COMMERCIAL CONGRESS.

Light Upon Questions of Interest to Western States.

MONEY CONDITIONS IN THEIR RELATIONS TO THE FARMER.

President Harrison Sends a Letter of Regret Containing Some Interesting Statements—Charles Francis Adams Charges the Government With Too Much Meddling—Trusts Said to be Beneficial.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

KANSAS CITY, April 14.—The first Western States' Commercial Congress opened in this city to-day.

The need of the congress, as set forth in the Kansas Legislature's resolution, was suggested by a demand coming from the people for clearer light upon those questions which affect their material welfare. The West and South are seeking adjustment to the conditions which result from their marvelous growth, and to promote that end will be one of the objects of the convention. The interests of the two sections are reciprocal, and the welfare of both demands closer commercial relations. The congress will not be wholly a Western affair. There will be read papers from Erastus Wiman on "Reciprocity," Edward Atkinson on "The Money Question," and several from other prominent Easterners.

Delegates are present from the following States and Territories: California, Washington, Idaho, Colorado, New Mexico, Wyoming, Montana, Kansas, Iowa, Nebraska, Missouri, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Georgia, Texas and Oklahoma.

The convention was called to order by State Senator Kelly of Kansas. He introduced the Rev. Dr. Hayes of this city, who offered a prayer. The convention then proceeded to a temporary organization. Senator Kelly was chosen Temporary Chairman. In a long speech of acceptance he explained the object of the congress to be the consideration of various questions of peculiar interest to the West and South.

Kelly laid all the blame of the agricultural depression upon the too small circulating medium. As a relief, he suggested the recoinage of silver, the raising of silver money to the standard of gold.

John W. Springer of Illinois was elected temporary Secretary.

NEW ERA MARKED.

The Chairman then presented Governor Francis, who welcomed the delegates in behalf of Missouri. He said the congress has marked a new era in agricultural, commercial and financial history. In the early history of the country such dissensions and dissatisfaction as now exists, resulted in revolution. The people of the West were now crying for relief, but the manner of relief was sought not by arms, but by this deliberative congress. Different causes were assigned for the depression of Western interests. Heretofore Federal legislation has been in the interests of the East. It is necessary now for the West to hang together, and there were many things the West desired, the advocacy of which should be unanimous, earnest and continued. The West wanted free trade with Mexico, Canada and South America and with all the countries of the world. The West wanted the Mississippi connected with the Great Lakes. It wanted improved water-ways. It wanted an international railway, it wanted a fuller volume of currency. These were things that would relieve the distressing condition of affairs and these were things that the West must act together upon.

T. Dwight Thacher of Topeka welcomed the delegates in behalf of Kansas. An adjournment was then taken until 2 o'clock this afternoon.

PRESIDENT HARRISON'S LETTER.

Upon reassembling letters of regret were read, among them being one from President Harrison, which was in substance as follows:

"The public discussion of conditions affecting agricultural and business prosperity cannot but be helpful, if conducted on broad lines and is hospitable to the differences of opinion. The extraordinary developments in the production of agriculture which have taken place in a recent period in this country, by reason of the rapid enlargement of the area for tillage, under the favoring land laws of the United States, very naturally called attention to the value, and, indeed, the necessity of larger markets.

"I am one of those who believe the home market necessarily the best for producers, as it measurably emancipates him, in proportion to its nearness, from the exactions of the transportation companies. If the farmer could deliver his surplus produce to the consumer out of a farm wagon, his independence and his profits would be larger and surer. It seems to me quite possible to attain a largely increased market for our staple farm products, without impairing the home market, by opening the manufacturing trades to competition in which the foreign producers, paying a lower scale of wages, would have the advantage.

"A policy that would reduce the number of our people engaged in mechanical pursuits, or diminish their ability to purchase food products by reducing wages, cannot be helpful to those now engeged in agriculture. The farmers insist that the prices of products have been too low below the point of fair living and fair profits. I think so too, but I venture to remind them the plea they make involves a concession that things may be too cheap, as well as corn. The farmer who claims a good living and profits for his work should concede the same to every other man and woman who toils."

The President continues by saying he looks with great confidence to "the developments of reciprocal trade relations with Central and South America and the removal of European restrictions on our meats and cattle. No effort, and none of the powers vested in the Executive would be left unused to secure the end which is so desirable.

ABOUT CURRENCY.

