

HIGH GALE OF WIND.

Much Damage of a Minor Nature at Omaha and Lincoln, Neb.

AIR FULL OF FLYING DEBRIS AT SIOUX CITY, IOWA.

Fourteen Houses Demolished, a Child Killed and a Number of People Injured by a Cyclone in South Dakota—Four Miners Lose Their Lives in a Mine Fire in Alabama. While Many Others Narrowly Escape.

SPECIAL TO THE RECORD-UNION.
OMAHA, June 20.—Between 6:30 and 7 o'clock this evening Omaha was visited by one of the strongest gales experienced here in years. The wind came from about two points west of south and blew in gusts for about half an hour, attaining at times a velocity of nearly forty miles an hour. It was accompanied by dense clouds of dust, which obscured the sky and made it as dark as midnight. Much damage of a minor nature was done all over the city. Shade trees and shrubbery were blown down or broken off and in some cases traffic was blocked by trees falling across the street. At the Jefferson Square, near the center of the city, nearly every tree was blown down. Part of the roof of the Woodman Lined Oil Works was blown off. The Murray Hotel was partially unroofed. The glass roof of the Omaha Bee building was damaged, some and a portion of the terra cotta ornamental work on the Boyd Opera-house was blown off.

At Courtland Beach one man was caught in a boat on the lake and drowned. His body has not been recovered and it is not known whether the victim is the man, the boat tender, or O'Brien, his assistant. At the Ames-avenue street-car house one of the electric wires was blown into a tree and Foreman Parish climbed up to fix it. He received a fatal shock from the wire.

There are most serious reports from Lincoln. It was rumored, directly after the blow at Omaha, that the Capital City had been visited by a tornado. Many reports of buildings being destroyed and lives lost were rife, and as telegraph communication was interrupted for an hour or so it was impossible to learn the truth. As soon as the Western Union could get a wire working the Lincoln office reported that the storm there was similar to the one in Omaha, only a severe gale, with no serious damage and no loss of life as far as could be learned.

Passengers who came in on the Burlington trains which passed through the storm report that the damage in the country was but slight. From all directions word comes of high wind and light rain. It seems to have been merely a squall at the close of an unusually hot and sultry day.

TERRIFIC STORM IN IOWA.

SIOUX CITY (Ia.), June 20.—A terrible storm of wind and hail struck this city at 6 o'clock this morning. The roof of the Illinois Central station was carried over the union depot. Peavy & Stevens' wholesale furniture house was unroofed and the Gettysburg Cyclorama was wrecked. The air for forty-five minutes was so full of flying debris that it was not safe on the streets. It is believed immense damage was done to the surrounding country.

CYCLONE IN SOUTH DAKOTA.

BAYNEOR (S. D.), June 20.—A severe cyclone struck this place this afternoon, demolishing fourteen houses. The little child of John Hamfelt was killed and the remainder of his family are either severely injured or in a critical condition.

THE MISSOURI RUNNING HIGH.

Railroad Tracks Abandoned on Account of the High Water.

ATCHISON (Kas.), June 20.—The Santa Fe Railroad has abandoned its track between here and St. Joseph, on account of the encroachments of the river. The company used the Rock Island track for a trip, and then decided that the Rock Island was also unsafe. This evening the Santa Fe is running over the Hannibal and St. Joe line. At Winthrop Junction a brakeman on the Santa Fe can stand on the platform of a passenger train and dip water from the river. In a few days the lines of the tracks at Winthrop will doubtless be washed away.

During the past two weeks fifty houses have been moved or torn down at East Atchison.

ST. JOSEPH, June 20.—The Missouri River is at a standstill at one foot and a half above the danger line. The Santa Fe and Rock Island tracks have been abandoned.

OMAHA, June 20.—The river fell two-tenths of an inch this morning and last night, and the Signal Service thinks it will continue to decline, as the indications at all points north are for lower water.

LABOR TROUBLES.

Two Thousand Miners in Michigan Quit Work.

