THE RECORD-UNION.

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ANOTHER WAR CLOUD.

Feelings of Apprehension Prevailing in European Circles.

SOMETHING OCCURRING BEHIND THE SCENES.

Lord Salisbury Holds a Conference With Lord Knutsford and Mr. Currie of the Foreign Office Relating to the Protection of Belgium—France and Russia Prepared for Simultaneously Mobilizing Their Troops.

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LONDON, March 27.—Lord Salisbury, just before starting for San Remo, held a long conference with Lord Knutsford and Mr. Currie, of the Foreign Office. The work of supreme difficulty, requiring the most delicate handling, was confided to Currie, relating to the engagements of England to protect Belgium.

King Leopold, during his recent visit, pressed for an answer as to what practical co-operation England would give under the existing treaty for the defense of Belgian neutrality in the event of war. Lord Salisbury, according to report, promised English aid by fleet and contingent troops, if needed to defend Antwerp, leaving the Belgium army free for defensive operations in the forts of Meuse.

Something is occurring behind the scenes in European diplomacy which sharpens the apprehension that a final move in the game preluding war will not be long delayed. It is reported that an agreement has been reached between the French and Russian Governments in regard to a simultaneous mobilization of troops in the event of war. The heads of the European Powers seem to be informed of the Russian scheme of attack, which is likely to declare itself in the autumn.

The question of Belgian neutrality is ultimately associated with England's attitude in such a conflict, and it will be Salisbury's justification if an agreement with King Leopold comes up in Parliament.

Lord Knutsford damaged his reputation among the Conservatives through his tactless treatment of the Newfoundland matter. He required coaching by Salisbury, who is blamed within his own circle for allowing the Colonial Minister too free a hand.

Sir Charles Dilke, in a newspaper article, discloses the source of uneasiness prevailing among the Ministerialists. "If," he says, "strange foreign arbitrators, picked up in the Russian Foreign Office and elsewhere, should for political reasons declare against us, then the *modus vivendi* under the Knutsford bill, becoming an Act, will have to be forced on the colonies by deeds of civil war. If Newfoundland was an American State France would sell her right in five minutes to the United States. She only refuses to sell them to England because she is irritated about Egypt."

The Irish campaign grows hotter. Healy having accused Parnell and Valentine Dillon of inciting the assault on him, will be used by Dillon when the contest is over.

The language used on both sides is becoming utterly unrestrained. The Parnellites, in a Dublin evening organ, calls the McCarthyites "Stinking carrion floating on the stream of corruption." It apologizes for Dalton's attack on Healy as provoked by "libellous work conducted under eminent Christian patronage."

The priests' practical reponse to the continued abuse of their order has been to suppress the circulation of the Parnellite press.

Over 2,000 dissenting ministers have signed a protest against Sir Charles Dilke's return to public life. He insists that he will stand as a candidate for Parliament until he receives an official veto of the Liberal chiefs. He has invited the opinion of Morley and Harcourt, without response. Schnadhorst, the Liberal caucus chief, opposes Sir Charles' candidacy on the ground that it would alienate thousands of dissenters.

COUNTY OFFICES BURNED.

Valuable Documents Dating Back for Centuries Destroyed.

CORK, March 27.—While the Judge was summing up to-day in the case of the Government against O'Brien, Dalton and others, the court-house was set on fire, and but for the coolness of the police and the Judge many people would have been injured. As it was, in spite of the panic, all were gotten out safely. The police are investigating the affair.

The flames spread rapidly and the court-house, including the Municipal Council chamber and city and county offices, were totally destroyed. Some of the archives were saved, but many documents, some of them dating back for centuries, were destroyed. When the flagstaff which surmounted the building burned away and the Union Jack fell into the flames the onlookers set up a great cheer. The fire is attributed to a defective flue.

ASSASSINATED.

Bulgaria's Minister of Finance Shot Dead in the Street.

SOFIA, March 27.—This evening while Premier Stambuloff and Minister of Finance Baltchieff were out walking, a man suddenly confronted them and fired three shots from a revolver, killing Baltchieff instantly. A crowd immediately collected, but the assassin succeeded in escaping in the darkness. Some people who witnessed the shooting declare that the assassin was accompanied by three other men. The greatest excitement prevails. The police surmise that it was intended to assassinate Premier Stambuloff, and that Baltchieff was mistaken for him in the darkness.

O'Shea's Libel Suits.

DUBLIN, March 27.—It is announced that Captain O'Shea has brought suit against the Catholic Bishop of the united dioceses of Galway and Kilmacduach, the Most Rev. Francis J. McCormick, and against Canon John O'Mahoney of the Catholic diocese of Cork. Captain O'Shea sues the reverend gentlemen mentioned for alleged libelous utterances in regard to his relations with Parnell, which have been attributed to the Bishop of Galway and Canon O'Mahoney in the public press.

Mafia at Work in Austria.

