LEGISLATURE---29TH SESSION.

The Assembly Fails to Reach a Vote on the Ballot Bill.

Measures Passed by the Senate—The Bruner Affair—World's Fair Appropriation Signed.

SENATE.

SACRAMENTO, March 6, 1891.

The Senate met at 11 o'clock A. M., Lieutenant-Governor Reddick in the chair. Roll called and quorum present. Prayer by the Chaplain. Reading of the journal dispensed with.

Mr. Ostrom was granted leave to introduce a bill providing for an assistant to the Secretary of the State Board of Examiners, and it was referred to the Committee on Attaches. He explained that the chief object of the bill was to provide for an official to visit and inspect public institutions.

SAN JACINTO DEFEATED.

The special order was A. B. 353, creating the county of San Jacinto. Read the second time and refused a third reading by a vote of 7 ayes to 27 noes.

BETTER LUCK FOR RIVERSIDE.

The bill creating the county of Riverside out of portions of San Bernardino and San Diego, was the next special order, being on second reading.

An amendment was adopted so as to embrace in the new county the entire territory embraced within the boundaries of the proposed San Jacinto County, the bill for which had just been defeated. This amendment was not satisfactory to the San Jacinto people, as it was understood that the town of Riverside would be the county seat, whereas they desired to have the town of San Jacinto as a county seat.

The bill was ordered to a third reading, and, on motion of Mr. Sprague, was made the special order for Saturday at 11 A. M.

OTHER SPECIAL ORDERS.

S. B. 643, reorganizing the agricultural districts of the State, was passed, and the committee substitute for several Assembly bills relating to the management of such districts, was passed on the file without action.

S. B. 265, permitting the establishment of mutual insurance companies, was refused passage by a vote of 11 ayes to 20 noes, and Mr. Ostrom gave notice of a motion to reconsider.

WORK ON THE FILE.

Substitute for S. B. 1, appropriating $90,000 for the erection of additional buildings at the Agnew Insane Asylum.

Mr. Goucher spoke against the bill, mainly on the ground that contracts for work at that asylum had been let unlawfully.

The bill was passed—ayes 26, noes 6.

S. B.'s 82 and 600, for improvements at the Deaf and Dumb and Blind Asylum and the Southern California Insane Hospital, were also passed.

Recess until 2 P. M.

Afternoon Session.

The Senate met at 2 P. M., the Lieutenant-Governor in the chair.

A couple of resolutions were adopted providing for the payment of small claims.

Permission was granted Mr. Seawell to introduce a bill appropriating some $1,640 to pay the claims of Wm. M. Pearson and R. B. Mitchell for costs and expenses growing out of a case in which the State was plaintiff and the American Sugar Refinery the defendant.

ASSEMBLY SPECIAL FILE.

A. B. 68, relating to the government of municipal corporations. Passed.

A. B. 110, relating to the government of municipal corporations of the fifth class. Passed on file.

A. B. 696, amending the Act incorporating the city of San Jose. Passed.

A. C. A. 5, amending Section 34 of Article IV. of the Constitution, relating to appropriation bills and the creation of deficiencies. Adopted.

Mr. Goucher gave notice of a motion to reconsider.

A. B. 212, repealing Section 337 of the Penal Code.

On motion of Mr. Berry the bill was made the special order for 3:30 P. M. on Tuesday.

A. B., 180, requiring manufacturers to stamp upon their products and manufactures the class of labor employed thereon.

Mr. Berry opposed the bill. He said it was intended to strike at a class of persons who were at times forced to employ certain kinds of labor (Chinese). The fruit-growers, canners and vineyardists were compelled to employ Chinese labor at certain months of the year, and yet if obliged to stamp their products as the result of Chinese labor, the same would be injuriously affected in the market, owing to the prejudice among some people against the Chinese. He could see no reason why the producers should be thus imposed upon.

Mr. W. H. Williams said the very objection raised against the bill by Mr. Berry was the best argument in its favor. Nearly all the gentlemen on the floor had no doubt, during the campaign, declared themselves against Chinese labor, and he (Williams) now desired them to go on record.

Mr. Ostrom was opposed to the bill. He said he had never employed Chinese labor—except in his kitchen. [Laughter.] Chinese labor was a necessity in the agricultural and horticultural districts, as well as in the factories. Without Chinese labor the fruit-grower and hop-grower would lose their crops. The Chinese are here, and people were compelled to utilized their labor. If a stroke of the pen could remove them from the State, it wouldn't be wise to make it, as the people require their labor.