IRONWOOD (Mich.), June 20.—Two thousand Gogebic Range miners, comprising all the forces at the Aurora, North, Pabst, Newport and East Norrie mines, went on a strike to-day. The unionists assembled early, marching to the mines, and persuaded the non-union men to quit work. The steam-shovels loading from the stock piles all suspended operations promptly. The Colby at Bessemer is still running with a full force, but efforts will be made to induce the men to join the strike to-night.

VICTORIA STONE-CUTTERS STRIKE.

VICTORIA (B. C.), June 20.—Fifty stone-cutters at work on Government buildings went out on a strike at noon to-day because Contractor Adams charged B. C. Durst for a dressed stone which he had accidentally broken. On Friday Durst was discharged. Yesterday at noon he applied for his full wages, but that not being paid within twenty-four hours of the demand, the men went out under the rules of the Stone-cutters' Union. A committee to-day waited on the contractor, who declined to confer with them. He says if the men go out they may remain out, as he has men coming from Montreal.

VOTED TO RESUME WORK.

COLUMBUS (O.), June 20.—The State

coal miners in executive session to-day adopted a resolution by a two-thirds vote condemning the national officers for signing a compromise with conditions. The resolution to continue the strike was voted down, and a substitute resolution to resume work was adopted.

ATTITUDE OF HUNS ALARMING.

PUNXSATAWNEY (Pa.), June 20.—The attitude of the Huns at Walden is hourly growing more alarming. Fears are entertained that when the guards arrive there will be one of the bloodiest battles ever fought in the coal regions.

HON. BISHOP PERKINS DEAD.

For Many Years a Representative in Congress From Kansas.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Hon. Bishop Perkins, ex-Senator, and for years a Representative from Kansas, died suddenly at his home in this city this afternoon. His death was due to cholera morbus, contracted in the Indian Territory a few days ago. He leaves a wife, two daughters and a son, all of whom were present at the deathbed. A week ago he returned to Washington from Kansas, and since then has been suffering from bowel trouble, but until last night steadily refused to call a physician. During the night he became worse, and Dr. Bromburgh, the family physician, called. He pronounced the attack cholera morbus. He passed a quiet night. No serious alarm was felt during the day until 3 o'clock this afternoon, when the symptoms grew much worse. Drs. Bromburgh, Bellach and Sowers were hastily summoned. Their efforts to afford relief were futile. He sank rapidly, and at 4 o'clock passed away.

No arrangements for the funeral have yet been made, though the remains will probably be taken to the home of the family in Kansas for interment.

Mr. Perkins was an able parliamentarian. While a member of the House he was often chosen to fill the chair in the absence of Speaker Reed. Since his retirement from the Senate in March, 1889, he had been engaged in the practice of law in this city, being associated with ex-Secretary Chandler in the prosecution of the Indian depredations claims before the Interior Department.

FOUR TAKEN OUT DEAD.

Fatal Results of a Fire in an Alabama Mine.

BIRMINGHAM (Ala.), June 20.—Fire broke out to-day in the Mary Lee mine, ten miles from here, cutting off fifty men from escape who were working in the rear part of the mine. The imprisoned men made a rush for the opening, rushing through fire and smoke. Four of the number were taken out dead. Their names are: John Whalen, Superintendent of the mine; G. W. Baskins, William McKenzie and an unknown man. Some who made the run were rescued, and it is thought the rest escaped.

The work of rescuing went on for several hours, and by dark every man who was alive had been taken out. It is believed all the men have been accounted for. Those working far back in the mine could not pass out, and they were loaded in tram-cars and drawn through the smoke and flames.

THREW HIMSELF UNDER A TRAIN.

A Former Merchant of San Francisco Commits Suicide in Nebraska.

CHENNA (Neb.), June 20.—George A. Feinback, a former merchant of San Francisco, threw himself beneath the wheels of a train at Emerson, Neb., this morning and was cut to pieces. He was on route from Minneapolis to San Francisco, where he was wanted for a crooked business transaction, in charge of Officer H. P. Haidley.

He told the officer that he would never return to California and face disgrace. After putting irons on the prisoner the officer thought him safe.

OVER A MILE A MINUTE.

Fast Time Made by a Special Over the Washburn Road.

