THE RECORD-UNION.

VOLUME LXXXIV.- NO. 64. SACRAMENTO, THURSDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 3, 1892. WHOLE NO. 15,929.

THERE MAY BE A CLASH.

Opinions Differ as to the Rights of Election Supervisors.

LIKELY TO CAUSE TROUBLE IN NEW YORK ON TUESDAY.

Whitelaw Reid and Chauncey M. Depew Address Large Audiences in Western New York—Senator Hill Talks on the Tariff—Betting in New York Favors Harrison as to the General Result, and Cleveland Carrying the State.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—Within the twenty-four hours last past birth has been given to two elements which may come together in this city on election day with a sharp crash. One of the elements is the announced adherence by Attorney-General Miller to the custom of the past, under Judge Bradley's decision, in accordance with which Federal Supervisors of Elections are posted anywhere they deem wise within election inclosures. The other and opposing element lies in the fact that Lieutenant-Governor Sheehan, Chairman of the New York State Democratic Campaign Committee, has issued an address to the Democrats of the State, in which he cites Judge Brewer's decision, and calls on Democrats to see to it that Federal Supervisors do not enter the booths.

Judge Brewer of the United States Supreme Court has ruled that Supervisors had no right to enter booths or go behind the inclosure where the ballot-boxes are.

Secretary DeFreest of the Democratic State Committee, speaking to-day of Miller's circular and Sheehan's opposing order to Democrats, said he believed Federal Supervisors had no right in the booths, and they would not be allowed to go there. He said the Democrats would see to it that they stayed outside the inclosure where the booths and ballot-boxes are, and this construction foreshadows a possible clash of the two elements referred to on Tuesday next.

It has been ascertained that the law officers of the Department of Justice at Washington had carefully examined the statutes and opinions rendered in cases arising out of alleged violations of election statutes before yesterday's circular was issued by Attorney-General Miller. In ex parte Siebold et al., the Bradley decision held National and State jurisdictions concurrent, but wherever a conflict occurred the former was supreme. It held that the law authorizing Deputy Marshals to keep the peace at National elections is not unconstitutional, and the National Government has a right to use physical force in any part of the United States to carry into execution the powers conferred upon it.

The leaders of both parties here to-day have been further informed from Washington that acting Attorney-General Aldrich sent the following telegram to United States Marshal Walker, at Montgomery, Ala., this afternoon, in response to a request for instructions: "See last paragraph of circular mailed you to-day. Use your discretion, remembering and so instructing your deputies that they are peace officers, and not partisans, and that the law was enacted to secure a free and honest ballot."

REID AND DEPEW IN NEW YORK.

JAMESTOWN, Nov. 2.—Chauncey M. Depew and Whitelaw Reid traversed three counties in Western New York to-day, making speeches in advocacy of President Harrison's election. Large bodies of voters were addressed by the speakers at Belmont in Allegheny County, at Salamanca, Cattaraugus County, and at Jamestown in Chatauqua County. Two meetings here, one in the afternoon, mainly attended by farmers, and the other in the evening, attended chiefly by city residents, brought to an end the electioneering tour of the distinguished gentlemen in this State. Thousands of persons greeted the pair when they arrived here, and they were immediately escorted to the wigwam, where every foot of space was occupied.

Chairman Stevens of the Republican City Committee introduced Reid, who depicted the splendid condition of the country under Harrison, and said the Democratic policy of making a change, if adopted, would lead to commercial disaster.

Depew opened his speech with the statement that everywhere he traveled in Western New York he looked upon new factories which were making votes for Harrison and Reid. Concerning Cleveland's speech last night, Depew said in part:

"I read with great interest Cleveland's speech in New York last evening. It was characterized by unusual clearness of statements and directness of charges. It calmly ignores all pending issues and puts to the front a new question. The tariff was only incidentally referred to, the force bill, State bank currency, money question and reciprocity not mentioned. It is evident the Democratic leader regards his party already beaten on the subjects and abandons them. The attention of the country is challenged by the ex-President of the United States, and a candidate for re-election, to the corruption of franchises and the large sums which are raised for campaign purposes and the manner in which they are expended. On a general proposition the danger and immorality of these vast expenditures in Presidential campaigns there can be no division of opinion. The Republican party would be glad to meet Cleveland and the Democratic party half way in any legislation which would make impossible, by a proper penal enactment, the raising and distribution of money by candidates and campaign committees.

"The startling thing about Cleveland's address is, having stated the evil, he charges that the moneys raised and distributed were solely by committees and through agencies of the Republican party, an accusation so absurd that it would require neither mention nor refutation except for the eminent authority behind it. It is unfortunately true that large sums are raised by both parties for political purposes. Cleveland himself in the last canvass, though then President of the United States and a comparatively poor man, contributed $10,000 to the Democratic fund, and he has done the same this time. There were at least half a dozen gentlemen upon the platform when Cleveland was speaking who knew the amounts alleged to have been contributed, and to be in possession of the Republican National Committee, were purposely and grossly exaggerated, while the sum raised by the Democratic committees was constantly underestimated. Neither party was able to raise as much money as was collected in 1888. This is notably true of the Republican canvass. The sums ascribed to Carnegie, Frick and friends are fictions of campaign imagination. Neither gentleman really contributed a dollar.

