THE RECORD-UNION.

VOLUME LXXXI.--NO. 13. SACRAMENTO, MONDAY MORNING, MARCH 9, 1891. WHOLE NO. 15,411.

TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.

Wreck of a Fast Passenger Train at Havana, Illinois.

THE FIREMAN KILLED AND MANY PERSONS SERIOUSLY INJURED.

Unprecedented Rains Reported in the South—The Tennessee River Rising With Enormous Rapidity—Yazoo City, Alabama, Partially Inundated, and Many Families Driven From Their Homes.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

PEORIA (Ill.), March 8.—The Jacksonville and Southeastern fast passenger train, which left here at 1:30 this morning, met with a terrific accident at Havana, Ill. The train consisted of a baggage car, coach, chair car and two sleepers, and was an hour and a half late, owing to a terrible storm raging.

At Havana there is a sharp curve a mile and a half from the depot, and the engine struck the curve at the switch and left the track. All the cars followed, piling up in great confusion.

The half-dressed passengers clambered out of the windows and through the roofs of the demolished cars, and hastened, barefooted, through the sleet, over the icy roads, for the nearest houses. The passengers who were in the coach extricated their injured companions.

Under the engine was fireman Saddler, who was instantly killed. By the side of the engine was engineer Birkenhead, with one arm and leg cut off.

The other injured are: Edward Hommett, of Peoria, burned and badly bruised; Walter Conover, of Manito, Ill., fatal injuries; Charles Mulvaney, of Streator, Ill., back and head crushed, and will die; Miss Emma Rushton, of St. Louis, seriously bruised; express messenger Bates, left foot torn off and badly bruised; Frank H. Lewis, of Peoria, seriously jammed in the breast; conductor Kennedy, of Eureka, Ill., and brakeman Hughes, severely injured.

The wreck immediately took fire and burned with great rapidity. It was with the utmost difficulty that some of the passengers were rescued, and one or two were severely burned.

A wrecking train was sent out from Jacksonville at once, but when it reached the scene the fire had swept the debris away, with the exception of the ironwork and the engine.

It is thought the wreck was caused by a broken rail or ice on the track. The loss to the company, including death and accident claims, will not fall short of $100,000.

The people in the sleeper were not injured, but had to make their way for a mile, through a terrible storm, to shelter.

TWO MEN SUFFOCATED.

TRINIDAD (Col.), March 8.—When the freight train on the Fort Worth road arrived here last night, smoke was seen issuing from a refrigerator car. The door was broken open, and two men who were stealing a ride were found lying in the straw suffocated. The fire is supposed to have started from a lighted pipe.

HEAVY RAINFALL.

Tennessee and Alabama Visited by Unprecedented Rainstorms.

MEMPHIS, March 8.—The rainfall in this city and section of the South for the past two days is unprecedented. Nearly five inches have fallen in this city during the past forty-eight hours. Specials from the adjacent country report the heavy rain as general.

The Tennessee River rose seven feet in twenty-hours at Florence, Ala., and is still rising rapidly. The whole country round about West Point, Miss., is flooded, and all trains are badly delayed. The damage will be considerable.

Considerable "bottom" country in Arkansas and the lower Mississippi is overflowed.

IN MISSISSIPPI.

JACKSON (Miss.), March 8.—The severest rainstorm for years prevailed almost throughout the entire State during the past thirty-eight hours. All the small streams are overflowed and much damage has been done to roads and bridges. The railroads are badly washed out, and all trains are delayed or abandoned.

At Yazoo City all the warehouses are more or less submerged, and many families living in the lower portion of the city were driven from their homes. Many bridges across the bayous have been washed away.

The long trestle of the Yazoo and Mississippi Valley Railroad across Martin's Creek is swept away, and the roadbed badly damaged.

From Canton, Mississippi, comes the story that the Pearl and Big Black Rivers are out of their banks, and Bear Creek, ordinarily a small stream, is now half a mile wide. The water backed up on the south and west sides of town to within a quarter of a mile of the court-house. A number of negro families had to be moved out in boats.

YOUNG WOMAN KIDNAPED.

She Was Forcibly Taken on a Crowded Thoroughfare in Chicago.

CHICAGO, March 8.—Mrs. Tillie Mowrey was forcibly kidnaped yesterday by two unknown men, thrust into a carriage and driven hastily to the Wisconsin Central depot in time to catch the train for the north. The deed was committed at the corner of Franklin and Van Buren streets in broad daylight, and was done so neatly that the hundreds of persons passing to and fro did not realize that the crime had been committed until too late.

Mrs. Mowrey is scarcely 19 years of age, but has been twice married. Her first husband, from whom she was divorced, was Hurlburt Secord, a young man whose present address is Packwaukee, Wis. He is said to have been writing letters importuning her to return to him.

Last night a telegram signed with the abducted woman's name was received by her parents. It was dated at Rugby Station, Wisconsin, and said, "Her friends had taken her away."