"Your deliberations will probably also embrace the consideration of the question of the volume and character of our currency. It will not be possible and would not be appropriate for me in this letter to enter upon any elaborate discussion of these questions. One or two things I will say, and first, I believe that every person who thoughtfully considers the question will agree with me upon the proposition which is at the base of all my consideration of the currency question, namely, that any dollar, paper or coin, issued by the United States, must be made and kept in its commercial uses as good as any other dollar. So long as any paper money issued or authorized by the United States Government is accepted in commercial uses as an equivalent of the best coined dollar that we issue, and so long as every coined dollar, whether of silver or gold, is assured of equal value in commercial use, there need be no fear as to the excess of money. The more such money the better. But, on the other hand, when any issue of paper or coined dollars in buying and selling is rated at less value than the other paper or coined dollars, we have passed the limit of safe experiment in finance. If we have dollars of different values only the poorest will circulate. To the farmer and laborer who are not in hourly touch of the ticker or telegraph a dollar is of full value. The fluctuations and depreciations always at first cost these classes of our community. The banker and speculator anticipate, discount and afterward profit by such fluctuations. I have always believed, and do now, more than ever,

BELIEVE IN BIMETALISM

And favor the fullest use of silver in connection with our currency that is compatible with the maintenance of the parity of the gold and silver dollar in their commercial uses. Nothing in my judgment would so much retard the restoration of the world as legislation adopted by us that would result in placing this country upon the basis of silver. The monometalism legislation adopted by the first session of the Fifty-first Congress, I was assured by leading advocates of free coinage, representatives from the silver States, would promptly and permanently bring silver to 129 per ounce and keep it there. That anticipation has not been realized. Our larger use of silver has apparently and for reasons not agreed upon diminished the demand for silver in China and India. In view of the fact that it is impossible in this letter to elaborate, and that propositions only can be stated, I am aware that what I have said may be assailed in points where it is easily defensible, but where I have not attempted to present argument. I have not before, excepting in an official way, expressed myself on the subject; but feeling the interest, dignity and importance of the assemblage in whose behalf you speak, I have ventured, without bigotry of opinion, without any assumption of infallibility, but as an American citizen, having the most earnest desire that every individual and every public act of my life shall conduce to the glory of our country and the prosperity of all our people, to submit these views for your consideration."

OTHER LETTERS.

A letter was also read from J. M. Rusk, Secretary of Agriculture. He suggests that prominence will be given to the discussion of those questions affecting the agricultural interests of the country for the reason that a prosperous agricultural condition will insure prosperity in all the other branches of industry. He suggests the subjects of "transportation," "markets" and "Federal and State statistics" as the pivotical questions affecting the farmer.

M. H. De Young of San Francisco sent a paper on "Irrigation." Senator Pfeffer of Kansas wrote expressing the hope that the congress would result in bringing the people of the West and South into closer social and commercial relations.

Charles Francis Adams of Boston wrote that while he recognized the hardships of the present situation in the West, he did not believe any action except individual action was necessary for the remedy, with the very general popular idea that the Government is a grand paternal do-all, to protect everyone and everything and provide remedies for every ill that the body politic is subject to. Mr. Adams does not sympathize. "On the contrary," says he, "I am so antiquated in opinion as to think that the world is governed altogether too much, and that it rarely has been governed so much or so badly as it has been in this country within the last twenty-five years. If the people are left alone they will work out salvation a great deal quicker and more satisfactorily than while the Government incessantly encumbers them with its well-meant but ill-advised assistance." Mr. Adams did not believe that there was any general business and agricultural depression except that due to natural and temporary causes; that he did not believe any legislation was required. He thinks improved transportation by land and water would provide for itself, under the laws of supply and demand, if the Government does not continually meddle with it. Western products would find a market soon enough if the Government would leave the matter severely alone. The great trouble with the currency is, he says, excessive tinkering, and if the Government would leave it alone the internal currency of the country would regulate itself just as perfectly as internal currency does. The manufacturing interests of the country always have been successfully promoted by individuals when the Government had left them alone, and every interference of the Government from the beginning to the McKinley bill had been detrimental to public interest. Irrigation of arid lands is settling itself in Idaho and Colorado, and other States where the Government leaves it alone. The fewer commercial laws the better, and if there were no commercial laws the community would be far more prosperous that it is. The interference of the Government with immigration had been uniformly mischievous. Business combinations and trusts were dangerous to those inside them and if let alone by the Government would work nothing but good unless perverted to some purpose opposed to the laws of trade, in which case they inevitably sooner or later bring about the ruin of those concerned in them. The Indian question and the opening of Indian lands has been brought into its present unfortunate condition by Government interference and he knew no way of getting it out of the snare.

H. K. Thurber of New York, writing on the business combinations and trusts, said they were caused by sharp competition. Their efforts were beneficial to the producer and consumer. The aggregation of capital, skill and experience in almost every branch of business is for the best interests of the masses.

Papers were read from John V. Farwell of Chicago and others on the same subject.

PERMANENT ORGANIZATION.

Governor Frances was chosen President, and Temporary Secretary Springer was made Permanent Secretary.

The congress then adjourned.