ST. LOUIS, June 20.—Assistant General Passenger Agent Crane of the Washburn road, who returned from Chicago, reports that the special that left St. Louis over that line Monday morning at 9 o'clock with a delegation of commercial travelers arrived in Chicago at 3:59 o'clock in the afternoon, covering 386 miles in six hours and fifteen minutes. The train was made up a baggage car, passenger coach, a chair and dining car, and made between ten and twelve stops at railroad crossings. Colonel Crane timed the flyer for one mile and made it fifty-six seconds.

ASSASSIN PRETENDERS.

Insanity Trial Begins Before the Criminal Court at Chicago.

CHICAGO, June 20.—The assassin Prendergast was taken to the Criminal Court again to-day for the insanity trial. The State asked for a special venire. The defense insisted that the regular venire be exhausted before a special one should be summoned.

Judge Payne decided that the regular venire should be exhausted, after which a special venire would be ordered. Prendergast asked the court to dispense with a jury.

Hotel at Washington Burned.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Congressional and other guests at the Eckington Hotel in the suburbs of this city had to make a hasty exit at midnight in consequence of a fire which started in the kitchen. The hotel, owned by District Commissioner Truesdell and valued at \$50,000, was destroyed. The lessee, W. A. McKellip, loses about \$13,000 on furniture.

Corbett and Fitzsimmons.

NEW YORK, June 20.—A New York sporting paper received to-day request from the Auditorium Club of New Orleans to arrange a match between Fitzsimmons and Corbett to fight before that club in December next. The club guarantees a purse of \$20,000. The substance of this offer was cabled to Corbett.

Negroes Warned to Leave.

GALLIPOLIS (Ohio), June 20.—Seventy-five farmers in Mason County, W. Va., last night put ropes about the necks of Archie, Bert and William Hines, negroes, who were said to have been stealing horses and sheep. The farmers then exacted a promise that they would leave the State and released them.

Situation Growing Serious.

WICHITA (Kas.), June 20.—The situation at Round Ford, Oklahoma, growing out of the complications between the Rock Island Railway and the city, is reported by Deputy Marshal Madsen as serious in his opinion that United States troops will be needed to prevent a serious outbreak.

FINANCIAL SITUATION.

Comptroller Eckles Says the Banks Have a Plethora of Money.

THEIR ONLY WORRY NOW IS HOW TO PUT IT OUT.

Believes That There Will be a General Resumption of Trade as Soon as the Tariff Bill is Disposed of and Congress Adjourns—The Gold Reserve in the Treasury Lower Than Ever Before in Its History.

SPECIAL TO THE RECORD-UNION.
CHICAGO, June 20.—Comptroller Eckles of the Treasury Department in Chicago, who is taking advantage of a vacation to become personally acquainted with those Chicago bankers whom he met at the banquet given him last September. Today Mr. Eckles had a conference with a number of the national receivers of the West.

"The conference was of a private character," said he. "I thought it better while I was home to call the receivers to get to know them and to have them make the journey to Washington."

"The banking business of the country was never in a better condition than at the present time, so far as money on hand is concerned. The banks have a plethora of money on hand now, and are as much worried to put it out as they were at this time last year to keep it in their vaults. I look for a resumption of general trade as soon as Congress adjourns and the tariff schedule is settled. The stocks of the country are pretty well used up, and I expect a healthier condition of trade than we have had for some years."

NEW YORK, June 20.—With reference to the meeting of the bank directors held yesterday, at which it was then said in Wall street they had concluded to furnish gold required for export, to-day's Evening Post says the meeting resulted in no action. The Post says: "It is on the authority of those bankers who were present that the statement is made that that was done, and the meeting, which adjourned sine die, left each bank free, as before, to determine for itself how much of its gold it would part with to any of its customers for export. All those present expressed themselves as quite willing to do all in their power to aid the Government in an emergency, but it was the prevailing sentiment in this matter that the question was to be left to the discretion of each bank."

CINCINNATI DO NOT WANT TO PART WITH THEIR GOLD.