Messrs. Simpson, Preston and Mead also opposed the bill, and Messrs. Goucher and Britt favored it.

Mr. Berry moved its indefinite postponement. Lost—ayes 17, noes 18.

The following bills were read the first time:

A. B. 317, relating to salaries of officers in counties of the thirty-fifth class.

A. B. 125, relating to the taking of trout.

A. B. 87, relating to revenue and taxation.

A. B. 692, relative to street improvement bonds.

A. B. 441, amending the Red Bluff Incorporation Act.

A. B. 280, appropriating money for the Whittier Reform School.

A. B. 471, to ascertain the expression of the people relative to an educational qualification for voters.

A. B. 338, to authorize R. C. Ball to sue the State.

SENATE URGENCY FILE.

S. B. 62, for the relief of Patrick Creighton. Passed—ayes 21, noes 6.

S. B. 652, providing for the registration of Chinese residents. Read second time and amended.

S. B. 330, relating to the management of the Southern California Hospital for the Insane.

S. B. 378, providing for the dissolution and winding up of savings banks, trust companies and banks of deposit, and providing for the disposition of all funds not claimed within five years after such banks have ceased to do business. Passed.

S. B. 638, relating to the salaries of Superior Judges of certain counties. Amended and ordered reprinted.

S. B. 581, amending Section 1431 of the Code of Civil Procedure, relating to probate cases. Passed.

S. B. 409, providing for the erection of a monument in Golden Gate Park to the memory of the late M. G. Vallejo.

Mr. Heacock moved to amend by including Colonel E. D. Baker, and increasing the appropriation from $10,000 to $20,000. Adopted, and the bill ordered reprinted.

S. B. 622, relating to the management of prisons. Passed.

S. B. 126, providing for the purchase of jute machinery and the manufacture of bags at the Folsom prison.

Mr. Simpson opposed the bill, on the ground that it looked to the employment of a great State institution in the interest of one class of people and against the mercantile interests of the State.

On roll-call the bill was passed—ayes 30, noes 4.

S. B. 398, to prevent the adulteration of beer and other malt liquors. Passed.

RESPECT TO SENATOR HEARST.

Mr. Ostrom offered a resolution providing that the committee appointed to attend the funeral of the late United States Senator Hearst be increased by the addition of two more members.

Mr. Goucher offered a concurrent resolution, as an amendment thereto, providing that on the day of the funeral of Senator Hearst in San Francisco, both branches of the Legislature shall stand adjourned, and all the members be constituted a committee to attend. Adopted.

RELATIVE TO ADJOURNMEENT.

A concurrent resolution was offered by Mr. Ostrom, providing that the Legislature adjourn sine die on Saturday, the 14th of March, and it was lost by the following vote:

Ayes—Berry, Carpenter, Crandall, Denison, Dray, Hamill, Harp, Heacock, McComas, Mead, Ostrom and Voorhies—12.

Noes—Bailey, Banks, Britt, Campbell of Siskiyou, Dargie, DeLong, Everett, Flint, Fraser, Goucher, Maher, Mahoney, McGowan, Preston, Ragsdale, Sprague, Streeter, Welch, W. H. Williams and G. H. Williams—21.

Recess till 7:30 P. M.

Evening Session.

The Senate met in the evening, President pro tem. Fraser in the chair, and resumed work on the urgency file.

Mr. Mead called up S. B. 395, to provide for the payment of the claim of A. B. Dibble for professional services rendered by him in the case of The People vs. O. P. Dobbins before the Supreme Court (appropriating $500). Passed—ayes 24, noes 0.

A. B. 692, relating to street and sewer improvement bonds. Read second and third times and final action deferred.

S. B. 293, for the relief of John J. Conlan (appropriating $54,000 with interest for several years).

Mr. Dray supported the bill, because it was a local matter and the delegation from that city was united in favor of the bill. He understood that there was no denial of the fact that the contractors had done their work faithfully, and knew of no reason why he, or other interior members, should oppose measures that all the Senators from that city declared to be just. The proposition was to have the city pay a debt that the individual property owners had successfully avoided.

