

HERITAGE OF CALIFORNIANS.

False Teachings Soiling the Fair Name of the State.

Phenomenal Growth in Population, Wealth, Manufactures and Agriculture—Facts and Figures Presented by America's Greatest Statistician—Great Advantages Over All Other States in the Union.

EDS. RECORD-UNION: Years ago when I was engaged in writing governmental reports in regard to "The commercial and industrial interests of the Pacific Coast," I arrived at the conclusion that a bright future was in store for California, but from time to time during the last three years I have read in papers and in pamphlets which have been sent to me from the Pacific Coast, most dolorous accounts in regard to the commercial and industrial interests of your State.

In August last I met at a place of summer resort a distinguished and highly cultivated citizen of your State—a man of great influence, who engaged my attention with a germinal on the conditions which, according to his view, are fast strangling the industrial life of your people, and especially of those engaged in fruit-raising and the production of wine. He had reached the conclusion that the State is suffering chiefly from extortionate and practically prohibitory freight charges on the transportation of its products to the States east of the Rocky Mountains.

But the case as presented to me by the gentleman referred to appeared to be so odd that it excited my doubts. So I decided to investigate the matter, as my attention during the last twenty-five years has been largely directed to the study of the commercial and industrial interests of my country. Accordingly I at once applied for exact data to the Secretary of State and the leading Commission of California, the Southern Pacific Company, the United States Census Office and other available sources of information, in order to ascertain the true nature and cause of the asserted decadence of commerce and industry in California, if indeed such trouble exists.

The results of my inquiries have convinced me that all the stories which I have heard are the grossest misrepresentations, and besides that, they are a part of that crusade of discontent which aims to achieve political success through outrageous perversion of the truth. In a word I have secured evidence which affords indubitable proof of the fact that California is the banner State of progress among the States of the Union. And now as the results of my efforts I beg leave to invite your attention to the facts which I have collected.

First I would call attention to the status of population in your State.

POPULATION. The population of California increased from 1880 to 1890 as follows: Population in 1880..... 864,694 Population in 1890..... 1,295,130 Increase..... 430,436 Increase, per cent..... 49.6

The average increase of population in the United States from 1880 to 1890 was only 25 per cent, as against 49 per cent, for California. This seems to prompt the inquiry, "What's the matter with California?" and to suggest the answer, "She's all right."

Next I invite your attention to the census figures as to the wealth of California: Total value of real and personal property of California: In 1880..... \$1,343,000,000 In 1890..... \$2,633,733,627 Increase..... \$1,290,733,627 Increase, per cent..... 95.8

The average rate of increase of wealth in the United States was only 49 per cent, as against 88 per cent, for California. This is a grand exhibit of progress. It also excites the inquiry, "What's the matter with California?" and to suggest the jubilant answer, "She's all right."

Next, I inquire, How does California stand in regard to manufactures? I answer: The census of 1890 gives the following information upon that subject: Wages paid in 1880..... \$21,065,950 Wages paid in 1890..... 51,595,780 Increase..... \$30,529,830 Increase, per cent..... 145

But I find that this increased percentage for California is just 3 per cent above the average for the entire United States during the decade of the most marvelous development of manufactures in the history of industry throughout the world. Then I turned to the value of the products of manufacture of California in 1880 and in 1890: Value of products of manufacture of California: In 1880..... \$116,218,973 In 1890..... 213,033,298 Increase..... \$96,814,325 Increase, per cent..... 83.3

But the rate of increase for the entire United States was only 75 per cent, as against 83 per cent, for California. This is a feature of California's manufacturing industries to which I desire to invite particular attention. The increased value of the products of manufacture was 83 per cent, while the increased amount paid in wages was 145 per cent. This is a splendid exhibit for labor, and it gives the lie to a great amount of base political misrepresentation which is being palmed off by demagogues on the laborer for the purpose of deceiving him out of his vote.

