

CRIMINAL RECORD.

Mysterious Murder Unearthed in the City of New York.

THE VICTIM OF THE CRIME A YOUNG COLORED WOMAN.

Her Disembodied Body is Found Wrapped in Pieces of Carpeting in the Rear of a Building—No Clue to the Parties Who Committed the Crime—Freight Train Wrecked in Ohio, in Which Four Men Were Seriously, if Not Fatally, Injured.

Special to the Record-Union.

NEW YORK, March 31.—One of the most mysterious murders committed in this city since the mutilated body of "Old Shakespeare" was found in a low resort near the East River front, for whose butchery Algeria Frenchy is now serving a life sentence, was discovered to-day shortly after 6 o'clock A. M.

The victim in this case was a young colored woman whose disembodied body was found wrapped in pieces of carpeting partially hidden from view in the rear of the building of the New York Company on the southwest corner of Sixth and West street.

The bundle in which the remains were found was bound and wrapped with pieces of cloth, and leaving the middle portion somewhat loose. Around her neck was tied in a double knot a long piece of cheese cloth.

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Immediately upon the discovery of the crime the police officers were notified, and half a dozen of the best detectives were detailed to fathom the mystery.

REPUBLICAN LEAGUE.

Call Issued by President Tracy for an Annual Convention.

CHICAGO, March 31.—President Tracy and Secretary Humphrey of the Republican National League to-day issued the following call for an annual convention:

"To the Republican State Leagues, the League Clubs and all Republicans: In compliance with a provision of the constitution of the National Republican League establishing the annual convention, and in accordance with the instructions of the last national convention at Denver, the eighth annual convention of the Republican National League of the United States is hereby called to meet in the city of Cleveland, O., on Wednesday, June 19, 1895, at 10 o'clock in the morning, and continue its session until its business is completed.

"It is proposed to take three days for this convention, so that there may be ample time for a full discussion of the questions of general interest to the party at this time. The ratio of representation will be six delegates at large from each State and Territory, four from each Congressional district, one from each college Republican club in the State, and two from each of the State and Territorial League clubs represented in the American Republican College League at Grand Rapids, Mich., April 5, 1895.

"The following are the officio delegates: The President, Secretary and Treasurer of the League; one Vice-President and one executive member of the national organization from each State and Territory, and the President and Secretary of each State and Territorial League, making four ex-officio delegates from each. This gives each State practically ten delegates at large, in addition to the four from each Congressional district. The total representation will exceed 2,000 delegates with an equal number of alternates.

"The business of the meeting will include reports from the officers of the League, the election of officers, Vice-Presidents and members of the Executive Committee for the ensuing year, the designation of the time and place for the National League Convention, a general discussion of League club work, party policies and organization, the formation of a plan of campaign, with special reference to the Presidential year, and a consideration of such other questions as the convention may deem proper.

"The utter failure of the Democratic Administration in its management of foreign and domestic affairs has created national distrust, rendered paralysis in business and has driven capital from the factories and labor into the streets, reduced the revenues of the Government and increased its bonded indebtedness. These humiliating conditions of national misfortune have eliminated party lines somewhat, as indicated by the unprecedented landslide of 1894, which brought large numbers of Protection Democrats and Populists into the Republican ranks. These new allies will find ample room and welcome in the Republican platform.

"The Republican party can stand on its record. It has kept faith with the people of the United States, and has protected their interests, both foreign and domestic. It has demonstrated its ability to manage the affairs of the Government successfully, both in war and in peace. We believe the United States now recognize its ability to grapple with and settle satisfactorily all the great public questions of the day, and to meet any emergency that may arise.

"It is the privilege of the League, now, as heretofore, to be first in the field to prepare the way for the next campaign. It is the only political organization that has kept its forces constantly at work since 1857, and has been the first to propose to begin at once a campaign of organization and education throughout the United States, upon a platform broad enough to attract from all parties the men who believe that the principles, policies and aspirations of the Republican party

are best for the people of the United States. "All voters in the United States in sympathy with the above are cordially invited to join the Republican League Clubs, and through the clubs and State Leagues participate in the election of delegates to the National League convention at Cleveland. We appeal to the young men of the country, particularly the first voters, to take advantage of the League plan of organization, and form young men's clubs with special reference to the campaign of 1896. Special railroad rates have been secured for the convention, and information concerning the same will be supplied by the various State League officials or direct from the headquarters."