SOUTH CAROLINA'S GOVERNOR.

He Would Not Submit to Interference by the Government.

CHARLESTON (S. C.), April 14.—A correspondence has taken place between Governor Tillman of this State and Secretary of the Interior Noble concerning the subject of the division of the State's share of the Federal appropriation for mechanical and agricultural colleges. At its last session the Legislature passed an Act providing that the quota to be received by South Carolina should be divided into two equal parts, one-half to be given to the Clemson Agricultural College for whites at Pendleton, and the other to the Claflin College for colored youths at Orangeburg. Secretary Noble objected to this method of division. Governor Tillman raised the issue that the money was due South Carolina, and that the Secretary had nothing to do with the division.

Secretary Noble differed with him, and the Governor issued his ultimatum in a letter to Acting Secretary Chandler, in which he says: "South Carolina has dealt liberally with her colored college, and I am sorry to see it crippled by the refusal on your part to accept the apportionment proposed by the State. As Governor I have no authority to do more, and if I had I would refuse to accept the money under the terms you offer."

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Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

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Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

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AMUSEMENTS.

On Friday and Saturday evenings next, at the Clunie Opera House, Hoyt's comedy, "A Texas Steer," will be played by the same company that gave it so long and successful a run in San Francisco recently. It is not one of the grotesque order of Hoyt's plays, but is a very broad satire upon American politics at the national capital. The New York *World* says of it: "Mr. Hoyt has made an attempt to cut loose from his previous methods, and endeavored to put together a comedy which would bear favorable comparison with the humorous and satirical works which for the past few years have attracted the attention of American theater-goers. His aim was to make his characters types of living realities, and to magnify and emphasize judiciously the salient points and characteristics of the more strongly marked of personages to a degree that their peculiarities might be recognized, enjoyed, laughed over and welcomed as familiar acquaintances. To carry out the idea was no easy task for Hoyt, whose most pronounced successes were on a playground of extravagant fun. In 'A Texas Steer' there is the evident intention to accomplish more serious results, reach further in the delineation of character, and to satirize fairly. Mr. Hoyt selected Texas and Washington for the scenes of action in which to cast his comedy. With perfect frankness he declares that his treatment of the subject he has taken in hand is neither profound, exhaustive nor absolutely truthful to life, but so far as it goes he hopes that it will be amusing. His hopes were realized last evening; nay more, they exceeded his expectations. Mr. Hoyt builded stronger than he knew with 'A Texas Steer.' It is a rollicking, good piece of literary and stage work, and achieved success, not so much on account of the business of the people in the cast, as in the merits of the work of the author."

"The Botonians" had a large and appreciative audience last night at the Metropolitan Theater. De Koven & Smith's comic opera, "Robin Hood," was sung. It is a very pretty opera, light, airy, full of charming melodies and altogether pleasing. But it has been overrated, if all the stories of its success elsewhere are true—that is to say, as a musical composition it is not strong or strikingly novel. It is pretty, very pretty, and has some taking airs and glees, and it is charmingly sung by an accomplished and splendidly balanced troupe, with leaders whose dramatic ability is equal to their lyric quality. Then, too, the orchestration was almost faultless. For once we were given an orchestra that did not once subordinate the singers nor prevent a solitary syllable being heard and understood. It was delightful satisfaction to listen to an orchestra so finely handled, and that played with such taste. The enunciation of all the singers was something surprising in merit. Not a syllable was sung that was not understood; the story of the opera could not have been more easily communicated in speech. So, with capable singers such as Jessie Bartlett Davis, Marie Stone, Edwin Hoff, Eugene Cowles, Peter Lary, Grace Reals and Trevette Maffett, with such capital comedians as George Frothingham and H. C. Barnabee and a good chorus of nearly thirty well-trained voices, with several among them who in sextets, octets and quintets, proved men especially strong, it is no wonder that the opera has become popular.

The box sheet for the opera "Pinafore," to be sung by the McNeill Club next week, opens at Houghton's bookstore at 9 A. M. to-day for subscribers, and for the general public to-morrow at the same hour.

BRIEF NOTES.

A committee has been appointed by the Undine Boat Club to arrange for a Fourth of July regatta.

Some thief stole a handful of rolled-gold watch chains from Aaron Nathan's sidewalk show-case on Monday evening.

There is said to be a glandered horse wandering about Fourth and Q streets. It is somebody's official duty to dispose of this nuisance.

The death is announced of John M. Russell, an old resident, at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. George McManus, in this city. Deceased has long been a sufferer from cancer.

The Musicians' Union has been temporarily organized by the election of Charles A. Neale for President and Emil Berliner Secretary. J. R. Wheat was chosen delegate to the Council of Federated Trades.

