# THE RECORD-UNION.

VOLUME LXXXIV.- NO. 61. SACRAMENTO, MONDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 31, 1892. WHOLE NO. 15,926.


## OUR MERCHANT MARINE.

### Handicapped for Want of Proper Government Protection.

MONETARY ASSISTANCE NEEDED IN THE FOREIGN BRANCH.

**Business Firms Who Were Burned Out by Friday Night's Conflagration at Milwaukee Preparing to Immediately Rebuild—An Explosion of Oil Causes the Destruction of a Bark and Several Lighters on the River at Philadelphia — Several Lives Lost in a Fire at St. Johnsbury, Vermont.**

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—E. C. O'Brien, Commissioner of Navigation, in his annual report expresses the opinion that the exclusion of foreign vessels from participation in our domestic and coastwise commerce, provided by the Act of 1873, has alone saved our shipbuilding and shipping interests from ruin, and that in this absolutely protected branch of our merchant marine we have attained success in nautical affairs far surpassing those of any other nation on the globe.

Referring to shipping on the great lakes, the Commissioner notes an increase in tonnage from 711,269 tons in 1882 to 1,183,582 tons in 1892, and says it now embraces a fleet of large steam vessels, models of beauty and efficiency. He says while American navigation is absolutely driven from the transatlantic trade, it survives on the Pacific Ocean, first, for the reason that the American transpacific lines are liable to sustain themselves through association with the absolutely protected steamer line between New York and San Francisco, and the benefit of protection which arises from their association with the transcontinental railway line.

The Commissioner, however, calls attention to what he regards a threatening danger on the Pacific, and says that the Dominion Government has enabled the Canadian Pacific Railway to construct its lines across the continent and place on the Pacific Ocean a line of steamers which receives from the British and Canadian Governments an annual subsidy of $400,000 per year, which is five times the amount paid annually to American steamers carrying to and from Asia, which several times exceed in magnitude the mails carried by the Canadian lines. The total annual subvention to this combined Canadian and British Government line of railroad and steam navigation amounts to about $10,000,000 a year. Beside, the Dominion Government has passed a statute in terms allowing the Canadian Pacific to discriminate unjustly against the American transportation lines, and in order to make sure of securing the Asiatic trade that Government has imposed a duty on tea and coffee when imported into Canada from the United States.

Commissioner O'Brien regards all this as an assault upon the dignity as well as the commercial and shipping interests of the United States, and as a protective measure recommends the imposition of a discriminating duty on Asiatic goods when imported into the United States from Canada. While the tonnage of American-built vessels employed in the protected domestic trade of the country has advanced, the unprotected foreign commerce branch of our merchant marine has declined.

He does not regard the measures of relief already adopted as adequate to the restoration of American shipping engaged in foreign commerce. The Commissioner says the adoption of the policy proposed by the House Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries for admitting foreign-built vessels to both our foreign and domestic trade would inflict upon shipbuilding and shipowning interests a more severe blow than they received from Confederate cruisers during the war.

### TWO SERIOUS FIRES.

**One at Philadelphia and Another at St. Johnsbury, Vt.**

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 30.—There was a serious fire on the river this morning in the vicinity of Point Breeze. It was caused by the explosion of oil which leaked from large pipes connecting the oil refineries on each side of Point Breeze with the gas works. The escaped oil worked down through the soil and collected beneath the furnaces at the pumping station in large quantities. When ignited it exploded with sufficient force to break down the retaining wall, and the whole volume of oil spread in a burning mass over the surface of the river. It was ebb tide, and a stiff breeze carried the blazing mass down the river. Great excitement followed among the shipping men. Tugs were hastily summoned to tow away the steamers and sailing vessels laying about.

After hard work the largest vessels were gotten to places of safety. The bark Felix and several lighters were burned. The bark Elena and one of two other vessels lost their rigging. Several small houses on the bank and five hundred feet of wharfing were destroyed. The loss will aggregate $135,000.

LIVES BELIEVED TO HAVE BEEN LOST.

ST. JOHNSBURY (Vt.), Oct. 30.—A fire started to-night in Lougee Brothers & Smith's large drygoods store, on the east side of Railroad street. The flames spread rapidly, swept on by a northeast gale, and destroyed the Merchants' National Bank, Spencer's jewelry store, Bagley's drug store and sveral smaller establishments. Two tenement houses were also burned out, and fifteen families rendered homeless. It is thought that the men and women occupying rooms in the building where the fire started were burned to death. The losses aggregate $150,000.

