

DAILY RECORD-UNION

FRIDAY, APRIL 3, 1891

ISSUED BY THE SACRAMENTO PUBLISHING COMPANY

Office, Third Street, Between J and K.

THE DAILY RECORD-UNION, (Six Pages), Published six days in each week, and

THE SUNDAY UNION, (Eight Pages), Published every Sunday morning, making a splendid SEVEN-DAY paper.

For one year, \$6 00 For six months, 3 00 For three months, 1 50

Subscribers served by Carriers at FIFTEEN CENTS per week. In all interior cities and towns the paper can be had of the principal Periodical Dealers, Newsmen and Agents.

THE WEEKLY UNION, (Twelve Pages), Is the cheapest and most desirable Home, News and Literary Journal published on the Pacific Coast.

THE WEEKLY UNION per year, \$1 00 THE SUNDAY UNION alone per year, 1 00

All these publications are sent either by Mail or Express to agents or single subscribers, with charges prepaid. All Postmasters are agents.

The Best Advertising Mediums on the Pacific Coast.

Entered at the Postoffice at Sacramento as second-class matter.

THE MISTAKE OF ITALY.

Italy falls into a serious error, but she sustains it with such plausible argument that not a few of our own people are bewildered by it and are seriously asking themselves if, after all, our constitutional basis is weak, in that it gives all power to the States in the matter of criminal trials for offenses not committed against the Federal Government.

Thus the Under Secretary of the Home Office at Rome says to our Minister: "A nation that treats with another should be able to protect the subjects of the other power who come lawfully within its own borders. Your Government confesses that it cannot do so. It guarantees protection to Italian subjects in America equal to that afforded American citizens, but when called upon to make good its guaranty it admits its inability to do so."

Let us see just what there is in that adroit argument. The treaty with Italy provides that Italian subjects in America shall have the same protection that is afforded to citizens of the United States, and be advantaged by the same general laws. Now, in the case of the New Orleans tragedy, out of the prisoners killed, eight-tenths were American citizens. There was, therefore, in non-resistance to the mob by the authorities, no discrimination in favor of Americans. They suffered precisely as did the aliens—that is to say, there was no race assault, no seeking out by the mob of Italian subjects and sparing of citizens of the United States.

But when Italy or any other country treats with the United States, it is done with full knowledge of our system, with no concealment of the fact that ours is an indivisible union of sovereign States; that if, under such treaty, an alien comes to the United States, he must per force become subject to the laws of some State, unless he enters a Territory. Now, this knowledge being general and undeniable, the alien is estopped from pleading that there is no central authority to bring criminals to punishment who have invaded his rights. It all amounts to this, therefore: We give the alien precisely the same protection that is accorded to our own citizens. The alien therefore who come among us voluntarily cannot complain; it does not lie in his mouth to demand a special protection that is not accorded to citizens. Nor is it the proper part of Italian Cabinet officials to pronounce our system at fault in that it has not the centralized power that attaches to a monarchy; it is our system, satisfactory to us, has served us through all our history, and to our present greatness, and with becoming frankness we can say to foreign powers that it was not built to accommodate them or their ideas of what constitutes a guarantee. If, under the American Constitution, their subjects have not such freedom and protection as pleases them, there is certainly nothing whatever to compel them to come and remain here. If in any other part of the habitable globe they can find greater freedom, broader liberty, better guarantees of happiness, prosperity and individual independence, they should certainly seek out the favored spot.

