THIRD PARTY MEN.

Their Love Feast at Grangers' Hall Last Night.

Speeches by Judge Thompson and Some of the "Solid Eight" Members of the Legislature.

Grangers' Hall was comfortably filled last night by an audience assembled to listen to addresses from a number of speakers advocating the doctrines of the People's party. J. E. Camp, President of the county Farmers' Alliance, presided.

Judge Thompson, editor of the *People's Press*, first addressed the meeting. He paid a tribute to the beautiful State in which we live and asked, "Where are the people of California to-day? Are they rich?" No, they are like the man who starts in business, carries it on for years, all the time making money, as he thinks, and wakes up to find himself bankrupt. The results are out of the control of the people, on account of wrong political management. This nation was rising to prosperity after the civil war, when evil hands grasped national affairs and national finances, and have ever since, through both parties, throttled the prosperity of the nation.

This is the reason for the genesis of the Farmers' Alliance and of the People's party. This is the great force which has defeated the Republican party and started the Democratic party to its death. Neither of these parties understand the reason of the revulsion, but those who are behind the movement do. It is just as sure to destroy the Democratic party as the fact is sure that it has destroyed the Republican party, for it is not simply its defeat, but its destruction that has been accomplished.

The great abuses that have grown up could not have been without the aid of parties, and the plutocratic party owned both the others. The contraction of the currency was the first step in piling up the debt and interest that burdens the Nation. The sentiment in favor of the People's party, he continued, is steadily growing and the next election in the State of California would have neither of the old parties.

He alluded to the Panama Canal and the scandal connected with it. The consideration by Congress of the present canal scheme, he said, concerned the most important proposition that had ever been advanced. When the former treaty was under consideration Grover Cleveland spirited it away from the United States Senate and killed it, to the lasting injury of the country, as the control of the canal would have been by the United States. Under the Sherman bill it is imposaible for the Government to own or control the canal. In the Associated Press dispatches the lie is boldly told that the Government is to have half of the Directors. In fact, the bill provides that one-half the promoters should be chosen as Directors, and the Governments of Nicaragua and Costa Rica should each have one, so that the United States could never have one-half the Directors.

The interests of the promoters aud of the Government are diametrically opposed. The idea was promulgated that the use of the canal was to be as free as that of the Mississippi River; but, in fact, the company has a scheme of tolls for everything under the sun. The war vessels of Nicaragua and Costa Rica can pass through free, but not those of the United States. How is it, then, that the United States can control it? All vessels of war can pass through the canal unless belonging to nations at war with Nicaragua or Costa Rica. Any nation at war with us could send ships through, but we could not, without permission of Nicaragua.

They want Congress to lend them the credit of the country and help them to build it, that they may own it; to lend them our name for a hundred millions, when they only need sixty-two millions. A new treaty will be made by the new party, giving a Nicaragua Canal, built, owned and controlled by the United States Government.

The mission of the People's party is to do the people's will. What have you, he asked, as a rallying point? You must have something to educate you in the issues of the day. The press, when fair and independent, will do this; and the press that is devoted to this cause must have their support.

ASSEMBLYMAN VANN

Then addressed the audience. He said he was a "hayseed," sent from the banner Democratic county of Colusa. If he read history correctly, about a hundred years ago the signers of the Declaration of Independence had declared their intention to be free. They had handed down to us a free country, and it is our duty to preserve it so. The great question of to-day is the financial question. Great Britain was the moving power, not only in the Revolution, but in the Civil War, and at the close of the war, seeing she could not defeat us in any other way, she set out to destroy us through our financial system.

Jefferson introduced into our financial policy the free and unlimited coinage of silver, and it was until of late years equal in value to gold, dollar for dollar. Did any convention of any party ask Congress to demonetize silver in 1873? The prominent men of both parties at that time assert that they were then ignorant of the fact that the bill demonetized silver. We compete with our wheat productions with silver-using India. England buys our silver dollars to use against us, and get our wheat 30 per cent. cheaper than if we had free coinage. "The party that opposes the principles we advance," said he, "must get out of the way."

