CIVIL SERVICE REFORM.

The Mare Island Navy Yard the Next Scene of Operations.

POLITICS WILL BE ENTIRELY DISREGARDED.

Each Applicant Receiving a Stated Per Cent. When Examined by the Government Board Will be Placed Upon the Eligible List, to be Appointed as Vacancies May Occur.

Special to the SUNDAY UNION.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—Secretary Tracy will next apply his civil service methods to the Mare Island Navy-yard. He will reach that point with his new policy within sixty days. As soon as everything is in smooth working order at the New York and Norfolk yards, he will turn his attention to the Pacific Coast.

A board consisting of five reliable officers will be appointed to carry out the policy he has inaugurated. They will be given regulation instructions, with such additions as may be required by the conditions at the Mare Island yard. The board to be created to carry out the new policy will disregard politics entirely in the consideration of appointments for positions in all skilled labor departments. American citizens, however, will be given preference in all cases.

The examinations will be held at stated times, the details to be made to conform as nearly to the best interests of applicants as possible. The first come will be first served, and all who apply will be examined and placed in an eligible list, if their standing is satisfactory. The list will be composed of those who make a showing above a certain per cent. Those who fall below this per cent. will not be eligible to an appointment, but can have an opportunity of applying at other examinations.

Each board in choosing employes for its yard will give its own applicants a preference over the eligible list at other points, but in the event that the board at Mare Island is unable at any time to get workmen as efficient as desired the difficulty will be overcome by seeking relief at other yards.

GOODS SHIPPED UNDER SEAL.

They Will Be Treated as Though They Had Entered at New York.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—Secretary Foster was asked to-day about the proposed changes which it is said are contemplated in the present system of transportation through the territory of the United States of goods shipped over Canadian roads under consular seals. The Secretary replied that the department did not want to injure the business of the Canadian roads. The single principle which the department wanted to have established in the matter was protection to American revenues. The department would treat these goods precisely as though they had entered at New York or any other American port, destined for an inland custom-house. The department proposed to make as few exactions and to interfere with traffic just as little as possible, consistent with the purpose stated.

The Secretary has decided to suspend the consular seal system on cars, and adopt the system of locked cars and manifests, which is believed will be better all around. The change is the result of an investigation instituted by Secretary Windom, which showed that the Government was losing money and the merchants losing goods under the seal system. Nearly the whole time of the United States Consuls at some ports in Canada is taken up in sealing cars for transportation of goods in transit through the United States. Moreover, the traffic has grown to such proportions that it is beyond the ability of the department to make sure in all cases that the goods are not dropped at points within the United States.

Under the new system, cars in transit will be stopped at the nearest port on the border and examined by a Treasury officer, who will place upon the cars Treasury locks.

WEATHER CROP BULLETIN.

The Conditions Generally Good for a Large Yield.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—The weather crop bulletin says: Seeding has been interrupted somewhat in the spring wheat regions of Dakota and Minnesota, but the ground is reported in excellent condition. The crop conditions are greatly improved in the Ohio and Mississippi Valleys. The continued rains delayed work in Nebraska and Missouri, where crops are from two to four weeks late. The conditions are improved in Michigan and Wisconsin, although crops are late, due to excessive rain. In Iowa 80 per cent of the small grains have been seeded. In Kansas the fall has greatly benefited all crops.

On the north Pacific Coast the weather was favorable. Fall wheat is reported as growing rapidly. Spring wheat is up and fruit in full blossom. All crops promise unusually well.

In the Sacramento Valley warm, sunshining weather is much needed. Grain was injured in some localities by the Hessian fly. Crops are excellent in Sonoma Valley, although the Bartlett pear may be injured by blight, unless sunshine and wind prevent. In the San Joaquin Valley grain prospects are greatly improved. All crops are backward on account of cold weather, but the outlook generally is good.

In Southern California the cool, cloudy weather is unfavorable for fruit, but the rain benefited grain and hay.

OREGON CROP REPORT.

PORTLAND, April 18.—The following condensed information is obtained from the bulletin of the Oregon Weather Bureau issued to-day: Temperature in the northwestern part of the State, above normal; in other sections, normal. The preciptation is below the average. The amount of sunshine is about normal. Seeding has generally finished. Plowing for summer-fallowing is progressing. Fall wheat is growing rapidly. Early-sown wheat is up. Fruit is in full bloom and trees are leafing. Sheep-shearing is in progress. The extra wool clip is finished. Lambing is very successful. Wheat, fruit, wool and stock all promise unusually well.

GOVERNMENT FINANCES.

Secretary Foster Has a New Plan Regarding 4½ Per Cent. Bonds.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—The prospective large payments on account of pensions, public works, maturing bonds, etc., and the rather low ebb of receipts, with resulting possibilities of a disappearance of the surplus, is causing some uneasiness among the financial officers of the Treasury. Besides endeavoring to put in circulation subsidiary silver coin, Secretary Foster has in view another plan concerning 4½ per cent. bonds, amounting to $50,000,000, which mature next September.

