WILLING TO WORK FOR FOOD.

The Industrials' Proposition to the Authorities,

Pending Negotiations for Cars—Director Hancock Wants Possession of the Park.

The affairs of the Industrial Army are still in suspense. Colonel Inman yesterday held another interview with the Mayor, and stated afterward that it was the first ray of encouragement he had received.

He repeated the offer he had made at the meeting the night before, to put his men to work cleaning up the streets and alleys for twelve cents, or sufficient daily to pay for their food, until they could proceed Eastward. He said that if they were worthy they would do the work, and if they were not he would soon find out who the unworthy ones were and would get rid of them. They could work two hours daily for the amount sufficient to buy their food and cook it at their camp.

The Mayor advised them to make the proposition to the Board of Trustees, and he would indorse any action they agreed to in that respect, but the city cannot transport them.

Inman says the Oakland army will in a few days get facilities to take them East, and those here would like to earn money enough to live on till the Oaklanders take them away. He said the men wanted to get to their homes. They would, however, go to Washington if they could and try to get work provided for them.

The Mayor advised him to ascertain from C. J. Ellis, the freight agent here, what rate could be given for enough box cars to take them to Ogden or some other point, so that the men would know what to do. He would be willing to help them by a personal contribution. The dispatch of C. P. Huntington, the Mayor stated, showed that the company was not willing to offer low rates in order to dump them in small communities.

Director Hancock complains that the men are occupying the park, of which he is custodian, and says the city has no right to give them the use of property it does not own, especially as it has been leased to persons who wish to occupy it.

Colonel Inman says if they are driven from the park they will have to camp on the north levee or get permission to use a piece of land for that purpose.

He applied yesterday for a permit for Captain Jordan, the Treasurer of the army, to carry a pistol, to protect the funds in his possession. He does not wish to violate the law, and therefore asks for permission. The matter was referred to Chief Drew, who was absent.

COLONEL INMAN'S PROPOSITION.

Colonel Inman of the Industrial Army called at the office of the RECORD-UNION about 11 o'clock last night to ask that the public be notified that he has not vacated the park. "Out of justice to Mr. Hancock," said Inman, "I wish it to be known that we were not expelled from the park. Mr. Hancock came to see me about 6 o'clock, and asked me our intentions in regard to how long we intended to remain camped upon the grounds. He said the bar and restaurant were contracted for, but the parties to whom it was let could not do anything until we had vacated.

"I told him," continued Inman, "how we were fixed—that I intended to make a proposition to the Board of Trustees on Thursday night that would sound like this: That I would work upon the streets for $1 per day for each man, the surplus of the earnings over the cost of food to be retained by the board until enough money was earned to pay for our transportation to the East.

"It would cost about 12½ to 15 cents per day each to feed the men, giving three meals—which they would have to have were they at work—the remaining 87½ or 85 cents to be used in paying for transportation for the army.

"The city would be benefited by such a course, as the men would do as much work as men to whom $2 is paid. They would work harder, perhaps, because they see an end to their suspense, and the cleaning has to be done by some one sooner or later.

"Or, I will make this proposition: I will work, say, five companies two hours a day for fifteen cents. This is just barely enough to keep them on two meals per day. There would be sixty-five men in each company. I can do no better. I have worked and worried day and night, calling upon this one and that, offering to do anything in my power to relieve the citizens of the expense. My men do not want to live on charity, and they realize that the people have done and are doing more than should be expected of them."

Colonel Inman has instructed the Treasurer to deposit the funds of the army in the safe of a business house here for safekeeping. He expects an answer from the railroad companies to-day, as to what they will carry the men for.

MINOR CASES.

A Short Police Court Calendar Soon Disposed Of.

The Police Court had a light calendar yesterday morning.

The case of George McCarty, charged with petit larceny, was continued till to-day.

