# "TRY IT ON," SAID THE MAYOR.

## He Dares His Colleagues to Authorize Narrow Sidewalks.

**The Sixth-Street Growl Again—The Eight-Hour Law on K Street—The Dog-Catchers.**

The meetings of the City Trustees under the present administration are earning quite a reputation for being breezy and interesting, and in consequence they are always well attended. This is mainly due to the aggressive methods of Mayor Steinman. Whenever he is opposed to anything he "spits it out" without hesitation and without apparent concern as to whose toes he is treading upon or whose feelings are being hurt. If he favors any proposition he is equally as forcible in his advocacy of it.

Yesterday's session was no exception. It was lively all through.

THOSE THEATER LICENSES.

The proposition to reduce the theater licenses was the first matter taken up. Major W. A. Anderson appeared before the board as the attorney for the local theater management. He presented an amendment to the present ordinance fixing the theater licenses. The amendment provides that hereafter the license shall be $10 a month for permanent shows, instead of $40 as at present, and $5 per night for stragglers.

Under the rule, the proposed ordinance went over for a week, and there was no discussion of the matter.

G. J. Cross, the house-mover, handed in a bid to remove the buildings from the plaza at Fifteenth and P streets to the new hay-market, offering to do the work for $150.

"You're too late," said Mayor Steinman, addressing Cross. "We gave out the job a week ago for $75."

"Whew!" said Cross. "That fellow will lose $75 then."

"Well, as long as the city don't lose it we won't worry," replied the Mayor, and that ended the matter.

It afterward developed, however, that the Mayor was "off" on his figures. Trustee Green had contracted to have the work done for $150.

DOG-CATCHERS' TROUBLES.

The complaint of John McNamara, that on August 8th one of the Poundmaster's deputies went into his yard and took a dog, was next heard.

Gus Sprout, the offending deputy, made a statement about the matter. He said he chased a dog for three blocks, and was just about to catch it when a lady opened a gate and let it into the yard. Just at that moment another dog ran out of the yard. The dog-catcher then "wired" this dog. It was close to the yard, but still the capture was made on the sidewalk.

"That's just as bad as if you went into the yard," said Trustee Conklin, warmly. He declared that he was tired of hearing these kind of complaints.

Trustee Green also thought the dog-catchers were "too fresh."

Mayor Steinman, however, sympathized with the poundmen. He said they had a great deal to contend with and were unnecessarily abused. In the case on hearing he could not see where there had been any breach of the law. McNamara had not even redeemed his dog, and had told the Poundkeeper that he "didn't care a —— if they killed it." It was evident that the man did not care much about his dog.

The dog-catchers were acquitted, but were warned to be careful in the future.

Poundkeeper O'Neil evinced premonitions of making a speech, but he was unceremoniously squelched by the Mayor. "Oh, you needn't put your oar in, O'Neil," said Mr. Steinman. "There has been no complaint about you. You never do any work, so nobody gets a chance at you."

O'Neil grinned and saluted the Mayor, and then took his departure.

EIGHT-HOUR LAW ON K STREET.

C. W. Baker addressed the board once more in regard to the number of hours the men are working on the K-street paving contract. He said all he wanted was an expression of opinion from the board. The law said that eight hours a day should constitute a day's work on municipal contracts.

This matter had been referred to Street Commissioner Green and he said he had asked William Mulleney, superintendent of the work, to be present and make a statement. Mr. Mulleney was there and said that the men were working by the hour, and it made no difference to the contractors whether the men worked four hours, six hours or eight hours a day. The men were only too anxious to work over time, and when there was extra work to do the men would ask for it.

Mayor Steinman said men were very glad nowadays to get extra work to do. He did not see why there should be any disposition to keep men from making a living for themselves and families.

J. D. Jost, of the Federated Trades, said that the contractors had imported a lot of cheap laborers from San Francisco to do the work. The contractors who had bid against Mr. McDonald for the K-street work took into consideration the law making eight hours a day's work, and it was not fair to them to let McDonald violate the law. If the eight-hour law was enforced more men would get employment.

Contractor McDonald said that to enforce the law would cut down the wages of his men, they being paid by the hour. In reference to the charge that he had imported his laborers, Mr. McDonald pleaded guilty. The laying of bitumen pavements, he said, was a new thing for Sacramento, and he could get no men here who understood the work. He therefore had to bring experienced men here. The eight-hour system would not increase the number of laborers, because only so many could work at one time. The only effect would be to cut down the wages of his men and delay the work on the street.

