago, was to-day found guilty and the punishment was fixed at imprisonment for life.

Death of a Railroad Man.

NEW YORK, March 3.—John H. Hall, a well-known railroad man, died at Thomasville, Ga., to-day. He went South with Jay Gould a few weeks ago, and took ill and succumbed to an attack of pleurisy.

Children Burned.

CHICAGO, March 3.—Hans Peter Jacobson, aged 12, and his little sister, aged 5, were partly burned and partly suffocated to death shortly before midnight last night. The house caught fire in the absence of the parents.

Director-General Davis Ill.

CHICAGO, March 3.—Director-General Davis of the World's Fair is confined to his house, with an incipient attack of pneumonia. His physicians will allow nobody to see him.

Law Against Trusts.

TOPEKA (Kan.), March 3.—The Governor this morning signed the bill to prevent the formation of combinations, to prevent competition among persons engaged in buying and selling live stock.

Jay Gould Fined.

NEW YORK, March 3.—In Part Two of the General Sessions Court to-day Judge Martine fined Jay Gould $100 for failure to respond to jury summons.

The Sherman Fund.

NEW YORK, March 3.—The Recorder's Sherman Fund now amounts to over $12,000.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

Rumors of Changes of a Diplomatic Nature at Paris.

GOVERNMENT TROOPS IN CHILE JOIN THE REVOLUTIONISTS.

A Maniac on a Passenger Train in Ireland Attempts to Carve His Fellow-Passengers to Pieces—The Commons Refuses to Change the Electoral Law in England.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

PARIS, March 3.—That the disturbance caused by the visit of the Empress Frederick to this city is not entirely subsided is shown by the fact that the air is full of rumors of changes of a diplomatic nature.

It is reported that in the event of such changes being made, Herbette, the Embassador at Berlin, will be sent to London, and that Radowitz, the German Embassador at Constantinople, will succeed Count Von Munster at Paris; that Gen. Von Waldersee, now in command of the Ninth Army Corps, will replace Prince Von Hohenlohe Schillingsfurst as Governor of Alsace-Lorraine.

BRITISH PARLIAMENT.

The Commons Refuses to Change the Electoral Law.

LONDON, March 3.—In the Commons to-day Stanfield, member from Halifax, moved amendments to the electoral law, the most important of which was that no person shall vote in more than one electoral area. Under the present system, he said, when the franchise was deemed a class privilege and not a citizen's right, as the law now stood, a man could vote in every county and every borough where he held a house. In other words, the man having the most means would have the right to return more members than one with small means.

Haworth submitted an amendment, to the effect that any alteration to the law is inexpedient, unless providing in all parts of Great Britain and Ireland they be represented in proportion to the population. Ireland, he said, is now grossly over-represented.

Gladstone favored Stanfield's motion, but it was rejected.

WORK OF A LUNATIC.

He Attempts to Carve His Fellow-Passengers to Pieces.

DUBLIN, March 3.—At noon to-day, while the Dublin mail train was nearing Castle Reach, a passenger named Gavan suddenly drew a knife and commenced slashing and hacking at those about him, at the same time yelling at the top of his voice. The car was loaded with passengers, and all were thrown in a panic by the furious onslaught.

Gavan badly wounded five of his fellow-passengers, and only desisted from his bloody work when both blades of his knife were broken and the weapon rendered harmless. He then jumped from the train while it was going at full speed.

The wounded passengers were taken to the railroad station and physicians attended to their injuries.

The police captured Gavan, who was not much hurt by his jump.

Money and Documents Seized.

BELFAST, March 3.—Henry Harrison, a member of Parliament, visited the offices of the Belfast branch of the National League yesterday and seized all the money and documents he could lay hands on. It is claimed that the central branch of the league authorized the seizure, owing to the disorganized state and disloyal attitude of the Belfast branch toward Parnell. Harrison and his friends then declared the branch dissolved. A free fight followed between Harrison's friends and their opponents of the Belfast League. Fists, sticks and chairs were freely used. Finally the police cleared the building.

Elections in Bohemia.

VIENNA, March 3.—The elections for members of the Lower House of the Reichsrath commenced yesterday. Great interest was taken in the result owing to the strenuous efforts of Premier Taafe to restore his waning power. He has, in a large measure, changed his policy, this being necessitated by the strength of the Czech element. Throughout Bohemia the young Czechs are victorious, and it seems certain that Taafe will get a working majority. The returns will not be fully known until March 15th.

France and England's Interests.

BERLIN, March 3.—It is asserted that Lord Salisbury, the British Prime Minister, and Count Von Hatzfeldt, the German Embassador to Great Britain, are training with a view to reapproachment on questions including that of Egypt, wherein France's interest conflict with those of England.

Mrs. O'Shea Gets the Money.

LONDON, March 3.—The application of the brothers of Mrs. Wood to break her will, bequeathing a large fortune to Mrs. O'Shea, was to-day refused by the court. Public allusion to Parnell's having a possible interest in this fortune induced the brothers to bring this action.

Revolt in Chile.

LONDON, March 3.—A dispatch from Chile, by way of Buenos Ayres, states that three battalions of infantry, and the entire Fourth Regiment of Chilean troops, stationed in the neighborhood of Pisagua, shot their officers and declared in favor of the revolutionists.

Canadian Politics.

QUEBEC, March 3.—The *Electeur* accuses Sir John MacDonald of being the foe of the Catholic Church, and calls upon the French Canadians to oppose him as such. The article has created quite a sensation.

Labor Matters in England.

LONDON, March 3.—The Dockers' Union has seceded from the Federated Labor Union, owing, it is claimed, to the needless obstinacy and lack of discretion shown by the seamen's and firemen's strikes.

The Whitechapel Murder.

LONDON, March 3.—Fireman Sadler, arrested for the murder of "Carroty Nell," has been discharged, as the police could not collect sufficient evidence to connect him with the crime.

Another Stir in London.

LONDON, March 3.—Another stir has been created in police circles by the finding of the decomposed arms and legs of a woman in the Regent Canal to-day.

Osman Digma a Fugitive.

SUAKIM, March 3.—Osman Digma is a fugitive, fleeing with a few women and followers to the border.

BEECHAM'S pills cure bilious, nervous