The name of J. M. Morrison appeared in the list of persons who participated in the Pacific Gun Club's shoot on last Sunday. Mr. Morrison was not present, however, and his name was wrongly used in that connection.

Young Ladies' Institute No. 17 gave an entertainment on Monday evening, at which the following were the features: Instrumental solo, Miss Gertie Lothamer; vocal solo, Miss Cassie Carolan; instrumental solo, Alonzo Winn; vocal solo, Mrs. Frank Snook; instrumental duet, Messrs. Evers and King.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

C. E. Grunsky returned to San Francisco yesterday.

Fire Commissioner Weil went to the bay yesterday afternoon.

Miss Edith Burtis of San Francisco is the guest of Miss Irma Fitch of this city.

Senator Megowan of Humboldt is in the city as a delegate to the Knights of Pythias Grand Lodge.

Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Lawn, and Miss Dacy Harlow of this city have gone for a few weeks' visit to relatives in San Benito.

Arrivals at the Capital Hotel yesterday: S. E. Morse, San Lucas; Henry Lane, Nevada City; E. J. Donnelly, Folsom; Mrs. Fannie Donnelly, Lebanon, Ky.; Jason Watkins, Woodland; Geo. Smith, Courtland; E. Brownell, Grass Valley; F. Lowry and wife, Merced; E. W. Holland, Tulare; D. H. Berlin, Stockton; N. P. Justy, Fresno; J. D. Matthews, Newcastle; C. S. Hasson, San Francisco; Geo. R. Klukerger, San Jose; E. H. Staples, Suisun; F. S. Doneho, San Jose; Al. H. Riehn and wife, Al. Smith, J. W. Frost, James A. Wilson, Iverson Johnson, E. J. Kiss, San Francisco.

Arrivals at the Golden Eagle Hotel yesterday: Tom Karl, D. M. Deall, H. C. Barnabee and wife, Miss Marie Stone McDonald, Miss J. B. Davis, Edwin Hoff and wife, Miss Corden Pond, Fred E. Pond, S. L. Studley, Eugene Cowles, Miss Reals and mother, Harry Dixon and wife, Miss Finlanson, Fred Dixon and wife, The Bostonians; E. E. Katz, San Bernardino; Charles Baker, Fresno; K. H. Peate, San Jose, S. H. Guhn, E. H. Stevens, J. B. Paton, New York; Mrs. Mary Musheit, Jackson; Robert Cosgnen, Mrs. L. C. Cosmen, Colusa; George C. Edwards and wife, Oakland; A. F. Lange, Berkeley; Henry Cowell, R. W. Hauser, B. A. Laws, G. A. Eberhart, T. A. Ely, Sol Zemansky, J. B. Leonard, San Francisco.

Auction Sale of a Residence.

Went. T. Crowell & Co. will sell at auction at 11 o'clock A. M., on Tuesday the 21st, on the premises, the west half of the east half of lot 6, L, M, Fifth and Sixth streets, with a fine residence of six rooms, and all modern improvements. This property is offered for sale on account of the owner's removal.

Of Interest to Horsemen.

There will be sold at auction at 10 o'clock on Saturday morning next, in front of Bell & Co.'s salesroom, 519 J street, by order of the administrator of the estate of James Eagan, deceased, a fine Percheron stallion, for which his former owner refused $1,000.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Department One—Grant, Presiding.

TUESDAY, April 14, 1891.

People vs. Thomas L. Joy, alias Lovejoy, grand larceny—On trial.

Robbed of His Watch.

Peter Sheaff, who resides at Twenty-eighth and M streets, informs the police that he has been robbed of a silver watch, but doesn't know by whom.

It is difficult sometimes for the unsophisticated Eastern mind to understand the rude customs of the great and woolly West. Phil Welsh relates a story of Miss Penelope Waldo of Boston, who addressed her mamma thus: "I don't like this Mr. Breezy from the West whom we met last night. He is extremely uncouth." "How?" inquired the old lady. "We were discussing the riding, and he said that he rarely used a saddle and rode bareback on almost all occasions. Of course one can dispense with a saddle if he wishes, but for anybody to ride about in his bare back is unnecessarily Western." And the old lady thought so too.

DYSPEPSIA, sick headache and that tired feeling are entirely cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which tones the stomach and promotes healthy digestion. It will also give you an appetite.

Meeting Notices.

O. C. F.—INITIATION AND BEAN board contest at Sacramento Council THIS EVENING at 8 o'clock. All Chosen Friends are invited. MRS. I. MARSH, C.
C. H. DENTON, Secretary. 1t*

DAUGHTERS OF ST. GEORGE WILL hold their regular meeting at Pioneer Hall, WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 15th. By order of MARY CROPPER, President.
V. GARRISON, R. S. 1t*

ATTENTION, KNIGHTS.—DELEgates to the Grand Lodge, visiting Knights and local members of the order in good standing are cordially invited to attend the K. of P. Banquet in Assembly Chamber of Capitol TO-MORROW (Thursday) EVENING. Those not members of the Grand Lodge may obtain tickets from the Reception Committee at Castle Hall, from 7 to 8 o'clock to-morrow evening.
1t* RECEPTION COMMITTEE.