### THE MILWAUKEE FIRE.

**Burned-Out Firms Preparing to Rebuild—Caring for the Homeless.**

MILWAUKEE (Wis.), Oct. 30. — The scene of the great fire was visited to-day by thousands of people of this city and neighboring points. All of the important firms burnt out will resume business at once, and many are already preparing to rebuild. The insurance men are confident the insurance will reach $3,000,000 and that the aggregate loss will double that sum. The subscriptions to the relief fund have reached $68,000, among the latest being $1,000 from Clara Barton, President of the Red Cross Society. The Citizens' Relief Committee is thoroughly organized and the homeless are being provided with the necessaries of life. Such homeless as are not housed in dwellings are being cared for in schoolhouses and in large passenger steamers along the river. It is probable extensive barracks will be erected the coming week for the accommodation of the homeless.

Besides providing shelter and meal tickets for the homeless to-day, the Relief Committee called on all charitably inclined to contribute articles of clothing. As a result great quantities of clothing of all kinds were brought in during the day and distributed, and to-night enough clothing, shoes, etc., remain to fit out twenty families. The Gas Works are still somewhat disabled, and it will be three or four days before connections are restored and the city's lighting facilities in proper order.

### CLEARING-HOUSE STATISTICS.

**Business Transacted in the Principal Cities the Past Week.**

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—The following, compiled by the Bradstreets, are the banks' clearings for the week ending October 27th, with the percentage, increase and decrease, compared with the corresponding week last year: New York, $652,064,000, a decrease of 7.7 per cent.; Chicago, $91,541,000, no comparison; Boston, $112,176,000, an increase of 20.8 per cent.; Philadelphia, $76,632,000, an increase of 14.5 per cent.; St. Louis, $22,916,000, an increase of 3.9 per cent.; San Francisco, $15,263,000, a decrease of 9.5 per cent.; Baltimore, $13,777,000, an increase of 3.8; Cincinnati, $14,208,000, an increase of 9.2; Pittsburg, $14,788,000, an increase of 4.3; New Orleans, $9,718,000, a decrease of 16.9; Kansas City, $11,204,000, an increase of 5.6; Minneapolis, $10,245,000, an increase of 9.0; Omaha, $6,568,000, an increase of 43.8; Denver, $1,785,000, an increase of 13.3; St. Paul, $5,682,000, an increase of 5.7; Portland, Or., $1,300,000, an increase of 6.6; Salt Lake City, $1,499,000, an increase of 4.6; Seattle, $1,018,000, an increase of 29.5 per cent.; Tacoma, $1,289,000, an increase of 34.0; Los Angeles, $892,145, a decrease of 9.6; Helena, $776,134, no comparison; Great Falls, $547,478, no comparison; Spokane, $961,202, no comparison; Galveston, $8,177,000, a decrease of 16.3. Total for the United States, $1,174,155,123, a decrease of 0.8 per cent. compared with last year.

### LOOKING FOR SLOGGERS.

**Another Pugilistic Carnival in Prospect at New Orleans.**

NEW YORK, Oct. 32.—Charles Noel, formerly manager of the Olympic Club of New Orleans, and now President of the Crescent City Athletic Club of New Orleans, arrived to-day. His object is to arrange another pugilistic carnival, the participants to include Champion Jim Corbett and Charley Mitchell of England, Bob Fitzsimmons and Jim Hall, Champion Johnny Griffin and Griff, featherweight champion of Australia.

"A good many people think Mitchell will not fight," said Noel to-day, "but I think he will." He has not signed Mitchell, but from reliable sources Noel says he has assurances that the Englishman will meet Corbett. If Mitchell refuses to fight Corbett, Noel hopes to match Peter Jackson against the champion. The Crescent City Club, its President says, will outbid the Coney Island Athletic Club for the Hall-Fitzsimmons fight.

### A LONG JOURNEY.

**The Lighthouse Tender Columbine Starts on Her Long Voyage.**

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—The lighthouse tender Columbine started to-day on her long voyage to Portland, Or., under command of Lieutenant-Commander West of the United States Navy. The Columbine has nearly 15,000 miles to traverse before she reaches her destination. Her commander intends to make only three stops—the first at Rio Janeiro, the second at Valparaiso and the third at San Francisco. She went with 228 tons of coal and a crew of twenty-six men. The Columbine is a single screw vessel, measuring 112 feet in length, with a beam of 26 feet.

**Counterfeiters Under Arrest.**

BOSTON, Oct. 30.—William D. Fuller, claiming to be a resident of Chicago, John Dempsey, said to be from Providence, and William Powers of Buffalo were arrested last night for passing counterfeit coin. A search of the house where they lived resulted in the finding of an elaborate counterfeiting outfit. Fuller claims that the gang has floated $30,000 in spurious money in Boston.

**The W. C. T. U Convention.**

DENVER, Oct. 30.—A number of delegates to the W. C. T. U. Convention preached temperance sermons in the several churches here to-day. In the afternoon the annual sermon was delivered by Mrs. Snell of Mississippi, National Evangelist, and in the evening Lady Henry Somerset delivered an eloquent temperance address.