Mr. Mahoney also advocated the passage of the bill. He claimed that Mr. Conlan fulfilled his contract, and should be paid therefor.

The bill was passed—ayes 28, noes 3.

Mr. Goucher said he had been informed that Senate messages were greatly delayed in the Assembly, and moved that a committee of three be appointed to investigate the matter. Carried.

S. B. 688, authorizing the Directors of the Veterans' Home Association to exchange certain lands in San Francisco. Passed—ayes 28 noes 0.

S. B. 583, to permit the donation of lands to the State for educational purposes. (Amending the present law so as to embrace donations for promoting the mechanic arts.) Passed—ayes 30, noes 0.

A. B. 232, relating to the organization and government of irrigation districts, and for the distribution of water. Passed—ayes 30, noes 0.

S. B. 63, to fix the compensation for gas in cities of 100,000 population, or over, and to provide a penalty for attempting to collect illegal gas rates. Amended, and ordered reprinted.

S. B. 251, to prohibit the publication of lottery advertisements. Read second time and ordered engrossed.

S. B. 55, to pay the claim of E. N. Strout ($2,000) for services under the Drainage Act of 1883. Passed—ayes 22, noes 4.

S. B. 340, relating to building and loan associations. Read second time and ordered engrossed.

At 9:30 P. M. the Senate adjourned.

ASSEMBLY.

The House assembled at 10 o'clock A. M., the Speaker in the chair. Roll called and quorum present. Prayer by the Chaplain. Reading of the journal dispensed with.

THE IMPEACHMENT MATTER.

The Speaker asked that the Judiciary Committee would take measures immediately to act upon the matter of the charges against Judge A. P. Catlin, now in their hands. He recommended the summoning of witnesses and the holding of a meeting on Monday.

Mr. Bruner, Chairman of the committee, asked the Speaker to announce a meeting of that committee to be held at noon recess, to arrange the preliminaries of the investigation.

THE CHARGES OF CORRUPTION.

Not before during the present session has there been a larger and more interested crowd in the gallery, in the lobby and on the floor of the Assembly than had gathered during the opening ceremonies of the morning session.

It was known that Assemblyman Elwood Bruner would reply to the definite charges of corruption made against him in the San Francisco *Examiner* of Thursday, and there was considerable repressed excitement perceptible. Mr. Bruner rose to a question of personal privilege, and made a statement which appears in full in another column. A statement was also made before the Committee of the Whole by Franklin P. Bull, which also appears elsewhere.

At the conclusion of Mr. Bruner's statement, Mr. Bledsoe moved that a special committee of seven be appointed by the Speaker to investigate the charges against Assemblyman Bruner.

Mr. Lowe thought it would be better to bring the witnesses before the whole House at this time and settle the matter at once.

Mr. Dibble thought this the better plan.

Mr. Bruner stated that one witness was absent from the city, and would not return before evening.

The motion of Mr. Bledsoe was carried. The committee appointed by the Speaker is as follows: Messrs. Bledsoe, Barnard, Galbraith, Gould, Mathews, McCall and Arms.

On motion of Mr. Shanahan the testimony of Franklin P. Bull, taken before Committee of the Whole, was ordered immediately transcribed.

On motion of Mr. Dibble, the committee was empowered to summon witnesses and employ a competent stenographer.

The crowd had slowly dispersed, and the regular business of the Assembly was resumed.

The Committee on Engrossment reported.

Mr. Lowe, on behalf of Mr. Estey, who was unable to speak on account of loss of voice, asked that A. B. 659, permitting the County of Marin to use the labor of prisoners from San Quentin to build a road from San Quentin to Point Tiburon, be taken up and put on its final passage. Carried.

Mr. Dennis opposed the bill. He said it was a scheme to make the prisoners do the road work and keep out "white laborers." The counties pay for the support of the prisoners and then let them loose through the country to turn innocent men into prisoners for want of work.

The bill was passed and at once transmitted to the Senate.

Mr. Mordecai moved to take up A. B. 224 and place it on final passage. This bill had been amended in the Senate, and several members asked time to consider the amendment and the bill more fully.

Mr. Lowe said he had a bill upon irrigation which he wished to have considered.

Mr. Mordecai and Mr. Gould urged the immediate consideration of the bill. Messrs. Lowe, Martin, Galbraith and Fowler spoke for delay. The bill was finally made a special order for Monday, at 2 o'clock P. M.

