A COMMENDABLE INSTITUTION.

The New Whittier Reform School for Boys and Girls.

Superintendent Walter Lindley Praised for His Excellent Management—What His Visitors Say.

So much reference having been made of late to the Whittier Reform School, in Los Angeles County, and the good work that is being done there through the excellent management of Dr. Walter Lindley, the Superintendent, that the RECORD-UNION deemed it advisable to secure from State officials who have visited the institution expressions of their views on the subject. The State had long been in need of a school of this character, where wayward children might be placed under wholesome restraint and reared to lives of respectability and usefulness.

GOVERNOR MARKHAM'S OPINION.

When a reporter called on Governor Markham and asked him what he thought of the Whittier School, its management and the results thus far obtained, he said:

"It is very gratifying to me to read in the various newspapers the words of commendation that are being spoken for the Whittier Reform School. The entire idea, so far as many of our citizens are concerned, was an experiment, and, in fact, until very lately was received with a great deal of skepticism in many quarters. The good work that is being done at the Reform School, in the way of discipline and education, however, has compelled everyone who has visited the school to acknowledge its usefulness, and the Superintendent is constantly receiving letters of encouragement from all parts of the State.

"The question that is now troubling the management is the want of room. The good reports that went out from the school have had the effect of stimulating peace officers everywhere to take advantage of the opportunity for the training of the incorrigible youth in their neighborhoods. An application has been made to the Board of Examiners to allow a deficit to be created to provide for the admission of cases until the meeting of the next Legislature. Already a building has been rented in which some of the girls are quartered, and the desire is to rent additional buildings in which all the girls can be accommodated.

"If this is done, and the girl's cottage vacated, the latter will accommodate many boys. It would, in my opinion, be very unfortunate if admission were refused to any boy or girl at this time. It would certainly be a great hardship on the authorities of San Francisco, who have abandoned one of their institutions, and who have no place but penal institutions to which to commit such cases.

"While I have not visited the institution recently, I am convinced that many more boys can be accommodated in the main building without being more overcrowded than many other of our State institutions.

"Dr. Lindley, the Superintendent, impresses every one who visits the school as being the right man in the right place, and one who thoroughly understands his business."

WHAT STATE SUPERINTENDENT ANDERSON SAYS OF THE SCHOOLS.

J. W. Anderson, State Superintendent of Public Instruction, recently visited the Normal Schools of Southern California, and, in reply to inquiry as to how he found them, and especially as to his views of the management and work of the Whittier Reform School, he expressed himself as very well pleased with everything he saw.

He spoke admiringly of the new High School building at Los Angeles as being one of the finest institutions he has seen anywhere, and stated that the schools of Los Angeles were admirably conducted and of the highest standard of excellence.

During his tour Professor Anderson visited all the schools at National City, many in San Diego, spent one day in Los Angeles, and two days in visiting the schools of Los Angeles County. He was profuse in praise of the schools of Los Angeles and those of the southern part of the State, saying there was no finer work being done anywhere.

In Lake County he says the school buildings are not up to the standard of those in the southern counties, but did not criticise their work in any respect. When asked about

THE WHITTIER REFORM SCHOOL,

Professor Anderson became enthusiastic and expressed great satisfaction at the showing it has made since its establishment only last July. The institution was considered by many as an experiment, and doubts have been frequently expressed as to the probability of its proving a successful departure by those unfamiliar with its methods and management.

Professor Anderson said: "There is only one thing I can criticise about the Whittier Reform School, and that is its name. I think the word 'Reform' should be stricken out and the institution be known simply as the Whittier School.

"I was surprised at the efficiency shown by the pupils of only a few months' training, the changes wrought in their deportment and the thoroughness with which they are disciplined without apparent strictness or severity. The inmates are seemingly at liberty and free from restraint. There is no fence surrounding the school, and many of the boys go on errands and are intrusted with various responsible commissions, and it is rarely that any of them attempt to escape.

"There are about 170 boys and girls in the school, and the only thing to be regretted is that it is not larger."

During his trip Professor Anderson visited in all about 100 classes in the various schools, and was greatly and favorably impressed with the general good character of the work coming under his observation. Superintendent Lindley is evidently the right man in the right place, as it is owing to his excellent management that the school is such a success.

SECRETARY GEORGE E. PRATT

Of the State Board of Examiners, in company with Assistant Secretary Dr. Charles Phipps, also visited the Whittier School recently, and, being interviewed, expressed hearty admiration and praise of the institution and the results of its work in the few months since its establishment.

Secretary Pratt said the school should no longer be regarded as an experiment, and that without question it has a great future. Its location (nine or ten miles from Los Angeles), at the small town of Whittier, is all that could be desired. Whittier is a quiet town, and such as to furnish only the right kind of associations for the school children.

