

DAILY RECORD-UNION

THURSDAY.....APRIL 30, 1891

ISSUED BY THE SACRAMENTO PUBLISHING COMPANY

Office, Third Street, Between J and K.

THE DAILY RECORD-UNION (Six Pages).

Published six days in each week, and THE SUNDAY UNION, (Eight Pages).

Published every Sunday morning, making a splendid SEVEN-DAY paper.

For one year.....\$6 00 For six months..... 3 00 For three months..... 1 50

Subscribers served by Carrier at FIFTEEN CENTS per week. In all interior cities and towns the paper can be had of the principal

Periodical Dealers, Newsmen and Agents. The SUNDAY UNION is served by Carriers at TWENTY-FIVE CENTS per month.

THE WEEKLY UNION, (Twelve Pages).

Is the cheapest and most desirable Home, News and Literary Journal published on the Pacific Coast.

The WEEKLY UNION per year.....\$1 50 The SUNDAY UNION alone per year..... 1 00

All these publications are sent either by Mail or Express to agents or single subscribers with charges prepaid. All Postmasters are agents.

The best advertising mediums on the Pacific Coast.

Entered at the Postoffice at Sacramento as second-class matter.

THE RECORD-UNION, SUNDAY UNION and WEEKLY UNION are the only papers on the Coast, outside of San Francisco, that receive the full Associated Press dispatches from all parts of the world.

Outside of San Francisco, they have no competitors, either in influence or home and general circulation throughout the State.

San Francisco Agencies.

This paper is for sale at the following places: L. P. Fisher's, room 21, Merchants' Exchange, California street; the principal News Stands and Hotels, and at the Mail and Express Office.

Also for sale on all Trains leaving and coming into Sacramento.

Weather Forecast.

Forecast till 8 P. M. Thursday: For Northern California--Fair weather; north to west winds; nearly stationary temperature.

Southern California--Fair weather; westerly winds; nearly stationary temperature.

RECIPROCITY AND PROTECTION.

The New York Tribune loses patience with the class of people who see in reciprocity only a modified form of free trade.

To all such free trade is a red flag, it excites their rage without any special reason within them, and they imagine that reciprocity is some sort of cheat to trick them into what they conceive to be free trade diabolism.

The Tribune says to all such that reciprocity admits that which we cannot best produce in return for that we wish to export, is not the foe of protection.

Of course our contemporary does not put it in just that way, but it is the drift and logic of what it does say.

When it announces that the essence of the protection policy is not touched by admitting free that which we cannot produce, it talks as if speaking to children.

We are unaware that anyone has ever claimed anything to the contrary.

After naming a number of articles that ought to come in free, or under reciprocal exchange, because years of high duties have proved our inability to raise them to better advantage, it says:

But the free admission of these products, while not an abandonment or weakening of the protective policy, can be made a means of broadening and strengthening the defenses of home industry by securing for its products larger markets.

Thus turned to account, the removal of duties on some things not here produced becomes a powerful protection of the home industry engaged in the production of other things.

If a treaty with Spain secures the admission of a million barrels of flour into Cuba, it adds about \$3,000,000 yearly to the foreign demand for American flour, and consequently to the protection of American flour-producers and wheat-growers.

The Tribune is progressing, and we shall expect to see it in time wholly upon the side of reciprocity.

At present it wishes to limit the exchange to import only of those things we cannot produce.

Such a policy, it declares, is real protection. All that our contemporary needs to embrace now is the legitimate extension of that rule, to-wit: Certain articles are either on the free list or rated under a low tariff.

The McKinley bill lets them in free, or practically so, regardless of the relations between the United States and the countries producing the untaxed articles.

Reciprocity, however, makes all countries consuming an article we produce for export, a portion of our territorial area, and to secure a permanent footing in it we agree to admit free something produced in such countries that we do not produce to so good advantage as we do the articles we wish to export, and exportation of which, by maintaining home industry, protects it.

The doctrine of reciprocity is that nearly all countries have some discriminating tariffs to modify the effect of the industries of one country upon those of another.

When one of these makes a tariff that necessarily discriminates in favor of the production of things it can produce to the best advantage, reciprocity then steps in and secures for those things we produce to least advantage admission from abroad, in exchange for the admission abroad of articles which we produce to best advantage.

The Tribune's reciprocity would appear to be shackled by the free listing of those articles only which we do not produce.

However, that strong protection journal is in the right drift, as indeed is the whole country, and that is towards reciprocity as a policy for strengthening and extending our export trade.

STATISTICS OF STRIKES AND LOCK-OUTS

The Boston Advertiser has collected the statistics of waste consequent upon strikes and lockouts between 1881 and 1886, both inclusive.