Mayor Steinman said he has satisfied with the way the work was going on, and would not vote to interfere with the contractor. Mr. Green said he was satisfied, too, and so the matter was dropped.

MAY WANT MORE TIME.

There was some more talk about the K-street paving contract, then, but it was not about the eight-hour law this time. Superintendent Mulleney informed the board that the contractor had run against a snag in attempting to use the basalt blocks already in the street. The specifications read that the blocks could be used by the contractor, provided the consent of the property owners was obtained, and if the Street Commissioner was agreeable. Mr. Green had objected to the old blocks as being unfit for use in the new gutters. The result was that the contractor had not made provisions for enough rock and would have to ask for an extension of time on the contract.

Mr. McDonald spoke to the same effect, and added that he had not expected to have the city against him in the basalt block business. He had been told by some property owners that the Street Commissioner had bought up the old blocks.

Mr. Green denied this emphatically, and Mayor Steinman declared that nobody had been authorized to buy any blocks for the city. The city was not in the paving business, he said.

Trustee Conklin said the whole matter was in the hands of the Street Commissioner, and he did not think the board should have anything to say until he reported that an extension was necessary. The other members thought so, too, so the subject was dropped.

Mayor Steinman took advantage of the opportunity, however, to shake the contractor up about the time he was consuming in the work. The property owners expected to have the street in condition in time for the State Fair, he said, and it was the contractor's duty to hurry.

Mr. McDonald said he was working as fast as he could. He thought he could have the street in a passable condition by that time.

ON WITH IMPROVEMENTS.

Mayor Steinman took out his little memorandum book, as he is wont to do every week, and read off a list of bad sidewalks, rotten awnings, low lots, etc., and notified the Street Commissioner to attend to them.

"What about the sidewalks on I street, from Third to Fifth?" asked the Mayor.

"Well, I'm doing all in my power to get good sidewalks all over the city," replied Mr. Green.

"But here's a place that is notoriously bad," said the Mayor. "Men going to the railroad shops have got to walk in the middle of the street. I move that this matter be referred to the Street Commissioner, with instructions to see that new sidewalks are laid on that street immediately. There's no use wasting any more time."

The motion was carried by an unanimous vote.

Building Inspector G. W. Nichols recommended the condemnation of the following awnings: No.'s 324, 326, 328 and 330 I street, and 900 and 902 Fourth street—all owned by Mrs. Sullivan; all that portion of lots 4 and 5, in the block bounded by I and J, Third and Fourth streets, owned by T. J. Seriver; 1016 Sixth street, owned by Mrs. Joseph; all that portion of lot 4, in the block bounded by I and J, Fifth and Sixth streets, owned by J. W. Tryon, and all that portion of lots 3 and 4, K and L, Seventh and Eighth streets, owned by J. H. Devine.

City Engineer Boyd recommended the condemnation of the following sidewalks and bulkheads as being dangerous and faulty: Sidewalks—South half of lot 1, in block bounded by C and D, Twelfth and Thirteenth streets; south half of lot 4, G and H, Eleventh and Twelfth streets; lot 1, Q and R, Third and Fourth streets; lot 4, D and E, Eleventh and Twelfth streets. Bulkheads—East quarter of lot 3, K and L, Seventh and Eighth streets; west quarter of lot 4, K and L, Seventh and Eighth streets; east quarter of lot 1, K and L, Fifth and Sixth streets.

TO GO AHEAD AS USUAL.

City Assessor Buckley appeared before the board and asked for an opinion in relation to the making of an assessment roll based on the first Monday in September of this year. He wanted to know if the validity of the same would be attacked in a charter contest, and asked what provision ought to be made in anticipation of the school tax levy to be made by the Board of Supervisors, for city school purposes.

Mayor Steinman said the city was working under the old charter until the new one went into effect. The board had no right to anticipate anything, but should proceed under the law that governed it.

Mr. Buckley was instructed to go ahead as he had been in the habit of doing.

