

LEGISLATURE—29TH SESSION.

Eulogies on the Life and Character of the Late Senator Hearst.

The Senate Reconsiders Its Action on the Sacramento Revenue Bill—The Measures That Were Passed.

SENATE.

SACRAMENTO, Tuesday, March 3, 1891. The Senate met at 10 o'clock a. m., Lieutenant-Governor Reddick in the chair. Roll called, and quorum present. Prayer by the Chaplain. Reading of the Journal dispensed with.

S. B. 579, appropriating \$10,000 for the relief of Mrs. Emma Kelly, was amended by reducing the amount to \$7,500, and a provision inserted requiring the money to be paid out of the San Francisco Harbor Improvement Fund, and the bill ordered engrossed.

A. B. 741, for the relief of Colonel J. D. Stevenson (appropriating \$2,675), was taken up and passed.

S. B. 624, appropriating \$2,500 for a Foundling Home at Sacramento, was passed—aye 24, noes 8.

Mr. DeLong called up the motion to reconsider the vote whereby the bill creating the office of Attorney to the State Board of Health and San Francisco Board of Health was defeated on the preceding day. By a vote of 24 yeas to 8 noes the Senate agreed to reconsider the vote, and the bill was made the special order for 10 o'clock a. m. on Wednesday.

Mr. McConnaughey moved that A. B. 353, creating the county of San Jacinto, be made the special order for 11 a. m. on Wednesday.

The motion was vigorously opposed by Mr. Carpenter, and was lost.

Mr. Campbell of Solano then called up the special order, S. B. 678 (the county government bill), and it was read the first time.

S. B. 265, permitting the establishment of mutual insurance companies, was read the second time.

The next special order was S. B. 103, creating the county of Pomona, and Mr. Ostrom moved to place it on the special file.

The motion was lost, the bill was read the third time, and defeated by a vote of 9 yeas to 23 noes.

Mr. McConnaughey gave notice of a motion to reconsider.

THE SPECIAL FILE. S. B. 44, making an appropriation for certain improvements at the Folsom Prison, was read and passed.

S. B. 530, to provide for the payment for private property heretofore taken for public use, was read and passed.

S. B. 618, relating to the time of settlement of County Treasurers with the State Controller, was read and passed.

The substitute for S. B. 1 (appropriating \$30,000 for additional buildings at the Agnew Insane Asylum) was adopted in place of the original and placed on file.

S. B. 33, appropriating \$65,000 for buildings and improvements at the Deaf and Dumb and Blind Asylum. Read the first time.

S. B. 600, providing for buildings and improvements at the Southern California Hospital for the Insane. Read second time.

S. B. 290, providing for new buildings and improvements at the Normal School at San Jose. Read second time.

S. B. 371, providing for improvements at the Stockton Insane Asylum. Read second time.

S. C. A. 22, relative to the exemption of fruit trees and vines under five years of age from taxation. Adopted.

Mr. W. H. Williams moved that the Judiciary Committee be asked to look back for a wagon road from the county seat of a remote county to some place on the outskirts of civilization.

Mr. Campbell of Solano vigorously opposed the bill. He could not understand why the State should pay \$30,000 to build a wagon road from the county seat of a remote county to some place on the outskirts of civilization.

Mr. Goucher explained that most of the territory over which it was proposed to build this road does not belong to Mariposa, but that county has no right to go upon the public preserve.

Mr. Goucher replied that such was not the case—that the proposed road would benefit both parties.

Mr. Voorhies thought the State should purchase one or all of the three toll-roads now leading into the valley, and make them free, instead of paying for a new road. He moved that the bill be referred to the Finance Committee for further consideration.

Finding the objection the Chair declared the Senate at recess.

Afternoon Session. On reassembling the Senate resumed consideration of the bill providing for a free wagon road from Mariposa to Yosemite Valley.

Messrs. Hancock and Voorhies propounded several queries to Mr. Goucher (author of the bill) relative to the advantages of such a road to the tourist travel by railroad.

Mr. Goucher replied that the road would not directly attract the present travel by rail, but he thought that it would eventually, and that the railroad would probably be extended as to connect with it.

The motion to refer the bill back to the Finance Committee was lost, and on final passage it received 23 yeas to 12 noes.

Mr. Voorhies changed his vote from no to aye, and gave notice of a motion to reconsider.

LEGISLATIVE APPOINTMENT. The Senate then took up the special file of Assembly bills, the first being A. B.

734, dividing the State into Legislative districts. Mr. Mahoney, of San Francisco, offered an amendment changing the proposed lines of the district represented by him. Lost.

