HAULING DOWN OF OLD GLORY.

Blount's Action in Hawaii Discussed at the National Capital.

SENATORS AND REPRESENTATIVES EXPRESS OPINIONS.

The Commissioner Simply Carried Out the President's Instructions—Secretary Gresham Very Reticent Concerning the Condition of Affairs at the Islands—Hawaiian Commissioner Carter Satisfied With the Present Outlook.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The startling news from Honolulu via San Francisco of the hauling down of the United States flag, it is said, was the subject of animated discussion at the Cabinet meeting to-day. Before going into the Cabinet room Secretary Gresham said to a reporter that he had received no information whatever, aside from that printed in the papers. When questioned further as to the truth of the statements contained in the special dispatches to the Western newspapers that Blount was conniving at the restoration of Queen Liliuokalani, and would support her return to the throne, if need be, by the forces of the United States steamer Boston, he said he knew nothing about it and declined to express any opinion upon the subject.

In regard to the hauling down of the United States flag, attention is called to these passages in the instructions issued under the previous Administration by Secretary Foster to Minister Stevens, under date of February 11, 1893:

"The phraseology of your proclamation in announcing your action in the assumption of the protection of the Hawaiian Islands in the name of the United States would appear to be tantamount to the assumption of a protectorate over those islands, in behalf of the United States, with all the rights and obligations which the term implies.

"To this extent it goes beyond the necessities of the situation and the instructions before given you. So far as your action amounts to according, at the request of the *de facto* sovereign Government of the Hawaiian Islands, the cooperation of the moral and material forces of the United States for the protection of life and property from apprehended disorders, your action is commended; but so far as it may appear to overstep that limit by setting the authority and power of the United States above that of the Government of the Hawaiian Islands in the capacity of protector, or to impair in any way the independent sovereignty of the Hawaaian Government by substituting the flag and power of the United States as a symbol and manifestation of paramount authority, it is disapproved."

There was diplomatic reticence around the White House concerning the nature of the instructions given Commissioner Blount in his mission to Hawaii, but it is stated with some positiveness that he was given authority for hauling down the stars and stripes at Honolulu prior to his departure from Washington. It is understood that Blount was given definite instructions to withdraw the protectorate of the United States over Hawaii in order that this Government might find itself free in dealing with the main question of annexation; but on the day of his departure for San Francisco he was cautoned to confide this information to no person whatsoever, in order that the motives and intentions of the Administration might not be construed so as to cause trouble among the Hawaiians.

On the afternoon of his departure from Washington for San Francisco Blount spent some time at the White House. The Cabinet was in session, and Blount was called in, and discussed with the President and his official family the manner of his course to be pursued in Hawaii. He left for San Francisco that night, but the nature of his mission leaked out before he was a thousand miles from Washington, and the news was telegraphed to San Francisco, where Bush, Queen Liliuokalani's agent, learned it, and started immediately for Honolulu. So when Blount arrived at his destination the knowledge of his business had preceded him.

It was not the intention to keep secret what that business was, with the exception of the fact that the Commissioner had authority to declare the protectorate at an end. The exception was guarded carefully by Blount for the reason, given, it is said, by the President, that if the fact that the American flag would be hauled down became known it might cause trouble and bloodshed, and also offer temptation to foreign nations to step in and secure the prize before the United States could offer an adequate explanation for its course.

Blount followed his instructions to the letter. He waited until the excitement incident to his arrival had completely died out and affairs were in a tranquil state before making known the protectorate was at an end. He also made it known at a safe time that the United States would still consider Hawaii and the Hawaiians under its guardianship, as far as outside interference was concerned, and in this also showed the caution which Cleveland and Gresham had impressed on him, to deprive the announcement of any tinge of sensationalism. These are said to be the facts in the matter with reference to the instructions of Blount.

COMMENT ON THE SITUATION.

