THE SUNDAY UNION.

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THE ITATA'S ESCAPE.

Secretary Tracy Takes Formal Action in the Matter.

THE SAN FRANCISCO ORDERED TO INTERCEPT THE VESSEL.

The Robert and Minnie Captured by a Deputy United States Marshal and Taken to San Diego Harbor—The Arms and Ammunition Said to Have Been on Board Had Disappeared, and are Believed to Have Been Transferred to the Itata.

Special to the SUNDAY UNION.

WASHINGTON, May 9.—It was not apparent this morning that the Navy Department is exercising itself greatly to recapture the Chilean steamer Itata. Secretary Tracy left the city early this morning, in company with Commodore Folger, to inspect officially the new ordnance proving-ground at Indian Head, about forty miles down the Potomac, without leaving any trace of order relating to the matter. So, if there is any serious disposition on the part of the Navy Department to send the Charleston in chase of the Itata, it would appear to have been abandoned, but there is reason to believe thet there is hope entertained by the Government officials that the Itata did not start at full speed for Chile. In the first place, it does not appear that she received the arms carried by the schooner Robert and Minnie, and in the second place, the dispatches stated she had started northward, which certainly is not the route from California to Chile. There is strong suspicion that she is lurking somewhere in the neighborhood of San Diego, waiting an opportunity to get the arms from the schooner.

At a late hour to-night Secretary Tracy sent a cable message addressed to Admiral Brown, commanding the San Francisco, at Valparaiso, Chile. The body of the dispatch was in cipher, of about two hundred words, and was signed "Tracy." From one who knows, it is claimed that Admiral Brown is ordered to steam northward along the South American coast and try to intercept the Chilean insurgent's boat Itota.

LATER.—It is stated positively to-night that the steamer Charleston has been ordered to the South American coast in the wake of the Itata. The San Francisco and Baltimore will sail northward. The Omaha will also take part in the chase.

THE ROBERT AND MINNIE CAPTURED.

LOS ANGELES, May 9.—The schooner Robert and Minnie was captured this afternoon about three miles from San Pedro by Deputy Marshal Anderson on board the tug Falcon. She made no resistance, and was towed into San Pedro harbor and tied up to the wharf. The arms said to have been on board her had disappeared, and it is believed they have been transferred to the steamer Itata.

Agent Burch and pilot Dill came ashore before the schooner was taken. Dill was arrested at San Pedro. Burch came to Los Angeles, and was traced to the Arcade depot, where he was waiting to take the train to San Francisco. Burch first denied that he was the man wanted, but afterwards acknowledged it, and was arrested by detective Harry Morse, and is now in the custody of the United States Marshal.

Burch says he landed the arms, but declines to say at what point, but it is supposed to be at Catalina or San Clemente Island. Marshal Gard, United States District Attorney Cole and Detective Harry Morse came up from San Diego this evening.

THE OMAHA.

SAN DIEGO, May 9.—The United States man-of-war Omaha steamed out of the harbor to-day and stood out to sea in a southwesterly direction. Commander Cromwell received a mass of correspondence in cipher, and it is understood that he has instructions to cruise around the Coronado Islands and San Clemente.

Marshal Gard, Deputy Spaulding and Detective Morse left for the north to-night with testimony as to now the Itata was manned when she left San Diego.

CARGO OF THE MONTSERRATT.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 9.—Referring to the New York special regarding the loading of the Montserratt with arms for Chile, John L. Howard, Manager of the Oregon Transportation Company, and one of the owners of the vessel, said to-day:

"I would state that the steamer has been under offer of charter both to J. W. Grace & Co., and to J. F. Chapman & Co., San Francisco representatives of Flint & Co., of New York; that Chapman had authority to charter her, but while awaiting advices respecting credits for the cargo, Grace & Co. made the firm an offer and secured the steamer to carry a cargo of merchandise and produce, consisting of hay, barley, wheat, flour and potatoes. It was made a condition that no arms or munitions of war should be offered as a cargo, and that the freight would be such as not to involve a risk or complications. The steamer has a right to examine every package offered, and in the event of any being contrary to the conditions of the charter they will be rejected by the steamer. Her assignees are Grace & Co., and she will report to them at Callao to unload at Iquique. The owners of the steamer will see to it that no arms or articles other than produce will go on board the steamer. She will begin loading May 10th, and will sail May 15th."

NICARAGUA CANAL.

It Will Prove of Vast Importance in Case of Trouble.

