

IN RELIGIOUS REALM.

Expressions From the Various Religious Newspapers.

The Religious Thought of the Day as Expressed in the Secular Press—Some Matters of Interest to Both Ministers and Laymen.

Speaking of the Bishop elect of Vermont the New York Churchman (P. E.) says: "It is very plain from Mr. Hall's own statement, and from the acquiescence of the Bishop of Oxford and others concerned, that all the requirements of his release have been satisfied, and that he is thoroughly authorized to write to the Diocese of Vermont that the society [the Cowley Fathers], with the concurrence and sanction of the Bishop of Oxford as visitor, has formally released me from all obligations to the community, that I may be free to accept your call." It is a statement of singular definiteness and exactness. To insinuate that it is treacherous and deceitful is unpardonable. We can scarcely, even now, believe it possible that the distinguished and honored men who fulfilled their parts in the release could be subjected to the indignity of those cruel and groundless insinuations or assertions. We certainly trust that all who have yet to consent to the consecration of Mr. Hall will feel satisfied that his acceptance of the election was given only when he was completely released from every duty, and also absolute liberty freely to determine his course in the matter."

"To cherish and love episcopacy," to consider it "the best form of church government," are purely secular sentiments," says the Living Church (P. E.) of Chicago, "if episcopacy be not a part of the divine constitution of the church. If episcopacy is no more than a very ancient thing, it is no more than a human advantage, it is a narrow and bigoted thing to say to our separated brethren that the acceptance of it must be a condition of reunion with them. What is not of divine institution must be a matter of human choice. What is a matter of human choice cannot be essential. But those who are pushing these union projects are never weary of insisting that he must be willing to yield all non-essentials. Logically, therefore, they must be willing to yield episcopacy if the various denominations will not accept it. To say that episcopacy is a sine qua non is a glaring inconsistency as Presbyterians or Congregationalists."

Writing of the conclusion of the Noyes controversy in the American Baptist, Rev. Dr. H. M. Field says in the New York Evangelist (Pres.): "So our Congregational brethren have got rid of a question which has been to them a perpetual fountain of bitterness, and they have made an end of it without any compromise of principle, simply by distinguishing between things that are essential and those that are not essential; conceding that a man may hold a great many opinions that are not strictly in line with those of his church or denomination, but that so long as they are purely speculative, and especially so long as his heart is right and his life is right, they are no concern of his church. They have faith in the power of a Christian life, and believe that a man who may be in error on some minor points, if he is truly 'in Christ,' will work his way out. We are not to let him alone! He will not be helped by persecution, by 'haling' him before the judges, or by whisperings and backbitings, and insinuations that he is not sound and not to be trusted. It is the course of wisdom as well of Christian charity? Is there not in all this a lesson for the Presbyterian Church? Have we not acquiesced the minor points of doctrine to the overlooking of, or at least the throwing into the background, of the greater things of 'walking with God,' of sitting at the feet of our Divine Master, taking the words from his lips and trying above all things to follow His example?"

"There is never anything gained for the 'unity of the faith' by the splits between the two main bodies of mind, the progressive and the conservative," exclaims the Interior (Pres.) of Chicago, "because the same lines immediately reappear in the fragments, and usually more pronouncedly than before. The original 'Covenanters,' they had a split off by the 'Association.' No sooner were they in working order than they split, and the new church was the Associate Reformed. What was the result? Covenanters split again into Old Side and New Side. The Old Side split again and the New Side followed suit. All these churches were extreme and ultra conservative. Thus the influence of the two types of mind towards each other was reduced to absurdity. The place where mutual intolerance should begin is at the beginning. We must go back to the Master for the broad platform upon which all can stand. No organization or association of men can be at best without the activity of both types of mind. The progressive type is needed, or we should have stagnation and decay. The conservative type is needed to give the readiness and certainty to the movement. We must have Peter and we must have Paul. What did the Creator mean by enacting this universal law of mind if it were not essential to the general and spiritual well-being?"