The Secretary believes that the national banks, which holds $12,000,000 of these bonds, would be glad to retain them as a basis for circulation, even at a reduced rate of interest. It is regarded as feasible perhaps to float these bonds at 2 per cent.

The Secretary finds a precedent for the plan in the action of Secretary Windom in 1881.

Placed on the Retired List.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—Captain G. A. Hall, for many years Military Storekeeper at San Francisco, was placed on the retired list of the army to-day. He and his daughters are now visiting relatives in New York, but intend to return to San Francisco in a few weeks and make that city their home.

Postal Changes.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—A new post-office has been established at Eel, Humboldt County, Cal., with Milo Patten as Postmaster.

Isabella Bechtel has been commissioned Postmistress at Bellevue, Washington.

Fourth-class Postmasters were appointed to-day as follows: S. Benas, at Newman, Stanislaus County, Cal.; H. C. Morse, at Robert, Tehama County, Cal.

Pension Awards.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—The following pensions have been awarded:

Washington: Original navy—Michael Donovan.

California: Original navy—John H. Rice, Nicholas Cordis, Martin Connelly. Reissue—James H. Wamsley.

Oregon: Original—Asa P. Slayter, Lyman Blakely, Dominick Barnholtzer.

Army Order.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—By direction of the Secretary of War, Captain Thomas M. Woodruff, Fifth Infantry, will proceed to San Francisco and report in person to Brigadier-General Thomas H. Ruger for special duty until July 1, 1891.

Land Decision Affirmed.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—In the case of the Oregon and California Railroad Company vs. John L. Mat and Albert Hutton, involving land in the Oregon City district, the decision of the Commissioner was affirmed.

A California Appointment.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—D. D. Cameron of San Francisco was to day appointed a clerk, at $1,000 per year, in the Records and Pension division of the War Department.

REJOICING AT SAN DIEGO.

The Peninsular Railroad Now a Certainty.

SAN DIEGO, April 17.—There is great rejoicing in this city to-night. San Diego has by its Common Council unanimously passed its Peninsular Railroad bill, which insures the building of a first-class standard-guage railroad from San Diego at least three hundred miles southward and to Yuma. The contracts have already been let for the grading and laying of forty-five miles of road northward from San Quentin, Lower California. The locomotives and three thousand tons of rails are now on the way, consigned to the latter place and San Diego for building the road southward from this point. Work will commence immediately, and will be pushed to rapid completion.

BUDD CAME DOWN.

The Teacher Wanted Him and She Got Him.

I was driving along a highway in Woods County, Ohio, with a man who was selling farming machines to farmers, and about 2 o'clock in the afternoon we came along to a district school-house. The school-ma'am and about twenty scholars stood under an elm tree, about forty feet high, near the house, and in the topmost branches of the tree was a boy about fourteen years old.

"Anything wrong here?" asked my friend, as we halted before the door.

"Budd Hawkins says he won't and the teacher says he must!" cried a little girl.

The teacher then came forward. She was a plain-looking girl of about twenty, with a mouth showing great firmness, and with some embarassment she explained:

"Its the terror of the school. He refused to mind, and I started to whip him. He broke away and ran out and climbed the tree. I've been up about twenty feet, but had to give it up and come down.

"Yer can't conquer me!" shouted the boy.

"Budd, I order you to come down."

"I won't!"

"I have sent for an ax and here it comes," she said as she turned to us.

"He'll come down with the tree, if not before."

We offered to use the ax, but she declined the offer with thanks, and, stepping to the tree, she swung the implement around and buried the blade in the wood.

"You dasn't!" shouted Budd from the top.

"I'll do it or resign," she answered, as she struck several blows.

At the end of three minutes the tree began to totter and Budd to yell in alarm, and a few seconds later it fell with a crash. I thought the boy was badly hurt if not killed, and was relieved as the school-ma'am sprang forward, yanked him out of the branches, and while applying the gad with one hand she pulled him into the school-house with the other, saying:

"Now, Budd Hawkins, you've got to do some of the awfullest begging ever heard of in the State of Ohio, or I won't leave enough hide on you for a flea to bite."

He was hard at it when we drove on.—*Philadelphia Times.*

The Napoleon Family.

