

THE MONEY PROBLEM.

Struggle Over the Silver Question Nearing an End.

A VOTE ON THE REPEAL BILL SOON TO BE TAKEN.

Democratic Free Coinage Advocates Resolve to Discontinue the Prolonged Fight and Bring the Matter to a Close—Republican Silver Senators Say Their Course Will Depend Entirely On the Action Taken by Democratic Silver Senators.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—At 12:30 o'clock Senator Harris, acting for the silver Democrats, informed the silver Republicans that the Democrats had concluded and decided, after taking all the circumstances into consideration, that their best course was to drop the fight against repeal and allow it to come to a vote.

If this decision is not reconsidered, and it does not seem at all probable that it will be, the end of the present fight will soon be reached and the result will be in accordance with the President's wishes and those of the repeal forces of the Senate.

The silver Republicans will not undertake to prolong the fight beyond the time necessary to complete their speeches, and will after that permit the voting to begin on the amendments to the bill. It is generally believed this will take place before the end of the week.

The Republican silver Senators say their course will depend entirely on the action of the Democratic silver Senators. They have said from the beginning whenever the Democrats should refuse to aid them in constructive measures they would allow the voting to begin.

Democratic repealers of the House to the number of twenty-three had a meeting this morning. There was a discussion of the situation in the Senate and the methods of repeal should take when the repeal bill reached the House, but no action was considered advisable and the meeting adjourned subject to the call of the Chairman.

There is no disposition among repeal Democrats of the House to concur with amendments to the Wilson bill if it comes over in the shape now known as the Voorhees bill. Recognized leaders of repeal say there is nothing in the Voorhees bill that differs from the Wilson bill, except the declaration to the effect that it is the policy of the United States to use both gold and silver as standard money, and if that is satisfactory to the Senate they will concur.

Repeat Republicans say they are willing to support any bill which the repeal Republicans of the Senate endorse.

The disposition in the House is not to delay the passage of the bill by seeking for a conference or disagreeing with the Voorhees bill. Further than this, the tendency is to encourage a concurrence in the Senate bill.

Repeat Republicans realize that any fight by them would mean defeat in the end, and will probably content themselves with voting against the bill after a short debate.

After the silver bill comes the matter of adjournment, or, as some prefer to call it, recess. The difference of opinion over recess or adjournment involves a question of mileage. Some think if an adjournment is taken non-members would again be entitled to mileage for the regular session, while a recess would prevent mileage being allowed. Others maintain that mileage for both sessions must be allowed, whether there is an adjournment or recess.

Most Republicans, the Populists and many Democrats of the Senate say they expected Congress to adjourn early next week until the first Monday in December.

Leaders of the Democratic party, upon whom the decision will largely rest, are not quite confident of an adjournment. Senator Harris said there was a great deal for Congress to do, and he did not see why it should proceed with the work without interrupting this setback, and he and his associates refused to discuss the question at all, saying it had not been canvassed.

"We were ready to go on," said Poffier and Kyle in union, to the Associated Press representative, "and could continue the fight for some time with little assistance, but were willing to quit when the old parties did so. We feel badly to have silver receive this setback, but politically we view the situation with complacency. We cannot mourn, for it is not our funeral. We expect that the result will make millions of votes for the Populists."

Silver Republicans and repeal Republicans made a mild but ineffectual attempt to unite their forces before the close by bringing Senators Sherman and Teller together, but they soon found they could not unite upon a measure that would stand any likelihood of receiving the necessary majority to insure its passage.

The conference of silver Democrats of the Senate to-day, whose action brought the long fight to a practical close, concluded that while their constituents would justify them in making as strong a fight as they could make in a legitimate and regular way, their people would not endorse them in filibustering methods, and they concluded to yield at once.

Senator Voorhees said to-night that he was hopeful of reaching a voting stage by Thursday, and the opinion is general that the bill will be disposed of before the end of the week.

