THE RECORD-UNION.

VOLUME LXXXIV.- NO. 22. SACRAMENTO, THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 15, 1892. WHOLE NO. 15,887.

REACHES THE MAINLAND.

Five Deaths From Asiatic Cholera in New York City.

THE UTMOST PRECAUTION TO PREVENT ITS SPREAD.

Physicians Remain Constantly on Guard at Each House Where the Disease Appears to Enforce the Most Rigid Rules of Cleanliness—No Family Allowed to Move Out of a House Without a Written Permit—The Quarantined Passengers at Fire Island to be Released To-Day.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—Now that Asiatic cholera has developed among the dwellers in this city, each may ask his neighbor, "Well, what of it?" This expression implies no over-confidence. It lies within each individual's power to assure his own personal safety almost beyond peradventure. He has but to drink no water and milk except such as has been thoroughly boiled, and to eat no food that has not been thoroughly and freshly cooked. He will abstain from butter and cheese, and may then possess his soul in serenity. Cholera will pass him by.

Ever since the Moravia arrived in port as a harbinger of the dreaded plague the State and local officials have been straining every nerve to prevent its gaining a foothold in this city and being spread by various channels to the country at large, but while they were all looking seaward cholera has quietly made its presence felt in our midst, and five corpses to-day mark its advent. How did it get in? is the question on everyone's lips. The Health Officers are puzzled, but the utmost precautions are being taken to prevent its spread. At each of the houses where the patients lived two doctors have been stationed, to remain constantly on duty, enforcing the most rigid rules of cleanliness, seeing to disinfection, etc. No family must move out of a house without a written permit.

The idea is to overwhelm and stamp out the disease in each house, as was done with typhus upon its first appearance. That this can be done was successfully demonstrated in the cholera outbreak of 1846. The doctors on duty in each of the infected houses will remain there until the danger of a further outbreak is finally passed. The health officers fully believe this will be before long. Other cases are expected to develop from scattered centers of the contagion, but none in the same buildings. That is the way the health officers propose to drive cholera from the city, now it has got in, and if the citizens will use reason and not get into a foolish and needless panic they are sure they will succeed, though they by no means undervalue the danger. Every possibility, every feature of the cholera epidemic has been discounted and provided against.

It is hard for the department to trace the cases so far reported, because all of the victims are dead. The situation is identical with that of 1866, when cholera suddenly appeared in three or four widely separated places in the city, after it had been successfully quarantined out the previous fall.

The first case this year was Charles McAvoy, a plasterer by trade, who lived on Tenth avenue. The only possible clue may be that he had been working about the wharves. Yet, none of the pest ships had come up to the wharf. McAvoy was seized with cramps last Monday evening, and the next morning took to his bed, dying Tuesday evening. Two doctors diagnosed the case as Asiatic cholera, and the house was disinfected as a measure of precaution. Doctor Biggs, who made the autopsy, declares, however, that its result was "not at all suggestive of Asiatic cholera, while showing familiar signs of cholera morbus."

In spite of this statement, however, some of the intestinal fluid was taken to the sanitary headquarters and cultivated in jellitine and produced a crop of cholera bacilli, and the nature of the disease was no longer open to question. Eight days have elapsed since McAvoy's death. The cause of the long delay in ascertaining the facts is not stated.

The other victims were William W. Wigmann and wife of 761 Eleventh avenue, Charlotte Beck of 1734 Second avenue and Minnie Levinger of 411 East Forty-sixth street. There have been other cases, of which the board has not yet made official report.

It is said at police headquarters this evening that the disease had been brought into the city by butchers taking meat to the quarantined Hamburg steamships, but this could not be supported.

President Wilson said this evening that there was no occasion for excitement in this city. The Health Department had taken every possible measure to prevent the spread of the infection.

Sanitary Superintendent Edson said there was no danger of cholera becoming epidemic. There would be sporadic cases, he said, for at least sixty days, until real cold weather sets in, which will have the effect of stamping out the disease.

The health officials have sent to Ellis Island for the passenger lists of all vessels which have arrived there since August 29th. Every effort will be made to trace the passengers as far as practicable. Edson said the infection which caused cholera to break out here must come through some quarantine. The source of the infection is being investigated very carefully.

The quarantine lines at Fire Island and the hotels were guarded by twelve detectives from New York last night to prevent their escape. This morning Dr. Voight reported the health of the passengers excellent, there being only a few incidental troubles among women and children. While there was some grumbling, the majority of the passengers express satisfaction with their accommodations. All opposition on the part of the bay men has disappeared.

Dr. Jenkins telegraphed that he will probably release the Normannia's passengers to-morrow.

The Thirteenth Regiment will remain at Babylon to prevent any interference with the landing of passengers.

The steamers Rhynland and Amalfi were released from quarantine this afternoon. The men who died on the Heligoland are Michael Bolandies, after twenty-four hours sickness, and G. D. Heaffman, after twenty hours sickness. All are well on board now.

