

DEADLY FLAMES.

An Early Morning Fire in a Spokane Lodging-House.

ONE MAN SUFFOCATED AND ANOTHER TERRIBLY BURNED.

Other inmates Escape by Jumping From Second and Third-Story Windows. One Being Fatally Injured. Great Changes Reported in the Topography and Appearance of the Country Along the Colorado River From the Effects of the Recent Earthquakes.

Special to the Record-Union.

SPOKANE (Wash.), Aug. 10.—At 3:30 this morning the patrolman on Second street saw flames issuing from Conway's lodging-house, at the corner of Second and Mill streets. He immediately turned in an alarm and the department responded at once. But before an engine arrived the building was a mass of flames and the inmates were flying for their lives. It is not yet known just how many persons were in the building, but all but one who are known to have been inside have been accounted for. The hook and ladder truck was immediately called into use to save the lives of the inmates. Charles Johnson, Mrs. Conway's brother, a man about 60 years of age, was taken out through the second-story window on Mill street. He had been suffocated to death. His face was burned almost beyond recognition. Just across from him, on the east side of the burning building, was a negro named Washington, a barber. His hands and arms were terribly burned and he was entirely peeled off. He will not recover.

A man named Green jumped from the third story of the Mill-street side and is injured internally. He lay on the pavement just across from the burning building and made piteous appeals to bystanders to fetch a doctor. He can hardly recover. A few yards from the burning building, another inmate who had jumped from the third-story window. His injuries were a broken arm and a broken leg. William Clifford jumped from the third floor and escaped unhurt. Frank Brown threw his trunk from the second story and jumped after it. The trunk was smashed to pieces, but Brown was unhurt.

The fire department worked hard, but the building was almost entirely gutted before they reached it, and the street was filled with a large three-story tinder-box, it took them an hour to get the fire under control. Had there been a west wind, the entire block would have gone. The fire is supposed to have been of incendiary origin. There seemed to be no person whose duty it was to attend to the sufferers as they lay on the street, their groans adding to the panic of the crowd.

THE FIRST ARTILLERY REGIMENT.

Everything Points to the Camp Being a Brilliant Success. SANTA CRUZ, Aug. 10.—The companies are to-day arranging their quarters and attending to the matter of making camp look neat and tidy. Company B has an awning stretched in front of its row of tents, and their quarters now look very attractive. To-day the regiment was drilled by companies in a skirmish drill. Many ladies and gentlemen visited the camp to-day and were entertained by the Colonel and officers and also the ladies who are camped just outside the guard lines. Dancing was indulged in to-night, and in a large room was a fine band. Everybody is delighted. The prospect is that the camp will be a brilliant success.

WONDERFUL CHANGES.

Effects of the Recent Earthquakes Along the Colorado River. YUMA (A. T.), Aug. 10.—Daily arrivals from the region of Sonora, on the Colorado River, report the most wonderful change in the topography and appearance of the country. Many old landmarks are obliterated, prominent natural objects wiped off the face of the earth and new ones in unexpected places turned up. The damage done was principally to stockmen, who have lost many cattle. The Cocopa Indians are heavy losers. A small stream, named the Colorado, of Lerdo, which, prior to the earthquake, was readily forded, became impassable, owing to its depth. It is now necessary to cross the water by means of a cable from the Colorado. The Cocopa Indians now predict another earthquake, liable to occur soon in their section. They say natural signs indicate it.

The Killing of Colvin.

OAKLAND, Aug. 10.—A coroner's inquest was held to-day on the remains of E. S. Colvin, who was shot a week ago by John G. Howell. The jury, after fifteen minutes' deliberation, rendered a verdict in accordance with the facts. The verdict did not charge Howell with murder, or mention the name of Maxwell, who was held as an accessory on Colvin's statement. After the body of Colvin was viewed by the jury this afternoon it was returned to the morgue and prepared for shipment to his mother at Kansas City. Howell and Maxwell have been charged with murder. Their arraignment will probably come up to-morrow morning in the Oakland Police Court.

Chino Sugar Factory.

ONTARIO, Aug. 10.—The delay in testing some of the machinery prevented the Chino sugar factory beginning work to-day as hoped for. It is confidently expected that every thing will be in running order this week. Early plantings of beets have been matured, but will suffer no loss of sugar by remaining in the ground a short time. An excursion will run to-day the factory grounds. There is great interest here in the event.