And now I turn to AGRICULTURE. The value of products of agriculture in California was: In 1880..... \$59,721,425 In 1890..... 87,033,250 Increase..... \$27,311,825 Increase, per cent..... 45.7

The average rate of increase in the value of farm products of the entire United States was, however, only 11 per cent, as against 46 per cent, for California. This is a splendid exhibit for California. But there is a feature of these two results which must not be overlooked. The increase in the value of farm products from 1880 to 1890 was 46 per cent, while the increased value of farming lands was 103 per cent. This clearly bespeaks an abiding faith on the part of the people of California in the enormous possibilities of agriculture in their State, a faith which expresses itself in dollars and cents. And I have substantial evidence that the developments of the last four years have fully justified that faith.

As everybody knows who has paid any attention to the culture of the fruit and prosperity of California, largely due to the raising of fruit and the production of wine. This development of wealth is clearly illustrated by the following census data with respect to certain leading fruit and wine counties of your State:

VALUE OF LAND, FENCES AND BUILDINGS OF FRUIT AND WINE PRODUCING COUNTIES OF CALIFORNIA IN 1879 AND IN 1889.

Table with columns for County, 1879, and 1889. Rows include Butte, Fresno, Los Angeles, Placer, Santa Barbara, Santa Clara, Solano, Sonoma, Yuba.

In no other section of the country has there been such a rapid increase in the wealth in agriculture and in allied industries. It is the marvel of the age. And this development of wealth has been due entirely to the fact that the agricultural resources of California have been brought into direct communication with Eastern markets through the speedy and cheap transportation of her products afforded by the various transcontinental railroads.

I say this on the evidence of the best information at my command, furnished by the commercial statistics of the Government. The case stands thus: Value of the fruit and wine product of California in 1893: Fruit..... \$27,589,787 Wine and brandy, about..... 7,000,000 Total..... \$34,589,787

The exports of fruit and wine from California to foreign countries during the year ending 31st Dec. 1893 amounted to \$1,993,181, showing that less than 4 per cent of the shipments of the fruit and wine from California were exported to foreign countries, and that over 95 per cent, went overland by rail or was consumed on the Pacific Coast. But recently I see that large exports of California fruit to Europe have taken place from the port of New York, such fruit having been brought across the continent in train loads by the transcontinental railroads.

And now let us see how California compares with the United States census figures, taken carefully and impartially, California exhibited during the ten years from 1880 to 1890 a phenomenal growth in population, in wealth, in manufactures and in agriculture, such increase being, in each particular, very much in excess of the corresponding increase for the entire United States. The data at hand also convinces me that California has fully maintained her relative rate of progress since the census of 1880 was taken.

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It is not at all surprising that the East is turning up overwhelming Republican majorities. The silent factories and "industrial army," poverty on every hand, all want to make the victory more complete than perhaps it otherwise would have been.

It is worth noticing that Mr. Budd made strictly a personal campaign, looking always to the main issue and leaving the others on the ticket to get along as best they could. His machinery was all out of gear and he had absolutely no support in the work. He mapped out his course and directed all movements through a central general office, the result he planned. It was a remarkable campaign, conducted much as a clever lawyer would win a jury while presenting a bad case.

It is an error to suppose that the Republicans of New York elected Morton. The element of democracy that was opposed to Hill assisted very largely in the work.

We hope the results of the election is satisfactory to the Populists. They have been claiming so much, and got mixed up in the cyclone so effectively, that the result is entirely satisfactory to both Republicans and Democrats.

It is suggestive of the trend of public opinion to note how small a figure Populism carried in the general election. It might be considered a fair proposition that the country, weary of continued adversity, would turn to the People's party for relief. But the results of the election in Colorado, where the party of brilliant promises has been considered impregnable, the Populist Governor is turned down. The results of the election in Utah show here and there, especially in the Southern States, but the great landslide is into the Republican camp. The untired and visionary spirit of the People's party are not trusted, but the Republican party is appealed to as the only organization qualified to assume the helm of government.

