

MEMORIAL DAY

How It Was Observed Throughout the East and West.

PRESIDENT HARRISON SPEAKS AT ROCHESTER, NEW YORK.

The Day Generally Observed Throughout the Towns and Cities of the Coast With Parades and the Decoration of Graves of Departed Veterans.

Special to the Record-Union.

ROCHESTER (N. Y.), May 30.—Never before has Rochester been so crowded; never before has it entertained so distinguished a company. All business is suspended. It is estimated that 250,000 people took part in the various demonstrations.

The President was enthusiastically received everywhere, and compelled to bow his acknowledgments to the almost continuous cheering. The weather is bright. The feature of the day was the dedication of the monument in Washington Square in honor of the soldiers and sailors of Monroe County who died in defense of the Union. The city is gay with bunting.

President Harrison, Governor Flower and other distinguished guests rose early and took a nine-mile ride on an electric car, escorted by a large body of gayly decorated bicyclists as escort to Ontario Beach, for breakfast. Returning to the city the President and Governor held a public reception from 10:30 till noon.

The university here presented a review of a parade, consisting of war veterans, German-American societies, school children and miscellaneous civic societies. At the appointed time, in the presence of a great throng, the monument was unveiled with imposing ceremonies. General Keyes, in a most interesting address, President Hill of the Rochester University delivered an oration, Samuel H. Lane read a poem and President Harrison and Governor Flower each made addresses.

EX-PRESIDENT HAYES' ADDRESS.

COLUMBUS (O.), May 30.—Ex-Presidentutherford B. Hayes delivered a memorable address here. Among other things, he said: "The ascending progress of America during the war and by reason of it during the last twenty-seven years, has carried us to a position where we have reached a rank among nations so commanding that we ourselves can hardly realize either the privileges that are ours or the responsibilities that rest upon us. It is our privilege to be without defensive, costly fortifications, because we do not need them; it is our privilege to be able, if need comes, to subsidize the ships of almost all other nations except those of the power with which we may be at war. We have to-day the largest, cheapest, safest and most efficient and formidable army the world ever saw. It consists of more than a million men, who are not merely self-sustaining, but who are engaged in the peaceful industry of civil life and constantly adding to our wealth and power. To lead this army up to its maximum strength we have more than a quarter-million school-boys under the training of the law, which is at once a fortune, every one of us, and a recruiting station for the Army of the Republic."

General Hayes added: "This Nation should be the peacemaker of the world. We could," he said, "better afford to suffer a wrong, especially when dealing with a power with which we may be at war, than to be absolutely forced upon her, but one in it should cease only with the annihilation of the power that caused us to be so treated."

THE DAY AT WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, May 30.—Memorial Day is being observed here in the usual way. Appropriate exercises were held at the cemeteries and the graves were decorated. The Union leaders in various parts of the city. Later in the day special services were held at the Soldiers' Home. The graves were decorated, as were the monuments to the Union leaders in various parts of the city. Later in the day special services were held at the Soldiers' Home. The graves were decorated, as were the monuments to the Union leaders in various parts of the city.

A PARADE AT NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, May 30.—In spite of the rain Decoration Day exercises were carried out according to the programme. They began with a parade of the regular troops, militia, reserve, artillery and regular Grand Army posts in nine divisions, after which the Grand Army men proceeded to the various cemeteries and decorated the graves of their comrades.

AT CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, May 30.—Memorial Day was duly observed here. In the morning the Grand Army posts proceeded to the various cemeteries and strewed the graves with flowers, not forgetting 7,000 Confederate dead at old Camp Douglas. Arrangements were made for a parade this afternoon, but the rain began falling at 1:30 p. m., and may interfere with the programme.

ADVICES TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS FROM VARIOUS POINTS INDICATE THAT THE DAY WAS GENERALLY OBSERVED AT THE USUAL FORMULAS.

MILWAUKEE POSTS DECORATE.

MILWAUKEE, May 30.—Despite the rain and mud the G. A. R. posts decorated the soldiers' graves in the various cemeteries to-day. The main feature of the day was the unveiling of a monument over the grave of General Kilburn Knox, late commander of the Soldiers' Home, in the Home Cemetery.

IN THE FAR WEST.

How the Day Was Celebrated on the Pacific Coast.

COLUMBIA, May 30.—Decoration Day was appropriately observed by the G. A. R. and Relief Corps.

