

WRECKS ON RAILWAYS.

A Snow Plow Runs Into a Passenger Train Near Stony City, Iowa.

SERIOUSLY INJURING ABOUT TWENTY PASSENGERS.

An Accommodation Train on the Chicago and Illinois Road Telescoped by an Express Train and Eighteen Persons Badly Injured - Passenger Train Derailed Near Morning Sun, Iowa, Seriously Injuring Eight Persons.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

WEBSTER CITY (Ia.), Jan. 13.—One of the most fearful wrecks of the North-western in years occurred at 10 o'clock last night near Stony City, Ia. A snow-plow sent out to clear the snow, running at the rate of fifty miles an hour, telescoped a Sioux City and Des Moines passenger train smashing the rear coach into splinters, and seriously injuring about twenty of the twenty-five passengers. Among those dangerously injured are E. A. Wood of Nevada; the Sheriff of Stony County, Iowa; Mr. Zeika, a traveling salesman of Des Moines; W. M. Eibel of Boone, traveling lecturer for the Odd Fellows; John Maines (colored) of Des Moines; Mrs. F. A. Conklin and daughter, of Webster City; D. C. Miller, an insurance agent, of Des Moines; F. S. Greenwood of Lake City. The fireman on the snow-plow, and the engineer, were badly injured; L. D. Leland, John Lloyd, William Reinhardt, B. H. Barnes, William Zaikok, Elvira Farand and Olin Musin, of the Ovid Music Concert Company, were seriously injured. The snow-plow ran nearly through the coach. Valises, seats, and pieces of the car were thrown in every direction.

AN ACCOMMODATION TRAIN TELESCOPED.

CHICAGO, Jan. 13.—An accommodation train on the Chicago and Eastern Illinois road was telescoped at Fifty-fifth street to-night by the Chicago and Erie through train to New York. The engineer of the express believed he had clear track, as was usually the case, but the accommodation train was delayed, and when the engineer saw the express coming he tried to escape, but the track was slippery and the train did not readily respond, and the express crashed into it, knocking the accommodation fifty feet forward and crushing the platform of the end rear car into kindling wood, causing it to telescope the one ahead of it, and to crash into the end forward coach as far as the fifth seat. Nobody was killed, but John Redmond, a private of Company D, Seventeenth Infantry, U. S. A., was probably fatally injured internally. The other injured are all residents of Chicago and number seventeen persons. While none are considered fatally injured, some are suffering from severe injuries and nearly all are badly bruised.

PASSENGER TRAIN DERAILED.

MORNING SUN (Ia.), Jan. 13.—An Iowa Central passenger train was derailed at Overhead crossing, one and one-half miles east of here, to-night. The rear coach fell thirty feet, and was badly wrecked. Eight passengers were seriously hurt, and two may die. The most seriously hurt are: Rev. Miller, of Wayland, Ia.; E. T. Drummer, of Wyoming, Ill.; Elmer Reice, of Morning Sun, and Thomas Meyer, of Oakville. The other names cannot be learned.

SEVEN MEN INJURED.

KANSAS CITY (Mo.), Jan. 13.—While working in the debris at the Jaccard fire to-day one of the walls fell, burying seven men. Charles Ferris received internal injuries that may prove fatal. John Crane has his left arm broken and badly bruised. William O'Brien, Joe McArdle and Matt Birmingham were also hurt, but not seriously.

HOMESTEAD POISONING CASE.

Testimony of Physicians as to the Cause of Death.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 13.—The court was crowded at the second day's trial of Hugh Dempsey for complicity in the Homestead poisoning. Most of the forenoon session was taken up with an examination of the men taken ill while working at Homestead and their physicians. The latter all express their belief that the men had been poisoned. The defense objected to the physicians' testimony. The court said the proceedings were somewhat irregular, but if it could be proved that the defendants were guilty of furnishing the poison, the evidence would be admissible. The District Attorney said he would show this fact and the testimony was admitted.

At the afternoon session several witnesses testified to having been seized with sudden and severe illness after eating in the Homestead mill.