NEW YORK, May 9.—Warner Miller, who has just returned from Greytown, Nicaragua, says in regard to the canal: "Few people have any idea of the value of the canal to this country, but thinking men know it is an absolute necessity. I had a long chat with Secretary of the Navy Tracy, and he spoke of the imperative necessity of a canal. He said to me in war alone it would be of incalculable value. 'In such a state of affairs as exists at present between the United States and Chile,' said the Secretary to me, 'I could send the West India squadron into the Pacific Ocean inside of forty-eight hours. That is now impossible, and we must virtually sustain two navies. If the canal existed in fact the money now spent in the maintenance of the Pacific squadron could be spent for the benefit of the navy in its entirety, and the facility with which either ocean could be reached would enable us to save money in construction, repairs and equipment.' The canal will positively be finished in six years," concluded Mr. Miller. "It will take about $75,000,000 to finish it, and at present we have spent only about $5,000,000. Our plans are perfect, and we know to a pound just how much we must excavate."

SOUTH AFRICA.

Arms and Ammunition Being Sent to the Scene of Trouble.

LONDON, May 9.—The Wye naval store-ship starts for Africa to-day with a large quantity of provisions and ammunition, and will be followed shortly by the troop-ship Himalaya with reinforcements for the Cape. The Boer expedition is known to be thoroughly equiped with arms and ammunition, and is formed into a military organization for the purpose of meeting any enemy, native or British, that may obstruct the way. It is without artillery, but the rifles are largely of recent importation and of breech-loading pattern.

The Boers marched divided in four columns, the women and children with the wagons in each instance bringing up the rear, and a pioneer corps with daily relief cutting the way ahead. The progress will be slow, and it is believed that there will be ample time for the British troops to stop the "trek" before it has passed the bounds of Bechuanaland.

England has annexed a strip of territory which was hitherto unprotected on the western frontier of Bechuanaland in order to prevent the threatening "trek" of the Boers and Damatas.

Postal Changes.

WASHINGTON, May 9.—California Postmasters were appointed to-day as follows: J. T. Milne, at Benton, Mono County; W. J. Murphy, Lakeside, San Diego County.

The special postal service to Posto, in Monterey County, will be discontinued from June 30th. The Star service is established between Monterey, via Sur, to Posto and back three times weekly.

Herbert S. Jackson, at Highland Springs, California, and Robert McPherson, at McPherson, California, have been commissioned Postmasters.

Nebraska's Gubernatorial Squabble.

OMAHA (Neb.), May 9.—The City Council to-night adopted the following:

WHEREAS, One John M. Thayer has been invited to attend the reception to President Harrison in this city next Wednesday; therefore be it

Resolved, That he be treated as a private citizen, and not as Governor of Nebraska, and that he be considered a usurper of the office he now holds.

Five Republican Councilmen voted against the adoption of the resolution.

Two Firemen Fatally Injured.

CHICAGO, May 9.—A small fire in the basement of a laundry on North Clark street resulted disastrously to the firemen to-day. A dozen men went into the basement to extinguish the flames, when a large can of gasoline exploded, fatally injuring two and painfully burning and bruising the others.

The Rio Grande Still Rising.

SANTA FE, May 6.—The Rio Grande has risen over a foot at Espanola within the past twenty-four hours. The situation in the lower valley is very serious, and this rise will make it worse. At La Jorka it spread out on either side of the Atchison track, and is one mile wide.

AT THE GERMAN CAPITAL.

THE REICHSTAG ADJOURNS UNTIL NEXT NOVEMBER.

The Closing Tussle Was Over an Amendment to the Government's Sugar Bill.

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BERLIN, May 9.—The Reichstag to-day finally passed the sugar bill by a vote of 159 to 126, and approved the spirit-taxation amendment bill. The house then adjourned until November 11th, after giving three cheers for the Emperor.

The week was full of legislative work. The trades-regulation bill, which had been before the house for a year, passed by a large majority. The only opponents were the Socialists.

The closing tussle over the sugar bill arose from the amendment offered by a member of the Center party, providing that a consumptive tax of eighteen marks be levied, and that the bounties be gradually abolished within five years, one and one-quarter marks being given during the first three years and one mark for the following two years. The sugar members warmly opposed the amendment.

Chancellor von Caprivi supported the proposal, and declared that if the amendment was rejected, the Government would bring in a bill next year which would make provision for a transition period for the abolition of the bounty. Upon this declaration of the position they gave way.

The act of the Brussels anti-slavery conference was also adopted. The talk in the lobby attributed the expedition with which the Reichstag closed to the fears of the Government of the sudden apparition of Bismarck in the House with a bombshell utterance against the Austro-German commercial treaty, the Government labor measures, and its general international policy. Deputies Stumm and Kandorff went to Friedricksruke Wednesday, with the object of asking the Prince what his intentions are.

Bismarck advised an energetic opposition to the sugar bill, and promised to lead an active aggression against the Government's projects when he took his seat in the House. He would not appear as a leader of any party. His sympathies remained with the old Cartellers, and it grieved him to see the former coalition broken and the factions attacking each other.