Up to the hour of closing the Department of State no information had been received there regarding the action of Commissioner Blount in Honolulu. In the course of the afternoon Carter, Annexation Commissioner from Hawaii, had an interview with Secretary Gresham, after which he said that everything was quite satisfactory. He reiterated the statement that the removal of the flag was due to the condition of things in Honolulu, which no longer warranted its floating over the Government buildings. "The Provisional Government can and ought to sustain itself," he said. "I am not at all discouraged over the situation, and believe we shall come out all right in the end."

The news from Hawaii attracted a great deal of attention among the Senators, although there was much reticence manifested when an effort was made to draw them out. The Democrats refrained from giving utterance to what appeared their real sentiments, and the Republicans, equally cautious, said more for private ears than they will see reproduced in cold type. The members of the Foreign Affairs Committee are naturally averse to any discussion of matters over which, as such committee, they have jurisdiction when the Senate is called upon to act.

Senator Palmer of Illinois sees no reason for alarm in the action of Commissioner Blount. "I can scarcely see," said the Senator, "that the act of Blount can be construed as abondonment on the part of the present administration of all intentions concerning the islands."

Morrill does not condemn the proceedings unqualifiedly, but it is easy to see he disapproves the act which resulted in the lowering of the American colors.

Senator Cullom deprecated the act of the Commissioner and said: "I am not surprised that the present Democratic administration should order the stars and stripes to be hauled down. They have taken the flag down whenever they had an opportunity, and there was a time when they had it down in the States for quite a while."

"I am opposed to the annexation of Hawaii," said Vest, "but I do not see anything in the action of Blount that affects the subject one way or the other."

Senator Dolph of Oregon, who is pronounced in his views in favor of annexation, said: "I am as strongly in favor of taking care of those islands now as I ever have been, and would be very sorry to see anything done that would frustrate their annexation to the United States. I have been afraid the withdrawal of the Hawaiian treaty and other acts of this Administration have been detrimental to this end, and I cannot, in the light of the press dispatches, say what effect Blount's action will have. I hope it will come out all right. Blount's action may be the simple result of a desire on Cleveland's part to put the negotiations on a basis from which he can deal with the native authorities anew. I do not care to say anything that will prejudice the case, and know little of the effect of the removal of the protectorate until the present information is reinforced by something more definite.

Congressman Springer was a White House caller this morning, and before he left the mansion he said that Mr. Blount's action in hauling down the American flag at Honolulu was in accordance with instructions, and was undoubtedly the proper thing to do under the circumstances. He said that if this Government desires to treat with Hawaii on the plane of equality, the first step would be to remove the protectorate. President Harrison's administration disavowed the protectorate, and the present administration simply carries the disavowal into effect.

Congressman Stevens of Massachusetts was one of the callers at the White House this morning, and he was asked what he thought of Mr. Blount's action in hauling down the flag. "At first blush it seemed like a step backward," he replied, "but upon thinking it over it would seem to be the proper thing if we are going to negotiate with the Hawaiians for annexation. You don't want to tie a man hand and foot and then negotiate with him, but let him be free to move, if you are treating on a fair basis."

WILL APPEAL TO ENGLAND OR GERMANY.

NEW YORK, April 14.—A Boston special says: Hawaiian Minister S. Mott Smith, who is in Boston, says the Provisional Government of Hawaii will now appeal to England or Germany for support, and each of those nations stands ready to respond to any overtures.

SENATE PROCEEDINGS.

Roach Asks That the Charges Against Him be Investigated.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The object of the proposed investigation of Senator Roach of North Dakota was precipitated on the Senate this morning by Roach himself. He said he was perfectly willing that the investigation should proceed. He had desired an investigation, but yielded to the advice of elder Senators.

Hoar asked for unanimous consent for the passage of his resolution.

George objected, on the ground that the Senate had no power to make an investigation, as the matters involved acts prior to and unconnected with Roach's election.

Gorman moved the appointment of a committee to inquire into the power of the Senate to make an investigation under the circumstances.