**Passengers From Hamburg.**

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—The steamer Russia, which arrived from Hamburg, brings fifty cabin passengers. This is the first steamer bringing cabin passengers from Hamburg since the arrival of the last cholera infection. These passengers, together with the ship's crew, were carefully inspected and the cargo and baggage thoroughly disinfected.

**Terrific Weather on the Atlantic Coast.**

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—The steamer Marcia arrived to-day from Brazilian ports, and reports the weather as terrific. On Saturday night, off Delaware Capes, the worst of the whole trip was gone through with. Huge waves precipitated themselves upon the decks, smashed skylights, flooded the cabin and did much other damage.

**Religious Anniversary Celebrated.**

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—The celebration of the one hundred and twenty-sixth anniversary of the inception of the Methodist doctrine in this country occupied the entire day and evening at the old John-street church. Bishop Newman and many others took part in the exercises.

**A Politician Seriously Injured.**

TROY (N. Y.), Oct. 30.—Ex-Mayor Edward Murphy, Jr., Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, was thrown from a carriage this morning and suffered severe bruises and a dislocation of the right shoulder. Notwithstanding his injuries, Murphy will go to New York to-morrow.

**Fatal Boiler Explosion.**

ALEXANDRIA (Va.), Oct. 30. — The steamer Wakefield, while on her way up the Potomac River to-day, blew a hole in her boiler where the steam chimney connects. The accident caused the death of three colored men and the serious injury of two others, all members of the crew.

**Tennyson Memorial Services.**

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—Tennyson memorial services were held at the brick Presbyterian church, Fifth avenue and Thirty-ninth streets, this morning by Rev. Henry Vandyke. The edifice was crowded to the doors. The pastor was a warm friend of Tennyson.

**An Aeronaut Fatally Injured.**

HARPER (Kan.), Oct. 30.—Aeronaut L. H. Driscoll made an ascension here yesterday, and when the balloon was at a considerable hight it suddenly collapsed. Driscoll took to the parachute, but it careened, and he came to the earth at terrific speed, sustaining fatal injuries.

**Death of a Well-Known Painter.**

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—William M. Harnell, one of the best known still-life painters in the country, died Saturday of uræmia at a New York City hospital, whither he had been taken Thursday from his studio, where he was found unconscious.

**Death of a Dowager Queen.**

BERLIN, Oct. 30.—The Dowager Queen of Wurtemburg is dead.

## DEED OF AN INSANE MAN.

### Kills a Young Lady and Seriously Wounds His Wife.

HE THEN ENDS HIS OWN LIFE WITH THE SAME WEAPON.

**Domestic Troubles Lead to the Suicide of a Bride of but a Few Months—Shooting Affray at San Francisco, the Result of a Quarrel Over a Debt of a Dollar—The First Day's Racing of the Blood-Horse Association Draws a Great Crowd.**

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 30.—James H. Bartlett of No. 7 Hampton Place, a survivor of the Jeannette's expedition, shot and killed his wife's niece, Lottie Carpenter, at 1:30 o'clock this morning, attempted to murder his wife and then killed himself. It is supposed that he was insane. Since he got back from the famous voyage to the north his mind has been weak, and it is maintained that this condition was brought about by his sufferings on that trip. Early yesterday morning a new manifestation of insanity was given when he told his wife and Miss Carpenter, a girl of 19 years, that he was going to kill them both.

Miss Carpenter was a clerk in an uptown store, and last night returned home at the usual time and retired. At about 1:30 o'clock this morning Mrs. Bartlett was aroused by the report of a pistol shot. The sound came from her niece's room. She jumped from her bed, and just as she was going to the hallway her husband, wildly excited, ran into the doorway. He had the pistol in his hand.

Without a word he leveled the weapon and fired at her. The shot struck in her left shoulder. Then the man dashed to the dining-room at the rear, and another shot was heard.

When the neighbors rushed into the house Lottie Carpenter, the niece, was found dead by the side of her bed, where, evidently, she had sunk down when shot in the head as she was trying to escape. Bartlett was lying on the floor of the dining-room. He had shot himself in the head also. The injury to his wife was not serious.

Bartlett and his wife had occupied a room at the front of the house, and between that and the dining-room was Miss Carpenter's apartment. To reach the dining-room it was necessary to pass through the girl's room, and it is supposed that, on returning home, Bartlett started to get something to eat, when the sight of the girl aroused his insane intention to murder.

### TURF TOPICS.

**Auspicious Opening of the Blood-Horse Fall Meeting.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 30.—The opening of the Blood-horse fall meeting yesterday was a success from every point of view. The Bay District Track was thronged long before the horses were saddled up for the first race, and before the second event there were fully 10,000 people in the various stands and inclosures. All the leading horsemen of the coast were in attendance and society leaders from all parts of the State were to be seen in the members' stands and betting ring.

The judgment of Presiding Judge Woodruff was never called in question, while Starter Ferguson wielded the flag in his well-remembered and able manner. Everything passed off without a hitch, and the inaugural day was all that could be desired.