FATAL FOREST FIRES.

Several Lives Lost in Kentucky and Indiana.

CINCINNATI, March 31.—The Commercial Appeal from southern Indiana reports that forest fires are raging, but definite information from any locality is lacking. The loss is estimated at \$200,000 in Kentucky and less in Indiana. Dispatches from Bowling Green, Ky., say that eight miles from there the homes of Otis Smith, James Waters and Henry Eiler were burned after 400 acres of timber were swept away. The families mounted horses and escaped. Henry Eiler was so badly burned that he, a white man, and a negro farm hand perished in bed on Eiler's farm. At Annetta and Blount town large tracts of timber were burned. William Edwards, colored, was burned to death while fighting the fire. Since the burning of James V. Penny's house yesterday in Indiana his wife has been missing and is now believed to have perished in Clark County, Indiana, the farms of Bates and Weber were burned over, causing a loss of \$20,000. Six lives in all were lost.

FREIGHT TRAIN WRECKED.

Four Men Seriously, if Not Fatally Injured.

NEWCOMERTOWN (O.), March 31.—A westbound freight train on the Panhandle was wrecked about a mile east of here, and four men were seriously if not fatally injured.

John Wilson, aged 25, a barber living at Tuscarawas; Oscar Hurzey, aged 19, son of Squire Hurzey, Postmaster at Booth; William Mercer and Willis Berkshire, both of the latter place, all walked three miles to Unionville to catch a train for Newcomertown. The men stood on the end sill of a car about midway of the train. As the train approached the siding to pull in for the limited the engineer found he was running at a high rate of speed, and made an emergency stop. The force broke a car coupling just in front of the one the men were on, and they were allowed to drop almost into the jaws of death.

Wilson had had face and scalp wounds, beside internal injuries, which makes his recovery hopeless. Berkshire suffered the loss of both legs below the knee. He took out his coat, wrapped it around his severed limbs, and laid down to await surgical aid or to die. Mercer had a shoulder badly crushed, and has internal injuries, the severity of which cannot be ascertained. Hurzey's right arm was broken in two places. Berkshire and Wilson will die.

NEBRASKA SUFFERERS.

Union Meeting at Chicago to Relieve the Distressed.

CHICAGO, March 31.—A union meeting of the Evanston Church was held this afternoon at the First Methodist Church for the purpose of giving aid to the suffering farmers in Nebraska. The meeting was presided over by Major E. D. Redington. Short addresses were made by D. W. Huntington of Lincoln, Neb.; Rev. C. A. Dale, Presiding Elder of the Holdrege District; Rev. J. C. Duval of Hays County, and Rev. D. C. Purcell of Perkins County. Rev. Huntington in his appeal said that in the western part of Nebraska the people had not been able to raise any crops to speak of since 1882. At present, he said, no sign of vegetation exists, and there are 150,000 people in distress. They have been provided with clothing, but their greatest need is food.

AMERICAN ISRAELITES.

Session of the Grand Lodge Held at New York.

NEW YORK, March 31.—The United States Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of American Israelites held a session to-day in the New York Mannerchor Hall. The youngster among the Jewish Fraternal Benefit Association had its origin in an independent movement against the administration among the Benevolent Society of the Sons of Benjamin, and finally resulted in the institution of the American Israelites. The nomination and election of officers resulted in the selection of Aaron Levy as Grand Master, Louis Borowski and Frank Brauer as Deputy Grand Masters, and Moritz Englander Grand Treasurer. Delegates from the thirty lodges which compose the order were present.

Snowfall in Wyoming Ceases.

DENVER, March 31.—A special to the News from Casper, Wyo., says: The heavy snowfall for the last forty hours has ceased, with no particular damage to the range interests of this section. Thousands of sheep are here, as shearing was to have commenced to-morrow. Four hundred thousands are registered, and are to be shorn in the pens of this vicinity. The storm will retard commencement a week or ten days. Sheepmen are, however, jubilant, as the snow insures early and abundant crops of fireweeds.

Baseball Players Arrested.