It is not believed by anyone that half of the twenty-seven amendments proposed will be regularly offered. There is already talk of future silver legislation. One of the leading advocates of repeal is quoted to-night as saying that he will introduce a free coinage bill upon the assembling of the regular session. Senator Sherman told an Associated Press representative that he was contemplating the introduction of a bond bill, and it would probably incidentally make some provision for the use of silver. Many other Senators have financial bills in contemplation.

The outlook is indeed good that the regular session will be flooded with financial bills, and no one need be surprised if the fifty-third Congress should develop a record of financial legislation almost as important as the one now closing.

Dubois of Idaho, who took a leading part yesterday in arranging for the continuation of the fight against unconditional repeal, said this afternoon that he would come probably within the week, as there will be no further opposition or attempt at filibustering. "The speeches which have been begun will be finished," said Dubois, "and such other speeches as the Senators may desire to deliver. It is understood that Teller has something yet to say, and Stewart and Jones desire to conclude their works. Allen also desires to make some further remarks. Yesterday the leaders on the Democratic side said they would stand by us if we would continue the fight. Harris and others declared that it was their determination to prevent a vote from being taken, even if methods not yet invoked should be used. With this understanding we declared our intention of keeping up the fight."

This morning Harris gave the same assurance, but one hour later he came to

me and said he felt it his duty, after the assurance he had given, that he should inform me he could not continue the fight as suggested, but would yield to the pressure of his associates on the Democratic side. He said he had been talking with men on that side. I told him if we could no longer depend upon the friends of silver on the Democratic side, we could no longer keep up the contest and that a defeat would be tantamount to a defeat closed, but that there would be no more obstruction. The silver men will offer the amendments and debate them and will probably vote for all the amendments proposed, but they will not be impossible to say what the vote will be taken, but I should think within the week."

NO HOPE FOR SILVER.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—Ex-Congressman Bland of Nevada, who has been in Washington during the entire silver fight, to a certain extent as representative of the interests of the West, speaking of the situation to-night, said there was no hope for silver. "I expect to see silver go to forty cents an ounce. There is only one thing to prevent it, and that is the shutting down of all the big silver mines, which will be the case in Nevada. At the same time, I think unconditional repeal much better than the compromise proposed, because with that we would have little opportunity to go before the people with any hope of winning a silver victory. Now we may make such strides toward it in the next election as to make it as unfavorable an Executive as President Cleveland will be compelled to do something for silver."

General Allen of Nebraska talked about very political effect in the West. "In Nebraska," he said, "it means a Populist victory, and that Senator Manderson will be succeeded by a third party man." It is supposed that Bryan would be ready to go into the Populist party and make the race against Manderson. Bryan himself says he thinks the action of the Senate, or rather Congress, in passing unconditional repeal, would strengthen the silver Democrats. He would not say what he would do, but mentioned the fact that Bland had warned the Eastern Democrats that they had reached a parting of ways, and that he would see how they would part. The silver men all say they are frankly that they prefer unconditional repeal to any such compromise agreed on among the Democrats last Saturday.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Yesterday's Proceedings in the Senate and House.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—In the Senate Stewart of Nevada resumed his argument against the repeal bill. In answer to a charge that those who opposed the bill were thwarting the will of the majority, he denied such was the case. The filibusters were not the silver men but the Administration. It was filibustering against allowing the will of the majority to be expressed in the Senate. The most corrupt, most aggressive, most outrageous means—secret at first, public now—to enslave the majority. Let the Administration take off its hands and let the majority express itself in the Senate. The silver and silver would have nearly two to one. Kyle (Pop.) of South Dakota moved that when the Senate adjourned it be to meet at noon to-morrow. Defeated—4 to 11.

Stewart then resumed his speech, and at 1:30, without concluding, yielded the floor to Jones of Nevada, who resumed his argument against the bill. Jones said he desired a dollar that would keep at par with a point of cotton or a bushel of wheat, and not with a metal that was constantly increasing in value.