It has been a campaign of political lesson so far as State and Congressional candidates were concerned. The Congressional vote shows that the people are thoroughly aroused to the condition of the country and are still willing to trust the Republican party. They are through every crisis, and they usually show a wise discretion in condemning every semblance of loss rule, even in some instances, the good men who were suspected of being under the domination of the political boss.

But while the satisfaction we feel at the general result is great, there is much to fill lovers of republican institutions with profound concern. These landsides bode no good to a republic. They show that they are a people who have no fixed opinions, but are the peculiar prey of demagogues of the most varied quality. It was by demagoguery that the landside of 1890 was brought about. It was by demagoguery that the Populist movement was raised up, and by demagoguery the Democrats are now discredited. The Republican party is no more responsible for the present depression than the Republican party was responsible two years ago for the Carnegie quarrel at Congress.

The fact is that the Democratic party owes its debt to the hard times, which reached their height in 1893, not to the after Cleveland's election; to promises and pledges they kept; to the squabble among the leaders of the party, in which Cleveland took a prominent part; and to the mistakes made by the Administration. It is usual to hold the party in power responsible for the business depression that has existed in the country since the failure of Congress to carry out the promises made in the national platform of 1892, and the Democrats are disgusted and alienated many Democrats, who had a right to expect much from their party, since it was in complete control of both houses of Congress.

There is enough of the Democratic party left to swear by anyway. The Populist side show in a general way was quite valuable this year to the Republican party.

There is a barrel of red-cheeked apples awaiting the man who will explain "how it happened" that Missouri went Republican.

The election is over, and whatever be its results, the people who have participated in the battle of ballots can be assured that for the time being the country and the people in it will jog on in about the usual manner. The danger is, however, for the people who have just cast their ballots to imagine that by doing so they have performed their entire duty as citizens of the Republic, and that the next election, the danger to free Government is in the carelessness, the ignorance or the stupidity of the masses. The people of the United States, compared with other countries are not intelligent, but for twenty years they have drifted with the political tide, and at the present time it requires no telescope for the vision of a careful eye-holder to see their course ahead.

Now that a large Republican majority in Congress is assured there is danger that the country will be lulled into a false sense of security. The last three Congressional elections have demonstrated one truth which the Republicans should remember and apply in the day of their triumph. That truth is that the people of the United States are opposed to sweeping and radical changes as a means of correcting a wrong. It demonstrated that truth by electing a Democratic majority to Congress in 1890, and again in 1892 by placing Cleveland and a Democratic majority in both houses of Congress in control, and this year by turning that Democratic Congress out.

It is not at all surprising that the East is turning up overwhelming Republican majorities. The silent factories and "industrial army," poverty on every hand, all want to make the victory more complete than perhaps it otherwise would have been.

It is worth noticing that Mr. Budd made strictly a personal campaign, looking always to the main issue and leaving the others on the ticket to get along as best they could. His machinery was all out of gear and he had absolutely no support in the work. He mapped out his course and directed all movements through a central general office, the result he planned. It was a remarkable campaign, conducted much as a clever lawyer would win a jury while presenting a bad case.

It is an error to suppose that the Republicans of New York elected Morton. The element of democracy that was opposed to Hill assisted very largely in the work.

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ROYAL BAKING POWDER.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report



ABSOLUTELY PURE

VOICE OF THE PRESS

Expressions of Coast Papers on Election Results. [Los Angeles Times.] If half a dozen Populists introduced bills at one session of Congress to appropriate \$35,000,000,000, how large would be the aggregate of appropriations if the Populists should control Congress? Will some expert mathematician figure it out? A DEMOCRATIC VIEW. [Tulare Times.] Nothing is truer than that "a house divided against itself cannot stand." The election returns enforce the truth of this scriptural saying. The Democrats are in a great majority in this country, and the cause the party battled for was the betterment of the condition of the toilers and laborers, yet a large percentage of the Democratic voters strayed into the Populist camp.