Dr. Walser reports the following new case on board the Scandia: Stoman Ellitowitch, taken ill this morning.

The steamer Majestic left here at 4:34 P. M. for the dock.

CHOLERA IN NEW YORK.

Five Deaths from the Dreaded Plague in the City.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—The Board of Health announces this afternoon that from bacteriological examinations made by Professor Herman Biggs on the bodies of several suspected cholera patients there have been five deaths from Asiatic cholera in New York.

The names of those who died from cholera are: Charles McAvery died September 9th, address unknown; Mrs. Sophia Wigman, died September 10th at 768 Eleventh avenue; Wm. Wigman, same address, the following day; Minnie Levinger, a child, died September 11th at 411 East Forty-sixth street; Charlotta Beck, 30 years old, died yesterday afternoon at 1764 Second avenue.

Charles McAvery was 35 years old, and a plasterer's assistant. He died at 879 Tenth avenue.

Minnie Levinger was 1 year and 8 months old. She died at 411 East Forty-eighth street, where her parents lived.

William Wigman was 52 years old and his wife, Sophia, was 63 years old. He had been sick for eight days and his wife had been sick for about the same length of time. She died on Saturday and he on Sunday. The physicians in attendance reported they believed the cases to be cholera, and by order of the Board of Health the bodies were removed to the Reception Hospital, where they were examined by Professor Biggs.

Charlotta Beck of 1764 Second avenue, was found sick in her apartments yesterday morning. She was attended by Dr. Vandergaltz, who saw her at 9:30 o'clock. He reported to the Board of Health that he believed the case to be cholera. She, too, was removed to the Detention Hospital till her death, which occurred at 11:30 the same day.

The physicians have been unable to find out how the cholera was contracted in each one of these cases. So far as they have been able to learn, none of the dead persons came in contact with the cholera germs. Every precaution has been taken to prevent the spread of cholera in these different houses. The bedding has been burned and the houses placed under observation. All these cases were originally reported to the health authorities as suspected cholera, and have been under the investigation of physicians connected with the department. Professor Herman Biggs, who is in charge of the Division of Pathology and Bacteriology, has been making bacteriological examinations of the intestinal fluids taken from the bodies of suspected cases. He reported to the department this afternoon the result of his examinations, and announced unhesitatingly that the cases were Asiatic cholera without doubt.

ASIATIC CHOLERA.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—The following was received at 11 P. M.

CARNEGIE LABORATORY, EAST TWENTY-FOURTH STREET.

To Charles G. Wilson, President Board of Health—SIR: We would respectfully report that very careful biological examinations of the intestinal contents from the body of Chas. McAvery, who died September 6th, have been completed. The autopsy showed anatomical lesion of sporadic cholera, but a biological examination proves that the sputum of Asiatic cholera were present in the intestines. We therefore declare the case to be one of Asiatic cholera. Respectfully submitted,

HERMAN BIGGS,
ED DUNHAM.

Following is another report:

Hon. Charles G. Wilson, President of the Health Department—SIR: Mrs. Sophia Wicmann, who died on September 10, 1892, and whose body was referred to us to determine the cause of death, died of cholera asiatica, as has been shown by biological examination of intestinal discharges taken before death. No reliable conclusions could be drawn from the post mortem or biological examination made after death, or of her husband, William Wicmann, and both bodies have been embalmed. We have no doubt, however, that the cause of death in both cases was the same.

The biological examination in the case of the child Minnie Levinger, who died September 11th, also shows that cause of death was Asiatic cholera. Respectfully submitted.

HERMANN N. BIGGS.
EDWARD K. DUNHAM.

NO CAUSE FOR FRIGHT.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—The cases referred to in the cholera reports have been treated with the same precautionary measures as would have characterized the action of the board if they had been immediately and positively recognized. Thus far no secondary cases have occurred on the premises occupied by the sick persons, nor have any cases arisen from them. The board has under examination the body of the woman who died with the symptoms of cholera on September 13th. All the suspected or reported cases of cholera since September 1st have been carefully investigated and kept under observation. No suspected cases have been reported to the board since 8:30 A. M. yesterday.

DANGER OF AN EPIDEMIC.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—Mayor Grant had a conference to-night with President Wilson, of the Health Department, and others. They took the view that the best service they could render the public was to keep it fully informed of all developments. The Mayor found the Department of Charities and Corrections fully prepared to care for patients.

One of the doctors formerly attached to the Board of Health said to-night that the present indications point to an epidemic, which will require the most stringent measures to prevent it from assuming large proportions. The fact that the history of the cases so far is unknown makes the danger all the greater, as the points of distribution of cholera germs may be many. The authorities can act only on each case as it appears, while the disease itself is perhaps secretly spreading and infecting the crowded tenement districts.

