ANNEXATION APPROVED.

A Joint Meeting of Sacramentans and Yoloites

Votes in Favor of Annexation of Washington to Sacramento County—Lively Speeches.

A Superior Courtroom was crowded to overflowing last night with residents of Sacramento and Washington and vicinity, in Yolo, to consider the proposal of annexation of a strip of Yolo about Washington to Sacramento County, which has been so much agitated recently. It was a thoroughly representative meeting, and a number of ladies were present. The result showed the sentiment to be practically unanimous in favor of the plan proposed.

David Lubin, as Chairman of the Executive Committee, called the meeting to order and asked for nominations for Chairman. Some one nominated William Henley of Washington, who declined. B. U. Steinman of Sacramento was placed in nomination by several and was unanimously elected and took the chair. J. C. Boyd was unanimously elected Secretary.

Mr. Lubin then read three resolutions prepared by the Executive Committee and presented at its request.

The first called for a committee of five on legislation to be appointed, and it was carried unanimously. The second was that a committee of five be appointed on boundary lines of the proposed strip to be annexed.

Mr. Newell of Washington wanted to know if the committee would be from Sacramento or Yolo County, or from both counties, and was answered that it would be from both. The resolution was then carried unanimously.

It was moved that the committees be appointed by the Chair, but Mr. Henley suggested that the Chairman in appointing the committee should have regard to the feeling of opposition that existed to the scheme. If it was for general reclamation there was no sentiment against it; if for partial reclamation, everyone would oppose it.

The motion was then carried.

The third resolution was then read, to the effect that a committee of five be appointed to appear before the Supervisors of this county and ask that they call a convention to meet at Sacramento, to consist of Supervisors and citizens of Sacramento, Yolo, Colusa, Solano and other counties, said convention to consider the most practical method for the permanent relief of the overflowed lands. The resolution was adopted unanimously.

A motion was made that naming the committee be left to the discretion of the Chair, but the general sentiment seemed to be that in naming the committees the meeting should be consulted, and this was done to some extent.

The Committee on Legislation as named is composed of the following: D. Lubin, W. A. Curtis, Wm. Henley, S. J. Jackson and Wm. Harrison. The Committee on Boundary Lines: Frank Miller, J. C. Boyd, Dr. Atkinson, Chas. W. Reed, T. B. Lovdal. The committee to appear before the Supervisors: Luke Richardson, D. Lubin, Richard May, Dr. Dixon and Dr. G.L. Simmons.

Mr. Lubin, in behalf of his committee, presented a petition, and wished the residents of Washington present to pay particular attention to the names as read and determine whether or not a majority of the land-owners affected was represented, as if not, a portion of the committee would decline to take further action, in pursuance of a pledge to that effect.

William Henley thought the opposition ought to have a chance to present a counter petition, and Mr. Newell coincided with him, but the sense of the meeting was that ample time had already been available.

The petition was then read by the Secretary as follows:

"We, the citizens undersigned, property owners and business men of Washington, Yolo County, favor annexation of Washington, Yolo County, and vicinity to Sacramento County. William H. Young, Richard C. May, R. Todhunter per R. C. May, E. M. Todhunter, James F. Richardson, W. B. Freeman, H. N. Cummings, H. Brown per R. C. May, Mary Hanson, Mary E. Ober Donley, Martha De Riso per V. De Riso, J. A. Soule, C. W. Reed, George E. Emery, R. H. Buckingham, J. N. Newell, F. Reinersman, James L. Scott, Richard Malone, Johanna Markey per R. C. May, Dudley Reed, M. McLean, Barbara Hilton, Charles A. Wietten, Christopher Specht, Mary Harney, Thomas Woods, John and S. Harrop, Mrs. R. Murray, John C. Churchill, John McArthur, Mrs. Ellen Leddy, Mrs. H. Thomas per Miss M. Thomas, F. W. Stigler, Mrs. Anna Bates per Maime Bates, Mrs. Harms, William Newton, Edward B. Duffee, E. Fourness, J. Duffee, Frank W. Todhunter, George Noranus, Charles Thiele, M. Dolan, Mrs. Annie E. Foley, F. L. Atkinson, M. D., F. E. Atkinson, Buckman & Carragher, John Donley, Fred Christy and Mary Waring.