PORTLAND (Or.), May 30.—Memorial Day was appropriately observed here to-day. The officers and crews of the cruisers Baltimore and Chicago participated in the parade this afternoon.

DOWNEVILLE (Cal.), May 30.—Decorations were placed on the graves of the soldiers and sailors of the Union. The day was observed in the usual manner.

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PRESBYTERIAN ASSEMBLY.

Final Proceedings in the Dr. Briggs Heresy Case.

PROTEST AGAINST THE WORLD'S FAIR OPENING ON SUNDAY.

Man and Two Boys Drowned in the Kern River—No Change in the Situation at the Cour d'Alene Mines—Small Forces of Non-Union Men at Work—The Press Association Arrive at Portland.

Special to the Record-Union.

PORTLAND, May 30.—The reading of the minutes of the assembly to-day contained a reminiscence of the feeling which was excited by the precipitate action of Friday night upon revision. A protest is to be formulated and introduced at a later date. The Mayor of Portland was present and addressed the assembly. After some unimportant business Judge Ewing introduced the following resolution in the Briggs case, it being mainly formal and only important in its wording:

"The general assembly having on the 28th day of May, 1892, duly sustained all the specifications of error alleged and set forth in the appeal and specifications of the case, it is now ordered that the judgment of the Presbytery of New York, entered on November 4, 1891, in dismissing the case of the Presbyterian Church in the United States of America against Rev. Charles A. Briggs, D. D., be and the same is hereby reversed and the case is remanded to the Presbytery of New York for a new trial. It is further ordered that the said Presbytery to proceed to and determine the sufficiency of the charges and specifications in form and legal effect, and to report the same to the General Assembly at its next meeting. The committee to amend the specifications or charges, not changing the general nature of the case, in the furtherance of justice it is necessary to attend them, so that the case may be brought to an issue and tried on the merits as speedily as may be practicable."

The rest of the recommendation is unessential to the main issue. After a few unimportant matters had been attended to the order of the day was called, it being the report on Theological Seminars.

The supplementary report of the majority of the committee was then read, and it was followed by that of the minority. These reports were essentially the same as those presented last Wednesday, but the minority report had added certain phrases which were considered objectionable by many of its members. Instead of compliance of the Union directors was "a failure to comply with the obligations assumed in the charter of 1870." Another resolution was introduced at the Union Seminary, and declared in words of a Commissioner to mean "a boycott." The memorial was read, and the dissolution of relations was recommended for denial. This point of the minority report recommended opposite action and the formation of a new committee.

WIND AND WATER.

Several Buildings Badly Damaged at Newport, Arkansas.

NEWPORT (Ark.), May 30.—A tornado struck the little town of Auvergne last night. The Academy building and the new Methodist church were blown down and other buildings were damaged. There was a loss of life, as far as heard from.

THE ARKANSAS RIVER. A heavy deluge was observed here by a parade, decoration of graves in the different cemeteries and appropriate exercises at the opera-house.

ARKANSAS CITY (Ark.), May 30.—The Arkansas river is only about ten inches below the water in the river, and the water in the streets ranges from five to ten feet deep. Water is sweeping over the track of the Missouri-Pacific Railway in many places. Citizens do not expect to see the river for the next two weeks, and the chances are it will continue to rise slowly for several days, and probably reach the stage of fifty feet.

TWO KANSAS TWISTERS. WICHITA (Kan.), May 30.—Two tornadoes passed to the north of Caldwell last night. One man is known to have been killed, and considerable damage to property. The details have not been received.

WONDERFUL HAILSTONES.

STELLA (Kan.), May 30.—A heavy hailstorm, some of the hailstones measuring several inches in circumference, last night caused great destruction to crops.

A DELUGE.

WELLINGTON (Ark.), May 30.—The most terrible rainstorm that ever visited this section of the state, adding to the misery and distress of the already miserable inhabitants and ruining what was left of the unrotted stocks of goods.

REPUBLIC OF MEXICO.

A Permanent Exhibition of Products to be Made in New York.

NEW YORK, May 30.—Senator Felipe G. Cantor, who is the Director-General of the permanent exposition of the products of the various States of Mexico, which will have its abiding place in the Industrial Hall of this city, has just returned from a visit to that republic. During his visit to Mexico he had an interview with President Diaz.