J. L. GILBERT,

President of the State Farmers' Alliance, spoke next. It had been said that the Farmers' Alliance was dead in this State, but it was a very lively corpse. Letters from all over the State showed that the farmers and laboring men were founding an organization that had come to stay. Our cause was a holy one—sprung from the best feelings of our nature, our duty to our homes and children. We are, he said, sinking into povery, and it is our only hopes. He had been called a crank for years and rather enjoyed it. He had decided that there was something wrong around him. The laws were framed so as to take from him and others the products of their labors and give it to others. It was better to leave his children a system of laws that would protect them than to leave them a farm. England is conquering America through her financial system.

After the war everything was prosperous until English agents induced Congress to burn up $1,200,000,000 and contract our currency. England had said to America, "Burn up your money and come over and borrow ours and pay interest on it," and we did so.

All great financial schemes are started presumably in the interest of the people, but somehow they always turn out to the advantage of the capitalist. There is not gold and silver enough combined in the world to pay the debts of the Nation.

He had the utmost confidence in the rank and file of both the old parties, but the leaders of both were at the nod and beck of Wall street. They would not dare to do anything for the relief of the people. The question of to-day is shall the United States be ruled by the almighty dollar, or shall it be ruled by the almighty man? The Government had loaned its money to the banker at 1 or 2 per cent. and denied it to the farmer and laboring man and sent them to the banker to borrow at his terms. He has grown rich without work, and they have grown poor in spite of hard work.

He used the same illustration that General Weaver did last fall, of the farmer loaning his money to his son John and letting his other children pay John interest. This was a vital subject to him, it concerned his children and their future.

ASSEMBLYMAN BENNETT

Made a few remarks. He told of an Irishman who asked his friend what this talk about five-twenties, seven-forties and ten-twenties meant. "Well," said his friend, "it means that you and I can get up at 5:20 in the morning, and work till 7:40 at night, so that the other fellows can lie in bed till 10:40 in the morning." He alluded to the importance attaching to the "solid eight" just now.

G. B. JOHNSON

Of San Jose spoke next. He wasn't one of the "big eight," but he helped to put them there. He wanted to hear from Senator Wilson, who was "in the middle of the road," and would have to come over to the "big eight."

SENATOR WILSON

Was the last speaker. He had always been a Democrat, he said, but as he passed off the stage he wanted to leave the Government to those coming after him as our revolutionary fathers left it to us. He spoke of the prosperity of early days here. He supposed if some of the philanthropists of to-day had been there they would have stopped the digging of gold, for fear money would be too plentiful. He paid a tribute to his comrades of early days, and their big-heartedness. In those days they had plenty of money in Tehama County, but now the county is covered with mortgages. He stuck to Cleveland last fall because he feared the election of Harrison and consequent disaster to the country.

MORE INSTALLATIONS.

The Machinists' Union, Court Sutter and Lilies of the Valley.

At the meeting of the Machinists' Union on Monday night the following newly elected officers were installed: Master Machinist, A. Felt; Foreman, Joseph Kelly; Recording Secretary, H. M. Landis; Financial Secretary, W. E. Clark; Treasurer, W. J. Madison; Conductor, J. McDonough; Inside Sentinel, C. Heintz; Outside Sentinel, M. Brannely; Trustees—Robert Joy, W. Saaltz and J. Weddick; Statistician, J. Murphy.

DEGREE OF HONOR.

Lily of the Valley Lodge, Degree of Honor, has installed the following officers: P. C. of H., Mrs. Georgiana Schadt; C. of H., Mrs. A. Hubert; L. of H., Miss Minnie Gore; C. of C., Mrs. L. Meyer; Recorder, Mrs. W. I. Wallace; Financier, T. Wallace; Receiver, P. Genis; S. U., Mrs. S. White; I. W., C. Dosh; O. W., J. C. White.

FORESTERS.

Court Sutter, Independent Order of Foresters, has installed these officers: C. R., W. E. Norris; V. C. R., James L. Gillis; R. S., C. W. Frazer; F. S., D. J. Davis; Treasurer, L. Geiger; Chaplain, R. Joy; S. W., F. E. Croucher; J. W., H. A. Knox; S. B., George Slusher; J. B., M. Halloran.

THE TURNERS.