The events of the day resulted as follows:

All ages, five furlongs, Geraldine won, Mackey second, Topgallant third. Time, 1:01¼.

Two-year-old, half mile, Princess won, Princess Lorraine second, Charmer third. Time, 0:49¾.

All ages, seven furlongs, Charmion won, Happy Day second, Grandee third. Time, 1:27¾.

Handicap sweepstakes for all ages, one mile, Sheridan won, Almont second, Canny Scot third. Time, 1:42½.

All ages, three-quarters of a mile, Ida Glenn won, Red Prince second, Lottie Mills third. Time, 1:15½.

W. WOOD'S FAST MILE.

STOCKTON, Oct. 30.—The record meeting opened slow yesterday morning, but the horses soon warmed up, and before noon another fast record was made, the four-year-old pacer W. Wood, by Steinway, going the mile in 2:07. The pacer made the record with ease, going the first half in 1:05 and finishing the second half in 1:02, a remarkably game performance.

### COURSING.

**Three Hundred People Watch Greyhounds Chase Hares.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 30.—The inclement weather to-day had no effect on those who find sport in watching greyhounds chase hares. Over 300 people were at Ocean View Park to witness the second course of the Pacific Coursing Club's sixty-four dog stake. A light rain fell at times, and rain clouds spread over the field and obscured the view of some of the races. In most of the races the favorites won; in the first race, however, the talent met with a Waterloo. Sir John, a strong favorite, was defeated by Lyon's Monday. The defeat of Glen Farron by Dashaway was also a surprise. Skyrocket had an easy course with Mollie, and is strongly backed to win the first prize of the big stake. The San Jose dogs showed up well, but were beaten, though only after very close races. The appearances are that if the interior dogs have more experience on the grounds they may win several prizes.

Next Sunday, rain or shine, the big stake will be given to fill up the day's sport. The drawing of the consolation stake will take place on Friday evening.

The official announcement of the result of the sixty-four-dog stake as run off today is as follows: Monday beat Sir John, Whip beat Dexter, Dan C. beat Laurelwood, Mountain Hare beat Capatina Maid, Dashaway beat Glen Farron, Depend On Me beat So So, Mollie H. ran a bye, White Cloud not appearing; Skyrocket beat Mollie, Commassie beat Nellie Bly, Judge Morrow beat Queen of the Valley, Speculation ran a bye, Jennie G. not appearing; Shortstop ran a bye, Chiccopee not appearing; Pennyroyal beat San Jose Maid, Chief of the Valley beat Bessie From Pike, Jack Dempsey beat Charles W., and Tom Moore ran a bye, Young Jessie not appearing.

### BASEBALL.

**Two Games at Los Angeles—One Results in a Tie.**

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 30.—Two games were played here this afternoon between the San Franciscos and home team. McNabb and Fanning pitched the first game, the latter being batted heavily in the early stages of the game. First game: Los Angeles—Runs 8, base hits 14, errors 3. San Francisco—Runs 0, base hits 5, errors 3. Second game: Los Angeles—Runs 2, base hits 4, errors 4. San Francisco—Runs 2, base hits 10, errors 2. Ten innings were played, and the tie will be played off to-morrow. Balsz and Knell both pitched good ball in the second game.

NO GAME AT THE BAY.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 30.—There was no game to-day, on account of rain.

### SERIOUS FAILURE.

**A Large Raisin-Grower and Shipper Forced to the Wall.**

FRESNO, Oct. 30.—A. D. Barling, a raisin-grower and shipper, has filed a petition in the Superior Court, asking to be declared an insolvent debtor. The failure is a very serious one, and one of the largest that ever took place here. Barling's liabilities are $112,951. His heaviest creditors are W. F. Beck & Co. of San Francisco, to whom he is indebted in the sum $65,000. They are secured by mortgages on Barling's vineyard. The assets consist of petitioner's vineyard, valued at $90,000, and personal property valued at $38,600, all incumbered. At the commencement of the fruit season Barling bought heavily. He made big shipments East, but just then the cholera scare came on, and the bottom dropped out of the fruit market, seriously embarrassing him. A number of fruit and raisin-growers will lose considerable sums by the failure. A large number of merchants are also among Barling's creditors.

### HAD A REMARKABLE ESCAPE.

**Shooting Affray, the Result of a Quarrel Over a Dollar.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 30.—Hans P. A. Stahr, a saloon-keeper, shot a sailor named Brandt at noon to-day in a row over $1 at Stahr's saloon. The men had been drinking together all morning, and were both the worse for liquor when the fracas took place. Stahr suddenly reminded Brandt of a dollar he owed him, and Brandt, after a great deal of talk, agreed to pay the dollar if Stahr would accompany him to the wharf, where the Robert and Jennie, a scow schooner on which Brandt worked, was lying. The men out together and returned after a while, still talking. Words ran high and the quarrel ended in Stahr pulling a pistol and shooting Brandt in the breast. The injured man was taken to the Receiving Hospital, where it was found that he had had a remarkable escape. The bullet had struck a rib and glanced upward, passing out again and lodging in his cravat.