"Nothing can be more unstable in this age as a basis for religion, than the appeal to authority," says the Christian Register (Unit.) of Boston. "So long as unquestioning assent is given by an inert or passive intellect to an assumed authority, there may be no dissent, but when the reason enters the arena it asks not only what rests on authority, but what is the basis of authority itself. Such a question has a power of penetration like a ball from a Kippur gun. No theological breastwork can withstand it. Authority erected on the foundation of popes, councils, creeds and Bibles can never be absolute or permanent under the dissolving power of the modern intellect. The man who makes his authority not he who is moving forward with the progress of our times and adjusting his intellectual conceptions to new revelations of life, but he who has tied up his faith to a proposition which has no basis in logic or fact, but is simply a traditional post set up to contradict the drift of opinion. Such conservatism is far more destructive than the progressive spirit it impugns. The intellectual and critical processes of to-day have been essential for the purification of religion. Such mental sanitation is as necessary as that which is physical, and it is as wholesome in its final result."

On the subject of Catholic press restrictions the New York Freeman's Journal (Conn. Cath.) remarks: "The Independent thinks that the retention of the warning to the Catholic press which the Bishops have seemed it necessary to send out, is calculated to put a premium on episcopal license and gag the mouths of Catholic editors in matters of legitimate criticism. If ever there was a time when it was necessary for the Catholic press to criticize the actions of individuals among the hierarchy, that time has passed away. We trust it will never return. The representative of the Holy Father to whom our Bishops are first of all responsible, is here on the ground. The American Church is directly under the eye of the Holy See, and it were presumptuous and simple for any one to go out of his way to call public attention to arbitrary conduct where a ready recourse for the adjustment of every grievance is within the reach of all. The argument of this court of reference, in the interest of religion, the Catholic press is in no small degree responsible. As its purpose was to end scandal, it is not at all likely that the same will be done, and who called for

some such institution as Leo XIII., in the person of Mr. Satelli, has established at Washington, are going to be the ones to carry on an entirely unnecessary agitation when what was asked has been granted. No, the Catholic press has no special grievance of which to complain in the republication of the decrees of the Baltimore Council. There will be no need of public criticism where the means of correcting error in the human element of the church is provided for in a much more satisfactory way."

SACRAMENTO MARKET.

Local Produce Dealers Observe Thanksgiving Day.

The local market men observed Thanksgiving Day, and remained closed except for a few hours during the morning.

Today (Friday) there will be a plentiful supply of fresh and saltwater fish, with the exception of Salmon, which are scarce, at prices as follows: River Salmon, 20¢ per lb; Tehama Salmon, 12¢ per lb; Perch, 15¢; Bass, 15¢; Flounders, 12¢; Rockcod, 12¢; Sole, 12¢; Tomcod, 10¢; Catfish, 10¢; Pike, 10¢; Large Smelt, 15¢; Silver Smelt, 12¢; Starbuck, 12¢.

In smoked and cured fish the following prices will rule: Oregon Smoked Salmon, 20¢ per lb; Smoked Mackerel, 15¢; Herrings, 15¢ per dozen; Yarmouth Boaters, 30¢; Flamin Haddies, 35¢ per lb; Klipped Herrings, 40¢ per dozen; Salt Codfish, 25¢; 15¢ per lb; California, 10¢; Brick, 20¢; Holland Herrings, 40¢ per dozen; Select Milchners, 50¢ per dozen; Mackerel, extra, select, Eastern, 50¢ each; California Mackerel, 15¢ for 20¢.

Shell Fish are quoted as follows: California Oysters, \$1 per hundred; Large Eastern Oysters, 10¢ per dozen, small, 25¢; opened, 50¢; Eagle Brand, 70¢ per can; Blue Point, 50¢; Soft Clams, 15¢ per dozen; Small Clams, 15¢ per dozen; Crabs, 15¢ each; Shrimps, 12¢ per lb; Mussels, 15¢ per quart.

Retail prices of the various named are as follows: GREEN FRUIT—Apples—Swar, Bellflowers, Spitzenberg, Greenings, Maiden Bush, Pippin, etc., 3¢ per lb; 10¢ per 25 lb box; Grapes—Emperor, Cornish, Muscats, Mission and Tokays, 3¢ per lb; Cranberries, 12¢ per quart, 45¢ per gallon. Winter Pears, 5¢ per lb.

DRY FRUIT—Apples, 10¢ per 25 lb box; Apples, 8¢ per 25 lb box; Peaches, 12¢ per 25 lb box; 14¢ per 25 lb box; Raisins, 7¢ per lb; Nectarines, 12¢ per 25 lb box; Grapes, 1¢ per lb; 5¢ per 50 lb box.