The tenor of the Prince's speech confirms the predictions regarding his attitude in the Reichstag. The Prince wants to form a coalition of the Conservatives and National Liberals against the Government. The Emperor's perception of coming danger incited him to give expression to his stand in his speech at Dusseldorf, which was an outspoken menace against systematic opposition.

The depreciated esteem in which Koch's method is held was plainly expressed during the course of to-day's debate in the Lower House of the Prussian Diet. On a vote for a grant of 165,000 marks for the Koch Institute, the supporters of the vote spoke in an apologetic manner. Herr Graff, a member of the center party, said it had been widely acknowledged that the lymph was of value as an aid in diagnosis, but the chief interest of the public lay in its curative powers, and as a remedy for tuberculosis. Despite the relative failure of the remedy, the discovery of Koch was a scientific achievement of the first order, and the members were, therefore, bound in honor to concur in the grant asked for.

Professor Virchow opopsed the grant, and vigorously denounced Kochism, claiming that it had proved a failure. Nevertheless, the grant was adopted.

Princess Bismarck is seriously ill with asthma. She finds great difficulty in breathing, and has frequent fainting attacks.

Mme. Blavatsky's Death.

NEW YORK, May 9.—William Q. Judge, General Secretary of the American Section, Theosophical Society, this evening issued the following: "So many rumors and statements having appeared to the effect that Madame Blavatsky died three weeks ago and her death concealed until yesterday, I beg to say that a cable from her Private Secretary says she died on Friday, the 8th of May."

Half a Million Dollars Losses.

ALLISON (Ont.), May 9.—The losses by yesterday's fire will aggregate half a million dollars, with a total insurance of about $140,000. One hundred and thirty business houses were destroyed.

DUMPED INTO THE CREEK.

Serious Accident on the S. F. and N. P. Railroad.

A FREIGHT TRAIN RUNS THROUGH AN OPEN DRAWBRIDGE.

A Pioneer Resident of Auburn Found Dead in His Bed—The Funeral of the Late John F. Swift to Take Place To-day With Military Honors—A Vigilance Committee Send a Warning to an Oregon Editor.

Special to the SUNDAY UNION.

SAN RAFAEL, May 9.—This morning at 3 o'clock a section of the through freight train on the Donahue line, bound north, was dumped into the creek near the patent brick yard. The train was in charge of Conductor J. R. Smith.

It is the custom when an extra heavy train is on this run to cut or divide the train into sections of about six cars each when going over steep grades, saving the time of an extra engine.

Shortly after 2 o'clock this morning the first section of the train was started, six box-cars being in the lead and the engine pushing. Reaching the north end of Tunnel No. 5, the engine let go and started back to San Rafael for the second section. The brakeman on the first section let his cars run, the grade being downward, and when near the brick yard, seeing the white light on the bridge, he concluded that everything was all right. Suddenly a red light was seen, being waved violently, but the signal came too late. The impetus the train had gained during its two-mile run on the down grade could not be checked, and the train ran into the creek.

The brakeman managed to jump from the train as the last car went over.

As soon as the accident happened the bridge-tender, Thomas Nefsy, skipped out and has not been seen since.

Travel on the road has not been interfered with to any great extent. The passengers are transferred at either side of the creek and no material difference in time is made.

The steam shovel and wrecking apparatus of the company are on the ground, and it is expected that the debris will be cleared away and the road in thorough running order by Monday.

The cars that went over were all loaded with general merchandise.

THE LATE JOHN F. SWIFT.

Arrangements Completed for the Funeral To-day.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 9.—The funeral ceremony over the remains of the late John F. Swift, United States Minister to Japan, will take place at Trinity Church at 2 P. M. to-morrow. The services will be conducted by Rev. J. Sanders Reed. Admiral Benham and staff, General Ruger and staff and United States Army officers, the foreign Consuls, General Dimond and staff, General Dickinson and staff, Federal officials, the Mayor and Board of Supervisors and members of the Bar Association will be present, they having accepted invitations. The United States troops will be commanded by Colonel W. R. Shafter.

Ex-Senator Newton Booth, a warm friend of the deceased, has been invited by Mrs. Swift to act as a pall-bearer.

The order necessary to call out the entire Second Brigade, N. G. C., with the exception of the Fifth Infantry, for escort duty, has been issued by General Dickinson. The Light Battery of the Second Artillery and the San Francisco Hussars will parade dismounted. The army will furnish an escort of five companies of the First Infantry, two troops of cavalry and several batteries of artillery. A salute will be fired by a light battery near the cemetery while the procession moves, and at Laurel Hill a volley will be fired by a battalion of the United States infantry. A salute will be fired by the cruiser Charleston.

AN EDITOR WARNED.

He is Called Upon to Apologize for an Article He Wrote.

GERVAISE (Or.), May 9.—Editor McCollum, of the Gervaise *Star*, has received a letter from Vancouver, Wash., signed "Vigilance Committee," calling upon him to apologize for a certain alleged insult to the United States army through the columns of his paper several days ago.

