

STEAMSHIP WRECKED.

The City of New York Goes on the Rocks at Point Bonita.

ALL HER PASSENGERS ARE SAFELY LANDED.

A Chinaman Murdered by One of His Countrymen on a Ranch Near Chico—Man Killed by the Collapse of a Warehouse at Spoford, Washington—Two Daring Outlaws Arrested in Washington, Suspected of Committing a Bold Robbery at Cour d'Alene City.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 26.—The Pacific Mail Company's steamer City of New York went ashore this evening in a dense fog, and will probably be a total loss.

She sailed for China and Japan at 3:30 this afternoon and went down the bay under a full head of steam. The fog was very thick, and in a few minutes the big steamer was lost sight of. At about 5 o'clock the booming of cannon could be heard, and signal rockets were seen as they burst above the fog.

At first it was not known what vessel was in distress, and it was thought that it might be the Monowai, due to-day from Australia. It was later ascertained that it was the City of New York.

The steamer was in command of Captain F. H. Johnson, and in charge of Pilot Lorenson. She carried a large cargo of flour and a large passenger list, including 200 Chinese.

When the ship struck the rocks the Chinese in the steerage set up a howl, and intense confusion reigned. Latest advices from the wreck state that the steamer went on the rocks at full speed, and numerous tugs which went to her assistance could not haul her off. She has eight feet of water in the hold.

All the passengers have been taken off and will be brought back to this city.

The City of New York was built at Chester, Pa., in 1875, but was practically rebuilt a few years ago. She was of 3,012 gross tonnage, 329 feet long, 40 feet 2 inches beam and 20 feet 5 inches in depth.

There is very little wind to-night, and tugs will stand by the stranded ship all night. Should a wind come up, she will probably go to pieces. The ship was valued at half a million dollars.

The City of New York is a compartment ship, and latest reports say there is no water fore and aft, but eight feet of water amidships. The water is up into the fire-room. Before the signals of distress brought assistance from San Francisco the passengers were landed at Point Bonita by the ship's boats and a special preserving crew from the Golden Gate and Fort Point Stations.

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cently held up and robbed a fare game at Cour d'Alene City of \$500, are under arrest.

They were captured by Constable Bechtel of that place early yesterday morning. Bechtel went to the cabin of Peterson, who has a ranch at the foot of Tamarac Butte. Bechtel knocked at the door, and covering Peterson with a shotgun when the door was opened, stepped inside and discovered Dillon. In a few minutes he had handcuffs on his wrists. Happy Jack could not be found, and the Constable rode to Oakesdale with the handcuffed man sitting in front of him. Lodging him in jail, Bechtel went to bed. About 10:30 he arose and saw that Peterson rode past the front of the jail. Suspecting a plot, the officer hastened to the rear of the building. There sat Happy Jack, mounted on a horse, with two big revolvers in his belt, evidently trying to discover which window opened into Dillon's cell. He saw the game was up, and held up his hands and slid out of the saddle. Handcuffs were snapped on his wrists and he was lodged in jail.

SCHULTZ CONVICTED. The Jury Brings In a Verdict of Manslaughter.

STOCKTON, Oct. 25.—The jury in the Schultz murder case this evening returned a verdict of manslaughter. They came in twice during the day to hear the instructions read. Their longest arguments were on the question as to whether they could believe part of the defendant's confession and ignore the other part—believing the story told by him that he shot Arbinasin when he was about to strike him, they agreed on the lower offense. Schultz was unmoved when the verdict was read, but on the way to the jail said he was satisfied and that he got off lighter than he expected. He sticks to the story that he killed the saloon-keeper, but he has told three different stories of the affair to his attorney.

ON THE TURF. Results of Yesterday's Racing Events at Bakersfield.

BAKERSFIELD, Oct. 25.—The first race, quarter-mile dash, Lady Kern won, Cyclone second, Jennie D. third. Time, 0:23 1-5.

Second race, trotting, one mile, Brown Wilkes won, Clay Blackhawk second, Prince third. Time, 2:37.

Third race, one mile dash, Lady Given won, Vendome second, King Daniels third. Time, 1:47.

Fourth race, trotting, half-mile, Widow Wagon, Corbett second, Flaxy third. Time, 1:53.

Considerable money changed hands.

Chinaman Murdered Near Chico.

