JUDGE VAN FLEET RETIRES.

Kind Farewells From the Members of the Sacramento Bar.

The Judge Says His Eight Years of Service Here Were the Happiest of His Life.

Judge W. C. Van Fleet formally stepped down and off the Superior bench of Sacramento County yesterday.

His honor's resignation takes effect Monday, but as yesterday was last court day, the occasion was made considerable of by the bar. There was quite a gathering of Sacramento's legal lights when court convened in the forenoon, and the lobby was also well filled.

After taking his seat, Judge Van Fleet said: "As the gentlemen of the bar are aware to-day will practically end my administration of this tribunal, and I wish to take this occasion, since I may not have another, to express to the bar, as well as to the officers of the court my sincere appreciation of the uniform courtesy and kindliness of sentiment that has characterized their conduct toward myself during the eight years that I have occupied the bench of this county.

NOT AN EASY JOB.

"The administration of an important judicial office is not a light task," continued the Judge; not a bed of roses, so to speak, and it is inevitable, perhaps, that now and then unpleasant incidents will occur to mar, temporarily, that perfect serenity of intercourse between court and counsel which is always to be desired. But looking back over the period of my incumbency of this office my mind reverts to no circumstance of a character to leave an unpleasant impression. There is no place where mutual assistance and co-operation are so essential to the best results as between the judiciary and the bar; and no Judge can hope to efficiently administer justice without the cordial support and sympathy of those members practicing before him, and I feel that this has been especially true with me. At the time I assumed the rights of this office I was younger in both years and experience, and found myself beset with many misgivings. And I feel that whatever of success I may have achieved is due very largely to the kindly aid and influence of the gentlemen who have practiced before me. For this I shall always feel a sense of gratitude."

HAPPILY DISAPPOINTED.

Ex-Judge S. Solon Holl, one of the oldest members of the bar, arose and replied to Judge Van Fleet in pleasant speech. "This being the last active day that your honor will occupy the bench," he said, "and being about to depart to other scenes and other employments, it is but proper at this time for the members of the bar to express the satisfaction they have felt in the administration of justice since your honor has occupied this bench. I confess that when your honor first took this seat that I felt something of the apprehension which your honor felt at that time. I felt that probably you was not bringing to this bench the experience which ought to be brought by one who presides in a position so important as this has been. I think that I express the sentiment of the bar generally when I say that we were all very happily disappointed. I must say that I was for one most happily disappointed, for I found that your honor brought to the discharge of the duties of this exalted office that state of mind which enabled you to transact business to the entire satisfaction, not only of the bar but of the litigant in this court, and from that time on the usefulness of the Judge of this court has increased, and it is perfectly safe to say, and I say it as one who has some knowledge and experience on the subject, that the duties of Judge of this court have never been more ably or more faithfully discharged by any one who has presided in this court than by your honor since you have taken your seat upon the bench. There is one qualification in a Judge, arising out of the peculiar position, and important position, that the court occupies, that, above all other qualifications, is the most important, that is the qualification which the Judge of this court possesses in a

DEGREE THAT VERY FEW EVER POSSESS,

and that is, perfect integrity in the discharge of the judicial functions, and there is no higher quality that can be brought to the bench than integrity in the discharge of the duties of the office of Judge; the power of the Judge is very great and it is but too true, that owing to the manner of the election of Judges in this country, it is not always the fortune, the good fortune of people to have upon the bench men of strict and unswerving integrity. There is, so far as the bar of this county is concerned, and so far as the litigants in this court are concerned, and so far as any body who has any knowledge of the subject is concerned, there has not been and there is not now any question upon that subject, and it is something of the utmost importance. We cannot always agree with your honor in your judgment—you differ very often—we very often think that your honor decides a case as we think it ought not to be decided, but there is no member of this bar—that I know—that ever doubted that your honor decided a case according to your own ideas of the law and of the facts of the case—that it was the law and the fact only that influenced your honor in making this decision. I say this because I think it is due to your honor, and I say it also because I think it is the highest compliment that can be paid to a judicial or any other officer. Personally, I have very serious regrets on account of the departure of your honor from this city. Before you went upon the bench and while you have been upon the bench our relations have been that of friends, and I hope that they may continue to the end of life. The good will of this bar and of this people—the people of the county of Sacramento—will go with you, and will hope for the future prosperity and usefulness in whatever field of labor you might see fit to exercise your talents and your energy."

SINCERE REGRETS.