Sacramento Turn-Verein has elected the following officers: President, Gustav Kortstein; Vice-President, Charles Schmitt; Recording and Corresponding Secretary, J. J. Trarbach; Treasurer, J. Lang; Collector, C. Iser; First Turn-Leader, Fred Guenther; Second Turn-Leader, F. G. Dousing; Sergeant-at-Arms, Harry Uhl; Gymnasium Director, G. F. Faig; Trustee, H. Fischer; Librarian, J. Storch; Delegates to the Turner Convention, L. Lothhammer, J. Laug, O. G. Hartig, C. Schneider, L. B. Mohr and J. J. Trarbach.

SCHILLER LODGE INSTALLATION.

The newly-elected officers of Schiller Lodge, I. O. O. F., were installed by District Deputy, George W. Newman, as follows: Robert Reuter, Noble Grand; George Bernhard, Vice-Grand; J. J. Trarbach, Recording Secretary; Simon Wild, Permanent Secretary; Markus Graf, Treasurer; L. Egeberg, Warden; J. Lang, Conductor; William Geiger, Inside Guardian, B. H. Chapman; Outside Guard, William Krause; R. S. N. G.; O. G. Hartig, L. S. N. G.; F. J. Struble, R. S. V. G.; F. Wagner, L. S. V. G.; Clem Schwarz, R. S. S.; John Kost, L. S. S.

"LOOK OUT, THERE!"

A Realistic Scene That Was Not Set Down in the Bills.

Every now and then there are in theaters dramatic incidents on the wrong side of the footlights. One of these, of an amusing character, occurred in the Clunie Opera-house last night, testifying how completely one may become absorbed in a play, and how utterly the spectator may be lost to his immediate environment.

In the second act of "Life in London," the heroine, a persecuted blind woman, crosses the footway of a lock in a canal, feeling her way carefully. On her return, somewhat later, the villain, who somehow is always around bothering heroines, opens the lock and thus removes the wooden footway. The house was in almost perfect silence as the blind woman crept up the embankment and felt her way along its path towards the fatal gap. As an alleged wit has said, a paper of pins could have been heard to fall. The situation was very thrilling, and the anticipated climax held the audience in painful suspense.

Just as the woman reached the edge of the open way and was about to plunge over into the water beneath, a sedate gentleman in the middle of the house, who had followed the plot of the piece with deep interest, forgot his surroundings and exclaimed in a loud tone of alarm and honest fear, "Look out, there, madam!"

The affect can be better immagined than described, as the heroine declining to take the friendly advice, toppled over, amidst a confusion of laughter and applause.

JEFFERIS' CASE.

The Grand Jury Still Investigating It—No New Developments.

The Grand Jury is still engaged in examining persons who profess to have any knowledge of the relations that existed between George B. Jefferis and Miss E. O. Ayres, the victim of the Brighton tragedy.

That which transpires in the Grand Jury room is supposed to be kept secret, but certain correspondents of San Francisco papers have given what purported to be testimony taken by the Grand Jury. By waylaying the witnesses they have managed to secure a little information of this kind, to which has been added a great deal that was never said.

There has been nothing developed thus far different from what was published several days ago. It is understood that the prosecution has not yet procured evidence to show conclusively that Jefferis visited Brighton on the night of the tragedy, wherefore it will be difficult to make the showing, at the examination set for to-day, necessary to hold him for trial. In the meantime the Grand Jury may feel justified in finding an indictment against him.

The suicide theory is, however, daily finding new converts.

Auction To-Day.

At 10 A. M. to-day Bell, Greer & Co. will sell at auction, at their salesrooms, 1004-6 J street, near Tenth, the balance of the fine furniture removed from 1419 O street, for convenience of sale; also, the elegant body Brussels carpets, etc.

Sewerage Investigation.

The City Trustees yesterday postponed action on the resolutions submitted to them on Monday, relating to the appointment of an Advisory and Investigating Committee of citizens relative to a new and better system of sewerage.

River Convention.

The River Improvement Convention, which is to be held in this city on the 18th inst., will convene in the lecture room of the Crocker Art Gallery, which has been prepared for the occasion.

A wonderful story comes from London. Jane Savage, a working woman, so the truthful cable says, accidentally swallowed a razor. At first it lodged in her throat, but when a surgeon arrived the razor had disappeared. She was taken to the Lincoln Hospital, her stomach was opened, the razor removed and the woman is doing well and will probably recover.