The report of the Assembly Conference Committee, which had been appointed to confer with a Senate committee upon the Senate amendment to A. B. 101, relating to the redemption of land sold at tax sales, was received. The committee had substituted an amendment providing that the publication of notice in such cases shall be done in the town nearest the property in question. The report and the amendment were adopted.

Mr. Renfro moved to take up A. B. 611, relating to amendment of Code of Civil Procedure, and place it upon final passage. Lost.

Mr. Dibble offered a resolution that after Saturday bills may be made cases of urgency by the calling of the roll and granting the privilege to each member to bring up one of his own bills. Adopted.

A message was received from the Governor announcing that he had approved of the bill for the appropriation of $300,000 for the exhibit at the World's Columbian Fair.

Recess.

Afternoon Session.

The House reassembled at 2 o'clock. Speaker pro tem. Young in the chair.

Mr. Renfro moved to reconsider the vote by which S. B. 41, (regulating the deposit of public funds), was lost.

Mr. Matlock moved to indefinitely postpone the reconsideration. Carried.

Mr. Lacey moved to reconsider the vote by which A. B. 711, the "newspaper circulation" bill, was lost.

Mr. Hocking moved to indefinitely postpone the motion. Carried.

Mr. Asms asked to be excused from serving on the Bruner Investigating Committee. Granted.

The ballot reform bills were the special order for this hour. The clerk read for the third time the bill adopted by the Senate, and the debate was opened by Mr. Dibble, who stated his objections to the bill and mentioned a ballot bill of his own which he hoped to have passed.

Mr. Shanahan took up Mr. Dibble's points one by one, refuting them in a clear, concise and convincing manner.

Pending action upon the bill the House took a recess till evening.

Evening Session.

The House reassembled at 7 o'clock, the Speaker in the chair.

The Senate reform ballot bill was pending. The previous question was moved by Mr. Sturtevant.

A call of the House was demanded.

The call was taken, the absentees sent for and the doors closed. The Sergeant-at-Arms returned at intervals with assorted lots of absentees, but the House insisted on the full quota, and it was not until 8:45 that further proceedings were dispensed with, Messrs. Phillips and Glynn being the only ones absent without leave. An hour and a half had been consumed in this unprofitable manner.

At 8:45 the previous question was demanded.

A motion that the previous question should be put was lost by a vote of ayes 24, noes 48.

The debate on the Senate bill was resumed, and Messrs. Clark, McCall, Murnan, Gould and Bledsoe spoke in favor of the measure. Messrs. Galbraith, Barnard and Barnett opposed it.

At 9:30, Senator Goucher appeared on the floor of the House, escorted by the Secretary of the Senate, and reported that the Senate had been informed that the Assembly had failed to comply with the joint rule which requires each house to spend an hour and a half each day upon the bills of the other, and they desired to call the attention of the Assembly to it.

The Speaker replied to the Senator that the Assembly would take early notice of the matter, and a committee would be appointed to confer with a Senate committee upon it.

After a long and wearisome debate on the ballot bill, at 10:45 a motion to postpone and make the bill a special order for Saturday morning, immediately after the journal, was carried.

The House adjourned at 10:55.

LEGISLATIVE NOTES.

The bill which passed the Senate yesterday, providing for the manufacture of jute bags at the Folsom Prison, reads:

"It shall be the duty of the State Board of Prison Directors from time to time, to fix the price at which jute goods shall be sold by the State, but at no time shall the price so fixed be more than one per cent. in excess of the net cost of producing the same, exclusive of prison labor; and it is made the duty of State Prison authorities to confine the sale of jute goods to consumers direct, but no order shall be filled for any one individual or firm during any one year, for more than five thousand grain bags, except on request of the Warden and the unanimous approval of the State Board of Prison Directors.

"Demands for jute goods by consumers shall be promptly filled in the order in which they are made; but when the supply is short, demands shall be registered at the prison in the order of their arrival, and filled from the output of the jute mill in the order of registration; *provided*, that on and after the fifteenth day of June of each year, by and with the consent of a majority of the Board of Prison Directors, the Warden may fill orders for larger quantities to actual consumers, as they may, in their judgment, deem expedient; *provided*, that orders of farmers and other actual consumers shall take precedence over all others; *provided*, that ten per cent. of the purchase price shall accompany each order, and it must be paid upon delivery of the goods.