Ex-Justice Charles N. Post next addressed the court in a similar strain. He said: "I consider myself extremely fortunate at being present, although by accident, and I desire to express some feelings I have pertaining to the Judge of this court. I consider myself fortunate at being here at this time, and I know that other members of the bar will express disappointment at not being able to be present. I have known the Judge of this court for years, both intimately and well. And I desire to say that it is with the sincerest regret that I feel that the Judge of this court at this time is about to suspend his official relations with the members of this bar. Judge Holl has very handsomely expressed my feelings. I desire to say that Judge Van Fleet has earned my admiration by his moral attitude, possessing that quality which every Judge should possess—the courage to do his duty without fear of wrongful or captious criticism. I admire him for the reasons that he can be friendly with the members of the bar in a social manner, and yet at no time departing from that dignity that ought to characterize every Judge, the possession of the entire confidence of this bar which need not be expressed by myself. I wish at this time I could more fully express the sentiments that I now entertain, and always will entertain, toward Judge Van Fleet. I express the wish of every member of this bar, and every citizen of Sacramento County, that Judge Van Fleet's future will be a path bright with sunshine and without a shadow."

HALCYON DAYS.

Hon. Grove L. Johnson also gave Judge Van Fleet a pleasant farewell. "I am not in good condition to say anything," he said, "by reason of a severe cold, and I would not say anything if it might not be that my silence might be misinterpreted. I do not know of any man practicing at the bar who has had more differences with the court than I have—who has felt at times more than I that errors have been committed—but I desire to say that I indorse what has been said by the honorable gentleman who has preceded me, and that I shall look back to the eight years that W. C. Van Fleet has presided over this department as the halcyon days of the Superior Court of Sacramento County. It is true he has had his own opinion, he has always been courageous enough to decide the question himself. His method of transacting business has been such as to simplify the work and aid the bar in carrying on the arduous duties incumbent upon them and incumbent on this department of the Superior Court. He has a record of which he may well be proud—a record equaled by few and excelled by none. In the new city, or rather the new field of his labors, to which he will soon journey to enter upon the discharge of the duties necessarily involved upon any active man as he is, I wish him personal success in every particular. I wish him comfort, happiness, health and pleasure, and if the time comes in the future, as it may come, that the people of the State of California have cause to ask the services of Judge Van Fleet in any capacity I know of no person who will more readily unite in answering that appeal and in the endeavor to obtain for the State the services that have been given to us in this county so long and so well. I, myself, and I feel that the members of the bar will unite in that as they did in the past. If I was physically able I would say more, for it is a matter that I have thought about considerably. Personal feeling, of course, enters into the composition of every one. I have felt at times hurt at remarks, at criticisms and at decisions, but will look back to the eight years that your honor has been on the bench, at your cool, careful, devoid of the feeling necessarily attendant upon the strife at the bar—devoid of the animosities engendered always by a desire on the part of a lawyer to succeed in his cause. I might conscientiously say it is the verdict of every man, myself included, as laid down in the Bible, 'Well done, thou good and faithful servant.'"

LOSING AN ABLE JUDGE.

Hon. Charles T. Jones next addressed the court. He said: "If your honor please, I am suffering from a cold this morning, so I do not feel in good condition to make any extended remarks. But I would not feel that I was doing my duty as a member of the bar and as a citizen of Sacramento County if I failed to let this opportunity pass without saying something. I feel that I can truthfully say that every member of the bar and every citizen of the county of Sacramento, regardless of politics, feel that in the loss of Judge Van Fleet they are losing an able, upright and honest Judge. I do not know of anything that is to be taken as more of a compliment to a man occupying a judicial position than to say that he is honest. During the eight years that Judge Van Fleet has occupied this bench, in all his rulings, all his actions, no matter how hotly the case is contested, either by client or lawyer, I never heard his integrity once questioned. I recollect well when he came to the city of Sacramento to reside amongst us—a young man—and commenced the practice of the law, and when he aspired to the position he now occupies a difference of opinion arose among the members of the bar as to whether at that time he should aspire to the office. He received the nomination and was elected. No better compliment can be paid to a man than to say that after he had been elected for one term he came up for re-election and there was no man to be found as a candidate against him. There were two offices to fill at the time and there were many to aspire to the other place, but there was none to be found as a candidate against Judge Van Fleet. He received the nomination and the opposite party indorsed it, so that when he went before the people the second time there was no one to run against him. I say that was a compliment. It is a compliment that any one ought to feel proud of. And I trust as he now severs his connection with us, that when he enters the new community, he will receive from them the same compliment he received here. I hoped that when Judge Van Fleet left the bench here he should occupy a position on the Supreme Court bench. I believed that was his aspiration. I believe there are members of the bar peculiarly fitted for the bench, and he is one, and that it was best for the community, best for the State and best for himself that he should have retained the position he now occupies until such time as we could elevate him to a more elevated position. I trust, though he leaves the bench now, that it will be temporary, and that the time will not be long before we elevate him to that position which I believe he is fitted and should occupy."

THE COURT'S THANKS.