Mr. Henley stated three or four names of those on the list did not represent property in the town of Washington, which consisted of a given number of blocks. He said that a majority of the signers either did not live in the town, or did not own property in it. In the course of his remarks it developed that in fact there is no town, as it is not an incorporated place, but consists of blocks laid out many years ago.

Chairman Steinman stated that to his own knowledge at least two-thirds of those named owned property there. The committee being asked about the matter, Mr. Curtis answered that he did not know exactly what the boundaries of Washington were, but the committee had taken signatures of people who resided within the bounds contemplated by the association.

Mr. Henley still insisted that there were names of people on the list not property-owners in the town, and said that although C. M. Reed had claimed to reside in Washington thirty-eight years, he really never had done so. He added that more than four-fifths of the property front owners are opposed to the scheme, and many had signed under misrepresentation.

Mr. Lubin said that Mr. Henley talked about misrepresentation, but the committee was prepared to prove that it had the majority of the land-owners on the petition, and got them honestly, and that they lived in the district which it was proposed to annex. The question was too important to hinge upon the technicality of a supposed town boundary. Misrepresentation had been resorted to on the other side when it was stated that the bridge was to be moved below Y street and that the men of Washington would have to go the shops by that bridge. The question had been asked of the committee, "Who gave you the authority to come here?" The answer was that they had been appointed by a citizens' meeting. A meeting of the Federated Trades had been held to debate the question and Mr. Henley's name called out clearly and plainly, but he did not answer.

If a majority of the people over there were opposed to annexation he had no objection, and so far as his labors were concerned he would drop the matter. The subject of reclaiming 300,000 to 500,000 acres was too large for the committee or the meeting to handle, and had been properly referred to the Supervisors.

Whatever the Sacramentans propose to do with the assistance of the Yoloites would benefit both. It was proposed to build a temporary canal, faced with stone, to carry off threatening surplus waters at a flood hight. If they did not wish to do it the river would relieve itself regardless of their wishes, as it does now, destroying property and life. The winter was not over yet, and the Yolo people could not say what might happen.

A banker had told the speaker that a short time ago a resident of Washington had applied to him for a loan on a house valued at $1,200 and he offered him $200 and did not care about taking that on a house that might float away. This projected enterprise of annexation would tend to render those houses safe. He went on to speak of the advantage of terminal points, and the advantage to a manufacturer of being at a terminal point. This enterprise would give to manufacturers the advantage of frontage on the water. Manufactories will seek terminal points if sites are offered to them on advantageous terms. We will offer to them places to build on free, which will be practically in the city, but without heavy taxes to pay. We will offer them what ground they need, in proportion to the size of their plants. The factories will not go to Thirty-first street, where they will have to pay drayage and switching and maintain downtown offices, etc. The Pioneer mill enjoys an advantage in economy over a mill up town by reason of its nearness to rail and water. A great cannery can be established on the river front to great economic advantage and become one of the largest in the State, handling our fruits and those of the fruit farms down the river. Three or four thousand dollars a year difference between uptown and front location may represent the difference between profit and loss to a concern.

It was so thoroughly to the interest of Washington to accept this proposition that the committee had not anticipated any strong opposition from there. We cannot give away land in Sacramento, but it is not so expensive in Washington. Petaluma to-day had a manufactory that had passed by Sacramento and located there because the people of Petaluma had been wise enough to offer them inducements.

Ground at Twentieth street even was too far from the business center to be an economic situation. It had been stated that the down-town business men favored this scheme because it would keep the business center down town. It would stay where economic facilities were. He warned his hearers that if Sacramento tried the town lot scheme they would go the way San Diego did. Men cannot build up a town without a business and industrial basis to support it, and manufactories would not go to the outskirts of town. The poor man cannot afford to invest money in a town with no industries, and on the river is the only place where the factories can live.

The choice is offered to-day, and as it is accepted or rejected so would prosperity or reverse follow. In conclusion, he said it is our interest to build up and not to tear down. "We might just as well decide this matter to-night."

Mr. Woods of Washington said that the impression was rife that Washington would float away, but he had lived there a lifetime and had never been afraid of it. They had heard years ago that a former railroad company were going to build shops there, but they had never seen them, and they had no assurance that they would ever see the factories promised. He stated that some names on the petition were not properly there.

Mr. Henley here said the reason why he did not appear before the Federated Trades was that he was working on the levee, keeping the water out of Washington.