The fact that five cases occurred within such a short period of time is strong proof that they were not spermadic attacks, but of true epidemic character. However, the epidemic would not result in such a large mortality as in the past history of the plague, when sanitary science was in a crude state, but should cholera get into the crowded tenements it would be a difficult matter to check the ravages of the disease. In the face of such a threatened calamity all political considerations should be put aside and the co-operation of eminent medical men of the city be sought.

There is a suspicion that Max Vitkaft, who was stricken with symptoms of cholera on Tuesday night and died at Bellevue Hospital this morning, was really afflicted with the plague. If such is the case, the infection doubtless has found a good breeding-place in the cheap lodging-houses in the Bowery, where he had a room.

IN OTHER LANDS.

Cholera Reported to be Raging at Vera Cruz.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 14.—A *Times-Democrat's* San Antonio (Texas) special says: According to a letter received to-day from Dr. Clove, dated Jalapa, Mexico, cholera is raging at Vera Cruz, the denial of the Government officials to the contrary notwithstanding.

AT PARIS.

PARIS, Sept. 14.—In Paris and its suburbs there were reported yesterday fifty-nine new cases of cholera and forty-four deaths, including fourteen new cases and thirteen deaths in St. Ouen.

A DEATH AT BERLIN.

BERLIN, Sept. 14.—A bargeman from Hamburg died in the Moabite Cholera Hospital to-day. His companion, a bargeman, was isolated. Two new cases of cholera and one death were reported in Stettin to-day. The magistrate of Berlin has opened a public fund for the relief of the distressed people in Hamburg.

AT BERLIN.

BERLIN, Sept. 14. — The Hamburg Chamber of Commerce sent a circular to the German commercial corporations, begging them to try and allay the prevailing anxiety in regard to the cholera epidemic in Hamburg, by abstaining from taking exceptional quarantine measures against Hamburg, which, so far, says the circular has proved unnecessary.

THE DISEASE IN RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 14.—Owing to the Government's decision to hereafter issue weekly returns, no figures were obtainable as to the number of new cases and deaths occurring. In St. Petersburg, however, yesterday, there were sixty-one new cases and fifteen deaths reported, a decrease of three cases and twelve deaths.

A VERY SICK WOMAN.

Statement of Physicians as to Mrs. Harrison's Health.

HER CONDITION PRONOUNCED TO BE VERY CRITICAL.

The Officers of the Government at Washington Are Looking Up the Legal Powers of the President in the Matter of Temporarily Suspending or Prohibiting Immigration—A Niece of Whitelaw Reid to Wed Justice Harrison on the 27th Instant.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

LOON LAKE HOUSE (N. Y.), Sept. 14.—Doctors Gardner of Washington, Doughty of New York, and Trudeau of Saranac, had a consultation at the President's cottage this morning in regard to Mrs. Harrison, and at its close issued the following statement: "The primary disease is pulmonary tuberculosis of the right side, associated with nervous prostration, a recent complication of sub-acute pleurisy with a rapid effusion of water in the right chest, necessitating two tappings with some relief. Her present condition is critical, on account of the tendency to reproduction of the fluid. The contemplated removal to Washington is impossible. A prognostication as to the immediate future is uncertain."

Lieutenant Parker said this morning: "The President will remain with Mrs. Harrison until she gets better, and has no other plans whatever." It is, therefore, apparent that the President's stay here is indefinite. The physicians, it is said, have quietly intimated to the President the strong probability of a fatal result. The President rarely leaves Mrs. Harrison's bedside. In fact, he really shares the nursing of the invalid with the professional attendant. Russell Harrison and Mrs. McKee, the President's son and daughter, are also in constant attendance. It is understood that another operation will be performed this afternoon.

The best that can be said of Mrs. Harrison's condition to-night is that it is no worse than it was this morning when the bulletin was issued. All her friends now realize that any new complications will be attended with the greatest danger. Mrs. Harrison's vitality is at the very lowest ebb, and cannot successfully resist further inroads.

Dr. Gardner said this evening that there was a slight improvement, and the fluid had not gathered in her chest as rapidly as before. It was learned, however, from other sources that the production of fluid is sufficient in quantity to indicate that another operation will be necessary to-morrow, unless there is a decided improvement in the meantime.

ON THE TURF.

Results of the Races at Latonia and Gravesend Parks.

LATONIA PARK (Ky.), Sept. 14.—The weather was cold and the track deep in mud. Seven furlongs, Rose Boy won, Captain Drane second, Rebuff third. Time, 1:36.

Seven furlongs, Red Prince won, Critic second, Gold Wave third. Time, 1:34.

One mile, Hedge Rose won, Ocypete second, Claret third. Time, 1:48.

Five and a half furlongs, Dutch Oven won, Mattietta second, Footrunner third. Time, 1:14.

Four and a half furlongs, Nellie Shaw won, Mattie Kinney second, Destroy third. Time, 1:10.