Chandler spoke in favor of the Hoar resolution. During the course of Chandler's arguments he yielded on several occasions. One of these was to an effort on the part of Hoar to have the time fixed for the taking of a vote on the question of the admission of Senators from Montana, Washington and Wyoming, under appointment from the Governors of those States. Objection was made on the Democratic side, but with the statement that the Senators on that side would confer upon it. Another occasion was to have action taken on the resolutions for investigation of the claim of Ady as Senator from Kansas, and for a visit to the Territories of Arizona, New Mexico, and Oklahoma, to ascertain their fitness for admission as States. Both resolutions were agreed to without objection.

Chandler then proceeded with his argument in support of Hoar's resolution. He made numerous and voluminous citations from English and American history bearing on the question whether expulsion from a parliamentary body can be based upon acts committed before the accused person became a member. He claimed that precedent established that right.

Voorhees, replying to Chandler, said presumptions were in favor of the virtue, intelligence and capacity of the States to send to the Senate men who were fit for the high position, and the presumptions were that the representatives of other States would be better employed in minding their own business than in critisising the action of a State in choosing its Senators. The proposed investigation was simply an inquisitorial process outside of all constitutional limit. He desired that the country know on his side of the chamber that they would investigate within the limits of the Constitution, and not beyond them. "I heard it alleged of the Senator from New Hampshire very grave and ugly things. I heard men say while was Secretary of the Navy he built three or four ships, which made but one trip, and that to the bottom of the sea. I heard it alleged that the contractors retired from the work rich, contented and infamous, all at the same time. I hear these things said. Does the Senator from New Hampshire believe these matters should be taken out of the newspapers, and that I or other Senators should, without a word of testimony, rise here and arraign him? The Senator from New Hampshire would turn this body into the most miserable and most contemptible conclave of inquisitorial process the world ever had any knowledge of. I would want to leave the Senate with loathing and disgust rather than serve in a body which claimed the right to supervise the morals of Senators from other States, and to enter into judgment upon them. It might be the Senator from North Dakota suffered a misfortune. He never sought, however, to evade the laws of the country, and to-day he is returned among those whom he injured, without a single claim being made against him."

Hansbrough testified to the good qualities and high reputation of Roach for the ten or twelve years he had resided in Dakota. He then branched off into a complaint of interviews and statements published in the St. Paul *Globe* and Minneapolis *Tribune*, on the authority of one Lamoure of Pembina, disparaging to himself, and he asked Gorman whether he had in his possession any documents, affidavits or papers bearing upon his (Hansbrough's) election to the Senate.

Gorman pointed to Hansbrough's statement as an illustration of the folly of listening to the tattling of vipers and miserable slanderers, and disavowed all knowledge of the charges against Hansbrough.

After an executive session the Senate adjourned till to-morrow.

The final adjournment of the extra session may take place to-morrow.

MORE APPOINTMENTS.

Nominations Sent to the Senate by President Cleveland.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The President sent the following nominations to the Senate:

L. H. Manning of Arizona, to be Surveyor-General of Arizona.

L. Q. C. Lamar of Mississippi, to be Recorder of the General Land Office.

Richard H. Alvey of Maryland, Chief Justice; Martin F. Morris of the District of Columbia and Seth Shepard of Texas, Associate Justices of the Court of Appeals, District of Columbia.

L. Q. C. Lamar, who is made Recorder of the General Land Office, is the eldest son of the late Justice Lamar of the Supreme Court, and acquired some knowledge of the methods of the Interior Department when Private Secretary to his father, while Secretary of the Interior.

NICARAGUA CANAL.

Statements Made Concerning It Emphatically Denied.

NEW YORK, April 13.—The officers of the Nicaragua Canal Company deny emphatically the statements made by Count Keratry that their scheme is purely a political measure, and secondary in importance to the Panama Canal, in the interest of which Keratry is now in this country.

Warner Miller was seen to-day. He said: "As a matter of fact the Panama and Nicaragua Canal schemes are not to be mentioned in the same category. The former has been proved impracticable, if not impossible, while the latter has been shown to be beyond all doubt the only practical method of opening a highway for ships between the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans. Keratry's claims are so at variance with the facts in the matter that I do not consider it worth my while to enter into any controversy with him.