NO USE FOR IT. [Elgin Tribune.] The tide of Populism has moved steadily westward since the inception of the movement in Kansas several years ago, and it struck California this year, but we believe that its mission has ended as it did no figure in its former strongholds, and California will have no use for the third party in future.

NOT SURPRISING. [Reno Gazette.] It is not at all surprising that the East is turning up overwhelming Republican majorities. The silent factories and "industrial army," poverty on every hand, all want to make the victory more complete than perhaps it otherwise would have been.

A PERSONAL CAMPAIGN. [Stockton Independent.] It is worth noticing that Mr. Budd made strictly a personal campaign, looking always to the main issue and leaving the others on the ticket to get along as best they could. His machinery was all out of gear and he had absolutely no support in the work. He mapped out his course and directed all movements through a central general office, the result he planned. It was a remarkable campaign, conducted much as a clever lawyer would win a jury while presenting a bad case.

"AN ERROR." [Elgin Chronicle-Record.] It is an error to suppose that the Republicans of New York elected Morton. The element of democracy that was opposed to Hill assisted very largely in the work.

IT HOPES SO. [Oroville Mercury.] We hope the results of the election is satisfactory to the Populists. They have been claiming so much, and got mixed up in the cyclone so effectively, that the result is entirely satisfactory to both Republicans and Democrats.

THE LESSON. [Pasadena Star.] It is suggestive of the trend of public opinion to note how small a figure Populism carried in the general election. It might be considered a fair proposition that the country, weary of continued adversity, would turn to the People's party for relief. But the results of the election in Colorado, where the party of brilliant promises has been considered impregnable, the Populist Governor is turned down. The results of the election in Utah show here and there, especially in the Southern States, but the great landslide is into the Republican camp. The untired and visionary spirit of the People's party are not trusted, but the Republican party is appealed to as the only organization qualified to assume the helm of government.

A POLITICAL LESSON. [Red Bluff People's Cause.] It has been a campaign of political lesson so far as State and Congressional candidates were concerned. The Congressional vote shows that the people are thoroughly aroused to the condition of the country and are still willing to trust the Republican party. They are through every crisis, and they usually show a wise discretion in condemning every semblance of loss rule, even in some instances, the good men who were suspected of being under the domination of the political boss.

"IT BODES NO GOOD." [Tulare Register.] But while the satisfaction we feel at the general result is great, there is much to fill lovers of republican institutions with profound concern. These landsides bode no good to a republic. They show that they are a people who have no fixed opinions, but are the peculiar prey of demagogues of the most varied quality. It was by demagoguery that the landside of 1890 was brought about. It was by demagoguery that the Populist movement was raised up, and by demagoguery the Democrats are now discredited. The Republican party is no more responsible for the present depression than the Republican party was responsible two years ago for the Carnegie quarrel at Congress.

CIRCUMSTANCES CONSPIRED. [Bakersfield Democrat.] Circumstances have conspired to bring the Democratic party into unjust ridicule and it has been forced to bear the brunt of the malicious legislation of the Republican party.

A DEMOCRATIC VIEW. [Stockton Mail.] The fact is that the Democratic party owes its debt to the hard times, which reached their height in 1893, not to the after Cleveland's election; to promises and pledges they kept; to the squabble among the leaders of the party, in which Cleveland took a prominent part; and to the mistakes made by the Administration. It is usual to hold the party in power responsible for the business depression that has existed in the country since the failure of Congress to carry out the promises made in the national platform of 1892, and the Democrats are disgusted and alienated many Democrats, who had a right to expect much from their party, since it was in complete control of both houses of Congress.

HAD THEY. [Santa Rosa Republican.] Had Vice-President Stevenson, Mr. Vilas, Mr. Bayard and other great Administration advocates worked a little harder for the Democratic cause, the verdict against them would have been unanimous.

OF MR. BUDD. [Los Angeles Times.] Mr. Budd's election gives him a position in American politics unique as it is conspicuous. He will stand among the foremost of Governors of States, and be distinguished among the distinguished. That he will wear worthily the great honor that await him, and give to the State an able and economical administration of its affairs none can doubt.