Lizzie Clifton, charged with vagrancy, was discharged by the court, William Gilson, who testified that she lived with him and that she got drunk, was asked by Justice Devine if he considered that she disgraced herself any more by getting drunk than she did by living with him. Gilson thought she did, but the court did not agree with him. After she was discharged she complained to the court that Gilson had taken her little boy away from her in the hallway, and she was informed that she had a legal right to the custody of the child, but that if she abused him he would be taken away from her. An officer was directed to see that she got the child.

The case of Frank Barr, charged with buncoing John Young, was continued till Friday.

Stella Morrell, who disturbed the peace and fought the officers when arrested, was given three days in jail.

Encarnacion Abacca, charged with stealing a suit of clothes from R. Bocca, was discharged, there being no evidence on which to hold him.

A GOOD COLLECTOR.

How J. J. Rauer Got His Money Out of P. H. Cahill.

In Judge Catlin's court yesterday the case of J. J. Rauer against Emma and Addie L. Hughes was settled by the payment of $887 85 on a mortgage on the lot on the northeast corner of Sixteenth and G streets.

The mortgage was originally given in favor of P. H. Cahill, against whom Rauer had obtained a judgment in San Francisco for $240 on a claim assigned by Elwood Bruner for services performed as Cahill's attorney. Cahill had denied having any means or property with which to satisfy the judgment, but Rauer discovered that he held a mortgage on the lot referred to, and instituted proceedings to recover thereon.

The Misses Hughes were prepared to satisfy the mortgage whenever the court should determine to whom the money was to be paid. This point was settled by yesterday's proceeding, so the money was paid into court. Rauer received his $240 and $135 80 costs from Cahill, and the latter got the remainder.

LITERALLY A BRIEF.

One That Was Filed Yesterday in the Superior Court.

Some lawyers' briefs are marvels of verbosity, but this cannot be said of the one a copy of which was yesterday served on the Messrs. Devlin, attorneys for the plaintiff in the case of M. T. Brewer vs. W. M. Brewer, by the Nevada lawyer who represents the defendant. It is in support of a motion made for a change of venue, and reads:

"In this case the motion should be granted:

"It is a matter of right; the residence of defendant is Nevada County. There is no discretion. (Cook vs. Pendergast, 61 Cal., 72). Respectfully submitted,

"CHARLES W. KILT,
"Attorney for Defendant."

A FINE BODY.

Canton No. 1 of This City Off for San Francisco.

Sacramento Canton, Patriarchs Militant, departed for San Francisco yesterday to participate in the Odd Fellows' quarter-centennial celebration, in progress at the Midwinter Fair this week.

The canton turned out thirty-eight men, under the command of Captain O. W. Erlewine, and presented a fine appearance during the march to the depot. The column was preceded by the canton band of twenty-one men (including the Drum-Major), while hundreds of men, women and children marched along the sidewalks all the way from Odd Fellows' Temple to the depot.

The Sacramento canton will surely be heard from when the competitive drill takes place.

SAW IT TOO LATE.

The Walnut Grove Stage Dashed Into Another Vehicle.

As two boys who were driving a horse yesterday attached to a Pioneer Box Factory wagon loaded with blocks emerged on Tenth street from the alley back of the State House they saw the Walnut Grove stage coming down the hill rapidly toward them.

They tried to cross the street to get out of the way, and the stage-driver also did his best to avoid a collision, but it was too late. The stage crashed into the wagon and the horse ran away, breaking the shafts short off and spilling the boys out. He was soon caught, however, not sustaining any damage to himself.

CAME TO TAKE NOTES.

British Columbia's Speaker of Parliament Visits the Capitol.

D. W. Higgins, Speaker of the Parliament of British Columbia, was in the city yesterday, and visited the Capitol and was shown through it.

He expressed great admiration for both the building and grounds, saying that he had come to examine it, as his Province had appropriated $1,000,000 with which to build a similar building—"if the money holds out long enough," he added parenthetically, his remark indicating that the "Yankees" are not the only ones who know a good thing when they see it.

AMUSEMENTS.