Dr. H. S. McGeary, who treated William H. Johnston, one of the witnesses, stated that arsenical poisoning alone would produce such marked symptoms as Johnston's case presented. Witness also attended Benjamin Weaver, another witness, whose symptoms he said could have been produced only by some strong irritant poison.

Dr. A. P. Fogelman, who attended the other witnesses, testified that the cases did not yield to treatment as they should have done. He said the symptoms in the diseases could have been produced by some corrosive poison. On cross-examination, witness said: "Cooking food in large quantities, drinking water such as the men were not used to, and climatic changes would tend to produce a disease similar to that which affected the men."

The doctors testified that they were strongly suspicious that a man named Van Wyck died of arsenical poisoning. Adjourned till Monday.

TRANSCONTINENTAL CONFERENCE.

ST. PAUL (Minn.), Jan. 13.—The close of to-day's session of the Transcontinental Conference shows no material change from the situation yesterday and no great change from the situation two days ago, for since Wednesday the conference has accomplished but little, or little, in fact, that some representatives are becoming restive and nervous. It is understood that some points which were supposed to have been definitely settled yesterday, turned up again to-day in a

new light and will have to be entirely reconsidered. Such emergencies as these were not looked for by the conference and at least a week will pass before the meeting will conclude. The bearing of the Canadian Pacific is said to be a matter of conjecture, but upon this topic the officials unite in silence.

WOOL MANUFACTURERS.

Space Allotted to Exhibitors at the World's Fair.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—The Wool Manufacturers went into executive session to-day. Prior to this the Executive Committee were over the plans of the ground allotted by the World's Fair authorities to wool manufacturers for their exhibition. The committee assigned spaces to the different exhibitors. There have been 20,500 square feet allotted. This space is to be divided between 175 exhibitors, each stand to be about 5x50 feet. The Wool Manufacturers' General Committee will consider the matter in executive session.

LATE GENERAL BUTLER.

His Remains Arrive at Lowell - The Funeral on Monday.

LOWELL (Mass.), Jan. 13.—The remains of General Butler arrived at Lowell to-day. They were escorted by Butler Post, G. A. R., to the General's late home. The body will be given a military funeral. It will lie in Huntington Hall. The mills will close Monday, the day of the funeral, and all business will be suspended.

BOSTON, Jan. 13.—The Legislature adjourned till Tuesday as a mark of respect to the memory of General Butler.

OBTAINED MONEY UNDER FALSE PRETEXTS.

SIoux CITY (Ia.), Jan. 13.—D. W. Wood, a lawyer, preacher and temperance agitator, was convicted this morning of obtaining \$17,000 under false pretenses. Wood was the original prosecutor in this district of saloons existing contrary to law, and well known throughout the State.

Sudden Death of a Landscape Gardener.

CHICAGO, Jan. 12.—Henry S. Colman, chief of the landscape gardening at the World's Fair grounds, died suddenly at St. Luke's Hospital this morning. He underwent a surgical operation a few days ago, and was supposed to be getting on well when, without warning, he passed away.

ARANSAS PASS ROAD.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 13.—A Times-Democrat San Antonio special says: It was learned here to-day that the formal transfer of the San Antonio and Aransas Pass Railroad to the Southern Pacific will take place January 30th.

POLICE WANT BETTER PAY.

CHICAGO, Jan. 13.—A petition to the council for an increase in pay during the World's Fair year by the 2,000 policemen is being circulated and generally signed. It is stated that unless granted they will all strike.

ARRESTED FOR ROBBERY OF THE MAIIS.

CHATTANOOGA (Ga.), Jan. 13.—Frank Chishman, brother-in-law of Senator Perkins of Kansas, has been arrested for robbing the mails.

THE PRINCE WILL BE INVITED.

CHICAGO, Jan. 13.—An agent of the World's Fair will leave to-morrow with a special invitation to the Prince of Wales to visit the fair.

A COUNT SHORT IN HIS ACCOUNTS.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 13.—"Count" von Kosky, in charge of the weekly Volksfreund of this city, is missing. The amount of his shortage is probably \$25,000.