McPherson of New Jersey thought if gold appreciated interest would have gone up and labor down, whereas United States bonds had gone down from 5 to 2 per cent., while labor had gone up in irregular increasing rates.

He pointed out that one of the highest proofs of the increase in the value of money was the decline in rates of interest. Jones at 4 o'clock yielded to Stewart. Faulkner of Virginia, however, moved a recess until 1 o'clock to-morrow and the motion was agreed to.

IN THE HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—In the House to-day Mallory of Florida called up and had passed the bill to amend the revised statutes so as to include engineers and assistant engineers in the list of officers of United States vessels required by existing laws to be citizens of this country.

Debate on the bankruptcy bill was resumed. Denson of Alabama took the floor in opposition, and described at length the depression of the country, which he ascribed largely to the demonization of silver. He grew heated, and there was a lively altercation.

A member of Tennessee objected to the statement that the Administration sought to eliminate silver from circulation, and Bland affirmed that if the Wilson bill passed the silver in circulation would have to be redeemed in gold, as greenbacks are.

Danzel of Pennsylvania supported the bill, and Ray of New York opposed it. Bryan of Nebraska made a vigorous speech in opposition to the measure. At the conclusion of Bryan's speech the House adjourned.

RUSSIANS IN PARIS.

Carnot Will Go to Toulon to Return the Visit of Naval Officers.

PARIS, Oct. 24.—Deputies from the French in Lorraine waited upon Admiral Avellan to-day and presented him with numerous testimonials subscribed for him by the inhabitants of that province. Deputy Meyers, in making the presentation, said he wished the Russians to know they had many friends in 1,800 communes of Lorraine.

During the day the Russians visited Versailles and the municipal authorities. During the course of the luncheon President Carnot announced his intention of visiting Toulon on Friday next to return the visit of the Russian sailors to Paris.

Admiral Avellan was accorded a private interview with President Carnot this afternoon. Later in the day he was tendered a banquet by the Club Union Artistique.

Will of the Late Jane Holmes.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 24.—The will of the late Jane Holmes, one of the wealthiest ladies in this city, was filed to-day. Among other charitable bequests she gives \$20,000 to the trustees of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church of the United States, and \$5,000 for the relief of disabled ministers. After disposing of about \$2,000,000 in bequests to relatives and friends, she provides for the division of the rest of the estate, amounting to more than \$1,000,000, among various local charitable institutions.

Raced Around the Horn.

NEW YORK, Oct. 24.—The American clipper ship Reaper and the American bark Western Belle sailed from Astoria, Or., on June 20th to race down the Pacific Coast and around Cape Horn to this port for a wager of \$1,000. The Reaper arrived to-day and easily winning. She stopped, too, at Plover Island for a day and found the natives enjoying good health and supplied them with a batch of newspapers.

The Atchison System.

CHICAGO, Oct. 24.—President Reinhart and several directors of the Atchison passed through this city to-day en route to Topeka to attend the annual meeting. President Reinhart vigorously denied the stories published recently regarding the financial condition of his line. He said it is in a position to take care of all its financial obligations, and the outlook is better at present than for several years.

SHOCKING ACCIDENT.

Caused by an Explosion of Dynamite at North Bend, Wash.

HALF A DOZEN PERSONS INJURED, ONE FATALLY.

A Man, While Suffering From Delirium Tremens, Commits Suicide at Vallejo—Slow Progress Being Made in the Evans Murder Trial at Jackson—The Rook Family Occupy the Stand Nearly All Day.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

SEATTLE (Wash.), Oct. 24.—A shocking accident occurred at North Bend yesterday morning. A fire broke out in the tent of a man camping a short distance from the station, and a number of villagers were attracted to the spot, among them Mrs. Charles Austin, wife of the Canadian Pacific Yardmaster. A box of dynamite detonated, the presence of which was unknown to the spectators, suddenly exploded, scattering metal shells with terrific force in every direction. Half a dozen persons were struck, but the worst sufferer was Mrs. Austin, who received no less than eleven of the shells in her head, arms and body. When picked up she was unconscious, and her present condition is critical. A Mrs. Kelly was struck by three of the detonators, and though badly injured will recover.