There was a fine audience at the Clunie Opera-house last night. "A Tour of the World in Eighty Days" is given better, with two exceptions, than it was by the W. A. Brady company when it first played here some years ago, and that ranked as a New York troupe and carried a great amount of special scenery. At the Opera-house, all the scenic effects are better than given by the Brady company. The scenery is new and handsome. Duran, the artist, has been specially successful in the Suez Canal landing scene, the suttee scene, the San Francisco street scene, the winter scene on the Union Pacific Railroad, the steamer deck, the wreck and the raft scenes. All these are new and excellently painted. Mr. Sambrouke does some excellent disguise work, though he is not by physical build the ideal for so difficult a role as Fix. A new feature, not given the first night, is a quartet of dancers from San Francisco. Ethel Grant does a very pretty dance also. She is rapidly coming to the front as a fancy dancer. Bradley and Gedge's "Bums" is as clever a piece of specialty work as we have seen in that line. Both McCurdy, Brewer and Bradley double several times very skillfully and quite to the deceit of the audience. The spectacular march, in the third act, is very pretty, and fills the stage with people with banners, rich costumes and the glitter of silver and rich ornamentation. The play goes now without a hitch or jar. It will be repeated to-night.

On the 2d of May Miss Irma Fitch will give a concert, announcement of which in detail will be found elsewhere. Miss Fitch is a native of Sacramento, and this is still her home. For two years past she has been devotedly studying under the best masters in vocalism in San Francisco. She has made rapid and sure progress, so much so, that recently she was accorded what in the metropolis is esteemed a distinguished honor, namely, she was given the soprano premiership at the late annual concert of the Handel and Haydn Society—the oldest and one of the most exacting musical organizations on the coast. Her success at that concert we are assured was a flattering one. Miss Fitch has arranged a superior programme for her concert here, and well introduce in it some of the best vocal and instrumental talent procurable here and in San Francisco. Local pride and the assurance of an entertainment of excellence should combine to fill the house, and make the occasion a testimonial in recognition of home talent.

Elsewhere announcement is made that Frederick Warde and Louis James will appear at the Metropolitan Theater tomorrow and Saturday evenings in "Francesca Di Rimini," and "The Lion's Mouth." The engagement of seats for each evening is already very large, and that there will be large audiences is now assured. Neither of these artists need introduction to this public. Both are favorites here and neither has ever failed to draw well. The rank of each is established in the annals of dramatic art, and it is one of the foremost. The management, commensurate with the ability of the stars, promises superior and especial attractiveness in the way of scenery and costumes. The tragedy of the late Geo. H. Baker for the first night is a classic one, and its story is old and poetic. Dante uses it effectively and Petrarch refers to it in his "Triumph of Love." The bride of a deformed soldier, who goes immediately to the war, the heroine's love is given to her husband's handsome brother. Informed of this by the jester, Pepe, the warrior returns, surprises the guilty lovers and kills them both. Mr. Warde is a splendid Lanciotto. He is the rough soldier, bronzed by exposure in foreign fields, honest himself and thinking no evil of others. His wooing is awkward, yet tender. His revenge is swift and terrible when he comes to know how he has been wronged. If Frederick Warde had no record of triumphs in a score of great parts his acting in this role alone would stamp him as a great actor. Mr. James is a perfect foil for him as Pepe, the jester. In this character he is a unique figure in modern tragedy. Charles D. Herman will be the Paola and Miss Edythe Chapman will appear as Francesca, while Fanny Bowman will be cast for Ritta. The supporting company will be one of thirty people, and includes James Cooper, Harry Barton, Stephen Wright, Ernest Charles, Charles H. Clark, L. McCormack, Chas. Charters, F. W. Southworth, Robert Harland, and the Misses Florence Everett and Flora Gaines.

The Next Encampment.

General T. W. Sheehan and other Grand Army delegates returned yesterday from the encampment at Oakland. They report a very largely attended reunion of veterans and a pleasant time enjoyed by all.

It was decided to hold the next annual encampment in Sacramento, which will bring together a thousand or more veterans.

Annual Meteorological Review.