Prince Napoleon ("Plon Plon") who died lately, was a son of Jerome, a brother of Napoleon I. That is to say, "Plon Plon" was a nephew of the great Corsican. "Plon Plon" has two sons living—Victor and Louis—and a daughter and a sister. The daughter is Letitia, and is the widow of Amadeus, an ex-King of Spain. The sister is Mathilde, who is the widow of Prince Demidoff of Russia. These, as intimated are the descendants of Jerome, one of Napoleon I.'s brothers. One other brother of Napoleon I. (Lucien) has living descendants, the most important of whom is the Cardinal Bonaparte. These are the only living members of the Bonaparte family whom the general reader will ever be likely to hear anything about except the ex-Empress Eugene, the widow of Napoleon III., who lost his throne in the Franco-German war of 1870-1, and who died in exile in England two or three years later. The Prince Napoleon who was killed by the Zulus in 1879 was called the Prince Imperial. He was the son of Napoleon III. and Eugenie.

Government of Russia.

Russia has no Parliament in the sense in which that term applies to the national Legislatures of England, France, Germany and other countries of Europe. Practically the whole executive, legislative and judicial power in the empire is united in the Czar. To enable the Government to be carried on, the administration is entrusted to four councils possessing separate functions. These bodies are the Council of the State, the Ruling Senate, the Holy Synod, and the Committee of Ministers. The Ministers project laws and prepare the budget, which they submit to the Council of the State for examination. The Council, however, is merely a consultative body in legislative matters and can not initiate alterations. The Senate's functions are partly deliberative and partly executive, while the Synod takes charge of the religious affairs of the nation. Each of these four bodies is dominated by the Czar, whose will virtually is law. The Czar, Alexander III., is 46 years of age, and the heir apparent, the Grand Duke Nicholas, is 23.

Blood-Horse Races.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 17.—The Directors of the Blood-Horse Association met to-day and decided that as the Bay District track was too muddy to race over, the races be postponed till next week. They will be held Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays of the next two weeks, closing May 2d.

Two men of Palmersville, Tenn., recently cut down a tree. On the trunk, about eight feet from the stump, was a gnarl which covered a little hollow. On cutting into the hollow, which had been completely overgrown, they found inside a frog which was lifeless but well preserved. By counting the grains it was estimated that the tree was at least thirty years old. The frog had been preserved for years in his air-tight home.

ON THE CARS.

The Story of the Revenge of a Deceased Snipe.

A Strong Lesson in Physics—Lieutenant Maydwell's Own Story—Specimens From Ladies' Canyon—Miss Snuffles' Prospective Matrimonial Experiment—A Faulty Directory.

Both were school-marms, and as the car whirled up J street they "talked shop."

"I was giving a lesson in physics the other day," Miss Oldboy was saying, "and I propounded a question which I was sure was going to stump the whole class."

"What was it?" asked Miss Pastforty.

"Why, I asked them why it was that a thin slice of cheese curls while being cut from the main body of the cheese."

"And did any——"

"Yes, that horrid Muncher boy, whose father keeps a restaurant, answered it right off. He said it was for the same reason that a man's nose curls when he gets near the cheese."

"Quite a strong reply," mused Miss Pastforty, and then they talked of the weather.

Lieutenant Maydwell has often been complimented on the freshness of his complexion, his spryness, his wealth of blonde, hair, cut a la pompadour, and the general youthfulness of his bearing.

And it does not annoy the genial Lieutenant a bit, either.

The latest on him, though, is such a clever one that the Lieutenant is distributing it widely himself. He told it to the car reporter the other day. It runs something like this:

Miss Maydwell, the Lieutenant's vivacious and pretty daughter, who is yet in her teens, had been invited to attend a party given by a friend, and asked her father to escort her to the place where the festivities were to take place. It was while the last of the guests were arriving that the Lieutenant and his daughter drove up, and were ushered inside. The Lieutenant conducted the young lady to the room set apart for the ladies to remove their wraps and cloaks, and left her at the door. Of course, the girls inside got a peep at the handsome Lieutenant and all eyes turned inquiringly to Miss Maydwell.

"Who's the swell?" "Where is he from?" "What is his name?" These and similar questions were showered upon the astonished young lady.

But she was not long in taking in the situation and recovering her mental equilibrium. With a mischievous smile she whispered: "Sh-h-h! Isn't he nice, though? He's just from Boston. And, girls, he's awfully rich!"

"Um-m-m!" was the chorus.

"That Snuffles girl is just crazy to get married," said Butts to his friend Snipes, pointing his finger out of the car window to where Miss Snuffles was standing.

"That so? Well, she oughtn't to have much trouble," said Snipes.

"Why so?"

"Well, she is quite pleasant and engaging in her manner, don't you know."

The deacon had been quiet for some time. The reason was that he was devouring the contents of the Colfax *Sentinel*, which contained quite a number of interesting items.

But suddenly the good old man was seen to remove his spectacles, polish them thoroughly on his bandana, don them again and then carefully go over a three-line item which appeared in the "brevity" column. He appeared to be greatly disturbed, and went through the spectacle-polishing performance again.

"Well, there is no doubt about it. There it is in black and white. Still I thought I knew every foot of ground in California. I never heard of such a place as that though. Wonder if—"

"What seems to be troubling you, deacon?" asked a friend who occupied the seat opposite to the old gentleman.