Judge Van Fleet thanked the gentlemen fervently for their kind expressions. "It would be impossible for me to find words to express my appreciation for the kindly sentiment that has been given voice to this morning," he said. "I can only add to what I have already stated. And I trust I shall always be worthy of the same degree of respect and sincere friendship which has been expressed this morning. Certainly, in any new field of labor which I shall seek, it will always be my endeavor to retain the good will and esteem of my fellow-men. And I trust when I return to the bar and meet gentlemen who have practiced before me during my term of office, as I shall hope to at the bar, that we may meet upon the same kindly plane and pleasant sentiment that we part with on this occasion. I, of course, am as well aware as any one in administering an office of this character criticism is bound to come at times and no man can expect to escape it. Differences of opinion will arise in hotly contested cases involving the most important rights of people and are bound to be followed by adverse criticism from those thinking they are right having lost. It is not entirely to my mind a thing to be regretted that those occupying public positions are subjected to it which tends to make them more careful, more considerate of the rights of others and to endeavor to steer a course which will be as nearly in accord with the principles of right and justice as is possible to be attained by the human mind. Of course the law is not an exact science. It is the framework of the human mind. And it must, of course, and does, have its defects. The administration of the law may liken to the course of the locomotive upon its iron track keeping within the lines of its inflexible rails, and it carries us to prosperity and happiness; but an attempt to deflect it from its course a single inch in the interest of an individual or a particular instance, and you will meet with disaster and ruin. So it is with the law. The principles of the law are immovable and fixed in the very nature of things, and cannot always be deflected or bent to adjust itself to the countless circumstances which go to make up the sum of human transaction, but is even-handed, fair and impartial. The adjustment of legal principles, as near to the circumstances of each case as they can be brought, that makes up the sum and substance of the administration of the law. And it is in that regard the Judge so essentially needs and must rely upon honest, faithful and efficient help from the members of the bar. It is that sort of help that I have received that I feel is due my success upon the bench, and I desire to express again to the members of the bar my sincere feelings of gratitude."

"WORTH A GUINEA A BOX."

BEECHAM'S PILLS

COVERED WITH A TASTELESS AND SOLUBLE COATING.

A WONDERFUL MEDICINE FOR

Indigestion, Want of Appetite, Fullness after Meals, Vomitings, Sickness of the Stomach, Bilious or Liver Complaints, Sick Headache, Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Lowness of Spirits, and All Nervous Affections.

To cure these complaints we must remove the cause. The principal cause is generally to be found in the **stomach and liver**; put these two organs right and all will be well. From two to four Pills twice a day for a short time will remove the evil, and restore the sufferer to sound and lasting health.

Of all druggists. Price **25** cents a box. New York Depot, 365 Canal St.

SCHOOL DIRECTORS.

The Republicans Nominate One Democrat, Dr. Gardner.

A Disposition to Have No Election, and Allow the Present Directors to Hold Over.

The Republicans of the city held a convention at the old Pavilion yesterday for the purpose of nominating candidates for four School Directors, one from each ward, to be voted for at the school election on December 5th.

A. J. Johnston, Chairman of the City Central Committee, called the convention to order and stated its object.

P. E. Platt placed Hon. John Weil in nomination for President of the convention, and he was elected by acclamation.

Lincoln White was chosen Secretary.

On motion of C. N. Post, the published list of delegates was accepted as those entitled to seats in the convention. The list was as follows:

First Ward—Eugene J. Gregory, A. Abbott, Thomas Harper, Hiram Gribble, Edward R. Hamilton, Arthur Miller, George Schroth, I. J. Simmons, William Land, Daniel E. Hardy.

Second Ward—A. Conklin, H. Lages, T. J. Finn, W. D. Stalker, B. Shields, E. Dole, Charles Root, P. A. Miller, James Hopley, Fred Schneider.

Third Ward—Ed F. Taylor, P. E. Platt, C. W. Baker, William Hicks, L. W. Wilcox, Thomas Holmes, Charles Dosh, M. M. Brady, D. Falconer, Gus Zimmermacher, John Watt, E. J. Dwyer, L. B. Nichols, M. M. Glenn, John W. Greenlaw, Jr.

Fourth Ward—A. J. Wingard, J. H. Batcher, George Murray, Lincoln White, C. H. Holmes, John Weil, W. H. Jennings, W. D. Knights, John Skelton, J. F. Slater, M. E. Hornlein, J. H. Dolan, J. C. Ing, Jr., F. M. Woodson, Samuel Gerson.

The following proxies were admitted: J. F. Slater for George Murray; C. N. Post for Gus Zimmermacher; W. W. Connor for J. J. Wingard; J. H. Batcher for W. D. Knight; Lincoln White for Samuel Gerson.

It was decided to dispense with a Committee on Platform and proceed to nominations for School Directors.