Director Barwick of the State Weather Bureau has just published, in co-operation with the State Agricultural Society, his annual meteorological review for the year 1893. It is filled with valuable data covering the climatic conditions of the State during that period.

JUST LIKE COMMON CITIZENS.

Foreign Consuls Not Entitled to Exemption From Taxes.

Judge McKenna Denies Van Loben Sels' Application for an Injunction to Stop a Tax Sale.

P. J. Van Loben Sels, Consul for the Netherlands, will come up to the Collector's office and pay his Sacramento taxes—not "like a little man," perhaps, but he must pay them all the same.

So declares Judge McKenna of the United States Circuit Court, to which tribunal Van Loben Sels went to enjoin the Sheriff from selling his land for delinquent taxes.

Van Loben Sels is a large owner of very fertile land in the Pearson Reclamation District, down the river, and he objected to paying taxes on the $80 per acre valuation fixed thereon by County Assessor Irvine. He claimed that he was above the jurisdiction of the State courts.

This assumption was made, too, in the face of the fact that the Federal law expressly states that foreign Consuls and diplomats must conform to the local laws in all matters of a mercantile or non-political character, just the same as ordinary citizens of the country.

He went to the Federal Courts to have them declare him exempt from such commonplace duty as paying such taxes on his private lands as local authorities might see fit to levy, by enjoining the Tax Collector from selling his property for delinquent taxes. The case had been pending for some two months, and yesterday Judge McKenna rendered his decision, which goes against the claim set up by P. J. Van Loben Sels, Consul for the Netherlands.

The county was defended in the action by Assistant District Attorney J. Charles Jones, who not only argued the facts before the court, but submitted an elaborate brief on the law points involved in the case. He denied that the plaintiff had any standing in a court of equity, in that the statute of 1893 providing for the repayment of taxes illegally assessed gave a full and adequate remedy; that the amount of the alleged illegal tax in dispute was not sufficient to give the Federal Courts jurisdiction of the action, and that there was not a proper showing made in the complaint to justify a court of equity in issuing its injunction.

These points were sustained by the court, wherefore Mr. Van Loben Sels, Consul of the Netherlands, will either pay his taxes or see his land sold to some one who will gladly pay what he owes the county.

If the agents of foreign countries who reside in this State were to combine and buy up the best land and farm it, without having to pay taxes on the same basis with others, where would local revenues come from? If that could be done, plain, ordinary American citizens would be mere cyphers in comparison with the little whiskered Consuls that would swarm in all the cities and towns, and the Assessors and Tax Collectors would have little to do.

EVERYBODY'S COLUMN.

Correspondence of Interest to the General Public.

Under this heading the RECORD-UNION will publish short letters from correspondents on topics of interest to the general public. The matter in these communications will be understood to represent only the views of the writers. All communications must be accompanied by the name of the writer, not for publication unless so desired, but as a guarantee of good faith.—EDS.

A Citizen's Protest.

EDS. RECORD-UNION: I protest against any such scheme that the so-called Industrial Army is trying to work against the Sacramento workingmen. I refer to them offering to clean the alleys and streets for twelve cents a day. As for cutting grass and all such work around the house, I protest on my own behalf.

I consider myself a good citizen of Sacramento, therefore I protest against being starved out of it, which I will be if they go from house to house working for bread. I cannot compete with them on any such terms. A Chinaman would not offer himself at any such terms.

If the so-called Industrial Army will straps their blankets on their backs and separate through California they will in a very short while get all the work they want.

GEORGE BECKER, 1220 Third street.

Employment of Women.

EDS. RECORD-UNION: An editorial in your paper of this date tending to discourage the employment of women in business pursuits has attracted my attention, and, although unused to writing for the press, I feel constrained to offer through your columns, if you will permit me to do so, answers to some of the arguments against women becoming self-supporting which you have by implication made.

The article to which I refer is composed of two questions, as follows: "How would it do to consider the question in these times of glut in the labor market whether it is a wise policy to displace the natural bread-winner by encouraging the push of women into about all the branches of labor? Which is better, that men work and marry and have homes, or that more women work and there be fewer homes and more unemployed men?"

