

THE HOMESTEAD RIOT.

Thirty-One Workmen Indicted by the Grand Jury for Treason.

A NUMBER OF PERSONS CHARGED WITH MURDER.

Among Whom are H. C. Frick, F. T. F. Lovejoy, J. A. Potter and Other Officers of the Company, and Robert and William Pinkerton—Erick and Others of the Carnegie Company Also Charged With Aggravated Riot.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 11.—The Grand Jury sitting in the treason cases against the Homestead strikers and murder and conspiracy charges against H. C. Frick, various other officials of the Carnegie Steel Company and the Pinkerton detectives this afternoon brought in true bills in all the cases. Chief Justice Paxson of the Supreme Court of the State and Judge Kennedy of the county courts occupied a bench when the jury entered the courtroom.

The bills against Hugh O'Donnell and others for treason include thirty-one defendants: Hugh O'Donnell, John McCue, David Lynch, Thomas J. Crawford, Harry Wayne, Elmer E. Ball, Henry Bayard, J. W. Brown, George Champe, Isaac Critchfield, Miller Colgan, John Coyne, Jack Clifford, Dennis M. Cosh, William M. Conboy, Michael Cummings, William Combs, John Dierkin, Patrick Fagan, W. H. Gaches, Matthew Harris, Reid Kennedy, John Miller, O. S. Searight, John Murray, W. H. Thompson, Martin Murray, Hugh Ross, W. T. Roberts, George Reilands and George...

The indictments for murder are for the killing of George W. Rutter, John E. Morris, Joseph Smith and Silas Wain, all strikers, and include H. C. Frick, Chairman of the company; F. T. F. Lovejoy, Secretary; J. A. Potter, Superintendent; J. G. A. Leishman, Vice-Chairman; W. E. Corey, Assistant Superintendent; W. H. McConell and James Bovey, mill bosses, and Robert Pinkerton, William Pinkerton, C. W. Biddell, H. B. Burt, John Cooper and F. W. Hinde of the Pinkerton Detective Agency.

The bills for conspiracy embrace all those charged with an order, with the addition of George E. Tander, H. McCarty, Otis Childs and L. C. Phipps of the steel company, and Fred W. Primer, detective.

Those charged with aggravated riot are: H. C. Frick, H. McCarty, J. G. Leishman, F. T. F. Lovejoy, J. A. Potter, J. W. Biddell, Fred Primer, H. B. Burt and F. W. Hinde.

The true bill in the treason cases sets forth at great length that the defendants, and other persons, names unknown, and to the number of one thousand and upward, armed, and arrayed in a warlike manner, did "reconnoiter, deliberate, conspire, join and assemble themselves together, and then there did dispose themselves against the said commonwealth of Pennsylvania, to the end that the Constitution, laws and authority thereof should be nullified, resisted and subverted by the said defendants and their armed allies, contrary to the duty of allegiance and fidelity of said defendants, to the said commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and to the said commonwealth of Pennsylvania."

The indictments against the Carnegie officials for murder read as in the case of Silas Wain: "That said defendant, on the sixth day of July, 1892, with force of arms, did make assault on Silas Wain, and feloniously, maliciously and of their malice aforethought, did kill and murder, against the peace and dignity of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania."

The indictments against Frick and his associates for conspiracy forth, among other things, that "said defendants did unlawfully, falsely and maliciously conspire, combine, confederate and agree together to depress, lower, lessen and congregate wages, prices and compensation of labor of diverse persons employed by the Carnegie Steel Company Limited, to the end that there should be a general strike and there close up the steel-manufacturing and cease work and operations therein, and thereupon convey and caused to be sent 200 men and upward, armed with guns, etc., to overawe, intimidate and frighten divers persons in said township of Millin, who were there lately before employed by said Carnegie Steel Company, to invade said township of Millin, and to attack and to shoot off and discharge said deadly weapons against said persons lately employed by said Carnegie Steel Company, Limited."

In regard to the riot on the morning of July 6th, the bill says: "The defendants did counsel and advise the rioting."

The Grand Jury's action did not cause much excitement among the public generally, and defendants themselves took it quite coolly. The Carnegie officials, however, declined to be interviewed on the subject of the charges.

ON EASTERN TRACKS.

Racing Events at Lexington, Independence and Morris Park.

LEXINGTON, Oct. 10.—In the first race, continued from yesterday, the winner every heat made time considerably below his best record. A novelty in trotting—a nine-furlong dash—constituted the third race, which was made in 2:31, at the rate of 2:14 to the mile. An exciting episode occurred at the close of the second heat of the fourth race, when Sallie B. fell dead just after passing under the string.

In the 2:17 trot (unfished from yesterday) Nellie Mason won, Dr. Sparks second, Paetolus third. Best time, 2:12.

