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This paper is for sale at the following places: L. P. Fisher's, room 21, Merchants' Exchange, California street; the principal News Stands and Hotels, and at the Market-street Ferry, San Francisco.

LOS ANGELES.—Eclectic Book Store, corner Second and Main streets.

SAN DIEGO.—Emmal & Co., 860 Fifth street.

CORONADO.—Hopkins & Cox, Coronado Hotel.

SANTA BARBARA.—Hassinger's News Depot.

FRESNO.—C. T. Cearley, 1111 J street.

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The RECORD-UNION *and* WEEKLY UNION *are the only papers on the Coast, outside of San Francisco, that receive the full Press Dispatches from all parts of the world. Outside of San Francisco, they have no competitors, either in influence or home and general circulation throughout the State.*

Weather Forecast.

For Northern California—Fair, with fog along the coast; stationary temperature; westerly winds.

NOW FOR WORK.

The city election being over, and the people having decided whom they wish to administer public affairs for the two years following the first of January, let the motto for the hour and the future be "All for Sacramento." The new officials have two full months in which to acquaint themselves with all the provisions of the charter and the character and requirements of all the book of ordinances. They will have an advantage over the officers elected at the last municipal election in this, that in the Board of Trustees there is a majority of hold-overs and re-elected members, and their experience will greatly aid the two new members of the board and the new Mayor.

The very first requirement is that the Board of Trustees and the Mayor who is to take office with the new year shall come into harmony concerning the policy to be pursued in advancing the interests of the city and of the people. The board must concede something to the Mayor in the matter of appointments, and he must recognize in a fair and broad spirit the right of the board to reasonably refuse concurrence. The disposition of the patronage being out of the way—and it should be disposed of without carping, small-mindedness or hide-bound partisanship on either side—there will come the administering of city affairs for the good of all the people, in the interests of progress and economy.

These essentials are not antagonistic, since economy does not mean niggardly policy in the matter of expenditure, nor the search for the cheapest; nor does progress mean lavish expenditure and the adoption or experimenting with all sorts of new fangled ideas and propositions. The dearest is by no means always the best, nor is the cheapest in price by any means always the best for the city in service. So, too, because a thing is new is no reason for its acceptance, nor is every scientific discovery and advanced idea as to public works by any means the wisest for this city.

What the people want is that in all directions which will most conserve community good and remove community evils. It has been said that if one is right he cannot be too radical, but as every man ought to know this is not true. It is very often more desirable to be conservative in the right than radical. We need a new and improved sewerage system. That is by all conceded; we need a new and better water supply; as to that the people are divided only in opinion as to the methods of obtaining it. The new administration must agree within itself on these subjects, and will not be pardoned for any inharmony whatever concerning them.

The people demand, and have a right to expect that intelligence and experience shall take charge of the street department, and that there shall be no more wastefulness nor false construction. In the last twenty years Sacramento has thrown away money enough on false construction in street and alley work to have given her the very best and most economic street system in the land. There has been improvement in many respects within the last four or five years, and we are now understanding that reform ought to have been inaugurated very much earlier.

Another demand, and an imperative one, is the better and permanent sanitation of the city. This is so closely related to the sewerage system that the two may be said to be inseparable. But that we need to get rid of the filth-pit system just as quickly as is possible, to inaugurate a system of street-cleaning, and to set up and enforce rigid regulations regarding the disposal of garbage and waste is not to be denied with truth and reason.

We believe it is easily possible, and without distress to those who pay taxes, to have clear, pure water, improved drainage, wise disposal of waste, and cleanly streets within the next two years. The administration that is able to accomplish that much will so commend itself to the people that it will make them everlasting debtors in gratitude.

EASTERN ELECTIONS.

The Eastern elections developed but one real surprise, namely, that Maryland was lost to the Democracy. This was not expected, but in all other respects the outcome in the several States had been anticipated by careful observers of the drift of political sentiment.