VIENNA, March 27.—A dispatch from Kuferstein, a town of the Tyrol, near the Bavarian frontier, says that a prominent merchant was assaulted in broad daylight by an Italian, who, when arrested, proved to be a member of the Mafia. He killed the merchant in mistake for a compatriot, whom he had been detailed by the Mafia to put out of the way. The murder has created great excitement, and a feeling of dangerous indignation is growing against the Italian society.

Act of a Madman.

BELFAST, March 27.—At a charity ball at Stragaddy, County Donegal, last night, an insane man suddenly appeared, armed with a double-barrelled shotgun, and before he could be disarmed the madman fired both barrels of the gun among the dancers. One young girl was shot in the back, and was removed from the ballroom in a dying condition. The madman was arrested.

Financial Embarrassment.

LEGHORN, March 27.—The National Bank of Italy and the Bank of Tuscany are intervening to save the creditors of embarrassed houses in this city. The crisis is due to the suspension of a large sugar refinery in Annona. It is believed that the present troubles are exaggerated, and the houses involved will be able to tide over the difficulties.

A Woman of Many Husbands.

PARIS, March 27.—A handsome English woman named Emeline Neal was arrested in this city for marriage frauds. She inveigled forty-three men to marry her by advertising herself as a wealthy widow. The last victim was a Viscount who almost ruined himself by gambling

Good Prospects of Success.

MADRID, March 27.—The Hispano-American treaty negotiations show good prospects of success. The only trouble is the Americans insisting upon the maintenance of the McKinley tariff in the matter of superior Havana tobacco.

Failure of a Banking Firm.

LONDON, March 26.—Corradini & Co., bankers and merchants, of Leghorn, have failed. Liabilities, 20,000,000 francs. Other firms are implicated in the failure.

Poor Crops in Russia.

ODESSA, March 27.—The winter wheat crop in the south of Russia is very unpromising. Small farmers are in a hopeless condition in consequence.

Count and Countess Drowned.

VIENNA, March 27.—Count Arthur Kesselstadt and Countess Anne Freis were drowned to-day by a yacht capsizing in a squall.

AMONG THE FIGHTERS.

Kilrain Says He is Willing to Meet Slavin in the Ring.

BALTIMORE, March 27.—William Muldoon received a telegram from Joseph Harris, Jim Haltz' financial backer, dated at Port Townsend, instructing Muldoon to make a match with Fitzsimmons. Fitzsimmons' challenge money on deposit in Chicago was not covered, Muldoon says, because Harris understood it to be a challenge to Pritchard. Harris has $1,500 deposited in San Francisco to bind a match for Hall with Fitzsimmons, and Muldoon says he is ready to put up $500 here as a preliminary bond to secure the fight.

Kilrain, who was with Muldoon, said of the Slavin match: "I hardly understand why Slavin should offer $5,000 to Sullivan in case he failed to whip him in six rounds, and only offer to venture $3,000 in the same number of rounds with myself. He also makes an offer of presents to lesser lights in the fistic arena. If none of the others accept, I am ready to meet Slavin or any other man looking for a fight."

Muldoon said Slavin's challenge was meant for an advertising boom.

WEATHER REPORT.

The Late Rain of Much Benefit to Fruits and Cereals.

GILROY, March 27.—About a quarter of an inch of rain fell last night, which will be beneficial, providing no frost comes, the only thing now feared by fruit-raisers. Crop prospects never were better. The total rainfall for the season is 14.5 inches. For the same date last year 37.89 inches.

MARYSVILLE, March 27.—Rain fell this afternoon amounting to .12 of an inch, making 13.54 inches for the season, against 34.13 inches last year. The farmers, and particularly fruit-growers, are delighted with the crop prospects, and say that the indications were never more favorable. Fruit is backward, but most of the trees have blossomed. Much thinning will have to be done.

CARSON (Nev.), March 27.—There was a drizzling rain throughout the day yesterday, with a heavy storm in the mountains. The Signal Service reports a storm approaching from the northeast.

Wreck of the Strathairly.

ELIZABETH CITY (N. C.), March 27.—The four survivors of the British ship Strathairly say they think the weather and the inability to take observations was the cause of the wreck. The men are thoroughly exhausted from exposure, and in a bad condition. The vessel struck at 4:40 Tuesday morning, and before daylight had gone to pieces. The Captain and navigator had been on the bridge for three days and nights, and being unable to get an observation recorded himself at Bobie's Island. The life-saving crew succeeded in getting a line to the vessel, but the men on board were so benumbed by exposure that they were unable to haul it in.

A Bank Reported in Trouble.

NEW YORK, March 27.—There were reports about Wall street this afternoon that the Mechanics' and Traders' Bank of Broom street and Broadway was hard pressed for money and the Directors were having difficulty in getting assistance.

Meyer Thalmessenger, who was President up to January 13th last, said to-night that he considered the bank in a sound condition. In the November troubles they had to borrow one million dollars of clearing-house certificates, but these were repaid.