"Well, no trouble exactly—only I'm puzzled. Here read this item." And the deacon handed him the paper.

The deacon's friend also wore a a perplexed look after he read the item. It was worded as follows:

"Manuel Jackson came up from Ladies' Canyon on Monday and brought with him some handsome specimens."

"What's the matter with Blank?" asked Pike of the Count. "It was only a few months ago that he had his house all fixed up, and now I see carpenters and plumbers and painters all at work there again."

"Whew!" whistled the Count. "Didn't you hear about it? No! Well, then, if you don't want to get into trouble don't mention those plumbers and carpenters to Blank. He'll kill you if you do."

"Well what was it all about?"

"Listen and I'll tell you. It was not long after Blank's house was rejuvenated, when the family noticed a peculiar odor about the place. It was not exactly suggestive of new-mown hay—in fact, it resembled more the breath of a sick polecat. Blank and all the household hunted high and low for the cause, but in vain.

"The odor increased in volume and intensity as each day passed, and Blank's anxiety increased proportionately.

"He sent for the plumbers and upbraided them for incompetency. He was sure they had left a leak in the sewage, which caused the terrible stench, and he threatened them with litigation if they didn't hunt up the leak and fix it. The plumbers couldn't find it, and Blank was fairly dancing with rage. He sent for the carpenters then, and had them rip up the floors, pull out the walls and make havoc generally. And still the cause of that dreadful odor could not be located; still it intensified, and still Blank's mental condition became more alarming. He finally decided to move out and have the place fumigated—and if that didn't remedy the evil he swore he would set fire to the place. Well, they started in to pack up, preparatory to moving. Everybody was compelled to go about the house with their noses tightly gripped between their thumbs and forefingers. One express-wagon load of furniture had been sent away, and Mrs. Blank was getting the things out of a clothes closet when she made a discovery that came near winding up Blank's career. Hanging on one of the hooks was Mr. Blank's hunting coat, and in the pocket of that coat were the remains of an unfortunate snipe who had met his death about a month previous, in the vicinity of Walnut Grove, and by the means of Blank's trusty fowling-piece. It had been forgotten, and was having its revenge. The shock was too much for Blank, and he has not been well since."

"Well, I see the new City Directory is out," said Jones.

"Yes," said Smith, "and it's no good."

"What's the matter with it?"

"Well, I just looked over three or four pages of it, and I found at least a dozen names of people who are dead. I suppose the book is full of 'em. I suppose the excuse will be offered by the publishers that they put those names in so that their friends when they come to Sacramento will know where the absent ones are. But that won't go. When they started in on that style they ought to have made a better job of it. They haven't got the addresses of one of these dead folks in right, and it shows that they only half-did the business. Now, for instance, my friend Brown died several months ago and I'd like very much to know just where he is—whether or not he is living in a brownstone front near the Celestial plaza or in a hot-house on Fire avenue. If the directory would show that the fellow who stole my silk umbrella at church last winter was shoveling coal at the Satanic Soul Refinery, I would buy a dozen of the books right off. Then, again, it is almost certain that some of our merchants who have stepped out of the busy hum of trade are selling petroleum, pitch, turpentine, tar and other combustibles on Devilhoof street, and what is a directory good for if it doesn't give the character of the business the citizens are engaged in? I tell you, sir, it is a very incomplete production. Personally I do not think that a directory should be a catalogue for a cemetery, and if it is destined as a guide-book to a future world it should deal more minutely with the subject."

NAPA'S LATE GUESTS.

An Occasion Appreciated by Guests and Hosts.

The Napa *Transcript* makes the following editorial comment on the late meeting of the California Press Association in that city:

The event of the week has been the meeting in convention here of the editors and publishers of the California Press Association. Napa has many times and oft extended the right hand of fellowship to fraternity visitors, but never before has she had as her guests a similar body of men. They were not the "occasional contributors," the "supernumeraries," the "subs" or the "hangers-on" of the press. They were the owners and editors of papers that lead in counties of the State in which they are published. The advantages to accrue from their inspection of our valley, its towns and its institutions, are mutual. They having learned many things they did not know before about this part of the State, will go home and intelligently and truthfully discuss them and in that manner advertise the wealth of our resources to the world. Their visit places Napa in touch will all the balance of mankind—gives her prominence in columns before silent as to her existence. Our people were generous as they always are when hospitality is called for and the heartiness with which they received and entertained these writers for and directors of the press is creditable alike to their hearts and their business sense.