CINCINNATI, March 31.—Rev. Dr. Polton and others representing the Reform League appeared at the ball park to-day and insisted on the Indianapolis and Cincinnati players being placed under arrest as soon as they appeared in uniform on the grounds, but the police refused to make arrests until after a game of nine innings was played. Then they were all arrested. This course will be pursued at all Sunday games during the season.

A Schooner Wrecked.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—General J. M. Ball of the Life-Saving Service received dispatch to-day from Bodie's strand, N. C., stating that the schooner Laura Nelson of Norfolk, on a fishing cruise with a crew of thirteen men, had stranded between that point and Nag's Head this afternoon. The crew was saved in surf boats and by the life-saving men. The vessel is a total loss.

Quiet Reigns.

PENDER (Neb.), March 31.—All is quiet on the reservation to-night. There was no trouble to-day, and none is now anticipated until the court, in accordance with Judge Sanborn's decision, compel the whites to leave the reservation on April 23d. Then some individuals may resist eviction, and especially if the same police are employed for that purpose.

Police-master General Stanton.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—General Stanton, recently appointed Police-master-General of the army, arrived here to-day from Omaha. He will probably qualify for his new position to-morrow.

Secretary of the Interior Smith.

ATHENS (Ga.), March 31.—Secretary Hoke Smith and family reached here last night. Mrs. Smith and children will remain several months.

CONTAGIOUS DISEASES.

Abstract of the Sanitary Report Made by the Surgeon-General.

CHOLERA EPIDEMIC IN MANY PARTS OF RUSSIA.

Small-pox Reported in Twenty-one States of the Union—The Disease of the Past Winter Most Prevalent at the Cities of Milwaukee, Philadelphia and Chicago.

Special to the Record-Union.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—The abstract of sanitary reports, as made by the Surgeon-General, show the presence of small-pox in 21 States of the Union. Of the cities, Milwaukee has suffered the most this winter, recording 541 cases and 161 deaths; Philadelphia had 234 cases and 24 deaths; Chicago, 249 cases and 44 deaths; Hot Springs, 118 cases and 27 deaths; Washington, 51 cases and 9 deaths; Detroit, 81 cases and 26 deaths; St. Louis, 105 cases and 35 deaths; New York, 55 cases and 10 deaths.

Cholera is epidemic in many parts of Russia, in 39 different places are fumigated, in which cases appeared from January 1st to March 26th, in Podolia there were 2,136 cases and 836 deaths. In Austrian Hungary there were reported 470 cases and 977 deaths; Calcutta, India, 356 cases and Constantinople 67 deaths. There is also cholera in Argentina, Brazil, Belgium, France, Germany and Holland.

The United States Sanitary Inspector at Rio de Janeiro reports that cholera in the interior of that city has not been reported, owing to sanitary precautions, and of yellow fever he says: "Though the weather is very sultry, I hardly think there will be cases of this year, as the number of cases and deaths up to now are considerably less than usual."

Brazil reports a total of 137 deaths from yellow fever up to February 23d, fifty-five when the epidemic had subsided. From February 24th to 25th, out of a total of seventy-five cases. In Cuba there had been twenty-seven deaths and seventy-four cases up to March 17th. There were also a few cases at Vera Cruz, Mexico; Guayaquil, Ecuador, and Caracas, West Indies.

The Secretary of the Connecticut State Board of Health contradicts the rumors of the existence of cholera at Yale.

It appears from the Kentucky board that an inspector was sent to Floyd County to investigate the mysterious disease which recently appeared there, and found it to be cholera infantum. There were twenty deaths in the county out of a total of twenty-five cases.

CHARGED WITH PERJURY.

The Manager of a Theatrical Company Placed Under Arrest.

DENVER, March 31.—Otto C. Floto, the manager of the Old Tennessee Company, has been arrested in this city at the request of Detective Scott of Butte, Mont. The charge against Floto is perjury, and the claim is that he jumped his bail when he left Butte. His trouble in Butte was the result of the warm contest which took place last fall in Montana over the proposed removal of the State Capital from Helena to Anaconda. Floto, it is said, registered for it. He was arrested in Denver, where he was charged with perjury for not appearing at the trial which was set for March 24th, the officers say, and he was not there to appear. Floto said he had been in Helena almost a year. Seeing an opportunity to make some money, he organized the Old Tennessee Company, and started upon a tour with the company. He went from Butte to Anaconda, Salt Lake and finally to Denver, where he was arrested. He is presently at the city jail, and is apparently, at being arrested.