In the 2:16 pace, Storm won, Walnut Boy second, J. H. L. third. Best time, 2:10.

Phoenix Hotel Stakes, nine-furlong dash, Honest George won, So Long second, Walter E. third, C. C. fourth. Time, 2:31.

In the 2:19 trot Greenleaf won, Una Wilkes second, Senclion third, Catherine Leyburn fourth. Best time, 2:14.

COLUMBUS CELEBRATION.

Most Imposing Naval Parade on the Hudson River.

THE GRAND SIGHT WITNESSED BY A MILLION PEOPLE.

Never Before Was Shipping in the Harbor so Profusely Decorated—The French, Spanish and Italian Nations Represented in the Procession—Twenty-Five Thousand Members of Catholic Societies Parade Through the Streets of New York in the Evening.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

NEW YORK, Oct. 11.—Yesterday the people of New York, Brooklyn and Jersey City turned out and lined up along Fifth Avenue to witness the parade of the school children in honor of the Columbian anniversary. To-day they lined up on each side of that greater and grander thoroughfare, the Hudson River, to witness the imposing naval parade.

To view a greater spectacle yesterday the city is hurried in bustling and the fashion has extended to the sightseers themselves, almost every one displaying the national colors on their lapels or elsewhere as a personal adornment.

All parts of those cities surrounding New York harbor, except those bordering on the route of the parade, were almost deserted. It was estimated that not less than a million of people were massed on both shores, from the Battery to Grant's tomb, and witnessed the stately procession as it moved grandly up the broad waters of the majestic Hudson River.

The start was made at 12:30 o'clock from Gravesend Bay in three columns 300 yards apart.

The foreign war vessels occupied the center, with the United States war vessels on either side as escort. As the line entered the Narrows a salute of twenty-one guns was fired from either shore.

The order of parade was as follows: The patrolling flotilla, manned by the naval militia of New York, to clear the way; the naval division, consisting of the United States flagships Philadelphia, French flagships L'Arctus, United States steamers Atlanta and Dolphin, French flagships L'Arctus, United States steamers Vesuvius, Italian cruiser Bausan, United States ship St. Mary's, Revenue steamer Grant, French flagships L'Arctus, and the lightship steamer America, Revenue steamer Dexter and the United States steamer Cushing.

A special escort fleet followed the naval division. The first division of it was composed of the Fire and Dock Department boats and fifteen yachts. The second division had seven municipal boats and seven yachts.

The third division had twelve steamboats, the fourth fifteen steam and ferry-boats. The fifth division contained twenty-five steamboats and tugs; the sixth, twenty-two tugs; the seventh, five yachts; the eighth, tugs and propellers; the ninth, eight merchantmen; and the tenth, fourteen merchantmen.

The eleventh division had floats illustrating the progress of shipbuilding since the days of Columbus. The last division consisted of the war fleet, consisting of sixteen tugs, divided into four squadrons.

As the parade passed Battery Park another flotilla of gunboats was fired. Then the mightiest hog on the shore began to cheer, and as the majestic procession continued its course up the river the cheers and the shouting roar from hundreds of thousands of people.

When One Hundred and Twenty-five street was reached the boats cast anchor and the parade was at an end.

Among the guests of the Parade Committee were: Vice-President Hughes, Secretary Hark, Ex-Secretary Whitney, Governor Flower, Mrs. U. S. Grant and Minister Egan.

Ex-President Cleveland was the guest of Benedict on his yacht.

The day was perfect and there was not a cloud in the sky.

Never before was shipping in the harbor so profusely decorated as to-day. Forests of masts on both North and East Rivers hung full of fluttering flags, and when the anchors of the warships were weighed and the command of Commodore Erben communicated by signal to the vessels to move down the stream to the rendezvous below the Narrows salute after salute rang out in deep diapason of the shrill roar of steam craft, while colors were dipped in honor of the passing fleet.

REINDEER IN ALASKA.

Dr. Jackson's Mission to Northwest Coast a Success.

A HERD OF ONE HUNDRED AND SEVENTY ESTABLISHED.

The Fair at Vallejo Proving a Grand Success, Both the Pavilion and Races Drawing Large Crowds—The Judges Put a Stop to Attempts to "Throw" Races—San Benito Fair—Testimony in the Bruner Case.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 11.—The revenue cutter Rush, which arrived this morning, ten days from Behring Sea, brought down Dr. Sheldon Jackson, who has been spending the summer on the revenue cutter Bear along the coast of Siberia purchasing and transporting domesticated reindeer into Alaska, as commissioned to do by the Interior Department. Dr. Jackson has successfully established a herd of 175 reindeer at Port Clarence, near Behring Straits. Minor W. Bruce of Nebraska has been appointed Superintendent of the reindeer station.