President Boskowitz could not be seen to-night.

Fatal Shooting and Suicide.

TACOMA (Wash.), March 27.—John Fornens, a gambler and bartender, was shot and fatally wounded this evening by his mistress, Mollie Adams, Jealousy was the cause.

E. E. Sloan, aged 27, committed suicide to-day by taking ten grains of carbolic acid. Despondency and inability to obtain employment were the causes. The deceased is the son of Rev. Mr. Sloan, a minister who established the first Presbyterian church in this State.

Purse for Fitzsimmons and Hall.

PORTLAND, March 27.—A dispatch from Astoria says that the Astoria Athletic Club has has raised a $17,000 purse for a fight between Bob Fitzsimmons and Jim Hall. Fitzsimmons' backer, who is in Chicago, wired his acceptance of the offer. Hall, who is now in Portland, accepted the terms to-day. The date of the fight has not been decided, but it is to take place before August 15th.

Eight Years at San Quentin.

REDWOOD CITY, March 27.—Gregoor Silva was to-day sentenced to eight years' imprisonment at San Quentin for assault to commit murder on Salvator Garcia, a saloon-keeper at Halfmoon Bay. The trouble occurred last winter, when Garcia refused to give Silva, who is an ex-convict and was drunk, more liquor. Silva was tried this week and found guilty by the jury.

The Feat Accomplished.

NEW YORK, March 27.—Zoe Gayton, the actress, who started from San Francisco several months ago to walk to New York on a wager, arrived at 6:25 o'clock to-night, thirteen days ahead of time. She is said to have walked 3,395 miles in six months and twenty-six days, and will receive for her trouble about $1,300.

MARINE DISASTER.

A Norwegian Bark Wrecked Off the Coast of Florida.

THE CAPTAIN'S WIFE AND CHILD AND EIGHT SAILORS LOST.

Steps Taken by the Temperance Alliance in Iowa to Reopen the Question of the Prohibitory Amendment to the Constitution, Which Was Annulled by the Supreme Court.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

NORFOLK (Va.), March 27.—The Norwegian bark Dictator, from Pensacola, Fla., for England, with lumber, and carrying a crew of fifteen and the Captain's young wife and 3-year-old boy, came ashore in a strong easterly gale this morning two miles north of the Virginia Beach Hotel. The weather was so thick that the vessel could not be seen until 9 o'clock, and then she was in the breakers, broadside on, a quarter of a mile from shore.

The crews from two life-saving stations were promptly on hand, but could not use the boats, because of the tremendous surf. They tried repeatedly to fire a lifeline over the ship, but the guns could not deliver the lines so far.

The ship finally succeeded in getting a line ashore tied to a barrel, which the surf carried in. A breeches buoy was quickly rigged and sent out, but unfortunately the sailors seemed ignorant of its use, and work was delayed until the life-savers wrote instructions and sent them to the ship in a bottle over the lifeline. The crew then proceeded to carry out the directions.

The first man was delivered ashore in eight minutes, and seven others were rescued before sunset, four coming in a lifeboat, which was capsized in the surf. They were rescued with great difficulty, half dead.

The beach was lined with people from the country houses and hotels, and to a spectator the anxiety and suspense was awful.

At nightfall there were still nine persons on board, including the captain, his wife and their little child. The captain urged his wife to take the buoy and come ashore, but she steadfastly refused to leave her husband and child, as only one could be brought at a time. Soon after dark the bark went to pieces in a tremendous sea, and the captain's wife and three sailors were lost.

Just before the ship broke up the captain jumped into the sea with his son strapped to his back, and reached shore alive, but the boy was lost, making a total of eight lives. The list of saved is Captain J. H. Jorgensen, Second Mate Anderson and seven sailors.

The captain reports that he was trying to make Hampton Roads, having been disabled by a hurricane. Since the 12th instant, for four days, the sun had not shone, and the weather was so thick last night that they struck the breakers before they could see the coast.

PROHIBITION IN IOWA.

Another Test Case to be Brought Before the Courts.

DES MOINES, March 27.—President Harvey of the State Temperance Alliance took steps to-day to reopen the question of the prohibitory constitutional amendment. This amendment was passed by the Legislature and voted on by the people in 1882 and carried by 30,000 majority. Owing to a clerical error, the same was annulled by the Supreme Court and the present prohibitory law then passed the General Assembly.

The Temperance Alliance, through its President, still insists that the amendment is a part of the Constitution of the State, notwithstanding the decision of the Supreme Court, the people having passed the same in their sovereign capacity and removed it from the jurisdiction of the courts.

President Harvey to-day demanded of Secretary of State McFarland a certified copy of the Constitution of the State, including this amendment. McFarland refused, and said the amendment was not a part of the Constitution, and, therefore, not a matter to be certified from his office. Harvey then had served upon Secretary McFarland the original notice, setting out that a petition would be on file immediately in the District Court, asking a writ of mandamus against the Secretary, compelling him to certify as demanded.