This is the subject that agitated the City School Board recently, and which is expected to cause considerable trouble. The school funds under the present charter are designed to last until next June, but under the new charter there will not be another levy until October, thus leaving a gap next year during which the schools will have no funds. The proposition at present is to raise this money by a special tax.

THE MAYOR "KICKS" AGAIN.

Reading of bills which had accumulated against the city since the last meeting of the board was next taken up, and as usual there was some "kicking" on the part of the Mayor about Mr. Green's employes.

Last week the Mayor objected to paying Ira Stinson and a man named Holmes $2 50 per day for cutting weeds when all others got but $2 a day, but he was voted down by Green and Conklin. The same men had in similar bills yesterday and the Mayor objected again—vigorously this time.

"I want to go on record as voting against these bills," he said. "These men are not worth that amount of money."

As Mr. Green had authorized the work, he crossed swords with the Mayor. "I know what I am doing," he declared, getting very red in the face, "and I'm endeavoring to do my duty. If this board thinks I'm not I'll resign my position."

"Well, we are all entitled to our opinions," replied the Mayor.

"I won't pay any man $2 50 a day unless I think he is worth it," said Mr. Green.

"This man Stinson is not worth it and neither is Holmes," was the Mayor's retort. "You are paying them for filling their pipes. I can get a man for $2 a day who will do more in three days than either of these fellows will do in a week. I know what I am talking about and will stand by what I say. Both of these men are robbing the city." The Mayor said this in a loud tone and emphasized it with a thump on his desk with his clenched fist. "I say this open and above board," he continued, "and I am responsible for what I say. The city ought to pension these two men. It would be cheaper—I'll tell you that right now."

Mr. Green tried to defend his proteges, but the Mayor would not be quieted. A vote was then taken, and the bills were ordered paid by the votes of Green and Conklin.

The Mayor promised to "jump" the same men's bills next week if they bobbed up again.

CISTERNS TO BE PRESERVED.

A report was received from City Engineer Boyd with reference to the cistern at Third and K streets. He said he found the walls in good condition with the exception of that portion near the top. He said the walls should be cemented. He thought the repairs could be made for $85.

Mr. Green said Chief Guthrie of the fire department was very anxious that these cisterns be preserved, as they were valuable to the department. Mr. Conklin also was in favor of retaining the cistern system. There might be a time when they would be needed badly.

After some further discussion of the subject it was referred to Mr. Conklin, with instructions to have the cistern repaired.

Mr. Green called attention to the Y-street levee. He said it was high time the levee was raised, and his opinion was that it should be raised at least eight or ten inches, with gravel.

"Oh, raise it a foot or more," said the Mayor. He said, further, that he was in favor of proceeding at once with the work.

Mr. Green suggested that the levee be raised from Front street to the cemetery.

The matter was finally referred to the Street Commissioner, with instructions to find out what the work will cost and to report to the board next week.

Mr. Green reported that he had secured polling-places for the coming pure-water election. The task of putting up these polling-places was also referred to the Street Commissioner.

Auditor Young reported that he had received no bids for sprinkling District 6. The city will do the work itself now.

UBIQUITOUS SIXTH STREET.

It has become almost a matter of history during the past year or two that the Trustees cannot meet without hearing something about the old Sixth-street troubles—about the railroad tracks and scales and the bad sidewalks north of I street.

The bugaboo had a close shave at yesterday's session, but it got there just the same.

The board had adjourned and the members were adjusting their hats and neckwear when Mr. Green happened to drop a hint that he was going to let the Sixth-street people put down narrow sidewalks as they had requested.

"No, you're not," promptly replied the Mayor, whose keen ear caught the remark. "You're not going to do anything of that kind without an ordinance. If you do I'll stop you—I'll tell you that right now."

Mr. Conklin intimated that he was with Mr. Green, so they had a majority.

"I don't care," said the Mayor. "I'll stop you both then. I'll show you that I'm the Mayor of this city and you are not going to violate the city's laws while I'm in office. I'll stop you now—I'll tell you that right now."

"How are you going to do it?" asked Conklin.

"Just try it and I'll show you. Unless you first pass an ordinance, as the law requires, there will be no sidewalks put down less than the legal width. If you think you can make it go ahead and try. I'm ready for you."

"What's all this about?" asked one of the reporters, addressing Mr. Conklin.

"Oh, Steinman's talking through his hat," replied the Trustee.

