

BEARING SEA CONTROVERSY.

Sir Charles Russell's Argument Before the Arbitrators.

DISCUSSION SINCE HE BEGAN OF AN ACRID CHARACTER.

A Russian Prince Loses a Fortune at the Gaming Table, and Ends His Life by Taking Poison—A Sealing Schooner Wrecked and Her Crew of Eleven Men Lost—Ministerial Crisis in Spain Imminent.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

PARIS, May 12.—Sir Charles Russell continued his address in behalf of the British case before the Bearing Sea Tribunal of Arbitration to-day. Sir Charles discussed the rights of Russia in the Bearing Sea under the treaties between Russia and the United States and Great Britain. Sir Charles contended that the treaties in question recognized merely territorial rights.

Sir Charles next referred to the forged interpolations in the American case as originally presented, and argued that when the forgeries were extracted from the case nothing remained of the rights claimed to have been derived from Russia.

American Agent John W. Foster explained that the contents of the documents were unknown until the American case was prepared. As soon as the forgery was discovered the documents were withdrawn.

Sir Charles replied that while the documents were withdrawn, the formal case depending on the documents was not materially changed.

Hon. E. J. Phelps of American counsel retorted that the American case had been restated in the counter case.

The discussion was of an acrid character, the proceedings since Sir Charles began having been characterized by more heat and temper than at any time since the opening of the tribunal.

NEARNESS IN SPAIN. The Cortes Sits Fifty-Four Hours Continuously—Crisis Imminent.

MADRID, May 12.—The Cortes has finished the fifty-four hour of continuous sitting. The members and Ministers are exhausted. Many were sleep half the time, and aroused by colleagues only when a vote was taken. This evening the discussions were concerning a motion to give the Government a free hand to settle the question of municipal elections.

The Republicans and Carlists displayed an apparently unbroken stubbornness. Nevertheless, it is believed the motion will be passed.

A ministerial crisis is imminent. Popular excitement does not abate. Crowds still fill the streets and open spaces near the Parliamentary building. Scores of policemen are constantly on duty in the immediate neighborhood to prevent riotous demonstrations by keeping the people moving. The guards in the building were strengthened to-day, and are in charge of the corridors and lobby up to the doors of the chamber.

A counter motion of the Republicans against leaving the Government a free hand in the matter of municipal elections was rejected by a vote of 126 to 21. The Republican Deputies retired to confer, leaving but two men to watch the Government. Almost immediately the men on watch summoned them back in all haste. It was too late, however, as the original bill postponing the election had already been rushed through the House by the Ministers.

The Republican members at once withdrew from the building. As they came in a body in the street they were cheered repeatedly by the thickening crowd. The news spread like magic, and before the Deputies reached the Republican Club thousands were marching behind them shouting "Long live the Republic!" Meantime some 10,000 men and women assembled near the Parliamentary building and were cheering for a republic. The police ordered them to disperse. They refused to do so. The police charged and were repulsed. Three companies of reinforcements were summoned. All charges immediately dispersed, divided the mob and scattered the groups through the side streets.

At 9:15, when the Cortes adjourned, most of the people had been driven off, and the Ministerialists were in no danger of being molested. At 11:30 o'clock the streets near the middle of the city were still crowded. The Republican Deputies are said to contemplate resigning in a body from the Cortes. The Government is taking all precautions to prevent public buildings and prevent a publication of Republican manifestos in this city or in the provinces.

CRISIS IN GREECE. French and Russian Intrigues Threaten the Stability of the Dynasty.

VIENNA, May 12.—Dispatches from Athens represent the situation in Greece as very serious. Inasmuch as the crisis has an important political bearing, the resignation of Tricoupi was received with dismay.

French and Russian intrigues threaten the stability of the dynasty, and it is believed revolution is not improbable. The enemies of the monarch claim that the King is individually responsible for the financial situation.

Seditious placards have been posted on the walls of Athens, Hattas and other towns accusing the King of conspiring with Jewish financiers to prevent the solution of the crisis, with a view of handing Greece over to foreigners. The placards make a great impression among the ignorant class.