Question number one carries the insinuation that the employment of women in business has been one of the causes of the present glut in the labor market. In answer to this let a woman now ask a few questions. Have mines shut down and factories closed on account of the employment of women? Has woman's work driven white laborers from ranches and vineyards, and installed coolies in their places? Kindly answer, Sir Knight of the Quill. Is not the laborer now reaping the whirlwind from the sowing of the wind? Have not employes been banding together in guilds and unions to force manufacturers and others to pay stipulated prices for labor, until the mill, the mine and the factory can no longer run? Think you that the white laborer upon the ranch or in the vineyard would have lost his job had he been diligent and faithful and refrained from communication with disembottled spirits? Has woman displaced these "natural bread-winners?" Whoever so claims does but repeat the old Adamic whine, "A woman did it."

Question number two implies that when women work there are fewer homes. This is illogical. Is a self-supporting woman less likely to marry because of her capabilities? If so, then woman marries solely to be supported, and by the cloak of the law conceals her real motive. Now, sir, what is to become of a sensible, virtuous, high-minded woman who will not accept an offer of marriage from a man whose breath is laden with the fumes of intoxicating liquors, but who chooses to walk life's pathway alone rather than become the wife of a man who would install her into a drunkard's home, where she herself might become the "natural bread-winner" by taking in washing to support her family? Such there be and many.

The rapidly increasing number of divorce cases in the courts which are laid upon the grounds of "intemperance," "failure to provide" and "extreme cruelty" is bringing woman to her senses, and to the determination to provide for herself.

That the employment of woman in the occupations for which she is by nature adapted will tend to increase the number of happy homes and to cause less suffering and fewer divorces is the opinion of

A TYPEWRITIST.

Sacramento April 25, 1894.

THOSE CUP CONTESTS.

Inducements Offered for the Return of Sacramento Coupons.

The County Midwinter Fair Commissioners have come forward with a proposition that should have the effect of putting new life into the effort to secure for Sacramento the first prize in at least one of the two county cup competitions at the fair.

They have decided to offer cash prizes for coupons as follows: A first prize of $10 in gold coin to the person who shall collect and deliver the greatest number of valid votes between the 25th day of April and the same date in May—both dates inclusive. To the person credited with the next highest number a cash prize of $7 50. To the person securing the third highest number of votes $5, and an additional prize of $2 50 to the fourth most successful person in gathering coupons.

The coupons must be delivered and voted in a sealed envelope, upon which must be written the name of the contestant for the prize and the number of coupons contained in the envelope; no coupon to be counted unless they are whole, unmutilated and dated so as to be available for voting within three days.

Envelopes containing coupons under the above offer may be left at the following places, where they will be called for daily, carefully counted and credited, and used as the basis of award: State House Hotel office, Tenth and K; Yardley's drug store, Eighth and J; Hammer's drug store, Fourth and K, and the Orangevale Company's office, No. 214 J street.

Sacramento should not only win the cup for which she has been well in the lead right along, but she should also get one of the three offered in another competition. If she should not hold her present position in both cup contests it will be simply from lack of interest on the part of her citizens.

THE CHESLEY ESTATES.

Applications to Lease, Also to Sell Real Estate.

B. U. Steinman and E. J. Gregory, executors of the estate of Alice M. Chesley, deceased, have petitioned the Superior Court for permission to lease the residence property at Eighth and H streets. The petition has been set for hearing on the 11th of May.

The executors have filed a report showing that they had sold for $200 a lot in Dunsmuir belonging to the estate.

The same executors of the estate of George W. Chesley, deceased, have also filed a petition for the sale of real estate to assist in meeting debts amounting to $4,773 65. This petition will be heard on the 25th day of May. The property desired to be sold is a cemetery lot valued at $500. Armstrong & Platnauer are attorneys for the executors.

Prohibition County Convention.