EGGS—New crop soft-shell Almonds, 20¢ per lb; do, Walnut, 15¢.

DAIRY PRODUCTS—Butter—Valley, 10¢ per lb; Pickle Hill, 10¢; Fancy, 50¢; Fancy California, 60¢; Fancy Creamery, 70¢; East, 10¢; packed, 20¢; Firkin, 20¢ per 25 lb; California, 15¢ per lb; Young America, 16¢; Eastern, 16¢; Swiss, 40¢; American, 25¢; Martin's Creamery, 20¢.

EGGS—Fresh Ranch, 40¢ per doz; Eastern, 30¢.

POULTRY—Turkeys—Live Hens and Gobblers, 17¢ dressed, 20¢; Chickens—Hens, 8¢ per lb; 10¢ per lb; 12¢ per lb; 14¢ per lb; 16¢ per lb; 18¢ per lb; 20¢ per lb; 22¢ per lb; 24¢ per lb; 26¢ per lb; 28¢ per lb; 30¢ per lb; 32¢ per lb; 34¢ per lb; 36¢ per lb; 38¢ per lb; 40¢ per lb; 42¢ per lb; 44¢ per lb; 46¢ per lb; 48¢ per lb; 50¢ per lb; 52¢ per lb; 54¢ per lb; 56¢ per lb; 58¢ per lb; 60¢ per lb; 62¢ per lb; 64¢ per lb; 66¢ per lb; 68¢ per lb; 70¢ per lb; 72¢ per lb; 74¢ per lb; 76¢ per lb; 78¢ per lb; 80¢ per lb; 82¢ per lb; 84¢ per lb; 86¢ per lb; 88¢ per lb; 90¢ per lb; 92¢ per lb; 94¢ per lb; 96¢ per lb; 98¢ per lb; 100¢ per lb.

GAME—Teal, 30¢ per pair; Widgeon, 35¢; Sprig, 50¢; Mallards, 75¢; Canvasbacks, 81¢; Snipe, 22¢ per dozen; Quail, 21¢ per 50; Gray Geese, 70¢ per pair; Black, 40¢.

VEGETABLES—Onions, 3¢ per lb; Sweet Potatoes, 2¢; Cabbage, 15¢; Green Peppers, 5¢; dried, 40¢; Tomatoes, 35¢ per 50; Red Cabbage, 10¢ each; Celery, 10¢; Cauliflower, 10¢; Savoy, Cabbage, 10¢; Squash, Hubbard, 2¢; Marrow, 2¢; Crockneck, 2¢; Yellow Pumpkins, 1¢; Lettuce, 12¢; Green Onions, 12¢; Radishes, 12¢; Turnips, 12¢; Carrots, 12¢; Beets, 12¢; Oyster Plant, 12¢; Leek, 12¢; Alameda Peas, 8¢; Sacramento, 40¢; Garlic, 10¢; Chervil, three for 10¢; Spinach, 5¢ per lb; Kale, 10¢ per lb; Savoy, 10¢ per lb.

POTATOES—River Reds, 50¢ per sack; Early Rose, 50¢ per sack; Liver Burbank, 50¢ per sack; do, 25¢ per 100 lbs; sweets, 51¢ per sack.

MEATS—Beef—Prime Rib Roast, 12¢ per lb; Chuck Roast, 10¢; Rump, 8¢; Brisket, 8¢; Corned Beef, 8¢; Porterhouse Steak, 15¢ per lb; Loin Steak, 12¢ per lb; Round Steak, 10¢; Chop, 10¢; Veal—Loin and Rib Chops, 15¢; Round Veal, 12¢; Mutton—Leg, 13¢ per lb; Loin and Rib Chops, 12¢; Mutton Steak, 8¢; Shoulder Chops, 8¢; Pork—Roast or Chops, 10¢; Corned Pork, 15¢; sausage, 12¢; Vienna Sausage, 15¢; Bacon, 14¢ per lb; Ham, 16¢ per lb.

BREADSTUFFS—Flour, \$4 40 per 40 lb, \$1 10 for 50 lb sacks, \$2 20 for 100 lb sacks; ut-mal, 10 lb sacks, 40¢; Cornmeal, 10¢ per sack; Cracked Wheat, 10 lb sacks, 35¢; Hominy, 10 lb sacks, 40¢; Graham Flour, 10 lb sacks, 30¢; Buckwheat, 10 lb sacks, 50¢; Rye, 35¢ per 10 lb sacks.

