

DAILY RECORD-UNION

ISSUED BY THE SACRAMENTO PUBLISHING COMPANY

Office, Third Street, between J and K.

THE DAILY RECORD-UNION

For one year, \$3 00 For six months, 1 50 For three months, 80 CENTS per week.

THE WEEKLY UNION

The cheapest and most desirable Home, News and Literary Journal published on the Pacific Coast.

The WEEKLY UNION per year, \$1 50

These publications are sent either by mail or Express to agents or single subscribers with charges prepaid.

The best advertising medium on the Pacific Coast.

Entered at the Postoffice at Sacramento as second-class matter.

Record-Union—Telephone No. 49.

For Editorial Orders, ring one bell. For Business Office, ring three bells.

Special Agencies.

This paper is for sale at the following places:

L. P. Fisher's, room 21, Merchants Exchange, California street, the principal News Stands and Hotels, and at the Market Street Ferry, San Francisco.

LOS ANGELES—Follett Book Store, corner Second and Main streets.

SAN DIEGO—Enimail & Co., 560 Fifth street, CORONADO—Hopkins & Cox, Coronado Hotel.

SANTA BARBARA—Hansinger's News Depot, FERNANDO—C. T. Conley, 111 J street.

SANTA CRUZ—Cooper Bros' News Depot.

Also, for sale on all Trains leaving and coming into Sacramento.

Eastern Business Offices.

48 Tribune Building, New York.

501 "The Bookery," Chicago.

K. C. Beck with, sole agent foreign advertising.

THE RECORD-UNION and WEEKLY UNION are the only papers on the Coast, outside of San Francisco, that receive the full Associated Press Dispatches from all parts of the world.

Outside of San Francisco, they have no competitors, either in influence or home and general circulation throughout the State.

Weather Forecast.

Northern California—Generally fair, except scattered light showers in north portion; slightly cooler, except nearly stationary along the central and northern coasts and at Red Bluff, fresh, generally westerly, winds.

Height of river, 21 feet.

THE MAGNITUDE OF MINING DETRIMENT.

When the Parks river dam was constructed in the Yuba River, not far from Marysville, they resisted the first flood of the season about two days.

The dam was constructed at a point where the bluff banks of the river separated nearly two miles. The dam itself was constructed across a somewhat narrow place, and was in length about one and a half miles.

The river canyon at that point was level for a distance of two or three miles. The impounding space thus inclosed represented about four square miles twenty feet high.

The flood filled up this space to the top of the dam which resisted its force for the time already indicated, and then broke in several places.

After the subsidence of the waters it was visited by a representative of this paper, who found that in most places the basin was entirely full, the debris remaining rising to the top of the dam. It was evident from the appearance of things that the entire impounding basin would have been filled in that flood, and that all subsequent movement of material in suspension would have passed over the dam.

The dam itself cost about \$250,000. The first irresistible conclusion from the facts on the ground was that nobody had adequately estimated the quantity of mining detritus forced into the streams and ravines. It was evident from that experiment that the cost of constructing restraining works exceeded the gross output of the mines of California, and the experiment was a long while abandoned.

We now quote from a letter of the Secretary of War, transmitting the report of the California Debris Commission submitted by the Chief of Engineers, under date of Washington, December 4, 1894, as follows:

"The total amount of material mined under permits from October 1, 1893, to October 1, 1894, is estimated at 1,500,000 cubic yards. The available storage provided at present, and partially and wholly completed for future operations, is estimated at 8,500,000 cubic yards. Comparing these figures with 35,000,000 cubic yards, estimated to have been mined in 1894, and the estimated amount of several hundred million cubic yards available to be worked, it will be seen that the system provided for the present working of only a small percentage of that possible under unrestricted mining. However, there are undoubtedly many mines which have not yet made application to the commission for which there is available storage as available as that prescribed by the commission for other mines that are working under permits.

The significance of the foregoing will not be apparent by a casual reading. The first statement shows that in one year from October 1, 1893, to October 1, 1894, 1,500,000 cubic yards of earth was forced into the channels of the streams. This was the equivalent of a bed of earth four and one-half miles long, one mile wide and three feet high; or two and one-quarter miles long, one mile wide and six feet high. All this detritus was carried into the channels of the streams and remains a menace to the low lying lands.