But there is still another phase of the current debate that must not be lost sight of—for, after all, this diplomatic commotion is of high value in broadening knowledge of international law and foreign relations—and that is, that the demand of Italy as first presented was, that the United States should pledge itself to bring the offenders at New Orleans to punishment. Subsequently, in reciting the history of the communications, Baron Fava quoted the demand as one for bringing the offenders to "justice." The first statement of the demand, and which was orally repeated, is that to which our Secretary of State replied when he said that the United States could not give such an assurance. He now adds, that even if the offenders and the offense were wholly within Federal jurisdiction, the Government could not guarantee "punishment." This is so obviously true and would be so applicable in its truth to any country where the jury system obtains, that it puts the Italian Government in making such a demand in the most ridiculous attitude. Baron Fava modified the phrase in quoting it, substituting "justice" for "punishment," but the Secretary of State very properly treats the change in interpretation as no modification of the demand.

In the matter of the demand for indemnity, Mr. Blaine gives flat contradiction to Fava's report that the United States has refused to consider it, the fact being that our Government distinctly recognized the demand from the first, and was waiting only for the full establishment of the facts as to the alleged killing of Italian subjects before communicating to Italy a basis of adjustment.

Mr. Blaine has responded to the heat of the Italian representative in a dignified and yet caustic manner, which is in the

nature of a rebuke and a warning, but which is fully justified when he says: "In a matter of such gravity the Government of the United States will not permit itself to be unduly hurried, nor will it make answer to any demand until every fact essential to correct judgment shall have been fully ascertained through legal authority. Impatience of the aggrieved may be natural, but its indulgence does not always secure the most substantial justice."

THE warfare in Chile has assumed a phase that is barbarous. To read even the brief telegraphic accounts of the destruction of Iquique makes the blood run cold. The butchery of women and children, the wanton destruction of property, the putting of prisoners to death, the bayoneting of the wounded, the violation of the hospital flag—these things are barbarous, and a common humanity demands that civilized Powers shall enter their protests, and possibly that they shall accompany them with warnings that will mean interference, if the cruelties now reported are continued.

The man Deacon, who ran away from women he has deceived and took refuge in Kentucky, sent word to his pursuers that he was safe as they do not hang gentlemen in Kentucky. If so, Deacon is in danger, if his offense is a capital one. But he mistakes, they do hang in Kentucky, gentlemen or hoodlum, if the crime warrants it—and sometimes they dispose of criminals more speedily than by the rope and without the usual processes of law.

NOTE AND COMMENT. The Willows Daily Journal has entered upon the fifth year of its publication, with every prospect of increased prosperity, as Willows will no doubt be the county seat of the new County of Glenn.

SPECIAL NOTICES. HOIT'S ADDITION TO THE TOWN OF LINCOLN.

Ira G. Hoyt has subdivided forty acres within the corporate limits of the town of Lincoln, Placer County, and is selling lots 50x150 feet at \$25 to \$35 each, payable \$10 to \$20 cash, balance in monthly installments without interest. Lincoln is the liveliest town on the line between Sacramento and Portland; over seventy new buildings, among which are two new churches, have been erected there during the past year, and the purchase of these lots, which are only ten minutes' walk from the depot, must certainly prove profitable to the buyers. For maps and full particulars apply to A. C. FLEMING, Lincoln, or to STEPHENSON & HARTMAN, 1007 Fourth Street, Sacramento. m31-1m

DON'T GIVE UP, there is a cure for catarrh and cold in the head. Thousands testify that Ely's Cream Balm has entirely cured them. It is a safe and pleasant remedy. It is applied to the nostrils. It is not a liquid or snuff. It cures by cleansing and healing. Price, 50c.

SOUGHT FOR the last hundred years. A remedy for catarrh, cold in the head and cold in the head found at last in Ely's Cream Balm. Safe and pleasant to use and easily applied into the nostrils. It gives relief at once and a thorough treatment positively cures. Price, 50 cents.