HAY AND GRAIN—Oat Hay, 70¢ per cwt. Wheat, 70¢ second quality, 60¢; Alfalfa, 60¢; Round Barley \$1 05; Feed Bars, \$1 40 per lb; Wild White Oats, \$1 25 per 50; Mid-ling, \$1 10; Bran, 56¢; Straw, 60¢ per ton.

FASHIONABLE NUISANCES.

Some of Them Touched Up Sharply by Beselena.

Annoyances to Which Women Are Subjected Who Give Up Their Time to Callers.

"Why don't you have a regular visiting day?" quoth a certain man I know, one evening not long ago, between the pulls of an odoriferous cigar.

I learned long ago, through experience, not to deny a man the privilege of smoking, even in your very best parlor, if he so wishes. Someone has said a man may love his wife, but he loves his pipe or cigar almost as well. It is very apt to seriously ruffle a man's equilibrium to know that he cannot smoke at home and, man-like, when his own comfort is concerned he is very apt to go some place in the evening where he may smoke, leaving his better half at home to enjoy her own company in sweet solitude.

After a few such evenings the above-mentioned "superior fraction" (as a man whom I know once called his wife) is very apt to allow the lesser fraction to smoke any place in the house, from the attic to the cellar. And, after all, the aroma of a good cigar is very soothing, not only to the smoker, but to the one who inhales it; and, as for damage, as some people claim—well, I've got to see the damage it ever did in my room yet.

But you ever hear, my friends, that when a woman has anything special to say she has to go through a sort of preliminary preface first? It must be true, because we all do it; but now that I have had my little say, I'll proceed.

The idea of a visiting day struck a responsive chord in me, and I forthwith announced on my cards that I would be home on a certain day, but no sooner had I made the announcement than my trials began. In spite of the announcement on my cards certain women would insist upon just running in at all hours of the day, hence the women who made morning calls were usually the ones upon whom you wished to create the most favorable impression.

Now, I don't believe there is one woman in a thousand who looks well in the morning. She needs necessarily go about with her front hair in curl-papers and her back hair done in an aggressive knot, with a soiled wrapper and slippers down at her heels in order to look bad, but a woman always looks well in the afternoon at home when arrayed in a stylish, neat gown, or in the evening dressed for dinner. Consequently I didn't feel happy when Mrs. Cuckie's card was brought in one morning at 11 A. M. I scrambled wildly into my house just as soon as I could afford it. Now one tiny peep at myself would have been a great consolation, but as I couldn't get it I rushed down the steps, two at a time, in the nearest gait, and, oh! how I regretted my visit. While I was inwardly wishing she was at the North Pole at that particular moment, I knew she was taking me all in from my heels to my head, and I felt morally certain that as soon as she left she would go straight away to my neighbors and tell what a slovenly woman I was. Then, when you have seen her safely out of the front door, you take a furtive peep at yourself in the nearest glass, and what a comforting reflection it is to find your dress buttoned up wrong and your collar askew!

Then there are the callers who swoop

down upon you at most inopportune moments and announce their intention of spending the day, and you know that if you don't drop everything right then and there, no matter how pressing it might be, add devote all your time and energy to the task of entertaining your visitor, she'll go off and give you a perfectly dreadful reputation for inhospitality.

There is another class of visitors, the doing mammas, who come to see you and bring their little darlings with them—the little darlings wearing fauntleroy curls and fauntleroy clothes, but there the resemblance to the angelic fauntleroy ceases, for the darlings are usually spoiled little imps who make you shiver with apprehension as they walk about you, now eyeing and handling your choicest pieces of china and bric-a-brac, and are powerless to remonstrate whilst the darling's mother talks in an inane manner of this and that, until a loud crash causes you to jump, and then you see your most highly-prized bit of old china lying on the floor a shattered ruin. But you must put on your most indifferent air and assure the darling and his maternal relative that it is a mere trifle that can be replaced any day, but all the time in your heart of hearts you are just longing to have the exquisite privilege of a private interview with the young culprit, if of only a few minutes' duration. You think you could teach him something his dotting parent failed to impart into his juvenile mind, namely—to leave people's things alone and not to go on a prospecting tour in people's houses.