"The Democrats are able to raise an unusual amount of money, regardless of the civil service rules. Assessments are never remorselessly pressed. Every Democratic office-holder is taxed 10 per cent. of his salary. While Federal office-holders cannot be reached, and do not contribute, the State officials of New York are within the clutches of the Democratic Campaign Committee. The pay-roll of the city of New York amounts to $17,000,000 yearly, while the pay-roll of the State is very large. The assessments from these sources alone are greater than the entire sum in possession of the Republican National Committee. This was supplemented by at least half a million dollars, which was raised by a few well-known Democrats. I therefore don't hesitate to claim, and certainly no well-informed Democrat will deny, that the Democratic committee is in possession of 25 per cent. more funds for campaign purposes than the Republican committee.

"If Cleveland is kept in ignorance by his party managers of the existing conditions in order that he may make statements such as last night, the Democratic committee is deceiving him, endeavoring to deceive the country, and should receive, through public sentiments and its popular expression at the polls, the punishment which it deserves."

There was a big parade of Republican clubs of Jamestown and vicinity to-night. Fully twenty thousand were in line. At the conclusion of the meeting Reid departed for New York, and Depew for Buffalo.

HILL AT PORT JARVIS.

PORT JARVIS (N. Y.), Nov. 2.—Senator Hill spoke in the opera-house this afternoon. Representative Democrats were present from the surrounding country. Senator Hill spoke in part as follows: "The question of Federal taxation is the dominant issue of the campaign. The power to levy taxes takes a despotic but necessary power in every well organized Government. The Democratic party believes in a strict construction of the Federal Constitution. The Republican party is willing to confer every possible power upon the Government; the Democrats for confining the Government to strict constitutional limits. The Republicans say taxes should be levied for necessary expenses of the Government. There we agree with them. We believe in a tariff for revenue, with incidental protection. Tariffs which create unnecessary revenue are unconstitutional.

"I admit the first Congress enacted a revenue bill with a protection preamble. Congress was coerced into the passage of the bill by the importunities of selfish Pennsylvania. Succeeding in recognizing the danger of the precedent, and to guard against future violations of the Constitution of the same nature, there was enacted an amendment providing that all powers not expressly granted the General Government be reserved to the States. All tariff bills passed since that time were passed as revenue bills, without a recital of protective intent.

"Let the Republicans be candid and throw off all disguise, pass the bill solely and expressly for protection. The cry for protection is a growing evil. Until recently, it has been deemed temporary necessity to encourage infant industries. Now is the time for this to cease.

"In all my travels I have not found a man whose wages have been increased by the McKinley bill. I challenge our Republican friends to show a single manufactured article on which duty enough was not left by the Mills bill. We represent the difference between American and foreign labor. The Democrats propose not free trade, but moderate tariff revision."

Hill made only a dried allusion to the force bill.

THE COLORADO TICKET.

DENVER, Nov. 2.—The latest move in the resignation of Weaver Electors from the Cleveland ticket is the issuing of an order by Judge Miller in the County Court to Clerk McGaffey, instructing him to remove the names of the Weaver men in accordance with their request. As the ballots are now being printed, it looks as though the Cleveland ticket would go in headed by the People's party Electors.

OREGON DEMOCRATS.

PORTLAND, Nov. 2.—The question of the withdrawal of the Electoral ticket is still being discussed at the Democratic headquarters. The candidates, Nolan and Butcher, are still firm in the determination not to obey the request of the National and State Committees and withdraw. They are supported by the Tammany Society. It is thought the final outcome of the matter will be that the ticket will remain in the field, but that the Central Committee will ask the Democrats to disregard it and vote for the third party candidates.

BETTING ON THE RESULTS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—Sifting down biased statements, the betting on the election to-day apparently stands on the general result 100 to 90, with Harrison the favorite. On New York, the Democrats are still betting $1,000 to $700. On Indiana they also give slight odds. C. M. Oelrichs of Wall street has placed $40,000 on Harrison for himself and friends. M. B. Mendham, of the Consolidated Exchange, bet $4,000 on Harrison. Bets of $18,000 to $9,000 were made on Cleveland carrying New York at Tammany Hall to-day.

THE LETTER A FORGERY.