The California Press Association was organized two and a half years ago with about twenty members. It has now one hundred, and papers from "Siskiyou to San Diego and from the Sierras to the sea" are represented in it. The organization has from its inception had the good will and wise counsel of that brilliant and brainy man, William H. Mills, behind it. Mr. Mills is one of those self-made, independent, studious, high-minded, right-thinking men who cannot belong to any order or association without strengthening it. A native of Indiana, raised in the country, mastering the trade of an iron-worker, with few opportunities for acquiring an education early in life, he came to California in 1862, and by different avenues, though with one goal in view—that of highest honor and usefulness—he has reached that place at the head of the column where stand the really great men of this State. His first newspaper here was *The Rescue* (organ of the I. O. G. T.). Afterward he became, and now is, identified with the Sacramento RECORD-UNION. He is a born journalist, and in the best sense a many-sided man, brilliant in debate, fertile in thought, quick in resource, and a reader and thinker of depth, thoroughness and power. With such a man in its ranks, the California Press Association has much to inspire it, and with the growth that has characterized its history during the last year, its membership has a right to say it has come to stay.

A sow belonging to a farmer of Westtown, Chester County, Pa., died a few days ago, leaving six orphans. Upon the death of their parent the farmer filled her place by a big milk bottle with six little hose attachments.

Dr. Price's Baking Cream Powder.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

JOS. THIEBEN CROCKERY COMPANY.

We being sole agents for HAVILAND & CO. LIMOGE CHINA for Sacramento, we have just received our spring line, which consists of all the new designs in Plain White and Decorated patterns. We invite the public at large to call and examine our beautiful line of the above goods.

Full line of oddities in WHITE CHINA for decoration just arrived. Call early so as to get your pick, as there is mostly all samples among them.

We will be general agents for the world-renowned RAPID SAFETY WATER FILTER, which we would be pleased to show you.

THE LIVE CROCKERY HOUSE OF SACRAMENTO,

Jos. Thieben Crockery Company,

NO. 518 J STREET.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH, RED CROSS PENNYROYAL PILLS DIAMOND BRAND

THE ORIGINAL AND GENUINE. The only Safe, Sure, and reliable Pill for sale. Ladies, ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other kind. Refuse Substitutions and Imitations. All pills in pasteboard boxes, pink wrappers, are dangerous counterfeits. At Druggists, or send us 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials, and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO., Madison Square, PHILADELPHIA, PA. Sold by all Local Druggists.

Meeting Notices.

ENGLISH LUTHERAN. — REV. A. C. Bane will preach at Firemen's Hall TODAY at 11 A. M. No evening service, owing to the illness of the pastor. 1t

SACRAMENTO HUSSARS, ATtention!—You are ordered to appear at your armory TO-DAY at 11 o'clock A. M., in full uniform, for parade and picnic (Richmond Grove). By order THEO. SCHUMACHER, Captain. J. LINKS, Orderly Sergeant. 1t

Wanted.

INFORMATION WANTED OF JOHN McLEIGH, a native of Longhinisland, County Down, Ireland; was last heard of in 1886, at 120 I street, Sacramento, Cal.; is about 5 feet 8 inches tall, of slender build and fair complexion; age 38; communicate with his sister, A. M. JENNINGS, 139 Borden avenue, Long Island City, New York. 1t

DRESSMAKER WANTED—A GIRL TO work on waists; also an apprentice of some experience; will pay wages from beginning. MRS. STORMS, 207 O st. apl9-2t*

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A LADY shorthand and typewriter. Address, TYPEWRITER, this office. apl9-3t*

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WORKing housekeeper; country preferred. Apply at 800 M street. apl9-3t*

FOR RENT — NEWLY FURNISHED rooms, en suite or single; light housekeeping, if desired, at 727 J street. apl9-7t*

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework. Apply at 915 Fifth street, between I and J. apl9-3t*

WANTED — A DRAUGHTSMAN. ADdress, giving experience, X., this office. 1t*

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED HAND to work in Country Order Department; man or woman. Apply to C. H. GILMAN, Red House, after 9 o'clock A. M. apl8-3t

WANTED—DRESSMAKERS AND SEWing girls to call corner Eighth and I sts. and obtain lessons in scientific dress cutting free of charge for a few days only; classes day or evening. Patterns cut to measure; no fit, no pay. apl7-3t*

WANTED—A POSITION AS SECOND girl by a Scandinavian girl. Apply at 1018 Second street. apl6-7t*

A WIDOW LADY HAVING TWO BOYS wants four more boys or young men to board, lodge and do their mending and washing; terms reasonable. Address WIDOW, this office. apl6-3t*

WANTED—GIRLS WITH SOME EXPErience as trimmers, in the Millinery Department. Apply to C. H. GILMAN, Red House. apl1

WANTED—A THOUSAND HEAD OF cattle to pasture on the Hovenden Ranch (late the G. D. Connors Ranch), on the Cosumnes; also, a thousand acres for summer-fallow. Apply on the ranch to MR. GONZELL, Overseer. mr29-tf

WANTED — TEAMS. — PARTIES WITH teams or traction engines to take contract to haul three million feet of lumber; all summer's work. For further particulars address EL DORADO MILL AND LUMBER CO., Diamond Springs, Cal. fe14-tf

WANTED—MEN FOR FARMS, VINEyards, dairies and all kinds of labor; women and girls for cooking and general housework; plenty of work for desirable help. Apply at EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, Fourth street, K and L.