Shares of the National Bank have fallen over 400 francs in less than a week.

RAN INTO THE ICE. A Sealing Schooner Sunk and Crew of Eleven Men Lost.

HALIFAX (N. S.), May 12.—The schooner Esperance, Captain Richard, which sailed from Magdalen Island six weeks ago with a crew of ten men beside the Captain, on a sealing voyage in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, has been lost. Part of the deck and cabin came ashore at South Beach. It is supposed that the

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vessel ran into the ice on the Columbian shore off Grindstone in a snowstorm on Easter Monday and was crushed by ice and sunk. A schooner was seen in that dangerous spot before the snow equal set in, but after it cleared nothing could be seen of the vessel.

Great anxiety is felt for the safety of the schooner Mary Ann, which sailed from Little Bras d'Or two months ago for the sealing grounds.

Canadian-Cured Bacon to be Used. OTTAWA (Ont.), May 12.—The Hudson Bay Company has secured the contracts for supplying rations for the Indians in Manitoba and the Northwest Territories. Hereafter American bacon principally has been supplied, but the Government says as Canadian-cured bacon has been found equal to the American-cured, both as regards its keeping properties and quality, the contract has been let on the understanding that Canadian-cured only is to be supplied.

Drought in England.

LONDON, May 12.—The drought for the past eight weeks caused a great loss to farm and market garden products in the south of England. Grain, vegetables and fruits are withered throughout wide strips of country. The caterpillars are destroying the leaves and blossoms in the orchards. In Hampshire, Devonshire and Cornwall the streams and wells are drying up.

Sale of Meissonier's Paintings. PARIS, May 12.—The sale to-day of paintings from the studio of the late Jean Louis Meissonier, the famous painter, was attended by a large number of bidders. Meissonier's painting, "The Etcher," which Meissonier himself always refused to sell, was purchased by L. League, the art dealer of Paris, for 322,000 francs.

Earthquakes in Sicily. ROME, May 12.—Earthquakes continue to occur almost daily in Sicily. To-day Palermo, Trapani and the Island of Ustica off the Sicilian coast were shaken violently. Many buildings were injured, and will likely fall should the shocks be repeated.

Don't Like British Influence. TANGIER, May 12.—The Sultan will send shortly special commissions to several European courts to induce European sovereigns to oppose the influence of their envoys in Morocco, to that of Sir West Ridgeway, the British envoy.

A Prince Commits Suicide. MOSCOW, May 12.—Prince Alexandroff, Lieutenant in the Russian army, purposely took poison in this city last evening and died soon afterward. He lost 2,000,000 roubles in gambling.

Steamer Blake on the Rocks. MONTREAL, May 12.—The United States Coast Survey steamer Blake is on the rocks in the St. Lawrence River, 220 miles below Quebec. It is feared she cannot be gotten off without great damage.

A Dowager Queen Ill. ROME, May 12.—The Dowager Queen of Portugal, Maria Pia, formerly the Princess of Savoy, is ill of a pulmonary disease at the Quirinal. Her physicians fear that the disease may develop into quick consumption.

BROKE THE RECORD. THE CAMPANIA'S FAST TRIP ACROSS THE ATLANTIC.

STEAMS FROM NEW YORK TO QUEENSTOWN IN FIVE DAYS, SEVENTEEN HOURS AND FORTY-TWO MINUTES.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

QUEENSTOWN, May 12.—The new Cunard steamer Campania arrived this morning from New York, beating the record for the eastward passage, doing it in five days, seventeen hours and forty-two minutes. There was great jubilation over the victory.

It was a race between the Campania and the Paris of the American line. The Paris passed Sandy Hook Lightship at 10:58 A. M. Saturday, May 6th; the Campania at 11:13. The latter gained steadily on her rival, and passed her 169 miles east of Sandy Hook. From that time on the Campania did not sight the Paris. The best previous eastward time was that of the American liner New York, last August, five days, nineteen hours and fifty-seven minutes.

The Campania landed her passengers here at 10 o'clock and thus beat all previous records. She steamed from Queenstown to Liverpool in ten hours and three minutes, or at the rate of 24.8 knots an hour. The officers of the Campania can not say enough in praise of her engines and sea-going qualities. The Cunard Company is receiving numerous telegrams of congratulation.