ENOUGH LEFT. [Modesto News.] There is enough of the Democratic party left to swear by anyway. The Populist side show in a general way was quite valuable this year to the Republican party.

A PRIZE. [Woodland Reporter.] There is a barrel of red-cheeked apples awaiting the man who will explain "how it happened" that Missouri went Republican.

KEEP ON THINKING. [El Dorado Republican.] The election is over, and whatever be its results, the people who have participated in the battle of ballots can be assured that for the time being the country and the people in it will jog on in about the usual manner. The danger is, however, for the people who have just cast their ballots to imagine that by doing so they have performed their entire duty as citizens of the Republic, and that the next election, the danger to free Government is in the carelessness, the ignorance or the stupidity of the masses. The people of the United States, compared with other countries are not intelligent, but for twenty years they have drifted with the political tide, and at the present time it requires no telescope for the vision of a careful eye-holder to see their course ahead.

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THE NONPAREIL. "The Nonpareil" Special Sale IN OUR NEW BASEMENT

To-day, AT 9:30 FANCY BASKETS, Suitable to trim for Holiday Gifts. The lot consists of this season's new shapes, in both wicker and straw. They were purchased from an importer, all being samples, and no two are alike. We have segregated them into five lots, as follows: Lot 1.....25c Each. Lot 2.....45c Each. Lot 3.....65c Each. Lot 4.....85c Each. Lot 5.....Various Prices. SEE DISPLAY IN OUR CENTER SHOW WINDOW.

A NOBBY CAPE, Received by express Saturday. Made of fine Beaver Cloth, with double cape, edged with natural fur and with applique designs of the same material as the cape. Comes in black and navy blue. A swell garment for the price— \$12.

WASSERMAN, DAVIS & CO. Corner Fifth and J Streets, Sacramento. AGENTS FOR BUTTERICK PATTERNS. The Pacific ALL ARE WELCOME! Refreshments Served Free.

D. DIERSSEN COMPANY, 723 to 729 J Street. Edwin K. Alsip & Co., REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE, 1015 FOURTH STREET.

W. P. COLEMAN, Real Estate Salesroom, 325 J Street. FOR SALE. 1226 PER ACRE—110 acres of the Sargent tract, near the city, about 10 miles from town. This is very fine land, well drained. Small payment down, balance in 12 months. Call and we will drive you out. \$1,100-1200 acres east of Oak Park. Good tract, well watered, and well improved. Call for maps and prices. \$2-3000 per acre. This is being offered at a low price. Call for maps and prices. TO RENT OR FOR SALE. 20 ACRES OF LAND, SEVEN MILES FROM SACRAMENTO. GEORGE KROMER, Real Estate and Insurance, 723 K Street.

LIQUORS, WINE, BEER, ETC. EBNER BROS. COMPANY, 116-118 K Street, Front and Second, Sacramento. IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS in Fine Wines, Brandy and Champagne. M. CRONAN, 330 K Street, and 1108-1110 Third St., Sacramento, Cal.

HUGH CASEY, 218 K Street, Sacramento, Cal. WOULD ANNOUNCE TO HIS PATRONS that he has received a large cargo of Imported Whiskies. All of Kentucky's favorite brands. Dealers will find it to their advantage to examine these whiskeys, and to purchase at the lowest prices. CAPITAL ALE VAULTS, 302 J Street, Sacramento. IMPORTER AND WHOLESALE DEALER in Fine Whiskies, Brandy and Champagne. HUGH CASEY, 218 K Street, Sacramento, Cal.

Nervous? Tired? You Need SANTAS GRAPE FOOD (A CALIFORNIA PRODUCT) For Sale by Leading Druggists and Grocers. Enclose this advertisement, with your address, and we will send you, postage paid, a beautiful water-color view (sixteen inches) of THE GOLDEN GATE, the entrance to San Francisco Harbor. There is no advertising matter printed on this picture, and only one copy will be sent to each address. THE CALIFORNIA GRAPE FOOD CO., San Francisco, Cal.