Floto has been somewhat prominent in sporting circles as a manager of pugilists.

Nashville Races.

NASHVILLE (Tenn.), March 31.—There are more horses in the city than there have been for years, and the number of horses and stables is larger than was expected by the most hopeful and sanguine of local turfmen. Boxes at Cumberland Park are full to overflowing, and many horses have had to be stabled in the city. Several card parties came in to-day. To-morrow, the opening day is Derby day, and if the weather proves favorable there will be an immense attendance.

Rain in South Dakota.

HURON (S. D.), March 31.—Rain began falling here at midnight, and has continued all day. Up to noon one inch of rain had fallen, with the prospect that the storm will continue all night. This is encouraging to the farmers.

Both Were Drowned.

CINCINNATI, March 31.—Ivy Timberlake and Lewis Connor were run down by a boat of coal at Selawissville to-day. The boat capsized and both were drowned.

HOLD-UP AT SAN JOSE.

A Merchant's Experience With Three Highwaymen.

SAN JOSE, March 31.—Three foodpots held up William Dowdigan, a Santa Clara street notion dealer, late last night, and one of them is now lying on a slab at the morgue, while the others are at large. Mr. Dowdigan was attacked while on the way home, and a desperate struggle ensued, during which one of the robbers was stabbed by the man assailed. One of Dowdigan's pockets, containing about \$15, was cut away and the three men fled. About 11 o'clock this morning the corpse of one of the men was found in a vacant lot a short distance away by Mrs. Dowdigan and a girl who had followed the trail of blood. The dead man is a Swede, about 35 years old.

In an interview with a representative, Mr. Dowdigan gave the following account of his desperate encounter: "As usual, I closed my store at 10 o'clock Saturday night, and immediately started east along Santa Clara street for the North Eleventh street, where I live. I accompanied Miss Bashan, who is employed in the store, to Ninth street, where she lives. Just after she crossed the street and went into her gate I resumed my walk home. About this time a man passed me, going quite fast, almost on a run, and besides he looked at me rather sharp in passing. I kept on my way, and when I reached Eleventh street I saw three persons coming down toward Santa Clara street on the west side, where I had to pass along. It was quite dark, there being no electric lights near at hand, and at first I thought the parties might be a man and two ladies, but when I saw there were three men, and noticed that nobody else was sight, I began to get my knife ready for use in case I should have to defend myself.

"We met at a point on the pavement on the east side of Eleventh street, about the Santa Clara street pavement. I made a motion to get past them, but just then one of the men put his hands on my shoulder and began to grip me and force me down. As quick as I could I gave

the man a thrust with my knife. I am quite sure that I struck him only once, but it seems that several more flesh cuts have been found on the body. After I struck I did not realize that I had hurt the man, and he did not know the loss. At about the same instant another man grabbed me by the neck from behind, and the two forced me on my back onto the ground. The men did not say a word to me, but, perhaps as I am somewhat deaf, I did not hear what they said. They might have told me to throw up my hands.

"After they got me down the man that I had stabbed sat upon my stomach, while the other man kept such a grip upon my throat that I was afraid he would choke me to death. He also wrenched my neck so that it hurt considerably afterwards. I could not yell on account of the pressure on my throat. As I fell down I dropped my knife in the grass, thinking that if they saw it and cut me with it, My pocket with \$1,500, was cut completely out, and they disappeared with my money. I suppose that the wounded man ran till he came to that place, when he faintly recognized the loss of blood, or his companions dragged him into the lot to get him out of the way."

Last Friday the dead robber went to a pay shop and sold a lot of carpenter's tools he had stolen. His sign was registered with the name of W. Cadenmyer.

BRITISH COLUMBIA NOTES.

Interesting Decision in Relation to Fraser River Fisheries.

VANCOUVER (B. C.), March 31.—Yesterday Justice Strake gave a decision in the case of the Attorney-General of Canada vs. Ewen and Munn. The action was to restrain defendants from polluting the waters of Fraser River with oil from the canneries. The judge gave judgment for the plaintiff and granted an injunction restraining the defendants from polluting the river, creating a nuisance by polluting the water.