Railroad Division to be Cut in Two.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 10.—The Humboldt (Nevada) Division of the Southern Pacific is to be abolished. The division has a mileage of 200 miles and will be cut in two at Carlin. One hundred and twenty miles will go to the Truckee Division and the remaining eighty miles will become part of the Salt Lake Division.

A Supervisor Injured.

NORTH SAN JUAN, Aug. 10.—County Supervisor M. Brophy was thrown from his horse, near his mother's house, at Cherokee, four miles distant from this place, and sustained the fracture of an arm, and was otherwise considerably bruised. He was brought home here this noon. A physician from Nevada City was sent for.

Drying Their Own Fruit.

NEWCASTLE, Aug. 10.—A very large crop of excellent fruit is ripening in this vicinity. The state of the Eastern

THOUSANDS DECEASED.

A Gigantic Swindle Unearthed by a Postoffice Inspector.

PEOPLE IN EVERY STATE IN THE UNION DUPED.

The President and Vice-President of the National Capital Savings, Building and Loan Association of Chicago Under Arrest for Using the Mails for Fraudulent Purposes—Thousands of Dollars Collected From Unsuspecting People, But No Returns Made.

Special to the Record-Union.

CHICAGO, Aug. 10.—Alfred Downing, President, and N. B. Tollman, Vice-President of the National Capital Savings, Building and Loan Association of North America, were arrested to-day by Postoffice Inspector Stuart, charged with using the mails for fraudulent purposes. It is charged that the men who have been conducting the association have swindled thousands of people from every State in the Union. They have taken in \$200,000 of money, getting nothing in return. Victims were found in all classes of people.

From facts already in possession of the authorities, the scheme well paralleled that of the great "Fund W" swindle, which was broken up about five years ago. There are still two of the men at liberty, having disappeared several weeks ago, and it is believed they got away with most of the money. For more than six months letters have been received from all parts of the country by the postoffice and city authorities protesting that the company is not what was represented to be; that it was collecting money and making no loans.

Inspector Stuart was working on the case four months. He found that the concern had agents in every State in the Union, who were selling the \$200,000 of stock of the company had for sale. These agents were selling the stock in every State, showing the association to be a legitimate concern. When Inspector Stuart took charge of the case, Lewis F. Mortimer, General Manager and Secretary of the company, a responsible man, and handled the cash received in large amounts every day. Stuart visited the company's office frequently, disguised as a messenger, in order to secure evidence. Several weeks ago Mortimer disappeared, and to-day, having returned, he is in custody. Mortimer decided to return to his home, but Stuart decided to secure the other members of the combination. George O. Ferguson of Lincoln, Neb., representing about sixty victims, was summoned here. With his assistance, necessary evidence was completed and the arrests made. Three young lady clerks were taken into custody as witnesses.

Mr. Ferguson, in an interview, said: "The association was represented at Lincoln by a local firm, acting in good faith. The people of Nebraska are very much in favor of building and loan associations, and the offers of the concern were very attractive. I sold shares for 50 cents each, with a monthly payment for ninety-six months of \$1.05, at the end of which time a \$1,000 loan would be paid for. Then they received a check of \$30, an appraisal fee of \$20, and \$45 for three months' payment in advance, thus making \$95. The concern made one \$500 loan that I sold shares for, but just enough bait to induce others to invest, and hundreds sent money to Chicago, expecting to receive the same. I made contracts for \$100,000, but never came. We wrote to Chicago to learn what was the trouble. Finally Professor Ellwood, of the Western Union, who was a heavy investor, came to Chicago to investigate. Manager Mortimer seemed to be a fine business man, and gave such assurances that the business would be forthcoming that Ellwood went back satisfied. But the money never came. I saw the case before the Postoffice authorities. Inspector Stuart and District Attorney Mitchell went over the concern's books and found that the association had made loans had been made in many different States. These, it would seem, were made to allure other investors. No records of any kind were kept, although the books show that money had been received from hundreds of people in the places where a single loan was placed.