Secretary McFarland will take steps to make a defense in the case.

The steps taken by the alliance caused much surprise, and it is the general topic of comment. It means the opening up before the Supreme Court the whole constitutional prohibitory question, and interesting developments are anticipated.

LA GRIPPE MICROBES.

A Chicago Doctor Thinks He Has Made an Important Discovery.

CHICAGO, March 27.—Dr. W. G. Gentry of this city has secured in a novel way what he thinks is undoubtedly a microbe of la grippe. The doctor has been studying the peculiar influenza since its appearance over a year ago. He found that thirty-four years ago, and again sixteen years ago, la grippe was epidemic among human beings, and that seventeen years ago it attacked horses, causing the well-remembered "epizootic" epidemic.

Dr. Gentry was inclined to believe that the earth at intervals passed through a stretch of space impregnated with what astronomers call "star dust."

Several days ago it occurred to him that he might trap some of the dust, or microbes. Carefully polishing a blank microscope slide, he took it out of doors and passed it through the air. Placing the slide under his microscope, he counted seven heretofore unidentified microbes. He had the slide mounted, and then, obtaining some mucous from a patient afflicted with la grippe, found in it microbes identical in every respect with those caught in the air.

The microbes, as described by Dr. Gentry, are generally of a round form, varying occasionally in outline, but always distinctly marked by a series of lines surrounding them. Radiating from these lines are others, which resemble fine, irregular hairs.

Western Traffic Association.

CHICAGO, March 27.—Six commissioners of the Western Traffic Association, it is reported, to-day considered the matter of the sugar rate cut from the seaboard to Kansas City by the Kanawha Dispatch of the Missouri-Pacific. As a result of their deliberations it is reported that Chairman Midgley has telegraphed Jay Gould demanding the discharge of the Missouri-Pacific official who authorized the cut rate. A reply to this demand will be awaited with much interest, as it will be a severe test of the stability of the Western traffic agreement recently formed.

Family Poisoned.

OMAHA, March 27.—What is suspected to be an attempt at poisoning of the family of J. S. Hascall, a prominent politician, was brought to light to-day. Last Tuesday, while Hascall was away from home, five members of his household were taken suddenly sick after dinner, and the next morning Mrs. Anderson, the housekeeper, died. The others are recovering. The family kept the matter quiet until to-day, but the probabilities are that the housekeeper's body, which was buried at St. Edwards, Neb., will be exhumed and an inquest held.

Haskell is divorced from his wife and it is alleged that the Anderson woman was the cause of the separation. It is claimed that threats had been made that she would not die a natural death.

Death of a Pioneer Citizen of Chicago.

CHICAGO, March 27.—John M. Douglas, one of Chicago's pioneer citizens, and for a number of years Vice-President of the Illinois Central Railroad, died last night of pneumonia, following an attack of la grippe. Mr. Douglas was a native of New York. After coming West he practiced law at Galena, Ill., for several years, coming to Chicago in 1870, to accept the position of General Solicitor for the Illinois Central. He served that company in various capacities until 1876, when he retired. In 1881 he was receiver for the Ohio and Mississippi road.

Large Iron Works Purchased.

PHILADELPHIA, March 27.—The shipbuilding firm of David Cramp & Sons has closed negotiations for the purchase of the Port Richmond Iron Works of the I. P. Morris Company. The consideration is said to be a large one. By this purchase the Cramps secure one of the largest iron works in the country and adjacent to their own ship-yard. Among iron men, the Port Richmond Works are famous throughout the United States. They cover about five acres of ground and employ about 500 hands.

The Examiner Reticent.

NEW YORK, March 27.—John Greenough, who with General Thomas examined the accounts of the Louisville, New Albany and Chicago Road to verify the statement made by an official in regard to the floating debt, returned to New York to-day. Greenough refuses to talk on the matter yet. It is said the parties to the syndicate are: The East Tennessee Company, which agrees to furnish $200,000; the Brooklyn Trust Company, $300,000, and Dr. Breyfogle, $500,000.

Texas Fever in Missouri.

JEFFERSON CITY, March 27.—The Texas fever is now raging among the stock in Missouri, and is causing some alarm. The State Board of Agriculture, in session here, this morning adopted a resolution requesting the Governor to issue a proclamation quarantining cattle from the affected sections. The Governor announced that he would issue a proclamation without delay, prohibiting the bringing of cattle into the State from Texas, Arkansas and Indian Territory.

The Galena Wreck.

VINEYARD HAVEN (Mass.). March 27.—Steam pumps have been put aboard the United States steamer Galena, ashore at Gayhead, and an effort will be made to clear her out and save what is in her hold.

Efforts will be made to float the Galena. The coal and light articles have been removed from the tug Nina.