The *Star*, in an editorial, commented on the lynching of Hunt by soldiers at Walla Walla, and yesterday the editorial was reprinted in the *Oregonian*.

Among other things, the *Star* said the act was done by a mob of low-bred and vicious soldiers, of which the army is and has been composed for some time.

The committee request McCollum to make a full apology through the *Oregonian*, and state that unless such apology is forthcoming they will pay him "a nightly visit."

The Empress of India Sails.

VANCOUVER (B. C.), May 9.—The steamship Empress of India sailed this morning at 6 o'clock with 105 passengers and 1,400 tons of cargo. She carried the first through English mail for Japan and China, consisting of forty-six bags.

George Francis Train was expected to go on board off Victoria. He is now on his second globe-circling tour and is trying to beat his former record of sixty days by five days.

Death of Charlotte J. Waterman.

SAN DIEGO, May 9.—Charlotte J. Waterman, sister of ex-Governor Waterman, died at the family residence this morning. The deceased was 78 years of age, and had been in moderately good health up to the time of the death of her brother. This brought on a serious shock to her system, which resulted in nervous prostration. She never recovered, and from that time on she has failed rapidly, until her demise this morning.

Excitement in Political Circles.

MERCED, May 8.—There is an excitement in political circles here. The Board of Supervisors brought to light that the County Auditor and Treasurer have paid out some $3,000 of the county money for a road right-of-way which was not approved or authorized by the board. The road may be accepted by the board. If so, things will be smoothed over, but if not the bondsmen may have to stand it.

Small Fire in the Palace Hotel.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 9.—Fire started in the new billiard-room at the Palace Hotel to-night, but was extinguished before much damage was done. The fire was caused by sparks from an unprotected electric light dropping on the board scaffold.

Found Dead.

AUBURN, May 9.—T. E. Stephens, a merchant and well-known pioneer resident, was found dead at his residence this morning. He had fallen from his seat in such a way as to strangle himself. An inquest will be held.

Olsen Murder Case.

MERCED, May 9.—Argument in the Olsen case was continued until Monday next, on account of the illness of Pat Reddy, attorney for the prosecution, who will make the opening speech.

Ex-Minister Taft.

SAN DIEGO, May 9.—Ex-Minister Taft's condition is about the same as at the last report. His recovery is now considered hopeless.

Transit of Mercury.

LICK OBSERVATORY, May 9.—The transit of Mercury was successfully observed here, and many photographs were taken.

DECLARED A DRAW.

George Siddons and Tommy White Fight Forty-Nine Rounds.

FORT WAYNE (Ind.), May 9.—The much-advertised fight between George Siddons and Tommy White took place in this city this evening.

The first round led off lively, but for the first few rounds neither men were much injured. White, however, had the best of the fight up to the twentieth round, when the tide turned in favor of Siddons, and up to the thirty-second round White was quite weak and groggy. After that he took fresh courage, but up to the thirty-fourth round the fighting was weak.

The fight was declared a draw at the end of the forty-ninth round.

Siddons injured his hand in the forty-fifth round, and had his left eye closed. White's upper lip was badly swollen, and he was weak.

Russian Finances.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 9.—The *Novoe Vremya* declares when the negotiations for the new loan were about concluded in Paris the Rothschilds made demands in regard to the treatment of the Hebrews in Russia, which the Russian Minister of Finance rejected. The Rothschilds, the *Novoe Vremya* adds, thereupen withdrew from the negotiations, but the object, in view of the depression of Russian securities, failed. Although the Rothschilds may cause a temporary delay in the projected conversion of foreign loans, they cannot influence the conversion of the internal debt.

Major-General Miles Returns.

CHICAGO, May 9.—Major-General Miles and family returned to-day from an extended trip through Mexico and the West. The General reports a great change in the attitude of the Apaches in New Mexico since the deportation of their mischief-making leaders to Florida, and has little fear of further trouble with them.

THE PRESIDENT.

WARM RECEPTION TENDERED HIM AT SALT LAKE.

A Few Words of Advice to the People of the Mormon Metropolis.

Special to the SUNDAY UNION.

SALT LAKE, May 9.—The Presidential party arrived here at an early hour this morning and had a splendid reception, in which all residents joined. The city is gaily decorated. Escorted by Governor Thomas, Mayor Scott and a large delegation of citizens, the party proceeded to the Walker House and partook of a champagne breakfast.

They then took places in a procession composed of United States troops, State guards, Grand Army men and other societies and citizens. The party stopped at Liberty Park, were a formal address of welcome was made by Governor Thomas and Mayor Scott. Responses were made by the President, Postmaster-General Wanamaker and Secretary Rusk.