### WEATHER NOTES.

**Rain Falls as Far South as Gilroy—Pasturage Benefited.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 30.—It commenced raining here late last night, and continued all day and to-night.

SONOMA, Oct. 30.—It has been raining at intervals all day, with indications of a continuance throughout the night.

RED BLUFF, Oct. 30.—It rained last night about one-fourth of an inch. It was cloudy and drizzly. It looks like a heavy rain before to-morrow morning.

GILROY, Oct. 30.—Showers of rain fell last night, the gauge marking .29. Indications are also that there will be more to-night. Pasturage is materially benefited, but a few grapes are still ungathered.

**A Bride of a Few Months Suicides.**

PORTLAND (Or.), Oct. 30.—Mrs. C. A. Lambard, wife of a prominent young broker, committed suicide in her room at the Hill, a family hotel, this evening by shooting herself with a pistol. The couple had only been married a few months. It is said they did not live happily together. The suicide has created a profound sensation, as they were very prominent in society. Mrs. Lambard was a daughter of James Marshall of Seattle, who committed suicide a few years ago.

**No Trace of Orezeras.**

SANTA BARBARA, Oct. 30.—Members of the posse that has been in the Santa Ynez Valley in search of the Indian Orezeras, wanted for the attempted murder of Alice Havens, returned this morning. They found no trace of the man. It is now supposed that Orezeras is this side of the mountains. Several parties are out in different directions, and his capture is only a matter of a few days.

**George Sontag Convicted.**

FRESNO, Oct. 30.—After being out but fifteen minutes, the jury in the case of George Sontag, charged with robbery, for implication in the "hold up" of the Southern Pacific train near Collis, returned a verdict of guilty.

Clarke Moore was arrested on the conclusion of the Sontag case as an accessory after the fact to murder.

**Fire at Red Bluff.**

RED BLUFF, Oct. 30.—A fire last night partially destroyed the furniture and building of L. W. Valentine's residence. The fire was caused by the breaking of a lamp. Loss, about $300. Fully insured.

### CHANCES FOR A RACE DOUBTFUL.

**Statement From Lord Dunraven Regarding His Yacht Challenge.**

LONDON, Oct. 30.—Lord Dunraven has given the Associated Press, in an interview, a statement of his position in the challenge recently sent the New York Yacht Club for a race for the American cup. He fears the chances for a race are doubtful. "For simplicity's sake," said he, "I will confine my objections to the dimensions clause, and for the sake of argument will assume that I am the challenging representative of the opinion of yachtsmen and yacht clubs here. When the Royal Yacht Squadron in 1887 stated that a new deed would be fatal to international racing, it spoke for us all. The conditions have not changed. I am perfectly certain no challenge will issue from us according to the terms of that deed. We object to the deed as unfair in the abstract. I am unwilling to do anything that can be construed as implying that we think it fair in the event we are challenged."

**The Dispensation Not Yet Granted.**

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—The *Herald's* Berlin correspondent says the report that the Pope has already given Prince Ferdinand of Hohenzollern a dispensation for marriage with the daughter of the Duke of Edinburgh is premature. His holiness is inclined to grant the dispensation, but only on condition that Prince Ferdinand agrees not to renounce Catholicism. Both parties to the alliance pledged themselves to have their children brought up in the Catholic faith.

**The Spanish Girl's Manta.**

Though the manta is exceedingly becoming to everybody, it suits the big, black eyes of these southern sisters far better than the Saxon blue or gray. It not only enhances grace and beauty, but hides slovenly dressing and all defects of figure. When properly draped it makes an old woman look younger, a skeleton form appear reasonably plump, a meal-bag-tied-in-the-middle shape almost slender, and renders a really handsome face perfectly irresistible. Some of the mantas—of rich silk, covered all over with magnificent embroidery and edged with real Spanish lace—cost from $200 to $1,000. There are cheaper varieties, all the way down to $20, and the coarser grades, such as are worn by servants and los pebres generally, can be bought as low as $5.—Ward's Valparaiso Letter.

## STEVENSON'S LETTER

### Accepting the Democratic Nomination for Vice-President.

INDORSES CLEVELAND'S POSITION ON THE LEADING ISSUES.

**A Gang of Roughs Make an Attack on a Democratic Meeting in a Town in Yancey County, Tennessee, Resulting in a Fierce Fight, in Which Five Persons Were Killed and a Dozen Others Seriously Wounded—Registration in New York.**

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

CHARLESTON (W. Va.), Oct. 30.—Adlai E. Stevenson, Democratic candidate for Vice-President, gave to the press to-night his letter of acceptance. He says he has been engaged continually since the big New York meeting, at which he and Cleveland spoke, in the discussion before the people of many States in the Union of the issues emphasized by the convention and represented by the candidate for President, Grover Cleveland. The opportunity has thus been denied him to write his formal acceptance with the care he would desire. He says, however, that Mr. Cleveland's treatment of the issues now before the country for discussion and settlement are so complete that he can do little more than to indorse Cleveland's position, and give it emphasis of his unqualified approval.

