A START IN THE RIGHT DIRECTION.

Citizens Wish to Experiment in Getting Rid of Mud.

Trustees Pass an Ordinance Fixing the License for Jewelry Auctions at $15 Per Day.

The City Board of Trustees held its weekly session last night, Trustees Lawton, Wachhorst, Kent, Devine, Davis, Leonard, Bragg, Tozer and Pennish being present.

Devine of the Street Committee said there were complaints of obstructions on the alleys between Q and R, Sixth and Seventh, and R and S, Ninth and Tenth streets, houses and fences having been built so as to encroach on the alleys. He moved that the Superintendent of Streets take such measures as necessary to remove the obstructions. The motion was carried.

He also said that some men who are engaged in freighting were willing to furnish material to inclose the wharf at the foot of N street and do the work, if allowed to do so, in order to store goods there, pending their taking them away.

He advocated allowing them the privilege.

Lawton said that would leave very little of the city's wharf for use and he did not favor giving away all the city's frontage.

Leonard said he had been requested by the Chief of Police to ask the board to furnish some bedding and other articles for the Receiving Hospital. The Police Committee were authorized to get the articles.

Kent said that people were asking if the streets on Third, from R to Y, and T, from Front to Eighth, had been accepted. Their bills had been sent to them, but they did not wish to pay them till the street was accepted.

Lawton said the streets had not been accepted, and the Auditing Committee would have to examine the bills.

Chief Engineer Guthrie said that he had never favored allowing the Salvation Army to build a building on Fifth street. Many people have come to him with complaints and remonstrated strongly against allowing the building to go up. He thought that class of building should not be allowed within the fire limits.

A remonstrance signed by a number doing business in the block was received, asking the Trustees to rescind their action.

Devine favored laying the matter over for a week, so that the members of the board could familiarize themselves with it, and it was so ordered.

The City Surveyor stated that the objectors on K street, from Tenth to Eleventh, had more than half the frontage on the property to be improved, and those on Eleventh street, from J to L, had just half the frontage. The improvement of both streets was laid over for six months.

Devine stated that he thought that some of the board should look after the weighing of the coal for the Water Works. Lawton said that the coal was weighed by the weigher of the railroad company and weight tags were given.

RISING'S CLAIM.

Davis presented a letter from Professor Rising stating that he had as yet received no compensation for the work of himself and his assistant in analyzing the water from the clear water wells last winter.

After some discussion the matter was laid over for a week.

KING'S CHARGES.

Kent showed some bills presented by Contractor King on the street work of his contract, in which he charged three cents a foot more for curbing than his contract allowed. Kent thought the board should do something to protect the property-owners from such imposition.

Lawton did not think the board could do anything in the matter. Property-owners should go to the City Surveyor and ascertain if the bills were right before paying them.

THE MAYOR SUSTAINED.

The ordinance in relation to the erection of electric wires, which was vetoed by the Mayor, was taken up, and on motion of Devine the Mayor's veto was sustained.

The ordinance prescribing the kind of poles for electric lights to be erected on sidewalks was passed.

LIQUOR LICENSES.

The petition of Camenzind & Annen to keep saloon at 229 J street (Fassler's old place) was granted, Davis saying that he thought the sale of the saloon was a genuine one.

The application for a license to keep saloon at 1323 Front street, another place that was closed for selling liquor on election day, came up, and Leonard moved that it be laid over for a week, as he had been informed that the place had been run for some time by other parties than those to whom license was granted.

The application of J. M. Henderson for a license to keep saloon at Tom Kenny's old place was laid over for a week by a vote of five to four, Leonard and Davis saying they would not vote for the license unless Mr. Henderson would appear before the board and satisfy them that he was going to keep the saloon. Kent, Devine, Pennish and Wachhorst fought for granting the license, but could not carry their point.

SOUTH YUBA COMPANY.

Dr. Van Norden addressed the Board in relation to the wish of the South Yuba Water Company to obtain a franchise to bring electric power to this city. He said the company wished to bring 900 horse-power to this city, and make a bid for lighting the city by electricity. They asked no exclusive rights, but simply a chance to compete with other companies.