The last and worst affliction in the shape of a visitor I was called upon to endure was the woman without an aim or ambition in life—whose daily round of petty doings she regaled you with in her periodical visits, of baby's teeth and Johnny's cold, and the trials of house-keeping, and the numerous defects of servants, etc., in an endless round and with a monotonous sing-song, until you felt on the verge of being hysterical. And when she is gone you lay back in your chair and fairly gasp until some one brings you a glass of water, and asks how you enjoy receiving? For answer you do as I did—scratch off the day from your calling cards, and make up your mind that in future you will not be at home to every one.

I never have believed in the so-called "emancipation of woman," but I do believe that a woman can make herself useful outside the home circle, as well as within its pale, and this can be done without neglecting any of the home duties of a wife or mother. Most of the women I know have plenty of spare time on their hands, which they idle and fritter away, but with a little energy it could be put to profitable advantage, not only to themselves, but to their friends as well.

Let us have a little of physical and mind culture a reading club would take very well. It seems to me the members might form a club and with the dues and fines supply them with the latest books and magazines, that could be passed around from one to the other of the members, each keeping them a certain length of time. Then a meeting might be held every other week, or perhaps once a month, and the members could discuss what they had read and studied, and thus keep posted on the living topics of the day. The benefits to be derived from such a club are inestimable, and woman can thus be given a chance to rise above the petty details of domestic trials and petty tribulations. Much reading of the proper sort will broaden her mind and make it more fit to be truly a companion to her husband, for men like and admire a clever woman provided she isn't too clever. They would not endure her if they thought she was their superior in intelligence, but they like to be given a chance to rise above the petty details of domestic trials and petty tribulations. Much reading of the proper sort will broaden her mind and make it more fit to be truly a companion to her husband, for men like and admire a clever woman provided she isn't too clever. They would not endure her if they thought she was their superior in intelligence, but they like to be given a chance to rise above the petty details of domestic trials and petty tribulations.

That is why I scratched my day off my visiting cards, and why I have limited the circle of my acquaintances to only the few who have brains and intelligence

and ambition, and why I advocate a reading club for women. BESELENA. Seattle, November 26, 1893.



ACTIVE EXERCISE and good food in plenty, tends to make children healthy. If children suffer, however, from Scrofulous, Skin or Scalp, Diseases—if their blood is impure and pimples or boils appear, they should be given the right medicine. Dr. Parro's Golden Medical Discovery brings about the best blood condition. It purifies the blood and renders the liver active as well as building up health and strength. Funny, pale, weak children get a lasting benefit and "a good start" from the use of the "Discovery." It puts on wholesome flesh, and does not nauseate and offend the stomach like the various preparations of Cod Liver Oil. It's guaranteed to benefit or cure you, or your money is returned.

MESMIN'S FRENCH FEMALE PILLS.

Containing Cotton Root and Pennyroyal. THE LADIES' FRIEND. The best and most reliable Female remedy in the world. Mesmin's French Female Pills, have been sold for over twenty years and have been used by thousands of Ladies who have given testimonials that they are unequalled, as a specific medicine for the relief of Painful and Irregular Menstruation, Female Weakness, etc. Price \$3.00 a box, with full directions.

How the Entire SEXUAL SYSTEM

of the male may be brought to that condition essential to health and peace of mind. How to DEVELOP EXPANDED, feeble organs explained in our new Treatise, "A PERFECT MANHOOD." A simple, infallible, mechanical method, endorsed by physicians. Book is FREE, sealed. Address (in confidence), ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

WEEKLY UNION.

Containing all the news of the Record-Union, has the largest circulation of any paper on the Pacific Slope, its readers being found in every town and hamlet, with a constantly increasing list in the Eastern States and Europe. Special attention paid to the publication of truthful statements of the resources of California and the entire coast, best methods of agriculture, fruit and vine growing.

ALL POSTMASTERS ARE AGENTS.

TERMS: DAILY RECORD-UNION one year \$6 00 WEEKLY UNION 1 50

ADDRESS: Sacramento Publishing Company, SACRAMENTO.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY

Good Agricultural Land for \$10 to \$20 per Acre. The Pacific Improvement Company has recently purchased twelve thousand acres of land in the heart of Tehama County, for the purpose of promoting subdivision and settlement. This land embraces lands from first class Sacramento Valley agricultural land, to land of fair average quality, and is offered at from \$10 to \$20 per acre, in subdivisions of 40, 80, 120, 160 and 320 acres.