Tammany has again taken possession of New York City, but the State as a whole is Republican, with a Legislature so strong for that faith that Tammany influence in it will be of no avail for the chiefs of that organization.

We had expected Kentucky to go Republican. Changes have been going on in that State for the past three years that indicated presently a revolution of political sentiment. In all the other States Republican strength has been augmented. These facts must be taken as indicating the drift of sentiment for the campaign of 1896. The Republican party has every reason to look forward to a National victory in that year.

NOTE AND COMMENT.

Our evening contemporary takes its defeat with ill grace. It finds cause to its satisfaction for snarling at the railroad company, when it might be better engaged in exploiting its own course to ascertain why its fairy-tale prophecies as to what the result of the election would be came to dust and ashes. The Record-Union is gnawing no files, but accepting results with equanimity, and not raking over the embers of defeat. Sacramento is going straight ahead and on an upward grade to higher levels, and will leave growlers and post-mortem speculations to the rear.

There is widespread belief that straight-out Sacramento Republicans engaged in prayer and used only the most correct of language when the returns of Tuesday's city election began to come in. It is also the general belief that their spirits went up to the top of the enthusiastic thermometer when the news came from New York, Maryland, Ohio, Kentucky, and the rest of the Republican column. So there is no thorn without a rose, the Republicans of Sacramento may well say, reversing an old saw.

It is a cheap and worn device to account for election results by laying the blame at the door of the railroad company. If it had done this; if it had done that; if it had kept still; if it had spoken; the utterances of its representatives were not sincere; it made answers to be read between the lines; run the explainers, and so on, ad nauseum. The simple truth is, that the attempt to saddle upon the railroad company the blunders of projection of personal ambition into a campaign is a weak device to cover bad work. The railroad company is a large target and it is, in the estimation of some, popular to fire at it. If the company keeps out of political mills it is blamed; if it is driven into political contests by the assaults of demagogues and in self-defense, it is condemned. It makes very little difference to the demagogue and the disgruntled whether the railroad company does or does not; it will be assailed by these elements just the same. The constant mouthing about the railroad company and its desires in local politics is disgusting. There is no reason in or for it, and it is creditable neither to those who indulge in it nor to those who give ear to it.

Will not the San Francisco press give the people a rest in the matter of Durrant's pictures? The constant presentation of the pictorial side of the criminal and the crime is nauseating.

It was confidently hoped that the effort to secure the National Republican Convention for California would unite all Californians for once. But here is a noted scribbler indulging in sneers at the attempt, and doing his best to write it down, and papers are found to publish his stuff. As the Tulare Register says: "It is certainly a great pity that no movement intended for the public good can be set on foot here without arousing such opposition as that of McEwen and his satellites."

A country contemporary has this to say, and says it well: "Trial by newspaper and popular clamor has just received a startling exemplification in San Francisco. It is to be hoped that in the years to come, after the victim had been done to death, none of those responsible for the deed will have cause to regret it. If they do not it will be the first instance on record."

THANKSGIVING DAY.

Governor Budd Issued His Proclamation Yesterday.

Governor Budd has issued his proclamation for Thanksgiving Day, as follows:

In accordance with long-established custom, now sanctioned by legislative enactment, I, James H. Budd, Governor of the State of California, by virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution and laws of the State, and in consonance with a like proclamation of the President of the United States, do hereby proclaim Thursday, the 28th day of November, as Thanksgiving Day.

This day, essentially American, originating with the early settlers of New England in grateful remembrance for manifold blessings, has been adopted and continued by nearly every State in the Union as a time set apart for reunion of families, the exercise of charitable deeds, and the doing of generous acts. Both as a Nation and a State, we have much to be thankful for, and it befits us to testify our gratitude therefor, by assembling in our respective places of worship, there to express our thanks for the blessings we as a people have received.

In the midst of enjoyments and pleasures forget not the stranger and the wanderer, but let the day be marked as one of generous hospitality, impressing our hearts with the reality and truthfulness which should characterize Thanksgiving Day.