He gave a description of the power under control of the company, and what it proposed to do. He read an ordinance prepared for the company, which he said carefully guarded the rights of the city.

He had been asked what guarantee the company offered that the company would carry out its contract. The company would in that case forfeit its franchise, and $15,000 the first year, and a like amount the second year. It has also 2,000 horse-power going to waste, which it wants to utilize and realize money from. In regard to a rumor that the company would sell out after securing the franchise, he would say that the amount the company would eventually realize from their franchise is so large that no amount could be offered which the company would be justified in accepting. That was a self-evident fact which needed no argument.

On motion of Devine the matter was laid over for two weeks, in order that the Board and citizens might have the opportunity to examine into it. He thought the proposition a fair one.

Leonard asked if the company would be willing to grant the city the first privilege of using the power for lighting if it so wished, so that private citizens could not get in first and leave a deficiency of power for the city. He was answered that the company wished to make the cost of lighting as cheap to the citizens as possible. Competition cheapens price.

AFTER THE AUCTIONS.

Wachhorst introduced an ordinance fixing the license of firms auctioning off jewelry, silver and plated ware, etc., at $15 per day, paid semi-annually in advance, in addition to the State and county license, and requiring them to take out and pay for such license before commencing their business, under a penalty of $500 or 100 days' imprisonment, and revoking all licenses heretofore granted and requiring new ones to be taken out.

Wachhorst said the ordinance was a copy of those passed in Los Angeles and San Jose, where mock auction-houses became an unbearable nuisance.

Christmas was coming, and there was an opportunity for permanent citizens to make a few dollars, and outsiders have come in and ruined the trade by selling goods specially manufactured for the business.

Tozer thought the time for licenses should be reduced to three months, and Wachhorst accepted the amendment.

The ordinance was then passed unanimously.

TO CLEAN THE STREETS.

D. A. Lindley and others presented the following communication to the board, which was read by the Clerk:

To the Board of Trustees: It is proposed to experiment on removing the mud from the graveled streets by means of a road machine or scraper. It appearing that there is no money available in the City Treasury, this experiment is to be made by the aid of private subscriptions. Should the experiment prove a success, it is to be hoped that there will be money enough transferred to the street fund to clean off the mud before the winter is over and, if possible, before the Pomological Convention and the Legislature meet.

Permission will be asked for privilege to experiment on some street and to allow property holders to use the dirt that will be left in a row in front of their property. What cannot be used this way the city will be asked to care for. We understand this city owns some wagons and teams. The work can be done by hand, if in no other way, and a man can do considerably more while the mud is soft than after it gets hard. It is likely, though, that a scraper can be devised to work while the streets are slushy, perhaps while it is raining, and move the mud into rows either toward the sides or the center of the street, as may be shown by experiment to be the most practicable.

The mud on the streets has not, as many supposed, worked up through the gravel, but is the accumulations of the droppings on the street and of the mud that has been carried from the alleys and the country roads by wagon wheels. True enough, a small portion of the mud was originally mixed in with the gravel which was hauled in to either make or repair the street, but this is really much less than is popularly supposed and comes off with the first cleaning of a new street. As many property-holders can find place for a little filling, a few wheelbarrows and some meals for the hungry might relieve the city of considerable of the expense of carting off the mud, which might not be undesirable to mix in with the sediment used ordinarily in filling our lots. Were such a central place like the Capitol grounds about to be put out to grass, a coating of the droppings from the streets would be of some value if spread over and plowed in with the sediment which was used in filling.

A recent experiment on H street, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth, showed plainly that a graveled street would be comparatively dry after a heavy rain if the mud were removed so as to permit the street to shed the rain. A space of something over a hundred feet was cleaned to the center of the street about two weeks ago. The morning after the heavy rain of last Friday night, this portion of the street was quite dry, while the uncleaned part was a mass of mud and water.