THE PACIFIC IMPROVEMENT COMPANY has recently purchased twelve thousand acres of land in the heart of Tehama County, for the purpose of promoting subdivision and settlement. This land embraces lands from first class Sacramento Valley agricultural land, to land of fair average quality, and is offered at from \$10 to \$20 per acre, in subdivisions of 40, 80, 120, 160 and 320 acres.

THE TERMS upon which these lands are offered are especially attractive. They will be sold in subdivisions, as above indicated, by the payment of interest only for three years, at which time the purchaser can begin the payment of principal by paying the first of five equal annual installments. Thus no part of the principal is to be paid for three years, and then the purchaser is to have five years in which to pay five equal annual installments, with interest at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum, making payments extending over a period of eight years. Intending purchasers are assured that this is an opportunity to purchase land of fair average quality at \$10 per acre, and good agricultural land at \$20 an acre, with other grades of land at prices to correspond between these figures.

The assertion is frequently made that good lands, suitable for general farming, and especially adapted for fruit-growing, cannot be had in California for less than from \$50 to \$100 an acre. An examination of the land subject of this advertisement will prove to home-seekers that this is an opportunity for the purchase of good agricultural land at \$20 an acre, and for qualities grading down to fair agricultural land at \$10 an acre, on terms of payment which should make the disposition of these lands to actual settlers a result easy of accomplishment.

The primary object of the purchase of this body of land was the breaking up of a large holding for the purpose of promoting its settlement in smaller quantities and its devotion to diligent husbandry. For further particulars, call upon or address WM. H. MILLS, Land Agent of the C. P. R., Fourth and Townsend streets, San Francisco, Cal.

Real Estate, Etc. EDWIN K. ALSIP & CO. THE OLDEST AND LEADING Real Estate House

IN CENTRAL CALIFORNIA. OFFICES: 1015 Fourth Street, - Sacramento 14 Montgomery St., - San Francisco 17 North First Street, - San Jose

\$3,700—Two-story Frame Building, six rooms and store; two-story barn; lot 40x160, 2180 K street. This is good property; being on a corner is desirable for business.

\$4,000—New Two-story Frame Dwelling, nine rooms, bath, gas, hot and cold water, arrangement convenient; high lot 40x160, 2821 O street.

\$1,200—80x80; nice building lot; southwest corner Fourteenth and D streets.

\$900—80x160, Estree, between Thirteenth and Thirtieth streets; northeast corner Thirtieth and G streets, near Thirtieth.

\$700—80x160, good home site, north side G street, near Thirtieth.

\$4,000—Good Ten-room Dwelling and lot 40x160, F street, near Twelfth.

\$7,000—A splendid Two-story Frame Dwelling of eight rooms with the modern conveniences; lot 60x160; 1828 H street. This property is in a most desirable location. H street is now being rapidly improved by the erection of several fine dwellings.

\$2,000—80x160, a fine corner lot, southeast corner of Twenty-fifth and H streets.

\$1,100—40x160, northeast corner of Twenty-seventh and J streets, three sides fenced, street graded.

\$8,600—80x80, a grand corner for business or dwellings, central, Sixth and K streets.

\$6,000—Frame Dwelling, five rooms, lot 80x105, southeast corner Fifteenth and J streets, beautiful grounds.

\$17,000—40x160, J street business property, renting well, all in good repair.

\$2,250—80x160, nice, high lot on north line of L street, between Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth streets.

\$1,400—40x80 and small dwelling, good location, \$400 down, balance in monthly installments.

In addition to the above, we have good property that can be shown and offered in exchange or for cash.

MONEY LOANED. RENTS COLLECTED. Insurance in Good Fire Companies.

Catalogues of Farming Lands issued free. Strangers to the city will find our office well supplied with maps of counties near Sacramento, as well as information concerning our city.

EDWIN K. ALSIP & CO., SACRAMENTO.

W. P. COLEMAN, REAL ESTATE SALESMAN, 325 J STREET.

FOR SALE. L STREET.

Table with 4 columns: Dwellings, 4-Room, 5-Room, 6-Room, 7-Room. Values range from \$800 to \$1,100.