Nominations being declared in order, ex-Mayor Gregory said the Board of Education should be a non-partisan body; it should be made up on the basis of worth, ability and devotion to the best interests of the common schools. The present board is a good one; it has done well and ought to be commended. Had he his way he would retain in the board every member of it, and keep politics out of it. But he could speak only for the First Ward, and in doing so he was happy to nominate for Director from the First the present incumbent, a Democrat, Dr. M. Gardner. He knew him to be a competent man, and believed his retention was in the best interests of the school department.

City Trustee Conklin indorsed the remarks of Mr. Gregory, and added that he would prefer to have such steps taken as might, if possible, do away with the proposed election, which would cost the city about $1,500. All the present members of the board, he said, are capable men, and those whose terms are soon to expire should be allowed to serve another year. They should be renominated by all the political bodies that intend making nominations, and by allowing the election to go by default they would hold over until the first election under the new charter.

Had this suggestion been broached a day earlier no doubt it would have been accepted by the convention, but it appears that some of the delegates had already promised to place other persons in nomination for some of the wards.

There was no opposition, however, to Dr. Gardner, and he was nominated by acclamation.

For Director from the Second Ward W. D. Stalker named P. A. Miller, the well-known contractor, and he was nominated by acclamation.

For Third Ward Director C. N. Post named Richmond Davis, the present Director, A. C. Tufts, declining to serve again.

Mr. Davis was nominated by acclamation.

For the Fourth Ward C. H. Holmes namted J. L. Robinette, who was indorsed by Lincoln White, and he was also nominated without opposition.

J. H. Batcher moved that the Central Committee be empowered to fill any vacancies that might occur pending the election. Carried.

On motion of Lincoln White, the convention declared that all the nominations be made unanimous.

A delegate moved that the candidates be assessed $5 each.

It was finally decided to let the Central Committee and the candidates settle the matter between themselves, as it was shown that the expenses of the convention were nominal and uncertain.

PROBABLY NO ELECTION.

After the adjournment of the convention the proposition made by Trustee Conklin was discussed among delegates and other citizens, and was quite generally favored.

Mayor Comstock said, when the matter was mentioned to him, that if it could be legally carried out he would favor it—that is, let the Trustees refuse to call an election. If the School Directors whose terms are about to expire—Harrison, Gardner, Tufts and Chipman—could not hold over for another year, there was, he thought, little doubt but that Governor Markham would re-appoint them, and thus save the city the expense of another election.

The Democrats took no action in the matter yesterday, hence they will have no ticket.

LEVEE-BUILDING.

Steps Taken by the Trustees to Legalize Its Recent Action.

At a special session of the City Trustees, held yesterday, a conveyance was presented and referred to City Attorney Hart, assigning to the Southern Pacific Company the right ceded to the city by the Legislature in 1868 to remove earth from the bed of the American River, the soil to be used for levee-building. The convevance included the stream west of Twenty-first street, but, on motion of Trustee Conklin, was so amended that it relinquishes the right only in the stretch from Seventh street to the Sacramento River.

City Engineer Boyd submitted specifications for levee work under which the board was to call for bids. These provide for a levee beginning at Seventh and D streets and running to the Sacramento River, and thence to R street. From the point of beginning to the Sacramento River and down to I street the embankment must be four feet above high-water mark. From I it will descend a grade to K, where it will be three feet above high-water mark. From there to R the hight will be the same. The frontage on the American will be twenty-four feet wide on top and along the Sacramento thirty feet.

Articles of Incorporation.

The following articles of incorporation were filed in the Secretary of State's office yesterday:

Diamond Springs Creamery Company, Swanger's Station, Humboldt County. Capital stock, $15,000. Directors—M. Fitzsimmons, J. H. Vanduzer, W. P. Thomas, C. F. Bunker and Silva Connsto.

Board of Relief of the Grand Parlor of the Native Daughters of the Golden West, San Francisco. Directors—Mrs. T. L. Kane, Mollie B. Johnson, Carrie Roesch, Clara K. Wittenmeyer, Mae B. Wilkin, Mrs. J. R. Steinbach, Mrs. N. K. Leake, Mrs. M. A. Leighton and Hanna Mack.

Campbell Water Company, Campbell, Santa Clara County. Capital stock, $7,500. Directors—Benj. Campbell, P. G. Keith, S. A. Moulton, S. G. Rodeck and F. M. Righter.

Clear Lake and Russian River Railway and Navigation Company, Lakeport, Lake County. Capital stock, $500,000. Directors—A. Levy, B. W. White, F. W. Gibson, William Gessner, L. Sailor, W. J. Bigerstaff and R. W. Crump.

EVERYBODY'S COLUMN.

Correspondence of Interest to the General Public.

[Under this heading the RECORD-UNION will publish short letters from correspondents on topics of interest to the general public. The matter in these communications will be understood to represent only the views of the writers. All communications must be accompanied by the name of the writer, not for publication, unless so desired, but as a guarantee of good faith.—EDS.]

The Tin Industry.