ATTENTION, KNIGHTS.—YOURselves and ladies are invited to attend a Complimentary Ball and Reception in honor of the Grand Lodge and Grand Division, K. of P., by Sacramento Division, No. 7, in the Assembly Chamber, State Capitol, APRIL 15, 1891. By order of
1t* DIVISION.

SPECIAL MEETING OF UNION Lodge, No. 58, F. and A. M., will be held THIS EVENING at 7:30 o'clock. Members of sister lodges and sojourning Master Masons cordially invited to attend.
BEN. W. FLYE, W. M.
JOHN MCARTHUR, Secretary. 1t*

ARMORY SACRAMENTO DIvision, No. 7, U. R., K. of P.—Officers and Sir Knights: You will assemble at your armory at Pythian Castle WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 15th, at 7 o'clock sharp, in full uniform, for parade and attendance at ball, given in honor of Grand Lodge of California K. of P., in State Capitol. All visiting Sir Knights are cordially invited to participate with us. By order
J. A. DAVIS, S. K., Captain.
W. B. OLDFIELD, S. K., Recorder. 1t

A SPECIAL MEETING OF SACRAmento Lodge, No. 40, F. and A. M., will be held at Masonic Temple THIS (Wednesday) MORNING at 8:30 o'clock sharp, for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late sojourning brother, John M. Russill. Visiting brethren cordially invited. Per order W. D. KNIGHTS, W. M.
F. E. LAMBERT, Secretary. 1t

Do You Dine?

If yes, your dinner should begin with soup. Soup can be most easily, most economically and most expeditiously made with

Liebig COMPANY'S Extract of Beef

without other meat stock.

This is how a jar of the genuine looks. It has a blue signature like this on the wrappers.

Ask for Liebig COMPANY'S.

DR. ABERNETHY'S GREEN GINGER BRANDY.

Cures CRAMPS and COLIC

"It is composed of the pures materials, and represents the full medicinal value of Jamaica Ginger in the highest degree of perfection."
WM. T. WENZELL, Analytical Chemist.

Sold by Druggists and Wine Merchants.

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CAST YOUR EYES OVER THIS.

SICK PEOPLE write for free illustrated family paper on surgical operations tumors, fistula, piles, varicocele, hydrocele; braces, appliances for deformities, female complaints; also, confidential book for men, explaining why thousands cannot get cured of special, private, chronic diseases, eyes, ears, lungs, seminal weakness, loss of manhood, gleet, syphilis, unnatural losses, results of abuse or excesses, which unfit all for marriage, happiness, or life's duties. *DR. LIEBIG'S WONDERFUL GERMAN INVIGORATOR*, the greatest remedy for above complaints. To prove its merits, $1 trial bottle sent free. Address, *DR. LIEBIG & CO.* 400 Geary St., San Francisco, Cal., or 501 W. 9th St., Kansas City, Mo.

California Pacific Railroad Company.

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETING OF the stockholders of the California Pacific Railroad Company, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting, will be held at the office of the company, in the City of San Francisco, on WEDNESDAY, April 15, 1891, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.
W. V. HUNTINGTON, Secretary.
San Francisco, March 31, 1891. ap1-td

FOR SALE—OAK PARK SALOON, AT Thirty-first and Y streets, on account of the death of the proprietor. ap10-7t*

Wanted.

WANTED—TO KNOW WHY LADIES buy paper patterns, which never fit, when they can have them made to measure and warranted to fit by calling at 900 Eighth street, corner I. Ladies' tailor system of cutting taught, day or evening. ap15-2t*

WANTED—BY A WOMAN, HOUSEcleaning to do, or any other kind of work by the day. Inquire at 1310 Ninth street. ap15-3t*

WANTED—DRESSMAKERS AND SEWing girls to call corner Eighth and I sts. and obtain lessons in scientific dress cutting free of charge for a few days only. Classes day or evening. Patterns cut to measure. No fit, no pay. ap15-2t*

WANTED—LADY INTERVIEWER, over 25; permanent position, with advancement. Address RELIABLE, this office. ap15-3t*

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework and cooking. Apply at 521 J street (up stairs), room 4. ap15-2t*

WANTED—A SUITE OF UNFURNISHED rooms or one large front room. Inquire at 309 K street. 1t*

WANTED—WOMAN FOR HOUSEWORK, small family in country; low wages and home. Address, A. G., this office. apr14-2t*