"The Panama idea is a foreign one, and in spite of its pretensions, was never able to interest one dollar of American capital. The Nicaragua scheme, on the other hand, is purely an American enterprise, and has been declared by the foremost civil, mining and military engineers as the only route by which communication can be opened up between the two great oceans. Generals Grant, Sherman and McClellan, who spent years studying this matter, said the Nicaragua Canal was the only realizable one."

False Sentiment About Labor Troubles.

There seems to be prevailing, hardly a theory, but a vague, unexpressed feeling or sentiment which no demagogue dares run counter to, that in all disputes between employers and employes, regardless of the "why and wherefore"—especially if the latter class are very numerous—they, if not justifiable, are excusable in taking control of the property of the employers, so far at least as may be necessary to prevent the aid of other employes in making such property of use or profit; that to that end force may be used, and that if, in the exercise of force (if it be only such as the moment may show to be necessary to make the prevention effectual), the employes kill anybody—much more if the slain had been called in by the employers to keep the control of their property from the employes, and to resist their anticipated attacks—such killing is, on the whole, rather a useful lesson to somebody, and should be a warning for the future. It was this feeling or sentiment which the anarchists formulated into a principle, and urged all wage-workers to adopt and enforce in practice, calculating, as they declared, that the disturbances to follow tended to the destruction of all government, the dissolution of all bonds by which society is held together, and the introduction of that condition, or chaos and absence of all condition which they call anarchy.—From "The Chicago Anarchists," in the Century, by Judge Gary.

Site of the Sepulcher.

In a letter just received by the State Department, Consul Merrill at Jerusalem says many modern scholars in the department of Palestinean archæology, having abandoned as untenable the traditional site of the Holy Sepulcher as the place of the crucifixion and burial of our Lord, have fixed upon the hill above Jeremiah's Grotto, 300 yards north of the Damascus Gate, as the site of the crucifixion. Adjoining this hill, which is covered with Mohammedan graves, is a large garden controlling the face of the hill, which is rock, for 150 yards. Excavations at different times in this garden have shown that six or more feet below the surface of the ground there exist interesting ruins, and in the rock itself there is a remarkable tomb, which has recently attracted much attention. An effort has been made the past year to purchase this garden, with its appurtenances, place it in the hands of a general committee, so that it should not be in the control of any particular religious sect, have excavations made, and everything that might be found preserved and exposed for the benefit of all who take an interest in such matters. The negotiations were, it was thought, successful and the money ready to be paid, but very recently there has come a hitch of some kind, so that after all the project may fail.

Germany is worth $31,600,000,000.

OAK PARK SCHOOLS.

The Dedicatory Exercises of the New Schoolhouse Last Night.

A literary and musical entertainment was given at the new schoolhouse at Oak Park last night, for the purpose of raising funds to furnish the third room in the building. The parents residing in the district have spared neither time nor pains to make the occasion one that should be a fitting dedication of the fine new $3,000 school edifice which the residents of the district have wisely taxed themselves liberally to provide for the use of their children.

The building comprises three large rooms of equal size, and no school building in this city is so well planned for comfort and convenience. The old schoolhouse still stands, and is in use on the Upper Stockton road, near Swiss Station, and next year the district will need three teachers, a substantial evidence of the growth of Oak Park.

A very large assemblage gathered there last night to hear the exercises and were liberal in their applause. The programme was very creditably rendered, the pupils showing the careful training they had received at the hands of their teachers, Mrs. Hattie Dunn and Miss Martha Hicks. Miss Dottie McMahon's essay was well written and well read, and the addresses of Superintendent Anderson and Superintendent Howard were much appreciated.