The tug Triana, ashore on Cuttyhunk, is breaking up rapidly. Her boilers and machinery will be removed.

Woman Murdered in New Jersey.

CAMDEN, N. J., March 27.—The dead body of Mrs. Nellie Ryan, a woman about 40 years of age, was discovered early this morning under a clump of trees. It is thought the woman was outraged and killed. The woman was last seen in the company of a negro, but whether he killed her or not is not known.

Connecticut's Governorship Muddle.

PROVIDENCE (R. I.), March 27.—Governor Bulkeley of Connecticut has sent a requisition for Thomas Garnet, who is now in the Penitentiary here. Governor Davis, when asked if he would recognize the requisition, said, notwithstanding he thought Morris the legal Governor, he would, as the document bore the seal of Connecticut.

The Strike in the Coke Region.

PITTSBURG, March 27.—Affairs in the coke region were quiet to-day, though the operators are gaining steadily. In spite of the obstinacy of the men, two new plants of the Fricke Company started to-day. The labor officials assert that the men who have gone to work did so under a false impression.

Eastern Baseball League.

CINCINNATI, March 27.—The National League of baseball clubs held a secret meeting at the Grand Hotel to-day. Nothing definite is known, but it is believed the question discussed, and perhaps decided, will be whether or not to turn the Cincinnati club over to the company organized by John T. Brush of Indianapolis.

Chicken Thief Killed.

KANSAS CITY, March 27.—The farmers in the vicinity of Rosedale have been suffering from the depredations of chicken thieves. A number of them placed spring guns in their chicken-houses and last night an unknown man was killed by one of them. He was probably a professional in the business.

Riotous Demonstration.

TIFFIN (O.), March 27.—There was a riotous demonstration last night at Bloomville in connection with a temperance crusade, a mob of people attacking the saloon of William Miller, and not only completely destroying the stock, but partially demolishing the building.

Bad Place for Tramps.

DOVER (Del.), March 26.—The House has passed the Senate "tramp" bill, providing that all vagrants and vagabonds may be arrested and set to work for sixty days breaking stone for mending the roads.

Secretary Proctor in Texas.

SAN ANTONIO (Tex.), March 27.—Secretary Proctor spent yesterday inspecting Forts Davis, Hancock and Bliss. His reported retirement from the Cabinet, July 1st, he said is pure gossip.

The Challenge Accepted.

CHICAGO, March 27.—To-night Jake Schaeffer accepted Eugene Carter's challenge to a match game of billiards, 800 points, balk-line, to be played in Chicago, for the championship of the world and a purse of $500.

The Bell Telephone.

BOSTON, March 27.—The Government to-day granted an extension of three months in which to introduce evidence before the examiner in the case against the American Bell Telephone Company.

Burned to Death.

BANGOR (Me.), March 27.—The house of Mrs. Caroline Tuck, at Haynesville, was burned this morning. Mrs. Tuck's body was found among the charred remains of her bed.

Cyclone Anniversary.

LOUISVILLE (Ky.), March 27.—To-night is the anniversary of the great cyclone in this city a year ago. Three large meetings were held in commemoration of the event.

Death of a Wealthy Coffee Merchant.

NEW YORK, March 27.—Charles Arbuckle, a millionaire coffee merchant, is dead. His remains will be cremated in Pittsburg.

INDIAN LANDS.

The Round Valley Commission Hands in Two Reports.

WHITE SETTLERS PROTEST AGAINST THE MAJORITY REPORT.

They Claim That One of the Members Was Appointed Contrary to Law, He Being a Member of the Interior Department—The Treasury Department Announces That It Is Prepared to Redeem all Four-and-a-Half Per Cent. Bonds.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—The Commissioners appointed under the Act of Congress to appraise the lands occupied and improved by settlers on the Round Valley Indian Reservation, survey the lands and reduce the reservation by offering the surplus acres for sale to settlers, has submitted its report, which says in substance:

After surveying about 103,000 acres of land in all, among which was about 5,000 acres of fertile valley land, they decided that about 40,000 acres, including the valley land, should be reserved for the use of the Indians and the remainder opened to settlement in quarter sections, instead of in tracts of 640 acres.

They report that they have appraised the settlers' claims and allowed them an average price of about $50 an acre for the best lands which, with the improvements, aggregated about $70,000. Other appraisements to be made will swell this to considerable more.

Twenty-five thousand dollars was appropriated when the Commission was created, and latterly $70,000 more was appropriated, making the total amount available about $100,000. About $5,000 has been spent by the Commission in salaries and expenses, etc.

The Commission represents that certain wealthy settlers in that region of the country are grasping and avaricious, and are greatly angered over being deprived of certain valuable lands as contemplated. They have used these lands in grazing cattle for so long that they are disposed to consider them as their own. They are angry because the Indians are to have the best of the land allotted to them. Indignation meetings were held when it became evident that they were to be deprived of these valuable lands, and Indian Agent Willsey, an efficient and worthy officer, was burned in effigy. They also induced the half-breeds to drink liquor, and inflamed their minds and incited them against the Commission.