Senator Cantor says: "When I called on the President and laid the project of a permanent exhibition before him he interrupted me by saying, 'I am of the opinion that a permanent exposition of our products in New York, particularly those of the agricultural and mineral products, would be the best means of bringing into direct communication with the commerce of the world a country like Mexico, which has vast quantities of raw products, only equalled by its different heights over the sea level.' The President has instructed the Secretary of the Interior to see that the industries of every State in Mexico should be fully represented in New York, and a constantly changing series of products will be sent here. The expenses attending a permanent exhibit will be paid pro rata by the various Mexican States, and it will be under the direct control of the Mexican Government, although the Mexican Exposition will not be in full running order until after the close of the Columbian Exposition. It will probably be opened before a year has passed."

BLOOD FOR WATER.

Trials of a Party Who Lost Their Way in Texas.

EL PASO (Texas), May 30.—William F. Bailey, his wife and a Mexican boy, who were returning from this city to their home in Palomares, Mexico, lost their way in the Mexican woods and were obliged to wander about for several days. They were rescued by a party who had chosen the place for a picnic. When some distance up the canyon one of the boys slipped, carrying the other with him. Jewett immediately jumped in after them, only to be dashed to pieces among the boulders. Indeed, if he had thought for a second he must have known his fate. He was a man of about 40 years of age, an exemplary man and benefactor of the extreme in everything honorable and good.

COUR D'ALENE MINES.

The Situation Remains Practically Unchanged.

WALLACE (Idaho), May 30.—The mining situation in Cour d'Alene remains practically unchanged. The Union mine is working with a full force of non-union men. The Frisco mine is working with a small force of non-union men, and the Banker Hill and Sullivan are working about twenty-five men. All other mines are still closed. It is generally understood that the Mine Owners' Association agreement terminates to be learned. Five hundred and fifty men came to Wallace to-day and were immediately arrested for carrying deadly weapons. Four of them had revolvers and Willey left here to-day. Nothing is known of

his opinion of the situation. So far as can be learned he made no effort to attract or bring about a settlement of the existing difficulty. The mine-owners generally wanted him to declare martial law, while the miners and many citizens declared such a step would be revolutionary and result in serious consequences. One prominent officer of the Miners' Union says the appearance of regular troops would immediately disband the union, and he would not want to be held responsible for the trouble that might ensue.

National Press Association.

PORTLAND (Ore.), May 30.—The National Press Association excursion arrived here this evening from San Francisco. The special train bearing the excursion was late, which made it necessary to change the programme for their reception. The train was met at Oregon City by the steamer Harvest Queen, and members of the excursion were taken to the city of the journey to this city by water, arriving at 7 p. m. Owing to the large number of strangers here attending the (tentative) arrangements accommodations could not be secured for the entire party, and many editors were compelled to sleep in the night in their sleeping cars, which were run by the Portland and Seattle.

Republican State Committee.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 30.—The Executive Committee of the Republican State Central Committee met this afternoon and organized by electing the following officers: Chairman, Judge W. F. Fitzgerald; Secretary, J. W. Hamilton; Treasurer, P. E. Wilson of San Francisco; Secretary, P. E. Wilson of San Francisco; Secretary, P. E. Wilson of San Francisco; Secretary, P. E. Wilson of San Francisco.

Both Seriously Shot.

QUINCY, May 30.—A man was shot in the hills seven miles from here this forenoon on suspicion of being John D. Ruggles, the fugitive stage robber. He shot Harry White, one of his captors. A man named Miller, claiming to know Ruggles, who with White says he is Ruggles. White is shot in the breast, and is still in the hills where the stray right on Jackson, but the latter jumped away, and the round ended very evenly.

Charged With a Serious Crime.

MODESTO, May 30.—An aged man, named Henry Stanford, who has lived on Colonel Dorsey's ranch, south of Oakdale, with a family there, has been arrested for assaulting girls under 8 years. There is a feeling against him in the neighborhood.

Child Fatally Hurt.

Petaluma (Cal.), May 30.—The little child of Louis Mearns, aged 10 years, was killed while playing with matches last Friday during its parents' absence, accidentally striking a gas pipe, which exploded, and set its clothes on fire and was so badly burned that it died a few hours after.

Turf Topics.

"TWAS A GREAT DAY YESTERDAY AT MORRIS PARK." Fifty thousand people witness the Run for the Metropolitan Handicap.

Special to the Record-Union.

