

MISS HARRINGTON'S DEATH.

Police Still Baffled as to the Identity of the Murderer.

ONLY POSITIVE THE CRIME WAS COMMITTED BY A MAN.

The Federal Government to Make a Thorough Investigation of the Cause of the Loss of the Colima, Which Was Wrecked on the Mexican Coast and Cost So Many Lives—The State Authorities May Also Take a Hand in the Affair.

Special to the RECORD-UNION. SAN FRANCISCO, June 4.—After twenty-four hours work on the murder of Miss Nellie Harrington in her own flat about noon Saturday, the police detectives admit that they are completely baffled as to the motive for the deed or the identity of the murderer. The detectives are positive only upon one point, that the person with whom Miss Harrington had an engagement between 11 and 1 last Saturday committed the murder, and the brutal character of the blows inflicted leads to the belief that the murderer is a man. The police have taken possession of 105 private letters, the contents of which are said to be sensational by detectives. L. W. Buck, the murdered woman's intimate friend, died this morning from injuries sustained by a fall from a cart in which he was being driven by a policeman to the office of the chief of police for consultation. He was raised upon to throw some light upon the tragedy. With his death the detectives are at a loss to secure a clue or suggest a motive for the crime. The story that Miss Harrington was only partially clad when found is denied by the morgue officials, who say that the wrapper she wore was partly torn and partly burned off. The inquest will be held next Saturday.

SINKING OF THE COLIMA.

The Federal Government to Make an Investigation of the Disaster.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 4.—The Federal Government is said to have decided to make a thorough investigation of the Colima disaster, which cost so many lives. It is not improbable that the State authorities may take a hand in the affair, and there is already talk of criminal proceedings. These, however, are not yet a certainty. The Federal inquiry will be instituted by Messrs. Talbot and Hillman, the inspectors of the ship. They are now watching for the return of the steamer San Juan, which is expected to enter this port on Friday. As soon as the vessel arrives, the inquiry of O. Hansen, and all the survivors who may be on board will be summoned as witnesses to an investigation which will be instituted without delay. The inquiry, it is intended, shall be thorough in every respect. One of the first questions to be discussed in the investigation is the manner in which the ship was loaded. Charges of most serious character have been made, and if there be any truth in them it will be discovered. The most serious allegation in this particular is that the ship was negligently loaded.

ELOPED WITH A DRUMMER.

The Leader of a Los Angeles Orchestra Runs Away With a Benefactor.

LOS ANGELES, June 4.—Considerable excitement was caused to-day by the announcement in an evening paper of the elopement of Miss Marguerite Berth with Leo Scheben, the traveling representative of a brewing company of St. Louis, who is known to have a wife and child in St. Louis. Miss Berth was, until a few weeks ago, the leader of the orchestra in this city for the past two years. She left this city about three weeks ago, and it was generally supposed that she had married Scheben and was on her wedding tour, it not being known that the festive drummer had a wife in the East. It is stated that Miss Berth was deceived by Scheben, believing him to be a single man, and that she is now staying in the vicinity of Salt Lake City, with the expectation that Scheben will come to a divorce from his present wife and marry her. The Berth family are well known throughout the State. Scheben, Mrs. Marguerite in Seattle about seven years ago.

THROWN INTO PRISON.

Complaint Made of the Ex-Chief of the Hawaiian Mounted Police.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 4.—Karl Kleeme, ex-Chief of the Hawaiian Mounted Police, has sent an affidavit to Washington stating that he had been imprisoned and exiled because he declared against the immigration of Japanese, which the Dole Government favored. He says he had no connection with the insurance, and no prior knowledge of the intended insurance. In prison he suffers from asthma and lack of food. He was told if he did not leave the country he would be tried by a military court, and his two brothers would be arrested. He was denied medicine brought by his wife to him. He says Captain Davis, who landed among the natives, turned State's evidence and informed against many revolutionists to effect his own escape.

REMARKABLE SUIT.

Brought by a Physician Against an Oakland Lady.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 4.—Dr. Arthur Marten has brought a remarkable suit against Mrs. Emily Malston of Oakland. The complaint states that the defendant's husband is aged and feeble. His wife came to Marten and implored him to keep Malston alive until he could make a will, and to influence him to make a will in her favor, pronouncing him a liberal recompense. Marten says that he did all of this influencing Malston to make the will as desired, and treating him so that he still lived. He wants \$300 for curing Malston and \$100 for his influence. Mrs. Malston refused to pay him because Malston had not died, and she was not benefited. Malston refused to pay for attendance, as his wife made the bargain.