HER WHEREABOUTS DISCOVERED.

CHICAGO, March 8.—Mrs. Tillie Mowrey, the young woman who was kidnaped yesterday and taken to Packwaukee, Wis., was heard from to-day. Her father received a telegram purporting to be from the Sheriff at Portage, Wis., saying that he had the young woman under his protection, and that she had been illegally arrested. No reference was made to Secord, her first husband, who, it was suspected, might have caused the kidnaping.

SENATOR HEARST'S REMAINS.

The Funeral Train Passed Through Chicago at 11 O'clock Last Night.

CHICAGO, March 8.—The special train conveying the remains of the late Senator Hearst arrived at Chicago to-night, en route from Washington to San Francisco. Only a few moments' stop was made in the Pennsylvania depot, and the remainder of the time that the funeral train was in Chicago was chiefly occupied in the complicated switching necessary to transfer the train unbroken to the tracks of the Chicago and Northwestern.

The cars, at the special request of the Senator's family, have no outward token of mourning, and few persons in either railway station were aware of the passing of the distinguished dead. The start from Chicago to San Francisco was made at 11 P. M. The train will arrive in San Francisco on Thursday noon.

HIDDEN TREASURE.

A Vast Sum of Money Said to be Buried in Pennsylvania.

WILKESBARRE (Pa.), March 8.—The First National Bank of Pittston received a letter from Spain signed by a priest, stating that a vast sum of money was buried somewhere in this vicinity.

The letter says that one of the most favored courtiers of the late Alphonse was given a large sum of money, said to be a million francs, while the King was on his deathbed, in return for the performance of a dying wish. The Queen was jealous of the courtier, and at the King's death instructed her Embassador to arrest the courtier for stealing a casket containing a number of jewels from the palace. He fled to America and buried the treasure, but returned to Spain and was arrested and put in prison, where he died.

Plans of the place where the treasure was buried were in a satchel which was taken by the tribunal, who, not knowing the contents, offered to dismiss the suit on payment of costs.

The priest asks for money to pay costs and obtain the satchel and plans.

THE PACIFIC SQUADRON.

Several More Vessels to be Added to the Fleet.

NEW YORK, March 8.—The *Herald's* Washington correspondent says that he learns that several vessels will shortly be added to the Pacific squadron. At least two vessels of the Squadron of Evolution will shortly be detached and sent around the Horn to join the Pacific. One of these will be the Atlanta and the other will probably be the Dolphin, as she is wanted for making a survey for the proposed submarine cable between San Francisco and the Hawaiian Islands. There is also some talk of sending the Philadelphia to the Pacific. The Monterey is practically ready to leave her ways, but the Messrs. Scott will probably postpone the time of launching until the arrival of the Presidential party on the Pacific Coast, about April 1st.

SALOON LICENSES.

Train Hands Cautioned Not to Sign Any Petitions for Them.

SYRACUSE (N. Y.), March 8.—The Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company has directed that the trainmen employed on the road shall not sign the petitions that have been in circulation in the towns along the line for signatures to secure licenses for saloons. Several trainmen at Scranton signed the petitions and were summarily discharged by the company.

The Lackawanna officials told the trainmen that they would be reinstatated as soon as they withdrew their names from the petitions. They did so with alacrity, and returned to their trains. Every trainman known to be addicted to the constant use of intoxicating liquors was ordered to stop drinking under penalty of being discharged.

AN ABUSED WIFE.

She Comes Near Ending Her Drunken Husband's Life.

CHICAGO, March 8.—Driven to desperation by constant abuse, the wife of a salesman named Henry Aiken attempted to kill her husband this morning. Aiken came home drunk and began quarreling. He seized his wife and choked her, as usual. She had prepared herself for just such an incident, and, jerking a revolver from her pocket, fired it point blank in his face. Their three small children screamed with fright, and the police running in placed the husband and wife under arrest.

Aiken will recover, but will be noseless and bear a scar four inches long across his cheeks.

Threatened Strike of Carpenters.

CHICAGO, March 8.—At a mass meeting of the journeymen carpenters of Chicago this afternoon it was decided that should the master carpenters not conclude to accede to the proposition to arbitrate the differences between the carpenters and their employers, a strike of great magnitude should be inaugurated. The question of wages was declared the only point at issue. The meeting fixed upon March 28th as the time when their demands must be met.

Resolutions were adopted declaring that unscrupulous agents were using the World's Fair as a pretext for overcrowding the city with unemployed of all trades.

Warring Church Factions.

READING (Pa.), March 8.—The Trustees of the Sixth-street Evangelical Church this morning refused Rev. A. H. Krecker, a Bowman representative, permission to enter the pulpit, and Rev. J. H. Shirey, an anti-Bowman, was accepted as pastor. Rev. Krecker and over a hundred of his followers filed out of the church in a body and worshiped in the Hebrew temple.