EVANS MURDER TRIAL.

But Slow Progress Being Made in the Case.

JACKSON, Oct. 24.—The Evans case is making slow progress. Members of the Rook family occupied the stand nearly all day. Vernie Rook, 13 years of age, testified positively that Evans was at Rook's saloon June 15th. George Hathaway said Sheriff Thorn called at his place in Calaveras County and asked for the rifle which Evans had told him (Thorn) he left there on the morning of the 16th of June. He (Thorn) took the rifle away. It was a 44-caliber, but he never been loaned to Evans. The rifle with which Tokey was shot was a 40-caliber. Mrs. Rook was positive that Evans was working on Rook's place from the 11th to the 16th of June, and he was only away on the night of the 12th during that time. She testified that Sheriff Thorn had offered her \$500 to testify that Evans was away on the 14th and 15th.

EVANS NOT THE MURDERER.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 24.—Detective J. B. Hume, of Wells, Fargo & Co., says William Evans, who is now on trial at Jackson, did not murder Messenger Tokey. He calls the prosecution of Evans a persecution, and characterizes the methods employed to fasten the crime on him as the worst outrage ever committed in the name of justice. "It is probable that Evans will be convicted," he said, "but the prosecution is particularly bitter, and he is without a friend in the world. He has no body to look up testimony for him. Means have been resorted to in order to procure evidence against him that justice never employed since the days of the Inquisition. Evans is a sure innocent, and the murder of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s messenger as Grover Cleveland is."

THE OREGON PACIFIC.

It May Become a Part of the Southern Pacific System.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 24.—It is said here that the Southern Pacific Company is desirous of controlling the Oregon Pacific Railway and tributary water lines, which will be placed on the market in the early part of next month. The Southern Pacific has recently had Division Superintendent L. R. Field of the Oregon division of the Southern Pacific system looking over the Oregon Pacific road. Mr. Field has been accompanied by an engineering expert, and it is reported that the Southern Pacific people are favorably impressed with the Oregon Pacific's plant, and that there are possibilities of the former making the purchase.

Other railroad companies, however, are interested in the Northern Road. One of them is the Great Northern Railway Company, James L. Blair, of Blairsville, N. J., the largest shareholder in the Oregon Pacific. Blair is also one of the principal backers of the Great Northern, and it is for his line that he is making the fight to control the Oregon Pacific. It is also reported that the Great Northern is making connections with the Oregon line, thus allowing it a rail and ocean route to San Francisco.

The third party in the fight is the representative of numerous small shareholders in the Oregon Pacific, most of whom reside in Philadelphia.

At present the Oregon Pacific operates a line of steamers on the Willamette River, which runs parallel to the Southern Pacific's road for some days. "The plant of the Oregon Pacific," continued Mr. Vaughn, "is valued at about fifteen millions. There is \$20,000 in labor claims that will have to be satisfied, in addition to the outstanding receiver's certificates, amounting to about \$60,000."

The road is bonded for \$25,000 a mile. The acquisition of the Oregon Pacific system by the Southern Pacific would give the latter company supremacy over the whole of western Oregon from the California State line to Portland.

NOT SO ANXIOUS TO HANG.

Schultz Now Denies That He Killed Arbanian.

STOCKTON, Oct. 24.—Louis Henry Schultz, who has all along confessed that he shot and killed George Arbanian, keeper of a wayside saloon three miles from this city, on the 4th of July, now says he lied in making his confession, and does not care so much to hang as he did a few weeks ago. His attorneys are trying to show that his confession could not be true, in view of the surrounding circumstances. Counsel asked some of the witnesses for their opinion as to his sanity, and brought out from old acquaintances that his mind is not strong and that he once tried to commit suicide. The trial will last several days.