"No, I'm not talking through my hat, either," replied the Mayor, warmly. "If you think I am just try this little game on." With that the Mayor walked out of the room.

## THE DOG-POISONER.

**A Woman Turns Out to Be the Strychnine Dispenser.**

A number of dogs, some of them family pets and some of fine breed, have recently been poisoned in the neighborhood of Sixth and N streets. Cats have suffered, too. The owners of the animals have been very indignant over the fact, and have been on the outlook for the offender. Friday last a pet dog belonging to William J. Hall, 603 N street, was poisoned, and yesterday a complaint was filed against a woman, alleged to be the offender, Mrs. Webber, a nurse, residing at the corner of Sixth and N, for poisoning Mr. Hall's dog.

The woman was told last evening by the officer to report at the station house to-day as it was not desired by Mr. Hall or any others who have lost animals to have her locked up, as she is nursing a sick woman on O street. Mr. Hall had the stomach of his dog taken out and chemically examined by Chemist F. E. Ray, and the poison was found in it.

Those who have lost animals in that vicinity by poison say that they do not wish Mrs. Webber imprisoned pending the hearing, nor that shall she be harshly punished if guilty, but they claim to be able to prove their case and want it understood that putting poison out to kill animals is a crime.

Section 596 of the Penal Code reads: "Every person who willfully administers poison to an animal, the property of another, or maliciously exposes any poisonous substance with intent that the same shall be taken or swallowed by such animal, is punishable by imprisonment in the State Prison not exceeding three years, or in the County Jail not exceeding one year, and a fine not exceeding $500."

If dogs become offensive there is a legal way of having them reached, but putting out poison on the street is not the method.

## LESTER IN JAIL.

**The Man Who Swindled Ben True Arrested at Elk Grove.**

Yesterday John Giveans of Cosumnes telephoned in to Sheriff O'Neil that a German had induced him to cash a bogus check for him and had been operating on others in the neighborhood. As it was thought he might be the one who played the same trick on Ben True, O'Neil telephoned on to arrest him.

It was found at the Slough House that the man had hired Mr. Bagwell to take him over to Elk Grove, and the telephone was again set to work, as it was thought he would try to operate there.

Deputy Constable Graham found the man at Elk Grove, arrested him and brought him to this city. He gave his name as Charles M. Lester, the same that he used when operating here last week.

The prisoner is a very bright, well-educated man. He says he is a stenographer and claims to have edited a newspaper. That was, presumably, when he was an honest man. He says he came from England and Scotland to this coast and started life in California at San Diego.

## FEDERATED TRADES.

**They Appoint a Committee to Report on the Clear-Water Specifications.**

The Sacramento Council of Federated Trades took up the matter of clear-water supply, which is now so prominently before the public, at its meeting last night, and discussed the matter very fully. It finally agreed to appoint a committee to investigate the water supply and examine the specifications, to report at the next meeting.

The Council also decided to communicate with Mr. Fish and ask him to give preference to Sacramento mechanics in the construction of the pipe, should he be awarded the contract to supply the city with water.

The committee will report on the subject next Monday night.

## UNKNOWN DROWNED MAN.

**The Body of a Man Taken From the River Yesterday.**

Yesterday morning a man reported to Coroner Clark that the body of a man was floating in the river about ten miles above the city. One of the deputies was sent out and his body was brought in.

It proved to be that of a man 45 years of age, about five feet nine or ten inches in hight and weighing 175 pounds, with curly auburn hair and full auburn beard. He was dressed in jumper and overalls, with red undershirt and brogans.

Nothing whatever was found on his person except a couple of plugs of tobacco.

## BRIEF NOTES.

Sheriff O'Neil has appointed Philip G. Riehl of Freeport a deputy.

Yesterday Assistant District Attorney Jones went to Isleton to conduct the examination of an ex-convict known as "Doc" Stuart, who is charged with burglary.

Nellie McGraw has commenced an action to compel Ed. McGraw, a barkeeper, to provide for the support of herself and child. The McGraws were married last March.

Constable Hinters of Perkins has locked Wm. Clark in the County Jail. The prisoner was on a roaring jag on Sunday, and annoyed people in the vicinity of the Williams ranch.

There was quite a lively scrap in front of Dingley's coffee mill on I street yesterday, in which the proprietor, W. W. Dyer, a relative of Mrs. Dingley, Antone Valez, an employe of the place, and a young woman were engaged.