CRIMINAL LABEL CHARGED.

Warrants Issued for the Arrest of Members of the Civic Federation.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 4.—Warrants have been issued for the arrest of I. J. Freeman, President of the Civic Federation, and Rev. Dr. E. R. Dille, G. F. Gadu and D. G. Dexter, also of the federation. They are charged with criminal libel. The accused have been making war on Dr. Marc Livingston, candidate for Health Officer, and have caused to be published and forwarded to Governor

BUDD CHARGES REFLECTING ON LIVINGSTON'S CHARACTER AS CORONER.

Dr. Livingston, who says that he will push the prosecution, states that the accused have been made the tools of other candidates for the office.

HARBOR COMMISSIONERS.

Cole Accuses Colton of Trying to Fill all Good Places with Democrats.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 4.—At a meeting of the Harbor Commissioners to-day, President Colton nominated Louis Hayes for Superintendent of Dredging. Commissioner Cole attacked Colton, accusing the latter of trying to fill all the good places with Democrats. Cole looked for support to Chadbourne, his Republican colleague, but to the general surprise of the audience, Colton, who Colton for Hayes, thereby disappointing the army of politicians present.

Insurance War at Stockton.

STOCKTON, June 4.—An insurance war was opened here to-day, when agents residing in Lodi and representing the Firemen's Fund and the Home Mutual Companies offered to take insurance on county property four miles south of Stockton with 30 per cent. discount on regular rates. Stockton agents, governed by a local association's rules, offered 20 per cent. rebate. The insurance was given to the Lodi agents, and the Stockton agents are angry. They wanted to open the competition to quote lower prices, but could not.

Columbia Colonization Company.

SAN BERNARDINO, June 4.—Final papers were signed to-day whereby the Columbia Colonization Company became possessed of all right, title and interest of the Victor Reservoir Company, and the purchasers took formal possession of the property. U. H. Edwards, who is acting for the Chicago syndicate, leaves for the East to-morrow. He states that the company has a half million of dollars, which will be used at once in developing the reservoir and building distributing ditches to irrigate lands.

Judgment on a Note.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 4.—Asa Fisk to-day received judgment from Cameron H. King for \$100 on a promissory note, with interest of \$1,000 and a counsel fee of \$5. The note was issued on March 21, 1890, and King gave his law library as security. A writ of habeas corpus was granted to Fisk, who is now in the case very much against his will, as he was not in favor of interest at 3 per cent. Fisk made a counterclaim against Mr. King, but it was not allowed.

Dispute Over a Small Bit of Land.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 4.—J. K. Prior and Claus Spreckels are having an amusing dispute over an inch and a half of ground. Spreckels recently purchased some property on Market street, adjoining the building owned by Prior. It was discovered that Prior had building trespass one inch and a half on Spreckels' ground. Spreckels will not sell this move his building. So far the parties have failed to reach an agreement.

Grange Divorce Suit.

OAKLAND, June 4.—There was some peculiar testimony in court to-day in the divorce suit of Mattie A. Grange against Numa Grange of Alameda. One night after she and her husband quarreled Mrs. Grange testified that she heard him pray as follows: "Oh, God, if there is a God or any power that can hear my prayer, I implore you to leap curses on my wife." Mrs. Grange was awarded \$10 a month alimony pending the court's decision.

Patents to Mineral Lands.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 4.—A. H. Rickerts of the California Miners' Association says that President Cleveland has not kept the promise he made to him in Washington recently, that no more patents to mineral lands in California would be made to railroads until the roads had paid off their debts. A dispatch was received from Washington which stated that Secretary Smith is continuing to issue patents to railroads.

Blinn-Nannary Wedding.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 4.—Irving Blinn, the son of the Los Angeles lumber dealer, and Miss Genevieve Nannary, the actress, were united in wedlock at the home of the bride's parents in this city this evening. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Henry Smith and H. Denison, and the bridesmaids were Miss Ada Ramsdell and Miss Josie Seabrook.