"It is plain," says Mr. Stevenson, "that our present inequitable system of tariff taxation has promoted the growth of such conditions in our land as results in drawing tribute from many for the benefit of the few. Part of the people are oppressed in order that the remainder may prosper unduly. Equality is lost sight of and injustice hardened into precedent, which is used to excuse the new exactions, and there arise artificial distinctions which beneficiaries come to look upon in due time as vested rights, sacred to themselves. If the beneficiaries are able to gain new tenor of power the development of these conditions must continue until the power to tax will be lodged in those willing and able to pay for the perpetuation of privileges originally conferred by a confiding people for the preservation of inviolate rights of their own Government. There is no longer a pretext for the maintenance of a war tariff in times of peace, and I am in hearty accord with the demand of the Democratic platform for reform of this system.

"The convention also declared its position on the currency question in no unmeaning words," says Mr. Stevenson. He then quoted the currency plank of the platform, and said: "To this plain and unequivocal declaration in favor of sound, honest money, I subscribe without reservation or qualification. A safe circulating medium is absolutely essential to the protection of the business interests of our country, while to the wage-earner and farmer it is all-important that every dollar, whatever its form, that finds its way into his pocket shall be of an equal, unquestioned and universally exchangeable value, and of equal purchasing power.

"Another issue of great moment is the force bill, the magnitude of which cannot be overstated. It may mean the control of the election of Representatives in Congress by the bayonet. The Republican party, by its acts in the Fifty-first Congress, and by its platform in the late National Convention, stands pledged to the passage of this bill. That it will pass it when it has power no sane man can doubt.

"Since my nomination I have been in eight Southern and Southwestern States, and found a general and growing apprehension of the evils which it is believed would result from the passage of the Lodge bill, or similar legislation. I found industries established by Northern capital during Mr. Cleveland's administration in a languishing condition; that the emigration of labor and the investment of capital invited to these States by their then peaceful condition had in a large measure ceased. The enactment of the force bill into a law, while it would threaten the liberties of the entire people, would undoubtedly retard the material growth of the States at which it was specially aimed, and would incite in many communities race troubles and invite retaliatory legislation which would disturb property values and discontinue and destroy the security of Northern investments, and its reflex action upon the Northern States would result in consequent loss of commercial and trade relations with a vast territory now becoming tributary to their wealth and prosperity. I say nothing now of the inherent vice of the un-American and revolutionary spirit involved in the Lodge bill, which was pronounced by a Republican Senator the most infamous that ever crossed the threshold of the Senate.

"I appeal to the instincts of self-interest and the sense of common justice in the American people. The era of good feeling and renewed commercial relations commencing with the administration of Cleveland in 1884 should not be interrupted by the inauguration of a policy tending to destroy popular representation and the purity of local self-government, which furnishes the instrument to a discredited Federal power to perpetuate itself, which seeks to keep alive sectional jealousies and strife, which threatens important and material interests, and which offers no excuse or palliation for its existence except the perpetuation in power of a political party which has lost public confidence."

COLORADO DEMOCRATS EMBARRASSED.

DENVER, Oct. 30.—Dr. A. J. Overholt and Silas Hanchett, two of the four electors on the Weaver ticket, refused to permit their names to be used at the head of the Cleveland Democratic ticket. Their action is embarrassing, in view of the fact that the Clevelandites have withdrawn their electors and substituted Populist electors.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING BROKEN UP.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—A *Herald* special from Raleigh, N. C., says: State Auditor Sanderlin has just returned from a canvassing tour on the Tennessee border. A gang of desperadoes in Yancey County had, he says, sworn that no Democratic speaker should be heard there, and when he went to Burnsville the threats were renewed. The Democrats at the Courthouse, however, assured him that he would receive full protection. Soon after he began his speech, Budd Parrott, head of a gang of desperadoes, forced his way into the courtroom, armed with a bowie-knife, and began to curse Sanderlin, and swore he would kill him. A number of Democrats seized him and rushed him to the door. As soon as the door was opened Parrott's gang rushed to his aid. Pistols were fired, knives used and stones thrown. A desperate fight raged on the steps of the Courthouse for several minutes, but the Democrats got the best of it, and drove the desperadoes away from the building.

Dr. Sanderlin then resumed his speech. Suddenly the attacking party assembled in force. Two of their number forced their way into the courtroom, but were instantly seized and thrown out. The fight was renewed. Parrot was shot and killed, while a Democrat named Phillips was so terribly cut with a knife that he died shortly afterward. Three other men, whose names Sanderlin did not ascertain, were also killed, while more than a dozen men were seriously wounded.