Secretary Pratt was particularly well pleased with the discipline, which appears thorough, without being strict or taking that form usual in penal institutions. He spoke as being surprised at the aptitude with which the boys take to the opportunities offered them for improvement and the confidence placed in many of them by the authorities.

They do all the work about the place, under the competent supervision of those in charge, and manifest great interest in it. The school is provided with electric-light machinery, where boys assist, with turning lathes, a blacksmith shop and other mechanical works. The clothing worn by the inmates, being a uniform adopted by the institution, is made by them in the school.

They have a large plunge-bath, lined with cement, and are required to bathe regularly once a week.

Each one is provided with an individual locker in the dormitory, and with a good bed, and is required to keep his clothing and apartments in ship-shape. In fact, the scholars are provided with everything necessary to comfort, and with careful attention in connection with a model discipline.

A graduate of West Point has charge of the drill exercises, and a Sacramento boy has attained the rank of Lieutenant, for good conduct and efficiency. A pleasing feature of the system is that good deportment wins promotion and reduces their time of service in the school.

Fifty of the boys were taken to Riverside recently, where they gave an exhibition exercise, which was greatly admired, and it has been arranged to take a company of perhaps 150 to Los Angeles in the near future, where they will go through their regulation drill.

The only disappointing feature of the institution is that it is not of sufficient capacity to meet the increasing numbers of scholars, it being already so crowded as to cause the management to rent a building adjoining for the girls.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY PHIPPS

Also expressed his hearty commendation of all he saw at the Whittier School. Superintendent Lindley is highly spoken of by the visitors for the great interest he manifests in his work there. Superintendent Lindley being a physician, he acts in that capacity for the school, saving directly considerable expense to the State for medical advice that would otherwise be required.

Mrs. Lindley also impressed the visitors with the interest she manifested in the work and the scholars' welfare, and was very highly spoken of as an able assistant to the management.

SHERIFF STANLEY'S COMMENDATION.

Sheriff Lee Stanley has had occasion to visit the school on numerous occasions, and speaks of its management in the highest terms.

"I don't know that I ever saw an institution that was better kept," he said to a RECORD-UNION reporter. "When I made my first visit there with a boy committed from this county, there were only forty boys and girls there. The last time I was there, about two weeks ago, there were over 200 of them, and the Superintendent told me he could not accommodate many more. On this last trip I was shown all through the place, and was astonished at the discipline, the good behavior of the youngsters, the cleanliness of the place, and the apparent good effect the reformatory was having upon the young prisoners. I happened in there just at dinner time, and was permitted to witness the operations in the big dining-room. Had it been a dress parade, it could not have been better. The youngsters all marched in, military fashion, and faced about to their places at the long tables. Then one of the teachers stepped out to the center of the room and asked a blessing, while all the young folks stood with their heads bowed reverently. Their manners at the table spoke volumes for the training they had received. Politeness and choice language seemed to be the aim of all. After supper, I inspected the sleeping apartments, and found the beds all clean and nice. In fact, everything about the place is as neat as wax. The teaching that the young folks receive is of the very best, and by conversing with them you readily perceive its effects. I met a boy there on this last trip, whom I had taken there several months previous, and I scarcely knew him, so changed was he. When I took him there he was a rough, vulgar and bad boy, but now he is a perfect little gentleman. He spoke very highly of the Superintendent and teachers, and said he appreciated thoroughly the training he was receiving. We ought to have more of such schools."

THE EFFICIENT SUPERINTENDENT.

In January last the Los Angeles Grand Jury investigated the school, and in their report said:

"Under the management of Superintendent Dr. Walter Lindley, we believe that the objects and intentions of the institution are being faithfully carried out; the discipline maintained, the military drill, the literary instruction and the good manners taught and the trades learned, will place those receiving an honorable discharge from the institution at an advantage over many boys and girls who depend upon the public schools of the State. Dr. Lindley, in addition to his arduous duties as Superintendent, is teaching and also doing the work of the physician, receiving no additional compensation therefor. His whole heart appears to be in the work, and we believe he deserves the indorsement of the Grand Jury, the confidence of the people and the commendation and moral support of all good citizens. Dr. Lindley is ably assisted by his wife, who is devoting her time and energies to the best interests of the school, without any compensation, and deserves special mention in this report.

"We are gratified at the cheerful, and in many instances, enthusiastic manner in which the boys work, and we deem the creation within them of habits of industry to be the most important work of the school.

"We heartily approve of the military drill adopted by the school, and we desire especially to commend Captain Davis for his proficiency in military discipline and tactics.

"We find the girls' cottage already about full, and unless some additional provision is made for their accommodation, further admission must be denied. Mrs. Jones, the matron in charge, give literary instruction and teaches plain sewing and housework. We fully indorse the management of this department, and commend the matron for the good order and neatness maintained therein.

SOME PROPOSED CHANGES.