Verdict for Defendant.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 4.—The suit of Charles A. Loomis against Calvin Serris for \$100,000 on a charge of malicious prosecution was ended this morning, the jury giving a verdict in favor of the defendant. The charge of malicious prosecution was based on the actions of Serris when Loomis was on trial for the shooting of Detective McClintock.

MacDonough Made Happy.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 4.—W. O. P. B. MacDonough, who paid \$150,000 for Ormonde, has been made happy by the advent of a colt, sired by Ormonde out of Getaway. The dam is owned by Mrs. Leland Stanford. Under the conditions of the agreement, the colt would have belonged to Mrs. Stanford if it had been a filly.

Hop Worms in Mendocino County.

URIAH, June 4.—The hop worms which have been devastating fields in this valley, are constantly increasing in numbers, and are attacking alfalfa fields as well. Farmers in this vicinity are endeavoring to abate the nuisance by burning their fields. This action has apparently resulted beneficially.

An Attorney Charged with Forgery.

LOS ANGELES, June 4.—N. V. Biscailus, at one time a very prominent attorney, was examined before Judge Young this morning for forging the name of Judge Shaw on legal documents and held in \$5,000 bail. An attempt made to have the erratic attorney declared insane fell through yesterday.

Suit Thrown Out of Court.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 4.—The suit of Julius Leszynski against the estate of Joseph P. Hale for \$100,000 was thrown out of court by motion to-day. Leszynski claimed that he had been employed by Hale as agent to sell Lower California lands for \$2,000,000, and he demanded a commission of 8 per cent.

Buried Alive.

LOS ANGELES, June 4.—This afternoon Michael Benovich, a workman engaged in digging a sewer, at the corner of Rose and Third streets, was buried under a mass of earth, and life was extinct before the excavators could rescue him. Benovich was a single man, about 30 years of age.

San Joaquin Valley Road.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 4.—The directors of the San Joaquin and San Joaquin Valley Road to-day appointed J. R. Wilbur of Stockton right of way agent of the road. It will be his business to look after rights of way, and transact all business that may arise in that direction.

Oscar Wilde Insane.

LONDON, June 4.—It is reported that Oscar Wilde has become insane, and is confined in a padded room.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL OLNEY.

He Will Probably be Appointed Secretary of State.

CLEVELAND SAID TO HAVE MADE SUCH STATEMENT.

No Decision Yet Reached as to Who Will Succeed to the Portfolio Made Vacant by Olney Retiring From the Department of Justice, Though the Names of Ex-Postmaster-General Dickinson and Solicitor-General Conrad are Prominently Mentioned.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—There is no longer any reasonable doubt that the President has fully determined to ask Attorney-General Olney to accept the State Department portfolio. The President has not intimated to Olney his purpose. To other members of the Cabinet, however, he has stated in substance that he should ask Olney to accept the place. He is delaying the public announcement in order that he might at the same time name a successor to Olney as Attorney-General.

It is regarded as likely that Senator Gray's visit to Washington may have been in response to a message from the President, and it is possible he may have been offered the Attorney-Generalship or have been consulted thereon.

Cabinet Officers after the Meeting to-day.

It is stated that no appointment has yet been made to fill the vacancy. Senator Gray of Delaware came over from Wilmington to-day and went directly to the White House. Senator Gray's visit was undoubtedly in response to a telegram from the President, who it is believed, had inquired of him as to whether he would accept the place in the Cabinet, were it not for the fact that his retirement from the Senate would almost certainly result in the election of a Republican successor.

It is thought that up to this time the President has not definitely decided upon Mr. Olney's successor.

A long list of names are being discussed, but everything in that connection is purely speculative. Ex-Postmaster-General Don M. Dickinson, it is said, would be very likely of appointment if he would accept. A possibility is Holmes Conrad of Virginia, the present Solicitor-General. He has the reputation of being a man of high character, and he enjoys the high regard of the members of the Supreme Court. The fact that Mr. Conrad comes from Virginia, however, may operate against his appointment, but in case he is selected it is believed that Mr. Uhl, the present Assistant Secretary of State, would be a candidate for the vacant position.

Uhl was a candidate for this place at the time Mr. Maxwell was appointed, and it is believed the change from the Department of Justice to that of State would be most agreeable to him.