FARMERS' ALLIANCE.

Opposed to the Appointment of Another Superior Judge.

Want the Poll-Tax Retained—A Woman as Good as Her Husband, or Any Other Man.

The County Farmers' Alliance held its quarterly session at Grangers' Hall yesterday. After some routine business a letter was read from Hon. Eben B. Owen, member of the Assembly, stating that he wished to know their sentiments with regard to the bill his colleague. Hon. W. A. Anderson, intended to introduce providing for an additional Superior Judge for this county, and which he though would involve the building of a new Courthouse and additional county deputies.

He also desired to know the views of the Alliance on the abolition of the poll-tax, which is the only tax collected from the 73,000 Chinamen and Japanese in this State, and $1 50 of which goes to support the common schools. He did not think any man who was unwilling to contribute to the support of the Government should not ask to be allowed to help make its laws by his vote.

He also wished to know their views on the law giving the wife the privilege of administering on her husband's estate.

At the afternoon session a telegram was received from James B. Weaver expressing the hope that the Alliance would stand by the principles of the People's party. It was received with cheers.

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED.

The following resolutions were passed:

WHEREAS, We hold sacred the principles of the Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union, as set forth in St. Louis in December, 1889, heartily indorsed at Ocalla in 1890, and again at Indianapolis in 1891, and Memphis in November, 1892; therefore be it

Resolved, That this County Alliance of Sacramento County, in council assembled, do sincerely disapprove of the election of any man to the Senate of the United States whose record in the past has not been in sympathy with, and along the line of Alliance principles, and who does not indorse the Ocalla platform and demands of our order.

The Alliance further passed the following resolutions:

Resolved, That we, the members of the Sacramento County Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union, in quarterly session assembled this 10th day of January, 1893, do most earnestly request and urge the eight members of the Assembly to vote and work first and all the time for a United States Senator who is in full accord with the Alliance demands as set forth in the Ocalla demands and the Omaha platform.

Resolved, That we recognize in their nominee, Thomas V. Cator, such a man, and we fully and freely indorse and give him our moral support.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to each of the eight members above mentioned.

OTHER BUSINESS.

The Alliance indorsed the resolutions of Pomona Grange in respect to Superior Judge, and also to the poll-tax, with the exception of the allusion to the saloons and gambling places.

It favored the passage of law giving the wife the privilege of administering on her husband's estate, as he does on hers.

Addresses were made by E. M. Wardell, Chairman of the State People's party; J. L. Gilbert, State President of the Farmers' Alliance; G. B. Johnson of San Jose, Marion Cannon, and Assemblymen Barlow, Vann, Bennett and Massey Thomas.

HORSE TALK.

Six Carloads of Palo Alto Trotters Sent East.

An Aristocratic Arrival at the Rancho del Paso—McCormick Handling the Haggin Runners.

Frank W. Covey, superintendent in charge of the trotting department of Senator Stanford's Palo Alto stock farm, was in Vina last week arranging for the shipment to New York of three carloads of blooded horses and colts from the stables at Vina. The horses left there yesterday on the local train.

Mr. Covey will meet the Vina horses here with three carloads from Palo Alto. From here they will be taken East by special train, and Mr. Covey will go East with the horses. The consignment is all sold to arrive in the East, and among them are the following:

Alban, b.s., record 2:24, by General Benton; dam, Lady Morgan, by Rysdyke's, Hamiltonian.

Nenox, b. g., record 2:27¾, by Nephew; dam, Miss Knox.

Wild Victor, b. g., record 2:39, by Wildnut; dam, Victoria.

Flower Boy, br. s., record 2:33½, by Nephew; dam, Wildflower.

Clarion, br. s., record 2:34¾, by Azmoor; dam, Clarabel.

Sketch, b. s., by Azmoor; dam, Sprite.

Error, b. s., by Electioneer; dam, Eliza Dolph.

B. s., by Electioneer; dam, Dora.

Six Electioneer mares, in foal; seven General Benton mares, in foal; thirty-eight two-year-olds by sons of Electioneer, Azmoor, Whips, Electricity and others. There is also one carload of geldings that should make fine road horses, having speed and style.