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 2.—The *Times* this morning published a communication from a San Buenaventura correspondent giving what purported to be a letter from the Southern Pacific headquarters to its agent at Montalvo, E. S. Bond, to the effect that the company was much interested in Lindley's election to Congress, and stating that he, with other employes, was expected to work and vote for him. The letter was denounced by leading railroad officials and the agent at Montalvo as a forgery. The *Times* had previously telegraphed the correspondent, R. E. Curran, editor of the Ventura *Unit*, for the original letter, which arrived today. The letter is written on Southern Pacific paper, but the signature, "Board of Directors," has a suspicious appearance. Upon further investigation the *Times* telegraphed Mr. Curran that he had been imposed upon, and will to-morrow denounce the letter as a fraud and forgery, and that the *Times*, too, was imposed upon.

JOHN F. DAVIS AT JACKSON.

JACKSON, Nov. 2.—A large meeting was held last night to hear John F. Davis, Republican candidate for Congress. The hall was packed and many were unable to get inside. Davis spoke for two hours. The town was brilliantly illuminated for the occasion.

Fatal Rear-End Collision.

TACOMA (Wash.), Nov. 2.—Two men were killed by a rear-end collision between two Northern Pacific freight trains a few miles east of Pasco Junction to-day. The first train struck a handcar, but stopped to clear away the wreck, when the following train dashed into the caboose, demolishing it and one car of wheat. The wreck took fire, burning two cars and a bridge. The men killed were stockmen sleeping in the caboose.

A Tug Sunk and Three Lives Lost.

CLEVELAND (O.), Nov. 2.—The tug James Ammadeus, going with a wrecking outfit to the relief of a schooner, ashore near Colchester, sprung a leak when off Point Pelee, last night, and sunk. Three of the crew, Henry Howell, the engineer; Nicholas Barrett and D. S. Farron, were drowned. The other members of the crew escaped.

Attorney-General Miller to Retire.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 2.—Attorney-General Miller, in an interview to-night, confirmed the report that he is to retire from the Cabinet of President Harrison next March, whatever may be the result of the approaching election. Miller stated that he had made up his mind to this effect over a year ago.

Aransas Pass Road.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 2.—A dispatch from San Antonio, Tex., says it was given out to-day that all negotiations looking to the purchase of the Aransas Pass road by the Southern Pacific had been suspended and there was but little possibility of the deal being consummated.

DOUBLE TRAGEDY.

A Mother Kills Her Son and Then Commits Suicide.

POVERTY LEADS TO THE TERRIBLE CRIME.

An Old and Respected Resident of Napa Accidentally Drowned—A Young Physician of Los Angeles Decamps for Parts Unknown, Leaving Many Creditors Behind to Mourn His Loss—Two Arizona Editors Sent to Jail for Contempt.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 2.—The bodies of Mrs. J. G. Johnson and her 15-year-old son were found at their home in the Mission district this morning. They had been dead over a week and their bodies were in an advanced stage of decomposition. The son had been shot three times, one bullet taking effect in the back, another behind the temple and the third in the temple. The bullet which ended the mother's life penetrated the temple.

The people in the same house had noticed their non-appearance during the week, but no inquiries were made till decomposition led Mrs. Roderick, a neighbor, to look into the Johnsons' window, when the body of the boy attracted her attention and led to further discovery.

Mrs. Johnson's husband went East about one year ago to secure employment, and since then has contributed nothing to their support. The son was not capable of contributing support to his mother, and she was compelled, in her struggle for existence, to sell her household effects until she had nothing left but a cot and bed. Poverty, beyond a doubt, was the cause of the rash act.

It is supposed that the mother had arranged to murder her son and then take her own life, as, if she left him behind, he would be unable to take care of himself. After arranging the preliminaries she retired for the night, but did not go to sleep, for when found she was fully dressed.

Mrs. Johnson, it is thought, waited until her son was in sound slumber then she entered his room gently and shot him. Then she walked across the hall, stretched herself out full length on the bed and killed herself.

The dead people are not known to have any relatives in this city, but it is reported that Mrs. Johnson has a sister who is at present residing in Napa County.

OPIUM SEIZURE.

Large Quantity Found on Board the Steamship Oregon.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 2.—For almost the first time in the history of the port, one of the Oregon steamers was stopped by a revenue cutter yesterday. All vessels coming from domestic ports are allowed to dock and discharge without supervision.

When Captain Poleman was bringing in the steamer Oregon yesterday the revenue cutter Hartley ran up alongside and placed three Custom-house officers on board. This was the result of a telegram to Collector Phelps asking him to "look out for five cases of playing cards marked Ashcroft, San Francisco."

This morning the seals were removed, and the work of discharging the cargo was resumed. Inspector Shipman overhauled a case marked "C. L. A. & Co., San Francisco," and it was found to hold 320 five-tael tins of Victoria opium. Four more cases of the same marking were then unearthed, and two of them contained 320 cans each. One contained 338 cans and the fourth 342 cans, making in all 1,640 five-tael tins, or nearly half a ton of the drug.