MRS. WINSLOW'S "SOOTHING SYRUP" Has been in use over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays pain, cures wind colic, regulates the bowels, and is the best remedy for diarrhea, whether arising from teething or other causes. For sale by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Twenty-five cents a bottle. MWF

FAST TIME TO THE EAST—The Atlantic route in the Pacific is now shorter by twelve hours shorter to Kansas City and St. Louis, and twenty-four hours shorter to Chicago than formerly. Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars to Chicago every day without change. Personally conducted excursions every Thursday. Refreshments at special rates. GEORGE W. RAILTON, Agent, 1004 Fourth Street, Sacramento. MWF

HAND-MADE CREAMS, 35 cents per pound; also finest variety of candles. JOHN ALKIDA, 509 K Street. m31-1f

SAMPLE ROOMS, 1014 Sixth Street, between J and K. Fine Wines, Liquors and Cigars. JACOB KEARNEY, Proprietor.

PAINLESS EXTRACTION OF TEETH, by use of local anesthetic. DR. WELDON, Dentist, Eighth and J Streets.

New Advertisements. PINK T. PARRY, GIVEN BY THE OLIVE Branch Ladies' Society, THIS DAY, EVENING, April 10th, at Turner Hall. B.

CLUNIE OPERA HOUSE. One Week—Two Matinees—Commencing Monday, April 6th, 1891.

POPULAR PRICES—10, 20, 30 and 50c. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.

JOHNSTON AND MCBURNE Comedy and Dramatic Company!

Supported by a First-Class Company of Artists, in the following repertoire of successful plays given by the undersigned, executor of Planter's Wife, Hazel Kirke, My Partner, Our Boarding House, The Banites, The Ticket for Love Man.

Seats on sale Saturday, April 4th, at the box office. Our prices—10, 20, 30 and 50c. ap3

LIBERTY GARDENS, Highland Park.

THE NEAREST AND MOST PLEASANT suburban resort. Bowling and other recreations, and refreshments of all kinds. Strictly first-class. VOGEL & RICH, Proprietors.

LEE HAYS, WELLS BOILER AND TANK BUILDER, Ship, sheetiron and copper work, plumbing, gas and steam fitting, jobbing, etc. ap3-3m 1214 J Street.

REGULAR AUCTION SALE, Saturday, April 4, 1891 At 10 o'clock A. M., at Nos. 519 and 519 1/2 J Street.

BELL & CO., Auctioneers, WILL SELL A LARGE LOT OF FINE Parlor, Bedroom, Dining-room and Kitchen Furniture, Carpets, Bed Lounges, Sewing Machines, Crockery, Glassware, Etc. No limit. Sale positive. Terms cash. BELL & CO., Auctioneers.

N. B.—Do not overlook the fact that we are now in our new quarters, Nos. 519 and 519 1/2 J Street, between Fifth and Sixth, north side. ap3-2

Trees! Trees! J. T. BOGUE, Of Marysville, has the finest stock of FRUIT TREES Ever brought to Sacramento.

NURSERY, SECOND STREET, NEAR Depot—First Nursery from 1 street, adjoining Reed & Co's. These Trees are perfectly free from scale and TRUE TO LABEL. Call and examine. J. R. NICKELSON, Agent.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—ESTATE OF MARY E. FOSTER, deceased. Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, executor of the will of Mary E. Foster, deceased, to the creditors of said deceased, to present their claims, with the necessary affidavits in support thereof, to the undersigned, at his office, northeast corner Second and J streets, of Sacramento City, Sacramento County, California, within four months after the first publication of this notice. CLINTON L. WHITE, Executor of the will of Mary E. Foster, deceased. March 13, 1891. m31-3f

HOUSE PAINTING AND PAPER HANGING—The undersigned has at reasonable rates, A. H. ANDERSON, 1015 J Street. Orders left with Mr. Hirsch, at 1013 J Street, will receive prompt attention. m31-1m

Gale Bros. & Co.

Don't make the grievous mistake of buying anything in Dress Goods without first inspecting our stock. The many new styles that have arrived within the past few days gives us the largest variety in the city. The styles are choice, while the moderate prices will surprise you.

TO-DAY!

SALE OF

Figured India Dress * Silks.

Fine Suits for Boys.