At Johnsville, in this county, Rev. Joseph Sprecht, anti-Bowman, was refused admittance to the pulpit by the Trustees, and Rev. D. B. Albright, a Bowman preacher, was received as pastor.

At several churches in Reading policemen were stationed.

Horrible Tragedy in Tennessee.

MILAN (Tenn.), March 8.—Mrs. Sarah Belknap, at Darden, Henderson County, Friday night, went into the sleeping-room of her two daughters, Mary and Ella, and cut their throats and then cut her own. The tragedy was not discovered until yesterday. The woman revived for a short time, but expired without giving any reason for the terrible act. The children are dead.

A Murderous Burglar.

NEW YORK, March 8.—Early this morning Joseph Storrs entered the house of Mrs. Bridget Armstrong for the purpose of robbery, and in the struggle with the lady shot her twice in the neck and brutally kicked her. On her daughter Eliza coming into the room she was shot in the chin by the burglar, who then made his escape. Mrs. Armstrong is probably fatally injured.

Rancho del Paso Trotters.

NEW YORK, March 8.—On Thursday and Friday 129 trotters from Haggin's ranch will be sold at auction.

A New Discovery.

The telephone is about to have a new application—that of foretelling storms. A new discovery has been made as to one of the properties of this means of transmitting sound. By placing two iron bars at seven or eight meters distance from each other, and then putting them in communication on one side by a copper wire covered with rubber, and the other side with a telephone, a storm can be predicted at least twelve hours ahead through a dead sound heard in the receiver. According as the storm advances, the sound resembles the beating of hailstones against the windows. Every flash of lightning, and, of course, every clap of thunder that accompanies the storm produces a shock similar to that of the stroke of a stone cast between the diaphragm and the instrument.

BEECHAM'S pills cure bilious, nervous ills.

THE NEW JUDGESHIPS.

Can They Be Filled Without the Senate's Approval?

OPINIONS DIFFER AS TO THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE LAW.

Close Friends of the President Believe He Will Defer the Appointments Until December, in Order to Avoid Following What is Said to Be a Questionable Precedent.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—The appointment of James H. Beatty as United States District Judge of Idaho was thought to be an official announcement that President Harrison considers it proper for him to appoint the nine Circuit Judges under the new law without waiting for their confirmation by the Senate.

The case of the Idaho District Judgeship and the new Circuit Judgeships are similar. The former is a new office, it not having existed prior to the admission of Idaho to Statehood.

The President nominated Beatty to the Senate several weeks ago, but the Idaho Senators caused a delay in acting upon the nomination that proved fatal Tuesday when the nomination came before the Senate, and, on motion of Farwell, it went over one day. The Senate took no adjournment after that, and the next day never came, and when Congress expired on Wednesday Beatty's nomination expired with it.

It was held by several Senators that the President could not appoint him to the new office without action by the Senate, but he has done so, nevertheless.

Those of the President's advisers who regarded this action as legal, and who are asking him to appoint a new Circuit Judge, have found a precedent which they think answers all purposes.

At the close of the Forty-ninth Congress President Cleveland appointed Judge Lacombe of New York to a Circuit Judgeship then just created, and after a long controversy when the Senate met he was confirmed. The Committee on Judiciary, to whom the nomination was referred, were hopelessly divided as regards the legality of the President's action, but a majority were of the opinion that when Judge Lacombe was nominated a vacancy in the meaning of the Constitution did exist.

The Interstate Commerce Commissioners were appointed and confirmed in a like manner. They were appointed after the adjournment of the Congress that created the commission, and were confirmed at the regular session of the Senate in December.

Notwithstanding these precedents, there are many able lawyers in Washington who hold that the appointment of men to newly created offices is in no sense filling a vacancy, and that President Harrison will hardly have the temerity to follow the questionable precedent set by President Cleveland in the case of the appointment of Judge Lacombe. Moreover, close friends of the President say that he is now considering the advisability of not appointing the nine Judges until next December, and thus avoid the necessity of calling a special session of the Senate, or indorsing a precedent that has been quite generally regarded as a bad one.

President Harrison's Western Trip.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—President Harrison has decided to start on his trip to the coast within a few days after April 1st. He will be on his hunting trip in Maryland for several days, and on his return to Washington he will begin preparations for his Western trip, which will occupy about five weeks.

Representative Biggs Ill.

WASHINGTON, March. 8.—Representative Biggs, who has been ill with inflammatory rheumatism for the last few days, is in a very bad condition, and his friends are apprehensive that the rheumatism may effect his heart.

TALK WITH A TAILOR.

How Some Men Try to Avoid Paying for Their Clothes.