HANGMAN'S DAY.

FOUR NEGRO MURDERERS EXECUTED IN MARYLAND.

Two Negroes and One White Man Lynched in Arkansas—An Execution at New Orleans.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

CHESTER TOWN, Jan. 13.—An unusual occurrence, a quadruple execution, which came very near being an octuple one, took place in jail here shortly after noon to-day. The history leading up to the tragedy, as it is as follows: In April last a gang of negroes waylaid Dr. J. H. Hill as he was going on a professional visit, cut his throat and beat his brains out with a club. The murder grew out of the testimony of Hill in a case in which another negro was killed some time before. Fifteen negroes were arrested for the crime, but only nine were indicted and one of these was acquitted. The other eight were sentenced to death. Of this number, Charles Emery, Henry Hurst, Joshua Baynard, Lewis Baynard, boys of only 16 and one 15 years of age, had their sentences commuted by the Governor to imprisonment for life, and secretly removed by a body of constables at night to Baltimore for fear the enraged populace would storm the jail and lynch them, which they undoubtedly would have done. The remaining three, William Williams, Frisby Conroy, Charles Brooks and Moses Brown, were hanged on the same scaffold to-day. Aside from the fact of the number, the scenes attending the execution were in no way unusual. The negroes had a season of prayer and praise before beginning their march to the scaffold.

As soon as the drop fell a shout of exultation arose from the men who crowded into the jail-yard and surrounded the scaffold. Fletcher Williams and Moses Brown died almost without a struggle, but Brooks and Conroy went through the most appalling contortions. The latter died from strangulation, and the former's death was due to the dislocation of his neck. Old farmers who gathered about the dying men laughed, some even cursed the negroes. The men died in from ten to eighteen minutes. The heart of Williams beat seventeen minutes, although he acted as though he died first. At 12:50 o'clock the bodies were cut down and placed in pine coffins at once, and two express wagons conveyed them to the potter's yard. After the execution the people quietly dispersed.

LYNCH LAW IN ARKANSAS.

BRINKLEY (Ark.), Jan. 13.—Two negroes and one white man were lynched yesterday in the vicinity of Cotton Plant, for the murder and cremation of Atkinson and his family Saturday night. Two negroes were lynched for the same crime last Monday.

NEW ORLEANS EXECUTION.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 13.—Allen Beader (colored) was hanged to-day for the murder of William Hamilton last April.

CARNOT MALIGNED.

Enemies of the President Trying to Force Him to Resign.

ASSAULTS MADE UPON HIS WIFE AS WELL.

The Former Chief Secretary of the Canal Company Testifies to the Scandalous Abuses With Which the Whole Work was Honeycombed—Everybody in the Management of the Company Cognizant of the Frauds Practiced.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

PARIS, Jan. 13.—The gravest rumors are afloat in regard to President Carnot. Several deputies, who have been most earnest in pushing the Panama investigation, declare they will not rest until Carnot is forced to resign. The strength of the case against the President depends upon the credibility of Baihut, ex-Minister of Public Works, and Carnot's friends claim no faith whatever should be attached to Baihut's disclosures; that he is malignant against Carnot for not having protected him from prosecution and he wishes to drag the President down with him. On the other hand, it is pointed out by the enemies of Carnot that Baihut's charges agree with the facts as known, and that Charles De Lesseps would probably corroborate Baihut if permitted to reveal all he could reveal. These enemies of Carnot argue that the trial of the two De Lesseps has been hastened to bring them within the grasp of Carnot and keep them silent as to any connection of the head of the State with the Panama affairs. They argue also that Bourgeois has not been as earnest as he might have been in bringing the truth to light, and that the opposition of Bourgeois to the arrest of Baihut was really based upon his fear that Baihut might accuse his former fellow-Minister Carnot.