The first trip of the Cunard Company's first boat, the Britannia, was made in 1840 and occupied fourteen days and eight hours in its run to Boston. This boat had a capacity for only 115 cabin passengers, while the Campania, its latest successor, can carry 600 first-class, 400 second-class and two funnels. These two funnels are double-ended, 18 feet in diameter and 17 feet long, each having eight corrugated funnels, four at each end, with a combustion chamber in common to each pair of funnels. Of the auxiliary boilers, one is 18 feet in diameter by 11 feet long, with four funnels, and the other 10 feet in diameter by 10 feet long with two funnels. These two auxiliary boilers are intended primarily to furnish steam to operate the various appliances about the ship, but they are so arranged as to be used in connection with the regular battery for driving the ship when required. The main boilers are the largest yet made for the pressure required—165 pounds. The plates were supplied by the Steel Company of Scotland, and are 1 1/2 inches in thickness, some of them being 20 feet long by 7 wide.

Cleveland's Former Home Sold. WASHINGTON (D. C.), May 12.—Frank G. Newlands has sold Oakview, Cleveland's former residence, for \$100,000.

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The World's Fair Gates Will be Open to the Public Sundays,

BUT THE BUILDINGS WILL REMAIN CLOSED, AS HERETOFORE.

Indications Are That the Political Ax Will Soon Fall, and That Cleveland Will Give Extreme Civil Service Reformers a Great Deal to Think About—The Threatened Trouble at the Navajo Indian Agency Averted.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

CHICAGO, May 12.—The World's Fair gates will be opened to the public on Sundays, and the vexed question is now settled. To-day at a regular monthly meeting of the local directors of the World's Fair it was decided to open the gates of Jackson Park to the public for half the sum of admittance to the fair during the week, viz: 25 cents. This action has nothing to do with opening the buildings. The latter will remain closed, as required under the laws passed by Congress, and as agreed to when the sum of \$2,500,000 was accepted from the Fifty-second Congress. The action of the board will go into effect on the 21st of this month. The vote by which the resolution passed was 27 to 7. Under the resolution Midway Pleasure is also thrown open.

Edwin Walker, attorney for the board, submitted an opinion on the question, and on the strength of this opinion the board acted. Briefly, Walker decided the exposition to be one thing, and the exposition grounds to be altogether a distinct and separate thing, and unless the National Commission acts vigorously to prevent it Jackson Park will be open on Sundays, the exposition buildings remaining closed.

The entire session of the National Commission to-day was spent in wrangling over the report of the Theodore Thomas Investigating Committee. Friends of the musician have been maneuvering to defeat the object of the committee, which was the adoption of a report practically ordering the Director-General to discharge Thomas. When the commission met Chairman Lannen moved the adoption of his report.

President Palmer called for the yeas and nays, but St. Clair objected to the vote proceeding, stating that it was wrong morally and legally for the commission to take such action. By the time he had finished speaking the quorum had disappeared and the committee to attempt to have the report adopted, moved that the report be laid on the table until a quorum was secured, which was carried without a dissenting vote.

A resolution was adopted, which, unless reconsidered to-morrow, will make the commission take a recess until May 31st.

J. Sterling Norton, Secretary of Agriculture, has been invited to deliver a lecture under the auspices of the Department of Agriculture some time during the summer on the subject of "Forestry."

The propriety of having a "wheelmen's day" at the World's Fair, during which mounted cyclists will be admitted to the grounds, and allowed to parade during the morning and have a torchlight procession in the evening, was brought to the attention of the Committee on Ceremonies by Addison G. Tuttle. The committee recognized the merit of the suggestion, and assigned May 31st for the day.

NEW APPOINTMENTS. The Indications Are That the Ax Will Soon Fall.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—There are growing indications that the extreme civil service reformers, who are now being disturbed by some of the dismissals and appointments that are being made, will have a great deal more to think about in the course of time. While many Democratic statesmen, who are at this time devoting attention to the question of appointments, are worried because the ax does not fall a few more times to the hour, there is an impression, general enough to induce to look to some grounds for it, that in the fullness of time there will be a very complete change in all the offices not protected by the civil service law, and that appointments to places will be fairly apportioned among the Democratic workers.