Land Patents Signed.

Governor Budd has signed patents for land under the grant of the sixteenth and thirty-sixth sections for school purposes, to Joseph Marshal for 640 acres in Calaveras County, and William J. Mayer for 80 acres in Placer County. Also, under the grant of 150,000 acres, to W. F. Gond and A. W. Foster, trustees, for 10.78 acres in Colusa County.

If you are thinking of buying a piano, call and examine our Jacob Doll, Mathushek and Conover makes. We are making prices, for cash or installments that will surprise you. We keep everything in the musical line. Call or send for catalogue. All the latest songs. Pianos and all other instruments to rent. Cooper Music Company (Neale, Ellers & Co.), 631 J street.

A VERDICT THAT SETTLES NOTHING.

The Queer Action of a San Francisco Petty Jury.

Silly Claim That the Game Law of the State Discriminates Against One Class.

The action of the jury in a San Francisco court, in acquitting a market dealer charged with selling game out of season, after the accused had admitted the truth of the accusation and the court had instructed the jurors that they simply had to find whether or not the law had been violated, was certainly a queer proceeding.

The jury could not pass on the constitutionality of the provision of the law under which the case was tried, and the fendant fully expected to be convicted and then to appeal the case on the question of the law's constitutionality. Therefore the verdict settles nothing, and the next man who violates the law will be arrested and prosecuted just the same.

Some persons have assumed that the law discriminates against someone, and that the courts will not uphold it. The truth is, the law does not discriminate. It declares that everyone may kill game from October 15th to February 15th. There is no discrimination there, certainly. And surely the State can say at what times game may be sold in market—it may even prohibit such sales at all times, and many States have done so.

There is but one point to be considered, and that does not go to the constitutionality of the law at all. The question is, cannot the evil effects of market shooting be overcome and yet give those who do not care to shoot an opportunity to get some game at any time during the open season? True, if a man has no taste for shooting, or is too indolent to go out and shoot game for himself or his family—in short, if he fails to avail himself of the privilege the law accords to everyone alike—he really has no cause for complaint.

Still, if the interests of game protection can be subserved in some other way than is now provided by law, it might be well to adopt a method that would afford the lazy portion of each community, and those who prefer to hunt the nimble dollar rather than the ducks and quails, an opportunity to buy their game. This could probably be accomplished by limiting the number of birds that any person may kill in a given period, either day, week or month, as the Legislature might determine.

A provision of this kind would hold all reckless game slaughterers in check, while making it possible for anyone to obtain game in the markets.

But all the talk that is being indulged in about the present law discriminating in favor of one class and against another, is simply "rot." If the law permitted a sportsman to sell game, but denied that privilege to the professional market hunter, that would be discrimination. Or if it allowed one dealer to sell game before November 15th but cut off another dealer, that would be discrimination.

The law as it stands, however, is general in its application, and all men, whether market hunters or otherwise, may kill birds without limit between certain dates. The sale of game, however, is limited to certain other dates that affect all men alike.

If there is discrimination in this, it would take a microscope to find it. It is no concern of the State whether or not there is a class of persons who do not care to avail themselves of the privileges granted to all alike, and the higher courts will no doubt so hold should the question ever be brought before them.

It has even been said that the law doesn't permit a market hunter to shoot ducks or quail before November 15th, and possibly some persons have been led to so believe. That is nonsense. Any man who so desires may shoot all the game possible after October 15th, be he mechanic, laborer, clerk, banker or market hunter. The law simply declares that no person shall sell game before November 15th, and that it has a right to do so no intelligent person can deny.

Consequently there is no discrimination. There may be a question of propriety, or of concession in favor of the sluggards, but that is all.

EVERYBODY'S COLUMN.

Correspondence of Interest to the General Public.

Under this heading the Record-Union will publish short letters from correspondents on topics of interest to the general public. The matter in these communications will be understood to represent only the views of the writers. All communications must be accompanied by the name of the writer, not for publication unless so desired, but as a guarantee of good faith.—Eds.