Meanwhile, President Carnot preserves his serene temper and seems indifferent to the assaults upon him. These assaults are not confined to himself. The Radical condemn Madame Carnot for spending so much money on dress, and trying to imitate the grande dames of the Faubourg St. Germain. In addition, they pretend monarchist habits and customs are invading the Elysee, therefore its present occupants must be turned out in the sacred interests of the republic.

Constans is credited by nearly every one with being at the bottom of the attack upon Carnot. He is known to have a bitter feeling toward the President on account of his ejection from the Cabinet, and to be desirous also of removing Carnot from Presidential rivalry. Constans keeps very quiet. He disclaims responsibility for the existing agitation, but his disclaimer finds no credence among the well-informed. All eyes are turned toward Constans as the coming master, if not already the master of the situation from a Republican standpoint. The other prominent figure is General Sausier, whose control of the military in Paris would give him, in the event of an uprising, almost unlimited opportunity to gratify his own ambition, or serve the purpose of others. It is known Sausier has been soured both by the Socialists and the Bonapartists, but they have not met with encouragement.

THE TRIAL OF THE ACCUSED.

PARIS, Jan. 13.—The Panama trial was resumed this morning. A number of witnesses were called to show that favorable reports were made by the canal company which were known to be untrue by the officials, and insurmountable difficulties, known to be so by De Lesseps and others, were brushed aside.

Captain Frayse, the Superintendent of the canal works, said that he frequently told Ferdinand De Lesseps of the difficulties that were hindering the enterprise.

Etienne Martin, once Chief Secretary of the Canal Company, described his experience while he was in office, and the scorn he felt for the methods of the Directors. The unvarnished corruptness of the contract system, he said, often rendered him so indignant that he protested to the board at a meeting against the scandalous abuses with which the whole canal work was honeycombed. Eventually he resigned, rather than sign contracts for machinery and supplies with French firms whose bids taken together were 2,000,000 francs higher than the bids of English and Dutch firms. Everybody in the management of the company knew this sort of work was being done. Also Baron De Reinach and other financial agents were getting enormous commissions.

M. Hyeronimus, Chief Accountant of the Panama Canal Company, was questioned at length by President Perrier in regard to the receipts and disbursements. His answers were evasive, and he insisted he knew nothing of the company's operations.

M. Reynier, the Canal Company's cashier, made a statement as to the expenses, issues and loans. Careful questioning as to the names on the vouchers that he signed elicited only the reply, "I do not know."

M. Boudard, entrusted with part of the press fund used by the Panama company, also had a lapse of memory.

Charles De Lesseps was called to testify as to bonds payable to bearer issued by the Panama Canal Company. He was white and haggard. His eyes were bloodshot and he spoke apparently with difficulty. He explained that of some 1,000,000 francs Bons au Porteur, 375,000 went to M. Baihut, then Minister of Public Works, and 600,000 to Cornelius Harz. The rest of the money was distributed in small amounts among many persons, whose favor was indispensable to the company.

M. Oberndorfer, a banker, testified that as a member of the guarantee syndicate he took shares to the nominal amount of 6,175,000 francs, paying for them two francs and fifty centimes each. His profits from this source were eventually 1,200,000 francs. For suggesting the lottery scheme he received some 2,000,000 francs. As this proved to be an excellent operation he never considered himself overpaid. He said he received nothing for his work on the Bourse in the company's interest.

PERISHED IN THE FLAMES.

Hotel at Duluth, Minn., Burned to the Ground.

TWO MEN AND ONE WOMAN LOSE THEIR LIVES.

The Condition of Ex-Secretary Blaine Again Critical in the Extreme—Senator Carlisle Accepts the Portfolio of Secretary of the Treasury in President-Elect Cleveland's Cabinet—General Butler's Remains Taken to Lowell, Mass.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

DULUTH (Minn.), Jan. 13.—The St. Louis Hotel was burned to the ground to-day and adjoining property badly damaged. The fire started in the basement of the hotel and was caused probably by a leaky gas meter. The flames spread with great rapidity and many guests had great difficulty in escaping. There were many narrow escapes and many were slightly injured by the breaking of three windows to reach the fire escapes. Several ladies made their escape very lightly clad and suffered severely from cold. It was reported at first that four or five lives were lost, but later this was contradicted. Late this evening, however, Conductor Schaefer of the "Soo" line reports that Brakeman Preston and Baggage-man Beader, who roomed together at the hotel, are missing, and there is little doubt they perished. It is also feared that a scrub-woman, name unknown, perished. The Brighton Hotel next door and other property in the immediate vicinity suffered considerable damage from heat and smoke. The losses aggregate about \$75,000, of which about \$50,000 is on the St. Louis Hotel.