AT GRAVESEND.

GRAVESEND, Sept. 14.—One mile, Joy won, Glamor second, Algoma third. Time, 1:45½.

Five and a half furlongs, Reginald won, Evanatus second, Key West third. Time, 1:10.

Six furlongs, Helen Rose won, Lyceum second, Key West third. Time, 1:16¼.

Willow Stakes, six furlongs, Helen Nichols won, Lustre second, Japonica third. Time, 1:16½.

Mile and a sixteenth, Reckon won, Jo Carter second, Kildeer third. Time, 1:49¼.

Six furlongs, Alcalde won, Batsman second, Hoey third. Time, 1:16.

STALLION RECORD LOWERED.

ST. JOSEPH (Mo.), Sept. 14.—The St. Joe Fair races began to-day. The stallion record for the world was broken by Lobaco in the free-for-all trot. In the first heat he acted badly, but in the second he settled down and tied his record, 2:11¼. In the third he reduced this to 2:10¾, and the people went wild. Lobaco and the driver, McHenry, were each presented with magnificent floral offerings.

CHARGED WITH MURDER.

Sensation at Louisville Caused by the Arrest of a Prominent Merchant.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 14. — A sensation was created here this evening by the arrest of Vincent Spaninger, a well-known produce merchant, and Mrs. Josephine Cole, who is said to be his mistress, charged with the poisoning of Mrs. Eugenia Sherrill and Mrs. Emma Austin, who were found dead in an assignation house kept by the latter woman last Friday. They were poisoned by arsenic administered in ice cream. Mrs. Sherrill had gone to the house and spent the night with a man during the absence of her husband from the city. Spaninger was released on $5,000 bail to-night, but Mrs. Cole was held. The impression prevails that she is the guilty person.

TWO SMASH-UPS.

Accidents in Both of Which Lives Were Lost.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—A *Herald's* late edition says: It is reported early this (Thursday) morning two freight trains on the Pennsylvania road crashed together at Plainsburg, N. J., last night. Four men were killed, and the engines of both trains and several cars wrecked.

A smash-up occurred on the Erie Railroad at Essex Station, N. J., about 1:30 this morning. Several men were killed. It is reported that several freight cars were wrecked.

Convention of Telegraphers.

OMAHA, Sept. 14.—The Society of the United States Military Telegraph Corps and the Old-time Telegraphers' Association met in annual session in Omaha today.

A reception was held in the reception hall of the *Bee* building, which was handsomely decorated. Edward Rosewater, editor of the *Bee* and President of the Old-time Telegraphers, delivered the address of welcome. President Plum, of the Military Telegraphers' Association responded, and then read the annual address. After disposing of various matters of business the association adjourned until to-morrow. The delegates are going to a circus this afternoon and will attend a banquet this evening.

The Panama Canal.

PARIS, Sept. 14.—A representative of the Associated Press to-day interviewed the editor of one of the leading newspapers of the city on the Panama Canal question. He said: "It is quite true the Panama Canal Company has concluded an agreement with Hielard, Vice-President of the Chamber of Commerce, providing for the formation of a new company. The agreement has already been approved by this tribunal of commerce. Hielard wishes to prove that the canal can be made, and intends to open about forty-five kilometres, and then get more money, so as to finish the work."

An Express Train Wrecked.

RICHMOND (Va.), Sept. 14.—The Chattanooga express on the Norfolk and Western road ran into a washout this morning and was badly wrecked. Engineer William Ganaugh and Fireman McArtin Probst were killed. Conductor U. P. Degrove was probably fatally injured. A number of passengers were badly shaken up.

Ex-Consul Ryder.

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 14.—H. Ryder, ex-American Consul here, who is under arrest for frauds in connection with the administration of estates intrusted to him in his official capacity, has confessed to a further fraud in withholding the payment of a legacy. He also confessed that he stole books from the Athenæum Reading Club.

Immigration Question.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—The officers of the Government are looking up the legal powers of the President in the matter of the temporary suspension or prohibition of immigration. Nothing, however, has yet been done on the subject.

Coming Society Event.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—The marriage of Miss Ella Reid, niece of Whitelaw Reid, to Judge Harrison of San Francisco will be celebrated at the country home of Mr. and Mrs. Reid at Westchester, September 27th.

POLITICAL MATTERS.

ADDRESS BY THE NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC COMMITTEE.

Proceedings of Conventions of Both the Old Parties in Various States.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—The Democratic National Committee has issued the following address: The Democratic National Committee congratulates the country on the result of the recent State elections in Maine, Vermont and Arkansas. In Arkansas the combined opposition fell short by over 30,000 of the vote of the Democracy alone. This brought dismay to the combination in the South and its manipulators. In Maine and Vermont the contests were conducted on distinctly national issues. The Republican managers' appeal summoned to its aid all the potent resources of their national organization, with an exhaustless treasury and a splendid equipment of orators. The campaign of our adversaries for a triumphant test vote in these States, so carefully planned and so thoroughly and forcefully executed, ended in conspicuous disaster. Our friends everywhere are entitled to take fresh courage from the results.