MATHUSHEK PIANO For Sale Cheap. A splendid new Mathushek Piano can be bought at a very low price. For particulars apply at the RECORD-UNION OFFICE. SACRAMENTO LUMBER COMPANY, Dealers in Lumber, Doors, Windows and Blinds. MAIN OFFICE—Second street, L and M. YARD—Front and R streets, Sacramento.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE People's Savings Bank of Sacramento will be held on Monday evening, December 3, 1894, at 8 o'clock. GEO. W. LORENZ, Cashier.

CAPT. RUBSTALLER'S Extra Gilt Edge Delivered to Saloons Ice Cold. Capacity, 75,000 to 100,000 Barrels Per Year. BEST BEER IN THE WORLD TRY IT.

REAL ESTATE, ETC. IT IS SAID THAT REAL ESTATE MEN PREVARICATE, BUT IT IS NOT SO IN THIS CASE. WE OFFER THIRTY-FIVE ACRES OF the choicest part of Oak Park for sale on terms that will interest you. This is all choice land, and will produce vegetables and alfalfa, or would make a fine dairy tract in the heart of Oak Park. An examination will prove our statements to be correct. Four blocks this side the land is selling at the rate of \$1,500 per acre. We offer this land in one body for \$600 per acre on very reasonable terms. It is only five minutes' walk from the terminus of the electric railway. Will take city property at its cash value for the first payment. Any one desiring to see the dairy chicken or vegetable farm, cannot do better than to purchase this tract of land. Inside of three years it can be sold for \$1,200 per acre, and if we do not sell it before that time we will prove the assertion to be true. We have sold and are selling it in acre lots, for \$750 per acre. Apply to

Edwin K. Alsip & Co., REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE, 1015 FOURTH STREET. A REVIVAL OF BUSINESS Will surely follow the closing of the long campaign. Sacramento's prospects seem now particularly bright. Opportunity for investment is now at hand, particularly in outside lots and land.

\$2,100 for ten acres of good land one mile east of city on J and K Roads. Several varieties of fruits, trees and vines. This is such a fine location to city that its value is constantly increasing. Have lately subdivided a Three-Acre Lot just outside Oak Park into 15-acre tracts. These are as "pretty" as lots come. They front on a good avenue and are only ten minutes' walk from electric cars. Price is reasonable and terms liberal.

THE LOUISIANA TRACT Is settling up rapidly—inquiries for maps, etc., coming in more frequently than common. As the tract is being sold in this tract, do not get left by thinking there is time enough to make an investment. I will pay you well. The terms of the property and soil all you could ask for. As for CITY LOTS CHEAP, we have several in the neighborhood of East Park, that are being sold at a low price. We have a 40x100 vacant lot that is offered for \$375 and only \$5000 cash, balance in one year.

Another locality is that near the Buffalo Brewery—a section that bids fair to become a business center. Those lots at Westwood are being sold at a low price. For a young man to buy on the installment plan, it is a fine thing. We have several years when they will be wanted for factory purposes. A large list of other good property on hand. COME AND SEE US.

EDWIN K. ALSIP & CO., REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE, 1005 FOURTH STREET. ODDS AND ENDS SALE. THE FEW UNSOLD LOTS REMAINING in Oak Park will be sold for the next 90 days at a discount of 5 per cent, on lots sold on the installment plan, and 10 per cent, for cash. This is a rare opportunity for a reduction. Now is the chance to get a lot cheap and one that is increasing in value. There is a section of land being sold on the installment plan, and the price is being improved. Call for maps and prices. \$2-3000 per acre. This is being offered at a low price. Call for maps and prices. TO RENT OR FOR SALE. 20 ACRES OF LAND, SEVEN MILES FROM SACRAMENTO. GEORGE KROMER, Real Estate and Insurance, 723 K Street.

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