EDS. RECORD-UNION: David R. Owens of this place is in possession of a letter from a friend in North Wales, which should satisfy every disciple of Democracy that there is a tin industry in our country, and one of considerable magnitude, too. That the output of our tin mines and manufactories cuts a conspicuous figure in the marts of the world there can be but little doubt, when such a frank admission is unconsciously made by one who is located in the true home of this industry. The letter says:

"There are in the neighborhood of thirty tin manufactories closed down in South Wales. Never before in the history of the tin industry have the prospects been so gloomy. There are several factories where the men are working but half the time, and in four of our largest concerns there are notices commanding the men to leave. The employers and employes are soon to hold a joint meeting for the purpose of reconsidering the wage schedule. It is confidently expected that the pending election in America will result in favor of free trade. In this event times would be much better in South Wales, as we can compete with American manufacturers in their own country and control the trade. There is now a great over-production in this country, caused by the McKinley tariff bill in the United States, and unless the Act is soon repealed the American factories will thrive where ours will perish.

"A heavy reduction is now being made in the wages of men in some of the factories, and although they are union men they are silently submitting to the inevitable."

Mr. Owens is a bright and highly respected young Welshman residing in Rocklin. He called my attention to the letter, and requested me to forward it to some paper on the coast, as a warning to American mechanics. Your paper having a good general circulation throughout this part of the State, we concluded to forward it to you. Hoping you will see fit to publish it, we remain respectfully,

C. E. DUNKELL.

Rocklin, November 3, 1892.

S. GERSON'S FAILURE.

A J-Street Commission Merchant in Financial Straits.

S. Gerson, who for some years past has conducted a commission and produce house on J street, between Second and Third, petitioned the Superior Court yesterday to be declared insolvent.

Gerson's debts amount to nearly $11,000, his creditors being located in this city and in San Francisco. The Sacramento creditors are: The D. O. Mills Bank, $5,500 on promissory notes; California State Bank, $2,250, also on a note, and L. S. Dart, $540; Pioneer Box Company, $225, and W. Irvine $135 on book accounts. The San Francisco houses which lose by Gerson's failure are: Porter Bros. & Co., $517 76; J. I. Vancovich & Co., $462 79; Judson Fruit Company, $358; D. G. Camarinos, $42 25; A. Levy & Co., $132 55; Garcia Maggini, $111 55; Gould & Jaudia, $24; J. O. Meyerink, $52 10; G. Caparro & Co., $59. All these are book accounts.

One of the D. O. Mills notes is indorsed by S. Lavenson, also the one held by the California State Bank. On all other notes and accounts there is no security.

Gerson's assets foot up to only $1,200, consisting of the store fixtures and stock.

PARDONED BY THE GOVERNOR.

Nellie Redmond and Charles Sundberg to Leave Whittier School.

Nellie Redmond, sentenced from the Police Court of San Francisco to the Whittier Reform School for the term of three years from March, 1892, has been pardoned by Governor Markham. He has done so upon the recommendation of Dr. Lindley, Superintendent of the school, who commends her disposition and behavior, and states that a good home is offered the girl in San Francisco.

Charles Sundberg, also sent from San Francisco for a term of three years, is also pardoned. He is also recommended by Dr. Lindley, who states that the boy's father is willing and able to provide for him, and that he will be sent to sea to follow his chosen profession.

The Folsom Excursion.

An excellent opportunity will be afforded all who may desire to visit Folsom to-morrow. The Spoonbill Gun Club will run an excursion train to that place, leaving here at 8 o'clock A. M., sharp. The fare for the round trip will be only $1 50.

After the match with the Green Valley Quail Club, the train will run up to the prison and big dam, and all will have an opportunity to inspect them.

Excursion to Dixon.

There was a Republican meeting at Dixon last night, in which the Fire Brigade from this city participated, under command of Chief Engineer Corsaw. The members went over early in the evening, and the red-shirted delegation was no doubt a prominent feature of the demonstration.

WRITE to Cooper for anything in the musical line.

SYRUP of FIGS

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

MUNICIPAL ELECTION.

AN ELECTION WILL BE HELD IN THE City of Sacramento on TUESDAY, November 8, 1892, for the choice of a Police Judge and a City Justice of the Peace, each to hold office for two years.

The election will be conducted under the provisions of the general election law of the State of California and the City Charter.

The polls will be opened at sunrise (6:38 A. M.) and will close at 5 P. M.

Precincts, polling-places and officers of election will be as follows:

FIRST SUPERVISOR DISTRICT.

FIRST PRECINCT—Bounded north and west by the city limits, south by the center of K street, including Slater's addition; east by the center of Second street. Polling-place, west side Second street, between J and K streets; Inspector, V. J. Gregory; Judge, H. Gribble; Clerks, Seth Gainsley and H. Neuhaus.