Mr. Berry (of Tulare) said that if he should survive the present session, he would, two years from now, be representing in the Los Angeles County, according to this bill, and was therefore against it.

Mr. Campbell, of Siskiyou (who, although a Republican, was absent from the caucus when the bill was adopted, expressed his entire opposition to the measure, which he declared unrepresentative and unjust.

Mr. Mahoney was the only other Republican who opposed the bill, but Messrs. Goucher, Mead and other Democrats spoke against it. When, in the course of the remarks, Mr. Ostrom referred to "Yolo County, the home of good men and Democrats," Mr. Mead Goucher asked the orator if that was not a fair representation of the matter replied that "it was owing to how you put them together."

Mr. Goucher moved to amend the title so as to read: "An Act to provide an equitable method of making the Legislative districts solidly Republican."

Mr. McConnaughey moved to refer the motion to a committee on Missions, and the bill was passed—aye 24, noes 11.

SACRAMENTO REVENUE BILL. Mr. Dray moved to take up Mr. Sprague's motion to reconsider the vote whereby the bill was adopted, the character of the disposition of the revenues of the city of Sacramento (providing for the "net" revenues). He spoke against the reconsideration of the bill, and said he represented the solid citizens of the city, who were almost unanimously in favor of the bill in the present status of the city's relations with her creditors and Bonded Debt Commission.

The passage of the bill would, in effect, represent the doors to litigation that would tie up the revenues of the city indefinitely.

Mr. Sprague said that while he disliked to take issue with Senator Dray on a matter that affected the latter's own constituents, still it was possible that Mr. Dray might be mistaken in supposing that he represented the sentiment of the majority of the people of the city. He reviewed the history of the litigation which resulted in the Supreme Court (four to three) defining the word "net" to mean the gross receipts of the water works, and said that the taxpayers of the city were not in favor of such legislation as would enable them to again bring the matter before that tribunal.

Mr. Sprague asked a reconsideration of the bill, and the majority of the bill might have an opportunity to express their views on the subject.

Mr. Dray replied that the people of the city were weary of this eternal agitation of the subject. They desired no change, and did not want the bill passed. For thirty years past various attempts had been made to keep the city's creditors out of their just dues, and this was the old fight over again.

By a vote of 21 yeas to 9 noes the Senate decided to reconsider the vote.

Mr. Sprague moved that, in order to give the friends of the measure an opportunity to be heard, the bill be placed at the foot of the special file.

Mr. Dray moved to place it at the head of the special file. So ordered.

ASSEMBLY MESSAGES. Among other messages from the Assembly was one announcing that the body had refused to concur in the Senate amendment to A. B. 101, relating to the redemption of land sold for taxes, and the City Engineer's conference committee thereon, consisting of Messrs. McGowan, Bailey and Berry.

STREET RAILWAY FARES. Mr. Hamill moved to reconsider the vote whereby the Senate had refused passage to S. B. 161, reducing the rates of fare on street railways in San Francisco to 25 cents between 5 and 8 o'clock a. m. and 4 and 6 p. m.

The motion to reconsider prevailed, and Mr. Simpson spoke against the bill. He said it would be shameful for the county to destroy the business of men who had invested their capital in costly enterprises of the kind referred to.

Mr. Dray said that if the San Francisco delegation was solid in favor of the measure he would support it, as it might be a good thing for that city, but would not do it in the county.

The bill was advocated by Messrs. Mead and Britt, and on roll-call it was lost by a vote of 19 yeas to 17 noes (not receiving the constitutional majority).

EULOGIES ON SENATOR HEARST. Mr. Crandall, Chairman of the committee appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the sentiments of the Senate on the death of United States Senator Hearst, presented the following:

Resolved by the Senate of California, that the announcement of the death of Hon. George Hearst, of this State, has been received by this body with profound sorrow and regret.

That in his day the weak country has lost a diligent faithful and patriotic public servant, and California the services of a distinguished citizen whose noble and unswerving loyalty to her interests has earned for him a high place in the hearts of every true Californian.

That the Senate deeply sympathizes with the bereaved family in the loss of a true and affectionate husband and a kind and indulgent father.

That the President of the Senate appoint a committee of five to attend the funeral, of which committee it is the sense of the Senate that he be a member.

That, as an additional mark of respect, when the Senate adjourns to-day, it will do so out of respect to the memory of the deceased.

That the President be directed to transmit to the family of deceased a copy of these resolutions.