The quantity of mud that may be carried in in a few days from one portion of a street to another by wagon wheels is also apparent here, as where the cleaned space borders on the rest of the uncleaned street there is already quite an accumulation of mud. This shows the folly of attempting to keep a portion of the streets clean while the rest remain uncleaned. The effect of mud being carried by wheels is probably best illustrated on Fifth and Sixth streets, between I and K. If mud is churned up through the gravel, as is argued by many, the travel on these blocks would certainly make them much more muddy than the outside graveled streets. They are, however, comparatively free from mud, and, being free, dry up much more quickly than the less fortunate streets which are not kept clean naturally as are Fifth and Sixth streets, and in fact other blocks adjacent to the bituminous rock streets. The passing wheels carry the mud to the bituminous rock streets, which, being kept clean, are unable to return the compliment.

One reason these blocks dry up more quickly than the outside muddy streets is, that where there is much mud it naturally works down on to the sides of the streets, and, in a measure, destroys the good effects of the crown of a street which is maintained on Fifth and Sixth streets, because the grade is preserved at the original line of the gravel. Even asphalt streets require cleaning, and as there are so many unimproved streets and alleys we must expect to remove the mud from our improved streets at least once a year. If it seems to you better that it should be done at the beginning rather than at the end of the winter, and you can find a way to appropriate enough money to carry on the work if our experiment proves a success, we would be pleased to make the trial.

When people expect strangers, or are about to entertain visitors, whether they be legislators, grangers or horticulturists, it is quite natural for them to either clean up or dress up the house, so as to impress the visitors as favorably as possible. Strangers expect it, and if they see filth around while things should be at their best, they are apt to wonder what the condition must be when holiday appearances are cast aside. Often times, when strangers are expected, the whole household takes a bath. If we clean off the mud, the next rain may come in time to give the streets their bath, instead of a soaking, as is the case as long as the mud remains to act as a sponge, and to form, by the aid of passing wheels, small levees to hold the rain and prevent it running quickly into the gutters, as in case of a clean street. We are not of those that believe we should remain inactive until moved by an Act of the Legislature.

Mr. Lindley said that the signers would like to know, if possible, whether, in case the experiment is a success, any money can be changed from one fund to another to carry out the plan throughout the city. The beginning of the winter, before the gravel is softened, is the time to take off the surface mud.

He thought that it should be done before the Legislature meets. If the city will take the matter up and provide a fund for other streets, he thought enough money could be raised by private parties to clean one street its whole length. The projectors expect to stand the expense of the experiment, so that it will cost the city nothing.

The request was referred to the Street Committee with power to grant the request and report the result next week, members preferring to await the result of the experiment before committing themselves in regard to a provision for cleaning all the streets.

ELECTRIC WIRES AGAIN.

A new ordinance in regard to electric wires and poles, to replace that vetoed by the Mayor, providing that nothing in it should be construed to refer to the electric car lines, was introduced. It was laid over for one week.

PETITIONS FOR LICENSE.

Petitions for saloon licenses were received from McInerny & Kelly, 530 N street; Ainsworth & Kuchler, 708 K street, and Charles Quiggle & Co., 512 Seventh street, and were referred to the Chief of Police.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A communication from the Superintendent of Streets was read concerning the flow of water from the gas well and recommending that a sign prohibiting driving faster than a walk over the Twelfth-street bridge be posted up. The latter suggestion was referred to the Street Committee, with power to act.

Tozer moved that the owners of the gas well be notified to stop the flow of the water at once, and it was so ordered.

Devine said that from Thirteenth to Seventeenth and P to it there was no sewer, and the land is being flooded. The people should have some relief. The pipe of the Seventeenth-street sewer is also broken.

He moved that the Sewerage Committee be instructed to look after the matter and grant what relief can be given. The motion was carried.

PUMPING CONTRACT.

The bids for running the Y-street pump for the next twelve months were opened, and the only bidders were found to be Caspar & Long, who offered to do it for $5,949.

Tozer moved that the bid be rejected.

Long said that he and his partner had figured the matter down to the lowest amount. They were both practical engineers, and he did not think it fair to reject their bid simply because no one else had bid. They had exposed their bid to the public.

W. J. Hall, in answer to a question, stated that he received last year $4,494 for 219 days' work and it cost him $6,200 to do the work.

The bid was accepted and the contract awarded to their firm.

S-STREET SEWER.

On motion of Leonard the Superintendent of Streets was instructed to repair the broken S-street sewer at an expense not to exceed $50.

The board then adjourned.