The starting of this herd is the commencement of an enterprise which it is claimed will not only save from extinction the Esquimaux of Alaska, but will assist in populating and civilizing that region. A band of sixteen reindeer turned loose by Dr. Jackson at Oumalaska in 1891 passed through last winter safely, and are increasing in number.

The cutter Bear encountered large masses of ice in June and July, blanketing her propeller and two anchors there. Point Barrow was reached safely about the middle of August.

BRUNER TRIAL. The Defendant Cross-Examined by Attorney Foote.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 11.—The announcement that the cross-examination of Assemblyman Bruner would commence before Judge Wallace this afternoon drew a large crowd.

Attorney Foote opened the cross-examination by asking Bruner: "You have prepared a list of the days you were present at the Legislature?"

"Yes, sir," answered Bruner. "Foot—Don't you know you want to prove an alibi that you were not in the city on the 21st of February?"

"Witness—I did testify before the grand jury that you had never been in Ottinger's place?"

"Witness—I did not testify that you did not think you could not recognize him if you saw him again?"

"Witness—I did, as I had only seen him once, I thought I could not recognize him again."

Foot—Did you not want to make that jury believe you had been to Ottinger's place on the 21st of February?"

"Witness—I did not testify to those words. What I did testify was that the meeting was casual."

DISTRICT FAIRS. The Pavilion and Races Draw Large Crowds at Vallejo.

VALLEJO, Oct. 11.—Vallejo's Fair is now in full blast, and with the Solano County Teachers' Institute in session here, the town is crowded with people, and sleeping-rooms are hard to get. There was an immense crowd at the Pavilion Monday night, and the exhibit called forth the greatest praise.

STATE BOARD OF TRADE.

ADDRESS BY W. H. MILLS ON THE DISTRIBUTION OF FRUIT.

The Question to be Considered is How the Great Mass of Consumers Can be Reached.

Special to the RECORD-UNION. SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 11.—There was a full attendance of directors at the monthly meeting of the State Board of Trade this afternoon in the new quarters under the Crocker building. President Eugene J. Gregory was in the chair.

The report of the Finance Committee showed receipts for September to be \$1,442.55 and disbursements \$1,020.75.

B. M. LeLong, Secretary of the State Board of Horticulture, was elected a member of the State Board of Trade.

W. H. Mills read his address upon the distribution of California fruit in the Pacific States.

"The question of probability as to whether California can become the orchard of the whole country is answered by the report of the Finance Committee to exist, which is a matter of surprise, to the effect that California sells fruit to the Pacific States to the amount of \$10,000,000 annually. The country stands ready to second any improvement which may be devised or sought to be applied by the consignors of the freight."

The entire country wants our fruit, and the country stands ready to second any improvement which may be devised or sought to be applied by the consignors of the freight. The entire country wants our fruit, and the country stands ready to second any improvement which may be devised or sought to be applied by the consignors of the freight.

Mr. Mills closed his address with the motion that a Commissioner be sent to the East to learn of the ways of distribution of our fruit.

Ex-Governor Perkins suggested that the Commissioner, if he be appointed, first ascertain what the transportation of the fruit was in a profitable manner, as well as Mr. Mills is, and we both know that the transportation of California fruit to the East is a matter of great importance.

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FRIGHTFUL DISCOVERY.

Corpse of a Woman Found in the Garden of a Residence.

THE BODY RIPPED AND SLASHED IN A HORRIBLE MANNER.

A Dying Man Confesses That He and Not Mrs. Maybrick Placed the Arsenic in the Medicine Administered to the Husband of the Latter Which Caused His Death—The Remains of the Late Lord Tennyson Removed to Westminster Abbey.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

GLASGOW, Oct. 11.—While workmen were digging in the garden of a residence in the most fashionable quarter of the city they discovered a corpse, dismembered and disemboweled. It proved to be the body of a woman between 30 and 40 years old. The family occupying the house were absent, and a young gardener named McEwen was left in charge. The police immediately sought him, but he could not be found. The body was slashed and ripped in a manner which reveals the horrible work "Jack the Ripper" performed on the bodies of wretched women who met their fate at his hands.

The only information so far gleaned is to the effect that McEwen was in the habit of receiving women in the local parlors in the absence of the family. After the discovery the garden was thoroughly searched, and pieces of the body were found in four different holes about the place, and it is thought a further search will reveal the missing parts. An inspection of McEwen's bedroom shows evidence of a terrible struggle. The floor, walls and ceiling were splattered with blood, and a bed disordered with clotted blood.

POET TENNYSON. His Remains Removed to Westminster Abbey—The Fall-Beaters.