Speaking to the resolutions, Mr. Crandall delivered an eloquent eulogy on the life and character of Senator Hearst, whose impulses, he said, were always in the right direction, and whose name and fame had become thoroughly interwoven with the history of the State.

Mr. Goucher spoke of the deceased Senator as one of the noblest characters that California had produced—"a man with the courage of a lion, and the tenderness of a child." The speaker said that, when in conversation recently with an Eastern member of the United States Senate, he asked the latter about Senator Hearst's success as a member of that body, and the Senator replied: "Well, he doesn't speak very often, and makes no pretensions to shining on the floor of the Senate, but when it comes to good, solid influence in matters affecting California interests, no man's judgment is more eagerly sought than that of George Hearst." This, Mr. Goucher said, he regarded as one of the highest compliments that could be paid to the dead Senator's memory.

Mr. Preston paid a brief but eloquent tribute to the deceased, who formerly lived in the county of Nevada represented by him. Senator Hearst's memory, he said, was enshrined in the hearts of those who knew him when he labored among the lowly, and this (Mr. Preston regarded as one of the noblest tributes that could be paid to any man.

Remarks warmly eulogistic of the deceased were also made by Mr. Ostrom, who had known him as a private citizen—an amiable, tolerant, and generous man of wealth and position, finally occupying the highest station in the gift of the State—but always as the same warm-hearted, unassuming, and unobtrusive citizen. His death was a serious loss to the State whose development was so largely due to his enterprise and public spirit.

The resolutions were adopted, and the Chair appointed, as the committee provided for, Senators Bailey, Goucher, Ostrom, Maher and Mahoney.

Senator Carpenter, who opposed to a further mark of respect to the memory of the deceased, the Senate do now adjourn. So ordered, and the Senate adjourned till 10 o'clock a. m. on Wednesday.

ASSEMBLY. The House assembled at 10 a. m., the Speaker pro tem. in the chair. Roll called and quorum present. Prayer by the Chaplain.

Speaker Coublis in the chair. The Journal of Saturday corrected and approved. The Journal of Monday corrected and approved.

[Mr. Beecher in the chair.] S. B. 10, relating to the mortgaging of chattels, household goods, etc., was up for reconsideration.

Mr. Shanhahan said he had intended to support the bill and had moved its reconsideration for the purpose of correcting a verbal error. On mature consideration he had concluded not to support the bill. He considered one clause especially vicious—that one which permits the mortgaging of "upholstery and furniture and household goods of all kinds." The gentleman said that this opened the way for the extravagance of one member of the family to deprive the rest of all that was in the house.

Mr. Gould made a vigorous speech against this provision of the bill. He said it was directly against the interests of the widow and the orphan. It would put it in the power of a drunken or vicious husband to dismantle the home of the very means of existence of his family by the sale of the furniture.

Mr. Galbraith and Mr. Mathews saw justice in the bill. It would enable poor people to raise a little money on their household goods, and being obliged to part with them by sale.

Mr. Mordecai hoped the bill would not be killed. He himself had added an amendment to the bill, which would exempt grape vines, and the bill was calculated to enable farmers and others to raise a little money without mortgaging their land, and the clause was objectionable, amend it.

Mr. Shanhahan offered an amendment, making the clause read: "Upholstery and furniture and household goods of all kinds, when mortgaged to secure the purchase money of the articles mortgaged."

Messrs. Gould, Matlock, Doly and Mordecai supported the amendment earnestly. The amendment was carried.

Mr. Gould offered an amendment providing that no personal property exempt by law shall be mortgaged.

The bill as it now stands authorizes the mortgaging of the following chattels in addition to those already provided for by law: All kinds of machinery and tools, including mining machinery and tools, steam engines and boilers, private libraries, growing crops of grain, grapes, or fruit, and agricultural implements of all kinds, store fixtures, office fixtures and furniture, iron and steel safes, oil paintings and other works of art, furniture of hotels and restaurants, and other personal property.

The bill was made a special order for Wednesday, after the reading of the journal.

A. B. 101, relating to the redemption of land sold at tax sale, had been returned from the Senate with an amendment that the necessary notices should be printed in a paper published in each county, and demurred to the confining of the advertisements to the county seat, and the House refused to concur in the amendment.

At 10:45 the Senate "ballot reform" bill was in order, and was read the second time.

On motion of Mr. Dibble, this bill, with A. B. 2, 3, 27, 29 and 470, was made special order for Wednesday at 11 a. m.

A. B. 671, to provide for funding the indebtedness of the State, was taken up by its author, Mr. Stabler, and made a special order for Thursday at 11 a. m.