WANTED—A MAN TO WORK AROUND the yard and attend to cow and horse. Apply to C. H. GILMAN, from 9 to 12 M., Red House. apr14-3t

WANTED—EXPERIENCED AND UNexperienced help in millinery department, RED HOUSE. apr14-3t

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework. Apply at 1530 O st. ap11-7t*

WANTED—GIRLS WITH SOME EXPErience as trimmers, in the Millinery Department. Apply to C. H. GILMAN, Red House. ap11

WANTED—A MAN WITH $500 CAPItal to manage a business that will pay from $5 to $10 per day. Address JAMES A. GIBSON, International Hotel, Room 41. ap9-7*

WANTED—ENERGETIC, RELIABLE men and women of good address to travel on salary. Call between 12 and 2, and 5 and 7 P. M. COLUMBIAN SYNDICATE, 716 J street. ap5-tf

WANTED—A THOUSAND HEAD OF cattle to pasture on the Hovenden Ranch (late the G. D. Connors Ranch), on the Cosumnes; also, a thousand acres for summer-fallow. Apply on the ranch to MR. GONZELL, Overseer. mr29-tf

WANTED—TEAMS.—PARTIES WITH teams or traction engines to take contract to haul three million feet of lumber; all summer's work. For further particulars address EL DORADO MILL AND LUMBER CO., Diamond Springs, Cal. fe14-tf

WANTED—MEN FOR FARMS, VINEyards, dairies and all kinds of labor; women and girls for cooking and general housework; plenty of work for desirable help. Apply at EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, Fourth street, K and L.

Lost—Found.

$50 REWARD—LOST, PURSE WITH gold coin. The finder will receive the above reward at 1916 I street. ap15-7t*

FOUND—APRIL 6TH, IN STREET-CAR, purse containing money. Owner can have same by calling at CITY RAILWAY OFFICE, proving property and paying for this advertisement. apr14-3t*

LOST—AT OAK PARK PAVILION grounds, a lady's gold watch with a black fob chain. The finder will leave it at 1919 M street. apr14-3t*

STRAYED—DARK GRAY MARE, MANE roached and right ear slit. Return to or inform D. E. KERR, 2512 K street. ap13-3t*

STRAYED—TO THE PREMISES OF GEO. Nethercott, 2401 L street, two mares. Owner can have the same by proving property and paying charges. ap11-5t*

To Let or Rent.

TO LET—A PLEASANT SUITE OF rooms, with hot and cold water bath, at 1222 I street; will rent reasonable. ap15-1t*

TO RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS and summer kitchen; suitable for small family; no children. Apply at 900 L st. ap15-3t*

TO LET—FURNISHED ROOMS, DOUBLE and single; also housekeeping rooms, at 418 L street. ap15-1t*

TO LET—TWO ROOMS SUITABLE FOR barber or shoemaker's shop. Inquire at GROCERY STORE, Twelfth and D streets. apr14-7t*

TO LET—SECOND STORY OF HOUSE, No. 304 J street; containing five nice rooms suitable for housekeeping. Inquire of S. ROSENFELD, 304 J street. ap12-7t

TO LET—A FINE FLAT; FURNISHED OR unfurnished; suitable for housekeeping; cheap. Inquire at 1511 P street. ap12-7t*

TO LET—A NICE COTTAGE OF SIX rooms, bath and pantry, good location. Inquire at 1318 F street. ap12-tf

TO LET—A HOUSE OF NINE ROOMS. Apply at 722 Eighth Street. ap9-7t*

TO RENT OR LEASE—918 SECOND street, Formerly known as the Roma Hotel. Inquire of CARL STROBEL, 321 J street. ap9-7t*

FOR RENT—NEWLY FURNISHED rooms, en suite or single; light housekeeping, if desired, at 727 J street. ap11-7t*

FOR RENT—340 ACRES OF GOOD PASture at Cothrin's Station, El Dorado County. Inquire of W. S. COTHRIN. mr31-tf

HOTEL OF 100 ROOMS, ALL FURnished, full of boarders and rooniers, to lease; best location. Inquire at 1007 Fourth.

FURNISHED ROOMS AT CENTRAL House, from $5 per month upwards; also family rooms at low prices. HORNLEIN BROS., Proprietors. mr19-1y

TO LET—THREE TENEMENTS, THREE rooms each; also one house, 8 rooms, partly furnished (suitable for lodging or boarding-house); also some rooms, furnished or unfurnished, suitable for light housekeeping. For particulars apply at WOOD YARD, 401 I street. All cheap rent. mr6-tf

TO RENT—FURNISHED AND UNFURnished rooms, suitable for housekeeping; rents from $4 to $8. Inquire at 309 M st. fe6-tf

For Sale.