The following is the programme: Song, "Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean," school; essay, "Our School," Dottie McMahon; recitation, "Jennie McLean," Myrtle Logan; chorus, "Our Greeting," class from Oak Park School; recitation, "Grown-up Land," Lena Schultz and Carl Snyder; recitation, "Pride of Battery B," Lizzie Davis; Chinese song, Ollie Marsh; recitation, "The Boys," Charles Boggess; recitation, "Our Flag," Roy Brooks; solo, "Sweet Nellie Bawn," Maud Snook; class recitation, "Use of Flowers," Bessie McFarland, Sophie Powell, Mollie Logan, Hettie Dunn; recitation, "Archie Dean," Miss Pearl Baldwin of Sacramento; song, "Women's Rights," Zelma Taylor, Nettie Cannon, Josie McMahon, Hattie Somers, Maud Davis, Maud Snook, Forrest Lightfoot, Clarence Beck, Herman Kern, Wayne Pomley, Harry Rainsford, Henry McMahon.

Addresses were delivered by County Superintendent B. F. Howard and State Superintendent Anderson, after which "America" was sung by the school.

The first part of the programme being finished, the assembly adjourned to the third room where a bountiful feast was provided, and did not run short in spite of the large number in attendance.

At the close of the entertainment and refreshments those present indulged in a social dance.

AUTOGRAPH SOCIAL.

A Delightful Entertainment at the Christian Church.

The literary and musical at the Christian Church last night was well attended, The following programme was rendered:

Instrumental solo, "Heart's Delight," Miss Annie Collier; male quartet, "Drifting Away," Westlake, Dean, McMillan and Milne; recitation, "How We Hunted a Mouse," Mr. Stevens; vocal duet, "The Burning Ship," Mrs. Hichborn and Mr. McMillan; double quartet, "Hammer Song," Mrs. Hichborn, Mrs. McMillan, Miss Lusk, Mrs. McLean, Mr. McMillan, Dean, Westlake and Milne; pantomime, comic duet, Peleg and Betsy. Anti-fat before and after taking. Dr. Wilmerding in his everyday duties; long and short of it.

Refreshments were then served, and after they had been duly enjoyed those present were provided with cards and pencils, and a prize provided for the one who secured the greatest number of autographs within five minutes secured as a prize a handsome bouquet, and the one securing the least number as a booby prize received a beet decorated with a ribbon. Much merriment was elicited by the contest and the award of the prizes.

BRIEF NOTES.

The new Baptist Chapel at Oak Park will be dedicated at 3 P. M. to-morrow.

It is expected that another rabbit drive will take place at Franklin to-morrow.

John P. McManus has filed in the office of the County Clerk his certificate of appointment on the police force and qualified for the position.

Yesterday a man stole a pair of blankets from Zemansky's store, at Third and J streets, but was overtaken and the goods recovered. The thief was allowed to go.

Deputy District Attorney Jones, accompanied by Official Stenographer Duden, went to Isleton yesterday to prosecute two men charged with the robbery of a Mongolian.

John Meyer and Regina Meyer have commenced suit in the Superior Court against A. Braun, Lena Braun and Frederick Griffin to compel the defendants to deliver to plaintiff a deed to lot 1, in the block between U and V, Twelfth and Thirteenth streets, as per alleged contract.

A. J. Peck has filed in the Superior Court his bill of exceptions in his suit against J. Nahl, and has given notice that his motion to set aside the judgment entered in the case and to grant him a new trial will be placed on the calendar of Department Two of the Superior Court for hearing on Friday, April 21st.

The Capital Hotel.

Blissing and Guthrie have many years conducted this well-known hostlery with merited success. For many years they catered to the utmost satisfaction of every guest. Upon their retirement from active duty as hosts the Capital Hotel has been under the management of others. It is now a pleasure to relate the fact that the old guard have again assumed the helm, and commencing with breakfast to-morrow morning one of the best hotels in the State will again be open to the public under more favorable auspices than ever, and with the two old veterans in their respective departments.

The World's Fair—The Chicago "Inter-Ocean."