This remark, coming on the heels of Mr. Woods' statement that Washington was in no danger, caused considerable merriment.

Mr. Jenks, representing C. W. Reed, who he said was the largest property owner affected, spoke of the assertion that Mr. Reed did not live in Washington; he might live outside of the little plat made forty years ago, but he had voted in Washington for thirty-eight years, and to all intents and purposes he was a resident. The speaker said he could appreciate the fact that the owner of some old tumble-down shanty who had become so enfeebled in intellect that he might vote against this proposition for fear he might have to pay four bits more taxes, but he could not conceive of anyone in the full enjoyment of his intellect who opposed it, except for revenue. There were some so blind in Sacramento as to object to all forms of improvement. There is another class—real estate speculators—who think that in order to build up their own property they must tear down that of everyone else, and that everyone else must bend, in order that they may sell their lots at the other end of town. He could see in five to ten years, if this scheme carried, from ten to a hundred smokestacks lining the other side of the river. It was no fancy picture, but one resultant from reason, locality and the natural advantages of this heart of the State—Sacramento.

Mr. Lubin moved that it be the expressed sense of the meeting that Washington and vicinity ought to be annexed to Sacramento County. It was seconded by a half-score of voices. The motion being put, it was carried almost unanimously, only two or three voting against it.

A resolution that the three committees appointed be added to the original committee was offered and carried.

Richard C. May of Yolo then stated that Mr. Henley had told him he had offered ten acres to any factory that would come and start there. Mr. Henley had been the chief objector to the progressive movement; but he did not own one foot of ground over there. Moreover, Mr. May invited prosecution of himself for forgery if, as had been charged, he had put one name on the petition without authority to do so.

In the midst of much enthusiasm and loud applause the meeting adjourned to the call of the Chairman.

PRESENTATION.

Electric Railway Employes Remember Ex-Secretary Olsen.

A very pleasant incident occurred at the office of the Central Electric Railway Company on Tuesday evening. On the 1st of the month Secretary A. Olsen, who had been with the company ever since the change in the ownership of the railway lines, was sent for, and on his arrival found himself to be the central figure of a group of the employes of the company.

The situation was soon explained by J. O. March, who, addressing Mr. Olsen, stated that the employes of the company desired to present him with a token of their appreciation of his uniform kindness to them during his service as Secretary for the company. After some further complimentary remarks, he presented Mr. Olsen with a handsome gold watch chain and locket. The latter bore the inscription:

"Presented to A. Olsen by the Employes of the Central Electric Railway Company."

Mr. Olsen made a happy response, thanking his friends for such a substantial evidence of their regard for him.

Mr. Olsen has re-entered the real estate office of Edwin K. Alsip & Co., with whom he was formerly identified.

AROUND THE COURTS.

The Labs-Cooper Case on Trial—Orders in Probate Cases.

Judge Catlin has appointed Lee Stanley as assignee of F. Kuehne, an insolvent debtor, and he has filed his bond in the sum of $100.

The case of B. Labs vs. J. F. Cooper, an E-street assessment case, occupied Department Two of the Superior Court yesterday, and will probably take up most of to-day.

Peter J. Shields, administrator of the estate of M. W. Hicks, deceased, has petitioned the Superior Court for permission to lease the stallion Durfee to parties in Ohio, who have had him for the past year, also for permission to sell personal property of the estate.

Judge Johnson has entered a final decree of distribution in the case of Clara A. Gruhler vs. Albert E. Gruhler, Herman E. Gruhler, Emma Gruhler Relyea and Charles L. Relyea.

AMUSEMENTS.

The laugh-overflowing comedy, "Our Summer Boarders," will be played again to-night at the Clunie Opera-house, by Mr. Dailey's excellent New York Stock Company.

Professor O'Malley will give his regular weekly social to-night at his dancing academy, Smith's Hall, which will be a "cane" social.

THE RIVER ISLANDS.

Thousands of Acres of Valuable Land Are Under Water.

Crops and Other Property Damaged—Grand Island all Right—What River Men Say.

The river still remains high down about its mouth, and Sutter, Ryer and Merritt Islands are more or less under water, also the Toland tract. It is expected that the water will fall more rapidly from this time on, as the high-tide period has passed.

Men are constantly employed all along the island levees in stopping breaks and keeping the water back.