C. P. HUNTINGTON.

The Southern Pacific's President May Come to California to Reside.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 24.—H. E. Huntington, First Assistant to President C. P. Huntington of the Southern Pacific Company, said to-day: "I have no private information in regard to Mr. Huntington's intention to give up his residence in New York, but I would not be surprised if it were so. It is true that he has disposed of his railroad interests in the East

to such an extent that he is free to leave New York without inconveniencing himself. I do not know that he has offered his New York residence for sale, but I do know that the house has been for sale to anyone who would make an offer for it. In any event, it is safe to say that Mr. Huntington will hereafter spend his winters in California."

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 24.—The demand for freight cars to accommodate East-bound tonnage is unabated, offerings of freight being greater than ever before known at this season of the year. H. E. Huntington of the Southern Pacific said that, though the volume of traffic is unprecedented, the number of freight cars has been diminished at least 15 per cent. in two months, as compared with last season. The reason for this he explained by saying that on 50 per cent of the list of California products sent eastward the company is not getting back the cost of transportation. The company's policy, he said, is to aid in creating a market for California products.

EAST-BOUND FREIGHT.

Tonnage Greater Than Ever Before at this Season of the Year.

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PAYMASTER SULLIVAN.

He Will Be Dismissed From the United States Naval Service.

VALLEJO, Oct. 24.—Paymaster John Clyde Sullivan, of the United States Navy, who was recently brought before a naval general court-martial, charged with falsifying his accounts, has been detached from the United States receiving ship at the navy yard at Mare Island, and ordered to report to his home under arrest, where he will be served with orders of the President dismissing him from the naval service of the United States. Secretary Herbert having approved the sentence of the court which tried the case.

More Idle Men Than She Can Care For.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 24.—From all points of the Southern and Eastern States great crowds of unemployed workmen are hastening to San Francisco, lured hither by the announcement that workmen are wanted in connection with the Midwinter Fair. Mayor Eliot said to-day: "The authorities of the Southern and Eastern States are sending San Francisco as a dumping-ground for idle men, and all sorts of schemes are arranged to ship out idle men. San Francisco has more unemployed now than she can care for, and I hope the papers will correct the statement that the railroad people in Montana and elsewhere are circulating."

Costly Blaze at San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 24.—A fire that broke out this evening in D. A. McDonald's planing mill and lumber yard, on Spear street, between Howard and Folsom, consumed the entire plant, and burned through the block to Stewart street, destroyed Robinson's wheel manufactory, James Kemp's office and store fixture works, the Swift planing mill, H. Crocker & Son's boat-building establishment and several other buildings. The total loss is estimated at \$100,000, with very little insurance.

Evidently a Murder.

BRIDGEPORT, Oct. 24.—A hunting party on the Sonora Pass road found the body of a man who had evidently been murdered. He had been shot through the head and body and the remains were concealed among the rocks. Nothing was found by which identification could be made.

Nothing But Surmises.

HEALDSBURG, Oct. 24.—There were no new developments in the robbery case to-day. The rumor on the street that arrests would soon be made seems to be without foundation. Mulligan remained indoors all day to-day—no detectives, no money, no robbers—nothing but surmises.

Passenger Rates East Will Increase.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 24.—Passenger rates East will take an upward turn next Wednesday, all of the schedules applying to World's Fair business expiring at that time. The rate from San Francisco to Chicago will be first-class \$57, second-class \$32.50.

Mesherly Denies the Charge.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 24.—Howard Mesherly, one of the law firm of Henley, Mesherly & Costello, who is accused of misappropriating the funds of the firm, returned from Los Angeles. He indignantly denies that he is short in his accounts.

Suicide at Vallejo.

VALLEJO, Oct. 24.—Eugene Milner, while suffering from delirium tremens, cut his throat with a razor and died shortly after. His parents live in Truckee, and he has a brother in Los Angeles.

Fatally Gored by a Bull.