"Well, I've been in business a good many years," said a fashionable tailor to a Washington *Star* reporter, "and I've met some very queer customers in the course of my experience. Have I ever been beaten? Why, of course I have. Every man in my business is bound to meet with men who swindle him in one way or another. I don't think, however, I have lost a great deal of money in late years. Before I set up in business for myself I represented a large house in another city. I came here and made quite a trade among the clerks in their departments. I used to call upon them in their offices with my book of samples, and as I am a pretty fair talker I managed to get a good many orders. I used to give them credit, and will say one thing for the department clerks, and that is that I lost very little money by them. I used to have to wait a good while sometimes, but they generally paid me in full.

"Finally, I worked up such a good line of custom that I rented a suite of parlors and used to keep quite a number of suits as samples. I had several dress suits, with different styles of trimming, so that I could satisfy different tastes. The average man, however, has no taste in dress—I mean no individual taste. He comes into a tailor's establishment and looks over a whole lot of samples, or examines many pieces of goods, and he don't really know what he wants. I can talk nine men out of ten into getting just the goods that I want to dispose of. The tenth man will have an opinion of his own. He will know what kind of goods will suit his figure and complexion, and he will know just how he wants them made. I can size up a man of this kind very quickly, and I always let him have his own way. If I didn't he would go somewhere else. But, as I said, the other nine men will take just I choose they shall wear and will accept my dictation as to style of cut and trimming. They don't know that they are yielding to my judgment. Bless you, no. They think they are deciding for themselves, but they are not.

"But you want to know about the 'beats.' Well, one of the worst I ever knew was a fellow who was here for some time as a newspaper man. He was on a local paper, and it was after I had gone into business for myself that I met him. He came into my store one day with two or three well-known business young men whose trade I had possessed for a long time. One of the party, a banker, ordered a $60 suit, and I measured him while the others chaffed him and examined my stock. About an hour afterward this newspaper man returned and said that he would like me to make a suit for him of the same goods selected by his friend. I presumed he was all right, took his measure, made the suit, sent it to his address and waited for him to come and settle. But he never did, and in a short time he skipped out of town. That was a dead loss to me.

"That wasn't as bad, however, as a trick that was subsequently played on me. A tall, fine-looking gentleman came in one day, and after carefully looking over my stock selected a piece of the most expensive goods and ordered a suit to be made from it. He wanted the suit finished in three days, as he was going to leave the city. He was on his way South, he said, and had already spent more time in Washington than he had intended. He was very polite and appeared to be a man of means. He was also particular as to the cut and style of the coat and vest, insisting upon a collar to the latter, although the style then was without one. Well, I put off some other work and completed his suit within the time agreed upon, and sent it to his room about dusk with the bill—$80. The man brought back the money, four $20 bills, and I put this in the safe and went home. The next day, when I sent my deposit to the bank, those four $20 bills were returned market 'counterfeit.' Well, perhaps I wasn't mad. I sent down to the hotel, but of course the man had gone. I placed the matter in the detectives' hands, but they failed to find the swindler. Many years afterward I saw his picture in a rogues' gallery, and learned that he was one of the most expert counterfeiters in the country. I think he is now in a Western penitentiary, but it was a long time before the Government officers captured and convicted him.

"One of the funniest swindles ever played upon me was by a Government clerk, who was brought to me by the chief of his division, for whom I had made clothes for years. I measured the man myself, and was particularly careful about the shoulders and chest, as I pride myself upon the fit of my coats. I sent the suit to his boarding-house on Saturday night, and the next Monday morning, bright and early, he was down to the store, very much enraged because the coat and vest didn't fit him. He said the trousers were all right, but the coat and vest were altogether too small. I sent up for the garments and compared their measurements with those I had marked on the books, and found that they corresponded exactly; so I wrote a note, asking him to call in after his office was out in the evening. He did so, and I asked him to try on the coat and vest. He went into the back part of the store, and when he came forward with the garments on they would not meet by at least three inches. I was nonplussed. I was certain that I had made correct measurements, but there was the man, and the coat and vest evidently didn't fit him. I offered to make him others, but he was mad and wouldn't have it. He paid me for the trousers and was going to leave the coat and vest on my hands. Just as he was going out the door he turned and said he was sorry that I'd made such a blunder, for he liked the goods. He added in a reflective sort of a way that he might split up the back of the vest and set a piece in so that he could button that, but that the coat would always have to stay open. Finally he said he'd give me $20 for the garments, the price for which was $35. I told him I would prefer to make him a new coat and vest, but he wouldn't have it, and finally, rather than to run risk of not getting rid of the garments at all. I let him have them for $20. About a week afterward I saw him at the theater with the coat buttoned over his chest—it was a Prince Albert, and fitted him beautifully. I couldn't understand it until I was told that he had formerly been a contortionist and had power to throw out his chest far beyond its normal size. He had just beaten me out of $15. I didn't make any more clothes for him, but I heard that he beat another tailor in the same way."

SELF-DESTRUCTION.

MYSTERY SURROUNDING A SUICIDE IN TOLEDO, OHIO.