This great weekly, and the WEEKLY UNION can be had for $2 a year, or the DAILY RECORD-UNION and the *Inter-Ocean* for $6 50 per year. All about the great World's Fair will be elaborately treated in the *Inter-Ocean*. Can be had for this price only by subscribers to the RECORD-UNION and WEEKLY UNION.

A horse sometimes sheds real tears of anguish.

Royal Baking Powder.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

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ABSOLUTELY PURE

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"The Nonpareil."

AT SPECIAL SALE.

Handkerchiefs.

Kid Gloves.

Hosiery.

Collars and Cuffs.

Laces.

FIVE ITEMS —FOR— TO-DAY, SATURDAY.

Ladies' Plain White Sheer Hemstitched Handkerchiefs; good size and good quality. Sale price, 9c each.

25 dozen 4-button Length Russian Leather Gloves, with pique stitching and large bone buttons; English red shades. Every pair warranted. Sale price, $1 per pair.

50 dozen Ladies' Fast Black Drop-stich Hose, an excellent stocking for summer wear. Sale price, 25c per pair.

Something new. Ladies' Fluted Cambric Collars and Cuffs, with edges of different shades. Will be very popular this season. Sale price, 25c per set.

20 pieces Point d'Irelande Laces, in ecru and cream, 5 inches wide. Sale price, 16c per yard.

Children's Reefer Jackets.

We are showing a large variety of Reefer Jackets for Children, both in solid colors (such as navy blue, cardinal, etc.), and fancy mixtures. Sizes from 1 to 6 years. Prices from $1 50 to $5.

Wasserman Davis & Co.

Corner Fifth and J Streets, Sacramento.

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SACRAMENTO PIPE WORKS

NEAR PASSENGER DEPOT.

PIPE AND PUMPS AT LOW RATES.

Immigrants and Their Enslavement.

The brutality of the contractors toward their subjects baffles description. The contractor is a strongly built, powerful man; he has acquired the habit of command, is well armed, protected by the authorities, supported by such of his employes as he chooses to favor, and sad to say, by the people, who are hostile to the laborers. He often keeps guards armed with Winchester rifles to prevent his men from running away. His power has the essential characteristics of government. He fines his men and beats and punishes them for any attempted resistance to his self-constituted authority. On Sunday he may either force them to attend church service or keep them at work. I have been told of contractors who taxed their men to make birthday presents to their wives. A feudal lord would not have expected more from his vassals.—Dr. S. Merlino, in the Forum.

Accident at the Park.

Thomas Snider's sulky collided with that of another trainer at Agricultural Park yesterday, while they were exercising horses, and Snider was thrown to the ground. He was not much injured, but his vehicle was wrecked.

The Special Police Tax.

Judge Catlin yesterday filed his decree in the case of E. A. Burr vs. W. D. Comstock and others, in which he pronounces the tax illegal and void, and gives Burr his costs of suit.

A Deputy Constable.

J. M. Wallace, who is doing night-watch duty on J street, from Fifth to Twelfth, has been appointed a deputy by Constable Brissel.

PIANO tuning, by Paul Schoen. Leave orders at Hammer's or Pommer & Neale's.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

THE DAILY RECORD-UNION.

The Leading Paper of the Interior of California.

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Clean in all departments, and therefore pre-eminently THE FAMILY JOURNAL The best paper for the Homeseeker, for the Merchant, Farmer, Mechanic and all who desire the full news of the day presented in a cleanly manner.

Meeting Notices.

REVIVAL MEETING.—THE REVIVAL meetings in charge of Rev. B. H. Greene, at the M. E. Church South, are increasing in interest from day to day. Services every afternoon at 3 o'clock and evening at 8. Song and praise services at 7:30. You are invited.