The Prohibition Committee of Sacramento has called a county convention, to be held in this city on Tuesday evening, May 8th, for the purpose of electing eleven delegates to the Prohibition State Convention, that meets in Oakland, May 16th, to elect a new Prohibition County Central Committee, and to transact such other business as may come before the convention.

Funeral of Norton Bush.

The funeral of Norton Bush, the artist, was held yesterday afternoon from the First Unitarian Church in San Francisco. The pall-bearers were William Keith, R. D. Yelland, W. G. Barrett, Mr. Richardson, W. H. Mills and William Morris.

Military High Jinks.

Companies A and E of the local militia held high jinks at the armory last evening. Songs, recitations and instrumental music were rendered by a number of those present, after which all partook of refreshments provided for the occasion.

MARRIED ladies, try Seguro. Take no substitute. See general notice column.

Looking Better

feeling better—better in every-way. There's more consolation in that than well people stop to ponder. To get back flesh and spirits is everything.

Scott's Emulsion

of pure Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites is prescribed by leading physicians everywhere for ailments that are causing rapid loss of flesh and vital strength.

Scott's Emulsion will do more than to stop a lingering Cough—it fortifies the system AGAINST coughs and colds.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists.

MARRIED.

WITHERBEE-LINDLEY—In this city, April 25th, by Rev. Stevenson, at the residence of the bride's father, Walter L. Witherbee of Orange, Cal., to Lelia J. Lindley of Sacramento.

PRINCE-KEET—In this city, April 25th, by the Rev. G. A. Ottmann, Wm. W. Prince to Maud A. Keet, both of this city.

DIED.

HUGHSON—In this city, April 24th, Dr. W. A. Hughson, a native of Canada, aged 49 years, 3 months and 6 days. [Oakland, San Francisco and Marysville papers please copy.]

☞ Funeral private.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

"WORTH A GUINEA A BOX."

BEECHAM'S PILLS

(Tasteless—Effectual.)

For Sick-Headache, Impaired Digestion, Liver Disorders and Female Ailments.

Renowned all over the World. Covered with a Tasteless & Soluble Coating.

Ask for Beecham's and take no others. Made at St. Helens, England. Sold by druggists and dealers. Price 25 cents a box. New York Depot, 365 Canal St. 19

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Perfect Fit, Best of Workmanship at Moderate Prices, go to

JOE POHEIM

THE TAILOR.

Rules for Measurement. Cloth Samples sent Free.

600 J STREET, Corner Sixth. - SACRAMENTO.

CHANGED DAILY FOR WEINSTOCK, LUBIN & CO.

SPECIAL SALE FRIDAY, 9:30 A. M.,

—IN OUR—

Domestic Department.

ITEM A—Good styles in Striped or Checked Dress and Apron Ginghams at 5c a yard.

ITEM B—Bleached Muslin, soft finish, 36 inches wide: suitable for underwear, 16 yards for $1, or 6¼c a yard.

ITEM C—Fast Black Openwork Lace Lawns in satin stripes or checks; just the material for summer wear. Sale price, 10c.

ITEM D—Light Ground Shirting or Dress Percales, fast colors; all desirable, neat patterns, principally pink, blue and black figures, 16 yards for $1.

ITEM E—Cream Linen Table Damask, good quality, easily bleached, 90 inches wide, 42c a yard.

REMNANTS—We have reduced all our Domestic Remnants for this sale, and the lot comprises good lengths of Dress Linings, Sateens, Ginghams, Percales, Shirtings, Calicoes, Cheese Cloths, Table Linens, Cretonnes, Flannelettes, Sheeting and Muslins.

DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT TO-MORROW MORNING.

Several hundred Calico and Gingham Caps for boys and men. Reduced to 1c each.

Refrigerators Just Received.

Our Refrigerators are well made, inside box covered with waterproof charcoal sheathing and extra heavy doors.

No. 1 Refrigerator, 30 inches high, $7 50 each.
No. 2 Refrigerator, 41 inches high, $8 75 each.
No. 3 Refrigerator, 43 inches high, $10 75 each.