The President, in his remarks, spoke of the interest he had always taken in the Territories, congratulated the people of Utah on the progress made in a material way, etc., and said: "You have all the elements of a great commercial and political community. You may well step forward confidently and progressively in the development of great material wealth. The great characteristic of American institutions, the compact of our Government, is that the will of the majority, expressed by legal methods at the ballot box, shall be the supreme law of all our community. The purity of the ballot box, those wise provisions and that careful guardianship that shall always make the expression of the will of the people fair, pure and true, is an essential thing in American life. We are a people organized upon a principle of liberty; but, my good countrymen, it is not a license, it is liberty within and under the law. [Great applause.]

"I have no discord, as a public officer, with men of any creed, religious or political, if they will obey the law. [Applause.] My oath of office, my public duty, requires me to be against those who violate the law. The foundation of an American life is an American home. That which distinguishes us from other nations whose political experience and history has been full of strife and discord, is an American home, where one wife sits in single, uncrowned glory. [Great cheering.] I beg to assure you that every hope you have for safe running is on these lines of free government, on these lines of domestic and social order. I have for every one of you the most cordial greeting, and with you in your most gorgeous hopes. God bless and keep you and guide you in the paths of social purity, order and peace, and make you one of the great commonwealths of the American Union." [Great cheering.]

The visitors were then taken to the new Chamber of Commerce and the President formally opened the building for business. He afterward reviewed the public school children on East Brigham street.

The Presidential party paid a short visit to the Mormon Tabernacle and other points of interest. While there the President shook hands with 2,000 people.

At noon the party left for the East.

VISIT TO THE SUGAR FACTORY.

CLEAR CREEK (Utah), May 9.—The run of the Presidential train from Salt Lake over the Rio Grande Western Railway was a continuous ovation, the people at each point visited being very demonstrative in their welcome. The first stop was at the sugar factory, just east of Lehi, where the President, addressing the crowd, said: "This sugar industry you have established here is very interesting to me, and I hope is to open the way to a time when we shall have a home supply for every household."

At Provo the travelers were greeted with a national salute, and children were drawn up in line. The President, Postmaster-General and Secretary Rusk spoke. A cordial reception was also accorded the party at Springville.

GREETED BY THE MINERS.

GREEN RIVER (Utah), May 9.—The people of Castle Gate, a mining station on top of a spur of the Wahsatch Mountains, turned out en masse to welcome the President and party. When the train rolled in at 8:30 o'clock this evening it was greeted with a national salute from dynamite cartridges, exploded by electricity. The President made a short complimentary address to the people from the rear platform.

RAGING FOREST FIRES.

Miles of Flames on the Lower Peninsula of Wisconsin.

SEVERAL TOWNS IN DANGER OF BEING SWEPT AWAY.

Mayor Shakespeare of New Orleans Will Ask for the Recall of the Italian Consul at that City, the Latter Having Addressed a Communication to the Foreman of the Grand Jury Charging that a Committee Appointed by His Honor Premeditated the Murder of the Italians.

Special to the SUNDAY UNION.

DETROIT, May 9.—A fire is raging in the upper central counties of the lower peninsula to-day, the like of which has never been known. The line of flames reaches, almost without a break, from Mason County, on Lake Michigan, to Iosco County, on Lake Huron, with the forests of Lake, Osceola, Clare, Gladwin, Ogemaw and Alcona all ablaze.

Another fire of scarcely less magnitude exists on the upper peninsula. The line of the Duluth, South Shore and Atlantic Railway, through Marquette, Houghton, Baraga, Ontanagon Counties, is in the path of the flames. Two railroad bridges have already gone, and the telegraph lines are in bad shape. Fears are entertained that the fire will reach some of the towns.

Last night the flames swept into Osceola and burned out $200,000 worth of property. Great apprehension is felt at Ausable.

An appeal for help has been sent to Alpena. It is feared that the city will be swept away if the wind shifts. Thousands of acres of pine are burning.

Additional reports now coming in show that a widespread district is devastated.

Reports from Marquette, Michigan, say that forest fires are burning all over the copper country. At Chassell several farm houses and barns went up in the smoke, and a bridge was consumed. At Sturgeon River the Thomas Neston estate and the Diamond Match Company lose heavily. Lake Superior, from Marquette to Keweenaw Point, is fairly black with smoke, and all fog whistles are kept blowing constantly. The loss will be very heavy.

At Tawas, on the east shore, for two days past the air has been thick with smoke from immense forest fires raging in the woods back of town, and which extend clear to the county line.

Ishpeming is surrounded by fire, but no damage has been done to the town. Telegraph poles and railroad ties are being destroyed, and communication is likely to be cut at any time. Nothing but a drenching rain of two days' duration can prevent tremendous damage.

IN NORTHERN WISCONSIN.

MILWAUKEE, May 9.—Reports from northern Wisconsin are that the heavy rains last night have checked the forest fires in many localities. The principal damage has been to standing timber. The Wisconsin Central and Omaha roads have been caused considerable trouble by the burning of bridges. Smoke from the forests hangs like a dense fog over the towns, and adds to the apprehensions of the inhabitants. Fierce fires are burning in Shawnee County.