HERE WE OFFER YOU SOME VERY FINE BUILDING LOTS, size 40x80, in one of the best locations and improvements thereon—this is one of the best bargains offered in this county for some time. Will be divided and sold in tracts if desired. Terms easy.

MONEY TO LOAN. P. BOHL, E. A. CROUCH.

\$65. FOR SALE—THE FAMOUS "LIZZIE Vineyard" of 120 acres, situated about five miles east of Sacramento.

AT \$65 PER ACRE

This property will find ready purchasers, for, considering the excellent location—one-half mile from railroad station and improvements thereon—this is one of the best bargains offered in this county for some time. Will be divided and sold in tracts if desired. Terms easy.

FRANK HICKMAN, Real Estate Agent, n17-2w 1014 Fourth Street.

Liquors, Wine, Beer, Etc. EBNER BROS. COMPANY, 116-118 K Street, Front and Second, Sacramento.

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS in Wines and Liquors. M. CRONAN, 230 K St., and 1108-1110 Third St., Sacramento, Cal.

IMPORTER AND WHOLESALE DEALER in Fine Whiskies, Brandy and Champagne. JUST ARRIVED

EX. SHIP EDEN BALLYMORE, FROM Antwerp, twenty-five barrels of imported Bourbon Nutwood Whisky, to be had at Capital Ale Vaults, only mercantile Lunch House in city. NAGLE & SONS, Proprietors, 302 J Street. Telephone 38.

HUGH CASEY, 218 K Street, Sacramento, Cal.

WOULD ANNOUNCE TO HIS PATRONS and the public that he has received a large cargo of

Reimported Whiskies.

All of Kentucky's favorite brands. Dealers will find it to their advantage to examine these goods and get prices on same.

HARRY KOWEYKE, JAMES McGRATH, ONLY THE CHEAPEST BRANDS DIS- pensed by JIM & HARRY, 1009 Third St., between J and K, Sacramento, Cal. Wm. J. Lemp's Extra Lager Beer, Capt. F. Rubstaller's Gilt Edge Steam Beer. Labor Goods.

Lumber Dealers. RICHARDS & KNOX DEALERS IN LUMBER.

Office—Corner Second and M Streets, Sacramento. Physicians and Surgeons. DR. T. WAH HING, ENGLISH AND CHINESE PHYSICIAN (M.D. and Surgeon Graduate of Hong Kong Medical College, Office, 924 THIRD STREET.

TO-DAY!

(FRIDAY)

We shall offer some excellent values. Do not forget our OILSKIN CLOTHING at our prices, which is a saving from 75c to \$1.50 on each coat.

BUY THEM WHILE THE PRICE IS CUT.

305 dozen Standard Brand Beacon Hose; warranted fast black, seamless, regular made, for ladies, misses and children, extra long and heavy for winter wear. These Hose were never sold less than 25c a pair. Now on sale at 20c. Sizes, 6 to 10.

LADIES, From the Bankrupt Stock!

BUY YOUR MILLINERY AT HEADQUARTERS. Our house is the center of trade or landmark for the above line of goods.

Pants Suits, ages 6 to 18 years, in dark navy blue chevots, corded back and fronts, 75c per suit. Another extra bargain in Boys' Drab Union Cassimere Knee Pants Suits, double-breasted, extra heavy, for \$1 45.

A few more of those Gray \$6 Mackintosh Coats, with capes, at \$2 50.

OUR CLOTHING SALE CONTINUES. See Show Windows.

Don't forget the Boys' Knee Pants Suits, ages 6 to 10 years, in dark navy blue chevots, corded back and fronts, 75c per suit.

HOW ARE THESE FOR PRICES? COME IN AND SEE THEM.

Men's Calf Boots, medium weight, standard screwed, high or low heel, sizes 5 to 9. Price, \$1 75.

Men's O. K. Nailed Bottom Kip Boots, sizes 6 to 9, \$2 50.

Gents' Button Gaiters, plain or tipped toe, sizes 7 to 9. Price, \$1 and \$1 50.

Ladies' Kid Button Shoes, with patent leather tip on toe, sizes 2 1/2 to 6. Price, 75c.

Misses' Kid Button Shoes, with plain or tipped toe, sizes 11 to 2. Price, 75c.

THE RED HOUSE CO. (INCORPORATED), 31 Street, between Seventh and Eighth, Sacramento.