This decision is of great importance to salmon canneries in this province, as the disposal of salmon oil has been a vexed question. It stated that the case will be appealed, but unless the decision is reversed it will necessitate the erection of costly works for the disposal of salmon oil, and this the canners claim they cannot well afford, owing to the depressed condition of the salmon market.

The case of John Sewell Bates, arrested here for bigamy, may prove an interesting one. It stated that Joseph Bates, Dauphin, the woman Bates married in Victoria some six years ago, is no less a person than the wife of the late Mr. A. J. Bates, President of the Commercial Fishery Company, and well known in the Southern States. Bates claims that when he met her she represented that she was widowed, and he married her, having believed in Europe. It is understood, however, that Dauphin and his wife separated without being legally divorced. When asked regarding this matter, Bates refused either to deny or confirm the story.

DEBTS GREATER THAN ASSETS.

E. A. Cohen Files a Petition in Insolvency.

OAKLAND, March 31.—A sensation has been caused in social and business circles by the petition in insolvency which has been filed by Edgar A. Cohen, whose liabilities aggregate \$500,000, and who declares he has no assets. Cohen is the son of the late A. A. Cohen, and who, dying a multi-millionaire, left his entire estate to his widow. The property has been kept practically intact, although Mrs. Cohen provided well for all her children and gave each a liberal financial start. Edgar was a member of the commission company of Beck & Co., now in liquidation. Cohen's statement of his liabilities includes debts ranging from 20 cents to hundreds of thousands of dollars, due to creditors in the East, Europe and the Orient, besides a long list in California. The largest creditors are Wells Fargo & Co., to whom is owed \$140,000, and the London and San Francisco Bank, with an admitted claim of \$125,000.

A younger brother, William G., filed a petition in insolvency simultaneously with Edgar, but William owns only about \$10,000. Both young men were brought up by their mother in the magnificent mansion, situated in the midst of a beautiful park. Mrs. Cohen evidently believes that her sons should shoulder their own debts.

THE NINETY-SIX CAMPAIGN.

A Democrat Who Thinks Cleveland Will Again Be Nominated.

TACOMA, March 31.—Hugh C. Wallace, a member of the Democratic National Committee of this State, and the Democratic nominee for the United States Senate, returned last night from a two-months' trip to New York and New England. He says the fight next year will be made almost exclusively on the money question. There will be more or less an alignment of parties. The consensus of opinion, he says, is that Cleveland will be the nominee of the Democratic party, and that the money question of the Executive chair will be the issue. It is believed the people will force his nomination as the great exponent of sound money.

A Jail-Break Recaptured.

MADIRA (Cal.), March 31.—James Lawson, the attempted wife slayer who broke jail three months ago, was captured in the mountains in the vicinity of North Fork by two citizens and landed in jail here to-day morning. He was at supper when apprehended, but made a rush to escape, but halted at the sight of two Winchester. Since his escape from jail he has traveled about constantly through Fresno and this county, defying arrest.

Determined to Wed.

SANTA CRUZ, March 31.—Harry Eason, aged 20, and Mary Hinceley, aged 17, have been lovers for some time, but their parents objected to their marriage. Notwithstanding the opposition, they determined to wed, and to do so walked this morning from Miss Hinceley's home at Dowdigan's pockets, containing about \$15, was cut away and the three men fled. About 11 o'clock this morning the corpse of one of the men was found in a vacant lot a short distance away by Mrs. Dowdigan and a girl who had followed the trail of blood. The dead man is a Swede, about 35 years old.

Lost on the Desert.

SAN DIEGO, March 31.—Nothing whatever was learned to-day regarding the fate of L. N. Bailey and J. B. Brackett, who are missing somewhere on the desert, either killed and robbed or left on foot in the middle of the perilous waste. Searching parties have left Yuma.

Shooting Affray at Wheatland.

WHEATLAND (Cal.), March 31.—Early this morning a dance was in progress at the "Bowery," a notorious resort on the outskirts of the town. William Barrett slipped one of the girls in the face, and the man Barker kept a wallace interfered, Barrett shot him, inflicting a fatal wound.

Strikers Seriously Wounded.

BRUSSELS, March 31.—The striking weavers at Benais, East Flanders, and a number of their sympathizers to-day renewed their attacks on the gendarmes. During the riot the gendarmes fired on the strikers, wounding several of them seriously.