CINCINNATI, June 20.—The banks and capitalists on the Board of Trade are exercised over a circular letter from Mr. Morgan, United States Treasurer, instructing the Sub-Treasurer to secure all gold possible here, and asking the banks and others to exchange gold in sums of \$100,000 and multiples for new paper currency. The Ohio Valley Bank had promised the sub-treasurer \$50,000 of gold to-day, but the prospect of a premium on gold renders it doubtful whether any coin will be released here. Thomas Emery, one of the largest investors here, has for some time made all his contracts payable in gold, and others to-day state they propose to adopt the same policy.

GOLD RESERVE LOW.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—The gold reserve to-day, after deducting \$2,255,000 engaged for shipment to-morrow, is \$64,705,097, or \$755,320 lower than ever before in its history. On February 2, 1894, the reserve reached \$65,458,377, the lowest point to that time, and the cash balance was \$83,545,102. The cash balance to-day was \$115,763,705, or \$31,518,613 greater than on February 24.

The Treasury officials are apparently not alarmed at the continued outflow of gold. That there is no lack of gold in the country is shown by the last National Bank statement, which shows that on May 14, 1894, the National Banks of the United States held specie to the amount of \$259,941,023, of which over \$201,000,000 was in gold coin and gold certificates.

The Treasury receipts so far this year aggregate \$298,877,532, and the expenditures \$301,151,357, leaving a deficit for the year up to this date of \$74,273,705.

HOMEOPATHISTS.

End of the Annual Meeting of the American Institute.

DENVER, June 20.—The fifteenth annual meeting of the American Institute of Homeopathy, which ended to-night, is pronounced by the doctors in attendance one of the most successful and enjoyable ever held.

Resolutions were unanimously adopted to-day condemning the movement looking to transferring any existing homeopathic institution to any old school college in a manner which involves the surrender of its distinctive name, and under conditions which do not secure the recognition of distinctive chairs of homeopathy.

This was aimed particularly at the Michigan University, where efforts have been made to merge the old school in the other.

Resolutions were unanimously adopted condemning the course of Dr. Obetz, Dean of the Homeopathic Department in that university, for trying to secure the abandonment of a separate school of homeopathy, and having it taught in the general department of medicine. The resignation of Dr. Obetz from the faculty was emphatically and unanimously called for.

The meeting decided that, commencing with the session of 1895-6, all colleges recognized by the American Institute of Homeopathy shall require attendance by students of homeopathy upon four courses of lecture of not less than six months each, in separate years.

To-morrow many of the doctors will start on excursions to points of interest in Colorado.

SIXTY AND EIGHTY.

Sensational Marriage of a Couple in New York.

GREENLAWN (L. I.), June 20.—The wedding of Mrs. Marietta Cheshire, aged sixty years, to William Castle, coming eighteen, a farm hand, has created a stir. Mrs. Cheshire is the widow of the late Jeremiah Cheshire, one of the most pros-

SEALING REGULATIONS.

Serious Conflict Over Their Enforcement in Behring Sea.

CLAIMED THE PATROL FLEET IS EXCEEDING ITS AUTHORITY.

An Indian Mail-Carrier Held Up by a Highwayman Near the Hoopa Reservation, in Humboldt County—The Pouch Cut Open and Four Hundred Dollars in Coin and a Quantity of Gold Dust Taken.

SPECIAL TO THE RECORD-UNION.
PORT TOWNSEND, June 20.—In the manner of enforcing the sealing regulations there appears to be a serious conflict between the Customs officers and commanding officers of the Behring Sea patrol fleet. The schooner George R. White of Seattle, which arrived last night from Sitka, reports being boarded by officers of the revenue cutter Corwin, whose commander sealed up her arms and ammunition and ordered the schooner to return forthwith to Puget Sound. Captain Chenworth of the White asked permission to proceed to the Japan coast, which is outside the jurisdiction of the American and British laws, or else to remain in the port of Sitka pending a communication with his owners preliminary to obtaining permission from the Treasury Department to go to the Japan Sea. These requests were refused by Captain Mungler of the Corwin and Commander Clark of the Mohican, both of whom ordered the schooner to proceed to Puget Sound immediately, under threat of seizure.

These facts were reported to the Collector of Customs to-day by the master of the George R. White. Customs officers said the Behring Sea commanders are exceeding their authority. The Collector contends that the White had a perfect right to proceed to the Japan coast and resume sealing if she chose. The same privilege is accorded the Canadian sealers by British men-of-war.