A rough estimate of the amount received is \$150,000 in the year and a half the association has been in existence. The books show that the association had agents in all the States, but the most active were in Omaha, Denver, Des Moines, Portland (Or.), Galveston, St. Louis, San Francisco and Minneapolis. These agents transmitted hundreds of dollars daily in checks, drafts, money orders and registered letters. Until within a few months it is said the concern did a heavy business in Philadelphia, but it appears that the authorities there made inquiries which resulted in the manager leaving. When the association organized on February 21, 1890, the officers were Alfred Downing, President; N. B. Tollman, Vice-President; Lewis F. Mortimer, General Manager and Secretary. Mortimer seemed to be the leading spirit in the enterprise, and as one incorporated in the concern with a capital of \$20,000, he was a good manager, and soon had money flowing in at a rapid rate. Everything went smoothly in the places of his Philadelphia branch, when he came back here and began gambling with his business associates. Finally he ousted Downing and was elected President. Downing threatened trouble, and Mortimer, saying his son was very ill in Philadelphia, left suddenly and has not been seen since. It is said that he took about \$80,000 that the association had in bank here, leaving about \$7,000, which Downing had tied up by injunction. Mortimer was last heard of on July 19th in New York City. Downing and Tollman both admitted that enormous sums had been taken in, but asserted that they were not in it. Both alleged that they never received more than a small salary out of the affair. Downing added: "Mortimer got it all. We started in what we believed to be honest building and loan business. I believed Mortimer to be an honest man, as I had known him for a number of years previous. Downing, who came here from Peoria, refused to talk further about the work of the association. He is rather a poorly dressed man, and does not look as though he had been sharing in the enormous profits. Vice-President Tollman, on the contrary, looks extremely prosperous, although asserting that he has been in the association. He says he is an artist, and Mortimer, who was a friend, asked permission to use his name as an incorporator. He consented, receiving no money. He added that several weeks ago he and Downing decided to send out circulars to the stockholders to 'see if some settlement could not be reached.' They were discussing these negotiations when arrested. Tollman admitted that since the association's formation he knew of \$81,000 having been received. Inspector Stuart said he was well satisfied that both the President and Vice-

LONDON GOSSIP.

The Queen Kept Busy Preparing to Entertain Her Guests.

EMPEROR WILLIAM TO TAKE A FORTNIGHT'S REST AT KIEL.

The Queen of the Belgians Rapidly Recovering From Her Recent Indisposition—The State of Ex-Emperor Carlotta of Mexico Not as Melancholy as Reported—Sir William Harcourt the Coming Successor to Gladstone in the Leadership.

Special to the Record-Union.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—Yates' letter to the Tribune from London says: The Queen has been unusually busy during the last ten days, with preparations for the visit of the French fleet, the entertainment of the Prince of Naples and the arrangement of several tiresome matters of business and certain family affairs. Her majesty is looking forward to leaving Osborne, as the bracing air seaside will be much better at this season than the relaxing climate of the Isle of Wight. The Empress Eugenie goes this week to Osborne for a few days on a visit to the Queen.

The German Emperor evidently supposes that his recent invitation to his grandmother's court was one of the most important events which have occurred in the history of England since the Norman Conquest. I believe that his majesty expressed considerable surprise that the Queen did not command Lord Tennyson to compose an ode of welcome to him, as he is the last German Emperor who has visited England.

Emperor William still finds his knee troublesome. He has consequently resolved to take a short rest at Kiel and dispense with the usual reviews. As yet the symptoms are not unfavorable, but he has been warned that a brief cessation of activity is absolutely necessary. The illness of the Queen of the Belgians, which caused so much alarm at the beginning of last week, seems to have been nothing more serious than an attack of indigestion of a very aggravated kind, which had at first the appearance of apoplexy. It seems, moreover, that a watermelon did not do the dramatic interview with ex-Empress Charlotte, which has been described so graphically, the primary cause of the malady, which was induced by such rapidity that King Leopold was able to go back to Ostend early on Wednesday when the Queen proceeded to Spa the following day.

EX-BANK EXAMINER DREW.

