

HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

Latest Intelligence in Regard to the Annexation Question.

MINISTER BLOUNT SAID TO FAVOR A PROTECTORATE.

The Minister Says There is No Danger of Further Opposition to the Provisional Government Until After the Decision of the United States is Announced on the Proposition of Annexing the Islands—Mr. Blount Arrives at San Francisco.

Special Correspondence of the Associated Press.

HONOLULU, Aug. 8.—The leading topic of discussion here for the last forty-eight hours has been Minister Blount's announcement that he would leave by the steamer Gaelic to-day. It has also lately transpired that he has taken a definite stand on certain demands made by the Japanese. Prominent Annexationists declare Blount to be favorable to the establishment of a protectorate over Hawaii.

Minister Blount is greatly vexed at the stories set afloat by Claus Spreckels implicating him in the case presentation by Royalists. Royalists are not favorably impressed by the proposed new treaty from Washington, while on the other hand the Annexationists are elated, and assert that they have still other grounds for believing that the beginning of the end has been reached.

In a conversation two days ago, Minister Blount said he had decided three weeks ago to return to the United States or about the present date, and that nothing but positive orders by the Australian or Oceanic world would prevent his departure by the Gaelic, which sails to-day.

In reply to inquiries during an extended interview, the Minister said in substance: "I am going owing to the pressure of my private affairs. I am done with my work here, and there is no necessity for me to remain. Beside I shall leave things here in good shape, and there is no anticipation that trouble will be precipitated during the interval of thirty days which will likely pass before my successor can arrive. If he does not come on the Australia before I leave, I have notified the State Department of my intended departure. I shall turn over the archives of the Government with other property to Consul-General Severance at noon of August 21st, if the Gaelic arrives in the morning.

"There is no danger of any disturbances from the Annexationists, and in conversation with leading Royalists I have learned that they will make no further opposition to the Provisional Government until after the decision of the United States is announced on the proposition for annexation. I am anxious to get home, and an confident the Provisional Government is capable of preserving the peace and quiet of the country. I do not at present know whether I will go directly to Washington or not. I feel that many questions might arise that could give further information upon, but my destination will be determined by advices received after my arrival in San Francisco."

Throughout the interview ran the prevailing idea that Minister Blount considered the Provisional Government a fixture, not to be disturbed unless the United States should see fit to change its policy hereafter. When approached about the contents of his report, he replied that he intended leaving Hawaii without expressing an opinion on either side of the question at issue, but the entire tenor of his conversation went to show that his reserved opinion was that the Government of the United States should uphold the present island Government in the interest of Americans and America.

More light was thrown upon the subject this morning when it was learned directly and positively that the Japanese Government has lately been pressing the Provisional Government for some promise or assurance of future strategic for Japanese immigrants here. After consultation with Minister Blount the Provisional Government declined to answer the Japanese Government, pending the settlement of the annexation question by the United States.

President Dole stated that Minister Blount had taken a positive stand on the proposal for Japanese suffrage, and that he considered it a menace to American interests in Hawaii that should not be allowed to interfere during the consideration of the proposition for continuing American domination here. The fact that the American Minister and the Provisional Government have acted together in resisting the repeated demands of Japan on this point is deemed significant by all who are in the diplomatic secrets of the islands.

The prevailing and growing opinion is that the Provisional Government will be continued in power under a protectorate. It is growing stronger in public support and financially day by day, and by the time a decision is reached by the United States, even if adverse, it would be impossible for the Royalists to make any headway against it. Minister Blount has expressed an opinion to this effect on several occasions, it is said on good authority.

The strongest and most pointed expression of opinion that has come from Minister Blount since he dispatched his report by the steamer Australia, three weeks ago, was made to a prominent and reliable man, a short time ago, in which Blount is reported to have said directly that he considered it necessary for the continuance of good government in Hawaii that the Provisional Government be continued and placed under some form of American protection.

The interviews and remarks of Claus Spreckels after his arrival in San Francisco have raised considerable laughter here among annexationists. As the Provisional Government is known to be not only well established, with Minister Blount's sanction and confidence, but that it is rapidly gaining strength since Spreckels' departure.

The steamer Australia arrived this morning unexpectedly, after a splendid run of 6 days and 21 hours. She brought dispatches from Minister Thurston for the Government, but owing to the length of time since they left Washington they contained nothing new on the annexation question.

Walter G. Smith, editor of the Star, has been held for trial before the Circuit Court on a charge of criminal libel preferred by Claus Spreckels.