The President to-day appointed Andrew Borders Postmaster at Tulare, Cal., vice J. G. Eckels, commission expired.

THE NAVALY TROUBLE. Black Horse Averts the Danger by

WASHINGTON, May 12.—The threatened trouble at the Navajo Indian Agency averted through the friendly disposition of Chief Black Horse, who has undertaken to deliver up the Indians who murdered Ranchman Welsh several weeks ago. To-day Adjutant-General Williams received a dispatch from General McCook at Los Angeles, transmitting one from Colonel Hunt, commanding the United States forces at Fruitland, Arizona, as follows:

"The troops returned from Black Horse's camp to-day. Black Horse promises to collect and deliver all the men asked for. Everything is quiet. Will leave two troops there."

In transmitting the above dispatch General McCook added a positive denial of the report telegraphed a few days ago to the effect that Lieutenant Plummer had been killed by the Navajos.

THE MUSCATINE DYNAMITERS. A Large Reward Raised for Their Detection.

MUSCATINE (Ia.), May 12.—The excitement in the city over the dynamiting of the homes of three prominent citizens continues to be intense. At a citizens' mass meeting to-day the opera-house was crowded. The sentiment prevailed unanimously that the criminals must be given the severest penalty known to the law. Subscriptions for a reward were taken up and \$4,500 raised. Committees were appointed to solicit further subscriptions, and it is thought that the amount will be raised to \$7,000 or \$8,000. In addition, the Board of Supervisors has offered a reward of \$2,000 for the apprehension and conviction of the guilty parties.

THE NATIONAL BANKS. No Special Examinations of Particular Banks.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—Telegrams have been received at the Treasury Department from New York and other cities inquiring as to the truth of reports of special examinations being ordered of particular national banks. Rumors to this effect appear to have been started in various commercial cities to-day. The soundness for them seems to be simply that the Comptroller of the Currency issued a circular of instruction to bank directors generally, enjoining special diligence upon them at the present time, but his instructions have no specific reference to any particular bank or banks in any one city. They are general in scope and intended as a precautionary measure only.

Forest Fires in New Jersey. TOMS RIVER (N. J.), May 12.—Forest fires have covered all of Eastern and Berkeley townships for the past three days, burning hundreds of acres of oak, pine and cedar timber, many valuable cranberry bogs and three houses. Many persons had narrow escapes for their lives. The fires are still burning south of Toms River to-night and the cranberry bogs and many homes in small clearings are threatened.

His Application Received Too Late. WASHINGTON, May 12.—At the Treasury Department to-day there was filed the petition of Edward McFadden of San Francisco for appointment as Special Agent of the Salmon Fisheries of Alaska, to which office ex-Congressman J. K. Luttrell has already been appointed.

Willing to Serve Uncle Sam. WASHINGTON, May 12.—The application of Spurlin Braden of Helena, Mont., for Director of the Mint, in the Treasury Department, and S. W. Wright of Circleville, O., for Registrar of the Treasury, have been filed in that department.

The Russian Treaty. WASHINGTON, May 12.—The Russian extradition treaty is expected at the State Department on Monday, and will probably be made public through a Presidential proclamation next week. No additional formalities other than the issuance of the proclamation are necessary.

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Disturbed the Peace.

Warrants Issued for the Arrest of Eight Citizens of Winters.

THEY ORDERED TWO SALOON-KEEPERS TO LEAVE TOWN.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

WOODLAND, May 12.—To-day warrants were issued for the arrest of eight of the most prominent citizens of Winters, in this county, on a charge of disturbing the peace. Yesterday a largely attended citizens' meeting was held at Winters, at which two saloon-keepers, Bond and Gossing, were ordered to leave town within twelve hours. Bond came to Woodland and swore out warrants. A Constable has gone to Winters to make the arrests, and the matter will come up to-morrow for examination.