Lost—Found.

LOST—SATURDAY AFTERNOON A GOLD watch and fob chain. Return to W. ROTH, 415 J street, and receive reward. apl9-3t*

STRAYED—TO THE PREMISES OF GEO. Nethercott, 2401 L street, two mares. Owner can have the same by proving property and paying charges. apl6-5t*

$50 REWARD — LOST, PURSE WITH gold coin. The finder will receive the above reward at 1916 I street. apl5-7t*

To Let or Rent.

TO RENT—HOUSE OF NINE ROOMS, bath, gas; nice, quiet locality; a desirable home for the right parties. Apply at 722 Eighth street. apl9-6t*

TO RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS suitable for housekeeping; no children; price, $12. Apply at 900 L street. apl8-3t*

TO LET — A PLEASANT SUITE OF rooms, with privilege of bath, at 1222 I street; terms reasonable. apl8-3t*

TO LET—THREE NICELY FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping; centrally located; reference required. Inquire at this office. apl7-3t*

TO LET—AN ELEGANTLY FURNISHED bay-window room, with family board, at reasonable rates; gentlemen only. 721 H street. apl7-tf

TO LET — TWO NICELY FURNISHED rooms, with board, for two couples; opposite Capitol. 1114 N street. apl7-3t*

TO LET—FURNISHED ROOMS, DOUBLE and single; also housekeeping rooms, at 418 L street. apl5-14t*

TO LET—TWO ROOMS SUITABLE FOR barber or shoemaker's shop. Inquire at GROCERY STORE, Twelfth and D streets. apr14-7t*

TO LET— A NICE COTTAGE OF SIX rooms, bath and pantry, good location. Inquire at 1318 F street. apl2-tf

FOR RENT—340 ACRES OF GOOD PASture at Cothrin's Station, El Dorado County. Inquire of W. S. COTHRIN. mr31-tf

HOTEL OF 100 ROOMS, ALL FURnished, full of boarders and roomers, to lease; best location. Inquire at 1007 Fourth.

FURNISHED ROOMS AT CENTRAL House, from $5 per month upwards; also family rooms at low prices. HORNLEIN BROS., Proprietors. mr19-1y

TO LET—THREE TENEMENTS, THREE rooms each; also one house, 8 rooms, partly furnished (suitable for lodging or boarding-house); also some rooms, furnished or unfurnished, suitable for light housekeeping. For particulars apply at WOOD YARD, 401 I street. All cheap rent. mr6-tf

TO RENT—FURNISHED AND UNFURnished rooms, suitable for housekeeping; rents from $4 to $8. Inquire at 309 M st. fe6-tf

For Sale.

FOR SALE—AT TELEGRAPH STABLES, J street, between Twelfth and Thirteenth, two driving horses; bed-rock prices. Call and examine. apl9-3t*

FOR SALE — ACRE LOTS, FROM ONE acre to 30 acres, mile and a half south of Sacramento. Apply to STROBEL, 317 J. a18-7*

FOR SALE OR LEASE—A RANCH OF 40 acres, 30 acres in grain, 4 acres in vines, 4 acres in garden; house of 7 rooms, barn and other buildings; all inclosed by a good fence; located 15 miles southeasterly from Sacramento; price per acre, $32 50; a rare bargain. Apply to A. G. HOAGLAND, 1010 Fourth street. apl8-6t*

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE WHOLE OR a half interest in the International Hotel, Sacramento, Cal., with a long lease. Address W. A. CASWELL, Proprietor. apl7

FOR SALE—A THOROUGHBRED MARE, sired by Boots, out of Lady Stacy, by Norfolk, out of Wildide, etc.; she is a fine breeder and very gentle; also a thoroughbred Jersey bull. Apply to EDWIN K. ALSIP & CO., Sacramento. apl6-tf

FOR SALE—A BLOCK OF CAPITAL GAS stock for sale. Apply to STEPHENSON & HARTMAN, Real Estate and Insurance Agents, 1007 Fourth street. apl6-1w

FOR SALE—THE BEST SACRAMENTO River bottom-land ranch from Rio Vista to Red Bluff, only three miles from Sacramento City. The well-known Magowan ranch, consisting of 320 acres, every acre prime hop or alfalfa land. Improvements have cost more than is asked for the ranch to-day. Will be sold for $40,000 (less than half its value), if sold within ten days. It pays $5,000 annually used as pasture for horses from the city. For particulars apply to DR. G. M. DIXON, 700 J st., Sacramento, Cal. apr14-7t