"It shall be the duty of the Board of Directors of the State Prisons to store the jute goods manufactured at the State Prisons at suitable points in the agricultural portions of the State, as they may designate by resolution of the board, in such quantities and upon such terms and conditions as may be for the best interest of the State and for the convenience of the consumers thereof.

"All orders for jute goods must be accompanied by an affidavit setting forth that the amount of goods contained in the order are for individual and personal use of the applicant, said affidavit to be subscribed and sworn to before some Notary Public, or by a Justice of the Peace, residing in the township in which the applicant resides."

Among the bills passed by the Senate yesterday was that to pay the claim of Patrick Creighton—one of the San Francisco street grading claims that have remained unsettled for many years, owing to informalities in the contracts. Mr Goucher opposed it on the ground that, although the work had been done, the claim was an illegal one.

Many of the Senators' desks were decorated yesterday with bouquets of camellias and other beautiful flowers. These floral favors were thoughtfully bestowed by a young son of Dr. G. L. Simmons upon those members who voted for the bill giving to the women of the State equal rights with men at the ballot-box.

The select Assembly committee appointed to investigate the charges of the San Francisco *Examiner* against Assemblyman Elwood Bruner will meet this evening at 7 o'clock.

Governor Markham yesterday approved the bill appropriating $300,000 for California's exhibit at the World's Fair at Chicago.

The Judiciary Committee meets to-day (Saturday) for the investigation of the charges against Judge A. P. Catlin.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Department Two—Van Fleet, Judge.

FRIDAY, March 6, 1891.

Matter of the estate of Jeremiah Pader, deceased—Final account settled and decree of distribution ordered.

Matter of the estate of Hannah Cantrell, deceased—Final account settled and decree of distribution ordered.

Matter of the estate of Elizabeth Cisco, deceased—Continued two weeks.

Matter of the estate of James Eagan, deceased—Continued two weeks.

Matter of the estate of B. Gorman, deceased—Continued two weeks.

Matter of the estate of J. R. Watson, deceased—Continued one week.

Matter of the estate of Nathaniel Williams, deceased—Order setting apart homestead to widow and children for the period of fourteen years.

Estate and guardianship of Ed. S. Brown minor—Order discharging guardian.

Estate and guardianship of Mary F. Hennesy et al.—Order made for sale of real estate.

Estate and guardianship of Joseph Bagnell, deceased—Continued one week.

Estate and guardianship of Olive Richmond et al. minors—Continued one week.

Matter of the estate of Euphemia Faulks, deceased—Will admitted; letters to petitioners.

Matter of the estate of Joseph de Rose Garcia, deceased—Order discharging executor.

Matter of the estate of William Schmidt, deceased—Order appointing S. Solon Holl attorney for Lilly Harmason and minor heirs.

W. E. Terry et al. vs. Charles Lea—Continued.

William Jones vs. B. F. Ward et al.—B. F. Ward adjudged guilty of contempt of court.

Lucas Kreuzberger vs. J. H. D. Wingfield—Continued one week.

C. H. Hubbard vs. N. S. Bachman et al.—Cause dismissed on stipulation.

George F. Bronner vs. C. A. Jenkins—Dismissed on motion of plaintiff.

City of Sacramento vs. C. P. Nathan and Sol. Nathan—Demurrer overruled.

Philip Herzog vs. Thomas Talbert et al.—Judgment given for plaintiff.

Matter of the estate of Lee Fong Gee—On hearing.

WINE and Strong Drink sometimes gives one a headache. Bradycrotine cures every case of the kind.

March April May

Are the best months in which to purify your blood. During the winter the blood becomes thin and impure, the body becomes weak and tired, the appetite may be lost, and just now the system craves the aid of a reliable medicine like Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Merit Wins, and the fact that Hood's Sarsaparilla actually accomplishes what is claimed for it, is what has made it the medicine first in the confidence of our countrymen, and given te Hood's Sarsaparilla a popularity and sale greater than that of any other blood purifier.

March April May

Hood's Sarsaparilla is peculiarly adapted to the needs of the body during these months. It thoroughly purifies and vitalizes the blood, creates a good appetite, cures biliousness and headache, gives healthy action to the kidneys and liver and imparts strength to the whole body.