Serviceable Hardwood Refrigerators, made of ash, antique finish, extra heavy doors, with bronze trimmings.

No. 1 Hardwood Refrigerators, 40 inches high, $10.
No. 2 Hardwood Refrigerators, 42 inches high, $12.
No. 3 Hardwood Refrigerators, 44 inches high, $13 50.

Also, another line of Hardwood Refrigerators, made of kiln-dried ash, antique finish, carved panels and bronze trimmings, charcoal lined and galvanized steel all-metal ice racks.

No. 1 Best Hardwood Refrigerators, 41 inches high, $11 50.
No. 2 Best Hardwood Refrigerators, 43 inches high, $13 50.
No. 3 Best Hardwood Refrigerators, 45 inches high, $15 50.

WEINSTOCK, LUBIN & CO.

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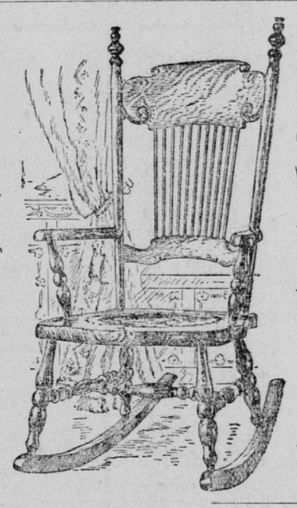
400 TO 412 K STREET, SACRAMENTO.

PRICE, $3 50.



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Furniture, Carpets and Draperies,

604, 606, 608 K STREET, SACRAMENTO.

Baby Bonnets.

THE FINEST STOCK OF MULL BONNETS.

PRICES FROM 15 CENTS TO $2 50.

CALL AND SEE THEM AT

MRS. M. A. PEALER'S,

621 and 623 J street, Sacramento.

BATH TUB ENAMEL

Have you ever used it? If not, we want to tell you that it is a new porcelain paint, or liquid porcelain, for painting or covering the insides of old zinc or copper-lined bath tubs. It costs but little and produces a wonderfully pleasing effect. Others make paint for a similar purpose, but none is so satisfactory as that made and sold by

W. P. FULLER & CO.,

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THE BEST PLACE TO BUY

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SACRAMENTO LUMBER COMPANY, { Dealers in Lumber, Doors, Windows and Blinds.

MAIN OFFICE—Second street, L and M. YARD—Front and R streets, Sacramento.

FOOTWEAR.

Ladies' $1 50 Shoes!

We have them in pointed or neat square toe and patent leather tips. They look and wear fully as well as any $2 50 Shoe sold in the country.

WE HAVE NO COMPETITORS ON THESE SHOES.

LAVENSON'S,

Family Shoe House,

FIFTH AND J, SACRAMENTO.

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NATIONAL BANK OF D. O. MILLS & CO.

Sacramento, Cal.—Founded 1850.

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CALIFORNIA STATE BANK,

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SACRAMENTO BANK.

THE OLDEST SAVINGS BANK IN THE city, corner Fifth and J streets, Sacramento. Guaranteed capital, $500,000; paid up capital, gold coin, $400,000. Reserve fund, $55,169 43. Term and ordinary deposits, $3,183,840 82. Loans on real estate January 1, 1894, $3,428,950 31. Term and ordinary deposits received. Dividends paid in January and July. Money loaned upon real estate only. Information furnished upon application to W. P. COLEMAN, President. ED. R. HAMILTON, Cashier.

FARMERS' AND MECHANICS' SAVINGS BANK

Southwest corner Fourth and J Streets, Sacramento, Cal.

Guaranteed Capital.....$500,000

LOANS MADE ON REAL ESTATE. INterest paid semi-annually on Term and Ordinary Deposits.

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D. D. WHITBECK.....Cashier
C. H. CUMMINGS.....Secretary
JAMES M. STEVENSON.....Surveyor

DIRECTORS:

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C. H. CUMMINGS, C. H. WAIT,
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