Comptroller Lacey Says His Period of Uselessness is at an End.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—Comptroller of the Currency Lacey said to-day regarding the letter written by ex-Bank Examiner Drew, in which the latter defends his action in connection with the Keyston bank, that he received the report drawn with fairness and candor. "He was charged," continued Lacey, "with dereliction of duty sufficient to warrant the removal of any examiner in the service. He has confessed the same, and has asked for a discharge on account of an accident. He claims that though he failed to do his duty at one time he ought to be pardoned, because he did it afterwards. He has deservedly lost the confidence of the department and public, and the period of his usefulness as Bank Examiner has expired. The statements made by Drew differing from the facts in my communication of June 19th are without foundation in fact. Drew's opinion as to his previous high standing is cheerfully received, but it would not aggravate rather than mitigate his confessed dereliction of duty, by rendering him the most commonplace evolutions, which he has been termed of little practical value. It is hardly surprising to find some of the best authorities openly expressing the opinion that the managers have in no way justified the cost. The large fleets of the North and West, as they were called, did nothing but perform the most commonplace evolutions, though whether the Admirals are to blame for this is not quite evident. The operation of the red and blue squadrons was a little more lively, but even from them no lesson has been derived that was not known before. It is possible that if there had been more independent observers, more things worth observing might have been recorded, but Seymour's well known antipathy to the press was so deterrent to his authority that restrictions were imposed on correspondents which only one journal would allow its representatives to submit to. Hence the accounts furnished to the public were not only meagre, but one-sided. The modest sum of \$150,000 is asked for the recently discovered correspondence between the poet Goethe and Frau Von Stein.

HYGIENE AND DEMOGRAPHY.

The International Congress Opened in London.

LONDON, Aug. 10.—The annual session of the International Congress of Hygiene and Demography opened in St. James Hall this afternoon. The Prince of Wales presided. Among the prominent delegates were Professor Pasteur of Paris and Professor Koch of Berlin. The Prince of Wales discoursed learnedly on hygiene in his opening address, and was loudly cheered. An immense number of papers are to be read, and the number of foreigners who have promised to speak is read such as to show that the congress will, in the fullest sense, be international. The subject of rabies will receive close attention.

SWALLOWED A WILF.

Peculiar Circumstances Surrounding a Woman's Death.

BORDEAUX, Aug. 10.—Victor Berge has just been sentenced at the Gironde Assizes

TO LIFE IMPRISONMENT AT HARD LABOR FOR THE MURDER OF MARIE BONDON.

THE HOTTEST DAY IN NEW YORK AT THIS SEASON FOR YEARS.

HALF A DOZEN DEATHS AND OTHERS IN A PRECARIOUS CONDITION.

Great Suffering Among the Inhabitants of the Crowded Tenement Districts—The Ambulance Kept Busy Carrying the Prostrated People to the Hospital—Three Persons Rendered Inane—The Entire Population Looking With Foreboding to the Dawn of Another Scorching Day.

Special to the Record-Union.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—To-day has been the third of the hottest term here, and the hottest of the three with no prospects of a favorable change to-morrow. The local forecast officer says the mercury bids fair to touch the 100° mark to-morrow. At 9 a. m., without a breeze, and the mercury heavily climbing upward, the air was stifling. At noon the heat was unbearable and at 3 o'clock the thermometer reached 97°. All the afternoon the ambulance was busy carrying the prostrated people to the hospital. The heat has been reached at this time of the year for nearly twenty years, and a continuance during the week means an enormous increase of mortality, especially in the crowded tenement districts. Half a dozen deaths have occurred, and many more victims are in a precarious condition. Two persons are reported as having been rendered inane by the heat. A number of members of the police force had to leave their posts to-day.

The heat was particularly severe on horsemen, many being prostrated by scenes in the tenement district to-night are beyond description. The entire population is suffering from the heat. Relief is afforded, however, by this means, as the thick walls are sending forth the heat accumulated during the day. The entire population is looking with foreboding for the dawn of another day.

COOLER IN CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, Aug. 10.—The weather from number of points in Indiana, Illinois and Iowa state the heat to-day was very severe, the mercury ranging from 95° to 98°. In Chicago the heat was not so severe, but few were fatal. The afternoon heat was mitigated at several points by severe thunder-storms.

IN THE HANDS OF BRIGANDS.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 10.—Brigands recently captured a French steamer named Raymond, who conducted a mail to Tcheressko, and his overseer, named Theruffe. They sent Ruffe to the French Embassy here. Count Montebello, with the French Consul, went to the steamer and demanded the ransom of \$25,000. They would not release the steamer until the ransom was paid. Count Montebello demanded the Sultan to pay the ransom, but the Sultan refused. The steamer was then sent to a restaurant known as the "Café de la Paix," where the brigands became frightened, and the lady-in-waiting also lost her head. Hence the gravity of the telegrams.