CONDEMNED SIDEWALKS.

Who is Responsible for Resistance to the Law?

The law providing for the construction of stone sidewalks where old ones have been condemned is not being enforced as it should be, and complaints are very numerous since the winter rains have set in. In many cases where old wooden sidewalks have been condemned the owners have taken them up, filled in with loose earth and then allowed them to remain in that condition in spite of the law. Such persons should be promptly arrested, on complaint of the Sidewalk Inspector, but for some reason they are not.

The Sidewalk Inspector states that in some cases the excuse given by the parties is that they have let the contract to a certain sidewalk builder and they think that for that reason they are not liable to arrest. It has been asserted frequently that this same contractor has advised people to resist the law and not build new walks until they wanted to. It is claimed that he gave this advice whenever he had plenty of work on hand, so that no other contractor would get the job. If this is true there ought to be a way found to punish him, and in any event the fact of having a contract let should not protect any person in a willful violation of the law.

If the law cannot reach the contractor public opinion can, if he is guilty of the charge preferred against him. An investigation is already underway to ascertain the truth, and if the charge can be sustained by proper evidence the facts will be given to the public.

In the meantime it is clearly the duty of the Sidewalk Inspector to enforce the law, and not be put off by the flimsy excuse that a contract has been let to a contractor who does not intend to build the walk until some time next year, when he has nothing else to do.

DICK AND MANUEL

The Strybe Brothers Again on Trial for the Damon Murder.

The second trial of Manuel and Richard Strybe, charged with the murder of A. G. Damon, which occurred on Second street, between K and L, on March 6, 1888, was begun in Department Two of the Superior Court yesterday.

They were found guilty of murder in the second degree by a jury on May 31, 1893, and afterward sentenced by Judge Johnson to thirty years' imprisonment in the State Prison at Folsom. Their cases were afterward taken to the Supreme Court, which granted them a new trial on the ground that the lower court had erred in not charging the jury with certain instructions prepared by the attorneys for the defense.

The following jurors have already been obtained in the case: C. P. Massey, A. Popert, W. H. Kennedy, George T. Cear, F. Y. Williams, J. J. Bauer, E. A. Gammon, James Welch, Harry Williamson and F. H. Pierce.

The prosecution is being conducted by District Attorney Ryan, and Hiram W. Johnson is attorney for the defendants.

MURPHY'S MISTAKE

It Costs Him Three Months' Duty at the Rock Pile.

John Murphy was in the Police Court yesterday charged with petty larceny in breaking into the room of Gus Dabila and stealing about $70 worth of clothes.

Officer Hayes testified that he was standing on the corner of Fifth and K streets, when Murphy and another man came up from the direction of L street and stopped on the corner for a minute, making an engagement to meet at some place in a half an hour. Murphy had a bundle and Hayes followed and arrested him, suspecting that the bundle contained stolen plunder. The contents proved to be some of Dabila's lost clothing.

Murphy denied that he had been with any man, as Hayes stated, and claimed that he had given a man whom he did not know a half dollar for the clothes.

The Court thought the story rather fishy, and sentenced Murphy to ninety days in jail.

HIS HORSE COULDN'T WIN.

Wherefore William Dixon Refused to Pay His Trainer.

The suit of James Welch against William Dixon for the recovery of $250 alleged to be due for services rendered as trainer of defendant's race horse is on trial in Justice Henry's court.

Dixon claims that on account of Welch's negligence his horse was beaten in nearly every race in which it was a participant. Dixon is the man from Idaho who recovered Quirt and another animal from the Cavanaugh brothers in a suit here.

C. N. Post and W. A. Anderson represent Welch and A. M. Johnson is Dixon's attorney. The case will be resumed this morning.

Califia Parlor Election.

The following officers have been elected by Califia Parlor, Native Daughters of the Golden West: Past President, Mrs. Nellie M. Post; President, Mrs. Abbie J. Eitel; First Vice-President, Mrs. Nellie Miller; Second Vice President, Miss Kate Winn; Third Vice-President, Miss Henrietta Andriott; Recording Secretary, Miss Mattie Shirland; Financial Secretary, Miss Annie Luther; Marshal, Miss Lillie Crowell.