MASSACHUSETTS REPUBLICANS.

BOSTON, Sept. 14.—The Republican State Convention was held in Tremont Temple to-day. Eben S. Draper was temporary Chairman and Charles H. Allen permanent Chairman. The platform adopted opposed the inflation of currency either by inconvertible paper money or the free coinage of silver. A demand is made that a legal barrier be interposed against indiscriminate immigration.

Nathaniel P. Banks and John D. Long were unanimously nominated for Electors at large.

The following ticket was nominated: Governor, William H. Haile; Lieutenant-Governor, Roger Wolcott; Secretary of State, William Olin; Attorney-General, Albert E. Pillsbury; Auditor, John W. Kimble; Treasurer, George A. Warden.

NEW JERSEY DEMOCRATS.

TRENTON (N. J.), Sept. 14.—The Democratic State Convention met here to-day. There was a lengthy struggle between contesting delegates from Passaic County, resulting in a victory for Abbett's wing. Nominations for Governor were then made, Judge Wertz and Edward F. C. Young being placed in nomination. During the speeches of the Wertz men some sharp comments from the audience drew forth a bitter retort, and a tremendous uproar ensued. For a time it seemed as though the convention would break up, but after a lengthy row balloting proeeeded and resulted in the nomination of Wertz. The platform indorses the national declarations and defends in detail all alleged partisan legislation.

WYOMING REPUBLICANS.

LARAMIE (Wyo.), Sept. 14.—The Republican State Convention met here this morning, and after a temporary organization was effected and a number of speeches were made, a recess was taken.

SOUTH DAKOTA DEMOCRATS.

YANKTON (S. D.), Sept. 14.—The Democratic Executive Committee and nominees are engaged in a conference in regard to fusion with the Independents on the Electoral ticket and one or two State offices. The Independents are not inclined to concede much, and the whole matter will probably be referred to a committee for settlement.

It was practically decided that the Democrats could not fuse with the Independents unless the latter were willing to divide the State ticket, and a committee of four was appointed to confer with a similar committee from the Independents and arrange matters.

TEXAS REPUBLICANS.

FORT WORTH (Tex.), Sept. 14.—The Republican State Convention met again this morning and the feature of the opening was the prayer of "Sin-killer" Griffin, a negro preacher, who asked God to bless George Clark, Independent Democratic candidate for Governor. This brought down the house, and the convention took a recess.

NEVADA DEMOCRATS.

CARSON (Nev.), Sept. 14.—The Democratic State Convention to nominate Presidential Electors and a State ticket met here to-day. Forty-one delegates were present, representing every county in the State. Thirty-two delegates voted against the motion to nominate Electors, and the nine who voted for the motion left the hall and formed a minority convention. They nominated R. M. Clarke for Senator and J. C. Hamerman for Congressman. Presidential Electors were also nominated. The majority of the convention, who are Weaver men, nominated C. H. Belknap for Supreme Judge and adjourned for one week.

MAINE ELECTION RETURNS.

LEWISTON (Me.), Sept. 14.—The *Journal* has returns from 453 towns, as follows: Cleaves (Republican), 66,245; Johnson (Democrat), 53,671; Hussey (Prohibitionist), 3,204; Bateman (People's party), 2,645. Republican plurality, 12,573.

REID TO SPEAK AT BUFFALO.

BUFFALO (N. Y.), Sept. 14.—The Executive Committee of the National Republican League met at their headquarters in the Hotel Iroquois to-night and listened to reports on the situation from different source. All claim the outlook bright. President Clarkson announces that Hon. Whitelaw Reid will address a mass meeting Friday afternoon and review a parade in the evening.

COLLIS TRAIN ROBBERS.

Only Two Persons Killed in Yesterday's Encounter.

ANOTHER POSSE IN PURSUIT OF THE BANDITS.

The Sheriff, in Charge of the Party Now Pursuing the Fugitives, Says He Will Take No Chances, But Will Shoot the Murderers on Sight—A Prisoner Confined in the City Jail at Hanford Burned to Death.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

VISALIA, Sept. 14.—There is nothing new in reference to Evans and Sontag. At 4 o'clock another posse started to the mountains in search of the desperadoes. Frank Burke and his two Yuma Indian trailers started for Yuma, accompanying the remains of Detective Wilson. Burke will return in a few days, but the Indians say they will not come back. There is talk of petitioning Governor Markham for a large reward for Evans and Sontag, dead or alive. The people are asking why those evidently assisting the outlaws are not arrested, as it is certain some of them, easily named, are carrying communications from Evans to his wife, and otherwise assisting the robbers.