The entire consignment left this city last night.

FIRST COLT OF THE YEAR.

The Emperor Norfolk-Los Angeles foal is not the first of the year, if a report from Haggin's Rancho del Paso be correct. On the night of January 3d Mollie Walton, formerly Kestrel, dropped a bay filly to Maxim, the great Australian by Nordenfeldt, who was imported to this country about a year ago. This is the first of the get of Maxim in this country, and the career of this filly will be watched by the horse world with great interest.

M'CORMICK AT RANCHO DEL PASO.

Billy McCormick, who formerly trained for Theodore Winters, and who handled El Rio Rey in his remarkable career on the turf, is now training some exceptionally speedy thoroughbreds on the Rancho del Paso, near Sacramento. He has several in hand that are supposed to be cracks, and he will journey East with them in the spring and try to win some of the big purses.

Two that are very well thought of are Calvados and Anchoret. Anchoret is the Hermit-Substitute colt who was imported to this country from England, where Marcus Daly purchased him for $4,000. He is a three-year-old, and is a half-brother to St. Blaise. He is entered in the American Derby, and great things are expected of him. Calvados is a three-year-old by Gallopin, dam Maid of the Hills, the property of Colonel H. I. Thornton. He is a black colt, sixteen hands high, and is said to be fast enough to beat anything.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

The Society's Coming Convention—Some of Its Aims and Objects.

The Christian Endeavor Union of this city and county will hold its first quarterly convention in the Congregational Church on Friday afternoon and evening next. The afternoon session will convene at 2:30, and the evening session at 7:30. Every effort is being put forth by the Christian Endeavor Union to make this convention an interesting and instructive one to all who attend. The programme in full will be published later.

Few persons outside the churches are aware of the magnitude to which the Christian Endeavor has grown. In 1881 the first society was organized in Maine. Now every State and province on the continent can point to one or more Christian Endeavor Unions, composed of many societies. Beside this, every civilized country has received and adopted this organization. The Christian Endeavor pledge has been translated into almost every tongue, even down to the Chinese. The Secretary of the United Society of Christian Endeavor, in his quarterly report of December 1, 1892, announces 23,565 societies, with a membership of 1,413,900 persons. These are the youth of the land. This is in less than twelve years, and with the increase still coming at the rate of 100 societies per week.

All denominations are represented and recognized in this society, and branches have lately been organized in the regular army and navy. The younger element have been taken care of by the formation of the Junior Christian Endeavor Society. Many cities have Junior Unions and hold conventions. In this society no doctrinal policy of any denomination is sacrificed. The purpose of its promoters is that the Society of Christian Endeavor is to have its great part in bringing about spiritual unity; not by breaking down denominations, but by elevating to a common plane the great army of Christian young men and women in every evangelical denomination.

THE MISSING HANCHETTE.

It is Reported That He Will be in This City To-Day.

H. Jay Hanchette, the missing Secretary of the Chamber of Commerce of Los Angeles, who so suddenly disappeared from Chicago two years—which disappearance created a great sensation at the time—is expected to arrive in Sacramento this morning.

Hanchette, it will be remembered, was sent by the Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce to attend an orange carnival in Chicago. At an unexpected moment he mysteriously disappeared, and it was supposed he had been murdered or otherwise foully dealt with. No tidings were ever received from him by his family in Los Angeles, which bore out the belief that he was dead.

About a year ago it was reported that he had been seen in Northern California, traveling under an assumed name and disguised in such a way that recognition was almost impossible.

It is said by the person from whom this information is gleaned that Hanchette will remain in Sacramento two days, in consultation with intimate friends on private business.

Some time in the near future he will return to Los Angeles, when all matters pertaining to his disappearance will be explained satisfactorily to all his friends and acquaintances.

Hanchette has a wife and two children residing in Los Angeles.

REGISTRAR BROWN.

A San Francisco Official Who is Said to Be Doomed.

It was reliably given out last night that Registrar Brown of San Francisco is to be removed from office to-day by Governor Markham, as the result of charges brought against Brown with reference to the late election.

It was further stated that either Al Evans or Tim Sullivan of the metropolis would be appointed to Brown's place.

Brown came up from San Francisco last night and, it is said, will have a conference with the Governor this morning.