The Son of a Swedish Nobleman Terminates His Existence in Chicago.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

TOLEDO (Ohio), March 8.—There is considerable excitement in Toledo to-night over the mysterious suicide of a well-dressed stranger, in the best hotel in the town.

Friday night a young man registered at the Boody House as Charles J. Edwards, but gave no place of residence. Saturday afternoon Rev. Father Quigley, a prominent Catholic priest, called up the Boody House and asked if Edwards was there. Receiving an affirmative reply, he notified the Chief of Police that he feared Edwards would commit suicide.

The Chief promptly investigated the matter. The door being opened, he found the man dead. On a stand near by was a vial of laudanum, a vial of aconite and one of prussic acid. The examination revealed the fact that everything which might reveal the suicide's identity had been destroyed except a much-worn gold ring with the initials, "M. N. C."

Father Quigley says the man came to his parsonage Friday evening and told him that he was going to suicide. Quigley finally obtained a promise from Edwards that he would not commit suicide for twenty-four hours. Quigley says he believes the man came to murder him, and when asked why Edwards should want to kill him, replied significantly: "You notice that the *Commercial* this morning said the suicide wore a Masonic emblem."

This recalls a highly sensational sermon preached by Quigley about a year ago, when he claimed that the Free Masons had sent a man to kill him.

The suicide has not yet been identified. On the lapel of his vest was pinned a small Masonic badge—the square and compass of the Master Masons. His laundry mark is "C C 4."

A SWEDISH NOBLEMAN'S SON SUICIDE.

CHICAGO, March 8.—Arwid Erickson, aged 21, and the son of a Swedish nobleman, committed suicide this afternoon by shooting himself through the heart. Erickson came to Chicago last August and obtained employment from a jewelry firm in Kensington.

The only correspondence carried on by Erickson was with some unknown person in Sweden, from whom he received letters every week. His coming to America was owing to an affair between a woman he loved and himself. Saturday he received the usual letter, and was out of sorts all day. To-day when the family with whom he lived returned from church they found the suicide in his room.

A JEALOUS HUSBAND'S DEED.

BATESVILLE (Ind.), March 8.—To-day John Dirschere, a prominent hotel-keeper of this place, who was drunk and mad with jealousy, attacked his wife with a revolver, shot her in the head and seriously wounded her. Another ball struck a corset stay just over the heart. Dirschere then placed the weapon at the back of his three-year-old daughter, Myrtle, and shot her through the heart, and then shot his cook, Mary Jones, in the back, making a flesh wound.

A crowd gathered quickly in the parlor attending to the wounded. Dirschere entered and fell dead on the floor, having cut his throat with a case knife.

A Boston wigmaker says that the bulk of the hair used in this country for wigs and switches is imported from France and Germany. This hair is less brittle and lasts longer than the hair of New England women.

An old colonial statute was recently unearthed at Atlanta, Georgia, which requires every minister to "read from his pulpit, at least four times a year, the public laws, so that the public may understand them."

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

The Panic in Buenos Ayres' Financial Circles Ended.

AN AGED COUPLE BRUTALLY MURDERED IN FRANCE.

A Leading Journal of Madrid Says the Spanish Government Will Shed Her Last Drop of Blood in Resisting Any Attempt to Interfere With Her Rights in the Island of Cuba.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

BUENOS AYRES, March 8.—The panic in financial circles is over, and business will be resumed to-morrow. The feeling in the gold market is more quiet, and confidence is restored.

A number of prominent merchants and bankers met at the Government House and appointed a committee to decide upon the question whether it would be more advisable for the Government to issue gold notes or a loan. The committee decided in favor of the loan, to which the banks offer to subscribe $9,000,000.

The Government has decided to issue a loan of 100,000,000 piasters at 6 per cent. interest. Subscriptions will be opened to-morrow.

THE IRISH TROUBLES.

Anti-Parnellite Speakers Get a Cold Reception at Middleton.

DUBLIN, March 8.—In replying, to-day, to addresses from fifteen branches of the National League councils and other organizations, Parnell dwelt on the significance of the presence of deputations "from districts where every possible means had been employed to stifle public opinion." Parnell said that, owing to a comparative absence of industries in Ireland, Irishmen were precluded from a leading part in the great labor movement, but could join hands with the British workmen to secure needed legislation, and thus show that the "brotherhood of nations," as regarded the working classes, was solid between England and Ireland.

ANTI-PARNELLITES HOOTED.

DUBLIN, March 8.—Lane and Maurice Healy, members of Parliament, went to Middleton to-day to address an anti-Parnellite meeting. On arriving they were received by the Town Commissioners. Outside of the station a large crowd hooted at the visitors, and the band, which had been engaged to escort them to town, refused to play, but followed mute. A subsequent meeting, however, was a success, being attended by a contingent from every parish in Cork, headed by priests. Canon Kelly supported the meeting, and Lane and Healy secured a hearty reception. It was announced that Canon Kelly would soon start for America on behalf of the evicted tenants.