SEATTLE (Wash.), Oct. 24.—Alfred Savage, employed on M. C. Wells' stock farm, was fatally gored by a Holstein bull this morning. In the last four years this bull has gored four men to death.

A Washington Postoffice Robbed.

GARFIELD (Wash.), Oct. 24.—Burglars entered the postoffice last night, blew open the safe, and took \$500 in cash and \$1,500 in notes. There is no clue.

PAYMENTS IN ARREAR.

St. Louis and San Francisco Road Employees Demand Back Wages.

MONETT (Mo.), Oct. 24.—A meeting of the employees of the St. Louis and San Francisco road was held last night, at which 600 were present. A resolution was adopted demanding that two months' pay due them be paid not later than November 15th. Committees were appointed to present the resolutions to the management and arrange for a full representative meeting of all the employees of the system at Monett next Monday.

STREET-CAR STRIKE AT COLUMBUS.

COLUMBUS (Ohio), Oct. 24.—A strike on all street-car lines in the city was precipitated without warning this morning, as the result of the discharge of two employees. The police were sent to the cars to preserve order, and many old employees returned to work after two hours' tie-up, though two lines are still unmaneuvered.

SANTA FE EMPLOYEES WON'T STRIKE.

CHICAGO, Oct. 24.—Vice-President Robinson of the Santa Fe Railroad says he knows of no threatened trouble among the company's employees, and that the men will be paid for September on November 5th. The Santa Fe employees of Chicago are now being paid and will not strike.

DISHONEST RAILWAY GUARDS.

BERLIN, Oct. 24.—A sensation has been caused by the discovery of extensive frauds in the Berlin Station Railroad. Twenty-six guards employed on the railroad were arrested, charged with complicity in the frauds. The exact nature has not been disclosed, but it is understood that the railroad was defrauded out of large sums of money through the instrumentality of those guards.

FRAUDULENT CERTIFICATES.

Chinese Try to Land at New York Under the Guise of Actors.

THE PROTEST OF CHINA'S MINISTER OF NO AVAIL.

Officials of a New York Bank Under Arrest Charged With Mismanagement of Its Affairs—Two Frisco Train Robbers Plead Guilty and Receive Heavy Sentences.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—Two Chinamen, who presented certificates from the Consul at Havana that they were actors, were recently refused permission to land at New York. Inspector Scharf insisted that the men were laborers and that the certificates were fraudulent. The Chinese took the matter into court, where it is still pending under writs of habeas corpus. They made further complaint to the Chinese Minister, who brought the matter to the attention of the State Department.

Secretary Gresham yesterday called on Secretary Carlisle for information, and received a copy of Scharf's report, with the intimation that the Inspector, in the opinion of the Treasury authorities, had not exceeded his authority. Gresham transmitted this information to the Chinese Minister.

Attorney-General Olney has directed the District Attorney at New York to prosecute the cases on which the Chinese Minister's protest is based.

OPPOSITION OF HOME RULE.

The Ulster Parliament Meets at Belfast.

BELFAST, Oct. 24.—The Ulster Parliament assembled to-day to take measures to resist home rule. The meeting of the Parliament roused a great deal of interest in the city. The streets were crowded with people, and the neighborhood of Ulster Hall was packed to its utmost by people desirous of witnessing the assembling of the anti-home rule delegates. The sitting was conducted in private, but it transpired that the Duke of Abercorn was unanimously elected President, after which the national anthem was sung amid great enthusiasm.

While the Ulster Parliament was in session a simultaneous conference of Unionist women was sitting in the assembly hall. A heated discussion took place on the question whether all Unionist people should be included in the central conference. Two Presbyterian clergymen moved that only ten should be allowed to sit in the council, and this motion was carried. Cann supported the amendment, and the result was that threats were made to dethrone him from the Mastership of the Orange Society. Most of the members were dissatisfied with the proceeding and left the hall. The meeting resolved to raise a guaranty fund which should not be called on until Parliament was established in Dublin. A resolution was carried unanimously declaring allegiance to the United Kingdom, and taking the House of Lords for rejecting the home rule bill.