Academia To-Night.

The Acadmia, teachers' and literary lovers' association, will hold its December meeting this (Tuesday) evening in the High School building at 7:45. The subject of the evening will be "Fiction." Professor Pond, the new President of the Academia, requests the public generally to attend. The Academia meetings are always full of interest, and are notable for variety of entertainment and spice in the programmes.

ONE million dollars are invested in the Cream of Tartar plant used to supply the Price Baking Powder Company of Chicago. The plant is the largest in the world, the powder the strongest and purest in the world.

Held for Burglary.

Justice of the Peace Hart F. Smith of Isleton has ordered an Italian named Constance Struzolino held to answer before the Superior Court for burglary. Struzolino is charged with having burglarized the cabin of Frank Junio, near Isleton, on the 28th of last month. His bond was fixed at $500.

"WORTH A GUINEA A BOX."
Covered with a Tasteless and Soluble Coating.

BEECHAM'S PILLS
are a marvellous Antidote for Weak Stomach, SICK HEADACHE, Impaired Digestion, Constipation, Disordered Liver, etc.: found also to be especially efficacious and remedial by FEMALE SUFFERERS.
Of all druggists. Price 25 cents a box.
New York Depot, 365 Canal St.

THE HALSEY ESTATE ONCE MORE.

Mrs. Halsey's Son Still Trying to Secure It.

He Again Files a Complaint Charging Undue Influence by Bithell and Others.

Milton S. Halsey has again commenced suit in the Superior Court against James Bithell for the recovery of his mother's estate. He also sues for $800 damages for the withholding of the estate and $8,000 rents and profits of the estate from the time it came into Bithell's possession.

Halsey commenced a similar action against Bithell last March, but a demurrer to the complaint was sustained, and, Halsey failing to file an amended complaint within the stipulated time, the case was dismissed.

The estate in question consists of the north forty feet of the west sixty feet of lot 1, in the block bounded by L and M, Second and Third streets; the east fifty feet of the north half and the north fifteen feet of the south half of lot 1, in the block bounded by M and N, Fifth and Sixth streets.

Halsey alleges in his complaint that his mother, shortly before her death, suffered severely from sickness, and that during that period she grew gradually weaker, both physically and mentally, until she died on December 8, 1889. While sick, the complaint avers, she was susceptible of easy control and persuasion, and was utterly incompetent to manage her own affairs, to transact business or to dispose of her property.

Plaintiff also alleges that on December 5, 1889, while in a semi-conscious state, and when she did not know the nature and effect of the transaction, his mother was induced by advice, persuasion and undue importunity by Bithell to sign a deed of trust conveying to him the entire estate, and empowering him to collect all rents, issues, profits and income thereof. It was also provided in the deed of trust that Bithell should pay to Halsey such sums as he deemed necessary for plaintiff's support and maintenance, provided if for any cause the latter should be unable to support himself. It also provided that no payment should be made to Halsey, unless through sickness or disability he should be unable to support himself by his own exertions, Bithell to be the sole and exclusive judge of the necessity or propriety of making such payment.

Plaintiff further avers that at the time his mother signed the deed Bithell and other persons, whose names are unknown to the plaintiff, conspired together for the purpose of preventing Mrs. Halsey from leaving the estate to her son, and that in order to accomplish the conspiracy the defendant and others acting for him represented to Mrs. Halsey that the deed of trust contained a disposition of the property to the plaintiff, and thereby induced her to sign the deed.

Halsey has been administrator of his mother's estate ever since her death, and as such administrator demands an accounting from Bithell for the rents and accumulations and proceeds of the estate.

E. C. Hart, A. De Ligne and A. M. Johnson are plaintiff's attorneys.

BISMARCK has always been particular about the quality of his cookery. So is every one who uses Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

A Distinguished Artist.

W. Cogswell, the celebrated artist, has taken up his residence in Sacramento for the winter. Mr. Cogswell painted the full-length portrait of Abraham Lincoln, for which Congress paid $3,000, and which now hangs in the White House, in Washington. He also painted most of the portraits of the Governors of California which now hang in the Capitol, and the portraits of all the Governors of Oregon. He is one of the most distinguished portrait painters in the United States.