BAY DISTRICT RACES. People Getting Tired of the Continuous Season.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 12.—The attendance at the track this afternoon was about the lightest of the meeting, and many persons give as a reason that a continuous season of racing is beginning to pall on the sporting appetite of the people of this city. Of course, the men who only visit the track for the purpose of betting still attend, but there is a notable decrease in the number of those who want to see the sport, and who only casually bet. Then, again, the class of horses is growing poorer, and the distance over which they are asked to race is being gradually reduced.

Two and a half furlongs—Volta won, Angelo second, Connaught third. Time, 1:10.

Five furlongs—Jennie Dean won, Virace second, Button third. Time, 1:04.

Six and a half furlongs—Tukerman won, Nero second, Broadchurch third. Time, 1:22.

One mile—St. Patrick won, Abe P second, Folly third. Time, 1:43.

Five and a half furlongs—Lodi won, Joe Harding second, Monte Carlos third. Time, 1:09.

GAME OF BASEBALL. The Friscoes Crushing Defeated by the Oakland Team.

OAKLAND, May 12.—The Frisco team was crushed this afternoon at the Piedmont grounds by the Oaklanders, by a score of 13 to 1, the vanquished men barely escaping a shut out. Horner was the obstacle the Friscoes struck. His delivery was too strong for the opposing batters. Knell was instantly, was hit hard and got poor support.

AT LOS ANGELES. LOS ANGELES, May 11.—One of the best all-round games of baseball ever played on the grounds here resulted in a victory for the Angels to-day by a score of 3 to 2. Harper pitched for Stockton, and eight hits were made off him, besides sending three men to base on balls. The surprise of the game, and the reason for the Angels' success, was the excellent box work of Borchers. Besides striking out five men, he only allowed eight scattering hits, and only sent one man to base on balls. The fielding of both clubs was almost perfect.

Finn has picked up a Los Angeles amateur named Longhead, to take McKivicker's place. Longhead led the side in batting to-day, and otherwise played a good game. Finn says he will keep him.

VERDICT OF NOT GUILTY. Charles Cole Acquitted of the Charge of Counterfeiting.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 12.—To-day was the time set for the calling of the cases of the counterfeiters, who have been indicted, and must appear for trial before Judge Morrow and jury in the United States District Court.

The jury in the case of Charles Cole, charged with having the molds for making counterfeit coin in his possession, returned a verdict of not guilty. Latta, who pleaded guilty, informed the jury that he was the owner of the molds, and that Cole was tracing along the road, and stopped at the fire at which Latta was warming himself. The testimony of Latta was sufficient to clear Cole.

HEIR TO A FORTUNE. Quarter of a Million for a Santa Rosa Widow.

SANTA ROSA, May 12.—Mrs. George Bew, an elderly widow of this city, has recently fallen heir to a large fortune in Canada. Her bachelor brother, Lewis Corbe, one of the wealthiest merchants in Hamilton, Canada, died suddenly a few days ago, leaving no will, and as she is the nearest kin, the property will all go to her. She does not know the exact value of it, but it is reported that it is worth at least a quarter of a million dollars. Her brother recently lost \$50,000 on "Change in Chicago, but it did not seriously inconvenience him. Mrs. Bew is a widow, one of Santa Rosa's pioneers, and is already in very comfortable circumstances.

THE SOUTHERN CITRUS BELT. A One-Thousand-Acre Orchard in San Diego County.

SAN DIEGO, May 12.—George S. Davis, a capitalist from Detroit, who recently bought large ranches, each in Cajon Valley and below at Jamacha, left for home to-day, and on his return will bring some of his fine horses. He has just had work begun on his Jamacha ranch for an 850,000-gallon reservoir, which will take San Diego flume water to irrigate the place. Flumes are being set for a 1,000-acre citrus orchard, to be planted on contour lines. The plans have been prepared also for a one-mile kite-shaped track on the ranch.

TROOPS FOR PUYALLUP. Ordered to Stop Railroad Building on Tacoma (Wash.), May 12.—Company F, Fourteenth United States Infantry,

BEARING SEA CONTROVERSY.

HAWAIIAN AFFAIRS.