The same statement shows that there was partially and wholly completed for future operations storage capacity for 8,500,000 cubic yards. But the Debris Commission reports that in 1894 there was mined and placed in the canyons, ravines and streams of California 38,000,000 cubic yards. The Debris Commission speaks of "several hundred millions of cubic yards available to be worked."

Let the people of California, who value the navigability of her waterways, and who believe that the 100,000 people mentioned by the devastation to be wrought by hydraulic mining detritus should be protected, weigh these words carefully:

"The estimated amount of several hundred million cubic yards available to be worked."

It is to work this available volume of earth that hydraulic mining is being revived. With several hundred million cubic yards available to be worked, and upon which work is already commenced, there is partially and wholly completed for future operations restraining capacity for 8,500,000 cubic yards. Whatever earth has been sent down or is to be sent down will be incorporated into the river and bay systems of California. When we see an official statement that in

one year 38,000,000 cubic yards of earth was sent into the Sacramento River, through the channels of its tributaries, we begin to apprehend, if not comprehend, the terrible menace this industry is to the continued existence of all the region lying opposite the lower courses of the Feather, the Yuba, the American, the Mokelumne and the entire lower basin of the Sacramento and San Joaquin. The injury to be inflicted embraces two-thirds of the population of San Joaquin, all the population of Sacramento, about one-half of Placer County, all of Yuba, all of Butte, about one-third of the area of Sutter County, about one-half the area of Yolo County and about one-third the area of Solano County. But when the navigability of the San Joaquin and Sacramento Rivers is being considered, the entire Sacramento and San Joaquin valleys have a common interest in the subject.

Several hundred millions of cubic yards of earth available to be worked is the over-shadowing calamity of a country now occupied by one hundred thousand prosperous citizens of California, and one hundred and two licensed hydraulic mines are industriously engaged in sending down this available mud.

Herculaneum and Pompeii were buried by a volcanic eruption. From three to five thousand feet overhanging the cities of Sacramento, Marysville and Stockton, there is the beginning of a volcanic eruption. Its capacity for the destruction of property is incalculable.

SANTA BARBARA is about to hold her annual Flower Festival, Los Angeles is putting on her finery for the approaching Fiesta week, Santa Rosa is adorning herself for her Rose Carnival, Chico is completing her arrangements for a great May Day festival, Sacramento is preparing to have a royal good time in entertaining the veterans of the Grand Army of the Republic, and other towns and cities are awake to the celebration of spring and the advent of the seasons of fruits and flowers. This is all well. It is not to one and is gain to all. For we hold that the more the people engage in these social reunions—within reason, of course—the more they visit and entertain, and mingle, the better for all of them. It broadens them to meet each other under pleasant social conditions. They get out of grooves, shake off prejudices, get a better understanding of the State as a whole, and away from mere localisms, by these excursions and minglings and visits and merry-makings. Too many holidays are bad; they tend to indolence and the output of energy in non-productive directions. On the other hand, too few holidays are bad for the people. Then, too, great infrequency narrows, and hardens us, makes us crusty, selfish and shell-dwellers. There is no State in the Union where nature invites to outdoor merry-making as in California; no spot on the continent where the seasons, the climate, the scenery and the soul of the atmosphere, so to speak, so tempt us to get out into Nature's temples, explore the land and visit with each other in the open. Let us improve all such invitation with avoidance of extravagance and avoidance likewise of niggardly housing at home and abstention from relaxation.

A CLERGYMAN having charged President Cleveland with intemperance, the President rises promptly and with vigor to call his reverence a liar. He does not mince matters a particle, but denounces the assault as cruel, calumnious and mendacious. The promptness with which a large number of publicists, regardless of political faith, have come forward to denounce the attack as does the President, proves that political lies has not eliminated from our social system the chivalrous and many instincts. The people will the more esteem the President that he has called a spade a spade, and put in the word "liar" just where it belongs, and in the place no other word in language will so well fill.

THE Chico Chronicle-Record believes that the hard times of the past year will prove of exceeding benefit to the people of California. Most assuredly so. The hard times taught us economy along right lines and the value of things of which we were unaware or negligent. It has, as our contemporary well remarks, taught the producers of California that varied farming is the true farming; that diversity, not immensity of production in one direction, is the right policy; that we must produce more of the things we consume; that, so to speak, we must farm in the fence corners, take off our hats to the little things, and trust more and more to the greater things taking care of themselves under such a policy.