The vote by Mr. S. B. 353, relative to the salaries and pay of officers and employees of the Harbor Commissioners of San Diego, was lost on Monday was reconsidered, and was read the second time.

On motion of Mr. Jackson, the vote by which S. B. 164, authorizing the providing of the free use of State tele-phones for the death of United States Senator Hearst, was reconsidered. On its final passage the bill was adopted by a vote of 34 to 7.

On motion of Mr. Shanhahan, A. B. 235, to authorize the Governor and Surveyor-General to sell and convey the State's interest in certain lands, was taken up for consideration.

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Mr. Gould's protest against the bill was couched in vigorous language. He went so far as to say that in his belief those who would carry out the provisions of this measure in full and unqualifiedly "those roaming from place to place without work, whether guilty of crime or not, would arrest and incarcerate the lowly Nazarine were he to come again upon the earth. The bill was, however, passed.

A. B. 711, the "newspaper circulation" bill, the special order for this hour, was on motion, made a special order for Wednesday at 12:30.

Mr. Matlock, with the consent of the House, brought up his bill, No. 685, concerning roads and highways. It was read the second time, and it appeared that Messrs. Matlock, Robertson and Hall had numerous amendments to offer, on motion of Mr. Matlock, the consideration of the bill was postponed, in order that all amendments might be printed in the journal of to-day for scrutiny of members of the House.

S. B. 288, the Congressional apportionment bill, was, on motion of Mr. Dibble, brought up from the special file, read a third time and, on final passage, adopted and transmitted at once to the Senate.

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT. Mr. Shanhahan, Chairman of the select committee of five appointed by the Speaker to draft suitable resolutions on the death of the late Senator, Hon. George Hearst, reported the resolutions given herewith.

In mentioning the matter of adjournment for today, the day of the funeral services, Mr. Shanhahan said that he deemed it eminently fitting that this body, so closely united to the junior Senator, should extend its sympathy to him elected to his eminent position, should observe the day of his funeral services with appropriate respect. He moved the adjournment of the House for today.

Mr. Dibble, in seconding the motion, said that it had been his privilege to know the late Senator intimately. He had known him for almost as long as the father whom he had lost when a boy. He had loved and honored this man with a great heart, a great natural intellect, and a great natural heart instinct with love for humanity—this man whom he had never known to speak an unkind word to anybody.

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House: Your special committee appointed to report resolutions of respect to the memory of the late Senator Hearst, and to consider what action should be taken, respectfully submit the following:

WHEREAS, It has pleased God in his infinite wisdom to call to his eternal rest, a man whose life was a noble and useful one; and whose distinguished services to his country and to the United States Senate, Hon. George Hearst, in the death of our late junior Senator, both the nation and the State has lost the services of a noble, efficient and trusted public servant.

Resolved, That we recognize in the character of the deceased the qualities of the pioneers who have contributed so much to the development and material prosperity of the State.

Resolved, That we feel an exalted pride in his success and achievements in both private and public life.

Resolved, That we revere his memory as a man who has left a noble example to the State, and as a citizen, with an abiding confidence in the future of his country, he has invested his vast wealth in a way to encourage our agricultural industries.

Resolved, That we cherish his memory as a philanthropist whose most generous charity has been directed to the benefit of the poor and the unfortunate, and who has reduced aid and comfort to deserving objects of charity.

Resolved, That we recognize the value of his services to the United States Senate, in which distinguished body he was an example of noble and unselfish devotion to the interests of the people he so ably represented.

Resolved, That we tender to the bereaved family and relatives our sincere and heartfelt sympathy.

Resolved, That in expressing these sentiments we feel that we are doing the universal sorrow of the people of the great commonwealth, who so well and served with such singular fidelity.

Resolved, That as a further evidence of our respect for his memory, it is the sense of this Assembly that action should be taken on Wednesday it stands adjourned till Friday.

Resolved, That a committee of seven members of this body be appointed by the Speaker to attend the funeral, and it is the sense of this Assembly that action should be taken on Wednesday it stands adjourned till Friday.

Resolved, That the Speaker be directed to forward a copy of these resolutions to the family of the deceased.

Resolved, That the House take a recess till 8 o'clock.

Evening Session. At precisely 7 o'clock, the Speaker and Speaker pro tem. being absent, Mr. Shanhahan called the House to order and read from the "standing rules" an extract detailing the modes in the absence of the presiding officers, which was that a Chairman should be appointed by those present, who should call the House to order at the precise hour designated.