FOR SALE—A FRESH MILCH COW. Apply 1920 Third street. ap15-3t*

FOR SALE—A HORSE, PHAETON, HARness, whip, robe; price only $125; horse kind and gentle; lady can drive him. Apply to EDWIN K. ALSIP & CO., Sacramento. ap15-tf

FOR SALE—A BLOCK OF CAPITAL GAS stock for sale. Apply to STEPHENSON & HARTMAN, Real Estate and Insurance Agents, 1007 Fourth street. ap15-1w

FOR SALE—A FIVE HORSE-POWER ENgine, in good order; also, small boiler. Inquire of SACRAMENTO PACKING AND DRYING CO., 611 G street, Sacramento. mr18-1m WS

FOR SALE—THE BEST SACRAMENTO River bottom-land ranch from Rio Vista to Red Bluff, only three miles from Sacramento City. The well-known Magowan ranch, consisting of 320 acres, every acre prime hop or alfalfa land. Improvements have cost more than is asked for the ranch to-day. Will be sold for $40,000 (less than half its value), if sold within ten days. It pays $5,000 annually used as pasture for horses from the city. For particulars apply to DR. G. M. DIXON, 700 J st., Sacramento, Cal. apr14-7t

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—NEARLY new two-story house, with modern improvements, in an excellent locality. Address P. O. Box 50, City. ap12-6t

FOR SALE—ONE 8x10 CAMERA, AND four double holders, two lenses and one burnisher. Inquire at ASHER'S, 810 J street. apr14-7t*

FOR SALE—A CART WITH LEATHER top; almost as good as new, cost $160; will be sold for $60. Apply 325 J st. ap9-tf

FOR SALE—A GOOD, STYLISH CARriage horse; weighs about 1,100 pounds; fair traveler. A thoroughbred mare, sired by Boots out of Lady Stacy, by Norfolk out of Wildidie, etc.; she is a fine breeder and very gentle; also, a theroughbred Jersey bull. Apply to EDWIN K. ALSIP & CO., Sacramento. ap5-tf

FOR SALE—A HORSE, LIGHT BUGGY and harness. Will be sold cheap, as the owner has no use for the rig. The horse is gentle, only seven years old, drives single or double and is a nice saddle animal. Inquire at this office. ap1-tf

FOR SALE—240 ACRES GOOD LAND, well improved; good house and other buildings; near Roseville. Address MRS. H. SCHAPER, Roseville. mr31-1m

FOR SALE ONE OF THE FINEST AND largest saloons in the city; extra family entrance; best location; stock and lease. Inquire at this office. mr9-tf

FOR SALE OR TO RENT ON LEASE—TEN acres of bottom land, one mile below Washington, Yolo County; if sold will take small payment down. Apply to EDWIN K. ALSIP & CO., Real Estate and Insurance Agents, 1015 Fourth street. fe22-tf

$1,200 FOR SALE—PAID-UP LEASE TO Blue Canyon Hotel, worth $450, and furniture, etc., worth $1,000; will sell lease, furniture and goods in house for $1,200. For terms and particulars apply to L. E. SMITH, Trustee, 1217 L street, or FELTER, SON & CO., Second street, between J and K, Sacramento. mr14-tf

Proposals.

Proposals for Supplies

—FOR THE—

STATE INSANE ASYLUM

—AT—

STOCKTON.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ACT OF THE Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act Concerning the Insane Asylum of the State of California," approved April 4, 1870, and the existing law governing said institution, SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by N. M. ORR, Secretary of the Board of Directors of the Insane Asylum of the State of California, at his office, Nos. 209 and 211 Channel street, Stockton, up to 10 o'clock A. M., on

The 25th Day of April, 1891,

For furnishing the following supplies to the said Asylum for the term of six months, commencing May 1, 1891, and ending November 1, 1891. Said supplies consisting of the following schedule and to be delivered as ordered:

Groceries and Provisions.

10,000 pounds dairy salt.
200 pounds Palmetto starch.
300 pounds Duryea's starch.
10,000 pounds white pea beans.
8,000 pounds Bayo beans.
8,000 pounds China rice, No. 1.
30 gallons coal oil, best quality.
450 gallons wine vinegar.
12 dozen Bath brick.
12 half-barrels Columbia River salmon.
12 cases codfish, 100 pounds each.
36 reams straw paper.
300 pounds black pepper, in 5-pound cans.
100 pounds mustard, in 5-pound cans.
50 pounds ginger, in 5-pound cans.
50 pounds allspice, in 5-pound cans.
1,200 pounds best quality hams.
1,000 pounds salt pork, extra quality.
1,200 pounds thin A. & C. bacon, or bacon of equal quality.
1,200 pounds soda crackers, No. 1.
280 pounds best quality baking powder.
600 pounds rolled oats.
200 pounds pearl tapioca.
200 pounds sago.
600 pounds dried currants.
2,000 pounds dried apples, first quality.
3,000 dozen fresh California eggs.
10 gross safety matches, large size.
100 gallons mixed pickles, in 5-gallon kegs.
3 dozen olive oil.
12 boxes macaroni, No. 1.
12 boxes vermicelli, No. 1.
50 pounds bluing.
3 dozen hair floor brushes.
3 dozen counter brushes.
6 dozen mop handles, combination.
12 dozen scrub brushes.
3 dozen whitewash brushes.
300 pounds lard.
1,200 pounds hominy.
500 pounds corn starch.
150 pounds pearl barley.
150 pounds split peas.
6 gross clay pipes.