The Customs authorities valued it at $16,400, and the duty on it would have been $9,840. The stuff was removed to the Appraisers' building.

TEPUSTELE IRON COMPANY.

Its Property Sold to an Oregon Company.

SAN DIEGO, Nov. 2.—General Manager Watson, of the Oregon Iron and Steel Company of Portland, is just back from an examination of the Tepustele iron mountain at San Ysidero landing, Lower California, and admits that the rumored purchase by his company is true. They have formed the Tepustele Iron Company, of which General W. E. Webb of this city, who sold the mine, is the new member. Work is to begin at San Ysidero as soon as the lumber for the wharf can come down, and some hundred men are to be employed in that and the building of a mile of railroad to the mine. Sad Diego is to be the base of supplies, but Portland will be headquarters.

DASHED TO PIECES.

Horrible Death of a Brooklyn Man in Utah Territory.

OGDEN (Utah), Nov. 2.—J. F. Borkelow of Brooklyn, N. Y., and Frank M. Conroy of the same city left here two weeks ago to examine the territory of the cliff-dwellers along Nine-Mile Creek. The former has just returned and tells a horrible story. While following a narrow trail above the gorge Conroy's pack-mule became fractious and he and Conroy went over the precipice. Conroy lighted on a ledge of rock, wounded. It was near an eagle's nest and the old birds attacked him, tearing him with their beaks and talons, and he finally fell off the rock and was dashed to pieces.

Two Editors Sentenced to Prison.

TUCSON (A. T.), Nov. 2.—Last week R. C. Brown and George W. Brown, publishers of a weekly paper here, were indicted by the Grand Jury for criminally libeling Brewster Cameron. Defendants made an attack on the court and jury, for which they were to-day brought up on contempt before District Judge Richard E. Sloan. The case occupied all day in arguments of counsel. The judgment of the court was that each pay $100, and R. C. Brown be imprisoned for thirty days and George Brown for sixty days. The former is one of the World's Fair Commissioners, and the latter Adjutant-General of Arizona.

Clear Lake Railroad Company.

LAKEPORT, Nov. 2.—At a meeting of the directors of the Clear Lake and Russian River Railway and Navigation Company, held to-day, the following officers were elected: President, Frank W. Gibson; Vice-President, William Gesner; Treasurer, W. J. Biggers. A corps of engineers will be put in the field at once by the company to survey the proposed route from the margin of Clear Lake to some point on the Donahue railroad. The company will ask the citizens of Lake County for a reasonable subsidy.

Will Have to Carry the Chinese Back.

TACOMA (Wash.), Nov. 2.—The Northern Pacific steamer Zambesi will probably have to take back to China thirty Chinese who were refused passports to-day at Port Townsend, because their certificates did not have photographs attached, as required by law. Most of them were bound for Portland. The Zambesi brought a cargo of three thousand tons of tea and rice, and a carload of silk for New York.

Creditors Mourn His Absence.

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 2.—Dr. Richardson, a handsome young physician of this city, has disappeared, leaving many creditors to mourn his absence. He was a great dresser and became involved in many sensational episodes with married and unmarried women in his locality. He lived on Pico Hights, in the fashionable environments. Before leaving he borrowed money from all acquaintances and promised marriage to many young ladies, all of whom are heart-broken.

Accidentally Drowned.

NAPA, Nov. 2.—James M. Thompson, an old and respected citizen of this city, was drowned at noon Tuesday in a slough off Napa River, two miles south from town. He was fishing with a companion, J. B. Dorr, who, however, did not see the unfortunate man fall in. He supposed Mr. Thompson lost his footing and slid down the bank. Deceased was a native of Pennsylvania, aged 59 years. He leaves a widow and two children.

Yesterday's Baseball Games.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 2.—The Oaklands won the game to-day. Oakland—Runs 4, hits 7, errors 2. San Francisco—Runs 0, hits 3, errors 4. Batteries—Dewald and Wilson, Fanning and Spies.

AT LOS ANGELES.

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 2.—The home team won. Los Angeles—Runs 8, hits 13, errors 6. San Jose—Runs 3, hits 5, errors 5. Batteries—Balsz and Baldwin, Harper and Clark.

The Oregon Pacific.

CORVALLIS (Or.), Nov. 2.—The time having expired for the completion of the purchase of the Oregon Pacific Railroad, made a few months ago by Zephin Job, Judge Fullerton of the State Circuit Court to-day ordered a new sale. It was also ordered that the former purchasers have thirty days in which to consummate the former sale.

Sontag Gets Life Imprisonment.

FRESNO, Nov. 2.—George Sontag, the convicted train-robber, was to-day sentenced to life imprisonment by Judge Holmes. Attorney Coldwell immediately gave notice of an appeal.

Young Man Accidentally Killed.