Fire in Ontario.

CHATHAM (Ont.), March 31.—A fire occurred at the corner of King and Sixth streets, destroying a five-story building owned by M. Houston. The total loss is \$30,000.

BISMARCK'S BIRTHDAY.

Every Train Loaded With Presents for Germany's Ex-Chancellor.

A POPULAR DEMONSTRATION TO TAKE PLACE TO-DAY.

Complimentary Telegram From King Oscar of Sweden—Festivities at Hamburg in Honor of the Prince—The Young Japanese Who Shot Li Hung Chang Sentenced to Penal Servitude.

Special to the Record-Union.

FRIEDRICHSHAFEN, March 31.—The Bismarck celebration is in full swing, and every day seems to add enthusiasm to the occasion. Every train arriving at Friedrichshafen is loaded with presents for the aged statesman, and every post brings hundreds of congratulatory letters, not only from people in Germany, but from Germans and others throughout the civilized world. Thousands upon thousands of special Bismarck post cards have been sold, and a great number have been mailed to the United States. Those in Germany who have received them have put them carefully away to be preserved as memorials of the Iron Chancellor, and the great outpouring of the public heart in his honor.

Nothing preventing, it is believed that to-morrow the actual anniversary of the Prince's birth will witness such a popular demonstration as has not been witnessed since the return to Berlin of the conquering armies from France. Every preparation has been made to accommodate the great crowds. The decoration of the station has been concluded, and the roadway from the station to the schloss has been transformed by willing hands into a veritable triumphal arcade. A beautiful work of art, the gift of the inhabitants of Anhalt, who took up a subscription for the purpose, has been erected in a field overlooking the Prince's home. It is a large, solid bronze, representing a large star keeping two dogs at bay.

For the first time since the beginning of the celebration in his honor Prince Bismarck on Saturday was somewhat fatigued and indisposed, his old nervousness, affecting him slightly. A good night's sleep, however, restored his health and spirits, and to-day he was as bright as ever. To-day thousands of visitors arrived, hoping that they might get a glimpse of the Prince. Quite a fair has been established in the vicinity of the station. Refreshment stands have been erected here, and everywhere are purveyors of Bismarckian medals, cards and mementoes of every description. Quite a thriving trade was done. During the afternoon the sky became overcast, and soon a driving shower of rain fell. However, was not sufficient to dampen the ardor of the sightseers, and crowds surrounded the residence, hoping that perchance they might get a glimpse of the Prince.

The Prince received his first congratulatory telegram from a crowned head outside of Germany. It was from King Oscar of Sweden, and contained a graceful expression of his majesty's interest in the celebration, and his wishes for the Prince's welfare and longevity.

FESTIVITIES AT HAMBURG.

HAMBURG, March 31.—One of the features of the Bismarck celebration here was the holding last night of the "comers," organized by the Reichstag Electors' Union, at which 1,600 admirers of the Prince were present, and hundreds of them were turned away, owing to lack of room. Several Senators of the President of the House of Burgesses, and officers of the elite of Hamburg society were present. Toasts were proposed to the Prince and to Bismarck. His majesty's popularity has greatly increased here since his graceful attitude toward the Prince.

To-day all the public and a majority of the private buildings in the city were decorated with flags and bunting in honor of the occasion. To-night there was a general illumination on a scale that had not been seen for a quarter of a century. In every window of every shop there was displayed either a wreathed portrait or bust of the great Chancellor. In addition, some of the windows contained historical scenes and portraits of Emperor William. Photographs of the meeting of the Emperor and Prince Bismarck are being sold in large numbers. The event of to-night was a "comers," at which the city to-night is a beautiful one. All the shipping in the harbor and the small boats on the canals of Hamburg were also illuminated. There was a grand display of fireworks.

LOVE FOR THE EX-CHANCELLOR.

BERLIN, March 31.—Telegrams are pouring in from all parts of the empire announcing that the Bismarckian feasts have commenced with spirit. There was a special interesting gathering at the winter resort of Garmisch in the Niederwald, where thousands traveled from all parts of the Rhineland. Among those present were representatives of thirty-six cities in the Kingdom of Saxony. In Munich, the Bavarian Capital, a musicale in honor of the occasion was given in the Odeon. Throughout Germany to-night joyous fires are burning on the highest peaks and hills from the Baltic and North Sea to the Swiss and Austrian frontiers on the south, from the Russian frontier on the east to the frontiers of Belgium and the Netherlands on the west. Never before in the history of the empire has there been such a hearty and spontaneous exhibition of love.