The matter will be reported to Washington.

Contrary to this policy Customs officers cleared the sealing schooners James G. Swan and Columbia, and permitted them to depart to-night for Unalaska. The masters of the schooners were ordered not to take guns or ammunition on board. This order was obeyed, and the Indian crews are now armed with spears. It is believed that both vessels will take on firearms when outside Cape Flattery. The masters of the schooners were cautioned not to kill any seals. The schooners are commanded by white men, manned by Indians. It is not likely the vessels would go to Unalaska on a pleasure voyage, and the only other apparent object is to seal.

Seal-sealing schooners under similar conditions cleared and sailed from Victoria this week for the North Pacific Ocean. Owners of sealing vessels claim the Behring Sea officials are very arbitrary, and that their rulings are subjecting their crews to unnecessary hardships which will result in financial loss.

UNIVERSITY OF OREGON.

State Money Cannot be Used for Separate Institutions at Portland.

SALEM (Or.), June 20.—Governor Penroyer has for some time held that the separate institutions in existence in Portland, and best known as the Law and Medical Schools of the University of Oregon, at Eugene, were not entitled to maintenance from money appropriated for the Eugene University, and that they must be located and administered at Eugene if any part of the funds mentioned were to be legally put to their use. This is the opinion of Attorney-General Chamberlain on the matter, which concurred fully with his own conclusions. As a result the following letter was sent to-day:

To the Board of Regents of the University of Oregon, Eugene: GENTLEMEN: Inclosed find opinion of the Attorney-General of Oregon to the effect that your body cannot divert the money of the University of Oregon for maintenance of schools elsewhere. Permit me to suggest that at this time your body should not give countenance to a growing spirit of rivalry by assuming and exercising powers not sanctioned by the law. Very respectfully, SYLVESTER PENROYER, Governor of Oregon.

MAIL CARRIER HELD UP.

The Robber Seizes Four Hundred Dollars in Coin and some Gold Dust.

ERBEKA (Cal.), June 20.—An Indian mail carrier between Sawyer's Bar, Siskiyou County, and the Hoopa Indian Reservation, this county, was held up three miles from Hoopa Tuesday afternoon by a lone highwayman. After relieving the carrier of his mail pouch, the robber told him to go on. The carrier came to Hoopa, reported the robbery, and a posse which was organized went in pursuit. They did not capture the robber but found the pouch at the scene of the hold-up. Both ends were open, and the mail was scattered over the road. The pouch is supposed to have contained \$500 in coin and gold dust for A. Brizard, a merchant of Arcata.

Sheriff Brown claims to have a clew, and started in pursuit this evening.

CITY OF SAN JOSE.

The Board of Trade Recommends an Extension of Her Limits.

SAN JOSE, June 20.—At a meeting of the committee of the Board of Trade on the extension of the city limits this afternoon, it was decided to recommend extending the limits, taking the road on the East Tully road on the south, the Fish road on the north and a line five miles west of the King road. This will make the city thirty square miles instead of only five as at present, and will take in the towns of Colton Park, Cemetery, Santa Clara, Willow Glen and Crandallville, and make the population in the neighborhood of 40,000.

Watson Held to Answer for Perjury.

FRESNO, June 20.—Dr. C. P. V. Watson, indicted for perjury by the late Grand Jury, arrived from Prescott, Ariz., early this morning. He appeared before Judge Webb this afternoon with an attorney and entered a demurrer to the indictment, which was overruled. The doctor then pleaded not guilty and his

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THE POPE'S ENCYCLICAL.

An Appeal to Protestants to Join the Roman Catholic Church.

FRICION BETWEEN THE STATE AND CHURCH IN ITALY DEPLORED.

Serious Disturbances Have Broken Out at Huira, Peru—The Rebel President of the Provisional Government in Santa Catharina, Brazil, Taken Prisoner by General Saravia and Shot.

SPECIAL TO THE RECORD-UNION.
ROME, June 20.—The encyclical letter of the Pope has been approved by a committee of the College of Cardinals, and will shortly be promulgated. The letter says that, imitating Christ, who on the eve of his ascension prayed that his disciples be united, he, the Pope, at the end of his life, desires to invite all men, without distinction of race or country, to enter the church.