CALL FOR AID.

GEAND RAPIDS (Mich.), May 9.—Deer Lake, near Reed City, a hundred miles north, has telegraphed to this city for aid and a steamer. The forests are on fire, and the Osterhout and Fox immense lumber yards, with $250,000 worth of lumber, are surrounded by flames.

AN INDIGNANT OFFICIAL.

The Mayor of New Orleans Will Ask for the Italian Consul's Recall.

NEW ORLEANS, May 9.—On the 7th instant, Mr. Corte, Italian Consul at this city, addressed a communication to Foreman Chaffre, of the Grand Jury, charging, among other things, "that an extra judicial body appointed by the Mayor from the beginning premeditated for political purposes the killing of the prisoners."

This statement has given the Mayor great offense, the extra judicial body to which reference is made being the committee of fifty appointed by his honor immediately after the killing of Chief Hennessey.

That they should be characterized as a murderous body for political purposes has occasioned great indignation. The committee has commenced the preparation of a report which will give in detail their connection with the matter. This will be submitted to the Mayor and Council on Tuesday, and on the basis of the report, the Mayor will take the necessary action leading to the recall of the Italian Consul.

Y. M. C. A.

Resolution Passed Against Opening the World's Fair on Sunday.

KANSAS CITY, May 9.—In the Y. M. C. A. Convention to-day the Committee on Resolutions presented resolutions on the subject of the World's Fair. The resolutions provide for an exhibit of the association at the fair, and requests its managers to keep the exposition closed on Sunday "in deference to what we believe is practically the unanimous sentiment of all churches with which we are united, and in accordance with the example set by the Centennial Exposition in 1876."

Colonel Dyer of Minneapolis offered a motion that the secretaries all over the country write to the probable exhibitors all over the country asking them to make the appearance of their exhibitions contingent upon the closing of the fair on Sunday.

This motion and the resolutions were unanimously adopted.

TURF EVENTS.

Result of Yesterday's Races in the East.

NASHVILLE, May 9.—This was the closing day of the races. The track was fast, and the attendance ten thousand.

First race, for two-year-olds, four furlongs, Van Cluse won, Jean second, Mount Clair third. Time—:50½.

Second race, for three-year-olds and upward, seven furlongs, Roley Bowley won, Pick Up second, Redsign third. Time—1:28¾.

Third race, for three-year-olds and upward, five furlongs, Colonel Cox won, Ithaca second, Lord Tom Himyar third. Time—1:04.

Three-year-olds and upward, seven furlongs, Brazos won, Sir Abner, second, Duke of Highlands third. Time—1:28¾.

Handicap for three-year-olds and upward, mile an eighth, Atticus won, Fayette second, Miss Leon third. Time—1:54¼.

Three-year-olds and upward, five furlongs, Hardee won, Gray Eagle second, Friendless third. Time—1:02¼.

AT LEXINGTON.

LEXINGTON, May 9.—First race, three-year-olds and upward, six furlongs, Laura Davidson won, Happiness second, Dan H. third. Time—1:16.

Second race, for two-year-olds, nine-sixteenths of a mile, Lord Clayton won, Coverton second, Leumbra third. Time—:57½.

Third race, for three-year-olds and upward, fifteen-sixteenths of a mile, Yale '91 won, Sportsman second, Harry Smith third. Time—1:35¾.

Fourth race, for three-year-olds, mile and an eighth, Kingman won, Michael second, Bermuda third. Time—1:53¼.

Fifth race, for two-year-old maiden fillies, four furlongs, American Lady won, Rapidity second, Celerity C. third. Time—:51¼.

AT WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, May 9.—Three-quarters of a mile, Hemet won. There was a dead heat between Vance and Village Kid for second. Time, 1:15½.

Mile and an eighth, Lotion won, Kyrle H. second, Iceberg third. Time, 1:55¼.

One mile, Syracuse won, India Rubber second, Lotion third. Time, 1:42.

Five and a half furlongs, Fitz Lee won, Basil Duke second, Benjamin third. Time, 1:00.

Mile and a sixteenth, Costa Rica won, Gypsy Queen second, J. J. O'B. third. Time, 1:50.

Five-eighths of a mile, Ella won, Krikena second, Edmonia third. Time, 1:03.

Murderer Hanged.

OTTAWA (Ill.), May 9.—William Rudolph, alias Charles Ford, was hanged at 10:11 this morning. It was only lately discovered that the real name of Charles Ford, who was hanged to-day for complicity in the murder of David Moore, a traveling lumber salesman of Omaha, was William Rudolph, and that instead of being of Irish antecedents his parentage was German. Up to the last moment Rudolph displayed the wonderful nerve which characterized him from the beginning of the trial, and, with the exception of emotion displayed at the meeting of his wife, no other sign of feeling was shown by the murderer.