England's Grasping Hand.

Eds. Record-Union: For some time past there has been a great deal published in the newspapers in regard to British designs on Venezuela, in South America, and in Monday's issue of the Record-Union comes an account of Canadians building forts and taking possession of the disputed strip of country between Alaska and British Columbia.

Now, while this is going on our great American Republic seems to be asleep, and I am afraid that when "Uncle Sam," as we familiarly address the sleepy, old gentleman, awakens, he will find England in possession of all she claims; and as we know possession is nine points of the law, the remaining point in our possession won't cut much figure in the case.

It doesn't seem possible, but from all appearances our great Government is in poor hands in Washington. Our present Secretary of State seems to be able to cry "Hands off! Beware of the Monroe doctrine!" etc., but the grasping hands of the British continue to reach out for more of the earth, just the same.

Now, it is certainly very humiliating to an American citizen, after having been taught this was one of the greatest governments on earth, to see the United States stand back and see the first-class powers come over from Europe and lay claim to whatever piece of the country they may wish. We don't expect the Alaska boundary dispute will be settled by war, but by arbitration, and when the arbitration committee meet to take evidence in the matter, the Canadians will be able to point out the fact that they have built forts and been in possession of the country with their mounted police—all of which will go a long way in deciding the commission as to where the line should be—and it will be likely to be satisfactory to the British. READER.

Antelope, Nov. 4, 1895.

FRUIT TREE INSPECTOR.

The Supervisors Hold That There is No Vacancy.

The first matter taken up at yesterday's meeting of the Board of Supervisors was that of County Fruit Tree Inspector. It came about by Alvin J. Bruner addressing board in behalf of Robert Williamson, who is an applicant for the place. Mr. Bruner said the fruit-growers who had signed the petition of Mr. Williamson state that their orchards had not been visited by the present Inspector, Mr. Stephenson.

Supervisor Curtis said similar complaint had been made to him by fruit-growers along the American River. Three months of the time he had been in office he had had nothing to do and yet he drew his salary right along.

Sol. Runyon, one of the largest fruit-growers on the Sacramento River, asked for the appointment of Mr. Williamson. He said that State Quarantine Officer McCaw, who is familiar with Mr. Williamson's special fitness for the position, would heartily indorse him. For his own part he would say that not to his knowledge had Mr. Stephenson ever visited his orchard nor those of any of his neighbors.

Chairman Morrison said that if anyone had charges of negligence to prefer against Mr. Stephenson the board would hear them, but he did not believe in ousting him without a hearing. If any member of the board wished to do so he might move to have the office declared vacant, and then the board could proceed to the election of a successor to Mr. Stephenson. He was well aware of Mr. Williamson's qualifications for the place, but so far as he (the Chairman) was concerned, he did not believe in putting one man out of office merely to make a place for another who had been unfortunate in business.

Mr. Bruner said he had assumed that the office is already vacant—that Mr. Stephenson's term had expired.

Supervisor Todd said he understood that Mr. Stephenson was holding the office at the pleasure of the board, and that no vacancy existed.

Messrs. Bruner and Runyon then withdrew, and the subject was dropped.

The rest of the day's session was devoted to the auditing of demands against the county.

SOUTH YUBA COMPANY.

It Is Now Constructing Its Electric Line Toward Sacramento.

For some weeks past men and teams have been engaged in distributing along the road between this city and Newcastle, Placer County, the poles that are to hold the wires of the South Yuba Canal Company's electric light and power line.

It is expected that the work of erecting the poles and suspending the wires will be completed about the 1st of December, when that company will become a competitor in the business of supplying electricity to the people of this city.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Arrivals at the Golden Eagle Hotel yesterday: G. I. Hume, New York; George C. Roeding, D. L. Fowler, Fresno; T. L. Bahlendt, Chico; A. Berner, Suisun; F. H. Gould, Stockton; F. H. Stevens, Boston; A. H. Jessee, St. Louis; Charles Aull and wife, Folsom; S. S. Stiles, J. C. Cohen, H. H. McCloskey, A. T. Gunne, F. Welker, D. W. Ballard, H. F. Emeric, Alex. Vogelsang, C. J. Jones, T. N. Holm, Mrs. H. McCarthy, Wm. N. McCarthy, Harry Murgotten, J. B. Lougueran, San Francisco.