The feeling in Middleton is shown by the fact that the material required for the construction of the platform for to-day's anti-Parnellite meeting had to be brought from a place six miles outside of town, the local builders refusing to work.

AN IRISH FEDERATION.

NEW YORK, March 8.—Dr. Joseph F. Fox, an anti-Parnell member of Parliament, says that a convention will be held on Tuesday to organize an Irish Federation, which is to be set on foot in place of the Irish National League, which is largely controlled by the Parnellites.

ISLAND OF CUBA.

A Spanish Journal Objects to Its Annexation With the United States.

MADRID, March 8.—The *Heraldo* in an article protesting against the supposed scheme of the United States Government to annex the island of Cuba, says that Blaine ought to recollect that the Congress of American Nations plainly proved that the Spanish-Americans are not disposed to allow themselves to be absorbed by the great northern Republic. The people of Cuba, it says, are strongly Spanish and equally opposed to becoming part of the United States. Probably, with the exception of the tradesmen, there is no one in the islands who is at all desirous of annexation.

Spain, the *Heraldo* continues, would shed her last drop of blood in resisting any attempt to deprive her of her colony, fearing neither a Cuban revolution nor a war with the United States.

BRUTAL MURDER.

An Aged Couple Killed and Their House Plundered.

PARIS, March 8.—About a week ago an aged couple named Dellomais, residing in Tours, mysteriously disappeared. The neighbors, thinking something was wrong, notified the police, who forced open the doors of the old couple's house, when they discovered a horrible crime had been committed. The man and wife had been brutally murdered and the house stripped of everything of value that could be conveniently carried away.

The bodies of the aged victims presented a ghastly appearance. The household dogs had been driven by hunger to feed upon the bodies, large pieces of which were devoured by the animals.

HORSE-RACING IN FRANCE.

Belief That the Government Will Rescind the Law Against Betting.

PARIS, March 8.—Owing to the heavy rains the race-course at Auteuile early in the day was almost deserted. In the afternoon a few hundred onlookers were present, chiefly engaged in watching the movements of the large force of police on the ground. Only a few racing men were present at the weighing-in. A number of bookmakers entered bets without being interfered with by the police.

While the races proceeded there were isolated cries of "Down with Constans," but otherwise there was no disorder. Two persons who were made more especially prominent by their denunciations of the Minister of the Interior, were placed under arrest. The police appeared to be acting under orders to enforce the new anti-gambling regulations in a mild manner, and the report is that current betting in various forms will again be allowed by the authorities. At the track to-day there were no Paris mutual operations.

Le Temps learns that the Government will reconsider the whole question of betting on horse races.

LEIDERMANN'S DEATH.

Further Light Thrown Upon His Mysterious Disappearance.

LONDON, March 8.—Further facts come to light regarding the murder of Dr. Leidermann, whose body was found in a ravine near San Remo. Leidermann paid frequent visits to Monte Carlo. Subsequently two Germans joined the doctor at the hotel, and all three departed together on December 29th. On the evening of the same day the two Germans returned to the hotel without Leidermann.

In response to inquiries, they explained that Leidermann suddenly became insane and was placed in an asylum at Nice. That night the two Germans left.

The body of Dr. Leidermann was afterwards found as described. The spine of the murdered man was punctured by a pin similar to those used in pricking cards at the gambling tables at Monte Carlo. The pockets of the dead man had been rifled.

It was evidently the intention of the murderers to give an idea that the deceased had been ruined by gambling at Monte Carlo and in desperation had committed suicide.

The police sent a photograph of the deceased to Monte Carlo. There it was remembered that a man of that description had gambled there in company with a reputed Polish Countess and her German paramour. These two have been arrested and sent as prisoners to San Remo. It is supposed that the Countess decoyed Liedmann, but it is uncertain as to whether the man, her paramour, was aided in the killing. The police are inclined to the belief that a large gang are implicated in the crime.

Heavy Storms in Germany.

BERLIN, March 8.—A snow-storm almost unprecedented in violence, accompanied by heavy gales, has prevailed along the upper coast of the Gulf of Frischehar, and has done an immense amount of damage between Pillau and Kœnigsburg. Several ships have been wrecked, and in two or three instances all hands on board were drowned.

Heavy rains have occurred in Bohemia. The Elbe has overflowed its banks, and the Tretschen Railway is submerged.

Prince Napoleon.

ROME, March 8.—The condition of Prince Napoleon is unchanged. All the members of his family, with the exception of Prince Victor, are hurrying to Rome. Prince Victor declines to make submission, which is the only condition on which his father consents to receive him. Cardinals Bonaparte and Mermillod are in attendance upon the Prince, but they refrain from asking him to become reconciled with the churches.

Germany and the World's Fair.