AMUSEMENTS.

The Clunie Opera-house was packed from orchestra to gallery last night with a well-pleased, indeed, an enthusiastic audience. Mr. Daley's stock company proved its mettle thoroughly. "Life in London" was excellently played. There was not a weak spot in it. The company is letter-perfect, and work together like well-ordered troops. Miss McAllister proved beyond all question that she is an actress of strong emotional power, intelligent perceptions and deep feeling. Twice she had half the eyes in the audience moist in tears; men trying to conceal the weakness, and women confessing it behind their handkerchiefs. Little Irene on second hearing justified the judgment that she is a remarkably clever child-actress. The duet by Miss Calef and Mr. Hess was well rendered. Mr. Duffield, Mr. Snow, Mr. Halden, Mr. Hess and Mr. Cleaves were fully deserving of the warm commendation given them by the audience. The melodrama will be repeated to-night.

The California Museum Association announces that it has taken the Metropolitan Theater for the evenings of the 18th and 19th for two lectures by Captain H. E. W. Campbell of Philadelphia for the benefit of the association funds. Captain Campbell has had great success in San Francisco, and his illustrated lectures on "Sculpture, Architecture and Old Masters," and "Our Navy and Coast Defenses," are indorsed with exceeding warmth in San Francisco.

BRIEF NOTES.

Henry Alter has been appointed a Deputy Sheriff.

Kirk Swingle, son of George Swingle, who resides in Yolo County, some eight miles west of Washington, is ill with smallpox of a mild type.

Judge Catlin yesterday made an order appointing C. E. Elliott as attorney for C. Duffy, who on Christmas day assaulted Nieman, the cook on the steamer Modoc, with a cleaver.

The hackman whom Mrs. Hyden complained of on Monday night as having stolen her purse was "Yorkey" Monaghan. She has not, however, since appeared to swear to any complaint against him.

The Athletic Club.

At a meeting of the Board of Governors of the Sacramento Athletic Club last night, Arthur Kelter of San Francisco was employed as instructor of gymnastics at the club, Professor Godefroy retiring. The new teacher takes charge on the 1st of February. The governors also decided to postpone its proposed masquerade ball until March 2d, in deference to the Foresters, who have a ball billed for the same week the Athletic ball was to have been given.

Articles of Incorporation.

Articles of incorporation of the Mexican Development Company of San Francisco were filed in the Secretary of State's Office yesterday. Capital stock, $100,000. Directors—Charles Kislinger, A. Gruening, J. Deinlein, H. Tanner, J. Gaidies, Michael Herrel, C. Marquardt, W. Naumen and F. Luesche.

The World's Fair—The Chicago "Inter-Ocean."

This great weekly, and the WEEKLY UNION can be had for $2 a year, or the DAILY RECORD-UNION and the *Inter-Ocean* for $6 50 per year. All about the great World's Fair will be elaborately treated in the *Inter-Ocean*. Can be had for this price only by subscribers to the RECORD-UNION and WEEKLY UNION.

Men of Letters.

"I handle more letters in a day than you do," said a man to one of Uncle Sam's postal employes.

"Indeed!" What postoffice do you work in?"

"Don't work in a postoffice at all. I'm a typesetter."—Truth.

The Catch of the Season.

Belle—I don't know what you see in Colin Wood to marry him for. He hasn't a gleam of sense.

Maude—No, but his father keeps a coal yard.—Life.

The word "preface" used in the beginning of books was originally a word of welcome to a meal and was equivalent to "Much good may it do you."

A MODEST REQUEST.

It Comes From a Resident of Far-Away Michigan.

She Wants a List of Names of the Living and Dead in California—"Squink's" Reply.

The following letter addressed to the Secretary of State has been referred to me for attention. Whatever comes along that no one else can handle, or has no use for, usually reaches me:

ADVANCE, Mich., January 2, 1893.

Mr. Secretary—SIR: I thought I would write you for a list of names of the living and the dead in the State of California, if you have them. I suppose the law is there as it is all over in regard to keeping names. I have a father that went to that State years ago, and by way of chance I heard that there was a man that bears his name that died near that city between two and three years ago, and I feel very anxious to find out where he is. I was advised to write to you, and hope it will be in your power to send me a list of names, and oblige, MRS. LAURA A. FERGUSON,

Advance, Mich., Charlevoix Co.; Box 12.