Proposition to Establish a Republic Not Meeting With Favor.

PLANTERS FAVOR THE ANNEXATION MOVEMENT.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 12.—The steamer Monowai, from Australia via Honolulu, arrived this evening with the latest details of the political situation in the Hawaiian Islands, as follows:

HONOLULU, May 4.—The proposition to establish a Hawaiian republic, which has probably never been seriously entertained, even by those advancing it, since the creation of the Provisional Government, has not been materially promoted during the past week.

A meeting of planters was invited by Claus Spreckels on the 25th of April, at which the latter explained his ideas of a republic in detail, and offered for adoption a communication to President Cleveland opposing annexation because of the difficulties it would place in the way of obtaining cheap labor necessary to plantation work.

There matter was not discussed at any length except by Spreckels himself, and the communication was referred to a committee. At a subsequent meeting the communication was shelved, some of the planters present declaring themselves ready to concede anything to secure annexation.

The was a convention of the Hawaiian Patriotic League on May 1st, there being about fifty delegates present from all the islands. The object of the convention was to frame a memorial to Commissioner Blount, which should be expressive of the natives' wishes in the matter of government. Such a memorial, which was against the annexation movement, was afterward presented to Blount.

A delegation from the Maui Annexation Club called on Commissioner Blount on May 1st. The Chairman, in addressing the Commissioner, said the delegation wished to assure him that the annexation sentiment was growing in favor among the natives, as well as foreigners, of the islands of Maui. Commissioner Blount, in replying to the address, asked the Chairman if in the event of annexation the natives would expect to become voters, to which the Chairman replied that the would expect it.

The natives of the other islands are exceedingly desirous that the Commissioner should pay them a visit; and it is not to be questioned that his reception by them would exceed that given any personage except the Queen.

Blount at different times has expressed different ideas as to the trip. To a member of the Supreme Bench he said a few days ago: "I do not want to go to the other islands. I have taken considerable responsibility upon myself in lowering the flag, and I want to remain here so that I could order the troops ashore in case of any trouble."

It is thought by many of the people here that the Commissioner will order the American flag raised again above the Government building before he returns home.

The situation here may be summed up in a few words. The Provisional Government believes itself strong enough to quell any internal disturbance, and maintain itself in authority. The Minister of Finance states that means for carrying on the Government are ample.

The annexation sentiment is quietly strengthening, but the delay in the settlement of the question is doing with effect on business interests that desire to expend or invest capital, and the hope is expressed that Congress will not long withhold its decision after the Commissioner's report has been received.

British Minister Wodehouse has written his home Government asking that the cruiser Hyacinthe be allowed to remain on this station until the pending political troubles shall have been settled. He thinks British interests here may need special protection.

The Government has lately been revising its position and treason laws. Councilor Emmeluth recently introduced the following resolution:

WHEREAS, The Provisional Government of the Hawaiian Islands was organized on the 17th day of January for the purpose of restoring to the Hawaiian Islands to the United States, and whereas, this Provisional Government has been recognized by all representatives of foreign Powers as the sole Government of these islands;

Resolved, That the agitation for restoration of the ex-Queen, or for any political purpose other than that for which this Government has been organized, is hereby declared to come within the meaning of the Sedition Act passed by the council on January 30th of this year, and the Police Department is hereby instructed to proceed against all persons making themselves liable under this Act.

Considerable discussion followed in the council, several members urging the adoption of the resolution.

Attorney-General Smith said the Government should deal cautiously in the matter, as there was danger in going too far. He believed in peaceful discussion, which was certainly lawful.

The resolution, which has been the subject of much censure from the opposition press, was referred to the Executive Committee.

The United States steamship Adams having arrived here from the Mare Island Navy-yard on April 23rd, the Mohican, which she relieved, started homeward on May 1st. Admiral Skerrett transferred his flag to the Boston, and with his Secretary, Lieutenant Wilson, and Flag Lieutenant Fox, has taken up his quarters on shore. The Mohican was saluted as she passed out by the other cruisers, with the exception of the Japanese cruiser Naniwa.

The officers of the Boston expect their vessel will be relieved in September by the Atlanta.

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