Land Decisions Affirmed.

WASHINGTON, May 9.—In the case of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company against Evan James, involving land in the San Francisco District, on appeal of the railroad company the decision of the Commissioner was affirmed.

In the appeal of J. A. C. Reeder, involving land in the San Francisco District, the decision of the Commissioner is affirmed.

In the case of Eugene Pannenburg against Mario Bennie, involving land in the Los Angeles District, the decision of the Commissioner is affirmed.

Jubilee Stakes.

LONDON, May 9.—The Kemptor Park Jubilee stakes was won by North's five-year-old Nunthorpe.

CRIMES AND CRIMINALS.

PASSENGER TRAIN HELD UP ON THE SANTE FE ROAD.

A Doctor Arrested in Boston on a Charge of Murdering Josephine Barnaby.

Special to the SUNDAY UNION.

GUTHRIE (D. T.), May 9.—The southbound passenger train on the Santa Fe road was held up to-night at about 11:30 o'clock by five masked men. The gang is supposed to have been the notorious Dalton boys, who have been seen in this neighborhood recently. They boarded the train at Wharton, and detached the engine and express car, and then proceeded two miles south and robbed the express car of all the money it contained. It is believed that the amount stolen is not very large.

The passengers were not molested, but a more frightened lot cannot be imagined. The bandits informed them when they proceeded down the track with the engine and express car that they were to remain with the coaches in order to secure themselves. They obeyed.

A DOCTOR ARRESTED FOR MURDER.

BOSTON, May 9.—The *Globe* will say tomorrow: By order of Colorado authorities, Dr. T. Thatcher Graves is tacitly under arrest for the murder of Josephine A. Barnaby. Through adroit detective work, the necessary evidence to insure the indictment has been secured, and Dr. Graves is now bound West, not for the purpose of giving testimony before the Grand Jury, but to be within the jurisdiction of Colorado, where he will be formerly indicted on Tuesday next if evidence obtained and now in the hands of the State, if Attorney Stevens of Denver is to be believed.

Dr. Graves has confessed sending a mysterious bottle to Denver and to writing an inscription upon it. He asserts that the bottle contained pure whisky when it was mailed in Boston, and that any poison therein contained must have been added after the package left his possession.

TWO MEN SHOT DOWN.

NEWPORT (Tenn.), May 9.—Two neighbors, Berry Holt and William Holdway, had trouble over a tract of land. Yesterday a law suit was decided in favor of Holdway. This morning, while William Holdway, Jr., and Pleasant Holt were moving a fence according to the decision, Rufus Holt, son of Berry Holt, shot them both and fled.

KILLED BY HIS WIFE.

CHICAGO, May 9.—While in jail in the suburban town of Austin this evening Alfred Townsley, a gambler, was shot and killed by his wife, who has of late been separated from him, residing in Lafayette, Ind. The charge against Townsley was that of many times repeated criminal assaults upon his 18-year-old stepdaughter, whose father was Townsley's brother. Mrs. Townsley was arrested. There was no witness to the tragedy.

BURNED HERSELF TO DEATH.

HAZLETON (Pa.), May 9.—Mrs. Donnelly, aged 110, committed suicide to-day by setting fire to her bed. She had of late been infirm, and the neighbors, who have kept her for the past twenty years, decided to send her to the almshouse, where she would receive good care. She suspected this, and rather than suffer what she considered an indignity, burned herself to death.

KILLED HIS MISTRESS AND HIMSELF.

LOGANSPORT (Ind.), May 9.—Martin Grener killed Anna Kiester, his mistress, and afterwards himself here to-day with a pistol. Jealousy was the cause. Grener was formerly a member of the City Council.

No Truth in the Reports.

MOUNT PLEASANT (Pa.), May 9.—Reports having reached Governor Pattirson that the coke operators were keeping the new men in the mines, without letting them come to the surface, and in some cases that the men were chained, the Governor sent Adjutant-General McClelland to make an investigation. In company with a number of labor officials, the Adjutant-General visited the different mines, and, after a thorough investigation, reported that there was not a word of truth in the sensational reports.

World's Amateur Record Broken.

PRINCETON (N. J.), May 9.—At the annual handicap games, open to all amateurs, this afternoon Luther H. Cary ran seventy-five yards in seven and three-fifths seconds, breaking the world's amateur record.

THE EMPEROR RUFFLED.

Bismarck's Appearance in the Reichstag Displeases Him.

HE SAYS "I AM THE ONLY MASTER IN THE COUNTRY."

Premier Di Rudini's Attempt to Fasten on Secretary Blaine the Charge of Using a Private Dispatch Publicly Meets With Little Success—Blaine's Answer to It Thought to be Prompt, Dignified and Conclusive.