CHICO, Oct. 26.—Ah Ham murdered his countryman, Ah Hing, yesterday afternoon on the Earl & Stansbury ranch, three miles east of Chico. Ham was the cook and when Hing entered the kitchen Ham sprang at him with a butcher-knife, making four cuts, the last of which proved fatal. The murderer has been employed as cook several weeks on the ranch and was thought to be crazy. Ham has not been found, and is in hiding in Chinatown in this city.

Vincent Passes a Sleepless Night.

FRESNO, Oct. 26.—Dr. F. O. Vincent, who is to be executed at noon to-morrow for the murder of his wife passed a rather sleepless night. He spent the greater portion of the night talking with the death watch. Two men were put over him last night instead of one, as heretofore, in order to guard him better. His mother spent the greater portion of the day with him. She is deeply affected by the terrible situation of her son, and receives the sympathy denied Vincent.

Death of an Insurance Man.

STOCKTON, Oct. 26.—Charles Dohrmann, a well-known insurance man, died at 11:30 o'clock to-day. He was paralyzed one year ago, but recovered the use of his limbs so that he could walk, and after two days down yesterday. This morning while preparing to come down town he felt drowsy and said he would take another nap. He lay down, breathed heavily, and soon passed away.

Mrs. General Grant.

SANTA BARBARA, Oct. 26.—It was announced to-day that Mrs. Grant, widow of General Grant, had engaged apartments at the Arlington Hotel. She will arrive November 23, and spend the winter in Santa Barbara. It is stated that Mrs. Grant will remain in California two years, and be accompanied by her son Ulysses and family.

The Oaklanders Win Another Game.

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 26.—The second game between Los Angeles and Oakland resulted in a victory for the latter by a score of 18 to 5. In the seventh inning, when the score was tied, and after two men were out, Leand muffed a high fly, after which three Colonels came in. However, the Oaklanders pitched an excellent game.

Fatal Collapse of a Warehouse.

WALLA WALLA (Wash.), Oct. 26.—The warehouse of S. R. Sweeney of Spoford, near this city, collapsed early this morning, and Napoleon Dupont, a Frenchman, who was sleeping in the office, was instantly killed. He came here a month ago from Pioche, Nevada, where he left a wife and two daughters.

The Box-Office Attached.

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 26.—The receipts of the baseball game were attached by Constable Richardson yesterday. There was only \$30 in the box and the Constable got it all. The attachment was levied for an indebtedness of Vanderbeck's a year ago.

Evans Trial.

JACKSON, Oct. 26.—Nothing was done in the Evans trial to-day. As soon as the jury took their seats this morning Jurymen J. A. Butterfield was taken seriously ill. The court adjourned till to-morrow.

MITCHELL-CORBETT FIGHT.

Bid for the Contest to Take Place at New Orleans.

ASHBURY PARK (N. J.), Oct. 26.—Tonight champion J. J. Corbett received a dispatch from the Olympic Club at New Orleans offering a purse of \$20,000 for the Mitchell-Corbett glove contest to be decided at their club. Corbett immediately replied his acceptance of the offer, but stipulated that the club put up a deposit of \$10,000 as a guarantee for the fight to come off in New Orleans. Corbett urged the club to make a date for the contest earlier than set by the Coney Island Athletic Club, and suggested the latter part of November. Corbett said: "I am anxious to accommodate Mitchell, and now that I am relieved of the Coney Island Club agreement I see my way clear to do so, although the purse is less than that I contested for with Sullivan."

The Grand Trunk Wreck.

BATTLE CREEK (Mich.), Oct. 25.—The Coroner to-day adjourned the inquest in the Grand Trunk wreck until November 8th, in order to give lawyer Hurlbert time to investigate some of the testimony he expects to produce in behalf of Conductor Scott, who is now willing to go on the stand. The body of Mrs. S. D. Wood of New York, has been positively identified. This body is the one sent to Edwardsburg as that of Mrs. E. A. Aldrich.

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The Brazilian delegate adds that the land forces at the disposal of President Peixoto are numerous and well disciplined, and they are able and willing to defend the lawful Government against the common enemy. The delegate declares that the Brazilian Government has the support of the States of the Union.

The Brazilian Minister states officially that the city of Rio de Janeiro is perfectly tranquil and business is being transacted as usual.

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WARLIKE PREPARATIONS. NEW YORK, Oct. 26.—There is every indication that the Brazilian Government intends to do something warlike. The Brazilian Admiral Mello is hovering about here on mysterious business, and the great Winchester gun works are running night and day. A big order is to be shipped next week, either to the rebels or the Government. The Government has ordered here on mysterious business, and the great Winchester gun works are running night and day.