**Notaries Public.**

Governor Markham has appointed and commissioned the following Notaries Public: James S. Naismith, Oakland; W. K. Strong, Eureka; Joseph A. Knox, Hopland, Mendocino County; E. R. Amerige, Fullerton, Orange County; W. S. Kendall, Sacramento; P. E. Waters, Colton, San Bernardino County, and S. P. Ginberson, Santa Paula, Ventura County.

**Had His Leg Cut Off.**

As the train for this city was leaving Lincoln yesterday afternoon three Japanese endeavored to board it and secure a free ride, when one of them fell under the cars, which cut off one of his legs above the ankle. He was taken to Auburn for treatment.

**Destroying the Trout.**

It is said that persons in the vicinity of Summit Soda Springs have been killing trout in the North Fork of the American River by using giant powder. Constable Dwyer of Colfax has gone there to investigate the matter.

**Low Lots Being Filled.**

A start has been made at last, and Sanitary Inspector George Nichols is having the low lots at Eighth and E, between Seventh and Eighth on E, and that on the southeast corner of Ninth and K streets filled in.

**Agricultural Directors.**

Governor Markham has appointed and commissioned the following Agricultural Directors: E. L. Sturgeon and Henry Nelson of District No. 35, Merced County; H. Meacham and Robert Crane of District No. 4, Sonoma County.

**Rev. Sylvanus Lane**

Of the Cincinnati M. E. Conference says: "We have for years used Hood's Sarsaparilla in our family of five, and find it fully equal to all that is claimed for it." Hood's Pills cure liver ills.

An experimental boring made by the Prussian Government in the Rybnik district of Prussian Silesia has been carried to a depth of a mile and a quarter, and is still progressing.

WRITE to Cooper's for anything in the music line. Mathushek pianos. *

# DISAPPOINTED HOP-PICKERS.

## Hundreds Sought Work, But Only a Few Succeeded.

**What the Disappointed Ones Have to Say—More Work to Be Had Next Week.**

Crowds of men, women, girls and boys returned yesterday from the hop-fields along the American River, east of Brighton, whither they had gone, in response to a call for white pickers, but found no work, every place being filled.

"I tell you I was disgusted when I got out there," said one man yesterday, "and found scores of Chinamen and Japanese at work where we were told that only white people would be employed.

"Why, the road from here to Brighton was lined yesterday and to-day with both men and women, some going out and others returning. They were resting under every tree along the route, and I tell you it was sad to see white boys and girls turned away when they applied for work to pick hops, and all because much of it was being done by Mongolians and Japs."

Others had the same story to tell. One man said that Menke had one small field in which some whites were engaged in picking hops, but in the others the Asiatics were doing the work.

Antone Menke, the hopgrower whose call for white workers brought so many hundred persons to his place, only to be disappointed, was in the city yesterday. He claimed that he had given places to as many as he had advertised for, but admitted that he had previously employed a number of Chinese and Japs, and had to carry out his contract with them, or until the supplies are consumed. All that he puts on after this will be white persons. He claims to have now some two hundred at work—all that he called for—and that he has given meals to the hungry who applied for work but were too late.

After the above was written, another man, an intelligent American, called at the RECORD-UNION office to make a statement concerning the situation.

He said he was one of the men who had trudged out to the Menke ranch expecting to find work in the hop-fields as soon as he got there.

"I was not so badly misled by Mr. Irvine's statements as were some others," said he, "for I have worked for years in hop-fields, and I know just how much of a 'picnic' it is for a good, fast picker to make a living at it. Mr. Irvine said in his published interview that it was a picnic for men, women or children to gather two hundred pounds of hops a day.

"Now this statement is absurd. I know what I am talking about, and Mr. Irvine did not, however sincere he may have been. I was regarded as the second-best hoppicker one season out of two hundred and fifty men, and I was never able—working from daylight till dark—to get two hundred pounds together.

"A man has to get up at 3 or 4 o'clock in the morning to cook his breakfast in order to be able to get into the field by daylight. About 11:30 o'clock he has to travel from a quarter to a half mile to weigh-in, and this delays him an hour or two. Then he has to go and cook his dinner, and in this way he loses a great deal of time. The idea of women and girls picking from 175 to 200 pounds of hops a day is simply absurd.