INTERNATIONAL GEOGRAPHICAL CONGRESS.

BERNE, Aug. 10.—The International Geographical Congress opened to-day.

Dr. Gobat, President of the Congress, delivered the inaugural address, commencing the papers read was one by Dr. Stout of New York on the Nicaragua Canal, an enterprise in which the author declared that the work had a brilliant future.

TELEGRAPH SYSTEM FOR EAST AFRICA.

BERLIN, Aug. 10.—The Government has decided to establish a complete telegraph system in East Africa, connecting the coast and to-day officials are coming to Berlin to Africa, where, immediately upon their arrival, they will proceed to organize the system.

EMPEROR WILLIAM'S HEALTH.

BERLIN, Aug. 10.—The Cologne Gazette reasserts that Emperor William is in robust health, and adds that he now uses his leg easily and will be able to dispense with the doctor after a few shorter trips.

FATAL BOILER EXPLOSION.

PARIS, Aug. 10.—A boiler explosion occurred to-day at the Manufacture de four six persons were killed and four terribly injured. Their lives are despaired of.

INDIGNANT TAXPAYERS.

A Mayor and City Council Barely Escape Their Lives. KANSAS CITY, Aug. 10.—The Mayor and City Council of Kansas City, Kan., barely escaped vengeance to-night at the hands of a crowd of 800 taxpayers. The excitement arose over a proposition of the City Council to purchase the plant of the Electric Light and Power Company for \$340,000. There was much public indignation, it being declared that improper inducements were used to secure the purchase. At a mass-meeting this evening, presided over by Hon. J. B. Scroggs, head of the Kansas City, Kas., bar, intemperately denouncing the City Council, a crowd of fifteen was appointed to present a protest. A crowd joined the committee, and as the march proceeded the excitement grew until the meetings of the crowd culminated in shouts of "Lynch them!" and "Hang them!"

SHORTS STILL HAS A GOOD CHANCE.

CHICAGO, Aug. 10.—The Daily News states that John M. Samuels of Kentucky will probably be nominated as Chief of the Horticultural Department of the World's Fair at the next meeting of the Directors. The division of the Pacific Slope horticulturists, it is said, made it impossible to take a man from there. Samuels' friends assert that he is a practical horticulturist, as well as a man of broad culture. He owns orchards in Illinois, Kentucky, Tennessee, Florida and California.

SEVERE STORMS IN IOWA.

LEON (Ia.), Aug. 10.—A severe storm, lasting in Iowa, struck Leon Deatur County yesterday. The operation and schoolhouse were unroofed, and one house completely demolished. Fences, out-houses, sidewalks and trees were broken and blown away. At Davis City 8,000 people were attending a camp meeting. Two large trees struck the Tabernacle, crashing it to the ground and demolishing the seats and stands. An alarm was given in time, however, and all escaped.

THE SOUTH AMERICAN MISSION.

CAPE MAY POINT (N. J.), Aug. 10.—The State Department has appointed Richard Otis Shannon of New York Minister to Nicaragua, Costa Rica and Salvador. This is the new South American Mission created by the last Congress.

BAR HARBOR (Me.), Aug. 10.—Secretary Blaine today visited Secretary Tracy on board the Dispatch, and remained about an hour.

EXCESSIVE HEAT.

The Hottest Day in New York at This Season for Years.

HALF A DOZEN DEATHS AND OTHERS IN A PRECARIOUS CONDITION.

Great Suffering Among the Inhabitants of the Crowded Tenement Districts—The Ambulance Kept Busy Carrying the Prostrated People to the Hospital—Three Persons Rendered Inane—The Entire Population Looking With Foreboding to the Dawn of Another Scorching Day.

Special to the Record-Union.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—To-day has been the third of the hottest term here, and the hottest of the three with no prospects of a favorable change to-morrow. The local forecast officer says the mercury bids fair to touch the 100° mark to-morrow. At 9 a. m., without a breeze, and the mercury heavily climbing upward, the air was stifling. At noon the heat was unbearable and at 3 o'clock the thermometer reached 97°. All the afternoon the ambulance was busy carrying the prostrated people to the hospital. The heat has been reached at this time of the year for nearly twenty years, and a continuance during the week means an enormous increase of mortality, especially in the crowded tenement districts. Half a dozen deaths have occurred, and many more victims are in a precarious condition. Two persons are reported as having been rendered inane by the heat. A number of members of the police force had to leave their posts to-day.