Commissioner H. C. Hunt dissents from this report. He thinks that about twenty-five or thirty thousand acres would be sufficient for the Indians now there, and that 5,000 acres of fertile valley land would alone be sufficient for their support. The whites are willing for the Indians to have all the valley lands, and also 10,000 to 20,000 acres of uplands for timber and grazing purposes. The Indians are anxious to secure the valley lands in severalty.

Hunt says the majority of the Commission are acting seemingly without respect to the common good, and in defense of the unanimous wish of the whites, and disregarding the Indians' wishes. He says the Indians are not successful stock growers, and as it is not the policy of the Government to encourage hunting and fishing, a species of idleness, among reservation Indians, five thousand acres, with the uplands above referred to, would be amply sufficient for them.

He says by following his plan future contention of the whites for the Indian lands would be obviated, whereby if the majority report is followed the whites will never be satisfied till they get more.

In conversation with your correspondent Commissioner Hunt complained that a San Francisco paper treated him unfairly in publishing only one side of the controversy over this matter, and that the people of Lake and Mendocino Counties were complaining of this treatment.

President Harrison has received a letter from the white settlers in that region protesting against the reservation of such a great quantity of land for the Indians, and saying that the President must have been imposed upon when he appointed Commissioner Smith as a "disinterested party," as the law required. Smith is an employe of the Interior Department.

KINCAID MURDER TRIAL.

The Prosecution Rests Its Case—Testimony for the Defense.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—The trial of Charles T. Kincaid for the murder of ex-Congressman Taulbee was resumed to-day. After putting in some cumulative evidence the prosecution rested its case, and General Grosvenor made the opening address for the defense. He said the testimony to be presented would show how Kincaid acted in self-defense. Grosvenor recalled Samuel Donaldson, and asked him if about two weeks before the shooting he did not remember standing on the floor of the House with Taulbee and a newspaper correspondent named Frank Morgan, and, looking up to the press gallery, remarking to Taulbee, "You ought to go up there and cut that rascal's guts out," or words to that character?

Donaldson denied the utterance.

Grosvenor asked Donaldson further if he was not indicted at the close of his term as clerk of the Davidson County (Tenn.) Court for embezzlement of public funds; whether he was not a defaulter to the State Treasury to the extent of $5,000, and whether he was not short in his accounts as doorkeeper of the House to the extent of $700.

Objections were made and sustained to these questions.

Several physicians testified to Kincaid's feeble and nervous condition at the time of the shooting.

P. S. Heath, a correspondent, was called, but the attorney for the prosecution objected to his being questioned as to threats he had heard made by Taulbee, arguing that such testimony was not proper until testimony tending to show self-defense has been presented.

Adjourned.

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

The Treasury Ready to Redeem Four-and-a-Half Per Cents.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—The 4½ per cent. loan, of which a little more than $50,000,000 is now outstanding, will mature on September 1st next. The Treasury officials say there will be no trouble whatever in meeting it, and that it was regarded as a matter of so little concern that it was not thought necessary to bring it to the attention of Congress.

The Department stands ready now to redeem these bonds with interest to maturity, and the small amount presented each day is taken as an indication that the holders are in no particular hurry to dispose of it.

A prominent official said this afternoon that the Department will be able to redeem them all on the date of maturity, if they shall be presented, but the history of all Government loans indicates that there is no possibility of such a thing, and that it will be found that a large amount of these bonds will not be presented for redemption for many months after the interest has ceased to run.

While the available cash balance in the Treasury is now only about $13,000,000, the Government has about $30,000,000 additional on deposit in the national banks, which can be used in case of necessity.

General Rosecrans to Be Removed.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—It is said this afternoon, on good authority, that the President has determined to remove General Rosecrans of California, now Register of the Treasury. The Nebraska Senators have a candidate they are pressing for this position. They urge that Rosecrans is a Democrat and has held the office for five years, and that he draws pay as a retired army officer, so that it will work no great hardship upon him if he is deposed from office and a Republican appointed in his stead. It is not learned who will be his successor.

Concerning the rumor that he was tired of the bitter fight of the Republicans to oust him from office, General Rosecrans said to your correspondent to-night that he didn't intend to resign and he didn't believe the President intended to remove him.

Quinn Receives the Appointment.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—The President has directed the appointment of J. C. Quinn of California as Collector of Internal Revenue for the First District of California (San Francisco), in place of W. H. Sears, deceased. Mr. Quinn is at present Assistant Postmaster at San Francisco.

Silver Purchases.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—The offerings of silver to-day amounted to 339,000 ounces, of which 115,000 ounces were purchased at prices ranging from .9810 to .9825.

WORLD'S FAIR.

Pope Leo Issues an Apostolic Benediction Upon the Exposition.