PIONEERS!—PLEASE MEET AT YOUR hall THIS (Saturday) EVENING, April 15th. Important business.
J. M. STEPHENSON, President.
W. H. LUTHER, Secretary. 1t*

NOTICE—N. S. G. W.—ATTEND THE funeral of Brother WILLIAM CUMMINGS, SUNDAY AFTERNOON. Meet at Grangers' Hall, at 2 o'clock.
S. T. SMITH, President.
THEO. E. EILERS, Secretary. 1t

NOTICE.—SPECIAL MEETING OF Court Capital No. 6742, A. O. F. of A, will be held at Pythian Castle, SATURDAY, April 15th, at 8 o'clock, sharp.
PHIL HIRSCH, C. R.
WM. COLLINS, Secretary. 1t*

General Notices.

SACRAMENTO SOCIETY NO. 4, OF THE Grand United Spiritual Society of America, will meet at Firemen's Hall, Eighth street, between J and K streets, at 7:30 SUNDAY EVENING, April 16th. Mrs. Place, the celebrated test medium from San Francisco, will occupy the platform. All are welcome. Admission 10 cents. Members free. 1t*

THE DRAWING FOR A COW, THE property of MRS. GIROUX, S street, Eighteenth and Nineteenth, has been postponed until May 6th. 1t

FAMILY SEWING BY THE DAY OR AT home. Suits made over in the new spring styles. MRS. BAIRD, 309 M st. ap15-3t*

BY REQUEST THE MEDIUMS WILL REmain a few days longer, and can be found at 417½ K street. ap11-5t*

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S HATS pressed in the latest spring styles, 25c. Miss L. JONES, 1008 Sixth, J and K.

SACRAMENTO COUNTY POULTRY Yards.—Thoroughbred eggs for sale. For particulars send for catalogue to Box 376, Sacramento.

NOVELS BOUGHT, SOLD AND EXchanged at reduced prices; 603 K street.

Wanted.

WANTED—LIVE MAN WITH SOME cash, to handle agents; good money; staple goods. Also, traveling man on the road, to take samples as side line. Call or write A. CLISBEE, Western Hotel. 1t*

WANTED—ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER in wholesale house; must write good hand and be competent. Address box M, this office. ap14-2t*

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework, washing and ironing. Apply at 1530 O street. ap11-1w*

WANTED—AN INTELLIGENT MAN who can explain a plain business proposition; none other need apply. IMPERIAL WATCH COMPANY, Postoffice Building.

MALE AND FEMALE HELP OF ALL kinds. Apply at EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 524 K street.

WANTED—PERSONS LOOKING FOR help of any kind, or sober and industrious men seeking employment, can be satisfied by calling or addressing "The Intelligence," 1017 Second street, Sacramento. CHARLES K. MILLER, Proprietor.

WANTED—MEN FOR FARMS, VINEyards, dairies, and all kinds of labor; women and girls for cooking and general housework; plenty of work for desirable help. Apply at EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, Fourth street, K and L.

GENERAL AGENT WANTED—TO WRITE business and appoint agents for largest strictly Masonic Benevolent Association; guaranty fund plan; over $200,000 assets; 9,000 members; cheapest Masonic insurance; can also represent largest Masonic Savings and Loan Association; liberal contract. Address FRED H. BROWN, Vice-President, 600½ Phenix Building, Chicago. ap1-8Tu

WE OFFER TO GENERAL AGENTS and canvassers exclusive territory, free newspaper advertising, a chance to deliver goods before paying for them, immense profits and a permanent business. Address CONSOLIDATED, Lynn, Mass. TTS

Lost—Found.

LOST—DARK BAY MARE, 7 YEARS old; one white hind-foot; white marks from harness-saddle, and small, bare spot in middle of back. Finder will receive reward by returning her to 2305 P street. B.C. ap15-1t

LOST—A CALFSKIN GREENBACK purse containing about $250 or $300. Somewhere between Front and Y, and Third and I. The finder will be liberally rewarded by returning to this office. ap15-3t*

To Let or Rent.