SCRATCH the statute books with a fine toothed-comb and a better town-helper law cannot be found than the serial bond, or installment improvement permit the law grants to towns and cities which block its own eye if it fails to put in motion the machinery whereby the people may enjoy this law.

"THERE is no place like home" when the cooking is good. It's always good when Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder is used.

Bulls Cannot Accept.

Assemblyman Bulla, to whom the Governor tendered a position as Code Commissioner, telegraphed yesterday that he did not think, under the Constitution, he could accept the position.

The Constitution prohibits members of the Legislature from holding offices created by the body of which they were members.

MANY receipts as published still call for cream of tartar and soda, the old-fashioned way of raising. Modern cooking and expert cooks do not sanction this old way. In all such receipts the Royal Baking Powder should be substituted without fail.

The Third Judge-ship.

It is stated that Governor Budd will appoint the third Superior Judge for this county either on Thursday or Monday next, so the candidates will have to arm themselves with patience a few days longer.

Bureau of Highways.

The Bureau of Highways will meet in this city to-morrow and organize for active work.

CAPTURE OF A MONGOLIAN THIEF.

Said to Have Robbed His Partners in Placer.

A Quantity of Gold Found on His Person—Is He One of the Dutch Flat Robbers?

Considerable excitement was created on Sixth street, between L and N, late yesterday afternoon by a Chinaman being pursued by two others and a large crowd of white men and boys. The fugitive was all out of breath, and would stop every few yards to get his wind, and when his pursuers were almost upon him he would start off again. Police Sergeant Plunkett met the procession and, learning that he had stolen money on him, joined in the race, finally capturing the fugitive at Sixth and N streets.

The prisoner gave his name as Leung Gin. He was accused by the other Chinamen of having stolen a quantity of gold from a mine operated by himself and about a dozen other Chinamen five miles above Clipper Gap, on the American River.

It has been the custom after every clean-up is made for one of them to take the gold to Auburn, Placer County, and there deposit it with a countryman of theirs named Keo Chin. The other day Leung Gin left the mine with the precious metal, ostensibly for Auburn. He did not, however, stop at that place, until he reached this city, where he kept in hiding until ferreted out by Ah Gov, one of the Chinamen interested in the mine.

Ah Gov was detailed by the other Chinamen to hunt Gin up, and he did it successfully, and as a result of his excellent detective work the thief is now behind the bars in the City Prison.

Between 5 and 6 o'clock yesterday Ah Gov discovered Leung Gin in an ordinary room on I street and demanded of him the return of the gold. Gin did not stop to argue the question, but made a bolt for the back door of escape. He ran up the alley to Fifth street, down that thoroughfare to L, and up L street to Sixth. He turned down the latter street to N, where he was captured.

Before Sergeant Plunkett started for the police station with his prisoner the latter was searched, and tightly wrapped around his ankle was a quantity of gold valued at about \$600.

So confident was he over his futile attempt to escape that he begged Sergeant Plunkett to give him a razor that he might kill himself.

The rumor in Chinese circles that the prisoner was really concerned in the recent Dutch Flat gold robbery, and that there was a reward of some \$1,700 offered for his capture. He will be taken to Auburn to-day.

TWO PARDONS.

Governor Budd frees Walter Aronson and T. D. F. McCullough.

Governor Budd has pardoned Walter, alias Martin Aronson, who was convicted in San Francisco of three charges of petit larceny in August, 1894, and sentenced to eighteen months in State's Prison.

Aronson, it is shown, is a weak-minded person, who has been several times in asylums, both in this State and Germany. His health is shattered, and he is not likely to live out his term of imprisonment. His relatives in Germany are respectable and well to do people, and will take care of him and relieve the State of his presence. He is pardoned on condition that he leaves the State, never to return.

He has also pardoned T. D. F. McCullough, who was convicted in Oakland last January, and sentenced to six months in jail, for obtaining money under false pretenses.

He does not belong to the criminal class, and pleaded guilty to the charges. Since his imprisonment he has lost the sight of his right eye, and is in danger of losing the sight of the other one, unless released and an operation performed at once.