Owing to lack of space we have never been able to carry as large an assortment as we wished. We now have no restrictions from any source, and have put in a large variety of fine goods in stylish patterns, gotten up strictly for nice Dress Suits. We have them at \$11, \$12, \$15, \$16, \$17 50. For ages 13 to 18.

Long Silk Gloves.

Now in stock—Sixteen-button Length Pure Silk Gloves, in black and opera shades, at \$1 50 a pair.

Look Out for our corner show-window. It will contain a price surprise in Boys' Suits.

39 Cents.

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Proposals.

Proposals for Supplies

FOR THE STATE INSANE ASYLUM

STOCKTON.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ACT OF THE Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act to provide for the Insane Asylum of the State of California," approved April 4, 1889, and the existing law governing said institution, SEALS AND BIDS will be received by N. M. ORR, Secretary of the Board of Directors of the State Insane Asylum, at his office, Nos. 209 and 211 Channel Street, Stockton, up to 10 o'clock A. M., on

The 25th Day of April, 1891.

For furnishing the following supplies to the said Asylum for the term of six months, commencing May 1, 1891, and ending November 1, 1891. Said supplies consisting of the following schedule and to be delivered as ordered:

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS. 10,000 pounds dairy salt. 200 pounds Paimito starch. 300 pounds Duryea's starch. 10,000 pounds white pea beans. 5,000 pounds China rice, No. 1. 200 gallons cold water mangel. 450 gallons vine vinegar. 12 dozen Bath brick. 12 bushels Columbia River salmon. 12 cases codfish, 100 pounds each. 36 reams straw paper. 200 pounds black pepper, in 5-pound cans. 100 pounds ginger, in 5-pound cans. 50 pounds mustard, in 5-pound cans. 200 pounds black pepper, in 5-pound cans. 1,200 pounds best quality hams. 1,000 pounds salt extra quality. 1,200 pounds thin A. & C. h. or bacon of equal quality.

200 pounds soda crackers, No. 1. 3,000 pounds best quality baking powder. 500 pounds rolled oats. 200 pounds best quality macaroni. 200 pounds sugar. 2,000 pounds dried currants. 2,000 pounds dried apples, first quality. 3,000 dozen fresh California eggs. 200 pounds macaroni, large size. 100 gallons mixed pickles, in 5-gallon kegs. 300 pounds lard. 12 boxes vermicelli, No. 1. 50 pounds bluing. 4 dozen scrub brushes. 3 dozen center brushes. 6 dozen mop handles, combination. 12 dozen scrub brushes. 3 dozen whitewash brushes. 200 pounds lard. 1,200 pounds hominy. 500 pounds corn starch. 150 pounds pearl barley. 150 pounds split peas. 6 gross clay pipes. 80 gallons cylinder oil. 40 gallons machine oil.

SUGAR AND SYRUP. 18,000 pounds extra C sugar. 20,000 pounds granulated sugar. 2,000 gallons American golden syrup. COFFEE AND TEA. 9,000 pounds dry granulated sugar. 1,500 pounds English Breakfast tea. 1,200 pounds Japan tea, uncolored.

6,000 pounds laundry soap, bidders to furnish samples. 200 pounds sand soap, bidders to furnish samples. Lye and Soda. 2,400 pounds concentrated lye. 6,000 pounds sal soda. Flour, Bran and Grain. 1,200 barrels Baker's extra flour. 200 barrels Graham flour. 15,000 pounds cornmeal. 15,000 pounds cracked wheat. 15,000 pounds cracked barley. 30,000 pounds bran. 10,000 pounds shorts.

Clothing and Hats. 100 dozen gray wool overshirts. (27 inches wide by 33 inches long.) 100 dozen light blue shirts. (37 inches wide by 33 inches long.) 60 dozen cotton pants, canton flannel lined. (Sizes—Waist 32 to 44; legs, 31 to 34.) 200 dozen duck overalls. 12 dozen duck socks, canton flannel lined. (Sizes—Waist 32 to 44; legs, 31 to 34.) 40 dozen winter coats, to be furnished in the fall. 40 dozen wool Hats; size, 7 to 7 7/8. 20 dozen suspenders.