LONDON, Oct. 10.—Lord Salisbury will be one of the fall-beaters at Lord Tennyson's funeral in Westminster Abbey to-morrow. The official list of fall-beaters is headed with the name of Hon. Robert T. Lincoln, American Minister, with the explanation that Henry White, Secretary of the American Legation, will represent him. The list includes, beside Lord Salisbury, the Very Rev. Henry Montagu Butler and Sir James Spence.

When living Lord Tennyson often expressed aversion for horses, and to-day the body was removed from Alderbury, where it had been kept in a house by his old servants, and placed in a small cart waiting to receive it. The remains were carried to Westminster Station, and the cart started for Haslemere Station.

Owing to the ignorance of the public as to the time the body would arrive in London only a few persons were gathered in Waterloo station when the cart rolled in, and thus a crush was avoided. The coffin was carried to the station, and without ostentation of any kind placed on an ordinary van, and in this homely conveyance quietly borne to Westminster Abbey to-morrow.

Canon Duckworth, who received the mourners, and gave directions for the arrangement of the coffin. Mrs. Hallam Tennyson placed a handsome floral wreath on the coffin. Canon Duckworth offered a brief prayer, and the simple ceremony ended.

MRS. MAYBRICK. A Dying Man Declares That She is an Innocent Woman.

LONDON, Oct. 11.—In the next issue of the Review of Reviews, Stead, its editor, will have an article headed: "Ought Mrs. Maybrick to be Tortured to Death?" in which he repeats the whole case of the unfortunate American woman now undergoing the sentence of life imprisonment in the Working Prison for the alleged poisoning of her husband, a well-known Liverpool merchant. Stead says both he and Sir Charles Russell, the Attorney-General, have received from South Africa copies of the death-bed confession of Harry Wilson, who declared that he had a woman, whose name is not given, placed arsenic in the medicine administered to Maybrick during his last illness.

Forty Floating Corpses. LONDON, Oct. 11.—A dispatch to the News from Honolulu Sur. Mar. says that Captain of a ship, just arrived, reports that Sunday morning, Oct. 5, in the Gulf of Somme, he passed a large number of human bodies floating in the sea, surrounded by a quantity of wreckage. The Captain says he counted forty corpses, and from their appearance, judged them to be sailors and passengers of some steamer.

Terrible Cyclone. LISBON, Oct. 11.—Terrible has just been received that a terrible cyclone passed over Cape Verde Islands on September 12th. Full particulars are wanting, but it is reported that many houses were demolished, many plantations devastated, hundreds of head of cattle killed and several vessels wrecked.

Will Sail Again From Havre. HAVRE, Oct. 11.—The General Transatlantic Steamship Company decided that on the 22d of October its vessels will again sail from and arrive at this port when the cholera was at its height in this city the company made Cherbourg a port of departure and arrival.

EMPEROR WILLIAM IN AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, Oct. 11.—Emperor William of Germany arrived this morning on a visit to Emperor Francis Joseph. He was received with much enthusiasm by the Emperor and the people.

A BANDIT CHIEF KILLED.

CITY OF MEXICO, Oct. 11.—In an encounter at Tonalá recently, between the bandit chief Duran and the famous robber chief Duran was killed.

Death of a French Financier.

PARIS, Oct. 11.—Hensch, ex-President of the Comptoir des Comptes, is dead.

Yardmen on a Strike.

COLUMBUS (O.), Oct. 10.—The yardmen employed by the Big Four here, numbering about forty-five men, struck to-night for an advance in wages. The yards of the company are blocked, only passenger trains moving. The company will attempt to clear the yards to-morrow. At a meeting to-night the strikers appointed a committee to patrol the yards and protect the property.

Last of the Immigrants Landed.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—The last batch of immigrants who had been held down the bay since the outbreak of cholera landed at Ellis Island to-day.

Registration in New York.

NEW YORK, Oct. 11.—More than 100,000 citizens qualified for voting in this city to-day. In the first day the registration and the number of names recorded was larger than on any previous first day in the city's history.

Fatal Mine Explosion.

DURANGO (Col.), Oct. 11.—Andy Shore, M. J. McCuskey, William Gill and his brother entered the Champion Tunnel and had proceeded but a short distance when an awful explosion of gas, ignited by candles, occurred. McCuskey was instantly killed, Shore fatally hurt and the two Gill boys dangerously injured.

Bonner's Offer for Fast Trotting.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—Robert Bonner, in a letter to the New York Times, referring to his offer to give \$5,000 to the owner of any horse that would trot within 2:05, asserts that the offer still holds good, but the performance must be made to one of the old regulation sulkies, and not to one of those that came into use in the past three months.

RACING AT HOLLISTER.

HOLLISTER, Oct. 11.—The third annual fair of the San Benito Agricultural Society opened to-day under the most favorable auspices. The attendance at the track was unusually large. With the exception of a half-mile and repeat running race, the first day's speed programme was entirely devoted to colt stakes.

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