The statement is corroborated by Mayor Pardo, the Police Judge, William McCullough, the prosecuting attorney, and the Chief of Police, who urged the pardon.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Arrivals at the Golden Eagle Hotel yesterday: William White, Utesa, N. Y.; J. Rapport, A. E. Holden, New York; J. P. Prince, Boston; A. G. Bailey, Chicago; Miss Stanton, Woodland; P. Lukens and wife, Pasadena; E. T. Pierce, A. E. Pomeroy, Los Angeles; N. S. Davidson, San Bernardino; J. G. Wilson, E. Higgins, Oakland; George B. Lardner, Auburn; R. G. Hart and wife, Shasta County; M. G. Cooper, Kansas City; E. J. Williams, Portland; W. B. Beebe, St. Cloud; A. F. Sewell, Charles C. Moore, A. L. Fish, J. W. McDonald, E. C. Mariani, E. J. Cowell, E. B. Caston, M. Jacoby, E. J. Hagan, John Lawrence, H. W. Coleman, W. J. Andrews, Isidor Pionsky, L. H. Mosser, F. S. Lioy, Ruffian Hunt and daughter, San Francisco.

Arrivals at the Capital Hotel yesterday: G. P. Cornwell, San Francisco; C. E. Heiman, Davisville; Sol. Runyon, George A. Smith, Courtland; F. Schilling, Grand Island; A. L. McLeod, Livermore; Louis Williams, Dixon; J. S. Graves, Livermore; Wm. J. Duffin, San Francisco; John Clendinning, Blue Canyon; Mrs. L. Young, Bellevue, Idaho.

It does not appear that any banking powder, when presented in competition with the Royal, is in danger of losing tests or before World's Fair juries, and ever received favor or award over the Royal or made an equal showing in purity, strength or wholesomeness.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following real estate transactions have been recorded since our last report:

Estate of G. Boggiano to widow and minor children in divided shares, Three acres in Ferris Addition to town of Gal.

Leonard Warner to John Wait—South half of lot 5, N and O, Tenth and Eleventh streets.

F. J. Stauffer to F. J. Stauffer, Jr.—West half of lot 2, I and J, Fourteenth and Fifteenth streets.

Annie Billups to James McGuinness and G. W. Hager—8.55 acres on east side of Riverside Road, in section 14, township 8 north, range 4 east; \$4,700.

Philip Wolf, Jr. et ux to August Gauger—Lot 1, Q and R, Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth streets.

Martha Bennett to G. B. Hoxsie—A small piece of land in village of Mormon Island, in section 30, township 10 north, range 5 east.

The Emperor of Germany likes apple cake. He professes to be made with Dr. Price's Baking Powder.

In the Way of Consolation.

A lady living in an English village used to take an interest in a very aged couple who were spinning out the last thread of life in "Daisy and Joan" fashion, seated on either side of the fireplace. She often paid them a visit to cheer them up. The old man had been ailing, and at last a day came when the visitor found only one chair occupied. Daisy was not in his usual place. "Where is your husband?" asked the lady. "Well, mum, he be gone at last." "Oh, I'm very sorry; that is very bad for you," says, mum. "He said," replied the old woman, "that then, you see, he was fearfully in the way of the oven."—Household Words.

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Hood's Pills for the liver and bowels, act easily yet promptly and effectively.

ROYAL CROWNS

The Immense Value of Some of These Emblems of Monarchy.

The value of the crown jewelry of the potentates of the world reaches into almost incalculable millions of dollars.

The crown of the King of Portugal, one of the most precious of Europe, is worth \$8,500,000. The one worn by the Czars at special coronations of state is not worth any less. The cross on top of the crown is shaped of four immense diamonds of the first water, resting on a large ruby and high polished ruby valued at over \$300,000. A great number of valuable gems cover the crown. At the recent dissolution of the late Emperor of Russia, the crown jewels were of these gems disappeared mysteriously from its setting during the transfer of the body from the railroad station to the fortress of St. Peter and Paul, and in spite of a searching investigation, no trace of the gem has been discovered.

The small crown diadem of the Czarina was all out of breath, and would stop every few yards to get his wind, and when his pursuers were almost upon him he would start off again. Police Sergeant Plunkett met the procession and, learning that he had stolen money on him, joined in the race, finally capturing the fugitive at Sixth and N streets.

The robes and jewelry worn by the Sultan of Turkey, the Maharajah of Baroda, the Maharajah of Mysore, and the Maharajah of Benares, are adorned with diamonds worth \$10,000,000. His collar, epaulettes, belt, bracelets, buckles and headgear are sparkling with shining jewels.