ONLY TWO KILLED.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 14.—Dispatches from the Associated Press correspondents in Fresno, Visalia and Sanger state that the reports sent out last night, that more than two persons were killed by Evans and Sontag at Sampson Flat yesterday, were incorrect. The only persons killed were United States Deputy Marshal Wilson of Tuscon and Andrew McGinnis of San Francisco, formerly Constable at Modesto.

WILL BE SHOT ON SIGHT.

FRESNO, Sept. 14.—Deputy Coroner Stephens, who went to Dunlap yesterday afternoon to meet the men bringing down the bodies of Deputy United States Marshal McGinnis and Vic Wilson, returned to Fresno this evening. Stephens accompanied Sheriff Hensley and posse to Dunlap, and says that when he left that place this morning at 10 o'clock Hensley and his men were getting ready to start in pursuit of the robbers. Hensley told Stephens that he would take no chances and that the posse would shoot on sight.

It is now certain that there were two men in Young's house with Evans and Sontag, who aided the robbers in their murderous attack upon the officers.

Probably the first work of the officers will be to make a round-up of all persons suspected of having given information and assistance and the two accomplices of the robbers will be arrested.

Constable Hill told Stephens he had learned from one of the robbers' friends that they (the robbers) say they had Sheriff Hensley and Deputy McCardle in their power a few days ago, but spared them. The two officers passed within easy gunshot of the robbers, who were hiding, but they wouldn't use their advantage. As proof of this they say they left a medicine bottle at the place where they were hid, so that the truth of their story might be substantiated.

A rifle pit constructed by Sontag and Evans on the mountain side about one mile from Young's house was found by the officers. It is large enough to contain both the robbers and a good amount of provisions. It is approached from one side only, and the robbers could have held it against a small army.

No news was received here to-day of the movements of the posse.

CORONER'S INQUEST.

VISALIA, Sept. 14.—A Coroner's inquest was held this morning on the bodies of Wilson and McGinnis, the victims of Sontag and Evans. Both men were riddled with shot and must have been instantly killed. The Indian trailers now here say that Evans was not wounded, as they saw him running away after the shooting. No word has been received from the posse to-day.

An Englishman named Mering was the principal witness. He was made a prisoner by Evans and Sontag and was forced to get breakfast for them. His statement of the occurrence at the house is the same as telegraphed last night.

The jury found that the men had come to their death by gunshot wounds inflicted by Evans and Sontag.

There were more than 100 duckshot found on the person of Wilson, many in the bowels and thirty-five in the left arm. McGinnis was hit by thirty-six duckshot, and a Winchester ball entered his left jaw opposite the mouth.

WRECK OF THE GOLDEN HORN.

The Vessel Being Slowly Pounded to Pieces on the Rocks.

SANTA BARBARA, Sept. 14.—When the crew left the wreck of the British ship Golden Horn, Monday evening, the ship was pounding on the rocks, a heavy sea gutted the cabin and three feet of water was in the hold. The men saved nothing. Many are barefooted and coatless and all are penniless.

Captain Dunn says his reckonings were that the ship was at the time of the wreck ten miles away from the south end of Santa Rosa Island, but there was a heavy fog and high tide. Dunn has no idea of the value of the ship or cargo. The ship was insured.

A party left in a sloop for the scene of the wreck and will endeavor to save the papers and valuables and report her condition.

This morning Dunn telegraphed the British Consul at San Pedro about the wreck. The Consul will arrive this evening.

The crew say the location of the rocks causing the wreck is absent from the ship's chart.

The Golden Horn's owners, James H. Dewolf & Co. of Liverpool, were notified last evening.

SAN DIEGO'S GRAPE CROP.

It Will be Far in Excess of Last Season's Product.

SAN DIEGO, Sept. 14.—The *Sun* reports that a great crop is being harvested in Cajon Valley, where 700 men and women in tents are working in 3,200 acres of bearing vineyards. Last year they produced 1,400 tons of raisins, and this year it is estimated that there will be 2,150 tons, in addition to twenty-eight cars of green apples which have been sent East.

The great Boston ranch has 310 pickers for its 540-acre vineyard, which alone will yield 400 tons, estimated at $40,000. Manager Donald is trying the experiment of using paraffine cloth in the event of rain for the protection of the trays. He has arranged to introduce three Americanized brands of Eagle grapes, instead of London layers, etc.

NEWS FROM THE NORTH.

Large Shipment of Articles for the Indian Exhibit at the World's Fair.

VICTORIA, Sept. 14.—A large shipment of articles for the Indian exhibit at the World's Fair was made yesterday. It includes small houses for a miniature Indian village. The shipment will make about four carloads.

Chief Jim of the Songhish Indians was buried yesterday morning. The remains were taken to St. Andrew's Roman Catholic Church, where requiem mass was celebrated by Bishop Simmons, assisted by Father Vannevel. The interment was at Rossbay Cemetery. A large number of Indians attended the funeral, and when the coffin was lowered into the grave many of the Indians were in tears.