COOLER IN CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, Aug. 10.—The weather from number of points in Indiana, Illinois and Iowa state the heat to-day was very severe, the mercury ranging from 95° to 98°. In Chicago the heat was not so severe, but few were fatal. The afternoon heat was mitigated at several points by severe thunder-storms.

IN THE HANDS OF BRIGANDS.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 10.—Brigands recently captured a French steamer named Raymond, who conducted a mail to Tcheressko, and his overseer, named Theruffe. They sent Ruffe to the French Embassy here. Count Montebello, with the French Consul, went to the steamer and demanded the ransom of \$25,000. They would not release the steamer until the ransom was paid. Count Montebello demanded the Sultan to pay the ransom, but the Sultan refused. The steamer was then sent to a restaurant known as the "Café de la Paix," where the brigands became frightened, and the lady-in-waiting also lost her head. Hence the gravity of the telegrams.

INTERNATIONAL GEOGRAPHICAL CONGRESS.

BERNE, Aug. 10.—The International Geographical Congress opened to-day.

Dr. Gobat, President of the Congress, delivered the inaugural address, commencing the papers read was one by Dr. Stout of New York on the Nicaragua Canal, an enterprise in which the author declared that the work had a brilliant future.

TELEGRAPH SYSTEM FOR EAST AFRICA.

BERLIN, Aug. 10.—The Government has decided to establish a complete telegraph system in East Africa, connecting the coast and to-day officials are coming to Berlin to Africa, where, immediately upon their arrival, they will proceed to organize the system.

EMPEROR WILLIAM'S HEALTH.

BERLIN, Aug. 10.—The Cologne Gazette reasserts that Emperor William is in robust health, and adds that he now uses his leg easily and will be able to dispense with the doctor after a few shorter trips.

FATAL BOILER EXPLOSION.

PARIS, Aug. 10.—A boiler explosion occurred to-day at the Manufacture de four six persons were killed and four terribly injured. Their lives are despaired of.

INDIGNANT TAXPAYERS.

A Mayor and City Council Barely Escape Their Lives. KANSAS CITY, Aug. 10.—The Mayor and City Council of Kansas City, Kan., barely escaped vengeance to-night at the hands of a crowd of 800 taxpayers. The excitement arose over a proposition of the City Council to purchase the plant of the Electric Light and Power Company for \$340,000. There was much public indignation, it being declared that improper inducements were used to secure the purchase. At a mass-meeting this evening, presided over by Hon. J. B. Scroggs, head of the Kansas City, Kas., bar, intemperately denouncing the City Council, a crowd of fifteen was appointed to present a protest. A crowd joined the committee, and as the march proceeded the excitement grew until the meetings of the crowd culminated in shouts of "Lynch them!" and "Hang them!"

SHORTS STILL HAS A GOOD CHANCE.

CHICAGO, Aug. 10.—The Daily News states that John M. Samuels of Kentucky will probably be nominated as Chief of the Horticultural Department of the World's Fair at the next meeting of the Directors. The division of the Pacific Slope horticulturists, it is said, made it impossible to take a man from there. Samuels' friends assert that he is a practical horticulturist, as well as a man of broad culture. He owns orchards in Illinois, Kentucky, Tennessee, Florida and California.

SEVERE STORMS IN IOWA.

LEON (Ia.), Aug. 10.—A severe storm, lasting in Iowa, struck Leon Deatur County yesterday. The operation and schoolhouse were unroofed, and one house completely demolished. Fences, out-houses, sidewalks and trees were broken and blown away. At Davis City 8,000 people were attending a camp meeting. Two large trees struck the Tabernacle, crashing it to the ground and demolishing the seats and stands. An alarm was given in time, however, and all escaped.

THE SOUTH AMERICAN MISSION.

CAPE MAY POINT (N. J.), Aug. 10.—The State Department has appointed Richard Otis Shannon of New York Minister to Nicaragua, Costa Rica and Salvador. This is the new South American Mission created by the last Congress.

BAR HARBOR (Me.), Aug. 10.—Secretary Blaine today visited Secretary Tracy on board the Dispatch, and remained about an hour.