MORRIS PARK (N. Y.), May 30.—The largest race-track was seen here this afternoon. A conservative estimate placed the attendance at between forty-five and fifty thousand people. In the first race Dr. Haasbrouck tied the record for five furlongs, 0:56. The event of the day was the Metropolitan handicap. The bookmakers did a tremendous business, Pessara being the favorite. He got away in the lead, but in the opening of the sixth furlong Terral held him in, and Fairly and Russell drew past. At the top of the hill leading into the home-stretch Fairly quit, and Russell soon after showed the white feather. Pessara then quickly took the lead, and despite the efforts of Hamilton to bring Looatch to the front, maintained it to the end. The result is as follows:

In the first race, five furlongs, Dr. Haasbrouck won, Correction second, Raedland third. Time, 0:59.

The second race, one mile, Two Bits won, Queen Enid second, Veman third. Time, 1:40.

In the third race, juvenile stakes for two-year-olds, five furlongs, a Bonnie Lee won, Prince George second, Perrier third. Time, 1:30.

The Metropolitan handicap for all ages, six furlongs, one mile and a quarter, Pessara won, Looatch second, Sleight third. Time, 2:02.

CRUICKSHANK, May 30.—The track was fast, but in the opening of the six furlongs, three-year-olds and upward, six furlongs, John Barkley won, Elsie S. second, Darling third. Time, 1:35.

Maiden two-year-olds, four and a half furlongs, one mile and a quarter, Powers won, Rook Laidly second, Orville third. Time, 1:43.

Maiden two-year-olds, four and a half furlongs, one mile and a quarter, Cardwell second, Plutos third. Time, 0:54.

Declaration handicap, three-year-olds and upward, mile and three-sixteenths, Ed. Peck won, Belvoir second, Post Scout third. Time, 2:03.

Two-year-olds, five furlongs, The Reaper won, Governor Foraker second, Queen Enid third. Time, 1:23.

Three-year-olds and upward, six furlongs, Lilly won, Lou Dudley second, Emma Louise third. Time, 1:47.

Maiden two-year-olds, four and a half furlongs, Jessie Lee B. won, Luke F. second, Carrie Pearsall third. Time, 0:59.

AT CHICAGO. The track was slow. Half-mile, Johnetta won, Alderman second, Pekin third. Time, 0:50.

Five furlongs, Mollie V. won, Emperor Bill second, Von Trump third. Time, 1:13.

Six furlongs, 3-year-olds, Miss Knot won, Roman second, Galeo third. Time, 1:30.

Five furlongs, Bettie Prather won, Johnny second, Greener third. Time, 1:15.

One mile and fifty yards, Profligate won, Livingston second, Woodpecker third. Time, 2:00.

AT ST. LOUIS. St. Louis, May 30.—Six furlongs, Billy Smith won, Good Day second, Gorman third. Time, 1:19.

Two-year-olds, four and a half furlongs, Ed. Peck won, Lakemans second, Annie Golden third. Time, 1:30.

One mile, Guido won, Verge D'O or second, Gayoso third. Time, 1:45.

Seven and a half furlongs, Deacon won, Great Hopes second, First Day third. Time, 1:41.

Six furlongs, Doelwick won, Gaylord second, Odette third. Time, 1:18.

One mile and a sixteenth, Philora won, Joe Blackburn second, Mary Sue third. Time, 2:00.

A STRICTLY JACKSON DAY.

Slavin's Colors Lowered in Very Short Order.

SENT TO GRASS IN THE TENTH ROUND.

A Plan of Sending Sailors to Vancouver by Way of the Canadian Pacific Pronounced a Success—The Irish Nationalists Concocting a Plan to Defeat the Mandates of an Irish Parliament. Should Such a Plan be Established?

Special to the Record-Union.

LONDON, May 30.—The National Club was crowded to-night with spectators anxious to witness the Slavin-Jackson fight. The entrance became so much obstructed by the crowd that the owner of the building refused to allow more to enter without tickets. Two hundred policemen kept order in the clubhouse where a surging mass had assembled with the expectation of being admitted. Lord Lansdale opened the proceedings with a speech, and the fight then began. After the first round it was evident that Slavin had no chance against the bigger man, yet he always came up pluckily. In the tenth round Slavin was knocked helpless against the ropes, being in a terrible condition from the fearful punishment he received.