THE REVOLT IN CUBA.

Latest Reports From the Island Brought by Steamship.

TAMPA (Fla.), March 31.—The Plant steamship arrived here to-night, bringing among other passengers, Spaniards and Cubans from the island. The Spaniards say they are sorry for the "poor Cubans" engaged in the revolution, as those that are not killed in the fighting would be shot afterward. They ridicule the idea of Cuban success. When asked if they were leaving because they were forced into the volunteer ranks, they said they were coming here to work in the cigar factories. The Spaniard estimates place the insurgents at less than 3,000 men, and the reason assigned for the shipment of so many soldiers from Spain to Cuba was that as there are only 6,000 soldiers permanently located in Cuba, Spain thought it inadvisable to place more of the standing army there, so if the Cubans revolted they would be overpowered at once. Martinez Campos is expected to arrive in Havana on April 4th, and it is understood that the fight will then be on with great vigor.

For the first time the civil guard of Havana are acknowledging the insurrection. The landing of Maceo with 1,000 men near Boraco is generally conceded. A Cuban report is that arms were discovered near Santiago by Cubans on the 24th. Camagney insurgents are in command of the Marquese de Santa Luca. They

are in possession of the town of Camagney. All the insurgent forces are focusing toward Yara, whether they intend forming the new republic. La Chambre has been captured by Guillero in Bairo, and is now a prisoner at Montenegro. A band at Ylaseo, in the Yucita Abajo district, near Havana, is said to number 200.

SPANISH TROOPS DEFEATED.

KEY WEST, March 31.—Private advices last night from Cuba, via steamer Olivette, state that several regiments of the 23d and 27th inf. took place between Spanish troops and insurgents in the province of Santa Clara. The insurgents defeated the Spaniards on both days. The Spaniards left their dead on the field and retreated in good order. The dead, it is stated, numbered forty-nine in both days' fighting.

According to the advices the soldiers recently sent from Spain called volunteers are boys. Their hearts are not in the fight, and many of them have deserted and gone over to the insurgents. Two regiments were sent to the country three days after their arrival in Havana. Fifty so-called Spanish volunteers recently from Spain deserted.

General Amador Guerrero is near Manzanillo, a seaport town, with 3,000 well-armed cavalry. He is considered the bravest of all the Cubans. It is expected that he will shortly raid the towns of Santiago and Manzanillo. It is estimated that the insurgents number 20,000 under arms. To-day a prominent Cuban said: "Spain will find us prepared this time, and not like in '83. We have leaders and lots of money. We will have our independence and very likely annexation to the United States."

He said the yellow fever was within the Spanish ranks, and that 100 insurgents would get aid from the outside. The steamer Pedro Pablo is still under surveillance by the custom authorities. The cutter McLane is still here to enforce the neutrality laws.

PENAL SERVITUDE.

Sentence of the Japanese Who Shot Li Hung Chang.

SHIMONOSEKI, March 31.—Koyama Rokuseki, the young Japanese who attempted to assassinate Li Hung Chang, has been sentenced to penal servitude for life. The armistice established by the order of the Mikado extends to April 21st, but it will terminate if the peace conferences are broken in the meantime. According to the terms of the armistice, the movement of troops and arms is forbidden, and the new distribution of troops not intended to augment the armies in the field is allowed.

A NEWSPAPER'S APOLOGY.

Amends for an Article Published Concerning Oskar Wilde.

LONDON, March 31.—The Observer to-day apologizes to Oskar Wilde and Lord Alfred Douglas for the statement published by that paper on March 25th, to the effect that after staying a day at a hotel in Monte Carlo the proprietor, at the request of the other English guests, informed Wilde and Lord Alfred that their rooms had been engaged by others. Both Wilde and Lord Alfred assure the editor of the paper that the statement was the slightest foundation for the statement. The Observer continues: "We take the earliest opportunity of expressing our sincere regret and apologies for the pain and annoyance this announcement has caused them."

SHOOTING AND RIFLE.

Scores Made Yesterday at the Trap and Before the Farget.