In reply to your letter, my dear madam, I will say that with the opening of the new year the State officials and myself have decided upon political and other kinds of economy for our motto for 1893, and we propose to dispense with as much superfluous labor as we can.

However, your request is one of the ordinary demands which we receive and are inclined to attend to, providing you you will be a little more explicit in your plans and specifications.

You do not say whether you wish the list of names asked for sent to you overland, by freight, or around Cape Horn by water. By the time we have it prepared we may be able to send it via the Nicaragua Canal, and thus save money on the transportation.

Since the territory now known as California was constructed, and as far back as we can remember, people have been living here, and, notwithstanding a climate which every one has heard of as being "glorious," many have died—most of them, however, with their boots on.

We haven't a list of the dead (nor the living), but anything can be produced here—after the Legislature adjourns, when the banks and other archives feel safe in opening up.

A good many of our residents have died in the woods and up in the mountains. Some were killed by Indians and afterward scattered around; many were hanged and others drowned, while some are silurians and unknown.

Of course there are names of people who left us which were never recorded here, as many were careless in the primitive period of our history. These we can only secure by telephone.

The law here is about like it is "all over," but we are not responsible for that. We have been digging away at it and stacking it up by the ton, and filing it away wherever we can get storage room, until we have got about as much law as you have in Michigan. If you want it we will send it along with the list.

You say you heard there was a man here wearing your father's name, but as you do not give the name we cannot have him arrested. We might get an innocent man—in that one respect.

As you omit the name, we will have to send a much larger list than if we knew it to have been Jones or Squink. I might be your father, but a hasty review of my tempestuous career furnishes nothing from which I can speak with accuracy. If I am the man, however, I am not the one whom you say died two or three years ago.

If it was he who died, we might tell you where he is, but you might not believe us, and the proofs would be difficult to reproduce; beside, such information would be of no earthly value.

In conclusion, my dear madame, whenever you are advised to write us, do so, whether you have anything special to say or not.

As to our power to send the list of names of the living and dead of California, never doubt us. No one has any better facilities for digging up history than we, and at our beck we can transport anything from this coast to Charlevoix, if the necessary formalities are arranged with the transportation companies.

Trusting to be of service to you, I am yours, SQUINK.

Danger of Cholera Next Summer.

I would especially invite the attention of our national legislators to the following facts and suggestions: While cholera appears to have nearly died out in Northwestern Europe, it seems to be still lingering in epidemic form in the southeastern portion of that continent. This indicates a necessity for the continuance at the present time of the embargo on immigration, at least so long as we have any news of the existence of cholera in southeastern Europe.

It is a well-known fact that in the past, whenever cholera has obtained a foothold in Europe, it has never disappeared from that continent in less than from three to ten years. While the cold of winter has usually been sufficient apparently to exterminate the disease in most parts of Europe, it yet has always remained dormant in other portions of the continent which have less severe climates, to reappear with renewed virulence at the approach of the next warm season. We have no reason to believe that this visitation of Europe will prove an exception in this respect to the rule which heretofore has had no exception. The mode of assault of a nation by cholera may be compared somewhat to the attack of the rattlesnake, which usually sounds a note of warning before striking his fatal blow. The history of cholera epidemics shows that threatened peoples, as a rule, receive ample warning of danger. We have received our warning. Let it be followed by the enactment of such national legislation this winter as will render our defences doubly secure against the danger of an invasion next summer.—Dr. E. O. Shakespeare, in Forum.

A Pitiable Hallucination.

In the insane ward at Blockley Almshouse, Philadelphia, is a man who, once a prominent figure in the city councils, is now stark, staring mad. Although a man weighing in the neighborhood of 250 pounds, he is afflicted with the insane idea that he is a baby. One of his favorite pastimes is to lie on the floor, kick his heels in the air and laugh or cry, as the mood strikes him. One day recently, while indulging in his favorite occupation, a guard accompanied by several visitors passed through the ward. Immediately the quondam Councilman began to raise an awful outcry. The visitors stopped. "What's the matter?" one of them asked in alarm. "Boohoo!" cried the 250-pound infant. "You ought to be ashamed of yourselves. All you big men standing there and letting a little baby like me lie on the floor. Boohoo!"