Special to the SUNDAY UNION.

NEW YORK, May 9.—Yates' London letter to the *Tribune* says: "There is only one master in this country, and I am he; there shall be no other besides me." Such are the authentic words of the German Emperor at the Dusseldorf on Tuesday. "In the spirit," adds he, "I drink to the welfare of the Rhine province." But when the fumes of this spirit had been dispelled, a more sober second thought of the Emperor led him to strike out from the official report of his harangue this all too significant sentence. That it was spoken there is no doubt. They who heard it were many. It was his answer, think some, to the election of Bismarck to the Reichstag.

Be the Emperors motives what they may, his speech is remarkable for more reasons than one. In the first twelve lines of it the first personal pronoun occurs thirteen times, and the whole deliverance is saturated with egotism. Nothing apparently can control his passion for publicity. He is content at present to make his voice heard. It will be the turn of his cannon a little later.

That too smart an attempt of the Marquis di Rudini to fasten on Blaine the charge of using a private dispatch publicly has had no success. The American's answer to it was here thought prompt, dignified and conclusive.

Last week brought us an American libel of a different sort appearing in a paper where it would do a hundred times the mischief which any publication in the *Daily News* could effect. I thought then that it might be better to leave it unnoticed, but since an epidemic of scandal seems to have broken out in New York, like the epidemic of influenza in England, it is probably useless to try and ignore the other. The *Times* was heedless enough to publish last Thursday week a budget of scurrilous gossip about Blaine in connection with the seal fishing in Behring Sea. Blaine was accused of keeping open the Behring Sea question and refusing to come to an agreement with England because he is himself a partner in the sealing trade, and for the same reason putting off Sir Julian Pauncefote with a false pretense of illness. There is much more of this malicious nonsense—half a column of it in all. The Dalziel agency is the author of it.

It is singular, indeed, that the *Times* should be willing to make a channel along which these calumnies are allowed to ooze. To publish ridiculous lampoons on the American States, is to create public opinion in this country which can only hinder the conclusion of an agreement which both countries and the Ministers of both countries really desire. It is hard to say which is the more guilty, he who transmits or he who publishes such infamies, but, if the author of them be an American, his act is more indiscreet.

The *Times* stoops so low as to notice editorially these innuendoes, saying today: "We do not assume that Blaine has been unduly swayed by the interests of the North American Commercial Company, which is averse, at present, to a close time. We are looking to his acts, not to the insinuations that he has been trifling from unworthy motives with the matter, and that the company is permitted to extirpate the seals." And this great journal, which prides itself on its good manners, proceeds to ask what will be thought of him if certain charges should prove true.

The German Exhibition.

LONDON, May 9.—The German exhibition was opened here to-day by the Lord Mayor of London, Honorable Joseph Savory. The Marquis of Lorne, Prince Bucher, representing the German Government, the Sherriffs of London, William Farmer and Augustus Henry Glossop Harris, and many other important municipal officers were present. The Lord Mayor, in the course of the opening speech, said that the promised visit of the Emperor William of Germany to London would give the greatest pleasure to the citizens of this metropolis.

Run on the Banks.

LISBON, May 9.—There was a run on the banks here to-day. The Government's organs declare that the object of the Government in authorizing the Bank of Portugal to coin an issue of $2,500,000 silver and exchange notes for silver for three months was to place the Lisbon and Oporto banks in a position to meet any emergency.

McKinley Bill to be Modified.

MADRID, May 9.—As a mark of good will, the United States Government has notified the Spanish Government that it will favor the introduction of a bill for a modification of the McKinley tariff law in the next Congress so as to facilitate the importation of Havana tobacco into the United States.

Ex-Queen Natalie.

BELGRADE, May 9.—In reply to a communication from the Prime Minister, threatening that unless she left Servia of her own will the Government would adopt measures of forcibly expelling her, Ex-Queen Natalie declares that despite the threats made to drive her from Servia she will persist in her refusal to leave.

A Colliery Fire.

LONDON, May 9.—At Rowhurst Colliery, Hanley, Staffordshire, this morning, a large mass of earth, becoming detached, fell, and the works were set on fire. Six men were terribly burned. Some cannot recover.

The Gladstonians Win.

LONDON, May 9.—The Gladstonians won a victory in South Liecestershire yesterday in the election of Logan, their candidate for the Commons, over Hardie, the Conservative nominee.

British Ship Wrecked.

LONDON, May 9.—The British ship Craigburn, from Melbourne for Liverpool, was wrecked by a severe southerly gale, and five of the crew drowned.

Chile Violates Territory.

BUENOS AYRES, May 9.—Chilean troops have violated the territory of the Argentine province of San Juan de la Frontera. An official investigation is in process.

Amnesty Rejected.

PARIS, May 9.—The Chamber of Deputies has rejected the proposal to grant amnesty to the May-day rioters.