In their report to the Governor, in December, 1890, the trustees recommended an amendment to the present Act, changing the name of "Reform School for Juvenile Offenders" to "Whittier School of Trades and Agriculture," thus removing the stigma of the word "reform" from the pupils. As it is a school of trades and agriculture, such a name well describes its work. In giving this name this State would be paying a graceful tribute to the aged Quaker poet, who has been the advocate of industrious habits, freedom and education. Rhode Island, Ohio, and a number of other States have dropped the word "reform" from the name of their institutions of this character.

The trustees also recommended an amendment providing that all youths sent to the school be so committed until they are 21 years of age, unless, in the judgment of the trustees, they are sooner reformed. "We believe," say the trustees, "that probably the greatest work of this institution will be to find out what the pupils are best adapted to; teach them to do it, and whenever possible find them homes in good Christian families, where their education will be properly continued under home influences. When sending a boy away from the school under these circumstances we desire not to discharge him, but only to parole him. If he does well, and is well treated in his new home, he will be left there; but we desire him, and the one who has agreed to educate him, to know that should either party fail to do his duty we could recall the boy to the school, without process of law. We hope to be given the power to act as guardian to these wayward youths until they become of age, and try in this manner to place them on the stage of manhood well equipped for the grert drama of life."

Bills were introduced to effect these amendments, but in the general scramble for appropriations these bills were neglected, but it is hoped they will yet pass.

In conclusion, the trustees say: "To save the criminally-inclined youth of this State; to take their corrupting influences from our streets; to train and educate them mentally, morally and physically, so that they will spend their manhood years as farmers, mechanics and honest laborers, instead of in penitentiaries and insane asylums; to make these boys the bulwark and pride of the State, instead of the burden and shame of our commonwealth—these are the objects of this school, and this is the cause we plead."

Berlin Cough Cure.

For coughs and colds and all lung and throat affections this article has superior merit. It is perfectly harmless, gives immediate relief and cures the worst cases in from two to three days. Indorsed by our best physicians. Try a bottle and you will always keep it. Price, 50 cents a bottle.

C. C. Liniment, the best remedy for aches and pains.

Compound Sulphur Powder, the most perfect laxative and cathartic known. Gives instant relief in cases of constipation, indigestion, piles, biliousness, liver troubles, rhumatism, gravel, etc., etc. A great blood purifier and pleasant to the taste. The W. H. Bone Company, San Francisco, sole proprietors. Kirk, Geary & Co., Sacramento, sole agents.

"MANAGERS" KNOCKED OUT.

Only the Proprietors of Drug Stores Are Practicing Pharmacists.

Judge Van Fleet Renders an Important Decision—State Board of Pharmacy Upheld.

Superior Judge Van Fleet rendered a decision yesterday which is of importance to druggists throughout the State.

Thomas Y. Tallman, the manager of Gogings' drug store on J street, applied to the State Board of Pharmacy for a certificate of registration as a "practicing pharmacist," but was refused it on the ground that he was not what he claimed to be—that he was simply conducting a place for another. Tallman then brought suit in the Superior Court for a writ of mandate to compel the board to issue the desired certificate.

THE COURT'S RULING.

Judge Van Fleet denies the writ.

The court says: "Section 2 of the Act entitled 'An Act to regulate the practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons in the State of California' provides that 'any person in order to be a registered pharmacist must be a graduate of pharmacy, a licentiate in pharmacy or a practicing pharmacist.' Section 3 defines practicing pharmacists as 'persons who, at the passage of this Act, are conducting pharmacies in this State for compounding and dispensing of prescriptions of medical practitioners, and for the sale of medicines and poisons.' The only question of difference between the parties is as to the construction to be put upon the language, 'persons who * * * are conducting pharmacies'; that is, who are deemed to be conducting pharmacies, within the perview of the Act in question. It appears that the petitioner's application to the Board of Pharmacy disclosed the fact that he was not the proprietor or owner of the pharmacy he claimed to be conducting, but simply an employe of the person owning the same, and it was held by the board that this did not bring petitioner within the class which are entitled, under the above definition, to certificates as practicing pharmacists, their contention being that the term 'conducting,' as used in the Act, contemplates and implies proprietorship, or ownership, with the right of ultimate control in the applicant in order to entitle him to registration as a 'practicing pharmacist.'

TALLMAN'S CONTENTION.

"The contention of the petitioner on the other hand," continued the court, "is that the term 'conducting,' as here used, does not imply anything of the kind, but is used in its broadest and most ordinary sense, and that a man is conducting a pharmacy within the meaning of the Act, if he is running it or managing it at the employment of another without reference to the fact whether he owns any interest or has entire control of the business. I was at first inclined somewhat to this latter view, and, taking the language of Section 3 by itself, it might sustain that construction—in an instance where, as here it appeared that the applicant was employed to manage the business and superintend its details to so great an extent, as is the case with petitioner. But looking at the whole Act with its various provisions, and having in view the purposes evidently sought to be accomplished by the Legislature, I am constrained to the conclusion that the interpretation put upon it by the respondents is the correct one.