"Our little girl, nineteen months old, was troubled with scrofula sores. Her eyes were in a terrible condition, and her nose all covered with scab. Physicians said they could not cure her. We commenced giving her Hood's Sarsaparilla, and now, after using two bottles in the past three months, her face and eyes are clear of the sores, and her appetite has returned. We feel very thankful for finding so valuable a medicine as Hood's Sarsaparilla to save our child."—J. A. GREY, 453 Miner avenue, Stockton, Cal.

March April May

Now is the time when you should give Hood's Sarsaparilla a fair trial. That scrofulous taint which has been in your blood for years, may be thoroughly expelled by giving Hood's Sarsaparilla a fair trial. It really is a wonderful blood purifier and building-up medicine.

"Last spring I was completely fagged out. My strength left me and I felt sick and miserable all the time, so that I could hardly attend to my business. I took one bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and it cured me. There is nothing like it."—R. C. BEGOLE, Editor Enterprise, Belleville, Mich.

March April May

These are the months in every year when thousands of old friends resort to a regular course of Hood's Sarsaparilla. The fact that Hood's Sarsaparilla, once fairly tried, becomes the favorite spring medicine, speaks volumes for its excellence and medicinal merit.

"Early last spring I was very much run down, had nervous headache, felt miserable and all that. I was very much benefited by Hood's Sarsaparilla and recommended it to my friends."—MRS. J. M. TAYLOR, 1119 Euclid Avenue, Cleveland, O.

N. B.—Be sure to get Hood's Sarsaparilla.

March April May

In these months this year thousands of new patrons will take Hood's Sarsaparilla and realize its benefits in blood purified and strength restored. Will you be one of the number? Hood's Sarsaparilla costs but little, and the investment yields profitable returns. Just try it.

"In the spring my whole system was completely run down. Two months ago I began the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and after using two bottles I find my appetite restored, my nervous system toned up, and my general health greatly improved."—GEORGE BRATT, Gallipolis, Ohio.

March April May

As a headline in advertising this has become so thoroughly identified with Hood's Sarsaparilla that while other "copyist advertisers" endeavor to appropriate it, it always suggests the people's favorite spring medicine, HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA.

"I wish to enrole my name as one of those who have derived health from the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla. For many years I have taken it, especially in the early spring, when I am troubled with dizziness, dullness, unpleasant taste in my mouth in the morning.

March April May

The universal praise given Hood's Sarsaparilla by those who have taken it, should certainly convince you that it is the best Spring Medicine. It acts especially and immediately upon the blood, overcomes physical weakness, and creates a good appetite,

"Hood's Sarsaparilla purified my blood, gave me strength, and overcame the headache and dizziness, so that I am able to work again. I recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla to others whose blood is thin or impure, and who feel worn out or run down."—LUTHER NASON, Lowell, Mass.

It removes this bad taste, relieves my headache and makes me feel greatly refreshed. The two bottles I have used this spring have been worth a dollar a dose. I advise all my friends to take it."—JOHN BINNS, 663 43d street, town of Lake, Chicago, Ill.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is peculiar to itself.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

Spring Humors

Spring Humors, whether itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, crusted, pimply, or blotchy, whether of the skin, scalp, or blood, whether simple, scrofulous, or hereditary, are now speedily, permanently, and economically cured by the Cuticura Remedies when the best physicians and all other remedies fail. The almost miraculous cures daily effected by them prove this. No statement is made regarding them not warranted by the strongest evidence. They are, in truth, the greatest skin cures, blood purifiers, and humor remedies of modern times. They are absolutely pure, and agreeable to the most sensitive, and may be used on the youngest infant and most delicate invalid with gratifying and unfailing success. CUTICURA, the great skin cure, instantly allays the most intense itching, burning, and inflammation, permits rest and sleep, soothes and heals raw and irritated surfaces, clears the skin and scalp of crusts and scales, and restores the hair. CUTICURA SOAP, the only medicated toilet soap, is indispensable in cleansing diseased surfaces. CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new blood and skin purifier, and greatest of humor remedies, cleanses the blood of all impurities, and thus removes the cause. Hence, the Cuticura Remedies cure every humor of the Spring, from the simplest facial blemishes to the worst case of scrofula. Sale greater than the combined sales of all others.