It was 11:10 when Jackson and Slavin made their appearance in the ring to begin the fight. The usual preliminaries occupied only a few minutes.

In the first round Jackson led off with a light jab on Slavin's body. Prolonged sparring then ensued. Slavin did not force the fighting at the great rate expected. Jackson, though he did not hit with much force, kept his long left arm constantly in Slavin's face. Twice Slavin clinched and was ordered by the referee to break away. He then tried to land his right on Jackson, but the latter jumped away, and the round ended very evenly.

Second round.—The instant time was called Slavin made a saving attack, and antagonist, as though he intended to annihilate him, but Jackson always had his long left arm in Slavin's face. Three times Slavin rushed into close quarters, with the same futile result. Jackson then took the initiative, and drove his left and right in quick succession on Slavin's face, which appeared to be troubling as the round closed.

Third round.—The round opened amid intense excitement. Jackson kept prodding Slavin with the right and left eye, and the eye had begun to show signs of closing. Slavin kept bearing in, but try as he would, always failed to land his dangerous right on his antagonist. In the last minute of the round a splendid rally occurred, when Slavin hit harder than Jackson struck more frequently. Both were hard at work when time was called.

Many bets were won and lost at this stage of the fight, and the wagers were made that the fight would not last three rounds.

Fourth round.—After the call of time Slavin was the first to get on his feet, and seemed to have already taken his rival's measure. Every time Slavin rushed in he met the negro's left, Jackson having a shade the best of the exchanges.

Fifth round.—Both men started in and fought through the round at a terrific pace, each doing his best.

Sixth round.—Slavin worked Jackson into the corner, and landed two heavy blows on his ribs. The negro jumped out and landed swinging his left and right on Slavin's head.

Seventh round.—Jackson time after time battered his left on Slavin's face, and before the round was over Slavin's left eye was nearly closed.

Eighth round.—Jackson was now per seeping freely, but seemed to be fresher than his opponent. Jackson always landed away at Slavin for all he was worth, and had the best of the round at the finish, with six to four being laid on him at the close.

Ninth round.—Slavin made a grand effort to keep on equal terms with Jackson, but Jackson, too, lost several stinging left-handed blows on the mouth and head. Jackson was shooting his right with great effect and had the best of the exchanges when the two men were ordered to their corners.

Tenth round.—Slavin came up very gay, but weaker than he looked. After the usual exchanges Slavin swung a swinging right-handed blow on Slavin's throat, sending him against the ropes. Before Slavin was able to recover Jackson was on him with both hands, and Slavin became dazed from the effects of the terrible punishment. The negro fought him all around the ring and succeeded in knocking him out in the first two minutes of the round.

Slavin was declared the victor amid terrific cheering, and he appeared to be helpless and disfigured, appeared almost dead. He presented a woful appearance, and showed signs of the effects of the terrible punishment. His eyes were tightly closed, his face badly swollen and discolored, and his body covered with blood. Slavin's second, James Harper and Homer were the opposing pugilist. Homer was batted furiously, Slavin and his second were ordered to quit when the Duke was not making an error.

May be the Calaveras Stage Robber.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 30.—Yesterday Sheriff Thorn took Ed Connolly, one of the burglars arrested on the 25th inst., to both of the places where he had confessed having hid some of the stolen property. In one place was found quite a quantity of jewelry and in the other some fuses, powder, etc. The fact of the latter place being in the vicinity of the same team of the San Andreas and sheep ranch stage robbers was lost, and also the character of other things found, with the powder almost a perfect guess.

Mixed Happenings.

MERCER, May 30.—A bell fire in the tenth round was extinguished by a majority of the spectators, who thought Jackson could win only by points.

An innovation was having the ring walled in by the spectators, instead of twenty-four. Among the solid bets recorded were of \$1,500 to \$200 on Slavin made at the Victoria Club, and one of \$200 to \$100, also on Slavin, at the Criterion.

It is not much to say that no other match ever excited an equal amount of interest, although little actual money was wagered until the night of the contest. There were present Dukes, and Earls, and Marquis and baronets, and non-titled aristocrats in profusion. Colonel North, Buffalo Bill and artist Furnish were notified among the crowd. Out of regard for the aristocratic patrons the hat has gone forth that no names be mentioned.

Lord Lansdale's speech of introduction was long, and was received with little interest. Considering the public comments on prize fighting, he begged the press to avoid using any objectionable word in

the reports, and to describe the contest as really a boxing match under recognized rules.