TO LET—A NICE FLAT OF SIX ROOMS, besides hall, pantry and bath-room; all light and airy; also, hot and cold water; 1016 Fourteenth street; $26 per month. ap15-2t*

TO LET—A NICE FRONT ROOM FOR one or two gentlemen bearing reference; 1018 Fourteenth street. ap15-2t*

TO LET—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS, suitable for housekeeping; east windows; 719½ J street. No children. ap15-1w*

309 M STREET—TWO OR FOUR ROOMS furnished for housekeeping; rent reasonable; upstairs or down. ap15-2t*

1315 SEVENTH STREET—A FURnished house of 7 rooms and bath; rent, $45. Apply at LINDLEY & CO.'S, K street, between Second and Third.

TO LET—FIVE FURNISHED ROOMS, suitable for housekeeping; rent, $16; no children. Inquire 1720 Sixteenth st. ap14-6t*

TO RENT—A FURNISHED COTTAGE OF 6 rooms; rent reasonable to desirable party. Inquire on the premises, 1314 Seventh street, from 2 to 4 P. M. ap12-6t*

TO LET—415 K STREET—A FINE, LARGE store; the front will be changed to suit any business it may be needed for. Inquire of E. K. ALSIP & CO., Fourth street, or P. S. LAWSON, on premises, 415 K street.

TO LET, UNFURNISHED—A PARLOR suite and kitchen. Inquire at 916½ Seventh street, between I and J.

TO RENT—ONE LARGE, FURNISHED room at 328 Tenth street.

For Sale.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—ONE OF THE best butcher-shops in Sacramento. Fixtures for sale. Proprietor going East. E. K. ALSIP & CO., 1015 Fourth street. ap15-3t*

FOR SALE—I HAVE A FEW OF THOSE fine lots left on Q street, between Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth streets. These are very fine lots. Now is the time to buy cheap. Call and see me. E. L. HAWK, Real Estate and Insurance, 1010 Fourth street. ap15-6t

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS ROAD house saloon. For particulars inquire at 720 K street.

FOR SALE CHEAP—POSITIVELY THE best saloon in Sacramento. Inquire at 1017 second street.

FOR SALE—$3,750—AN O-STREET dwelling of 9 rooms and barn; high lot 60x160; stone walks and brick foundation; $1,250 cash, balance can remain on place. CHAS. E. WRIGHT, 1005 Fourth street.

FOR SALE—$1,600—LOT 170x210, south side of Y street, between Twenty-seventh and Twenty-eighth; house of five rooms and large barn. CHAS. E. WRIGHT, 1005 Fourth street.

GOOD CART FOR SALE CHEAP—OR will trade for a buggy. Apply at 1021 Tenth street.

A HOME FOR NOTHING.—I HAVE FIVE lots, 40x160 each, located on K, M, N and P streets, which I will sell on the installment plan, and I will give four years to pay for them; here is a chance of a lifetime, as these lots are all very choice and they will double in value in the next two years; I have them from $750 upward; no real estate men need apply. Address Postoffice Box 452, Sacramento. ap3-12t*

FOR SALE—A HOUSE OF 7 ROOMS, bath and storeroom; lot 40x85; price, $2,750. Apply at 1227 Q street.

FOR SALE—THOROUGHBRED WYANdotte chicken eggs; best in this market; price, $1 50 per setting. MRS. J. P. CALLENDINE, 2100 H street.

FOR SALE—DOMESTIC, NEW HOME, White, Standard, Singer, Wheeler & Wilson sewing machines, new and second-hand, from $10 upward. A. J. POMMER, corner Ninth and J streets.

FOR SALE—640 ACRES OF THE FAmous Pratt Grant, in Butte County; positively a bargain for either fruit or grain; three miles from railroad; all level. Write to W. J. COSTAR, Chico, Cal., for particulars.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE MOST ELEgant and convenient homes in Sacramento, situated at 1522 Q street, opposite plaza; one block from electric cars; a new two-story house of 8 rooms with all the latest artistic improvements; interior stairs finished in natural curly redwood and all rooms heated from a hot-air furnace; this beautiful residence can be had cheap on easy installments by paying several hundred dollars down, and the balance the same as paying rent; such opportunities seldom occur. Apply to SILLER BROS., contractors and builders. Office and mill, 1614 Thirteenth street.