

THE STATE GRANGE.

Many Important Subjects Discussed by the Delegates.

OPPOSITION TO THE RESUMPTION OF HYDRAULIC MINING.

A Schooner Seized at Victoria Believed to be a Smuggler—A Farmer Residing Near Red Bluff Run Over by a Train. His Head Being Severed From the Body—Report of the State Board of Forestry.

Special to the Record-Union.

SAN JOSE, Oct. 7.—At the session of the State Grange to-day reports were made upon the resolutions which recommended that the Legislature vote an appropriation of \$1,000 for the establishment of an experimental station for ramin culture on the grounds formerly occupied by the Home for Feeble-Minded Children in Santa Clara. The majority report was in favor of the resolutions, but the minority report opposed them on the following grounds: That a fostered industry is never a thrifty one; that the land mentioned is not adapted to ramin culture; that similar enterprises have been undertaken, and have failed. The intention was that the Executive Committee would have charge of the project after the industry became self-sustaining all profits to be divided among the growers.

Some of the delegates were opposed to the project as being unfeasible, because all industries sustained by the State would be operated by it. The minority report was adopted. A recommendation was made that a State experimental station was the proper place for experiments in ramin production.

A resolution was passed which requests of the Legislature an increase in the appropriation made for the State Board of Horticulture, in order that that body may be able to disseminate a greater amount of knowledge concerning markets for our products and all incidental information, which, if done, would be of great material advantage to producers.

The following resolutions were discussed and adopted: That the State Board of Horticulture, in order that that body may be able to disseminate a greater amount of knowledge concerning markets for our products and all incidental information, which, if done, would be of great material advantage to producers.

Inasmuch as the destructiveness of hydraulic mining to rivers and plowing lands is universally admitted, and inasmuch as the prohibition decrees of our courts are almost entirely unenforced, and inasmuch as the State Grange, view with alarm the prospect of the perpetration and continued violation during the present year of those decrees, and we call upon the Executive Committee of the State Board of Forestry to take proper measures to maintain the law and sustain the courts.

Resolved, That the Executive Committee of this grange prepare a memorial to be presented to both Houses of the Legislature, for the purpose of memorializing the Legislature to remove the present duty on grain.

Resolved, That the Legislature, which will commence its session on the first Monday of January, 1893, be requested to amend the laws of California as to give a wife the same community property rights to control and dispose of her community property after the death of her husband as are now enjoyed by the husband after the death of his wife.

PROTECT THE TREES.

Suggestions Offered by the State Board of Forestry.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 7.—The Executive Committee of the State Board of Forestry has completed its biennial report and will present it to the Governor as soon as the report of the Superintendent of the Santa Monica Experimental Station is received. The investigations of Allen Kelly in the National Parks are detailed in the report, and show the efficiency of the protection by the troops of cavalry that have been patrolling the parks. The report sets forth that in Yosemite there are 2,000 settlers and holders of claims, aggregating 60,000 acres, which they had patented before Congress received it as a park. The report also advocates the withdrawal from sale by the Government of all timber lands, particularly those on the Sierras, in order to protect the great watersheds in the interest of irrigation. It calls attention to the destruction of the sequoia groves by lumber operators and suggests that the Government should purchase the great Calaveras Big Trees glume groves, which are owned by private parties. It also advocates a system of forest police, to be organized by the Legislature.

IDAHO TEST-OATH LAW

Declared to be Unconstitutional by a Federal Judge.

BOISE (Idaho), Oct. 7.—A special to the Statesman from Hilday says: Judge Stockslager, of the Fourth District Court, has declared the Idaho test-oath law unconstitutional. The case was brought by a Mormon whom the Register of Cassia County had refused to register because he refused to subscribe to the test oath.

The Idaho Constitution provides that no person belonging to an organization that teaches or encourages polygamy shall exercise the franchise. It also authorizes the Legislature to prescribe other conditions for the exercise of the franchise, and it is that an elector must swear that he has not been a member of an organization which teaches or has taught, encouraged or has encouraged polygamy, etc. Since the Mormon Church renounced polygamy its members have been qualified to subscribe to the constitutional provisions, but they cannot take the legislative test oath.