SECOND PRECINCT—Bounded north by the city limits, east by the center of Third street, south by the center of K street, west by the center of Second street. Polling-place, west side Third street, between J and K; Inspector, James Doty; Judge, James Woods; Clerks, J. A. Manley and Fult Casedy.

THIRD PRECINCT—Bounded north by the city limits, east by the center of Fourth street, south by the center of K street, west by the center of Third street. Polling-place, 306 J street; Inspector, H. Wachhorst; Judge, W. H. Sherburn; Clerks, W. W. Gilkey and Max Ginsberg.

FOURTH PRECINCT—Bounded north by the city limits, east by the center of Fifth street, south by the center of K street, west by the center of Fourth street. Polling-place, 415 J street; Inspector, E. R. Hamilton; Judge, A. Abbott; Clerks, George Neilson and William Fancett.

FIFTH PRECINCT—Bounded north by the city limits, east by the center of Sixth street, south by the center of K street, west by the center of Fifth street. Polling-place, Osborn's Warehouse, Fifth and I streets; Inspector, Ed Dieteric; Judge, Fred Kolliker; Clerks, Fred Davenport and J. B. Atwood.

SIXTH PRECINCT—Bounded north by the city limits, east by the center of Seventh street, south by the center of K street, west by the center of Sixth street. Polling-place, 609 I street; Inspector, Alex. Beeer; Judge, Thos. McCaffrey; Clerks, H. G. Bidwell and F. J. Smith.

SEVENTH PRECINCT—Bounded north by the city limits, east by the center of Eighth street, south by the center of K street, west by the center of Seventh street. Polling-place, southwest corner of alley, Eighth street, I and J; Inspector, P. Flaherty; Judge, W. M. Petrie; Clerks, C. J. Genshlea and E. Steinman.

EIGHTH PRECINCT—Bounded north by the city limits, east by the center of Ninth street, south by the center of K street, west by the center of Eighth street. Polling-place, Meister's Carriage Shop; Inspector, John Oschner; Judge, C. V. Kellogg; Clerks, Henry Payne and D. L. Stewart.

NINTH PRECINCT—Bounded north by the city limits, east by the center of Tenth street, south by the center of K street, west by the center of Ninth street. Polling-place, 910 J street; Inspector, Nelson Champlin; Judge, George Kuchler; Clerks, Charles Kleinsorge and George Hildebrandt.

TENTH PRECINCT—Bounded north by the city limits, east by the center of Eleventh street, south by the center of K street, west by the center of Tenth street. Polling-place, 1008 J street; Inspector, John Reilly, Judge, Sylvester Tryon; Clerks, Wm. Kehrer and Louis Bell.

ELEVENTH PRECINCT—Bounded north by the city limits, east by the center of Twelfth street, south by the center of K street, west by the center of Eleventh street. Polling-place, 1109 J street; Inspector, M. Barber; Judge, H. S. Kirk; Clerks, J. J. C. Fitzgerald and John Lodge.

SECOND SUPERVISOR DISTRICT.

FIRST PRECINCT—Bounded north by the center of K street, east by the center of Second street, south by the center of O street, west by the Sacramento River. Polling-place, 1123 Front street; Inspector, J. E. Brown; Judge, V. Arcega; Clerks, J. G. Hopley and James Tyrrell.

SECOND PRECINCT—Bounded north by the center of K street, east by the center of Third street, south by the center of O street, west by the center of Second street. Polling-place, 200 M street; Inspector, James Woods; Judge, John Cook; Clerks, John Schadt and Bert Tanquary.

THIRD PRECINCT—Bounded north by the center of K street, east by the center of Fourth street, south by the center of O street, west by the center of Third street. Polling-place, Fourth, K and L streets; Inspector, John Campbell; Judge, John Batcher; Clerks, Chas. F. Sellinger and Chas. Vogel.

FOURTH PRECINCT—Bounded north by the center of K street, east by the center of Fifth street, south by the center of O street, west by the center of Fourth street. Polling-place, Fourth and L streets; Inspector, J. W. Daroux; Judge, T. F. Hewitt; Clerks, Louis Grove and John Mulligan.

FIFTH PRECINCT—Bounded north by the center of K street, east by the center of Seventh street, south by the center of N street, west by the center of Fifth street. Polling-place, Armory Hall; Inspector, J. G. Davis; Judge, L. L. Forrest; Clerks, James A. Bensel and John F. Devine.

SIXTH PRECINCT—Bounded north by the center of K street, east by the center of Eighth street, south by X street, west by the center of Seventh street. Polling-place, Meyers' cigar store; Inspector, J. R. Foster; Judge, M. Hirsch; Clerks, T. Longton and Arthur Lewis.

SEVENTH PRECINCT—Bounded north by the center of K street, east by the center of Ninth street, south by Y street, west by the center of Eighth street. Polling-place, 824 K street; Inspector, J. L. Robinette; Judge, James Donnelly; Clerks, George Dierssen and Simon Ash.