MODESTO, Nov. 2.—Byron Kittrell, aged 20, was accidentally shot and killed today. A young lady was practicing shooting a pistol, when Kittrell stepped in front of her and was shot.

Smallpox at Coquille.

MARSHFIELD (Or.) Nov. 2.—There are now six well developed cases of smallpox at Coquille City. No further spread of the disease is feared, as the patients are quarantined.

Registration in California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 2.—The total registration in California for the election of 1892 is 324,000. The total vote in the Presidential election of 1888 was 251,000.

LIEUTENANT SCHWATKA DEAD.

FOUND UNCONSCIOUS ON THE STREET AT PORTLAND.

Soon After Which He Expired—An Overdose of Laudanum the Cause of His Demise.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

PORTLAND (Or.), Nov. 2.—Lieutenant Frederick G. Schwatka, who made his name famous the world over by commanding the expedition to the Arctic region in search of records of the lost Sir John Franklin party, is dead. The Lieutenant was found at 3 o'clock this morning lying on First street, near Morrison, by an officer. By his side was a half-empty bottle of laudanum. He was in a comatose condition and was immediately removed to the St. Charles Hotel, where he was placed in a chair.

The supposition at first was that he was intoxicated, but as his condition grew alarming at the end of an hour, the patrol wagon was called for and the sick man taken to the City Jail. A telephone message brought Dr. Wheeler, the City Physician, and he at once discovered that the Lieutenant was suffering from what appeared to be narcotic poisoning. From the jail the Lieutenant was immediately sent to the Good Samaritan Hospital, where everything was done for him, but in vain, and he died at 5 o'clock this morning.

Lieutenant Schwatka had been suffering from a complication of troubles and had shown symptoms of apoplexy on numerous occasions. His life had been marked by such a degree of convivialities that his stomach had of recent years given him much trouble, and for the purpose of finding relief he used small quantities of laudanum, usually taking from fifteen to twenty drops. Last evening his stomach trouble came on with such severity that he complained bitterly and sought relief. Going to a drug store, he asked for two ounces of laudanum. The druggist asked him if he had a prescription. He replied that he had not, but as he was a graduate of a medical college he could soon write one. The druggist replied that it was not necessary, and gave Lieutenant Schwatka the drug. He went away, and after visiting a political club was not seen again after 9 o'clock until picked up on the street.

The autopsy revealed nothing to indicate apoplexy, and the only assigned cause for death is that deceased took an overdose of laudanum for the purpose of relieving the pain in his stomach.

No arrangements have been made for the funeral.

SCHWATKA'S EARLY HOME.

SALEM (Or.), Nov. 2.—Lieutenant Frederick Schwatka, whose death at Portland, Or., is reported this morning, was well known in this city, where his early life was spent. He came here with his parents in the year 1859, and received his early education in the Willamette University. He then learned the printer's trade in the office of the *Statesman*. He worked at the trade until the year 1867, when he received an appointment to West Point. His life here was uneventful. His father, Frederick Schwatka, was a cooper and worked at the trade while living here. Hi father died several years ago, and shortly after his death the Lieutenant's mother died. Two sisters, Mrs. Thomas Reynolds and Mrs. J. D. Jordan, still reside in this city. An uncle, Ned Schwatka, lives in Yreka. A brother, A. C. Schwatka, resides in San Francisco.

[Lieutenant Frederick Schwatka graduated from the United States Military Academy in 1871. He subsequently studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1875. He then studied medicine and received a degree in New York in 1876. In June, 1878, he sailed to the Arctic regions in command of the Franklin search party, which returned in 1880, having discovered and buried many of the skeletons of Sir John Franklin's lost party and cleared up much of the mystery surrounding their fate. He in 1884 explored the Yukon River.]

FRIGHTFUL RAILWAY WRECK

A London and Edinburgh Express Train Crashes Into a Freight.

TEN PERSONS KILLED AND MANY OTHERS INJURED.

Heartrending Scenes Witnessed After the Disaster—Fire Breaks Out and the Entire Wreckage Burned—One Woman Burned to Death Before the Eyes of Her Distracted Husband, Who Was Powerless to Render Assistance.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—The express train from Edinburgh for London crashed into a freight near Thirsk, Yorkshire, this morning. A frightful wreck ensued and the broken cars took fire. In all, nine persons were killed and a large number injured. The work of rescuing the injured and recovering the bodies of the dead was rendered difficult on account of the flames. Many bodies were burned beyond recognition.

Among the killed is Captain Duncan McLeod of the Forty-second Highlanders, and among the injured are the Marquis of Tweeddale and the Marquis of Huntly.

The official report places the number of killed at ten. Many persons received slight injuries and a severe shaking up.

Heartrending scenes were witnessed after the disaster. The rescuing party found a woman pinioned beneath the engine. She was in great agony and screaming for help, but they were powerless. The flames enveloped her and she was burned to death. The distracted husband of the poor victim piteously appealed to those present to save his wife.