After a brief letter of regret was read from President Harrison, his representative, John W. Foster, Secretary of State, responded to the toast, "The President of the United States," in a graceful speech.

THE RAILWAYS.

Plan to Insure Companies Against Illegal Rate-Cutting.

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—The Herald will say to-morrow: The New York members of the Advisory Board of the Western Traffic Association received a communication to-day from Commissioner Walker containing suggestions toward a plan for the mutual insurance of railway companies against illegal rate-cutting. It is Walker's scheme for the organization of an ironclad association. Commissioner Walker says the proposed plan would lead to the establishment of joint agencies, and that the whole drift of his remarks shows a leaning toward Gould's suggestions when the association was originally organized.

SPAINSBURG (S. C.), Oct. 7.—John Williams, colored, who killed Mayor Hannaman in this city in September, 1891, and killed Brown, colored, 15 years old, who killed an infant child at Gaffney City in June, were hanged here on the gallows to-day.

NEWBERY (S. C.), Oct. 7.—Anna Tribble, unmarried, colored, was hanged to-day for the murder of her infant.

MATTERS POLITICAL.

Secretary of the Treasury Foster Speaks at Frederick, Md.

DEFENDS THE POLICY OF THE PRESIDENT ADMINISTRATION.

Kansas Straight-Out Democrats Hold a State Convention at Topeka and Protest Against the Action of the Former Democratic Convention in Fusing With the Populists—The Anti-Snappers in New York Contribute One Hundred Thousand Dollars to the National Democratic Campaign Fund.

Special to the Record-Union.

FREDERICK (Md.), Oct. 7.—When Hon. Charles Foster, Secretary of the Treasury, and party arrived to-night they were given a most vociferous reception. They were escorted to the hall by a big procession. The Secretary, in the course of his speech, took up the Democratic charge that the treasury is bankrupt, especially criticizing Vice-Presidential candidate Stevenson for gross ignorance on the question. "If Stevenson was not ignorant," said the Secretary, "he would know that this Administration has redeemed and paid out \$233,650 of the debt, with a saving in interest by the time right to pay matures of \$55,322,493. What about the inability of the Government to pay fifty millions of 4 per cent. bonds, the right to pay them maturing September 1, 1891, and which Stevenson would not pay? He would pay \$100,000,000 more than seventy-five millions of those bonds requested that they be continued at 2 per cent, and this Administration would not have placed the Government loan at a lower rate of interest, and in a more advantageous position, than any Government in the world. The twenty-five millions of debt has been paid.

The Democratic leaders announced that in the Fifty-second Congress they would reduce the appropriation to a hundred millions from those of the billion-dollar Congress, but they discovered this was a billion-dollar country, and after all they would have to pay \$100,000,000 more than seventy-five millions of those bonds requested that they be continued at 2 per cent, and this Administration would not have placed the Government loan at a lower rate of interest, and in a more advantageous position, than any Government in the world. The twenty-five millions of debt has been paid.

Notes From Cloverdale.

CLOVERDALE, Oct. 7.—Tuesday, October 18, 1892, a wool sale will take place at Cloverdale and 400 to 500 bales will be offered. The clip will average as good as any fall clip ever had.

The grape crop is of very fair average, and excellent quality. Politics are rather quiet. This county is good for about 200 majority for Harrison.

Steamship Loo Sook.

SEATTLE (Wash.), Oct. 7.—The steamship Loo Sook, from China and Japan, chartered by the Northern Pacific Steamship Company, arrived here this afternoon. The company has hitherto refused to allow its boats to stop here, and Captain Parker, District Attorney, and the Loo Sook, stopped here without orders because all the freight, excepting that going East, is for Seattle.

Single Mill Burned.

SEATTLE (Wash.), Oct. 7.—The large saw and shingle mill of Bothell Bros., at Bothell, was burned to the ground late last night. Several hundred thousand shingles were burned. The capacity of the mill had just been doubled. It employed fifty men and cut 100,000 shingles a day. The cause of the fire is unknown. The loss is \$25,000; insurance about \$3,000.

Calaveras Republicans.