"The evident intent and purpose of the law is to secure the better protection of the public against the dangerous mistakes of incompetent and unskilled persons in the compounding and sale of drugs, medicines and poisons. It contains provisions for bringing within its control several enumerated classes of persons engaged in or connected with the business of carrying on pharmacies or drug stores, and reading the Act in its entirety leads one to the inevitable conclusion that it was in contemplation by the law-makers to include all classes of those engaged in or carrying on this character of trade, in whatever capacity connected therewith. While the words 'owner or proprietor' nowhere appear in the Act, it is not to be readily concluded that in legislating so comprehensively upon the subject as was apparently the purpose of the Act, it was the intention to exempt from its provisions a class so essentially necessary to an efficient working of the law as the owner or proprietor or person in control of the business.

"That such was not the intent of the Legislature is obvious from the reading of Sections 9 and 11 of the Act, wherein certain duties and penalties are prescribed. Section 9 provides that 'Every registered pharmacist shall file, or cause to be filed, all physicians' prescriptions compounded or dispensed in *his* pharmacy or store,' and makes a violation of the provision a misdemeanor. Section 11 provides that 'Any registered pharmacist who shall permit the compounding and dispensing of prescriptions of medical practitioners *in his store* by person not registered,' etc., shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

EMPLOYES NOT INCLUDED.

"These provisions cannot be construed as referring to mere subordinates or employes, but must have reference to proprietors or those having ultimate control of the store or business, otherwise it is apparent that they would be largely inoperative. They could not be enforced, since, as suggested by counsel, an employe might violate the law with impunity, because the Act would not be committed in his pharmacy store but in that of his employer.

"Taking the whole Act together I am satisfied that the Legislature, in using the expression 'persons who at the passage of this Act are conducting pharmacies,' intended and had reference to those having the ultimate control of the business. This construction is in harmony with that given by the Supreme Court of Iowa to substantially the same expression found in the statute of that State, making it unlawful for any person not a registered pharmacist to 'conduct any pharmacy or drug store.' 'If the person conducting a drug store was the defendant,' say the court, 'then he was engaged in an unlawful business, for he was not a registered pharmacist. But he contends that it was his clerk and not himself who was conducting a drug store, and that had he been allowed to show that his clerk was a registered pharmacist he would have shown that the business of the drug store was lawful. There is no doubt but that a person may lawfully become the proprietor of a stock of drugs without being a registered pharmacist. But being such proprietor is quite different from conducting a drug store. A room in the building in which the business of selling drugs is conducted is a drug store, and

THE CONDUCTOR OF THE STORE,

Within the meaning of the statute, is, we think, the person who has the ultimate right to control the business in respect to its continuance or discontinuance, the employment of clerks, the fixing of prices, etc. It matters not with what power a mere clerk may be clothed; he cannot be said to be the conductor of the store when his powers are merely derivative.' (State vs. Norton, 67 Iowa, 641.)

"So, in this case, the petitioner cannot, in the sense of the statute, be held to be the conductor of the pharmacy or store in which he is employed. He is engaged to manage the business of the store for his employer with, it is true, considerably enlarged powers over the ordinary drug clerk, but nevertheless, as the evidence discloses, without that right of final direction which would make him other than the clerk or agent of his employer, subject to dismissal at all times. This being so, he does not fall within the definition of one entitled to a certificate as a practicing pharmacist."

Death of an Old Citizen.

Athanas Meyer, one of Sacramento County's oldest citizens, died yesterday afternoon at the age of 70 years. Old age and a complication of diseases were the cause. The deceased leaves a valuable estate to his two grown children, John A. Meyer and Mrs. Cecelia Anthony. Mr. Meyer was a member of Schiller Lodge, I. O. O. F., and will be buried from Odd Fellows' Hall to-morrow under the auspices of that organization.

POLICE COURT.

It Cost Ah Chong Twenty Dollars to Run Up Against Captain Bradley.

Ah Chong, found guilty of having lottery tickets in his possession, was first to get justice in the Police Court yesterday. When interrogated by Judge Cravens as to whether he had anything to say, Chong was profuse in denials of guilt.

He thought if he was guilty the court might hang him, and it would be all right, but as he was sure he was innocent he wanted to effect a compromise until the next time.

He failed to change the decision of the court, however, and was fined $20, which was promptly paid.

Chong then put on a large slouch hat, well frescoed with grease, shook his head to express his dissatisfaction, and disappeared.

A LESSON FOR HAWKINS.