"HOW TO CURE DISEASES OF THE SKIN AND BLOOD" mailed free to any address, 64 pages, 300 Diseases, 50 Illustrations, 100 testimonials. A book of priceless value to every sufferer. CUTICURA REMEDIES are sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 50c. CUTICURA SOAP, 25c.; CUTICURA RESOLVENT, $1. Prepared by POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston.

Pimply, Blotchy Skin, red, rough, and oily skin and hands, painful finger-ends with shapeless nails, are prevented and cured by Cuticura Soap, incomparably the greatest of skin purifiers and beautifiers, while rivalling in delicacy and surpassing in purity the most expensive of toilet and nursery soaps. *The only medicated toilet soap*, and *the only preventive and cure* of inflammation and clogging of the pores, the cause of pimples, blackheads, rough, red, and oily skin, and simple humors of infants and children. Price, 25c.

BEWARE

of mercury and potash mixtures. They aggravate the disease instead of curing it.

Life A Burden.

"I suffered for five years with mercurial rheumatism, which was the result of potash and mercurial treatment by physicians for constitutional blood poison. They not only failed to cure me, but made me a physical wreck and my life a burden. I then commenced taking Swift's Specific (S.S.S.), and after taking a few bottles was entirely cured both of the rheumatism and blood poison. I cheerfully commend S. S. S., to any one similarly afflicted.

JOHN H. LYLES, Sorento, Ill.

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GREEN GINGER BRANDY

An Elegant Substitute for Essence or Extract of Ginger.

INDORSED BY PHYSICIANS, DENTISTS, apothecaries and the public. It gives instantaneous relief in cases of CRAMPS, COLIC, PAINS IN THE STOMACH, DIARRHŒA, ETC.

Purchase only DR. ABERNETHY'S, having upon the label

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For Sale by Druggists and Wine Merchants. ja15-tf

CIGARS,

Cigarettes, Tobacco, Snuff,

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We buy for cash and sell for cash. We take no risks and charge for none. We employ no traveling salesman. In short, we claim that under our system of doing business we can give those who desire their money's worth advantages that cannot be obtained elsewhere.

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Sole Agent for "Young Ladies' Cigar Factory." s5 7eS-tf

$4 BUYS A CORD

OF OLD LUMBER WOOD, OR $6 A TON of coal at the C. O. D. YARD. Fourth and I streets.

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OPEN UNTIL 10 O'CLOCK THIS EVENING.

The new things are crowding and jostling one another for recognition. The leading Eastern cities, Paris and our own San Francisco contribute.

MILLINERY PARLORS.

EXHIBITION IN BOTH DEPARTMENT AND SHOW WINDOWS.

TO-DAY!

Two long tables full of FINE SHOES, at all prices from 75c to $3 50 a pair.

We Attempt Description of but Very Few:

Ladies' Fine Kid Button, C. S. last, worked holes; sizes, 3, 3½, 6 and 7; $1 25 a pair.

Misses' Fine Kid Button, spring heels, worked holes, square toe; sizes, 12 to 1; $1 25.

Men's Seamless (Creole) Congress Gaiters, square toe, medium sole; sizes, 5½ to 9; $1 50.

Men's Hook and Lace Shoes, St. Louis toe and tip, fancy top, pump sole, $1 75.

Ladies' Brocaded Satin Opera Slippers, handsome; sizes, 2½ to 5; 75 cents a pair.

A large purchase of Men's Pants from a Boston manufacturer, the elite styles for spring, arrived yesterday. On sale to-day.

Men's Extra-heavy All-wool Dark Fancy-striped Scotch Cheviot Pants; waist measures, 32 to 40; lengths, 29 to 36; at $2 50 a pair.

The best Pants value on this coast to-day.

Men's Shaw Knit Extra-fine Cotton Half Hose; color, mottled slate; sizes, 9 to 11; 25 cents a pair.

Men's Extra-heavy Double-heel Cotton Socks, 2 pair for 25 cents.

Men's Alpine Flannel Overshirts, with collar and pocket, full 36 inches long, 50 cents.

Men's Oil-tanned Angora Goat Gloves, 35 cents a pair.

Spring styles in Gents' All-silk Scarfs and Ties, 25 cents.

Imported and Domestic Cotton Novelties. New spring styles in Zephyrs, Challis, Cheviots, Etc. Spring styles in Ladies' Blazer Jackets and Short Wraps.

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