Lieutenant Lucien Flynne, U. S. N., in charge of the United States survey boat Gedney, says that the party has finished the triangulation survey for Dungeness Station, on Discovery Island. Bracky Head and Pillow Point will be the next points of observation.

A TEST CASE.

A Physician Arrested For Not Complying With an Ordinance.

SAN MATEO, Sept. 14.—Dr. W. S. Whitwell was arrested yesterday for not complying with the notorious "iron-clad" ordinance passed by the Board of Supervisors of this county regarding hospitals for the care of mental and nervous patients. The doctor's arrest is made to bring the matter before the Supreme Court in the form of a test case, all parties agreeing that should the Supreme Court hold the ordinance invalid, the doctor is not to be molested any more. But if the ordinance is constitutional the hospital is to be abolished. The ordinance is the one which requires a brick wall eight feet high and two feet thick to surround all asylums for mentally incompetent patients. At first the people thought the institution ought to have the wall around it, but after three years of observation of its management a great majority look upon these steps as needless persecutions. Much interest is attracted to the move.

BASEBALL.

The Oakland and Los Angeles Teams Each Take a Game.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 14.—The Oaklands defeated the Dukes to-day in a close score: Oaklands—Runs 8, hits 12, errors 2. San Jose—Runs 7, hits 12, errors 3. Batteries—Horner, German and Wilson; Harper and Clark.

AT LOS ANGELES.

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 14.—The visitors met with defeat at the hands of the home team to-day. Score: Los Angeles—Runs 8, hits 16, errors 2. San Francisco—Runs 4, hits 9, errors 6. Batteries—Balsz and Baldwin; Hoffman and Spies.

New Water Works for Santa Rosa.

SANTA ROSA, Sept. 14.—J. W. Hartzell has filed with the Council an application for a franchise to put in a new system of water works. He is at present building the water works at Ukiah. His plan is to bring water from the Russian River, fourteen miles. Wells are to be sunk on the banks of the river and the water piped to a reservoir on an elevation near town, sufficient to give a pressure of ninety pounds to the square inch. It is claimed that it will cost $50,000 to bring the water from the river to the reservoir. The whole cost of the works cannot be estimated.

Delegates at Portland.

PORTLAND, Sept. 14.—The first of the delegates to the Sovereign Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F., which meets in this city on Friday, arrived this morning in the person of the Committee on Appeals, J. W. Stebbins of New York, Chairman. The committee upon arrival went into session and will spend the time between now and the meeting of the Grand Lodge in arranging the various details of the session. This morning the committee left this city to meet the incoming Grand Representatives at Spokane. They took with them a large assortment of Oregon fruit.

A Prisoner Burned to Death.

HANFORD, Sept. 14.—A negro man, name unknown, came here on last night's train and was arrested by the Marshal as a vagrant. He was put in the City Jail, a one-story wooden building, and about 2 o'clock this morning the jail was discovered on fire. It seemed that the negro started the fire on the inside. The prisoner was suffocated and badly burned before the fire could be put out. The building was completely wrecked.

Rev. C. D. Barrows Dead.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 14.—A private telegram states that Rev. Charles Dana Barrows, for several years pastor of the First Congregational Church here, died to-day in Worcester, Mass., in an insane asylum. Mr. Barrows went East about two years ago, pending an investigation of charges of immorality against him, and had been confined in the asylum about a year.

The Laumeister Contempt Case.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 14.—Sheriff Laumeister, who was adjudged guilty of contempt of court by Judge Murphy, for failure to execute John McNulty after the expiration of the latter's reprieve, was arrested to-day by the Coroner, but was subsequently released on a writ of habeas corpus, resturnable before Judge Wallace on Friday.

Bemmerly Denied Bail.

WOODLAND, Sept. 14,—Judge Prewett of Placer County, sitting for Judge Grant of Yolo, to-day denied the motion of Daniel Bemmerly to be admitted to bail, pending his appeal to the Supreme Court. Bemmerly, it will be remembered, killed Mat Faigle at Black's Station some months ago.

Death of an Army Captain.

SPOKANE (Wash.), Sept. 14.—Captain R. B. Brown of the Fourth Infantry, United States Army, died in the hospital at Wallace, Ida., to-day of pneumonia.

SIR EDWIN ARNOLD.

His Conduct in Japan Severely Commented Upon.

CHICAGO, Sept. 13.—Rev. Mr. Bartlett, a young missionary sent to Japan by the American Board of Missions, at the meeting of the Congregational ministers attacked Sir Edwin Arnold, the English poet and editor, who spent several years in Japan. Mr. Bartlett was relating his experience in Japan, telling how great the impiety and general contempt for missionaries were among the Japanese, when one of the brethren interrupted him by saying: "Is this conduct toward missionaries caused by the general impiety of the people?" The young missionary quickly answered: "It is caused by the conduct of certain travelers, notable among whom is Sir Edwin Arnold. His conduct while in Japan, if enlarged upon, would certainly not be tolerated in America. It might pass in the gay courts of European kings and princes, and would be particularly suitable to the court of Louis XIV. These are facts and I am not speaking from mere rumor. I dislike to make these allusions to Sir Edwin Arnold, but they are true."