Wm. P. Hawkins, found guilty of cruelty to animals, was next arraigned. The court informed him he had been prosecuted at the instance of a society that endeavors to correct the evils of abusing dumb brutes and children, and compel humane treatment. He was well lectured and admonished to beware of similar offense hereafter, or the consequences might be worse than upon this occasion.

Considering that Hawkins had already been in jail five days, and that it would cost him something to recover his horses from the stable where they have been kept since his arrest, he was dismissed.

SOME MINOR CASES.

John Pine, Tom Briggs and K. Thompson were each assessed $5 for being drunk, in default of which the jail yawns for them.

John Doe changed his name to Jim Welch, and then to Fred, and even then he was not sure of it. He was also up for being drunk. When asked some questions by the court he made very dizzy replies. He stated that he lived sometimes in one place, then in another. In order to give him a chance to sober up and collect his ideas, he was sentenced to pay $10 or stay five days in the odor works down stairs.

MORE BRIGHT PUPILS.

Those of the Washington School Entitled to a Half-Holiday.

Following is a list of those pupils who are to enjoy a half-holiday for reaching 80 in average and 100 in deportment for the month of March, at Thirteenth and G-street school, Miss Kittie Brier, principal:

Fifth grade—Annie Higgs, Mattie Barry, Theda Genung, Jennie Benjamin.

Sixth grade—Alvena Laue, Lena Schmorleiz, Lou McMurray, NellieUren, Mamie Robinson, Amy Rott, Carrie Billingsley, Amy McCarty, Minnie Shea, Ivy Joy, Bernice Bemis, Lulu Hopton.

Seventh grade—Carl Noack, Irene Gifford, Georgie Martin, Grace Storrer, Birdie Cochran, Clarence Hillhouse, George Kromer.

High eighth grade—Oscar Engstrom, Annie Catey, Hazel Odell, Vernie Marston, Elita Pierson, Elwood Nielson, Roy Richmond, Charles Wahlander, Evelyn Appleton, Frankie Arhold, May Cunningham, Minnie Noble, Mamie Anderson, Bernie Drescher, Arthur Dahlin, Frank Devin, Harry Chapman, Dannie Sprague.

Low eighth grade—Florence Ferral, Gertrude Hughes, Bertie Best, Frank Deviny, Mandie Ross, Lena Stader, Stanley Shearer, Carrie Weeks, Josie Jensen, Edith Ellis, Willie Yager, Royce Taylor, Rudy Kunigk, Mabel Mier, Justine Griffiths, Eva Gravel, Marguerite Champlin, Cecil Olive, Robert Beard, Tony Silva, Alma Dundas, Amelia Wahl, George Da Costa, Sidney Woodburn.

COFFMAN'S TROUBLES.

He Says He Has Always Been Willing to Support His Family.

F. H. Coffman, who was committed to the County Jail on account of his failure to pay $25 per month for the support of his three children, has been discharged, the court having lowered the amount to $15 per month, which he says he is able to pay. Mr. Coffman feels that he has been placed in a false light by the newspaper reports of his troubles since his wife commenced divorce proceedings against him.

It will be remembered that Coffman contested the suit and that Mrs. Coffman failed to secure a decree, but the court ordered that he should pay $25 per month for the support of the three children, who were left in the custody of the wife. Coffman claimed that he was unable to pay so large an amount and advertised in the city papers that he was ready and willing to support both wife and children if they would return to nim.

For this reason he complains of the published statement that he refused to contribute anything toward their support. He also denies that he ever made an attempt to carry off the youngest child. He said he went to the house to try and see the child, as the mother had never permitted him even to see it, but he never had any idea of taking it.

TRAP-DOORS AND HAND-CARTS.

Two Kinds of Nuisances That Need to be Regulated.

The Street Commissioner and police officers should see that people's lives are not endangered by trap-doors in the sidewalks being left open and unguarded.

Yesterday afternoon as a Mrs. Milner of Washington was walking along Front street, between J and K, with her two children, one of them fell through an open trap-door to the basement below, sustaining painful and severe injuries. The attending physician said it was a wonder the child was not killed.

Open and unguarded trap-doors may be encountered at all hours of the day along the business streets, and it should be the duty of someone to put a stop to it.

The new policemen should also bear in mind that vegetable and other peddlers have no right to propel their hand-carts on the sidewalks. Yesterday a Chinaman trundled one of these vehicles—that was big enough for a horse to haul—along the sidewalks at Third and J streets, almost crowding pedestrians into the gutters.

On the Right Scent.

George W. Nichols, the new Sanitary Inspector, is reported as having declared that the blocks between L and M, Third and Fifth streets, are the dirtiest he ever saw.

If Mr. Nichols diligently does his duty—as no doubt he will—he will find a great many localities that other people know to be sadly in need of cleansing. For instance, various pungent odors are emitted by gratings along Third street, near to and south of J street—odors that everybody except Sanitary Inspectors have no trouble in locating.