EIGHTH PRECINCT—Bounded north by the center of K street, east by the center of Tenth street, south by Y street, west by the center of Ninth street. Polling-place, Ninth street, K and L, Rose's shop; Inspectors, J. W. Marsh; Judge, Thomas Osborn; Clerks, H. G. May and Isidor Alexander.

NINTH PRECINCT—Bounded north by the center of O street, east by the center of Fifth street, south by the center of Y street, west by the Sacramento River. Polling-place, Kent stables; Inspector, Charles A. Root; Judge, William Coyne; Clerks, William Benning and George D. Allison.

TENTH PRECINCT—Bounded north by the center of N street, east by the center of Seventh street, south by Y street, west by the center of Fifth street. Polling-place, Sixth and N streets; Inspector, H. D. Stegeman; Judge, Nathan Stein; Clerks, Samuel Gottlieb and Howard Johnson.

THIRD SUPERVISOR DISTRICT.

FIRST PRECINCT—Bounded north by the city limits, east by the center of Fourteenth street, south by the center of G street, west by the center of Twelfth street. Polling-place, Twelfth and G streets; Inspector, David Ahern; Judge, E. Gravel; Clerks, Wm. Uren and Ben Lesser.

SECOND PRECINCT—Bounded north by the city limits, east by the boundary of Agricultural Park, south by the center of G street and the south boundary of Agricultural Park, west by the center of Fourteenth street. Polling-place, Sixteenth and D streets (Ackerman's). Inspector, S. H. Gerrish; Judge, R. Crabbe; Clerks, A. A. Van Zandt and John F. Troy.

THIRD PRECINCT—Bounded north by the center of G street, east by the center of Fourteenth street, south by the center of G street, west by the center of Twelfth street. Polling-place, 1223 J street. Inspector, Charles Fuchs; Judge, J. D. Schroth, Jr.; Clerks, J. H. Groth and W. F. Hillebrand.

FOURTH PRECINCT—Bounded north by the center of G street, east by the center of Seventeenth street, south by the center of K street, west by the center of Fourteenth street. Polling-place, 1425 J street. Inspector, John Billou; Judge, M. J. Smith; Clerks, David Barnes and F. H. Conn.

FIFTH PRECINCT—Bounded north by the center of G street, east by the center of Twenty-first street, south by center of K street, west by center of Seventeenth street. Polling-place, Twentieth and J streets. Inspector, Wm. M. Foote; Judge, H. D. Nash; Clerks, J. W. Greenlaw and B. F. Ward.

SIXTH PRECINCT—Bounded north by A street, east by Thirty-first street, south by the center of K street, west by center of Twenty-first street and the east boundary of Agricultural Park. Polling-place, 2200 I street. Inspector, M. J. Curtis; Judge, C. P. Alexander; Clerks, Henry Sweitzer and Henry Dehn.

SEVENTH PRECINCT—Bounded north by the center of K street, east by center of Thirteenth street, south by center of O street, west by center of Tenth street. Polling-place, K, Eleventh and Twelfth streets (Kooney's); Inspector, J. F. Slater; Judge, J. A. Gill; Clerks, Chas. Herzog and Ed McHale.

EIGHTH PRECINCT—Bounded north by the center of K street, east by the center of Seventeenth street, south by the center of O street, west by the center of Thirteenth street. Polling-place, new Pavilion; Inspector, Geo. Blue; Judge, W. J. Drummond; Clerks, Geo. F. Bronner, Jr., and John Platt.

NINTH PRECINCT—Bounded north by the center of K street, east by center of Twenty-first street, south by center of O street, west by center of Seventeenth street. Polling-place, Nineteenth and M streets (northwest corner); Inspector, Geo. Murray; Judge, Buck Griffith; Clerks, F. J. Strub and T. K. Divinny.

TENTH PRECINCT—Bounded north by center of K street, east by Thirty-first street, south by center of O street, west by center of Twenty-first street. Polling-place, Bates' Barn, Twenty-third street (N and O streets); Inspector, C. H. Holmes; Judge, W. W. Spurgeon; Clerks, E. J. Farrell, W. C. Farnsworth.

ELEVENTH PRECINCT—Bounded north by the center of O street, east by center of Thirteenth street, south by Y street, west by center of Tenth street. Polling-place, Twelfth between O and P streets (Crowley's Barn); Inspector, D. D. Hyams; Judge, J. L. Siller; Clerks, Ed Devine and Edmund Ellis.

TWELFTH PRECINCT—Bounded north by center of O street, east by center of Eighteenth street, south by Y street, west by center of Thirteenth street. Polling-place, Seventeenth between O and P streets (east side, in barn); Inspector, Louis Curts; Judge, Wm. L. Longshore; Clerks, J. J. Connell and H. Rubenstein.