CHICAGO, March 27.—A local paper says that Pope Leo XIII. is out with an apostolic benediction upon the World's Fair and the paln to erect a monument in honor of Christopher Columbus at Buenos Ayres. The communication says in part: "Columbus, in accomplishing, by his genius and perseverance, such a great deed has been the fountain in both hemispheres of so great influence upon mankind that few men can be compared with him. Hoping that the honors rendered him will serve to stimulate the World's Columbian Exposition at Chicago, we give to your project the praise that it merits, and at the same time as a token of fraternal love we give the apostolic benediction."

It is stated that the art directorship of the World's Fair has been tendered to Professor Halsey C. Ives of the St. Louis School of Fine Arts.

THE LOCAL DIRECTORY.

CHICAGO, March 27.—President Lyman J. George and his fellow directors, who have guided the World's Fair matters from its inception, completed to-night their term of office for which they were elected. In a valedictory address, President Gage reviewed the great work so far accomplished, gave a synopsis of the financial status of the great exposition, and drew a picture of the future, strong with assurances of success.

Mr. Gage refused to accept any salary for his work as presiding officer. He was frequently applauded during the address, and tendered a unanimous vote of thanks.

Gage some time ago declined a re-election as President, but will probably continue a member of the directory. It is understood also that he will now become President of the First National Bank, of which institution he has been actively identified for many years.

The election of new Directors will occur early in April. It is said that a sharp struggle will occur for supremacy in the board, the railroads which have interests antagonistic to the Illinois Central having, it is said, combined their forces as against that corporation.

The final act of the outgoing Directory was to confirm Theodore Thomas' appointment as Musical Director of the fair, and Wm. L. Tomlins as Choral Director.

The Directors also approved the circular letter to the Governor of each State, requesting the appointment of representatives to attend a conference to be held at Chicago, for the purpose of securing harmonious action, and, if advisable, placing a certain portion of each State exhibit in the central building.

It is announced to-night that the National Commission will meet here on April 1st.

SUCCESS ASSURED.

LONDON, March 27.—A *Chronicle* Rome correspondent says an influential body of political and newspaper men are agitating in favor of the Italian Government's refusing to participate in the World's Fair at Chicago in reprisal for the recent tragedy in New Orleans.

The *Chronicle* thinks Lord Salisbury's official recognition has assured the success of the Chicago World's Fair by inducing other nations to follow.

Science of Dentistry.

While scientific attention to the diseases of the teeth is of comparatively modern origin, there is reason to believe that dentistry, in a rude form, has been practiced from early times. One of the mummies of the Egyptian Kings is provided with a set of upper false teeth, the plate being made of carved wood, closely fitted to the mouth, the teeth represented by brass bosses or studs. Such a set would not enable perfect mastication, but, of course, was far preferable to the bare gums. It has also been discovered that several of the Egyptian mummies have teeth filled with gold, while more than one contemporary of the Pharaohs had his teeth improved by filling the cavities with a composition, the nature of which has not yet been discovered. Artificial teeth are alluded to by several of the Greek and Latin writers, and by Galen in the second century, but how, or of what materials the teeth were made, we are left to conjecture. Most of the practical progress in dentistry has been made since the beginning of the present century. A French dentist named Dubois was the first to color the gums of artificial teeth, so as to cause them to resemble nature, and at the time his discovery was regarded as an immense step in the art of making teeth. Scientific dentistry was introduced into this country by Dr. LeMair, a surgeon who followed LaFayette, and the business was given a considerable impetus by the fact that General Washington was compelled to supply the deficiencies of age by a set of teeth, carved, plate and all, from blocks of ivory. They were for both upper and lower jaw, and were held in place by small strong springs *Globe-Democrat.*

The President of France.

The President of France is chosen by a majority vote of both branches of Parliament, sitting together as a joint assembly, and his term is seven years. Usually, however, he is compelled to step down from office by pressure from Parliament before his term ends. The Constitution gives him the authority to select a ministry, which must comprise members of Parliament; to conclude treaties with foreign nations; to appoint to the chief military and civil posts; to pardon offenders, and, in concurrence with the Senate, to dissolve the Chamber of Deputies and bring about a new election. These are the chief powers of the President. The present Executive—Carnot—was elected on December 3, 1887.

A Racine, Wis., woman has been expelled from church because she went to sleep during the sermon, snored and made faces at the pastor.

LARGE WINERY SEIZED.

The Company Charged With Marketing Unstamped Brandy.

A REVENUE OFFICER IN CHARGE OF THE PLANT.