The employers' figures show that in the six years there were 2,214 strikes and lockouts.

Of these 564 were successful, and 1,359 were total failures; the remainder were partially successful.

The employers' direct loss was \$3,462,261 and the laborers and artisans lost \$8,157,717.

Pending settlement labor contributed to support of strikes \$1,106,638.

At the conclusion of the strikes the men who were refused places was 4,708.

The whole number put out by strike or lockout, was 175,270, of whom 52,958 were women and girls.

The employers' figures are very dissimilar. They claim 22,504 strikes

which 18,342 were ordered by labor organizations. They closed 13,411 establishments for 309,047 days in the aggregate.

The successful strikes numbered 10,375, and the total failures 8,910.

The remainder were partial failures. The losses of the strikers were \$31,814,723 and the employers \$30,761,522.

The assistance given strikers amounted to \$3,324,557, and at the end of the contests 25,788 men were left out of employment.

No matter which set of figures is accepted the lesson is the same--the strike and the lockout are disastrous to both sides.

As remedies they do not pay financially. The incidental, the direct, and indirect suffering cannot be shown in cold figures.

Of that no statistical table can be prepared. It is likewise impossible to calculate the pecuniary loss visited upon the wholly innocent, those having no part or concern in promoting either strike or lockout; the wheat between the upper and nether stone that is ground, no matter who wins.

All such activities are opposed to the spirit of the age. It is all well enough to say that these things are but the external evidences of internal forces in evolutionary development, out of which will come in fair time the greatest good to the races of men.

Such philosophy sounds grandly, but affords no satisfaction to those of the present time.

However true it may be, it does not lessen the need or reduce the duty to discourage these forcible efforts to bring about adjustment.

There is wrong on both sides, notably, in all great strikes and lockouts, and the middle ground is that most difficult to effect a meeting upon.

The unalterable natural laws that operate to mold the conditions of the employer and the employed, are in every case disobeyed or avoided on one side or the other, and most frequently by both.

The lesson of the strike and the lockout proves at least that neither is gainer in the long run, and that only when reason displaces passion, and the extremists are ousted by the conservative and broad-minded, can the strike and the lockout be avoided.

In seven cases out of ten coolness and business wisdom will adjust the differences out of which strikes arise, and of which flinty stubbornness on the one side, and passionate heat on the other, are usually the parents.

A CORRESPONDENT in another column urges business houses to close from 8 to 10:30 Saturday forenoon to enable employes to join in the celebration in honor of the President of the United States.

It is a good suggestion. In the two hours very little if any business will be done, and to keep nearly a thousand clerks and workers in the stores and shops will be to deprive them of a pleasure that comes but once in a lifetime.

We have no doubt whatever that if the committee in charge moves promptly, all proprietors of business places will agree to close their stores and shops.

To effect this, however, a general request will be inadequate. It needs agreement after conference with the proprietors.

That is to say, each will readily agree if he knows that his neighbor and competitor will be also bound.

A committee should therefore visit the business men and secure their signatures to an agreement to close.

The British Columbian Premier tells the Tacoma reporters that his people want reciprocity with the United States, but not unrestricted reciprocity.

Neither do we, for the matter of that. What the United States wants is reciprocal relations with foreign nations as to those things which they do not produce to the best advantage, but which we do.

In other words, we wish to enlarge our export trade because that fosters and protects home production. The same rule applies to the foreign nation; in exchange for what we export to best advantage, we agree to admit on like terms those things which we do not produce to best advantage, but which they do.

JOHN W. KEELY, of Keely motor fame, has at last explained all about his mysterious machine.

He takes two columns to tell it all, but the summary is enough and jams the whole business into a nut shell.

Here it is: I am making a sympathetic harness for the polar terrestrial force--first, by exciting the sympathetic concordance force that exists in the corporeal interstitial domain, which is concordant to it; and, second, after the concordance is established, by neutralizing thirds, sixths and ninths of this concordance, thereby inducing high velocities with great power by interstitial reaction, as associated with dominant thirds.

After this let no man expose his dense ignorance by saying he does not know precisely what the Keely motor is.

SOME correspondents assert that the importance the Italian Government has given to the New Orleans incident is due to a desire upon its part to check the emigration of Italian subjects.

This is far fetched. Italy has at command easier methods. This, however, is fact, that the New Orleans affair has quickened Italian emigration, intending emigrants hastening their departure under the fear that the United States may put up the bars.

The English press is greatly displeased with the President's Galveston speech.

Nothing rouses English ire so quickly as intimation of intention to compete with England for the trade of other countries.