Presently a loud shout announced the entrance of the combatants. Slavin's expression was one of dejected confidence, while Jackson's was that of a man who did not quite know. Both men looked in the pink of condition. In the opinion of the majority there was only one man in it, and that was Slavin. They are now left to ponder over the fact that it is one thing to possess a hit such as Slavin's, but quite another thing to get it home. More than once Jackson's supporters felt apprehensive, while Slavin's adherents always expected a great punch from their favorite, but he never came. In fact, Slavin did not shine as a boxer.

In the meantime Jackson's blows looked playful, but they hurt. He countered well and took all the sting out of Slavin's tremendous lunges. The wonderful part of it was Slavin's stamina. The remark was often heard that Jackson was no finisher, yet he gradually wore his opponent down, and when it came to the finish he gave Slavin one of the hand-somest "setters" ever witnessed to the finest match on record.

Despite the fact that Jackson is a negro, the victory is extremely well received. Jackson invariably nailed his opponent as the latter came on, thus securing a blow of double impact. Frequent visitations on the nose and mouth nearly choked Slavin, the negro even tickled down his throat troubling him greatly.

The sports in attendance upon the fight, while applauding Jackson's magnanimity in not finishing his opponent as he thought he would have been more humane had he done so, Jackson is not a savage fighter, and when in the tenth round, though he had a magnificent knockout, he declined to lie down and admit his defeat, but held up his good head to receive blow after blow. Jackson, in a helpless, dogged manner, stood upon his feet, and around, as much as to say, "Have not I done enough?" His adherents warned him to continue the blows, and again they were raised upon the head of the senseless man before him. Slavin swayed feebly, stood up again, but finally, in response to a terrific blow, sank in a heap on the floor.

Ed Trichard is matched to fight Jim Hall in London within three months for \$2,000 side, plus the best purse offered. Money has been deposited.

CAL McCARTHY WHIPPED.

NEW YORK, May 30.—Burns whipped Cal McCarthy in eight rounds at the Casino. Island Athletic Club to-night. The fight opened with McCarthy as the aggressor, but he soon found he had a hard man to handle, as Burns was cool and deliberate, and simply laid back and waited for his opponent. Burns took a lead with a straight counter over time he led. In the second round it was clearly evident that McCarthy was in no condition to meet his clever antagonist. Burns took advantage of the situation and swung his left on McCarthy's jaw early in the round, which knocked McCarthy to the stage. He was quick as a cat, following up the knock and knocking Cal down several times. Although McCarthy fought gamely in the last two rounds, Burns was the victor in his antagonist, and was knocked out in the eighth round.

SPORTING NOTES.

Over Three Hundred Cyclers Take Chicago in a Race.

CHICAGO, May 30.—The Pullman road race, the greatest event of the year to Western bicyclists, was run to-day. Over 300 fliers took part. Record-breaking time was not looked for on account of the bad roads. The run is from Michigan avenue and Jackson street to Pullman, a distance of twelve miles.

J. B. Woolas of the Lakewood Club, who was first in the country, took the lead, and was the first to cross the line. He was quick as a cat, following up the knock and knocking Cal down several times. Although McCarthy fought gamely in the last two rounds, Burns was the victor in his antagonist, and was knocked out in the eighth round.

H. R. Winship of Englewood wins the first time prize, was who was first in the country.

Woolas' time—5:45.

General Miles this morning made the first experiment of the army use of the bicycle in his country. He was accompanied by regulars, who are not experts with the machine, to ride with full accoutrements from Pullman to Chicago.

General Miles' headquarters in one hour and twenty-five minutes. General Miles was high with the result. He said it demonstrates the fact that a military command can move in a heavy marching order over the worst of roads, and much faster than on foot.

BASEBALL.

GAMES PLAYED AT SAN FRANCISCO AND SAN JOSE.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 30.—The Frisco team played in hard luck this afternoon. They played almost a perfect game, but lost to Los Angeles by a score of 4 to 1.

AT SAN JOSE. SAN JOSE, May 30.—A large crowd was present at the game to-day between San Jose and Los Angeles. The result was a score of 5 to 0 in favor of the home team. Harper and Homer were the opposing pugilist. Homer was batted furiously, Slavin and his second were ordered to quit when the Duke was not making an error.

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