SAN ANTONIO, Oct. 7.—The Republican County Convention which met here to-day nominated the following officers: For Assemblyman, Alex Brown; County Clerk, A. L. Wyllie; Treasurer, William Shiller; Tax Collector, Frank Egan; Sheriff, John Miller; District Attorney, Ira Hill Reed; Coroner and Public Administrator, Dr. George T. Pasche.

Fire at Woodland.

WOODLAND, Oct. 7.—The house on Fourth street belonging to Mrs. Joseph Caldwell and occupied by Joseph McCutchen was burned last night. The fire was caused by the explosion of a lamp. The building was worth \$10,000 and the furniture was insured for \$1,100.

Harris' Men Defeated.

SAN JOSE, Oct. 7.—The Duked defeated Uncle Harris' men to-day in an uninteresting game by a score of 7 to 3. Phil Knell was in the box for the "Friscoes and struck out thirteen men and held the Duked down to eight hits.

Light Rain.

CHICO, Oct. 7.—Slight sprinkles of rain have been falling during the forenoon, but not sufficient to lay the dust or damage the grape crop. There are prospects of more rain during the day.

QUARTER MILLENNIAL.

Thousands of People Attend the Celebration at Woburn, Mass. WOBURN (Mass.), Oct. 7.—About 20,000 strangers were in town to-day attending the second of the quarter millennial celebrations. The climax of the great celebration came this afternoon in a banquet in the new armory. Ex-Mayor Johnson performed the duties of toast master in a graceful manner, calling attention to the fact that the Presidents of the United States, Franklin Pierce, Grover Cleveland and Benjamin Harrison, traced their ancestry to families now or formerly residing in Woburn. His mention of the name of Grover Cleveland brought out a burst of enthusiastic applause, and the name of Benjamin Harrison met a similar reception.

After a brief letter of regret was read from President Harrison, his representative, John W. Foster, Secretary of State, responded to the toast, "The President of the United States," in a graceful speech.

HILL MAY COME TO CALIFORNIA.

ALBANY (N. Y.), Oct. 7.—It is reported that an invitational letter has been extended to Senator Hill to stop on his way to California. Senator Hill said to-night: "I know nothing about the San Francisco trip except what I see in the afternoon papers. I would prefer to say nothing about it. It is not expected here that Senator Hill will accept the rumored invitation. He has an extensive campaign now now before him, and with only four weeks remaining before the election it is a difficult problem to figure out a fortnight's trip to the Pacific Coast.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 7.—A. Nevins Pomeroy, editor of the Chambersburg Reporter, to-night made affidavit here before a Notary Public that the Democratic party will endeavor to cast the electoral vote of Pennsylvania for Cleveland by withholding ballots from Republican counties until too late to be printed for election day. Pomeroy in his affidavit alleges that the scheme was unfolded to him by State Superintendent of Printing Grier, through instructing him one night on a street at Harrisburg for a Democratic clerk. Republican State Chairman

SOCIAL CIRCLES SHOCKED.

Startling Exposure Made in London by Lady Cavendish.

DRUNKENNESS PREVALENT AMONG ARISTOCRATIC LADIES.

Women Becoming More Inveterate Tipplers Than Men—Brandy and Soda During the Day, Wine at Dinner and Something Hot at Bedtime—Ladies Also Accompany the Men to the Smoking-Room After Dinner and Share Not Only Cigars But Spirits.

(Copyright 1892 by N. Y. Associated Press.)

LONDON, Oct. 7.—A sharp and probably salutary shock has been given high social circles by a startling exposure in regard to the prevalence of drunkenness among aristocratic ladies, made by Lady Frederick Cavendish and the Duchess of Bedford at the Church Congress. Lady Cavendish stated she had been recently staying at a country mansion where roomy dining-room chairs were still used, the seats of which were deeply curved to save gentlemen from falling out after dinner; that, although heavy drinking had been abandoned by the men, the women were becoming inveterate tipplers. Many ladies had recourse to "pick-me-ups" at 11 A. M., brandy and soda during the day, wine at dinner and something hot at bedtime. She knew the young lady who could not get through the London season without taking a "cordial," kept handy at tea, and after a certain morning concert a lady beside her called for a "pick-me-up," a deceptive name for a champagne. Lady Cavendish protested especially against the new fashion of young ladies, the ladies of the new generation, gentlemen to the smoking-room after dinner and sharing not only their cigars, but spirits. She said a distinguished physician had assured her that many ladies living idle lives consulted him for nervous symptoms, which revealed a condition of alcoholism bordering on delirium tremens. But alcohol is not the only fashionable failing, as chloral, chloroform and morphia are taken in secrecy in the households, and were adding to the maledictions of the age.