The fire burned furiously until noon, the flames having devoured the entire wreckage. The occupants of one carriage suffered horrible agony of mind, as they were solidly imprisoned and saw the flames steadily approach the carriage. They were rescued just in the nick of time.

DOOMED TO DISASTER.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 2.—Last night the people on the Birkenhead ferry were thrown into a panic by a collision with the ship Eurydice, but escaped a fatality. They boarded the train on the Mersey Railway, and as it was leaving the station it was wrecked and three were killed and fifty injured, some fatally.

THE FRENCH IN DAHOMEY.

The Commander of the Forces to be Raised in Rank.

PARIS, Nov. 2.—Colonel Dodds, commander of the French forces operating in Dahomey, will be promoted to a Generalship, and made an officer of the Legion of Honor. When the news was received that the French forces had entered Abomey, the capital of Dahomey, a bill providing for a medal to commemorate the campaign was introduced in the Chamber of Deputies.

Mail advices state that the French gunboat Opale was attacked by six hundred Dahomeyans near Donkeli on September 30th. Three Frenchmen were killed and a number wounded. The Opale shelled the villages, and next day surprised Donkeli. The Dahomeyans fled, leaving many dead.

Transports bearing invalids and wounded French are arriving daily at the coast, and the hospitals at Porto Novo are crowded. A dispatch from Porto Novo says a captured Dahomeyan chief says the Dahomeyans were led by two hundred white men. He gives the names of many Belgians and Germans. The dispatch adds that after Abomey is captured another King will succeed Behazin, who will be executed. The campaign is expected to be over at the end of the month, but a thousand men will remain in the heart of the country for observation for two months.

HEAVY ARMOR PLATES.

Very Encouraging Results of the Test Made at Portsmouth.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—The Admiralty has made at Portsmouth a thorough test of armor plates made by the Harvey system with very encouraging results. Eminent naval officers were present. Fox and Dickinson represented the Harvey Company of New York. The plates stood the shock of heavy projectiles remarkably well. Not a crack was produced—an unprecedented result in armor experiments here. The test completely verified American reports of previous tests conducted by the United States and established successfully the Harvey hardening process. This is the first test in Europe, though Russia is also preparing for a test. Further trials will be made at Portsmouth, the tests being of thinner plates, with a view of refitting obsolete ironclads.

DEACON DIVORCE CASE.

The Wife Defeated in a Move to Steal a March on Her Husband.

PARIS, Nov. 2.—Mrs. Deacon was defeated to-day in a bold move to steal a march on her husband by a divorce suit in Paris. Mr. Deacon was on hand when the case came up, and confronted his wife in the Tribunal of the Seine. The President of the tribunal not only dismissed Mrs. Deacon's petition, but severely censured her for having made frivolous charges against her husband with the object of procuring a divorce, while she herself was under charges of the gravest character. He gave orders that the eldest child, now in a convent, where it had been placed by Mrs. Deacon, should be delivered to Mr. Deacon. This was a crushing blow to Mrs. Deacon, who seemed deeply affected.

COLONEL HERNANDEZ.

Efforts Being Made to Set Aside the Decision of the Military Court.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 2.—A *Times-Democrat* City of Mexico special says: The announcement that the high military court of Mexico had confirmed the death sentence passed on Colonel Hernandez by the courtmartial held at Monterey several months ago created a stir in Government military and political circles. It was generally believed that Colonel Hernandez would be acquitted. A petition is now being prepared which will be presented to President Diaz asking for executive clemency. It is believed the President will pardon the prisoner, as he is a personal friend and served with him in the army many years. If the death sentence is carried out Colonel Hernandez will be taken to Monterey to be shot.

Why Canadians Come to America.

TORONTO (Ont.), Nov. 2.—At a meeting of the Young Men's Liberal Conservative Association Mr. Armstrong, the President, said: "We should try to solve the problem as to why thousands of people are leaving this country every year and going to the United States. There is no concealing the fact that we are being annexed in job lots every week and there is not a voice raised against it. There is a hue and cry against annexing our mud, but not one word raised to the United States annexing the brains and muscle of this country."

Impending Revolution in Hayti.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—The steamer Atlas arrived to-day from Haytian ports, and Captain Howe confirms the reports of an impending revolution in that country. In the southern part of the island, he said, the people are loyal to Hyppolite, but in the north they were anxious to overthrow the Government. A skirmish was reported in the northern part of the island, but particulars had not been received when the Atlas sailed.

The Lord Mayor's Official Dinner.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—The report that Gladstone and the principal members of his Cabinet have declined to attend the Lord Mayor's official dinner because the latter is a Roman Catholic is without foundation. A majority of the Cabinet will be present. Gladstone's advancing years and Sir W. Vernon Harcourt's bad eyesight probably account for their absence.