CHILDREN'S school shoes, 75 cents a pair, worth $1 50, at the Boston Shoe Store, 615 J street, between Sixth and Seventh. *

"WORTH A GUINEA A BOX."

BEECHAM'S PILLS

(Tasteless—Effectual.)

For Sick-Headache, Impaired Digestion, Liver Disorders and Female Ailments.

Renowned all over the World.

Covered with a Tasteless & Soluble Coating.

Ask for Beecham's and take no others. Made at St. Helens, England. Sold by druggists and dealers. Price 25 cents a box. New York Depot, 365 Canal St.

GEORGE DISAPPOINTED.

Judge Catlin Still Thinks He is Incompetent,

And Withholds His Estate—The Erratic Young Man Would "Join the Bloods."

F. L. George, the erratic individual who was recently declared sane by a jury, was the center of attraction again in Judge Catlin's court yesterday.

He was there, he explained, to take possession of his estate, so that he could "join the bloods in San Francisco." County Assessor Irvine, who was appointed guardian of George's estate, was in court, too, for the purpose of surrendering his trust.

George amused quite a crowd in the corridor before the proceedings were commenced with his rambling talk. He told them his experiences in the "bughouse" at Stockton—that being the term he applied to the asylum—and said that there were men there whose heads were full of nails, wheels, and the like. He had a wheel taken out of his head, he said, and was all right since. He intended to go to the Blood-horse races in San Francisco as soon as he got his money, and would enter the grounds in a coach like a count.

When the case was called up Frank D. Ryan, attorney for Mr. Irvine, submitted the latter's accounts and asked for his discharge.

George grinned, but he got up and left the room when Judge Catlin announced that, in his opinion, George was not competent to take care of his estate, which is valued at about $8,000. The court said that the jury had found that George was not dangerous, and was fit to be at large, but they had not declared that he was competent to care for his property.

Hiram W. Johnson and Albert Johnson, attorneys for George, took issue with the court on this point. They claimed that the Judge had especially instructed the jury that they were to decide whether or not he was able to take care of his property, and they had declared him competent.

The Judge, however, insisted that George should have a guardian, and said that if Mr. Irvine refused to act in that capacity he would appoint somebody else. He was satisfied that George would squander his estate in short order.

Quite a discussion followed. Mr. Irvine did not want to be guardian, George wanted to get hold of the property, and the court was determined that neither should have their way. It was finally ordered that Mr. Irvine continue to act until further notice, and the case was continued for a week.

George says he is going to the races, anyhow, and after that will study for the stage.

Gorman Out of Danger.

The bail of Joseph Herman, charged with attempting to murder Michael Gorman with an ax, was reduced by Judge Catlin yesterday. Several days ago Gorman's condition became critical and Herman's bonds were raised. Gorman is out of danger now.

World's Fair Commissioner.

S. W. Ferguson of Bakersfield Kern County, was appointed by Governor Markham yesterday World's Fair Commissioner, to succeed Thomas H. Thompson, resigned.

WRITE to Cooper for everything in the musical line. 631 J street. *

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

THE AUSTRALIAN THOROUGHBRED STALLIONS,

IDALIUM

(Full brother to Sir Modred and Cheviot, being by Traducer, dam Idalia, by Cambuscan),

—AND—

MERRIWA

(By Goldsbrough, sire of 112 winners in Australia, dam Habena, by Yattendon, sire of the great Chester and hosts of other winners),

WILL MAKE THE SEASON OF 1892 at AGRICULTURAL PARK, Sacramento. Terms, $100 per mare, with privilege of returning in 1893 if not in foal, provided the horses have not changed ownership. In that case I will return money paid. The best of care taken of mares, but no responsibility assumed for accidents or escapes. Pasturage at $5 per month. Address all communications to [m14-2m6p] R. E. DE B. LOPEZ.

DON MARVIN!

Five-Year-Old Record, 2:28.

DON MARVIN IS A BEAUTIFUL SEAL brown, foaled 1884; bred by Senator Leland Stanford, Palo Alto, Cal.; is 16 hands high and weighs 1,200 pounds; sired by Fallis, 2:23 (sire of four in 2:30 list), he by Electioneer. Dam, Cora (dam of Don Marvin, 2:28, and Elected [trial] 2:26), by Don Victor (sire of the dams of five in the 2:30 list) by Belmont. Second dam, Clarabel (dam of Clifton Bell, 2:24½, and Rebecca, dam of four in 2:30 list) by Abdallah Star. Third dam, Fairy (dam of Stoner Boy, 2:29¼, and Sweepstakes, sire of 22 in the 2:30 list, and three other producing sires and dams) by Rysdyk's Hambletonian. Fourth dam, Emma Mills (dam of four horses that have sired 2:30 performers) by Seely's American Star.