The encyclical expresses grief at the schisms and animosities which have torn flourishing countries from the bosom of the church, and the hope is expressed that divine pity and omnipotence will bring them back to the fold.

The Pope then addresses the Eastern churches, recalling the fact that their ancestors reorganized the Roman Pontificate, admits that they were well disposed toward Catholics, and promises that their rights and patriarchal privileges will be maintained in the event of union with the Roman Catholic Church.

His holiness then appeals to Protestants, and points out that they have a fixed rule of faith nor authority, and asserting that many of them even deny the divinity of Christ, the inspiration of the Scriptures, and end by falling into naturalism and materialism.

The Pope makes reference to the friction between Church and State in Italy by deploring the revival of acts of oppression which animated ancient royalties against the church.

His holiness condemns the Free Masons, claiming they are enemies of religious union, and especially denounces so-called audacious activity in Rome. Further, he calls upon Italy and France to shake off the despotism of Free Masonry, in order that religious concord may exercise the evils of war, holding that Europe presents the appearance rather than the reality of peace, and that education in business, the arts, and commerce is seriously menaced.

The encyclical concludes with recalling the former encyclical on the social question, declaring that liberty and the people can be made to harmonize with the rulers, whatever form of government exists, as the right to command and the duty of obedience proceeds from God, to whom the rulers must account for their stewardship.

BRITISH PARLIAMENT.

Question of Irish Affairs Discussed in Commons.

LONDON, June 20.—In the Commons to-day Hugh O. Arnold Forster moved to discuss the salary of the Chief Secretary for Ireland, in order to discuss the situation of affairs in Ireland. He complained that the speeches of Irish members of Parliament have resulted in assaults and injury to property and a revival of boycotting. He claimed that the Government ought to stop the illegal action of the Board of Guardians, in passing resolutions against land grabbing which led to outrage and established a state of terrorism.

S. W. Russell, in seconding Forster's motion, demanding that the Government take steps to stop the legal meetings in Ireland, which he said fostered agrarian crime.

Forster's motion was rejected by a vote of 211 to 172.

Labouchere's amendment was lost by a large majority. The original resolution was carried with enthusiasm.

ANTI-LORDS CONFERENCE.

Self-Government a Farce as Long as Hereditary Legislation Exists.

LEEDS, June 20.—Two thousand delegates were present at the Anti-Lords Conference in this city to-day. A resolution was adopted, declaring that the power exercised by the House of Lords mutilates and rejects measures passed by the representatives of the people, and has been systematically used to defeat reforms and should cease to exist. The resolution calling upon the Government to introduce a measure for the abolition of the Lords' veto power was read. Henry Labouchere proposed a substitute, calling for the abolition of the Lords. Labouchere declared that self-government was a farce as long as hereditary legislation existed.

THAT CANNIBAL STORY.

The Mexican Government Will Investigate Its Truth.

MEXICO CITY, June 20.—Consul Gibson of Guaymas has reported to Secretary Gresham the story of two Americans having been killed and eaten by cannibals on Tibouron Island, Lower California. Secretary Gresham asked the Mexican Government to punish the Coris Indians. It is believed here that one man reported killed—a newspaper correspondent—will reappear with a sensation for his paper. Nevertheless, the Mexican troops will thoroughly investigate.

Rebel President Shot.

NEW YORK, June 20.—A Herald's Buenos Ayres dispatch says: Senor Lorno, President of the rebel Provisional Government in Santa Catharina, Brazil, has been shot, it is reported, by order of General Saravia, who took him prisoner recently.

Serious Disturbances in Peru.

NEW YORK, June 20.—A Herald's Lima dispatch says: Serious disturbances have broken out at Huira, headed by Oswaldo Semenario.

Steamer Wrecked and Four Lives Lost.

LONDON, June 20.—The steamer North Abbey, of Swansea, has been wrecked off Nash Point. The Captain and three sailors were drowned.

The Plague at Hongkong.

HONGKONG, June 20.—Forty-six additional deaths from the plague are reported.

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