Wrapping Paper Combine.

TORONTO, Nov. 2.—Ten of the largest manufacturers of wrapping paper have completed arrangements for the organization of a combine, designed to limit the production and keep prices at a paying figure. One firm is yet standing out, but is expected to be brought into the arrangement.

Pilgrimage of British Catholics.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—Archbishop Vaughan is making arrangements to accompany the pilgrimage of British Catholics to Rome. This pilgrimage is headed by the Duke of Norfork, and is in point of wealth and numbers the greatest that has ever left Great Britain in three centuries.

British War Vessel Grounded.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—Advices from Ferrol, a seaport in Spain on the Bay of Petanzos, says her majesty's war ship Howe grounded on the Pereiro reef inside Ferrol bar. The position is a very perilous one, and the Spanish naval authorities are rendering every assistance.

London's Unemployed.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—The unemployed Hebrew workingmen have decided to march barefooted through the streets of London three different days. The authorities have given assent to a meeting of unemployed at Trafalgar Square next Saturday.

Many People Trampled to Death.

VIENNA, Nov. 2.—A panic occurred in a village church at Vinagora, on a false alarm that the tower was collapsing. In the mad struggle to get out twenty-five persons were trampled to death.

Seamen and Apprentices Missing.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—A dispatch from Saigon says that eight seamen and two apprentices are missing from the British ship Gretna, before reported wrecked on Rifleman shoal.

Mexican Congress.

CITY OF MEXICO, Nov. 2.—Castellot Coultona has been elected President of the Senate and Mejia President of the Chamber of Deputies.

Universal Suffrage Rejected.

BRUSSELS, Nov. 2.—The Chamber of Deputies' Committee on Revision of the Constitution has rejected the proposal to grant universal suffrage.

Cholera in Buda-Pesth.

BUDA-PESTH, Nov. 2.—Cholera continues unabated in this city. Twenty-one new cases were reported to-day, and nine deaths.

Crusade Against Seal Poachers.

OTTAWA (Ont.), Nov. 2.—Advices have been received here that Japan is preparing for a raid against the seal poachers next season.

Death of Professor Robert Grant.

LONDON, Mov. 2.—Robert Grant, Professor of Astrology in the University of Glasgow, aged 78, is dead.

HORSES AT AUCTION.

Low Prices for Brood Mares and Colts of J. L. McCord.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 2.—There was a big crowd of trotting horsemen at the salesyards of Killip & Co. to-day. The occasion was the sale of standard and high-bred brood mares, colts and fillies of John L. McCord, the well-known Sacramento breeder. The bidding was not so lively as might have been expected from the class and breeding of the horses catalogued, still the auctioneers were kept hard at work disposing of fifty-one lots. The three particular stars of the sale went remarkably cheap. The first was Brown Jennie. She was expected to bring a phenomenal figure, but when $700 had been reached she was bought in. When Mary Lou was led out there was some spirited bidding, and finally she was knocked down to Dr. Eckles for $1,600. Then Shylock, the well-known campaigner of the recent fall circuit, was brought under the hammer, and was finally secured by J. I. Crooks for $1,500. Cleopatra, own sister to Shylock, fetched $555 to Henry Pierce, while Johnny Humphrey captured Alice Benton, the pacing black mare by Tom Benton, for $400.

TROTTERS AT STOCKTON.

Several Youngsters Succeed in Making Good Records.

STOCKTON, Nov. 2.—Eight two-year-old trotters were started for records to-day, and they made fast marks for youngsters, four of them lowering their records and three entering the 2:30 list. Bell Bird, the Electioneer filly that held the yearling record of 2:26¼ last year, to-day trotted as a two-year-old in 2:24, and is the only two-year-old to lower her yearling record where the yearling mark was under 2:26.

Lynwood, a two-year-old, by Guy Wilkes, trotted in 2:28.

Lent, a two-year-old, by Electioneer, went in 2:28.

Desperado, a four-year-old, by Richards--Elector, made 2:30¼.

Elma Sontag, a two-year-old, by Electioneer, made 2:30¼.

Donehka, a two-year-old, by Wild Boy, reduced his record from 2:25 to 2:24.

Brownthorne, by Hawthorne, a four-year-old, went in 2:31.

Slight, six years old, by Electioneer, went in 2:31.

Bessie Bel, a two-year-old, by St. Bel, went in 2:31.

Ameer, a two-year-old, by Nephew, went against 2:31¾, and made it in 2:31.

BURNED TO DEATH.

Terrible Fate of Seven Drunken Indians in Washington.

SPOKANE (Wash.), Nov. 2.—Wild Goose Bill, who has just arrived in the city from O'Kanagon County, brings news of the burning of seven Indians near Alma Monday night. They came across from the reservation and got drunk, and the Marshal drove them back. They went to an abandoned cabin and held an orgie until 2 o'clock in the morning. About that hour settlers observed a light, and an investigation showed that the cabin had caught fire and burned. The Indians, who were in a drunken stupor, were all burned to death, only their charred bodies remaining.