THE SICK STATESMAN.

Blaine's Condition Again Critical in the Extreme.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—The symptoms of difficult breathing which caused the lacy summings of physicians to Blaine's bedside about midnight did not develop into anything alarming. Dr. Hyatt remained until after 5 o'clock to be ready in case of a sudden emergency, but none arose. Blaine passed a comfortable night, and there is no noticeable change in his condition this morning.

Dr. Johnson, after his call at 11 o'clock this morning, stated that Blaine did not appear to be so well. He was asked if Blaine had recovered the strength lost from the relapse last night. Johnson said Blaine did not have a relapse, but simply suffered from the difficulty of respiration.

Representatives of the press were told this evening that Blaine was about the same. Drs. Johnson and Hyatt called about 9 o'clock, and after remaining with the patient a quarter of an hour left. Dr. Johnson said Blaine was languid and weak during the day, but otherwise there was no change in his condition. Dr. Johnson will return to the house between 11 and 12 o'clock and remain the remainder of the night. This indicates that Blaine's condition is again critical in the extreme.

NO AGREEMENT REACHED.

Rival Houses Continue to Meet in Kansas.

TOPEKA, Jan. 13.—Both houses met again this morning, apparently more determined than ever to hold the fort. Several Populists, convinced that their position was untenable, have made futile attempts to break away from the radical wing and act with the Republicans, but the pressure on them to remain in the ranks is too great. The Republicans insist that they will not leave the hall except on the display of force. Finally at noon both houses agreed to adjourn till 4 o'clock. This was done at a request from the Governor that a committee from each house walk upon him.

At 4 o'clock both houses reassembled, but by mutual agreement adjourned immediately until 8:30 o'clock to-morrow morning.

THE ORLEANS PLOTS.

MADRID, Jan. 13.—The greatest interest is exhibited here in the trial of the Panama financiers and the disclosures affecting high officials in France. Selection have the Spanish monarchists in their daily articles in their press shown so clearly their antipathy for the friends of republicanism and their desire to see Orleansist restoration in France.

The court and aristocratic circles, well-known friends of the Orleans cause, openly say that as far back as September the Austrian and Spanish Governments and courts were informed of the coming assault upon the republic and knew that a coalition had been agreed upon by which the Boulangerists would lead the attack, while the Orleansists would provide the necessary funds. The aim was to bring on a crisis and force M. Carnot to resign before the general election, when the adversaries of the republic hoped to sweep the course.

ILLINOIS LEGISLATURE.

The Anti-Opposition Bill Causes a Stir in the House.

SPRINGFIELD (Ill.), Jan. 13.—A stir was caused in the House this morning by the introduction of a resolution calling on the Illinois members in Congress to work for the passage of the anti-opposition bill. The question soon became a party one, the Democrats, in accordance with the position of Senator Palmer, opposing it; the Republicans, to fit Senator Cullom's position, favoring it. The Democrats finally succeeded in rallying enough Democratic farmers to their aid to refer the resolution to the Committee on Federal Relations by the close vote of 57 to 53. It is understood the Democrats intend to allow the resolution to sleep in committee.

WANTS A BIGGER PURSE.

Offer for James Daly to Flight Joe Choyinski.

BUFFALO (N. Y.), Jan. 13.—Late this afternoon James Daly, the pugilist, and champion Corbett's sparring partner, received a telegram from the Olympic Club of New Orleans, asking if he would accept a purse of \$50,000 for a fight

TO A FINISH WITH JOE CHOYNSKI OF SAN FRANCISCO.