BERLIN, March 8.—Phelps said this week that he had heard of no hostility by the German merchants toward the Chicago exhibition. On the contrary, he finds that the McKinley scare is gradually vanishing. The Berlin Chamber of Commerce has petitioned the Government to appoint an Imperial Commission to deal directly with the Chicago committee.

Ex-Empress Eugenie.

LONDON, March 8.—Ex-Empress Eugenie is reported to be in a very bad condition physically and little more than a wreck mentally. There is no allegation of insanity, but her unfriendly reception in Paris, where she was at first mistaken for the Empress Frederick, and afterward insulted as soon as her identity being known, was a great shock to her.

A Lion Tamer Killed.

BERLIN, March 8.—Ellen Mery, described as an American lion tamer, was torn to pieces on Friday while going through her performance in the lion's den at Ahlbeck's Menagerie in Chemnitz. Her mangled body was got out of the cage after a desperate fight with three lions, but the unfortunate girl died shortly after her rescue.

Work of Incendiaries.

LISTOWEL (Ont.), March 8.—Last evening incendiaries bound and gagged the night watchman at Hess Brothers' furniture factory and then fired the premises, which were totally destroyed. The water works, pumps and fire alarm had been tampered with to insure the destruction of the factory. The loss has not yet been estimated.

General Amnesty Declared.

SUAKIM, March 8.—General Grenfell, Commander of the Egyptian Army, read to an assembly of Sheiks from all parts of the Soudan, yesterday, the Khedive's proclamation of a general amnesty. The proclamation was received with fervent cries of loyalty. General rejoicing followed, and in the evening the town was illuminated.

Perished From Exposure.

REGINA (N. W. T.), March 8.—Rev. Father Graton, a Catholic priest of Regina, was found dead this morning five miles outside of the city, having perished from exposure. He left on Thursday to assist in the elections. On his return the team gave out, and Father Graton walked on, being anxious to reach Regina for the Sunday service.

Two Persons Seriously Wounded.

BELFAST, March 8.—While the Belfast contingent returning from the Newry meeting was passing Tandragee Station, two shots were fired from a carriage, wounding two persons seriously. The occupants of the carriage were detained, but no weapon was found upon any of them.

THE SCOTTISH FISHERIES

Are Seen in Their Most Picturesque Character at Newhaven.

Newhaven, of Scotland, is an unpretentious port, lying almost under the shadow of Arthur's Seat and Edinburgh Town, on the Firth of Forth. It has a sleepy, old-world flavor that contrasts markedly with Granton and Trinity on one side and Leith on the other. Famous for its fishermen, and still more for its fishwives, readers of Charles Reade's "Christie" (it should have been "Kirsty") "Johnstone" will remember the spot. A corner off the main street of Newhaven is reproduced. The corner is a court, which serves as the entrance hall to the houses of the fisher-folk. Down-stairs a fisher lad mends the crab nets, which the jaws and claws of these wiry crustaceans have torn. Close by a fisher lassie is baiting the haddock lines with mussels, which last form a valuable commodity in the Firth. In the foreground a fishwife, young and comely, as many of them are, is exchanging words with the lad who carried away the supply of baited lines in a basket; and on the stairs leading to the upper house stands a neighbor fishwife, who has returned from "Edinburgh toun," and who, like her friend in the foreground, carries creel and basket slung from the shoulders as becomes her vocation. There is a picturesque character about these Newhaven lassies and wives which fairly rivals anything at Boulogne, Dieppe, Scheveningen, or elsewhere among fishing towns. The elderly ladies of the fishing persuasion are notable for the number of petticoats they wear, the agglomeration of garments imparting a rotundity to the mature figure that is appalling to witness. The younger lassies wear the kilted skirt, the stripes contrasting with the dark blue of the cape or cloak. The head-gear is a plain white cap destitute of the golden ornamentations and wondrous brooches which the Dutch fishwives affect. It is the simplicity of the dress which is the charm of the Newhaven lassies; and visitors to the North, one finds, always retain a lively recollection of the characteristic garb, and note with wonderment the spectacle of even aged wives toiling up the steep streets of Edinburgh, creel on back, laden with the harvest of the sea—haddocks and codfish, skate and turbot, whiting and flounders, and in due season the "caller herring," which emphatically represent "lives o' men."

An Indianapolis church member who subscribed to a church building fund, attempted to wriggle out of it by claiming that the contract was illegal, as it was made on Sunday, but the court has decided that he must pay up.

COAST CHRONICLES.

An Italian Fisherman Murdered by a Fellow-Countryman.

NINETEEN-ROUND BARE-KNUCKLE FIGHT IN WASHINGTON.