If we are to believe our English cousins, they have gained, by some sort of mysterious pre-emption, a monopoly of trade with South America and Mexico, competitive interference with which by any one is an absolute offense.

TWENTY-SIX out of the forty-four States of the Union have adopted the ballot reform law, now that Ohio has swung into line.

There need be no fear now but that all possible errors and friction in the law will, by the experience of these States, be eliminated, and the system of the secret ballot be reduced to the nearest possible approach to perfection.

It is announced with what may be accepted as authoritative emphasis, that Secretary Blaine will not permit his name to be used as a candidate for the Presidency.

This should set at rest all speculation, and give the politicians a new direction for the exercise of their wits.

NOTE AND COMMENT.

The Advertiser's Gazette gives this sensible advice to business men: "Confine your advertisements to journals of established reputation. You may get less space for your money, but you will get better returns from your investment."

The Sutter County Farmer has entered upon its eleventh volume. The Farmer is an excellent local paper, and for ten years has done yeoman service in behalf of the Sacramento Valley.

Messrs. Wright & Patten have given up the publication of the Full River News, not being able to make it pay. The plant has been returned to Mr. McMillan, who will continue to publish the paper.

"Don't feel well," and yet you are not sick enough to consult a doctor--we will tell you just what you need. It is Hood's Sarsaparilla, which will lift you out of that uncertain, uncomfortable, dangerous condition, into a state of good health, confidence and cheerfulness.

Those complaining of sore throat or hoarseness should use Brown's Bronchial Troches. The effect is extraordinary, particularly when used by singers and speakers for clearing the voice. Sold only in boxes.

For ladies, the best and purest tonic is Angostura Bitter, which actually cures dyspepsia and tones up the system. Dr. J. G. B. Siebert & Sons, manufacturers.

BEECHAM'S pills cure bilious, nervous ills.

HOIT'S ADDITION TO THE TOWN OF LINCOLN.

Ira G. Hoyt has subdivided forty acres within the corporate limits of the town of Lincoln, Placer County, and is selling lots 50x125 feet at \$25 to \$55 each, payable \$10 \$20 cash, balance in monthly installments of \$5, without interest. Lincoln is the liveliest town on the railroad between Sacramento and Portland; over seventy new buildings, among which are two new churches, have been erected there during the past year, and the purchase of these lots, which are only ten minutes' walk from the depot, must certainly prove profitable to the buyers.

For maps and full particulars apply to A. C. FLEMING, Lincoln, or to STEPHENSON & HARTMAN, 1007 Fourth street, Sacramento. mra1-in

EAT CANDY

If you will but be sure to use SOZODONT right away, in order to carry off its injurious effects upon the teeth. All candy-eaters should carry SOZODONT with them if they wish to keep their teeth sound.

MISS KATE F. BYRNE, vocal teacher, will be in Sacramento Mondays, 1003 L street. ap21-1m\*

HAND-MADE CREAMS, 35 cents per pound; also finest quality of candies. JOHN AICEGA, 508 K street.

SAMPLE ROOMS, 1014 Sixth street, between J and K. Fine Wines, Liquors and Cigars. JACOB KEARNEY, Proprietor.

PAINLESS EXTRACTION OF TEETH by use of local anesthetic. DR. WELLDON, Dentist, Eighth and J streets.

New Advertisements.

D. J. MANNIX, CONTRACTOR OF PLASTERING, KAL-

soumiting and repairing in all its branches. Insulating of steam pipes and boilers a specialty. Center pieces, brackets and all kinds of plaster. Estimates for sale. Residence, 2215 O street; shop, 1220 J street. ap23-1f

CHILDREN'S MAY DAY FESTIVAL, GIVEN BY LADIES' MUSEUM ASSOCIATION at East Park, FRIDAY, May 1st. Games and dancing. Music by Noyes' orchestra. Admission--Adults, 25c; Children, 10c. ap23-1f

SPECIAL TO-DAY: BUTTER.....30 cents per roll HONEY, 1-pound frames.....10 cents COFFEE.....25 cents per pound

Choice Teas and Coffees.

PLAZA CASH GROCERY, CHAS. HOECKEL, Proprietor, Northwest Corner Tenth and J Streets. ap23-1f

A CARD.

Having purchased Mr. Louis Phillips' interest in the business formerly conducted under the firm style of S. S. Nathan & Co., I take pleasure in announcing to our numerous friends and patrons that I will continue the business at the old stand.

In thanking you most heartily for the many past favors I most earnestly ask for a continuance of the same. Having for these many years been identified with the clothing business in Sacramento, and knowing the wants of the trade, I shall, as heretofore, at all times endeavor to show everything that is new and stylish, as well as to serve you to my very best ability.