MITCHELL-CORBETT FIGHT.

The National Sporting Club Will Offer No Purse for the Contest.

LONDON, Oct. 24.—The directors of the National Sporting Club held a meeting to-day and decided unanimously that no offer should be made by the club to induce Mitchell and Corbett to decide the contest in the National Club in Clapham now being considered.

NEW YORK, Oct. 24.—Brady, manager of Corbett, says that not having formal notice from the Coney Island Club that the club is unable to have the fight, he considers Corbett still bound by the contract to that institution. He has heard from a reliable source that if the club was unable to hold the fight they would pay Mitchell and Corbett forfeit money of \$5,000 each. Brady says they have an offer of \$15,000 from the Olympic Club of New Orleans.

MISMANAGEMENT CHARGED.

Officials of a New York Bank Under Arrest.

NEW YORK, Oct. 24.—President Joseph F. Blant of the Madison-Square Bank and Director Simon Ottenberg were arrested this morning under charges of mismanagement, in addition to the arrest of the cashier and three directors made yesterday on the charge of forgery. They were taken to the District Attorney's office, where later came Andrew L. Soudard, Cashier Thompson and Frederick Ahlman. Director F. A. Kirschheid is sick in bed and Director Charles E. Delover is in Passaic, N. J., and refuses to return without a requisition.

The office presented an animated appearance, being filled with bankers and brokers. The lawyers hustled about and held whispered conversations. Bail bonds were prepared, and there seemed to be no scarcity of bondsmen.

THE WHITE METAL.

Offers of the Treasury Refused by Holders of Silver.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—Not one of the Treasury Department's counter offers to purchase silver at \$0.7360 per ounce was accepted by those persons who offered silver for sale to the Treasury Department yesterday. Offers aggregating 235,000 ounces were received at \$0.74 to \$0.75 per ounce. The only reason assigned at the department for the non-acceptance of the counter offers is that the owners were holding off with the hope of getting better prices than the department offers. Silver was 1-16 penny higher in London to-day, according to advices received at the department.

TURF EVENTS.

Lena Hill Makes a New Mark for Two-Year-Old Pacers in a Race.

DALLAS (Texas), Oct. 24.—Fifteen thousand people saw Lena Hill pace a mile in a race in 2:13 to-day. It is the fastest he ever paced by a two-year-old, and establishes a new two-year-old record.

LAMPLIGHTER FINISHED LAST.

HAWTHORNE, Oct. 24.—Lamplighter was badly beaten horse here to-day. Much was expected from him in the handicap, in which he started against Dungenver, Ella and Enthusiast, but he finished last.

IMMIGRANT RATES.

The Union Pacific Will Take No Action Until Other Roads Come In.

OMAHA, Oct. 24.—General Passenger Agent Lomax of the Union Pacific was seen this morning regarding the immigration situation. He said "he could not understand why so much stress was being laid on the matter at this particular time. One month ago Chairman Caldwell of the Western Passenger Association

took up the matter, and about one week ago a special committee, composed of White, Kniskern and Sebastian, was appointed to investigate the matter. White wired me asking if he could have a meeting Saturday of this week in Omaha.

"Certainly," I replied, since which time I have heard nothing. The Santa Fe is all right in its position regarding the present business, but as long as the Canadian Pacific, the Great Northern, the Northern Pacific and the Southern Pacific remain out of the agreement, where is the use of the Union Pacific signing any agreement? When the agreement is presented to me with all roads in interest on it, the Union Pacific will join the agreement, and not before."

World's Fair.

CHICAGO, Oct. 24.—The ladies observed to-day as Mary Washington day, winding up this evening with a colonial tea party and a minute dance in the New York State building. The Committee on Ceremonies have prepared an elaborate programme for October 30th, for the official closing of the fair. The total admissions to-day were 272,132, of which 243,178 were paid.

American Missionary Association.