The Duchess of Bedford, taking up the theme, put the blame for these evils on the straining of the nerve power through the supposed necessity of social life. The argument of the necessity of stimulation, she said, afforded but the very slight protection against the temptation of the "pick-me-up," and the avoidance of mischievous forms of excitement, together with total abstinence. The Duchess of Bedford, taking up the theme, put the blame for these evils on the straining of the nerve power through the supposed necessity of social life. The argument of the necessity of stimulation, she said, afforded but the very slight protection against the temptation of the "pick-me-up," and the avoidance of mischievous forms of excitement, together with total abstinence.

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READER, ON BEING INFORMED BY POMEROY OF THE ALLEGED DISCOVERY, TELEGRAPHED GOVERNOR PATISON, ASKING HIM IF THE FORM OF BALLOT SHOULD BE CHANGED.

HARRISBURG, Oct. 7.—Governor Pattison to-night received the following telegram from the Pottsville Evening Chronicle: "Is it possible to call an extra session to amend the Baker ballot law? The sentiment here is in favor of its repeal, as it is feared many districts cannot be supplied with ballots."

The Governor sent the following answer: "There is no occasion for an extra session of the Legislature. The Baker ballot law was passed by a large majority in both branches of the Legislature. It was enacted in obedience to a very decided public sentiment. The provision which allows exceptions, approved of it. If it earned censure, it made to enforce it there is disposition to find fault with it, there will be no trouble in its execution. Ballot laws in Pennsylvania have come to stay. Amendments may be found to be necessary in future, but they will be in the line of the present legislation."

WEAVER IN TENNESSEE. NASHVILLE, Oct. 7.—General Weaver and Mrs. Lease spoke to a large crowd at a barbecue given at Goodlettsville to-day, solely to apply for Pulaski, Tenn., in the morning.

ANTI-SNAPPERS CONTRIBUTE. NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—It is reported that W. E. Grace, in behalf of himself and co-workers, to-day contributed \$100,000 to the Democratic National campaign fund.

FOREIGN MISSIONS. Work of the American Board of Commissioners. CHICAGO, Oct. 7.—The American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions reconvened this morning. The tellers reported the election of the entire ticket for officers voted on last night. Then the battle between the Conservatives and Liberals began.

Rev. Dr. Storrs, who had been elected President, arose and said he was unwilling to accept the position until the board had defined its position and the terms under which missionaries were to be sent abroad. The board had felt it was not justified in sending out young men to teach and evangelize in a land where the people were in a state of rebellion against the Government. He was willing to interpret the rules liberally and commission men who would do nothing as to post mortem salvation, leaving the question to God, but he could not accept the Presidency if the board was to allow missionaries to do such a kind of salvation affirmatively.

A resolution was introduced reaffirming the New York and Minneapolis rules, which had been adopted by the board. Professor Snyde of Andover, leader of the Liberals, declared the rules had not been liberally interpreted. He said that the board had been excluded from missionary work. The standard of work had been steadily lowered for years.

Episcopal Missions. BALTIMORE, Oct. 7.—The Protestant Episcopal Convention to-day resumed the revision of the prayer-book. After a description of the matter was given by the General Missionary Board, several missionary addresses were then read. Bishop Nichols, of New York, described the mission on the Pacific coast. He said when he first went there he expected to find nothing but people steeped in idolatry. He found a people of young men of the West had not forgotten their God.

By unanimous consent of the house, the revised prayer-book was adopted. The missionary address by Bishop Garrett requested the young men to leave their homes and come with him to preach the word of God in Texas. Bishop Talbot, of Maryland, said he would not board adjourn.

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