Richard Olney, who is now in all probability to be advanced to the first place in President Cleveland's Cabinet, has won this distinction by the able service he has thus far rendered the President on all the more important questions that have engaged public attention since the present administration took office. His great strike at Chicago his services were particularly notable. He developed each step that the Government authorities took, and President Cleveland is fully convinced of the wisdom of the proposed policy that he gave it thorough support and execution. In this question of the Uhl, Olney is regarded as one of the men who have done most to suppress disorder. He has shown in another case his sincere respect for the rights of labor. Uhl was in a case of the Southern Railway, which was a company that had one of its employees to either sever his connection with a railway men's beneficial organization or leave the company's services. Although Cleveland has no direct interest in the case, Mr. Olney secured the permission of the court to present a brief on behalf of the employees, in which he set forth the proposed action of the company was against justice and right. The brief was marked by a vigorous defense of the rights of labor, and it is believed that Olney is advancing its interests, so long as the means were peaceful and within the law.

The new Secretary of State comes from a sturdy Irish family.

Thomas Olney, came from England and settled at Salem, Mass., in 1735. The father of Richard Olney owned the cotton mill at Roxbury, and was engaged in banking. His mother was a Signorine, descendant from French Huguenots, who fled from France to this country. The new Secretary of State was born at University in 1836, and from the Harvard law school in 1858. He married Agnes, daughter of Judge Benjamin F. Thomas, with whom he lived for many years. He lived for many years at Boston, with summer residences near Buzzards Bay and Gray's Cove.

Mr. Olney is a man of medium height and robust form, and in general appearance he conveys the impression of intense vitality and physical endurance beyond that of any man who has occupied the position of Secretary of State in recent years. He has served one term in the State legislature of Massachusetts.

In politics Mr. Olney is a Republican Democrat, but was unable to support Mr. Butler for Governor. He did not take part in the last Presidential campaign, but rendered effective service to Mr. Cleveland in an unobtrusive manner.

As a lawyer, his success has been that of a counselor, rather than that of an advocate.

CHINA AND JAPAN.

The State Department Furnished a Synopsis of the Peace Treaty.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Minister Denby of China, in a dispatch dated May 25th, has furnished the State Department a synopsis of the peace treaty between China and Japan. The commercial provisions are as follows: A new treaty of commerce to be made immediately after this treaty is ratified, and until the treaty is made Japan is to have favored nation treatment. Six months from the date of the present treaty, April 17th, the following concessions are to take effect: First—The following ports to be opened to Japanese trade, residence, industries and manufactures: Shin, in Hapei; Chung King, in Szechuan; Suchow, in Kiang Sui; Hong Chow, in Chekiang.

Second—Steam navigation on the upper Yang Tze River from Ichung to Chung King, and on Woo Sung River and the canal from Shanghai to Suchow and Hong Chow.

Third—Japan may rent or hire warehouses for storage of goods in interior China free of taxes or exactions.

Fourth—Japan may engage in manufacturing, and may import machinery at all open ports.

In a previous dispatch, dated April 22d, Minister Denby stated that Vice-Consul Badinial of New Chang territory, still occupied by Japanese troops, had received a communication from the Japanese authorities, announcing that a special commission for that port had been appointed, and that commerce would be carried on with certain restrictions usual

and essential during military occupation. The customs duties, fees, etc., levied upon exports and imports are to be the same as prevailed under Chinese rule.

A MURDEROUS HUSBAND.

Jealousy Leads Him to Commit a Horrible Crime.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 4.—A special to the Sentinel from Evansville, Ind., says: For some months Valentine Wisman has been jealous of his wife, and has had frequent quarrels with her because of his jealousy of one Erwin. Last night he went into the room where his wife was and snatched her by going to kill her. He snatched her baby from her arms and carried it to the floor. Then he got a razor. His wife ran to the door, but he stopped by a high picket fence, and he caught her. He immediately began to strike her with the razor, and she ran to the door, but he stopped her several times, and then he cut her throat three times, and she fell several times in the face, and then began hacking at her bosom. He cut one of her breasts off, then tried to cut off her hand. He cut it off, and severed the artery. In all he cut her in 121 places. Neighbors frightened him away, but he was in the woman's room for several hours, and finally stopped the flow of blood from her wounds.

Wisman was captured this morning. He was discovered on a ten-cent stake and was taken to the jail, where he had a razor stuck in his shirt, which he had tied around the neck, and to which he had a piece of wire fastened to the limb of a tree. He was in the act of jumping from the fence when he was captured.

The wife and child will die.