DON MARVIN will make the season of 1892 at $40, with usual return privilege, which makes him the cheapest horse in the State, record and breeding considered, having what no other public stallion has on the coast—four producing dams. For further particulars or complete circulars address

CHARLES I. LOWELL,
1623 I street, Sacramento, Cal.

☞ Colts broke and handled for speed. m12-2m

A DETERMINED STAND!

Closing Out of the Red House.

To-day we shall give you a list of Small Notions. Customers can always think of the solid things wanted, but the little ones are not thought of unless the attention is called to them:

A small Nickel $1 Clock closing at 50c.

Our $1 50 Nickel Alarm Clock, good time keepers, closing at 85c.

Our $2 Nickel Water-wheel Clocks, perfect time keepers, closing at $1 25.

Fine Toilet Soaps that sold for 10c now 5c a cake.

Colegate's White Wings closing at 20c a box; old price, 35c.

Steel Shears and Scissors, nickel plated, 4½ to 9 inches long, closing at 25c a pair.

25c boxes of Papeterie, containing 24 sheets of paper and 24 envelopes, clsoing at 10c a box.

Ladies' 10c Colored-border Handkerchiefs now 5c.

Cream and Tan Oriental Lace, 5 inches wide, old price 10c a yard, closing at 5c.

Lot of Children's Finished Hose, in plain blue and pink, old price 25c, closing at 10c a pair.

Ladies' 75c Fancy-striped Flannelette Underskirts closing at 50c.

Boys' Heavy Fast Black 25c Hose closing at 15c.

Ladies' 75c Fast Black Hose, full finished and double heels, closing at 45c a pair.

Misses' 50c Corsets closing at 19c a pair.

SPECIAL FINE VALUES IN DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT.

A line of Extra-quality 8-4 Fancy-bordered Bleached Damask Table Covers at $1 40.

Also another great value in an 8-4 Fancy-border Loom Damask Table Cover for 85c.

A line of those Extra-fine Knotted Fringe Fancy-bordered Damask Towels, 21x45, at 40c.

A smaller size, 18x40, at 20c.

Handsome Fancy-bordered Fringed Napkins, 18x18, $1 10 a dozen.

A lot of Fringed Checked Glass Cloth Napkins at 50c a dozen.

DON'T FORGET THE TWO BIG TABLES OF REMNANTS that will be closed out to-day—Silks, Satins, Velvets, Dress Goods, Domestics, Etc.

CLOTHING.

Our large stock of Boys' Knee-pants and Long-pants Suits is now being closed at big reductions.

The cut on our Gents' Fine Dress Pants is equal to a day's work. A fine pair of Dress Pants from $2 50 to $3 45.

Great reductions have been made on Men's Heavy-weight Suits. We must lose largely on these to close them.

Some very handsome Summer-weight Coats and Vests will go at closing prices.

1,000 MEN'S AND BOYS' STRAW HATS ON SALE TO-DAY.

THE FOOTWEAR WILL BE AN ATTRACTION TO-DAY.

Those Fine Ladies' $6 French Kids go for $4 50; the $5 grade for $3 75; $4 grade, $3 15.

$1 75 Misses' Kid Shoes, spring heel, for $1 25.

Those fine $2 Oxford Ties for $1 45.

Men's and Boys' Boots and Shoes sold at the same cut rates.

IN FURNISHING GOODS DEPARTMENT.

Miscellaneous Notions. Prices cut more than one-half.

Thomas' Violet Ink, in quart bottles, 10c a bottle.

Thomas' Black Ink, small bottles, 3c.

Pure Gum Mucilage, brush with every bottle, 3c.

Blued Carpet Tacks, 8 and 12 ounce, 12 papers for 10c.

Hammered Brass Crumb Tray and Brush, 10c.

1,000 Double-pointed Wood Toothpicks in box, 3c.

Oblong Japanned Waiter, gilt trimmed, 5c.

Chemical Stove Polish, handy wooden boxes, 2 for 5c.

Fine London Toilet Soap, 2c a cake.

Long Bar London Toilet Soap, 3c a bar.

Chemical Olive Laundry Soap, 20 bars in box, 35 and 40c a box.

Ladies' Fancy Woven Reed Shopping Baskets, 3 and 5c.

The celebrated Red House Japan Tea, 5 pound boxes, $1 20.

Bissell's No. 6 $2 Carpet Sweepers for 95c.

Bixby's Best Blacking, 10c boxes for 5c.

Bixby's Best Liquid Shoe Dressing, 7c a bottle.

Buy $1 worth and you still get a rebate from these cut prices.

FURNISHING GOODS.

Gents' 25c Dress Suspenders, 15 and 20c.

Boys' and Youths' Suspenders, 10, 15, 20 and 25c.

20x20 Turkey Red Handkerchiefs, 5c each.

Gents' Large-size Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, 15c; now sold 3 for 25c.