FOR SALE—ONE 8x10 CAMERA, AND four double holders, two lenses and one burnisher. Inquire at ASHER'S, 810 J street. apr14-7t*

FOR SALE—240 ACRES GOOD LAND, well improved; good house and other buildings; near Roseville. Address MRS. H. SCHAPER, Roseville. mr31-1m

FOR SALE ONE OF THE FINEST AND largest saloons in the city; extra family entrance; best location; stock and lease. Inquire at this office. mr9-tf

FOR SALE OR TO RENT ON LEASE—TEN acres of bottom land, one mile below Washington, Yolo County; if sold will take small payment down. Apply to EDWIN K. ALSIP & CO., Real Estate and Insurance Agents, 1015 Fourth street. fe22-tf

FOR SALE—A HORSE, LIGHT BUGGY and harness. Will be sold cheap, as the owner has no use for the rig. The horse is gentle, only seven years old, drives single or double and is a nice saddle animal. Inquire at this office. apl-tf

C. H. KREBS & CO.,

EXCEL IN DOING FIRST-CLASS WORK in Paper Hanging, House Painting, Graining, etc., with the BEST of material and at MOST REASONABLE RATES. For our Paints, Oils, Artist Materials, etc., we claim GOOD QUALITY and FULL WEIGHT.

626 J STREET. apl4-1m

Proposals.

Proposals for Supplies

—FOR THE—

STATE INSANE ASYLUM

—AT—

STOCKTON.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ACT OF THE Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act Concerning the Insane Asylum of the State of California," approved April 4, 1870, and the existing law governing said institution, SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by N. M. ORR, Secretary of the Board of Directors of the Insane Asylum of the State of California, at his office, Nos. 209 and 211 Channel street, Stockton, up to 10 o'clock A. M., on

The 25th Day of April, 1891,

For furnishing the following supplies to the said Asylum for the term of six months, commencing May 1, 1891, and ending November 1, 1891. Said supplies consisting of the following schedule and to be delivered as ordered:

Groceries and Provisions.

10,000 pounds dairy salt.
200 pounds Palmetto starch.
300 pounds Duryea's starch.
10,000 pounds white pea beans.
8,000 pounds Bayo beans.
8,000 pounds China rice, No. 1.
30 gallons coal oil, best quality.
450 gallons wine vinegar.
12 dozen Bath brick.
12 half-barrels Columbia River salmon.
12 cases codfish, 100 pounds each.
56 reams straw paper.
300 pounds black pepper, in 5-pound cans.
100 pounds mustard, in 5-pound cans.
50 pounds ginger, in 5-pound cans.
50 pounds allspice, in 5-pound cans.
1,200 pounds best quality hams.
1,000 pounds salt pork, extra quality.
1,200 pounds thin A. & C. bacon, or bacon of equal quality.
1,200 pounds soda crackers, No. 1.
280 pounds best quality baking powder.
600 pounds rolled oats.
200 pounds pearl tapioca.
200 pounds sago.
600 pounds dried currants.
2,000 pounds dried apples, first quality.
3,000 dozen fresh California eggs.
10 gross safety matches, large size.
100 gallons mixed pickles, in 5-gallon kegs.
3 dozen olive oil.
12 boxes macaroni, No. 1.
12 boxes vermicelli, No. 1.
50 pounds bluing.
3 dozen hair floor brushes.
3 dozen counter brushes.
6 dozen mop handles, combination.
12 dozen scrub brushes.
3 dozen whitewash brushes.
300 pounds lard.
1,200 pounds hominy.
500 pounds corn starch.
150 pounds pearl barley.
150 pounds split peas.
6 gross clay pipes.

Oils.

80 gallons cylinder oil.
40 gallons machine oil.

Sugar and Syrup.

18,000 pounds extra C sugar.
10,000 pounds dry granulated sugar.
2,000 gallons American golden syrup.

Coffee and Tea.

9,000 pounds Costa Rica coffee.
1,800 pounds English Breakfast tea.
1,200 pounds Japan tea, uncolored.

Soap.

6,000 pounds laundry soap, bidders to furnish samples.
600 pounds sand soap, bidders to furnish samples.

Lye and Soda.

2,400 pounds concentrated lye.
6,000 pounds sal soda.

Flour, Bran and Grain.

1,200 barrels bakers' extra flour.
12 barrels Graham flour.
15,000 pounds cornmeal.
15,000 pounds cracked wheat.
20,000 pounds ground barley.
30,000 pounds bran.
10,000 pounds shorts.

Clothing and Hats.

100 dozen gray wool overshirts. (27 inches wide by 33 inches long.)
100 dozen hickory shirts. (27 inches wide by 33 inches long.)
60 dozen cottonade pants, canton flannel lined. (Size—Waist, 32 to 44; legs, 31 to 34.)
200 dozen wool socks.
12 dozen duck overalls, canton flannel lined. (Size—Waist, 32 to 44; legs, 31 to 34.)
30 dozen winter coats, to be furnished in the fall.
40 dozen wool Hats; size, 7 to 7⅝.
20 dozen suspenders.