THE RIVER NOW FALLING.

The comforting news now comes that the river is receding from the levees where so much damage had been done. The loss to property-owners can be but wildly guessed at, for the entire damage cannot be learned until the land is cleared of the water that covers it. The spring tides finished the work which was begun two weeks ago flooding, the Toland tract.

There are two thousand acres of land in the Toland tract, all of which was under cultivation and which is now under water. The land is owned by Mrs. Toland, whose interest is represented by E. B. Mastic; the Glasselle brothers of Los Angeles and John Simes, whose one-third is represented by F. H. Gardiner. The latter gentleman went down to San Francisco from the flooded district on Tuesday night, and told a *Post* reporter that the people in that city and in Sacramento had no idea of the extent of the damage which has been caused by the overflow.

SIX FEET OF WATER.

"I have been up to the Toland tract, on and off," said Mr. Gardiner, "for the past three weeks. About a week ago I drove all over the land and found it in a splendid state of cultivation. For the past two days I have been sailing over it in a naphtha launch. The water on the land averaged about six feet in depth, and under it are about 30,000 sacks of potatoes which were all ready for shipment. Long before the flood struck us I tried to get the Chinese to ship their potatoes to the city, but they refused to do so, thinking to get better prices for them. I told them of the danger we were in, and when they would not ship the potatoes I tried to have them warehouse them. There are three good warehouses up there, but the Chinamen thought that it would be an unnecessary expense to stack them up in a safe place, and now they have lost everything.

TWENTY THOUSAND IN RENTS.

"We are unable at present to give any idea of the damage done, but we will lose $20,000 in rents alone for the next year. All further danger is over, unless a strong north wind comes up, but it will take at least ten months to pump the water back into the river. Then time will have to be given for the soil to get back into its proper state, and it will be about two years altogether before another crop can be had. We only finished putting pack the levee about the island two years ago, and now we will have to go through the same experience again.

"Ryer Island is also submerged and the people there are considerably discouraged, For the past three years they have been dredging there and repairing the broken levees caused by the last flood. On the day before Thanksgiving they completed the circuit of the levee around the island, and they thought that they were secure from floods forevermore. They were wofully mistaken, however, for the river burst in upon them from all sides and completely wrecked the island."

POTATOES WILL GO UP.

People on the steamer Aurora, which arrived yesterday morning, say that the water has undermined the buildings on the Toland tract, and that a number of houses are afloat. The river is filled with tules, and the steamers have to thread their way very carefully.

What with Merritt, Sutter and Ryer Islands and the Toland tract under water potatoes will be scarce, and there is likely to be a jump in prices before the new crop comes in. W. Larzalere, the well-known commission merchant, is up the river at present. A report is current that his trip is one of business and pressing business at that. In fact, rumor has it that he is buying up all the potatoes left on the river. The vegetable has been low enough in price, but of late indications of a rise have been unmistakable.

THEY WANT THE CANAL.

The people in the flooded districts have been long trying to get a canal run from Maine Prairie to Suisun, which would carry away the overflow and save their property. About two years ago the route was surveyed, but since then all proceedings have been dropped. It was estimated that it would cost $2,000,000 to construct the canal, and the silurians hesitated at expending such an amount of money. The damage done by this flood alone would go quite a long way toward making up that amount.

It is argued that the canal would benefit five counties—Colusa, Sacramento, Sutter, Yolo and Solano. If each county paid its pro rata of the expense, the cost to each would be small, and the saving to all would be great.

MAKES A GOOD START.

Police Judge Buckley's First Batch of Offenders.

In the Police Court yesterday quite an array of offenders were administered to by Judge Buckley, who presided as though he felt equal to the requirements of the position.

Harry Roberts, who had been drunk, couldn't give any very satisfactory excuses for his conduct, although he submitted a number. He was particularly anxious to get out into the country, where he claimed he had work awaiting him, but he was given five days in which to atone for his dissipation.

E. J. McMenomy, also charged with being drunk, explained that he had been in the Keeley Cure Institute for his failing, but that he would have to go again for six months. The gold cure, he explained, affected different people differently, and his case was one that required a double dose. After hearing his statement Judge Buckley imposed a fine of $10, or five days in the City Jail.

Jas. Kelley, found guilty of vagrancy, wanted a chance to leave town, and he was sentenced to six months, with the commitment suspended twelve hours to furnish him sufficient motive and energy.