Oils.

80 gallons cylinder oil.
40 gallons machine oil.

Sugar and Syrup.

18,000 pounds extra C sugar.
10,000 pounds dry granulated sugar.
2,000 gallons American golden syrup.

Coffee and Tea.

9,000 pounds Costa Rica coffee.
1,800 pounds English Breakfast tea.
1,200 pounds Japan tea, uncolored.

Soap.

6,000 pounds laundry soap, bidders to furnish samples.
600 pounds sand soap, bidders to furnish samples.

Lye and Soda.

2,400 pounds concentrated lye.
6,000 pounds sal soda.

Flour, Bran and Grain.

1,200 barrels bakers' extra flour.
12 barrels graham flour.
15,000 pounds cornmeal.
15,000 pounds cracked wheat.
20,000 pounds ground barley.
30,000 pounds bran.
10,000 pounds shorts.

Clothing and Hats.

100 dozen gray wool overshirts. (27 inches wide by 33 inches long.)
100 dozen hickory shirts. (27 inches wide by 33 inches long.)
60 dozen cottonade pants, canton flannel lined. (Size—Waist, 32 to 44; legs, 31 to 34.)
200 dozen wool socks.
12 dozen duck overalls, canton flannel lined. (Size—Waist, 32 to 44; legs, 31 to 34.)
30 dozen winter coats, to be furnished in the fall.
40 dozen wool Hats; size, 7 to 7⅝.
20 dozen suspenders.

Dry Goods.

1,500 yards 6-4 unbleached Pequot sheeting, full width.
1,000 yards bedticking (Amoskeag mills A. C. A.), 32 inches wide.
1,000 yards 4-4 unbleached Indian Head sheeting.
900 yards crash, Russian flax XX.
400 yards 4-4 Lonsdale muslin, bleached.
400 yards 4-4 Wamsutta cotton, bleached, O. XX.
200 yards 5-4 Pequot bleached sheeting.
500 yards Amoskeag cheviot.
500 yards York, 1.
500 yards Amoskeag A. F. C.—dress gingham.
100 yards table linen.
150 dozen Coates' cotton thread.
48 dozen ladies' cotton hose: size, 9 and 10.
15 dozen half-bleached huck towels—20x38.
4 dozen white bedspreads.
40 pounds drab linen carpet thread, 1-pound boxes.
12 dozen coarse combs.
12 dozen fine combs.
6 cases hair pins, 1 dozen boxes each.
12 gross pins.
1 gross steel thimbles, Nos. 8 and 9.

Shoes.

40 dozen men's brogans, from 7 to 11.
30 dozen men's slippers, from 7 to 11.
10 dozen ladies' kid fox shoes, from 3 to 7. (Sizes to be furnished as ordered.)

Blankets.

600 pairs California gray blankets, all wool and free from shoddy, weight 6 pounds. Will not be ordered before the 1st of October.

Cutlery, Crockery and Glassware.

12 dozen tumblers.
12 dozen saucers.
6 dozen pie plates.
2 dozen tubular lantern globes.
12 dozen cups and saucers.
12 dozen coffee mugs.
8 dozen soup plates.
8 dozen breakfast plates.
8 dozen dinner plates.
6 dozen chambers.
12 dozen table knives.
12 dozen table forks.
12 dozen iron tablespoons.
8 dozen iron teaspoons.

Furniture.

6 dozen chairs.

Brooms.

30 dozen California brooms, Nos. 2 and 3.

Ice.

40,000 pounds of ice.

Tobacco.

1,800 pounds of plug tobacco, quarter-pound plugs.
6 gross fine cut tobacco, in ounce packages.

Keg Butter.

18,000 pounds best fresh coast packed keg butter.

Fresh Dairy Butter.

5,000 pounds fresh dairy butter, No. 1.

Potatoes.

180,000 pounds potatoes, No. 1.

Fresh Beef and Mutton.

160,000 pounds fresh beef, No. 1, to be delivered in sides and cut up at the Asylum.
20,000 pounds fresh mutton, No. 1.

Coal.

800