"Well, as I said, these fanciful stories did not mislead me, for I knew what hop-picking was, but I was anxious to work, for I can make a fair living at the business where other hard-working men cannot make their grub, do their best. Of course I got left, with hundreds of others who went out there to work, but like all other Americans I took my medicine quietly and trudged back to town.

"I tell you it was a pitiful sight to see those poor people turned away by the hundreds after the alluring picture that had been drawn of life in the hop-fields and of there being work for all that wanted it, while Chinese and Japs were getting the cream of the work."

Warming up to his subject, this honest son of toil continued:

"Mr. Menke may thank his stars that the two or three hundred disappointed seekers for work whom he turned away to-day were mostly American-born citizens, and therefore law-abiding men, for had he had a crowd of foreigners to deal with they would have made trouble for his Asiatic hop-pickers. Even as it was one hot-headed or unreasonable man might have caused trouble, for I tell you that two-thirds of those who went out in response to the call hadn't even had a bite to eat in the way of breakfast.

"Why, scores of men had been lying out under the trees near the edge of the city for days waiting for the promised hop-picking to begin, each prepared with cans and other utensils they had gathered with which to do their cooking."

Being asked if none of the other hop-growers in that vicinity were employing pickers, he said:

"Not yet, but they will be next week. J. E. Camp has 160 acres, and he will put on probably two hundred men, and they will all be white men, too—he does not give his work to Chinese and Japs. There are some other growers out that way, and some near town, and there ought to be work next week for several hundred white men."

"How about the Indians—do they cut much of a figure in the hop-fields?" he was asked.

"As to the Indians," he replied, "You'll never find white men, especially Americans, kicking about them. They get along with the Indians first-rate, for they are native-born and are, consequently, Americans, and entitled to recognition. They are more like white men every way, and there'll never be any kick about them. Even the Chinamen will stand up for wages, but the Japs will work for anything."

"How many Chinese and Japs has Mr. Menke at work in his fields?" asked the reporter.

"I should say about seventy-five, judging from what I saw."

"And how many white persons?"

"Well, I couldn't tell exactly how many were put on, but I will say this—those he did find places for were mostly families, which was right."

**Weather Notes.**

The Weather Bureau reports show the highest and lowest temperatures yesterday to have been 92° and 54°, with light to gentle northerly winds and clear weather prevailing.

The barometrical readings at 5 A. M. and 5 P. M. were 29.88 and 29.75 inches, respectively.

The highest and lowest temperatures one year ago yesterday were 95° and 60°, and one year ago to-day 93° and 64°.

Last year, beginning with the 13th, there was a hot wave up to the 20th, as follows: On the 13th 91°, 14th 95°, 15th 93°, 16th 98°, 17th 101°, 18th 106°, 19th 98° and the 20th 95°, being eight consecutive days of extremely hot weather.

**DIED.**

STRONG—In this city, August 13th, Mary A., wife of Henry Strong, a native of New Hampshire, aged 36 years, 5 months and 25 days.

☞ Funeral postponed until further notice.

**"A Vision of Beauty**

Is a joy forever," and a pure and natural complexion charms all beholders. Ladies will find in CAMELLINE, a California discovery, a toilet article for the improvement and preservation of the complexion, refreshing, agreeable and certified by the highest scientific and medical authority as being absolutely free from injurious substances. Exquisitely perfumed and prepared in pure white and delicate flesh color. Refreshing, soothing and effective in preventing and removing the distressing effects of sunburn, poison oak, etc. Price 50 cents. For sale by all druggists.

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Full-weight Jackets, in all the new materials and styles. These Jackets have the one-piece collar, extra full sleeves and umbrella back. We also have a few stylish tight-fitting Jackets in this lot. Prices, $3 50 to $25.

Ladies' Cape Coats, from $6 50 to $15.

ANCONA CLOTH.

A new cloth for Wrappers and House Dresses, manufactured in England and to be had in the beautiful designs and colors. Price, 25c.

We are making a special display in our windows of Turkish Bath Towls, in white, cream and fancy stripes, at 15c, 25c, 50c to 75c each.

White Lawn Waists, with Swiss embroidered fronts. Reduced to $1 75.