THIRTEENTH PRECINCT—Bounded north by center of O street, east by Thirty-first street, south by Y street, west by center of Eighteenth street. Polling-place, Twenty-fifth between O and P streets (Wingard's Barn); Inspector, J. Gebert; Judge, John Stevens; Clerks, C. J. Cox and T. M. Kennedy.

By order of the Board of Trustees.

n5-2t J. D. YOUNG, Clerk.

TO-DAY'S SALE.

Low Prices and Good Values Tell the Story.

Big Bargains for a Little Money.

LOT 1.

Children's Kid Shoes, spring heel, patent leather tip, sizes 9, 10, 11, for 50c.

Children's Pebble Goat, solar tip, spring heel, sizes 6, 7, 8, 50c.

LOT 2.

Men's Glove Calf Congress Gaiters, medium toe and heel, for $1 50. Sizes 5 to 10.

LOT 3.

Extra-heavy and Large $2 White Marseilles Spreads for $1 50.

Six-pound Live Feather Pillows for 75c.

LOT 4.

Men's Heavy Full-stock Kip Working Shoes, bellows tongue, for $1 75.

LOT 5.

A fine value in Men's 25c Hermsdorf Black Stainless Half Hose, finished seams, 3 pairs for 50c.

LOT 6.

Men's 50c Silk Four-in-Hand Ties, silk back, in light figured designs, 15c.

LOT 7.

Men's $1 25 Dogskin Driving Gloves, spring fastenings, fur trimmed and fleece lined, 85c.

Boys' Felt Gloves, leather-lined palm, 15c.

LOT 8.

Men's Extra-quality Suspenders, with drawers supporters and the celebrated Harris wire buckle, 20c per pair.

Boys' 25c Chambray Gingham Waists at 15c.

LOT 9.

Silk Campaign Buttons, 1c each.

Scarf Pins, with photo of Harrison and Cleveland, 3c.

Lot of Boys' Standing and Turned-down Four-ply Linen Collars, sizes 11 to 14½, 6 for 10c.

LOT 10.

Ladies' $1 25 All-wool Jerseys, in black and colors, sizes 32, 34 and 36, for 75c.

Misses' $1 Jersey, in black and colors, 50c.

LOT 11.

One lot of Comfortables for three-quarter beds at 65c.

Ladies' $2 25 Steel Gray Gossamers for $1 25.

LOT 12.

Men's $1 50 All-wool Knit Undershirts, Oakland Hosiery Co.'s make, for 95c.

Men's Heavy Dark Fancy Cheviot Working Overshirts, 50c.

LOT 13

Is a mixed lot of Men's Suits, frocks and sacks, in silk-mixed worsteds, cassimeres and cheviots, $18 and $20 suits for $12 50.

LOT 14.

Men's Heavy All-wool Dark $5 Cassimere Pants for $3 75.

Men's All-wool Gray $4 Cassimere Pants for $3.

LOT 15.

Young Men's Norfolk $5 Coats, all wool, in steel gray mixed colors, for $2 50.

MILLINERY.

Sale to-day of Trimmed Hats. Ladies' Large Black Velvet Hats, trimmed with plumes and tip, $4 95. Ladies' Velvet Toques, trimmed with Prince of Wales feathers, ribbon and finished with whip, $3 95. Large Moscow Beaver Hats, all colors, trimmed with fancy feathers and ribbon bow, $1 75. Felt Dudes, trimmed with ribbon bows and mephistoes, $1 45. Infants' Silk Embroidered Bonnets, 45c.

RED HOUSE, 714-716 J Street.

HOW TO VOTE

At the coming election is proving to be a conundrum to many. How to buy is not so much of a conundrum if the buyer will only read and be educated. We have a very large assortment of the very finest in all lines of Men's, Boys' and Youths' Winter Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps, Etc. A big line of Overcoats from $5 upward. Also, Rubber Goods of all kinds and Umbrellas at prices to suit the purchaser.

READ:

SUITS.

Men's Worsted Suits.....$ 3 45
Men's Cheviot Suits..... 4 45
Men's Cassimere Suits.... 5 25
Men's Black Broadwale Worsted Suits..... 7 00
Men's Fancy Suits, all shades..... 9 00
Men's Fine Fancy Worsted Suits..... 10 50
Men's Black Imported Worsted Suits..... 13 50
Men's Black Broadwale Imported Suits..... 17 50

PANTS.

Men's Cotton Pants.....$ 75
Men's Fancy-striped Pants..... 85

Nice Black Worsted Pants.....$ 1 25
Union Cassimere Pants... 1 45
Men's All-wool Fancy-striped Pants..... 1 75
Fancy Tailor-made Pants from.....$3 50 to 5 00

SHIRTS

A large lot of Shirts from 20c up to $4.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Lace and Congress, from $1, $1 25, $1 50, $1 75, $1 85, $2,