The greatest excitement prevailed in town. Some of the desperadoes left the place, and it was suspected they were to lie in wait along the road and endeavor to ambush and shoot Sanderlin. Owing to this fact an escort of men was made up to take Sanderlin safely to the railroad, some distance away.

REGISTRATION IN NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—Yesterday was the last day of registration in the State. It is believed that when all the lists are handed in the total number of votes registered will not fall short of 1,500,000. The registration in this city was 309,830, against 286,642 in 1888. In Brooklyn the four days registration was 181,668, against 156,194 in 1888.

The Democratic managers hoped that 340,000 voters would register in New York and 170,000 in Brooklyn. If so they predicted a Democratic majority of 90,000 in New York, Kings, Queens and Richmond Counties. The Republicans had great success in registering their voters in the interior of New York State. If they can get them to the polls on election day their majority may be 90,000. This is what they are expecting. General Harrison's majority in New York State above Harlem Bridge was 85,000 in 1888. Good judges believe the contest will be very close—perhaps 1,000 votes will decide the election.

MANLEY'S FIGURES.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—Joseph H. Manley, a member of the Republican Executive Committee, in an interview to-day said the Republicans had 216 electoral votes sure for their National ticket. The Democratic managers, he asserts, cannot safely count on more than 143.

Asked regarding New York, he said: "In the great Empire State of New York it would be folly to say the Republicans were absolutely sure of carrying it. If the Republican vote is polled, and every effort will be made to poll it, New York will surely give its electoral vote to Mr. Harrison."

REFUSED TO CONTRIBUTE A CENT.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 30. — Hamilton Disston, member of the Advisory Committee of the Republican National Committee, and head of the great Disston Saw Works, to-day denied the published statement that Henry C. Frick, Chairman of the Carnegie Steel Company, contributed a large sum of money to the Republican campaign fund. On the contrary, Frick, Disston said, absolutely refused to contribute a cent to the campaign fund.

CLEVELAND'S RIGHT TO VOTE.

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—It is asserted that Republican leaders at national headquarters are questioning Grover Cleveland's right to vote at the coming election, on the ground that he didn't take up his residence at 12 West Fifty-first street until after October 12th, which renders it illegal under thirty days' residence in the precinct clause. Mr. Cleveland laughed when he saw the story tonight. He said he moved into the house last May. His furniture had been there since that time, and he had paid rent regularly. He has a legal right to vote.

### DOUBLE TRAGEDY,

**Which Serves as a Climax to a Most Remarkable Story.**

KANSAS CITY (Kas.), Oct. 30.—In Commercial alley yesterday afternoon there occurred a double tragedy, which serves as a climax of a most remarkable story. Some time near 3 o'clock Mrs. Clara Sieger, aged 65 years, put a pistol ball through the head of her four-year-old grandson, Frank Volckers, and then fired a shot into her own brain. Both died almost instantly.

Mrs. Seiger's first husband was a man named Panckner. By him she had two children, a boy and a girl. The latter married Charles Volckers. The former, Frank Panckner, married a girl in Brooklyn, N. Y. One day Frank Panckner, in a fit of jealousy, shot his wife three times, one ball going through her jaw. He thought he had killed her, so he turned the weapon on himself and ended his own life. But the young wife was not dead. In two or three months she gave birth to a boy baby. That baby was the victim of to-day's tragedy.

When he was four months old his mother brought him to Kansas City to visit his uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Volckers. Mrs. Panckner remained about one year in Kansas City and then returned to Brooklyn. Charles Volckers had taken a fancy to the little boy while here and he decided to adopt him.

The mother by letter announced her willingness. Accordingly Volckers journeyed to Brooklyn, secured the child and started on the return to Kansas City. When near here he jumped from the train while it was running at good speed. He made some silly excuse, but afterward said that some people were following him who wanted to take the child from him. Finally they arrived in safety.

From the first the grandmother—now Mrs. Sieger—seemed to take a dislike to the little boy, who was known here as Frank Volckers. She often declared that she would kill him. To-day the little fellow went to play with some neighbors' children. The old woman saw him and took him into her house. Neither was seen again alive.

At 6:30 o'clock the foster father became alarmed and began a search. He went to Mrs. Sieger's home, and, finding the doors locked, he called up a policeman and forced an entrance. Up stairs his mother-in-law and adopted child lay on a bed, both dead. A pistol clinched in the old woman's hand told the story.