Handsome Black Gloria Silk Waists, with knife-plaited collar and front; sizes 32 to 40. Reduced to $1 75.

READY-MADE SUITS.

Ladies' Tight-fitting Cloth Suit, tailor-made, $3 75 each.
Tan Reefer Suits of Imported Serge, $8.
Ladies' Navy Blue Blazer Suits, $10 50.
Alterations free of charge and a perfect fit insured.

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Plain Silesias for Skirts and Waists, 8c, 10c, 15c, 20c, and 25c yard.

Plain Sateens, in black, cream, and in plain and fancy colors, 20c yard.

Cambrics, in gray, black and colors, 5c yard.

Linen Canvas, in gray, black or tan, 16⅔c, and 25c yard.

Percalines, in gray, black and cream, 15c yard.

Double-faced Padded Linings, in figures and plain, for waist and sleeve lining, 15c and 25c.

Military Collar Canvas, in tan, 25c yard.

Wigan, in black, white, and gray, at 7½c yard.

Crinoline, in white, Gray and black, 7c yard.

Heavy Tailor Canvas, 12½c yard.

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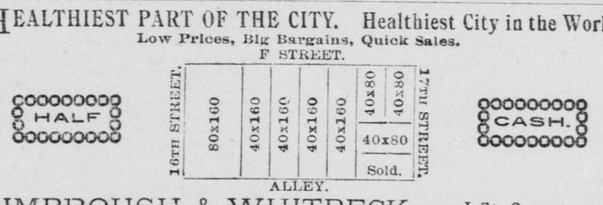


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THE LEADER.

The Jos. Thieben Crockery Co.,
518 J Street,
is always in the lead in NEW GOODS, NEW NOVELTIES and
Lowest Prices
—IN—
Crockery, Glassware, Etc.

☞ See the display of NEW TEAPOTS in the show window.

AGENTS FOR LIBBEY'S CUT GLASS.

GROCERIES.
GROCERIES.
GROCERIES.

WE DO NOT SELL BELOW COST, BUT give all the benefit of a low purchase price. Call and see.

EMMANN,
Southwest Corner Eleventh and J Sts.

INCREASE * BUSINESS
—AND—
SAVE MONEY
—BY USING—
"The Cashier,"
The simplest and cheapest Cash Register in the market.
H. S. Crocker Company.

PIONEER BAKERY,
124 and 126 J Street.
HOT BREAD EVERY MORNING AND afternoon. Try our Celebrated Milk, Rye and Cream Bread.
SCHNETZ & SCHUCK, Proprietors.

TO THE PUBLIC.

MY STOCK IS REDUCING VERY FAST, but do not let the idea run away with you that you can not get any more bargains. Call and see me, and see how cheap you can buy. I have a lot of Suits of one kind I am closing out at 50 cents on the dollar. Call and convince yourselves that I really intend to retire from business.

C. ROBIN, - - - Clothier,
612 and 614 K street.
CLERICAL COATS AND VESTS IN STOCK.

C. SCHNERR & CO.,
Proprietors Capital Soda Works, 1111 and 1113 Front street, agent for
Jackson's Napa Soda,
(In Pints and Quarts),
Imported Mineral Waters
and Fredericksburg Beer.
Manufacturers of California Orange Cider and Sarsaparilla, Iron and Vichey Waters.

SEE US
—ON—
FRUIT JARS,
FRUIT CANS,
JELLY GLASSES
SEALING WAX,
WAX STRINGS,
Kilgore & Tracy,
CASH GROCERS,
N. E. Corner Eighth and J Streets, Sacramento.

CAPT. RUHSTALLER'S
Extra Gilt Edge
MADE OF HOPS AND MALT ONLY,
—IS THE—
BEST BEER IN THE WORLD
TRY IT.

J. W. GUTHRIE,
127 J Street,
Plumber, Gas and Steam Fitter.
TIN ROOFING.
☞ Telephone No. 165.

Miscellaneous.

OUR COMBINATION SALE

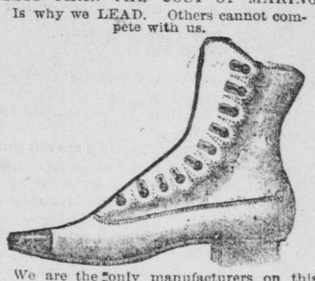
Is still in the lead, while others follow. Selling our FINE STOCK of

High Grade Boots and Shoes

—AT—

LESS THAN THE COST OF MAKING

Is why we LEAD. Others cannot compete with us.