The natives of Kauai have started a story that Koolau, the leper murderer of

Sheriff Stolz, escaped from the troops by a code of prearranged signals with his relatives, who were used by the Government as spies to search his stronghold on the hillsides. The story is not believed here.

While business matters are still stringent here, many matters are becoming easier, and a large sale of Government bonds of over \$40,000, which took place last week, has enabled the Government to resume work in the harbor. Large improvements in the water supply are also under way, and it is now the opinion that a settlement of the annexation question in some form guaranteeing stable government is all that is needed to create a genuine boom.

MINISTER BLOUNT'S ARRIVAL. SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 15.—Mr. Blount arrived here from Honolulu by the steamer Gaelic to-day. He was accompanied by Mrs. Blount and a lady friend, and all drove to the Palace.

When questioned by newspapermen he smiled genially and spoke freely on any topic except that relating to the regulation of Hawaiian affairs. "I have made my report to Washington and don't propose to say anything outside of it. What I have done and said is now the property of the Government, to do with it as they see fit.

"I am glad to get home again, where I can hear something about my country and know what is going on. The isolation down here is dreadful, and my case was isolation among isolation. Things were in such shape when I went there that I had to be very guarded. Everything rushed at me to fill me full of their side of the story. I had to see things for myself and to make up my mind.

"I will probably go to Washington after a day or two, but here my movements are dependent on what advices I get by mail."

CALIFORNIA FRUITS.

Prices Realized at the Sales in Cities East of the Rockies. CHICAGO, Aug. 15.—The Porter Brothers Company sold to-day at auction thirteen cars of California fruit at following prices: Bartlett pears, \$1 15@1 55; half boxes, 75 @80; Howell pears, \$1 15; double crates Muscat grapes, \$2 20; half crates Muscat grapes, 90c@1 20; half crates Tokay grapes, \$1 05@1 25; half crates Fountainbleau grapes, 90c@95c; Gros cranes, \$1 05 @1 15; Napoleon plums, \$1 20; German prunes, 85c@1 25; Comedy plums, 80c@1 10; Purple Duane plums, \$1; Fellenburg prunes, \$1 05; plums, 75c@85c; Egg plums, 65c@85c; Giltier plums, 80c; Silver prunes, 75c@80c; French, 60c; Early Crawford peaches, 50c@60c; peaches, 80c@90c; Foster peaches, 55c@60c; Bernard peaches, 80c; clings, 50c@60c; Susquehanna peaches, 70c@75c; Monduoey, 70c; nectarines, 60c@55c.

CHICAGO, Aug. 15.—The Earl Fruit Company sold California fruit at auction to-day as follows: Bartlett pears, \$1 30@1 65; Benno Hardy pears, \$1 15; Tokay grapes, half crates, \$1 85; Muscat grapes, half crates, 65c@1 05; Rose de Peru grapes, half crates, 70c; Fountainbleau grapes, half crates, 60c@70c; Gros cranes, \$1 40; German prunes, 90c@1 10; Fellenburg prunes, 90c@95c; Italian prunes, 90c; Silver prunes, 70c; Columbia plums, 70c@90c; Egg plums, 70c@81 15; Purple Duane plums, 90c; Golden Drop plums, 70c; Red plums, 70c; Green Gage plums, 70c; Washington plums, 60c; Jefferson plums, 65c; Royal Hative plums, 60c; Early Crawford peaches, 60c@81; Susquehanna peaches, 90c; Foster peaches, 80c; Red nectarines, 55c@65c.

NEW YORK, Aug. 15.—The Porter Brothers Company to-day sold at auction four cars of California fruit, at the following prices: Bartlett pears, \$1 30@1 65; Diamond plums, \$2 20; Gros cranes, \$1 55@1 65; Purple Duane plums, \$1 35; Frankly plums, \$1 25; German prunes, 85c@80c; nectarines, \$1 85; half crates Tokay grapes, \$1 70@1 85; half crates Muscat grapes, 75c@1 15; half crates Rose Hamburg grapes, \$1 15; half crates Black de Peru grapes, \$1 15; half crates Fountainbleau grapes, 85c; Early Crawford peaches, 60c@90c; Clings, 80c; Tuscan Cling peaches, 75c; Orange Cling peaches, 70c@75c; Bernard peaches, 60c@75c; Susquehanna peaches, 70c; figs, 50c.

NEW YORK, Aug. 15.—The Earl Fruit Company sold California fruit at auction to-day as follows: Bartlett pears, \$1 65@1 25; Gros cranes, \$1 25@1 50; Egg plums, 60c@81; Washington plums, 60 @75c; Jefferson plums, 65c@80c; Purple Duane plums, 90c@81 50; Early Crawford peaches, 75c@81.