Elk Grove Masonic Election.

The following officers of Elk Grove Lodge, No. 173, F. and A. M., have been elected for the ensuing year: Henry Alltucker, W. M.; T. C. McConnell, S. W.; A. I. Gray, J. W.; J. T. Chinnick, Treasurer; L. Bower, Secretary; A. D. Gage, S. D.; G. S. Williamson, J. D.; J. N. Andrews, Marshal; I. L. Freeman and J. M. Kelly, Stewards; E. E. Barry, Tyler.

During Holiday Season

We look around and wonder what we can give our wives or daughters for Christmas. Do you know that you can give nothing more useful than an improved, beautiful, light wood Domestic Sewing Machine, of which not less than 6,000 are used in this city? I sell them on payments of $2 50 per month, and offer special inducements during holiday season. A. J. Pommer, cor. Ninth and J streets. *

Big Values.

One thousand dozen Ladies', Gents' and Children's Handkerchiefs now on sale. Ladies' Embroidered Handkerchiefs, 12½c to 65c; Plain and Fancy Bordered Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, 3c and up; Silk Handkerchiefs, 10c to 15c; Gents' Colored Brocaded Silk Handkerchiefs, 25c and up; Cambric and Linen Handkerchiefs, 5c to 25c. Red House Company. *

Millinery.

Mrs. E. Katzenstein desires to inform her numerous friends and patrons that, notwithstanding rumors to the contrary, she is still doing and will continue business as heretofore, supplying the fullest line and latest styles in millinery, at 605 J street. *

A Great Blast

Will take place in our Millinery Department in a few days. Watch our ad. The Red House Company. *

A Great Blast

Will take place in our Millinery Department in a few days. Watch our ad. The Red House Company. *

SARSAPARILLA AND IRON. Get it from the sole agent, McMorry, 531 M street. *

MARRIED ladies try Seguro. Take no substitute. See general notice column. *

MARRIED.

ARIANI-LOMBARDI—In this city, December 9th, at the Cathedral, by Rev. Father Grace, Louis Ariani to Cesari Lombardi. *

DIED.

BASLER—In this city, December 9th, Anna M., wife of the late Martin Basler (mother of Mrs. R. B. Thomas of Grass Valley, W. H. and C. M. Basler of Sacramento), a native of Germany, aged 67 years, 4 months and 19 days.

☞ Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral Wednesday afternoon, December 12th, at 1 o'clock, from the Grangers' Hall, corner of Tenth and K streets.

DYER—In this city, December 9th, Irene, youngest daughter of John and Nora Dyer, a native of Sacramento, aged 3 months and 21 days.

☞ Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her parents, 423 Tenth street, between D and E streets, this morning at 11 o'clock.

CONRAD—In this city, December 10th, John Conrad, beloved husband of Marie Conrad, a native of Posen, Prussia, Germany, aged 70 years, 2 months and 10 days.

☞ Funeral notice hereafter. *

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

CHANGED DAILY FOR WEINSTOCK LUBIN & CO.

OPEN EVENINGS TILL 8 O'CLOCK; SATURDAYS 10 P. M.

5 Great Ones.

Out of a stock rich in assortment and in telling values we select these five items for your special attention to-day:

ITEM 1—MEN'S NEAT GRAY UNION CHEVIOT SUITS, double-breasted, good, heavy cloth, well sewed, and better value than any $5 suits we have ever had in regular stock.

Price, $5.

ITEM 2—MEN'S ALL-WOOL BLACK CHEVIOT SUITS, single or double-breasted; make stylish and serviceable business suits, having the appearance of much more costly garments; fine farmer satin lining.

Price, $10.

ITEM 3—MEN'S SILK-MIXED CASSIMERE SUITS, quiet and gentlemanly in style and durable in wearing qualities; compare favorably with higher-priced goods.

Price, $15.

ITEM 4—From a fine tailoring firm we have BLACK DIAGONAL SACK AND REGENT FROCK SUITS that are really quite remarkable in quality and fit. We shall take special pleasure in showing them.