Cordially inviting one and all to call at the old and popular corner, Third and K. Very respectfully, S. S. NATHAN. ap23-1w

DISSOLUTION.

THE PARTNERSHIP EXISTING UNDER the name of S. S. NATHAN & Co. has been dissolved by mutual consent. LOUIS PHILLIPS, retiring partner, has the business at the old stand, northeast corner Third and K streets. He will collect all accounts due the late firm and pay all liabilities against it. S. S. NATHAN, LOUIS PHILLIPS. ap23-1th

C. EHMANN, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Fancy and Staple Groceries.

THE CELEBRATED STEPHENSON BUTTER Constantly on hand.

Berries and Other Fruits Received Daily.

1028 AND 1030 J STREET. GOODS DELIVERED FREE.

Tutt's Pills

This popular remedy never fails to effectually cure Dyspepsia, Constipation, Sick Headache, Biliousness And all diseases arising from Torpid Liver and Bad Digestion

The natural result is good appetite and solid flesh. Dose small elegant sugar-coated pills, easy to swallow. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Gale Bros. & Co.

Four New Jackets.

Out of our large assortment we pick out four to-day to show the range in prices:

\$5 Brown Vicuna Serge Jacket, vest front, collar and front trimmed with broad braid. Price, \$5.

\$10 Tan-colored Blazer of light-weight French broadcloth, with square-pointed turndown collar, trimmed in applique embroidery.

\$15 Tan-colored Jacket of Fine French Broadcloth, with Marie Stuart rolling collar, trimmed with escurial silk braid of contrasting shades, high Tudor sleeves.

\$20 Fine Black Corkscrew Reefer, faced front of rich Peau de Soie silk, slash pockets, silk gimp fastenings. A garment of quiet elegance.

Largest Stock of Boys' Clothing in the City.

50c to \$5.

These are the extreme prices on our new stock of Outing Overshirts--a stock exceptionally large and full of attractions.

This season we have new styles in Black Satine and Black Silk, which are now so much in vogue, as well as new favorites in silk stripes, madras cloth and cream serges.

Wooden Picnic Plates, 10 cents a dozen.

Paper Napkins, extra large size, good quality, 5 cents a dozen.

HALE BROS. & CO., Nos. 825, 827, 829, 831, 833, 835 K St., and 1026 Ninth St., SACRAMENTO, CAL.

New Advertisements.

THE NEW WEBSTER JUST PUBLISHED--ENTIRELY NEW.

WEBSTER'S INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY

A GRAND INVESTMENT for the Family, the School, or the Library. Revision has been in progress for over 10 years. More than 100 editorial laborers employed. \$20,000 expended before first copy was printed. Critical examination invited. Get the Best. Sold by all Booksellers. Illustrated pamphlet free. G. & C. MERRILL & CO., Publishers, Springfield, Mass., U. S. A.

Caution--There has recently been issued several cheap reprints of the 1857 edition of Webster's Unabridged Dictionary, an edition long since superseded. These books are given various names--"Webster's Unabridged," "The Great Webster's Dictionary," "Webster's Big Dictionary," "Webster's Encyclopedic Dictionary," etc., etc.

Many announcements concerning them are very misleading, as the body of each, from A to Z, is 44 years old, and printed from cheap plates made by photographing the old pages.

Amusements, Etc.

METROPOLITAN THEATER. CHAS. P. HALL, Proprietor and Manager

THIS (FRIDAY, SATURDAY) MAY WEEK (and Saturday Matinee) 1 & 2.

MR. ROLAND REED Supported by His Perfect Comedy Company.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY MATINEE. LLOYD'S ECCENTRIC COMEDY, "THE WOMAN HATER."

SATURDAY NIGHT, The New Success, "LEND ME YOUR WIFE."

PRICES--50 cents and \$1. No higher. Seats now on sale. ap23-1f

GRANGERS' PICNIC. TO BE HELD AT--GRAHAM'S GROVE (Near Elk Grove).

ON SATURDAY, MAY 23. MUSIC WILL be furnished by the Hussar Band. Regular trains will leave the depot at 8:50 and 10:50 A. M. Returning, will leave Elk Grove at 2:15 P. M. and 6:25 P. M.

There will be conveyances to carry passengers to and from the grounds. Fare each way, 10 cents.

Admission to the grove, free. ap23-1f

TURNERS' PICNIC.