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The Californians may have an opportunity to hear the Iowa State Band, which has become fixed in the popular heart at this exposition, at the California Mid-winter Fair. The manager of this now famous list of musicians is in San Francisco, and it is understood is about to close negotiations to take the men and instruments to the Jackson Park show.

The attraction at Jackson Park to-morrow will be a parade of cart horses and street vehicles.

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The Trans-Missouri lines have agreed that they will not abolish the cheap World's Fair rates west of the Missouri River until the Transcontinental agree to restoration of rates to the Pacific Coast.

The total admissions to-day were 222,673, of whom 192,649 were paid.

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Governor Flower presided. In a speech he said: "We made Grover Cleveland President a year ago, because we business men wanted a strong man there to stand up for the honest dollar, and we want to show him in this election that the people of New York are again behind him, and they indorse his administration. A Republican victory in New York this fall would be heralded to the country as a rebuke to the Democratic administration, and would mean that the people of the Empire State believe in perpetuating a law which has done so much mischief. Do not let the Empire State be misrepresented."

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AFFAIRS OF THE NATION.

Voting on Repeal Bill Amendments to Begin in the Senate To-Day.

THE HOUSE WILL DISPOSE OF THE MATTER IN SHORT ORDER.

The Senate Committee on Foreign Relations Meet to Consider the Chinese Question, But Fail to Reach Any Conclusion Concerning the Bill Passed by the House—Rumor That Cleveland Favors Only That Portion Granting Further Time for Registration.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—The programme of the managers of the repeal bill in the Senate is to get to voting some time to-morrow on amendments to the bill, to finish Saturday, and vote upon the bill itself on Monday. The opinion prevails in the Senate that the House will pass the bill when it is sent over, with very little delay. Whether there shall be a recess then or an adjournment will depend on the Committee on Ways and Means. If the Democratic members of that committee are of the opinion that the tariff bill will be in shape for presentation before the time for beginning the regular session a recess is more probable than an adjournment. Otherwise an adjournment will take place.

There was a well-defined report in circulation about the Capitol to-day that there has been an effort made to have the Democratic managers in the Senate postpone voting upon the bill until after the Virginia election. It appears that the Virginia Populists have made their fight almost entirely upon the silver issue, and the Democratic managers somewhat uneasy. But when it was represented that the immediate passage of the bill would have a good effect in Massachusetts and New York it was thought best to let the bill take its course.

Senator Power spent a considerable portion of the day in gathering facts concerning the silver bullion in the Treasury, with a view of getting support for an amendment to the repeal bill providing for the coinage of this bullion, which will be offered by himself or some other silver Senator. He finds there is sufficient bullion stored to make \$34,000,000, if coined. He thinks there should be but little objection to its being coined, especially in view of the fact that the seizure of this silver, about \$4,000,000, would furnish the money necessary to supply the threatened deficit in the Treasury. He has been canvassing the proposition somewhat among the Senators, and finds that it meets with favor generally among silver men. There is a feeling, however, among silver Democrats that the bill should not be amended in any way at its instance, so the Administration may have all the praise and all the blame for it when it shall become a law.

SENATE PROCEEDINGS. WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—When the Senate reconvened the repeal bill was taken up and the Vice-President stated the question to be on the amendment offered by Peffer reviving the coinage law of 1857.

Peffer resumed his speech against the bill. Teller, without finishing, yielded the floor to Squire, who spoke in favor of his amendment to the repeal bill, of which he gave notice October 10th, supply the deficit in the Treasury, and sought to find a middle path, which is the path of safety. Originally he had been for repeal, and there he stood now. There has been timidity about acting on the subject of the bond issue, and the authority for which he had no doubt existed. If action had been taken he believed the present panic would have been averted. Who feared the electioneering cry when the danger to his country concerned him? The credit of a great nation involved that of every institution and individual in it. Why, asked Squire, should not the United States obtain two or three hundred million dollars, mostly from abroad, at a low rate of interest? Bringing so much more money to the country would benefit indirectly everyone. He favored giving the Secretary of the Treasury authority to pay whatever rate of interest would be necessary up to 4 per cent., and he would trust to the Secretary to place the bonds at as low a rate as possible. The very authorization of the issue of bonds might be sufficient, without resort to the bonds. He appealed to the Senate to do that which was practical for immediate relief of the Senate and of the people.

Wheeler, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported with amendments the bill making appropriations for certain urgent deficiencies