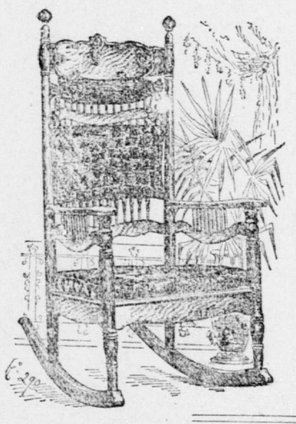
Price, $18 50.

ITEM 5—DARK BLUE KERSEY OVERCOATS FOR MEN; velvet collars and stitched edges. These coats are heavy weight and certainly the fullest possible value at price named.

Price, $10.

WEINSTOCK, LUBIN & CO.
AGENTS FOR STANDARD PAPER PATTERNS,
400 TO 412 K STREET, SACRAMENTO.

I AM A BEAUTY!



Mahogany Finished, With Silk Upholstering.

I'LL BE YOUR ROCKER FOR $12

JOHN BREUNER,
604, 606, 608 K Street, Sacramento, Cal.

THE POPULAR JEWELRY HOUSE

Will Sell at Auction, Also Private Sale, Commencing Friday, December 7th.

Being enabled to effect a compromise with my creditors within a given time, I have determined to inaugurate a justly styled CREDITORS' COMPROMISE SALE, which I will continue each day and evening until my obligations have been liquidated. Owing to the extreme dullness of trade for the past few months, together with my recent purchase of new goods and heavy expenses incurred by removal and refitting new store, causes my inability to meet my engagements, and in consequence have determined to offer in single pieces any or all of my new and elegant stock without reserve, consisting of GENUINE DIAMONDS, FINE GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, JEWELRY, STERLING AND SILVER-PLATED WARE (the best grades) at AUCTION, until a sufficient amount of goods has been disposed of to meet my most pressing emergencies. The management of this sale and this business is, as usual, entirely in my own hands, and I will be personally responsible for the representation and sale of every article offered. I also guarantee that no spurious, or so-called auction, goods will be unloaded here upon the Sacramento public. Every article sold guaranteed strictly as represented.

STANLEY GLIDDEN.
Cor. Seventh and K Sts., Opposite Postoffice.

P. S.—People who desire bargains will be doubly lucky in watching the eye of our Mr. N. E. Clark, the noted Chicago Jewelry Auctioneer, as he wields his baton.

H. WACHHORST, Watchmaker and Jeweler,
Importer of Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silver and Silverplated Ware,
315 J Street, North Side, bet. Third and Fourth (Sign Town Clock), Sacramento.

MASON'S Steam Laundry
AND SHIRT FACTORY,
528 J STREET. SACRAMENTO. TELEPHONE 211.

MISCELLANEOUS

BABY Pretty and sweet For baby's feet.

The cutest and latest novelties in Fancy Colors Soft Sole Baby

BABY SHOES

Ever shown in this part of the country. Cheap, too,

50c and 75c.

SEE DISPLAY IN CORNER WINDOW.

LATEST NOVELTY.

Ladies French Calf Shoes, look dressy, and are cold and waterproof. Price,

$4.

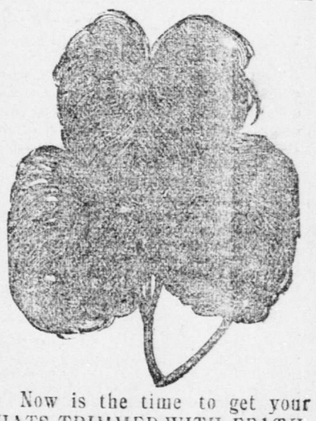
LAVENSON'S
Popular-Price Shoe House,
FIFTH AND J.
OPEN EVENINGS.

CHILDREN'S BOOKS AT LOW PRICES.

We show in the window to-day a line of JUVENILE BOOKS in Illuminated Board Covers, well illustrated and bound, that we are offering at very low prices: 10, 15, 20 and 25c. No such value can be found anywhere for the money.

Our window, like our advertisement, is changed daily. Don't delay.

W. F. Purnell,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
609 J Street.



Now is the time to get your HATS TRIMMED WITH FEATHERS CHEAP, for I have a large stock to be closed out at

MRS. M. A. PEALER'S,
621 and 623 J Street, Sacramento.

THE SELECT
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