Weather Notes.

The Weather Bureau reports show the highest and lowest temperatures yesterday to have been 61 degrees and 41 degrees, with light northerly winds and clear weather prevailing.

The barometrical readings at 5 a. m. and 5 p. m. were 30.07 and 30.08 inches, respectively.

The highest and lowest temperatures one year ago yesterday were 78 degrees and 53 degrees, and one year ago to-day 78 degrees and 52 degrees.

Collided With a Car.

While turning a corner at Eighth and J streets yesterday a wagon occupied by a man named John Hirst, who operates a broom factory in the suburbs, collided with a street car. Hirst managed to catch hold of one of the car's uprights and thus saved himself from the serious injury that would have resulted from a fall.

Mrs. Van Cott, the Revivalist.

Mrs. Maggie Van Cott has been laboring in the Howard-street Methodist Church, San Francisco, for a month. The pastor, Rev. Dr. Case, says: "Taken all in all, I consider her the greatest evangelist in the world. I have known her for about twenty years, and she was never more efficient than now."

Stolen Overcoat.

In the Police Court yesterday John Burns was found guilty of stealing an overcoat from in front of Weinstock, Lubin & Co.'s store. He said he took the coat in order to sell it for money with which to buy something to eat. Burns will be sentenced this morning.

Only a Chimney Fire.

A chimney in the residence of J. H. Glide, at Ninth and H streets, caught fire yesterday and the department was called out, but its services were not required. There was no loss.

Commissioner of Deeds.

Governor Budd has appointed Gilman E. Jopp Commissioner of Deeds for California, to reside at Providence, R. I.

Pilot Appointed.

Governor Budd has appointed Frederick G. Lucas a pilot for the harbor of Santa Monica.

Tam O'Shanter's ride through the midnight wind with the horrible hobgoblins pursuing him was only a bad dream, or nightmare, which anybody is liable to experience as the result of over-eating or an attack of biliousness or indigestion. To avoid such disagreeable experiences one or two of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets should be taken after a too hearty meal and the action of the stomach will thereby be quickened and the meal promptly digested.

Then too if Nature be assisted a little now and then in removing offending matter from the stomach and bowels you will thereby avoid a multitude of distressing derangements and diseases, and will have less frequent need for your doctors' services.

Of all known agents for this purpose, Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the best. Their secondary effect is to keep the bowels open and regular, not to further constipate, as is the case with other pills. Hence, their great popularity with sufferers from habitual constipation, piles and their attendant discomfort and manifold derangements.

The Pellets cure biliousness, sick and bilious headache, dizziness, costiveness, or constipation, sour stomach, loss of appetite, coated tongue, indigestion, or dyspepsia, windy belchings, "heart-burn," pain and distress after eating, and kindred derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels. One little "Pellet" is a laxative, two are mildly cathartic.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Vehicles—Baker & Hamilton—Hardware, Carts, Buggies, Carriages, Phaetons, Bain Farm and Header Wagons, Wholesale Hardware. Send for catalogue.

T. B. REID, dentist, Masonic Temple, Sixth and K streets. Office hours 9 to 5.

HODSON'S Ground Floor Gallery, 813 K.

A CHOICE collection of Holland bulbs, hyacinth, tulip, narcissus, etc., at the Bell Conservatory, Tenth and Y streets.

TRY Figg's Medicated Sea Salt. Also, Hay, Feed and Grain. 1119 Fourth street. New Telephone, 494.

SACRAMENTO WOOD AND COAL YARD.