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A WOMAN'S BRAVERY.

Puts a Scoundrel Who Had Entered Her House to Flight.

BUT NOT UNTIL SHE HAD PUT TWO BULLS INTO HIM.

Two House of Correction Prisoners Escape From the Guards While Being Taken to Work - An Old Pioneer Found Dead Near Redding - Rain at Sonoma - Results of the Races at Sa. Francisco.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

SAN BERNARDINO, Jan. 13.—About noon yesterday a daring scoundrel entered the home of Oscar P. Taylor, a lawyer of this city, on Pearl street, and secreted himself in a bedroom.

Mrs. Taylor, who was in the back yard at the time, hearing the noise came in and, approaching the bedroom, saw the man trying to hide under the bed. When discovered the man said: "I want to see you."

Mrs. Taylor replied by ordering him out of the room, and when he did not go she ran into another room and seized a small rifle and returned again.

The man started toward her, when Mrs. Taylor fired, hitting him in the neck, causing a wound and profuse bleeding. Mrs. Taylor then closed the door of the bedroom and locked it, when the man called loudly to be released.

Falling in this he raised the window and jumped out into the yard. Mrs. Taylor then ran around the house on the back porch and shot at him again, and she says that she thinks she hit him a second time, as he immediately threw his hand up on his back.

The man was not a tramp, as he was well dressed. Taylor was away from home, but returned last night, and the matter was reported to the police this morning.

RACES AT THE BAY.

Last Day But One of the Jockey Club Meeting.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 11.—There was a good crowd at the Bay District track to-day. The weather was clear and cold and the track fast. The meeting will close to-morrow. This was resolved upon last night, and the President says that the reasons are that the horses and people are tired out, and that the first week's racing has proved this to them.

Five furlongs, dead heat between Queen B. and Jack the Ripper, Red Rose third, Time, 1:04. Queen B. won the run-off in 1:02.

Eleven-sixteenths of a mile, Quarter Staff won, Huguenot second, McGinnis third. Time, 1:08.

One mile and a sixteenth, Centella won, Minnie Elkins second, Sheridan third. Time, 1:48.

Six furlongs, Crawford won, Sedalia second, Donna Lilla third. Time, 1:14.

One mile, Revolver won, Initiation second, Atlas third. Time, 1:43.

PIONEERS PASSING AWAY.

One Dies at Sonoma and Another at Redding.

SONOMA, Jan. 13.—P. H. Vollmar, a resident of the embarras for the past twenty-one years, died this morning after a lingering illness. Deceased was an old pioneer and a prominent member of Sonoma Lodge, No. 28, I. O. O. F., under whose auspices his funeral will take place early this morning.

DIED ON HIS WAY HOME.

REDDING, Jan. 13.—An old pioneer named Jake Bell was found dead this morning near the slaughter-house. He was about 75 years of age and it is presumed died from old age while on his way home from Redding. He was one of the old placer miners of the county.

IDAHO SOLONS.

An Apportionment Bill Introduced in the Senate.

BOISE (Idaho), Jan. 13.—An apportionment bill, based on the vote cast at the recent election, was introduced in the senate to-day. The bill provides that each county shall have at least one Senator and Representative. In the House the Election Committee reported back the Story test-act bill with recommendation that it pass. A memorial to Congress for the passage of the free coinage bill was unanimously adopted.

CONVICTS ESCAPE.

Two House of Correction Prisoners at Large.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—On Wednesday last, when the inmates of the House of Correction were being conveyed to work in the outlying fields, Charles Huffner and Edward T. Daily slipped away and made good their escape, neither having been seen since. They are both bad characters. Huffner was serving a four-years' sentence for burglary, and Daily one of three years for highway robbery.

Southern Pacific Extension.

SAN DIEGO, Jan. 13.—A report reached here to-day that the Southern Pacific and Spreckels have arranged for the extension of the Southern Pacific to this place, via Riverside, to connect with the steamers Spreckels will put on. The arrangement is to affect the Canadian Pacific's advantages.