THE THIRTY-SEVENTH ANNUAL PICNIC of the Sacramento Turn-Union will be held at Richmond Grove, SUNDAY, May 30. Admission, 25 cents. ap23-1m23

FIRST ANNUAL PICNIC GIVEN BY THE CARPENTERS AND JOINERS of Sacramento, on SUNDAY, May 3, 1891, at East Park. Name and respectable people admitted. Music by Flech, Jones & Watson. Admission, 50c; ladies free. ap27-1f

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

ON AND AFTER MAY 1, 1891, THE bakers of Sacramento will make loaves of bread larger and sell them at 5 and 10 cents a loaf instead of three loaves for 10 cents, as heretofore.

Sacramento Bakers' Protective Union. J. ROHR, President, ap27-1f

J. A. HAYNE, Secretary. ap27-1f

THE NEWS OF THE WORLD IS contained in the WEEKLY UNION.

J. L. Lewis & Co.

GOODS SOLD ON THE INSTALLMENT PLAN

EDISON'S NEW PROCESS.

The Wonder of This Century--A Vapor Stove Without Danger.

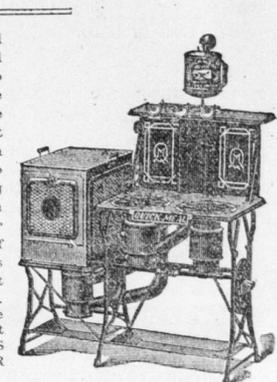
LOOK AT IT!

Three cents will cook a meal for an ordinary family. It will not take over five minutes to cook and set a meal on the table ready to be served.

The Edison New Process gives out no heat, no smell. It is an ornament in any house; no hauling, chopping and fussing with wood, coal or coke.

In fact if your wife, mother or sister, who have the cares of a family cooking to do, wants to save your health call and get one of these Vapor Stoves.

Remember that other gasoline stoves may be offered you, but be sure that you get EDISON'S IMPROVED SUB-BURNER STOVE. We are sole agents.



L. L. LEWIS & CO. 502-504 J and 1009 Fifth St., Sacramento.

Miscellaneous.

SUN SHADES AND PARASOLS.

Fast Black Gloria Sun Shades, paragon frame..\$1 35

Fast Black Saten Sun Shades, paragon frame 1 00

Fast Black Henrietta, Silk and Mohair Sun Shades..... 1 75

Twilled Silk Sun Shades, natural sticks..... 2 50

Twilled Silk Sun Shades, oxidized handles..... 3 00

Fine Silk Sun Shades, oxidized, natural and ebony handles.....\$4, \$5 and 6 00

Black and Colored Parasols from.....\$1 to 10 00

Our line is distinctly new and fresh, and you can depend upon getting the very best goods at lowest prices.

W. I. ORTM, 630 J St. SACRAMENTO STRAIGHT!

Once more we have shown our ability to keep nothing but the best, and as this is our aim to at all times have the very best thing in the market we have done more than we ever did before by being SOLE AGENTS FOR CALIFORNIA for the

INTERNATIONAL RAPID SAFETY FILTER.

A filter that filters the water as soon as you put the dirty water in, and one that you need not put a new bottom in every year. WE GUARANTEE OUR FILTERS FOR TEN YEARS. When down town kindly drop in and examine our RAPID FILTERS, which will be only too pleased to show you at

THE LIVE CROCKERY HOUSE OF SACRAMENTO, 518 J STREET. Our motto is: We aim to lead and let others follow.

HUNTINGTON HOPKINS COMPANY, Fishing Tackle, SACRAMENTO AND SAN FRANCISCO.

Fruits, Seeds, Produce, Etc.

W. R. STRONG COMPANY, HEADQUARTERS FOR--Alfalfa Seed, Etc.

Oregon Potatoes in Lots to Suit. S. GERSON & CO., WHOLESALE--Fruit, Produce and Commission Merchants, SACRAMENTO, CAL. P. O. Box 170.

W. H. WOOD & CO., Wholesale Dealers and Shippers of California Fruits, Potatoes, Beans, BUTTER, ETC., Nos. 117 to 125 J Street, Sacramento.

CURTIS BROS. & CO., General Commission Merchants, Wholesale Dealers in Fruit and Produce, 308, 310, 312 K St., Sacramento. Telephone 37. Postoffice Box 333.

EGENE J. GREGORY, FRANK GREGORY, GREGORY BROS. CO., SUCCESSORS TO GREGORY, BARNES & CO., Nos. 126 and 128 J St., Sacramento, wholesale dealers in Produce and Fruit. Full stocks of Potatoes, Vegetables, Green and Dried Fruits, Beans, Alfalfa, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Poultry, etc., always on hand. Orders filled at LOWEST RATES.

OLD BOURBON. Families should not be without it for medicinal purposes. 90