ALL KINDS OF WOOD, COAL, COKE Charcoal and Kindling, Grain and Mill Feed. Barley and Oats crushed to order. STEAM CARPET CLEANING AND RENOVATING WORKS. An entire new machine. No rips, no tears. CAPT. A. MENDIS, Proprietor, 1513-1515 Front street. Telephone 257.

What is More Attractive
Than a pretty face with a fresh, bright complexion? For it, use Pozzoni's Powder.

JOHN BREUNER.

A Large Majority

Of the BABY BUGGIES used in Sacramento are purchased from us. This encouragement from our customers has induced us to recently place a large order for a new supply of the very latest patterns. They have just arrived and are ready for your inspection. (See show window.)

Prices range from $6 50 to $40.

JOHN BREUNER,
LEADING FURNITURE AND CARPET HOUSE.
SACRAMENTO, CAL.

L. L. LEWIS & CO.

$22 50.

THE GRANGE!

Do you want to save $3 per month in your fuel bill, and at the same time get the best baker and cooker and the prettiest range in market, buy a GRANGE. Price, $22 50.

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302 AND 304 J STREET, SACRAMENTO.

AUCTIONS.

AUCTION! AUCTION!

12—NOON—12

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1895.

ON THE PREMISES, CORNER NINTH and C, FIVE-ROOM HOUSE. Lot 40 by 80. One-quarter cash, balance $15 a month; interest at 7 per cent. per annum.
WHIGHT, Agent. BELL, Auctioneer.

BOOM IT UP, EVERYBODY!
THE CHEAPEST PLACE TO BUY
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The Cheapest Place in Town.
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REOPENS MONDAY, NOVEMBER 4, '95, under the name of the ANN ARBOR HOME BAKERY, at the old stand, 1012 J street. All goods guaranteed to be strictly homemade, and nothing but the best materials used. Hoping for your former patronage and soliciting for new, we remain
n4-6t O'BRIEN & FOX, Proprietors.

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GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,
HAY, FEED AND GRAIN.
TRY OUR CUP AND SAUCER COFFEE and Banner Powder. Goods delivered free.
1428 and 1430 Second Street.

FOR FIRST-CLASS GOODS
At Reasonable Prices Call on
TOM SCOTT, The Plumber,
303 J STREET.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES
—OF—
Watches, Jewelry and Diamonds,
—AT—
HOTFILTER'S CLEARANCE SALE,
808 J Street.

AMUSEMENTS.

CLUNIE OPERA HOUSE.
J. H. TODD.....Manager

Week Commencing November 4, 1895.

The CALDWELL STOCK COMPANY in Nat Goodwin's Roaring Farce Comedy,

CONFUSION

Reappearance of Geo. Montserrat.

Popular Prices—10c, 20c and 30c.

METROPOLITAN THEATER.
J. H. TODD.....Manager

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 11TH.

CANARY & LEDERER'S New York Casino production,

THE PASSING SHOW,

Including John E. Henshaw, Vernona Jarbeau, George A. Schiller, Lucy Daly, John D. Gilbert, Cheridah Simpson, Seymour Hess, Madge Lessing, Gus Pixley, May Ten Broeck, E. S. Tarr, the Boston Quartet.

Canary & Lederer's original New York Casino pickaninnies and the beautiful "L'Enfant Prodigue" Ballet.

Dress Circle, $1; Orchestra, $1, $1 50; Balcony, 50c. Box-sheet open Saturday a. m.

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UNDERTAKING PARLORS 1017 AND 1019 Fourth street, between J and K streets. Telephone 134.

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NO NARCOTICS OR QUININE. IMMEdiate relief. Price, 50 cents per box. LUTGEN'S RHEUMATIC LINIMENT. Price 50 cents per 4-oz. Bottle. Sold by M. S. HAMMER, 401 K street. J. R. LUTGEN sole manufacturer, San Jose, Cal. TTS

BLOOD POISON
A SPECIALTY Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO. 307 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

SEND THE WEEKLY UNION TO YOUR friends in the East.