Jennie Sullivan, a particular friend of Kelly's, was allowed to plead guilty to vagrancy, and she was sentenced to ninety days, with the commitment suspended a reasonable time to permit her to seek other pastures.

R. Hatzman, charged with misdemeanor for peddling fruit without a license, had the charge against him dismissed upon his paying for a license.

POY AND TOY.

His Story of Being Robbed Proved Too Thin.

A Chinaman named Ah Poy yesterday afternoon wanted the assistance of all the police to help him recover $10, of which he claimed he had been robbed by a highbinder named Ah Toy. Poy said Toy stopped him on I street and took his hat, and also $10 from his pocket.

Officer Ferral looked up the case and recovered the hat, but the Chinese all protested that Poy had not been robbed, and never had $10.

MAJOR GETT'S COMMISSIONS.

He Thinks He Should Have Ten Per Cent. for Collections

Made From the State—Chairman Morrison of the Supervisors Names the Committees.

At yesterday morning's session of the Board of Supervisors, at which all of the members were present, Chairman Morrison announced the various committees as follows:

Judiciary—Curtis, Miller and Jenkins.

Accounts and Expenditures—Jenkins, Todd and Miller.

Public Buildings—Todd, Miller and Jenkins.

County Hospital—Miller, Curtis, Todd and Jenkins.

Printing—Curtis, Jenkins and Miller.

Contracts—Miller, Todd and Jenkins.

Roads and Bridges—Curtis, Jenkins and Miller.

Education and Schools—Todd, Miller and Jenkins.

Special Committee on Insurance and Chain Gang—Jenkins.

Supervisor Todd thought it would be a good idea for the members of committees to consult together, as he had been informed that in the past some of the Chairmen had been in the habit of going as they pleased, without reference to the other members.

Supervisor Jenkins moved that the matter of the adoption of rules for the board be referred to the Judiciary Committee, with instructions to report as soon as possible. Carried.

J. M. Haller, the Poundmaster at Galt, presented his report, which was received and ordered placed on file.

Supervisor Jenkins stated that it was customary for the old committees to hold over until their business was finished; that last week, while he was Chairman of the Committee on Roads and Bridges, he had asked and obtained the privilege of holding for examination some road bills which were not properly itemized. Not having the Roadmasters' reports at hand, he had not yet had an opportunity of examining them, and desired further time to do so.

On motion of Supervisor Miller, he was granted the time asked for.

Supervisor Miller, as a special committee, reported that the old board had issued new bonds to the amount of $200,000, with which to take up the old ones; that the State had taken the whole issue, and the money was now in the hands of the Treasurer, ready to pay off the old bonds.

The report was received and placed on file.

Supervisor Curtis presented a report from M. Keefe, Roadmaster in District No. 11, containing an inventory of lumber left on his hands. Placed on file.

Supervisor Jenkins moved that Chairman Curtis of the Committee on Roads and Bridges take charge of the property in District No. 11, and also that each Roadmaster in the county be notified to present to the board an inventory of the property remaining in his hands.

It was ordered, at the suggestion of Supervisor Jenkins, that the Clerk distribute the bills on hand to the Chairmen of the different committees for examination.

W. A. Gett addressed the board, stating that he last year collected $18,000 from the State for the county for the support of indigents and half-orphans, on the first $1,500 of which he received 10 per cent. for collection, and on the remainder 5 per cent. There is yet $800 due the county, and he would be willing to collect it for 10 per cent.

On motion of Supervisor Todd, the matter was postponed for the present.

Nothing of importance was done at the afternoon session, the members giving up their time to the examination of bills.

The board will meet again this morning at 10 o'clock.

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$3 95—LADIES' BLACK BEAVER REEFER JACKETS, with rolling collar and fronts of gray astrakhan and four Austrian loops; every size, $3 95 each.

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$5 95—EXCELLENT WEARING BLACK BERLIN TWILL REEFER JACKETS, with notch collars and handsome pearl buttons, heavy welted seam and new strap back, $5 95 each.

$7 95—VERY STYLISH LIGHT GRAY DIAGONAL WALE CHEVIOT REEFER JACKETS, with pearl buttons and square shawl collar half satin lined, $7 95 each.

$8 95—SAME AS ABOVE, with large fur collar, $8 95 each.

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