CAIRSON MINT SHORTAGE.

Some of the Bullion Supposed to Have Been Stolen Recovered.

CARSON, June 4.—Flo Stewart appeared before a Police Judge this morning and swore out a warrant for the arrest of J. J. Pickler, with whom she had been living. Pickler was arrested and taken to the jail. The warrant was issued for striking her. The warrant was issued and Pickler arrested and placed under \$100 bail to keep the peace.

Later she came to the attorneys of John T. Jones, who is under arrest for being responsible for the mint shortage, and told them Pickler had a considerable amount of bullion from the mint secreted about his place, and that a search warrant was immediately issued, and in the presence of United States Secret Service Agent Grant search was made.

Nothing was found, but the house, when being dug in a corner of the stable or woodshed in the place described by the woman, the officers uncovered several large boxes of refined amalgam.

Pickler up to this time protested profound ignorance. When confronted with the bullion he said it belonged to his brother, who had come to him with a coined six months ago, but owing to the trouble in the mint he did not dare send it in to be parted.

The recovered bullion consisted of twenty-one boxes, and a half pound of silver. Its fineness is not known, but it is thought to be principally silver. Pickler said it was worth \$500, but the officers think it is worth \$10,000.

At 11 o'clock the search was abandoned, but will be continued to-morrow. They women stated that they would find gold granulations, but if there were any, Pickler would not be allowed to see them.

She said Pickler had been stealing bullion from the mint for some time. Pickler is being watched, and will be arrested if he is found with more bullion.

Men, women and children then made a wild race for the railway track, a distance of five miles, while the flames played havoc with all their belongings.

The Northern Company lost forty oil wells at this place and a large number of rigs built for new wells in twenty-five tanks of oil were consumed.

The fire at Ormsby was raging more fiercely than ever this morning. The fire is still burning, and the flames are devouring a large area of standing timber. The sawmills and a number of houses have been consumed.

The fire at West Kane, which threatened the destruction of that place, is now under control. The fire is now being fought by the Griffith estate, an engine house and a dwelling house.

The fire at Snake River is still raging, and has done a large amount of damage.

The fire has spread to Bulls Camp, and thirty-five miles of timber are being destroyed.

Reports from Duke County state that the entire valley is on fire. Loss to oil and lumbermen will be enormous. Kansas Branch, Davis Creek, Summit City, Dallas City, Oil Valley, Limestone, State Line, Derrick City and Red Rock are all in it, and unless rains fall soon will be destroyed.

The sky is black with smoke, the mountains are invisible and the heat is intense. Not an idle man can be found, and all men are busy from every direction. Men are still working at the fire, and apparently have it under control.

Everything at Sugar Run, including the sawmills and dwelling houses, are burned, and nothing remains of the place.

The fire at Brookstone is still burning fiercely, and there is no prospect of checking the spread of the flames. It is impossible to get men, consequently the fire make rapid headway.

The fire has reached the oil field at West Branch. A conflagration of smoke has burst forth, and it is reported that several wells and tanks are on fire.

THE HEATED SPELL.

It Continues at Pittsburg, Without Any Sign of Abatement.

PITTSBURG (Pa.), June 4.—The hot wave continues without any sign of abatement. At noon the mercury reached 95° in the shade, the highest point yet touched at that hour. There were many additional prostrations, but only one death.

TWO MORE DEATHS AT CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, June 4.—The present heat term will probably give place to cooler weather this evening. The cold wave is in sight, and will reach here to-night. Five prostrations, two of which resulted fatally, have been reported up to 2 o'clock this afternoon.

HOT DAY AT LOS ANGELES.

LOS ANGELES, June 4.—To-day was the warmest June weather this city has experienced for nine years. The maximum temperature was 100°, and at 5 o'clock in the afternoon the thermometer registered 85°.

WEATHER BUREAU BULLETIN.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—The Weather Bureau furnishes the following special bulletin: "The period of extreme hot weather that has prevailed over the eastern portion of the United States during the past week has become remarkable for its length and for the high temperature occurring, the latter in many instances exceeding any previously recorded by the Weather Bureau during the period between the 25th of May and the 10th of June."

A table is then given showing the number of days when the temperature rose to or above 90° during the week ending June 3d at many eastern, central and Southern cities. The bulletin continues: "In marked contrast to this record of extreme heat is the fact that between the 13th and 15th of May at a great number of stations in the foregoing list occurred the coldest weather on record for the month of May, with a succession of heavy frosts throughout the central and northern half of the country east of the Rocky Mountains."