Weather Forecast.

Official forecast for the twenty-four hours ending at midnight January 11th: Northern California—Fair weather; warmer; variable winds.

Mr. J. B. Emerton.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

So promptly and effectually overcomes **THAT TIRED FEELING**, as to conclusively prove this medicine "makes the weak strong." J. B. Emerton, a well known merchant of Auburn, Maine, had **Dyspepsin** complicated with **Liver and Kidney** troubles. He took **HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA** and it gave relief and great comfort. He says: **"It is a God-send** to any one suffering as I did."

HOOD'S PILLS cure Habitual Constipation by restoring peristaltic motion of the alimentary canal.

JERRY GOLDEN, the old pioneer dry goods man, wished us to say that fo a short time he could be found at the Red House Dry Goods Department, and wishes his friends to call.

WHIPS

TO-DAY we place in stock a full line of Whips of extra special value. For finish, make and material they surpass any we have ever carried before, and the prices are lower, while the qualities are better.

20c Whip comes in black, metal-trimmed; has the appearance of a dollar whip; is a good one.

25c Whip comes in light and dark wine color, metal-trimmed; handsomest two-bit whip we have ever seen.

40c Whip, the imported Java stock, metal ferules, imitation leather handle.

50c Whip, the Cracker-Jack. This whip has no equal for the price. Comes in dark and light colors.

50c Whip comes in black, with red, white and blue trimmings of celluloid; a very handsome and sightly whip.

50c World's Fair Whip, imitation natural birch handles, silk tassels; made especially for ladies.

50c and 75c Expressman's Whip, full-stock, with buckskin lash.

75c Whip, warranted half whalebone, cloth-lined, waterproof.

$1 Rawhide Whip, solid center, waterproof, wire-wound, two-plate covering.

50c, 75c, $1 25 and $1 50—prices of our celebrated Sulky Whip.

GLOVES! GLOVES!

TO-DAY we will place on sale a large variety of Gents' Heavy, Medium and Light-weight Gloves at prices to close.

Men's Felt 25c Gauntlet Buckskin Palm Gloves, 15c.

Men's 50c Heavy Leather Gloves, good for hard service, 35c.

Men's 50c Indian Tanned Imitation Buckskin Gloves, soft finished stitched back, 35c.

Men's Heavy Goat Gloves; regular, 75c. Price, 45c.

Men's 75c Heavy Buckskin Gloves, Indian tanned; solid and serviceable, 50c.

Men's $1 25 Genuine Buck Gloves, Indian tanned, heavy and light-weight, 70c.

Men's $1 50 Light-weight Fine Buckskin Full Gauntlet Gloves, suitable for gents or ladies; an excellent driving glove, 85c.

Boys' Felt Gauntlet Gloves, genuine buckskin palm faced, 25c.

Men's 50c Genuine Wool Mittens, closing at 18c.

RED HOUSE.

B. WILSON & CO.

(SUCCESSORS TO GATTMANN & WILSON).

CORNER SIXTH AND J STREETS.

15 DAYS. FIFTEEN DAYS' GRAND Clearance Sale 15 DAYS.

BEFORE STOCK-TAKING.

Bargains and Rock-Bottom Prices Prevail in All Departments!

TO-DAY (Wednesday),—SPECIAL SALE OF KID GLOVES.

Our Entire Stock of Gloves will be put on Sale at Ruinous Prices.

B. WILSON & CO.

The Inter-Ocean and Weekly Union.

THE WORLD'S FAIR!

The Chicago Inter-Ocean

—AND—

The Weekly Union!

BOTH ONLY $2 A YEAR.

GAS ENGINES!

The latest and best invention for Pumping, Spraying Fruit Trees, Running All Kinds of Machinery, Electric Light Plants, etc.

TATUM & BOWEN,

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In purchasing Blank-books for 1893, don't forget about our Journals, Ledgers and Cash Books with the flexible patent back, which make the strongest and most satisfactory book ever made. Books with this patent can only be made and sold by

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THE ROSY FRESHNESS,

And a velvety softness of the skin is invariably obtained by those who use Pozzoni's Complexion Powder.