MINNEAPOLIS, Aug. 15.—Porter Brothers Company sold to-day at auction three cars California fruit at following prices: Pears, 80c@1 50; pears, \$1 15@1 20; Peaches, 85c@1.

MINNEAPOLIS, Aug. 15.—The Earl Fruit Company sold California fruit at auction to-day at the following prices: Bartlett pears, \$1 20@1 40; Crawford peaches, 80c @90c; Susquehanna peaches, 80c@85c; Foster peaches, 85c@81; red nectarines, 80c @1 05; Muscat grapes, half crates, 65c@81; Fountainbleau grapes, half crates, 65c @80c; Rose de Peru, half crates, 65c@90c; Tokay grapes, half crates, \$1 05; Columbia plums, 80c@81 25; Egg plums, 80c@81 25; Green Gage plums, 75c@85c.

OMAHA, Aug. 15.—The Porter Brothers Company sold two cars of California fruit to-day as follows: Pears, \$1 25@1 50; peaches, 75c@81.

BOSTON, Aug. 15.—The Earl Fruit Company auctioned California fruit to-day, realizing prices as follows: Bartlett pears, \$1 55@2 00; German prunes, \$1 60 @1 70; Egg plums, 75c@81 15; Purple Duane plums, \$1 50; Washington plums, 70c; red nectarines, \$1; Early Crawford peaches, 55c@65c.

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 15.—The Earl Fruit Company sold California fruit at auction to-day at the following prices: Bartlett pears, \$1 75@2; Muscat grapes, half crates, 90c@1 10; Malaga grapes, 90c@1 10; German prunes, \$1@1 10.

Homicide at Atlanta. ATLANTA (Ga.), Aug. 14.—This afternoon, at the Union depot, Patrick Mahan shot and killed Robert McBride, President of the Newman Cotton-Seed Oil Mills, charging that McBride had insulted his wife.

A Spy Trained. MORILE (Ala.), Aug. 14.—A report from Meacham, in Clarke County, states that Henry Smith, spy for the gang, was apprehended and hanged Saturday night near Salsheer. Five of the gang were arrested.

Miners Quit Work. FORT SMITH (Ark.), Aug. 14.—Six hundred miners quit work in the mines of the Kansas and Texas Coal Company at Huntington to-day. The trouble is charged to the agitation by Kansas strikers.

The oldest ruins in the world are probably the rock-cut temples of Ipsambul in Nubia, on the Nile. They are over 4,000 years old.

Royal Baking Powder. Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report. The Nonpareil. ABSOLUTELY PURE.

THE FUNCTIONS OF SLANG. Many Expressions That Will Be Adopted in Our Language. In a very sensible and entertaining paper in Harper's Magazine for July, Brande Matthews discusses some length the true "function of slang," and manages to make out a very good case for a number of words and expressions which the more grammar-worshipping philologist are inclined to exclude from polite literary society. Mr. Matthews claims that an analysis of modern slang "reveals the fact that it is not a haphazard collection of words and phrases of which it is composed into four broad classes," two of which are bad, while the two others "are performing an indispensable service to the language."

MIGRATION OF BIRDS. Habits of Birds of America Studied by an Ornithologist. We are familiar with our feathered songsters, but as to their habits we are still in the dark. We know they come and go at stated periods, we know that some make their flight at night, for we have heard their familiar call at all hours of night. This is true of the red-headed woodpecker and high-biller, wild geese and other birds, whose strange call was unfamiliar to us, proclaimed them strangers from some other region. After giving the subject considerable attention and observation, I have come to the conclusion that birds do not all migrate to the Gulf States, but that birds which make a home in our locality move south some degree, and are replaced by birds of a higher latitude, or to be understood better, our birds migrate a couple hundred miles south, whilst the birds of British America come here to winter, but what birds of most, if not all, species can be seen?

Winter larks are smaller than larks that winter here, and so are the most of birds that winter here. My opinion is that birds of a higher latitude are harder and more sturdy than those that winter here, and that whilst there is a general movement south, it is a graduated move, the harder replacing the less hardy, the further south the less hardy kinds, and so this goes on until subtropical birds migrate to the tropics, perhaps, as they are sensitive to the least degree of cold.

There seem to be some birds that come north that are not natives here, but come here to escape the hot weather of the south, the blue jay, for instance, and the blue mocking bird is another. These come, but don't stay long—merely stop off to visit.