The most precious of all crown jewelry is owned by a potentate inferior in rank to the named, the Maharajah of Baroda. He possesses a necklace of five rows of diamonds, increasing in size from a pea to a walnut. There are 500 diamonds in this necklace, whose brilliancy is further increased by two rows of emeralds above and below the diamonds and of the same size. This necklace is thought to be worth over \$1,000,000, while the other jewelry owned by this Croesus is estimated at more than \$20,000,000.

The Royal Baking Powder is the purest and strongest baking powder made, and has received the highest award at all the great international exhibitions, and has never exhibited in competition with others.

"Mud Fish" is a Caribbean word meaning "Mad Fish," an allusion to the absurdity of this variety on both sides of the isthmus.

TAKE STEPS

in time, if you are suffering from any of the ailments of humanity known as consumption, and you can be cured. There is a cure for every ailment of the human system, and you can be cured. There is a cure for every ailment of the human system, and you can be cured. There is a cure for every ailment of the human system, and you can be cured.

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SPECIAL NOTICES.

FIRST-CLASS PASTURE at ranch of the late Peter Baras. Horses, \$2 50 a month.

ASHER, Photographer, has removed to 718 J street, between Seventh and Eighth.

SACRAMENTO SCHOOL OF SHORT-HAND has removed to 715 J street, up stairs.

Vehicles—BAKER & HAMILTON—Hardware, Carriage, Buggies, Carriages, Phaetons, Bait Farm and Hander Wagons. Wholesale Hardware. Send for Catalogue.

NEW TO-DAY.

15 CTS. PER SET DECORATED BREAKFAST and LUNCH SETS.

Those in Want of Crockery, China-ware or Glassware, will do well to visit our Stores and get Posted on our Prices. Newest and Prettiest Designs, Shapes and Decorations.

Great American Importing Tea Co.'s STORE, 617 J Street, SACRAMENTO.

COME AND INSPECT Our Beautiful Presents Given Away With Our TEAS, COFFEES AND SPICES.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

WE GUARANTEE TO GIVE FOR 15c MISSISSIPPI KITCHEN of any place in the city. OYSTERS IN EVERY STYLE. Open night and day. 1021 Third street.

TO LET,

A Good Job Office Location.

A portion of the second floor of the RECORD-UNION building can be rented by responsible parties as a JOB PRINTING OFFICE on favorable terms. Inquire at this office.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, in and for the County of Sacramento.

In the matter of the application of ELIZA A. DEVIN to become a Sole Trader.

Notice is hereby given that, being desirous to become a sole trader, and in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, I intend to make application to the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Sacramento, on FRIDAY, the 10th day of May, 1895, for a judgment and order of said court authorizing me to become such sole trader. The nature of the business proposed to be carried on by me is that of keeping a lodging-house at the City of Sacramento, County of Sacramento and State of California. The name of my husband is W. B. Devin. ELIZA A. DEVIN.

Dated, April 9, 1895. A. L. HART, Attorney. ap9-4w

REMOVED.

JOSEPH HAHN & CO. HAVE REMOVED their drug store to 509 J street, between Fifth and Sixth, north side, where they will conduct business as usual.

CAPT. RUHSTALLER'S Extra Gilt Edge ALSO FINE OLD PORTER, Delivered to Saloons Ice Cold. Capacity, 75,000 to 100,000 Barrels Per Year.

BEST BEER IN THE WORLD TRY IT.

—THE— WEEKLY UNION,

Containing all the news of the Record-Union, has the largest circulation of any paper on the Pacific Slope, its readers being found in every town and hamlet, with a constantly increasing list in the Eastern States and Europe. Special attention paid to the publication of truthful statements of the resources of California and the entire coast, best methods of agriculture, fruit and vine growing.

ALL POSTMASTERS ARE AGENTS.

TERMS:

DAILY RECORD-UNION \$6 00 one year..... \$6 00 WEEKLY UNION..... 1 50

77 DR. HUMPHREY'S SPECIFICS.

Put up in small bottles of pleasant pills, just fit your pocket.

Sold by Druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. No. 77, Broadway, New York. HUMPHREY'S MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., NEW YORK.

PALESTINE CORN

Is hard to beat. Can be planted in June. Yields a bush 2,000 lbs. corn and 100 lbs. of bran. It is a new variety of corn, and can be harvested with combined harvester. Send \$1 per acre for seed. SEYMOUR CORN SEED NURSERY CO., WALNUT GROVE, CALIF.

MISCELLANEOUS.

L. L. LEWIS & CO. SACRAMENTO, CAL.