Mr. Bartlett proceeded to say that the missionaries were everywhere looked upon with contempt. The English and American merchants were quite as disrespectful and fanned the fire daily. The newspapers were filled with screed attacking the missionaries and altogether they had a hard time of it.

American Grapevines in Germany.

BERLIN, Sept. 13.—The trials made with the American grapevine Riparia are proving very successful. The vine resists the attacks of the phylloxera, and many wine-growers have now decided to plant American vines in great quantities.

THE DALTON GANG.

Five of Them, Including the Leader, Finally Captured.

RUN DOWN IN NEW MEXICO BY A DEPUTY MARSHAL.

Further Trouble Looked For in the Choctaw Nation—The Town of McAllister Under Martial Law—A Negro Taken From a Kansas Jail, Where He Was in Custody for a Brutal Assault Upon a Young Girl, and Hanged to a Telegraph Pole by a Mob of Infuriated Citizens.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

KANSAS CITY, Sept. 14. — A *Times* special from Paris, Tex., says: A telegram from Deming, N. M., states that five of the members of the notorious Dalton gang were captured there last night. Those captured were Bob Dalton, leader of the gang; Grant Dalton, Amy Dalton, Sam Wingo, and Three-fingered Jack. Deputy Marshal Williams did not wire the details of the capture. Deputy Williams had been following on the trail of the desperadoes since the last robbery, in July. He followed them into Kansas, Colorado, and finally New Mexico, where the capture was made. The gang is wanted in Indian Territory, Kansas, New Mexico and California on charges of train robbery, and the rewards offered aggregate $22,000.

LATER.—The following was received late to-night from El Paso: A fight took place between the Marshal's posse and the robbers, two of the latter being killed and five captured. Three of the gang are yet at liberty, but the posse expects to capture them within a day or two. The officers are keeping the matter very quiet, in order to facilitate the capture of the other three robbers.

THE CHOCTAW TROUBLES.

Town of McAllister at Present Under Martial Law.

MCALLISTER (I. T.), Sept. 14.—There has been no development to-day in the Choctaw vendetta. Reports adding to the original list of fatalities are incorrect, only four men having been killed at McAllister and Hartshorne as first reported. Further trouble, however, is almost sure to come. Governor Jones and Indian Agent Bennett, with 110 men of the faction, are to meet a like number of the National party near this place to-day and try to settle the difficulty. It is thought the presence of General Bennett with Federal police will prevent an outbreak at the conference, but there is no knowledge what may come later. The town is under martial law.

TROUBLE TEMPORARILY SETTLED.

SOUTH MCALLISTER (I. T.), Sept. 14.—The trouble between the Choctaw Nation and the Progressive parties has been settled for the time-being. A number of Choctaws who did the killing laid down their arms and surrendered for trial.

Between Cowboys and Cattle Thieves.

SAN ANTONIO (Tex.), Sept. 14.—Last Monday, a few miles from Presidio, Mexicans were driving off about five hundred cattle from the ranch of Michael Ledonez, when they were attacked by twenty-five cowboys, who opened fire with Winchesters. The battle lasted fully thirty minutes, when the Mexicans retired across the Rio Grande, the cattle being stampeded. The Superintendent of the ranch, Charles Thomas, and a cowboy named Pelasco were killed. The Mexicans lost three men.

Western Union.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—The action of the Western Union Directors to-day in increasing the capital stock $13,800,000 and making the capital stock $100,000,000, is the first step toward the division of the surplus which has been locked up for several years, and it is expected that after the new stock is formally authorized at the annual meeting of stockholders, on the second Wednesday of October, the directors will immediately meet and declare a stock dividend.

Negro Fiend Lynched.

LARNED (Kas.), Sept. 14.—A negro by the name of James Thompson made a brutal assault on Miss Mabel Welch at her boarding-house yesterday morning. She fought him for two hours, and he finally fled. Last evening he was arrested in a swamp and a few hours later he was taken from jail by a mob and hanged to a telegraph pole. He confessed his guilt and said that his soul would go to hell.

Fishing Schooner Seized.

ST. JOHNS (N. B.), Sept. 14.—There was considerable talk this morning when it was learned that the fishery cruiser Curley brought into port the fishing schooner Hattie Maud of Portland, Me. Last year the schooner violated one of the clauses of the treaty of 1818 by shipping seamen at Shelbourne, N. S.

A Quarrel Leads to a Duel.

THE HAGUE, Sept. 14.—Baron Von Gartner Griedenow, Secretary of the German Legation, and Marquis de