Gents' Fancy Colored-border Linen Handkerchiefs, 2 for 25c.

Faultless Combination Razor Strop, 19c each.

Fine Bristle Leather Brushes, 12 and 15c.

Our 50c 6-foot Waterproof Buggy Whip, 35c.

Our 40c 6-foot Buggy Whip for 25c.

Your choice of 3 lines Gents' Half Hose, gray, balbriggan or fancy colored, 20c a pair.

Fine Toilet or Bath Sponges, 7c each.

EASTER MILLINERY.

We are prepared for a big trade to-day, for we know you will come where you can save one-half on the price of a dress hat. We have hundreds of Trimmed Hats and Toques for you to choose from. Our $2 95 Lace Toque is handsomer than anybody's $5 Toque. Those boot-heel hats (the latest) are going fast. Wide-rim sun hats to-day for 15 cents. The long, wire-stem, double-shaded violets, two for 5 cents; long stem, drooping silk-velvet violets, double, two for 5 cents. Pond Lilies—three large lilies and three buds for 65 cents.

C. H. GILMAN, RED HOUSE.

WE ARE OBLIGED TO SACRIFICE, AND THE GREATEST BARGAINS can be obtained in

CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES.

MECHANICAL STORE, 414 K St., H. Marks, Proprietor.

DAILY EVENING NEWS

GIVES A GRAND PRIZE TO THE MOST POPULAR TEACHER IN SACRAMENTO County—$270 Residence Lot in Oak Park. Publication of vote begins next Monday. Put in your ballots and give your favorites a good showing on the start.

JOB PRINTING.—THE NEWS has a Job Printing Department. First-class work, prompt service, reasonable prices. A share of patronage requested. 309 J street.

WHOLE WHEAT FLOUR

Is all the go. It takes the place of graham flour; makes delicious, moist and spongy bread.

TRY IT AND BE CONVINCED.

Manufactured by

PHŒNIX MILLING COMPANY

ENCOURAGE YOUR HOME MANUFACTURES

When it costs you nothing to do so. The well-known popularity of M'CREARY'S SNOWFLAKE FLOUR is sufficient guarantee of its quality. This Flour is sold by all grocers, and always has been as low as any other first-class Flour here or any other place in the State. Manufactured by C. McCREARY & CO., Sacramento Flour Mills.

THOMAS F. PHILLIPS,

Druggist and Apothecary,

CORNER SIXTH AND K STREETS.

☞ Prescriptions Promptly and Carefully Attended to.

JAS. G. DAVIS Furniture and Carpets.

Wall Paper of All Kinds. Send for Price List.

411-413 K Srteet, Sacramento.

WIRE SCREENS

For all sizes of

Doors and Windows.

The trade supplied in lots to suit at lowest rates.

WHITTIER, FULLER & CO.

1016 to 1020 Second street.

J. W. GUTHRIE,

Plumbing, Gas Fitting, Steam and Hot Water Heating.

Spence Heater

We heat buildings by a new and improved system. Call and examine our work, which we guarantee to give satisfaction and save fuel.

127 J Street, SACRAMENTO.

Liquors, Wine, Beer, Etc.

EBNER BROS.,

116-118 K Street, Front and Second, Sacramento,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALers in Wines and Liquors. Agents for the celebrated Pommery and Greno Champagne.

M. CRONAN,

230 K St., and 1108-1110 Third St., Sacramento, Cal.,

IMPORTER AND WHOLESALE DEALER in Fine Whiskies, Brandies and Champagne.

TO THE PUBLIC—I WOULD RESPECTfully notify my friends, and the public, that I have leased the Old Resort at Whisky Hill, where I will be pleased to have my friends call on me. All kinds of refreshments constantly on hand. [ap9-1m] E. LAVINE.

CAPITAL ALE VAULTS, 302 J STREET, 1005 Third street. NAGELE & SVENSSON, Proprietors. The finest lunch in the city, 11 A. M. to 2 P. M. Best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars always on hand. Clam Chowder and Mussel Soup every night. Telephone No. 38. m24-tf

CHAS. FLOHR,

1024 SIXTH STREET, IMPORTER AND dealer in Fine Shotguns, Rifles and Pistols. Agent for the celebrated Imperial Shotgun. Loaded Ammunition of the best quality for shotguns, rifles and pistols always on hand. Safes and Scales repaired and Locksmithing given prompt attention. Call and try my Machine-loaded, "Reliable" Shotgun Ammunition. Repairing of all kinds neatly done and warranted. d8-tf

Sportsmen's Headquarters.

HENRY ECKHART, MANUfacturer and Importer of Guns, Rifles, Pistols, Fishing Tackle, and Sporting Materials of every description. Guns choke-bored, stocks bent, and repairing on guns and rifles a specialty. Send for price-list. No. 523 K street, Sacramento.