Mr. Shanhahan, Mr. Eastland, John J. Grady, C. Diehl, Charles L. Langley, J. F. Crossed, D. B. Todd, John Edwards and John H. Dawson.

Donohoe-Kelly Banking Company of San Francisco, Capital, \$1,000,000. Directors—Eugene Kelly, Joseph A. Donohoe, Howard Havens, Adam Grant, Joseph D. Eastland, John J. McConhee, John Berningham, Joseph A. Donohoe, Jr., John W. Flood and Irving M. Stockton of Los Angeles. Capital stock, \$30,000. Directors—J. H. Lamson, Annie Lamson, Helen Lamson, F. C. Dando and Isabel Packard.

The Hunkeler Distilling and Manufacturing Company of San Francisco, Capital stock, \$1,000,000. Directors—G. A. Hunkeler, J. B. Warren, M. J. Nolen, Byron S. Nickerson and M. J. Henley.

Police Court. In Judge Craven's court yesterday, Tom Nathan pleaded guilty to petit larceny and was ordered to appear to-day for sentence.

Mrs. Mary Miller, accused of disturbing the peace of a neighbor, was discharged on the payment of costs.

A good appetite is essential to good health. Hood's Sarsaparilla creates and sharpens the appetite, and also assists the digestive organs. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla this spring. Sold by druggists.

Changed Daily for the Red House. STATIONERY. We seldom speak of this line of goods, and yet our sales from this department are quite large. We purchase mostly from Eastern manufacturers, and our prices will be found quite a little below the ordinary dealer. Another large Eastern invoice has just arrived.

WE SPEAK HERE OF A PART: Full Government Envelopes, white, xx-5, 4 cents a package; xx-6, 5 cents a package. Joy Mills Superfine Commercial Note Paper, ruled, 20 cents quarter ream.

Florentine Mills Superfine White Wove Ruled Note Paper, 20 cents quarter ream. Croton Mills Superfine White Wove Ruled Note Paper, 25 cents quarter ream.

Cairo Mills First-class White Wove Ruled Note Paper, 45 cents quarter ream. Joy Mills Superfine Ruled Letter Paper, 35 cents quarter ream.

Croton Mills White Wove Ruled Letter Paper, 50 cents quarter ream. Cairo Mills First-class White Wove Ruled Letter Paper, 75 cents quarter ream.

Fancy Pressed Board-cover Tablets, 3 cents each. Lone Fisherman Tablets, 5 cents. Favorite Blotter Tablets, letter size, 10 cents.

Tourists' Blotter Tablets, letter size, 140 pages, 20 cents. Superfine Cream Laid Paper, in fancy boxes, 8 and 10 cents a box. Red House Ruled Paper, in fancy gilt boxes, 12 cents a box.

Champion Paper, cream laid, ruled, 15 cents a box. Manchester Linen Superfine Ruled Paper, 15 cents a box. Plain Bevel Correspondence Cards, No. 4 Baronial Envelopes, 15c a box.

Butchers' and Grocers' Pass Books, 1 cent each. Petty Day Books, 180 pages, two-thirds cap, 10 cents. Board-covered Journals, 106 pages, 25 cents.

Schep-covered Long Pocket Memorandum Books, with flap, 96 pages, 20c. Scholars' Fancy-pressed Board-covered Composition Books, 36 pages, 5c. Scholars' Fancy-pressed Board-covered Composition Books, 108 pages, 10 cents.

Composition Books, extra heavy bound, 80 pages, 15 cents. Linen-bound Composition Books, superior paper, 96 pages, 25 cents. THE ABOVE GOODS SOLD IN FANCY GOODS DEPARTMENT.

INCORPORATED. Seven Companies File Articles With the Secretary of State. The following articles of incorporation were filed in the Secretary of State's office yesterday:

Enterprise Mutual Building and Loan Association. Principal place of business, San Francisco. Capital stock, \$2,000,000. Directors—Max Walter, Gabriel Cohn, Hermann Nathan, Louis Landau and John Willner.

California Banie Company of San Francisco, Capital stock, \$100,000. Directors—William Lichtenberg, R. Lichtenberg, W. M. Murray, H. Francis, Arnold Becker, F. W. Lucas and Joseph F. Forler.

Fairmont Loan Association of San Francisco, Capital stock, \$2,000,000. Directors—D. Richards, E. E. E. John J. Grady, C. Diehl, Charles L. Langley, J. F. Crossed, D. B. Todd, John Edwards and John H. Dawson.

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