Dry Goods. 1,500 yards 6-4 unbleached Pequot sheeting, full width. 1,000 yards bedtickling (Amoskeag Mills A. C.), 32 inches wide, full width. 1,000 yards 4-4 unbleached Indian Head sheeting. 900 yards crash, Russian flax XX. 400 yards 4-4 Lonsdale muslin, bleached. 400 yards 4-4 Wamsutta cotton, bleached. O. X. 200 yards 5-4 Pequot bleached sheeting. 300 yards Amoskeag cheviot. 500 yards York. 500 yards Amoskeag A. F. C.—dress ginghams. 100 yards table linen. 150 dozen Coates' cotton thread. 48 dozen indigo cotton hose, size, 9 and 10. 15 dozen half-bleached huck towels—20x38. 4 dozen white bedspreads. 40 pounds iron safe carpet thread, 1-pound boxes. 12 dozen coarse combs. 12 dozen fine combs. 6 cases hair pins, 1 dozen boxes each. 12 gross pins. 1 gross steel thumbles, Nos. 8 and 9. Shoes. 40 dozen men's brogans, from 7 to 11. 30 dozen men's oxford shoes, from 7 to 11. 10 dozen ladies' kid fox shoes, from 3 to 7. (Sizes to be furnished as ordered.) Blankets. 600 pairs California gray blankets, all wool and free from shoddy, weight 6 pounds. Will not be ordered before the first of October. Cutlery, Crockery and Glassware. 12 dozen tubular lantern globes. 12 dozen cups and saucers. 8 dozen coffee mugs. 8 dozen dinner plates. 6 dozen chamber. 12 dozen table knives. 12 dozen table forks. 12 dozen iron table spoons. 8 dozen iron spoons. Furniture. 6 dozen chairs. 200 dozen California brooms, Nos. 2 and 3. Ico. 40,000 pounds of tea. Tobacco. 1,800 pounds of pipe tobacco, quarter-pound plugs. 6 gross fine cut tobacco, in ounce packages. 15,000 pounds fresh cut packed keg butter. Fresh Dairy Butter. 5,000 pounds fresh dairy butter, No. 1. Potatoes. 180,000 pounds potatoes, No. 1. Fresh Beef and Mutton. 180,000 pounds fresh beef, No. 1, to be delivered in sides and cut up at the Asylum. 20,000 pounds fresh mutton, No. 1. Coal. 800 tons of average coal, to be delivered on the wharf in Stockton as ordered, wharfage to be paid by contractor. Bidders are requested to submit proposals, to be delivered at the Asylum office, and to be accompanied by the kind of coal by naming the mine from which it is taken or the name by which it is designated in commerce; 2,240 pounds to be required for a ton, the coal to be weighed at Stockton at the expense of the Asylum, on scales licensed and employed for public sale. 60 tons clean Wellington coal, or other coal of equal quality, to be delivered as ordered.

The above-named articles are all to be of the best quality, subject to the approval of the Medical Superintendent, and to be delivered at such times and in such quantities as he may desire. And it is understood that if a greater quantity of any article than above mentioned is required by the Medical Superintendent, the same shall be furnished by the contractor at the contract price. The contract will be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder, and no bid will be considered unless accompanied by a written guarantee, signed by at least two responsible parties, that the party making the proposal will enter into contract and furnish bonds for the faithful performance thereof, provided the contract is awarded to him. Parties making proposals are specially referred to Section 3,543 of the Political Code, approved March 17, 1887. Section 3,235. No supplies of any kind or character for the benefit of the State, or to be paid for by any moneys appropriated or to be appropriated by the State, manufactured or

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