### WHEAT STATISTICS.

**Estimate of the Yield by a New York Journal.**

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—The *American Agriculturist* prints an elaborate review of the wheat situation. It points out that the exports from India are falling off, and Russian wheat is being held for an advance and the surplus for export from Australia and South America is very small. The world's reserve supply is by no means made up by last year's heavy yield in the United States, and the replenishing of these reserves accounts for our enormous exports and active foreign market at present. The *Agriculturist's* returns indicate the total wheat crop for 1892 as 484,434,000 bushels. It claims that the area of wheat has been greatly exaggerated, the yield per acre underestimated, and the total crop reported at 5 to 15 per cent. more than actually harvested. This year the total crop by States appears from the paper's review as follows in round millions of bushels: Pennsylvania, 18; Ohio, 31; Michigan, 21; Illinois, 29; Indiana, 34; Minnesota, 52; Iowa, 18; Nebraska, 17; Missouri, 24; Kansas, 68; California, 25; the Dakotas, 66; other States, 90.

**Rowboat Run Down.**

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—The steamer Puritan, on her trip up the sound this afternoon, ran into a rowboat containing four men. Samuel Bingham was drowned and the other three were seriously injured.

**It Was Not Free.**

"Is this a free translation?" asked the girl in the bookstore.

"No, miss," replied the clerk. "It costs 50 cents"—Puck.

The total colored population of the United States, as returned under the census of 1890, is 7,638,360. Of this number 7,470,040 are persons of African descent, 107,475 are Chinese, 2,039 are Japanese and 58,806 are civilized Indians.

## OUTLAWRY IN MEXICO.

### Twelve Brigands Make a Descent on a Store at San Juan.

THREE OF THEM KILLED AND THREE OTHERS CAPTURED ALIVE.

**Further Particulars of the Floods in the State of Paxaca, Mexico, Show That Thousands of Acres of Coffee and Cane Lands Were Inundated—Two Thousand Head of Cattle Caught in the Torrent and Swept Into the Ocean—Fully Fifty Persons Drowned and Hundreds of Families Made Homeless.**

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 30.—A *Times-Democrat's* Celega (Mexico) special says: Twelve brigands headed by desperado Antonio Gallasdo rode into the town of San Juan last night and made a raid on a general store. They secured several hundred dollars in cash. The Rural Guard was hastily summoned, and as the outlaws were mounting their horses to leave the soldiers opened fire upon them, mortally wounding Gallasdo and two others of the band. A pitched battle then ensued, but six of the outlaws managed to escape, three being captured alive. Four soldiers were seriously wounded.

### ENCOURAGING COLONISTS.

**Generous Premiums Offered by the Republic of Paraguay.**

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—The Bureau of American Republics is informed that the republic of Paraguay, to immigration and secure the development of land, has offered very generous premiums to agricultural colonists. It agrees to give eighteen premiums, ranging from $5,000 to $625, for the cultivation of tobacco; three premiums of $4,000 for the cultivation of coffee estates containing 15,000 plants; two premiums of $5,000 each for the cultivation of eight squares of sugar-cane; two premiums of $4,000 for the cultivation of 25,000 cotton plants, and a premium of $5,000 to whoever cultivates 25,000 Brazilian banana plants. Thirty-two other premiums of $5,000 and $10,000 are offered for the cultivation of rice, mani, alfalfa (lucerne), maize, Brazilian banana plants, ramie, orange trees, lemon plants, grapevines and indigo, and for the establishment of a sugar mill, alcohol distillery, steam sawmill, wine factory, factory for manufacturing general cloth from the raw materials of the country, factory for the extraction of textile fabrics in general, factory for cooking oil, factory for the preparation of preserved fruits, cigar factory and mandioca flour factory.

### A PARIS MURDER.

**The Body of a Woman Found Cut Into Twelve Pieces.**

PARIS, Oct. 30.—The body of a young woman, cut into twelve pieces, was discovered to-day in an empty house in Rue Botzaris, near Parc des Buttes Chaumont. The head was cut off and could not be found. Two men have been arrested.

The murder was evidently the work of a practiced hand, the dissection of the body being skillfully performed, a fact which gives color to the belief that the work was done by a surgeon, or at least by a butcher. Blood stains found three hundred yards distant in a waste area of ground form the only real clue yet obtained.

### WRECK OF THE ROUMANIA.

**The Beach Strewn With Wreckage—Fifty Bodies Washed Ashore.**

PENICHE (Portugal), Oct. 30.—The coast of this region for miles is strewn with wreckage and goods from the cargo of the steamer Roumania, from Liverpool for Bombay, which was wrecked Thursday last. Everything that comes ashore is rapidly becoming covered with sand. Coast guards are protecting the goods thrown ashore by the waves. It is supposed that the heaps of debris hide many bodies. About fifty bodies, greatly disfigured, have been washed ashore. All the survivors were so cut and bruised that they can hardly walk, and none of them except Captain Hamilton and Lieutenant Rooke appear to know anything about their escape, except that they were washed overboard and thrown upon the beach half dead. The Roumania is rapidly breaking up, and hardly any portion of her hull is visible.

**Damage by Floods in Mexico.**

NEW ORLEANS, Oct