Dry Goods.

1,500 yards 6-4 unbleached Pequot sheeting, full width.
1,000 yards bedticking (Amoskeag mills A. C. A.), 32 inches wide.
1,000 yards 4-4 unbleached Indian Head sheeting.
900 yards crash, Russian flax XX.
400 yards 4-4 Lonsdale muslin, bleached.
400 yards 4-4 Wamsutta cotton, bleached, O. XX.
200 yards 5-4 Pequot bleached sheeting.
500 yards Amoskeag cheviot.
500 yards York, 1.
500 yards Amoskeag A. F. C.—dress gingham.
100 yards table linen.
150 dozen Coates' cotton thread.
48 dozen ladies' cotton hose; size, 9 and 10.
15 dozen half-bleached huck towels—20x38.
4 dozen white bedspreads.
40 pounds drab linen carpet thread, 1-pound boxes.
12 dozen coarse combs.
12 dozen fine combs.
6 cases hair pins, 1 dozen boxes each.
12 gross pins.
1 gross steel thimbles, Nos. 8 and 9.

Shoes.

40 dozen men's brogans, from 7 to 11.
30 dozen men's slippers, from 7 to 11.
10 dozen ladies' kid fox shoes, from 3 to 7. (Sizes to be furnished as ordered.)

Blankets.

600 pairs California gray blankets, all wool and free from shoddy, weight 6 pounds. Will not be ordered before the 1st of October.

Cutlery, Crockery and Glassware.

12 dozen tumblers.
12 dozen saucers.
6 dozen pie plates.
2 dozen tubular lantern globes.
12 dozen cups and saucers.
12 dozen coffee mugs.
8 dozen soup plates.
8 dozen breakfast plates.
8 dozen dinner plates.
6 dozen chambers.
12 dozen table knives.
12 dozen table forks.
12 dozen iron tablespoons.
8 dozen iron teaspoons.

Furniture.

6 dozen chairs.

Brooms.

30 dozen California brooms, Nos. 2 and 3.

Ice.

40,000 pounds of ice.

Tobacco.

1,800 pounds of plug tobacco, quarter-pound plugs.
6 gross fine cut tobacco, in ounce packages.

Keg Butter.

18,000 pounds best fresh coast packed keg butter.

Fresh Dairy Butter.

5,000 pounds fresh dairy butter, No. 1.

Potatoes.

180,000 pounds potatoes, No. 1.

Fresh Beef and Mutton.

160,000 pounds fresh beef, No. 1, to be delivered in sides and cut up at the Asylum.
20,000 pounds fresh mutton, No. 1.

Coal.

800 tons of average coal, to be delivered on the wharf in Stockton as ordered, wharfage to be paid by contractor. Bidders are requested to also state price of furnishing coal on Asylum switch. Bidders are required to specify the kind of coal by naming the mine from which it is taken or using the name by which it is designated in commerce; 2,240 pounds will be required for a ton, the coal to be weighed at Stockton, at the expense of the Asylum, on scales licensed and employed for public use.

60 tons clean Wellington coal, or other coal of equal quality, to be delivered as ordered.

The above-named articles are all to be of the best qualities, subject to the approval of the Medical Superintendent, and to be delivered at such times and in such quantities as he may desire. And it is understood that if a greater quantity of an article than above mentioned shall be required by the Medical Superintendent, the same shall be furnished by the contractor at the contract price. The contract will be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder, and no bid will be considered unless accompanied with a written guarantee, signed by at least two responsible persons, that the party making the proposal will enter into contract and furnish bonds for the faithful performance thereof, provided the contract is awarded to said party.

Parties making proposals are specially referred to Section 3,235 of the Political Code, approved March 17, 1887:

Section 3235. No supplies of any kind or character for the benefit of the State, or to be paid for by any moneys appropriated or to be appropriated by the State, manufactured or grown in this State, which are in whole or in part the product of Mongolian labor, shall be purchased by the officials of this State, having the control of any public institution under the control of the State, or of any county, city and county, city or town thereof.

The Board reserves the right to reject all bids deemed too high or otherwise unsatisfactory.

Parties to whom contracts shall be awarded shall file bonds with the Secretary, N. M. Orr, on or before May 1, 1891.

Separate bids will be received for:
Groceries and Provisions.
Oils.
Sugar and Syrup.
Coffee and Tea.
Soap.
Lye and Soda.
Flour, Bran and Grain.
Clothing and Hats.
Dry Goods.
Shoes.
Blankets.
Cutlery, Crockery and Glassware.
Furniture.
Brooms.
Ice.