Four Persons Drowned.

DENVER, June 4.—A special to the News from Douglas, Wyo., says: A party of seven persons was swept away while crossing a swollen stream near here to-day, four of them being drowned.

FIRES IN PENNSYLVANIA.

They Continue to Rage Fiercely in the Oil Regions.

EVERYTHING IN THE PATH OF THE FLAMES BURNED UP.

Settlements Wiped Out and the Inhabitants Terror-Stricken—Nothing Left of the Once Bustling Town of Marshall City—A Solid Mass of Fire Covering Three Miles in Width—Flames Spread So Rapidly That People Are Unable to Save Any Belongings.

Special to the RECORD-UNION.

BRADFORD (Pa.), June 4.—The fire at Marshall City last night drove terror to the hearts of the 500 inhabitants. At 10 o'clock a brisk west wind fanned the burning underbrush and hemlock timber into a solid mass of fire covering three miles in width.

The flames spread so rapidly that the people had to leave everything and run to a clearing two miles distant at Highland Corners. Women with children in arms, shrieking and bemoaning their fate, ran and stumbled as they escaped from the fire. Many of the women fell exhausted and were trampled on, but reached Highland in safety. Nothing is left of the once bustling little place.

The fire is still burning fiercely among the oil wells. The Northern Oil Company has twenty oil wells and a number of tanks burning at these places now, and there is no abatement to the fury of the flames. It is impossible to estimate the loss.

The woods leading to Clark's Mills are one mass of flames on both sides of the road. How the people who live along the road could have escaped is beyond comprehension. The flames completely obliterated any description with this place and no news is obtainable from there, but there is no doubt of everything having been burned up in the path of the fire. Every available man is fighting the fire, and there are not half enough.

There is fire in every direction, and all efforts to check its progress seem futile. Coon Run, three miles from Russell City, which was wiped out yesterday afternoon, was entirely obliterated. The place was a large building, a schoolhouse and a saw mill.

A. B. Fowler, the Superintendent of the Northern Oil Company, says that while he and his men were "back firing" a stiff breeze from the west came up like magic and in less time than it takes to tell it the fire was upon them. They ran to town and aroused the people to flee for their lives.

Men, women and children then made a wild race for the railway track, a distance of five miles, while the flames played havoc with all their belongings.

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GENERAL ROLLINS.

Believed to Have Met With Fatal End in Lower California.

SAN DIEGO, June 4.—General H. G. Rollins, a mining man, who spent some time in this city a year or more ago, subsequently becoming interested in properties in Lower California, is believed by his friends in Los Angeles, where he was at one time County Auditor, to have met with a fatal end in the mining region of that State. It is believed that he was killed by a falling rock while engaged in prospecting for gold in the mountains of that State.

General Cabezaz Asks an Investigation of His Administration.

MANAGUA, June 4.—General Cabezaz has arrived here from Greytown and has made application to the proper authorities for a public hearing of an investigation into the charges which have been brought against his administration of the Mosquito territory during the past sixteen months. In brief, the charges against General Cabezaz are that as Governor of the Mosquito territory he misused a large sum of money, estimated at 100,000 soles, of the Government, and that he understood that the charges will be pressed by a representative of the customs department at Bluefields and that the General will be held responsible for the same. The General desires, General Denro is now Governor of the Mosquito territory.

Japan Now in Control of Formosa.

SIAMANG, June 4.—Lord Li Chigg Fang, son of the Viceroy, Li Hung Chang, and John W. Foster, who had been to the Island of Formosa for the purpose of formally transferring it to Japan according to the terms of the treaty, have returned. Foster, in an interview, said that the Japanese, Katsuyama, formerly chief of the Japanese Navy Department, had been appointed Governor of Formosa. The formal transfer of the Island to Japan is understood to have been completed, and Foster will return to the United States on the first steamer.

The Revolt in Cuba.

HAVANA, June 4.—Bands of insurgents from the province of Puerto Principe have invaded the province of Santa Clara. General Higue is concentrating his troops at Santo Espirito, north of Trinidad, in the province of Santa Clara. Captain General Martinez de Campos has arrived at Santo Espirito, where he is met with an enthusiastic reception.