An Exciting Scene in the Spokane Theater—A Gambler Fatally Shoots One Woman, Seriously Wounds Another and Then Suicides—Nevada County's Sheriff Held to Answer Before the Superior Court.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 26.—News was received from the Internal Revenue authorities to-day that the property of the well-known Gallegas Wine Company at Irvington had been seized on Thursday. Revenue Agents Thomas, Nelson and Kennedy have been making searching investigations into probable liquor frauds practiced upon the Government. Their work has carried them into all portions of the State, and the various wineries have been looked into. The seizure of the Gallegas plant is one of the results of the careful surveillance exercised. The agents repsrted to Head Agent Eldridge certain facts in connection with the winery, and at the latter's suggestion Deputy Kennedy proceeded to Irvington on Thursday and formally took possession of the immense plant.

The revenue officers are very reticent about relating any facts of the seizure.

The Gallegas Wine Company is owned by several persons, principal among whom is Juan Gallegas, whose name is incorporated in the company's title. The winery was established at Irvington over ten years ago. It consists of two large brick buildings, one used in the manufacture of wine and the other as a brandy distillery.

During the past four or five years the company has placed a large amount of wine and brandy on the market which was principally sold to Eastern jobbers, who sent their agent here to purchase it in large lots.

The revenue laws impose on brandy a tax of 90 cents per gallon, which must be paid before it leaves any of the bonded warehouses, and in any case within three years after its manufacture. It is alleged that the Gallegas Company has been manufacturing and marketing brandy on which the tax had not been paid, and that quantities of brandy have been surreptitiously used in the fortification of sweet wines. Part of the brandy was discovered at the distillery, and considerably more at the bonded warehouses, where it had been placed by the company, pending sale.

The seizure was a peculiar one, in that it was made for infractions of revenue laws committed as far back as 1889.

When the seizure was made several hundred thousand gallons of wine on the premises were included. All the brandy in the distillery and in the bonded warehouses was also seized. The total value of the plant seized, including the buildings, outhouses, land and product, is estimated by persons familiar with the company's affairs, to be not less than $200,000. An exact inventory of the property may sensibly increase the amount.

The seizure is one of the largest of the kind ever made by the local revenue authorities. It is understood that the claims of the authorities will be contested by those interested in the Gallegas Company, and a long siege of litigation in the United States Courts may ensue before the seizure is finally confirmed. Meanwhile Deputy Kennedy has taken possession of the winery. There is considerable wine under process of manufacture, and rather than allow it to become a dead loss, the Government will retain enough of the regular employes to complete the work.

TRAGEDY AT SPOKANE.

A Gambler Shoots Two Women and Then Suicides.

SPOKANE (Wash.), March 27.—A murder and suicide occurred at the Casino Theater at 2:30 o'clock this morning. Charles Elliott, a faro dealer, had been occupying the box nearest the stage on the right side for about an hour, when he was seen to lean forward from the box and fire three shots at the performers on the stage. He then placed the muzzle of the revolver in his mouth and fired again, the bullet going through the top of his head. One of the shots entered the left breast of Mabel de Babian, a variety actress. Another bullet entered the back of Carrie Smith just above the left hip, inflicting a dangerous wound, which may prove fatal. About half an hour after the shooting Mabel de Babian expired. Mabel de Babian was about 23 or 24 years of age and quite pretty. She was a general favorite with her associates.

In the pockets of the dead man was found a number of cartridges and the following note adressed to Lulu Durand:

"I have wanted to carry out my purpose, but have not had a favorable chance yet. It was an old score, but I had to fool with you. I trust to good luck and a good shot to accomplish my purpose. CHAS. ELLIOTT."

The fact that Lulu Durand was on the stage at the time of the shooting makes clear the fact that she was the one whom he was shooting at.

Carrie Smith, who was shot in the back, was taken to the Sacred Heart Hospital, and at last accounts was somewhat improved, and the doctor believes she stands a good chance of recovery. The ball entered her back and struck a rib, making a wound which is not necessarily fatal.

Lulu Durand stated that she believed that Elliott intended the shot for her, but being somewhat behind the other girls she escaped.

Farmers' Alliance in Oregon.

SALEM, March 27.—D. S. Cole, National Organizer of the Farmers' Alliance, will speak at the Opera House to-morrow afternoon. Since his arrival a few weeks ago in Oregon he has organized eight local Alliances, five in Linn County and three in Marion. This entitles Linn to a County Alliance, which will soon be organized. The Organizer thinks he can organize a local union in Salem to-morrow and he is anxious to form the County Alliance. He will visit the whole of the State.

Accident to a Blind Fiddler.

STOCKTON, March 27.—Charles Drew, a blind fiddler, who travels from town to town and plays on the street corners, fell down a stairway in his lodging-house today, breaking his collar-bone and terribly bruising his face. He was taken to the Receiving Hospital for treatment, and the officers found $1,200 in a buckskin sack fastened to a string around his neck. He money was put in the jail safe.

Nevada County's Sheriff in Trouble.

NEVADA CITY, March 27.—As a result of the preliminary hearing before Justice Mulley, Sheriff Dunster this morning was bound over in the sum of $500, to be tried in the Superior Court for being unable to perform his official duties by reason of intoxication. Conviction of this offense carries removal from office.