Five Yuma Indians Arrested, Charged With the Murder of a Medicine Man—A Family Feud at El Cajon Results in the Fatal Shooting of One of the Participants.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 8.—Grobatti Zabezzi and Giovani Sabella, Italian fishermen, started for Petaluma Creek last Thursday to fish. Saturday evening Zabezzi returned alone. After he left the fishing grounds two other fishermen, in pulling up a net, found entangled in the meshes the body of Sabella. A deep gash in the back of the head showed that he had been murdered. The body was brought here to-day and Zabezzi was arrested. A crowd of Italians attempted to lynch him, but were prevented by the police. Zabezzi says Sabella was knocked overboard by the boom and drowned.

MEDICINE MAN MURDERED.

Five Yuma Indians Arrested, Charged With the Crime.

YUMA (A. T.), March 8.—Miguel, chief, and Pedro, sub-chief, of the Yuma tribe, with three other Indians, were arrested, here to-day by United States Marshal Gard. The prisoners were taken to Los Angeles this evening.

The Indians are charged with murdering Hekow, a medicine man of the tribe, in October last. Hekow disappeared very mysteriously some four months ago, immediately after the death of a prominent Captain of the tribe. According to the custom of the Yumas, the medicine man who is unfortunate enough to have three of his patients die is sure to be killed by the relatives of the deceased.

Efforts have frequently been made to discover the murderers of the medicine man, but without success, as no witness to any such killing can ever be found. The arrest of Miguel and Pedro was unexpected, but it is thought to be for the purpose of forcing them to disclose the names of the real murderers, who are on the reservation in California.

Their Second Defeat.

FRESNO, March 8.—The San Francisco team was again defeated by Fresno by a score of 7 to 5. Lyons, San Francisco's new pitcher, was in the box for the visitors, and was batted freely, the home team making ten hits, while the San Franciscos made three off Darby. Following is the summary:

Earned runs—Fresno, 3; San Francisco, 3. Three-base hit—Darby. Struck out—by Lyons, 7; by Darby, 5. Base on balls—Off Lyons, 5; off Darby, 6. Left on bases—Fresno, 9; San Francisco, 3.

A Tramp Steamer.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 8.—The English tramp steamer Scandinavia steamed into port to-day. This is the steamer that ran away from Santa Rosalia on February 21st, with half her cargo of coal and coke on board, without going through the formality of getting her clearance papers from the Mexican authorities. The runaway was next heard of at San Diego, where she called to replenish her supply of coal, and was promptly seized by the authorities at that port pending an investigation.

Fatal Family Feud.

SAN DIEGO, March 8.—William Trimmer, a rancher near El Cajon, was shot and killed at that place at an early hour this morning by a Mexican named Frank Cota, the latter receiving a severe wound in the back and arm. The trouble was the outgrowth of a feud between the two families, which resulted in Trimmer's death. Cota was placed under arrest, and his wounds dressed.

Not the Right Men.

SANTA CRUZ, March 8.—To-day ex-Chief Brown and Constable Reynolds, of San Jose, arrested two men here who tallied with the description of the Napa murderers. Sheriff MacDongai, of Santa Clara County, was promptly notified and a description given him, but he telephoned that they were not the right men, so they were released.

Timely Rescue.

TUCSON (Ariz.), March 8.—The body of James Murphy, who was drowned in the flood at Riverside last week, was found a mile below the accident in a sand-bank. The man Rogers, who was with him when the boat capsized, was found in a willow tree in the center of the Gila River in an exhausted state. He had been there fifty-four hours.

Bare-Knuckle Fight.

PORTLAND, March. 8.—George Brown, of San Francisco, knocked out Richard Murray in nineteen rounds early this morning, in a bare-knuckle fight for a purse of $1,000. The fight took place in the State of Washington, about twenty miles from this city.

Death of an Ex-County Treasurer.

SAN DIEGO, March 8.—S. Statler, ex-Treasurer of San Diego County, died this evening.

FOLSOM ITEMS.

Prison Convicts Kept Busy—Effects of the Late Storm.

[From the Telegraph, March 7th.]

The heavy rain-storms filled up a great many mining shafts with water, and some bad caves have occurred. This will cause a great loss of time to miners, many of whom can ill afford it.

The bondsmen of T. L. Joy, who is charged with having robbed John Kelly, of this place, of eighty dollars, have surrendered him to the custody of the Sheriff, and he now languishes in the bastile at the county seat.

Every nook and corner of the various ravines in the vicinity have been thoroughly searched during the week by men who hoped to find gold nuggets. Several small pieces of gold were picked up, but none of them of more than two or three dollars in value.

Last year the high water in the river made work at the prison scarce. Now that the dam is finished the prisoners have plenty to keep them going, and only on very stormy days are they compelled to lay off. The greater majority of them would much sooner be outside at work than compelled to stay inside the prison walls, and those whose duties call them outside on such days are considered lucky.

The prevailing epidemic of influenza has been the cause of using up and incapacitating a number of the prison guards from performing their duties. The result has been that those who have escaped being attacked by the affection have had to put in extra time, and as no extra pay is given for the longer hours of labor, there are mutterings of decided discontent on the part of the healthy guards.