We are the only manufacturers on this coast who sell direct to the consumer. By dealing with us you save all middle men's profits, which amount from $1 to $3 on every pair you buy.

Nolan Bros. Shoe Co.

(Successors to Nolan & Sons, Nolan Bros. and Nolan & Co.),
603 J STREET, SACRAMENTO
Branch of San Francisco.

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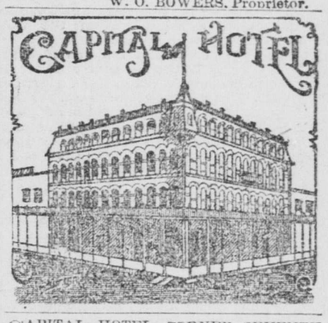
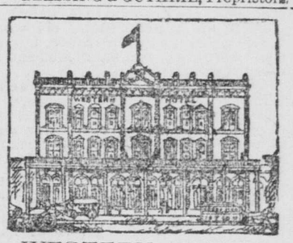
GOLDEN EAGLE HOTEL,
Corner Seventh and K Streets.
STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS. FREE 'BUS to and from the cars.
W. O. BOWERS, Proprietor.




CAPITAL HOTEL, CORNER SEVENTH and K streets. Strictly first-class. Free 'bus to and from depot.
BLESSING & GUTHRIE, Proprietors.



WESTERN HOTEL,
THE LEADING HOUSE OF SACRAmento, Cal. Meals, 25 cents. WM. LAND, Proprietor. Free 'bus to and from hotel.

STATE HOUSE HOTEL,
Corner Tenth and K Sts., Sacramento.
BOARD AND ROOM, $1 25 TO $2 PER day. Meals, 25 cents.
☞ Accommodations FIRST-CLASS. Free 'Bus to and from hotel.
W. J. ELDER, Manager.

CITY HOTEL.

THE CITY HOTEL HAS BEEN RENOvated and refurnished throughout, and is now one of the most desirable houses in Sacramento. Will be rented or leased to a desirable tenant. Inquire at the house.

THE NEW PLEASANTON,
715 HOWARD STREET, NEAR THIRD, San Francisco, a First-class Lodging Hotel; 200 rooms, en suite and single; gas and running water in each room; best beds in the world. Per day, 50 cents and up; per week, $1 50 and up.
EMPIRE HOUSE, 636 Commercial street, San Francisco (established 1860); 150 neat and well-kept rooms; cleanest beds. Per day, 25 cents and up; per week, $1 and up.
☞ Houses are open all night.
MWS JACOB HOEGES & CO., Props.

MANSION HOUSE,
SEVENTH STREET, BETWEEN I AND J, has been newly furnished and renovated throughout. Furnished rooms in suite or single from $5 up, with or without board. Table first-class; prices moderate.

THE SADDLE ROCK
Restaurant and Oyster House.
FIRST-CLASS HOUSE IN EVERY RESpect. Ladies' dining-room separate. Open day and night. BUCKMANN & CARRAGHER, Proprietors. No. 1019 Second street, between J and K, Sacramento.

Restaurant de France,
GEO. WISSEMANN & CO., PROPRIEtors, 427 K street, near Metropolitan Theater. Family orders, banquets and wedding parties a specialty.

Baker & Hamilton,
—IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF—
HARDWARE, IRON, STEEL, COAL, POWDER,
Agricultural Implements and Machines,
BARBED WIRE, CORDAGE, BELTING.
Sacramento ..... California

REMOVAL.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC AND MY OLD patrons: I have removed my place of business from Twenty-first and N streets to the old Churchman shop, on J street, between Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth, where I am prepared to do all kinds of Blacksmithing at the most reasonable terms. L AUKER.

BIG G. TRADE MARK
CURE YOURSELF!
If troubled with Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Whites, Spermatorrhœa or any unnatural discharge ask your druggist for a bottle of Big G. It cures in a few days without the aid or publicity of a doctor. Non-poisonous and guaranteed not to stricture.
The Universal American Cure.
Manufactured by
The Evans Chemical Co.
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U. S. A.
PRICE $1.00

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