As a reason I suspect that birds of higher latitudes just move far enough south to stand the winter is that only a few days of warm weather occur many times in the winter, and that birds who themselves, which would be impossible if they had migrated to the Gulf States, for perhaps the warm spell would be too short for them to stay. I could not make their transmigration even if their flight was as fast as the wind. I've visited the forest at different periods of the year, and seen the same birds and the thermometer would indicate 40 to 60 degrees above, and found the birds plentiful, whilst the next day the mercury was in the thirties, and not a bird was to be seen. They were huddled up in some warm retreat, a hole or a hollow in a tree, or some leafy brush pile.—Moffatt, in Indiana Farmer.

BOYS' PROSPECTS IN THE NAVY. How Apprentices Are Paid in Vessels Owned by the United States. Boys of good character, who have no physical defects, and who can read and write fairly well, are admitted into the navy between the ages of 12 and 15 years, says a writer in Harper's Young People.

Between 14 and 15 years a boy must measure 4 feet 6 inches in height, and not less than 125 pounds; between 15 and 16, 4 feet 11 inches, and 90 pounds; and between 16 and 17, 5 feet 1 inch, and 90 pounds; and between 17 and 18, 5 feet 2 inches, and 100 pounds. They must serve until the age of 21 as boys and junior seamen, and after that age they rank as seamen or petty officers. They are now allowed a sum of \$45 for outfit, a fact which considerably enhances the advantages of the service. To discover the exact number of petty officers on board a fully equipped ship is by no means an easy task; but, at all events, the number of these minor prizes is encouragingly large, while still higher wages are paid to the petty officers. The common sailor's aspirations, are the substantial berths of the four warrant-officers—held by the boatswain, the carpenter, the gunner and the sailmaker—whose pay and privileges are the same as those of the junior officers.

And now as to the rates of pay: The pay of boys enlisted as third-class apprentices is \$9 a month, the next promotion, to second-class apprentice, brings \$10; the next, to first-class apprentice, \$11 a month. Further on we have second-class seaman apprentices, with \$19 a month, followed by first-class seaman apprentices, with \$24 a month, these two grades corresponding respectively to ordinary seaman and able seaman, or simply seaman, whose pay is also \$19 and \$24 a month. It can thus be seen that a first-class seaman, apprentice and an able seaman get each the respectable sum of \$28 a year, which is \$125 in excess of the highest sum paid to a first-class seaman in the United States, the only other navy in the world with consideration of the score of pay and promotion. There is, besides, the daily ration of thirty cents, which runs through the ship from the apprentice to the Commander, for strange as it may appear to some people, Uncle Sam distributes just the same fare to the officers as to the sea duty.

There are no other allowances whatsoever made to the officers; they have to furnish all their own mess equipments and everything else.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER. The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum. Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

The Nonpareil. Capes and Jackets! At prices that are wonderfully low for such excellent garments. In some instances they are marked at just half of former prices. Here are a few of the reductions:

- AT \$3—Tan Capes with triple cape collar. Former price, \$5.
- AT \$4—Tan and Mode Butterfly Capes, very neatly trimmed. Former price, \$8.
- AT \$4 50—Heliotrope Triple Capes, handsomely embroidered. Former price, \$7 50.
- AT \$5—Ox-blood Red Capes with triple cape collars, neatly trimmed with black soutache braid. Former price, \$8 50.
- AT \$5—Tan Capes with wateau tight-fitting back, both back and front handsomely braided. Former price, \$9.
- AT \$6—Handsome Capes in greens and heliotropes, with platted satin collar in black and trimmed with black satin ribbon. Former price, \$9 50.
- AT \$8—An Elegant Cape in mode, with butterfly platted cape collar, made of excellent material and trimmed with three shades of braid. Former price, \$15.

Two Lines of Jackets of Exceptional Value at the Price. AT \$3 65—Tan-colored Jackets, in solid colors and checks, high puff shoulders and full sleeves. Former price, \$6 50. AT \$5—Navy Blue and Brown Jackets, with triple cape and large sleeves. Former price, \$9.

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THE DOLLAR OF THE UNITED STATES IS 100 CENTS, AND WILL PURCHASE 100 CENTS IN VALUE OF ALL KINDS OF COMMODITIES. AT OUR CUT-PRICE SALE we have reduced the prices on all lines to such an extent that 100 cents at our stores purchases 125 cents' worth of value.

MECHANICAL CLOTHING STORE, 414 and 416 K Street. H. MARKS, Proprietor. GIRLS WHO USE "WELL BRED, SOON WED." ARE QUICKLY MARRIED.