WRECK OF THE CAMPBELL.

Report of the Disaster From the Boston's Commander.

AWFUL SUFFERING OF THOSE IN THE MATE'S BOAT.

The Steamer W. H. Gilcher Wrecked on Lake Erie and All on Board, Consisting of Twenty Odd Persons, Believed to Have Been Drowned—A Wife Throws Vitriol Over Her Husband, Barning Him to Death.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—Mail advices to the Navy Department bring a report from Captain Wiltz, of the United States steamer Boston, in regard to the wreck of the American ship Campbell. It differs from previous accounts, that is in the statement by Captain Wiltz that the Boston went on a cruise after the castaways. Honolulu advices previously received stated that United States Minister Stevens was severely criticised for his failure to send the Boston in quest of the missing sailors. The mate's boat, which was the only one heard from, was twenty-three days out from the ship before reaching Hilo.

The mate said: "We lived during the passage on half a tin of water a day, the tin being about the size of a condensed milk can. The water lasted eight days, and then we lived on the same allowance of wine, beer or stout. We had no rain at all, in consequence of which we got no more water. In addition to the liquid food, we had about three dozen tins of various preserves. We could not possibly have lasted three days longer, and one day more would have killed some of the crew. During the twenty-three days prayers were said by me twice a day. I think I prayed fifty times a day. Strange to say, all were answered except the prayers for rain. It was a just punishment for our former sins, and it will turn out eleven good and true Christians."

Captain Wiltz says the men were in an awful condition when rescued, but will recover. He thinks the chances for the other boat having been picked up by some ship good.

LAKE STEAMER WRECKED.

The W. H. Gilcher Goes Down With All on Board.

CLEVELAND (O.), Nov. 2.—The owners of the steamer W. H. Gilcher have little doubt that the wreckage seen floating near South Manitou is that of their vessel. She is long overdue and has not been heard from. She is a steel steamer and one of the largest on the lakes. It is believed from twenty-five to twenty-seven are on board.

The names of the crew of the Gilcher, so far as they can be learned, are as follows: Lloyd Weeks, master, Vermillion, O.; Edward R. Porter, first mate, Lorain; Finley, second mate, Buffalo; Sidney B. Jones, chief engineer, Marine City, Mich.; King, wheelman, Chicago; Thompson, oiler, Vermillion; Charles Hontoon, oiler, Marine City, Mich.; Will Faulhaber, fireman, 20 years old, Vermillion. The names of the others are unknown.

Blow to the Cooperage Business.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 2. — The sugar trust has contracted with John Bailey of this city for 5,000,000 bags, to take the place of barrels for the shipment of refined sugar. The change is due to the fact that the bag, which is of plain burlaps, costs and weighs less than a barrel. It has a light muslin lining. This almost wipes out the cooperage business in this city. Spreckles was the first to introduce the bag business in the East. The trust saw the advantage and took steps to have the output shipped in a cheaper way as soon as it gained control of the refineries.

New Orleans Strike Off.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 2.—The strike of draymen, warehousemen and other laborers has been declared off and the strikers returned to work this morning. An arbitration committee, representing the merchants and the Trade Council, reached an agreement as to wages and hours at 3 o'clock this morning, and the strike was declared off. The only unsettled question is the employment of non-union men, and this the committee is to settle within forty-eight hours.

Burned to Death With Vitriol.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 2.—The dead body of Peter Shields, nightwatchman of Schweigert & Co.'s dyehouse, was found in the office of the company this morning. The remains were horribly mutilated by the action of vitriol, and the man's clothes were burned to rags and large holes were eaten by the acid into the body and limbs. The police have arrested Shields' wife on suspicion of having killed her husband.

Unable to Resume Active Duties.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—Rev. R. Heber Newton, rector of All Souls' Episcopal Church, formally notified the vestry that his condition was such that he will not be able to resume active duties for a year. It is said worry and mental unrest, caused by charges of heresy against Newton, are largely conducive to his present condition.

Destructive Forest Fire.

JOHNSTOWN (Penn.), Nov. 2.—The most destructive forest fire ever known in this section has been raging six miles above Sulphur Springs. It has been burning since last Friday. The ridges are ablaze over a stretch of twenty-five miles. Farmers are fighting the flames with all their might. The losses will be very heavy.

Stormy Weather.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—The steamship Marchioness, ten days' overdue from Port of Spain, arrived to-day. She was delayed by tempestuous weather, and came in badly damaged. The Captain said a hurricane which swept over Port of Spain while the ship was there sunk ten lighters.

Fast Two-Year-Old.

COLUMBUS (Ga.), Nov. 2.—During the races at the Chattahochie Valley Exposition this afternoon J