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Railroad Time Table. SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY [PACIFIC SYSTEM.] JULY 25, 1893. Trains Leave and are Due to Arrive at Sacramento:

LEAVE TRAINS RUN DAILY	ARRIVE (From)
10:50 P Ashland and Portland	5:40 A
7:00 A Colusa and Napa	11:20 A
3:00 P Colusa and Napa	8:10 P
10:25 A Deming, El Paso and East	7:05 P
5:00 P Colfax	10:05 A
7:10 P Stockton and Oroville	7:35 P
5:55 P Los Angeles	10:20 A
11:40 A Ogden and East—Second Class	5:45 P
9:00 P Central Atlantic Express	6:35 A
3:00 P Oroville via Roseburg	10:25 P
3:30 A Red Bluff via Woodland	10:15 A
3:05 P Red Bluff via Marysville	8:10 P
10:30 A Redding via Willows	8:10 P
6:00 A San Francisco via Benicia	10:30 P
7:00 A San Francisco via Benicia	8:10 P
3:00 P San Francisco via Benicia	8:10 P
6:05 P San Francisco via Benicia	11:20 A
1:00 A San Francisco via Benicia	6:00 A
10:25 A San Fran. via Livermore	2:50 P
10:25 A San Jose	2:50 P
5:55 P Santa Rosa	10:25 P
7:30 A Santa Rosa	11:20 A
3:00 P Santa Rosa and Galt	8:10 P
8:20 A Stockton and Galt	2:50 P
10:25 A Stockton and Galt	10:25 A
3:00 P Truckee and Reno	6:35 A
1:10 A Truckee and Reno	11:20 P
4:10 P Vallecito	8:10 P
4:10 P Polson and Placerville	9:50 A
7:15 A Polson	10:25 P
8:55 A Polson	9:25 P

ALL POSTMASTERS ARE AGENTS. TERMS: DAILY RECORD-UNION one year.....\$6 00 WEEKLY UNION.....1 50

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Dentistry. P. F. FEEBETS, DENTIST, 914 SIXTH ST. DENTIST, I. J. WEST, 1014 J STREET, opposite Congregational Church. H. H. PIETSON, DENTIST, 511 1/2 ST. SAC.

Meeting Notices. COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1—REGULAR meeting, Tuesday, August 16, 1893, at 8 o'clock. MRS. D. FISHER, President. JAS. HILL, Recording Secretary.

General Notices. DEADING OF THE PAST, PRESENT AND FUTURE by MRS. L. C. ANDREWS, the pioneer fortune teller and clairvoyant, 1221 Seventh street, between L and M.

Wanted. WANTED—NEAT GIRL FOR HOUSEWORK, 1412 O Street.

WANTED—A BRIGHT, ENERGETIC lady who has been successful in business by a firm that appreciates faithful service. Address MERIT, this office.

WANTED—\$4,000, GOOD REAL ESTATE security, for four years, also, \$2,700, interest, 10 per cent. Address, 719 HYDE, real estate and insurance agent, room 9, 1. O. F. Temple.

REWARD—LOST—ON TUESDAY evening, a silver watch, an open-faced silver watch, inscribed "M. A. M. 1891," gold-fob-chain; it was lost in going to street, carried with it, across Fifteenth to K and up K one-half block. Finder to O. K. and be rewarded.

LOST—A LEATHER BANDO CASE, REAR of 407 J Street, and received reward. LOST—A BREAD-PLATE AND TWO CUTLERY for a single handle. Finder leave same at A. A. VAN VOORHIES' and be rewarded.

TO LET—A DESIRABLE HOME, REAR of 1313 K, four rooms, newly papered and painted; basement. Apply 712 J Street.

TO LET—A SIX-ROOM HOUSE WITH all modern conveniences, a stable, inquire of SILLER BROS., builders, 1614 Thirteenth street.

TO LET—THE FINE STORE, 30x50 FEET, south-west corner Eighth and L streets; 6 rooms above; all newly painted; will give a lease for two or three years; good location. Apply to SILLER BROS., 1015 Fourth street, between J and K.

TO LET—HOUSE OF FOUR ROOMS. Apply at GOLDEN RULE MARKET, Tenth and N streets.

FOR SALE—FIVE ROOMS, BATH AND PANTRY, close, gas, rent, \$14. Apply 1615 Tenth street.

FOR SALE—TWO SETS OF WORK harness and a saddle, also, a wagon. Inquire 2022 H Street.

FOR SALE—A FINE TROTTER BUGGY, nearly new, price, \$150. Inquire at J. L. LOCKHART'S STABLE, Eleventh street, between J and K.

FOR SALE—TEN SHARES STOCK OF "The Garden City Cattle Institute Company." Inquire of CHAS. S. HIGHT, at the Institute, 526 Ninth street, corner F.

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