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This paper is for sale at the following places: L. P. Fisher's, room 21, Merchants' Exchange, California street; the principal News Stands and Hotels, and at the Market-street Ferry, San Francisco.

LOS ANGELES.—Eclectic Book Store, corner Second and Main streets.

SAN DIEGO.—Emmal & Co., 860 Fifth street.

CORONADO.—Hopkins & Cox, Coronado Hotel.

SANTA BARBARA.—Hassinger's News Depot.

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S. C. Beckwith, sole agent foreign advertising.

The RECORD-UNION *and* WEEKLY UNION *are the only papers on the Coast, outside of San Francisco, that receive the full Press Dispatches from all parts of the world. Outside of San Francisco, they have no competitors, either in influence or home and general circulation throughout the State.*

Weather Forecast.

For Northern California—Showers in the extreme northern portion; fair in the southern portion; stationary temperature; southeasterly winds.

CARE OF THE CITY FUNDS.

The question of the custody of the city funds has now pretty nearly narrowed to this one objection, namely, that the city cannot afford to construct a vault upon the property of another, and it is not prepared to build one upon its own property. This is stated upon the assumption that the city, in order to have a proper vault, must have it within a City Hall.

The error of this objection is two-fold. The city may care for its funds without a vault, and it may provide such care without first building a City Hall. That until a City Hall is constructed the funds may be well kept and safely in a movable vault or safe that thereafter may be utilized fully in a City Hall, goes without saying. That establishments and businesses handling more money than does the city of Sacramento, conduct their business and care for their money upon such a basis is true.

There is in all this demand that the law shall be complied with, no assault made upon banking institutions, and no one who has carefully pursued the argument can come to any other conclusion. Our local banking institutions are remarkable examples of conservative and safe financial concerns. They are not surpassed in the country for integrity. They conserve and keep at home capital that would otherwise seek foreign investment; they conserve home industries and home savings; they are conducted and managed by men of high ability and unshaken credit. For anyone therefore to attempt to take this important question out of principle and contort it into an assault upon local institutions, is unwarranted by anything that has been said, or will be said, in the course of the debate so far as the Record-Union is concerned.

The law requires that the city funds be kept separate and apart from all other funds; that they shall be and remain in the actual custody of the City Treasurer, and that they shall be handled by him alone. That law should be complied with.

There is another consideration, not one touching the principle involved except incidentally, namely, that there are funds reserved for possible calls by ancient claims, which the city might use to its profit, and which are only remotely liable to call. These, therefore, are susceptible of being made banking capital, and as such may just as well be banked upon by the city for immediate necessities. Thus, there are reserves in the treasury which may be safely used for the purchase of a proper and ample safe for the keeping of the funds, and the city will be ready to respond to calls upon the fund when the call, if ever, is made upon it.

Rather than that the law should continue to be evaded, the Funded Debt Commission might better furnish the city with the sum necessary to procure a suitable safe. But it is said that when sole custody of the funds is taken by the Treasurer, a watchman will be necessary. To this we reply that there should be a watchman now. That the city records, documents and archives should now have the protection of special watchfulness, and that the failure to provide the necessary watch may at any time visit upon the city loss that cannot be repaired and that will be of infinite injury to the municipality is undeniable. The city offices, with their store of valuable documents and records are now put at risk to which no private business concern with equal interests at stake would permit their records to be exposed.

IS MINISTER TERRELL RIGHT?

Minister Terrell is reported to have refused to make the customary call of congratulation upon the new Grand Vizier of Turkey, saying that he would not do so until assured of the safety of Americans in the disturbed districts, concerning which the Porte had not given satisfactory guarantees, and that on that point he would make an official call on Thursday of this week. Ex-Minister to Austria J. A. Kasson is reported as saying that this action by our Minister at Constantinople was unwarranted, and can be construed by Turkey only as an insult from a Government with which it is, outwardly at least, on amicable terms.

On the other hand, it is said that at Washington Administration sentiment sustains our Minister, from which it is reasonable to assume that he acted under instructions. On the basis of the reliability of the announcement of the action of Minister Terrell and of its being authentic, the question of the wisdom of his refusal is properly a subject for public debate.

Our national policy is to refrain from intermeddling with the affairs of nations of the other hemisphere. But when it comes to affording our citizens protection who may be in a foreign land, it would seem that no treaty obligation nor any rule of diplomatic usage or law of courtesy is outraged by the interposition of a protest against delay or refusal on the part of a foreign power to assure us of the safety of our citizens within its jurisdiction. Would not Minister Terrell have been playing a hypocritical part had he attended the congratulatory function, while his protests and demands for protection of our people remained uncomplied with? If he acted as he did it is not cause for war nor for indignation by the Porte, if the action of the Turkish Government has been what it is understood to have been.

The inability of the agents of the State Department to establish consulates at points within the disturbed districts, to which duty they were sent early last summer; the fact that their lives have been in danger; that they were set upon by a Turkish mob at one time, and that their reports to the State Department of the outrages in Armenia confirm about all that has been printed in the papers concerning the massacres—these things would seem to warrant our Government in authorizing our Minister to make manifest the sentiment that is entertained in this country concerning the inefficiency of the Turkish Government in affording protection to our people and their property within Turkish jurisdiction.

Regardless of the formal usage of diplomatic conduct in such matters as the congratulation of the Grand Vizier on his coming to office, it would seem that the American Republic ought to go of record as indignantly protesting against the present state of affairs in Turkey and her provinces. Perhaps no more emphatic way of making the American sentiment known to the Porte could be chosen than that settled upon by Minister Terrell. If it should turn out that the dispatch crediting him with such action is inaccurate, the American people as a mass will regret that it is not true. In sentiment the people of this country will sustain Minister Terrell.

The Oakland Enquirer complains that street repairing in that city has been neglected a long time; that at first no matter how carefully ordered it was poorly done, and was a great disappointment and a waste of money. The reason was near at hand if our contemporary sought it. It was the result of employing incompetent men as repairers. They may be ever so honest, but in seven cases out of ten they do not know how. For instance, the Enquirer says, referring to one street, that when a depression in the surface existed some loose rock was thrown in and left to adjust itself, which means to be scooped out by wheels and scattered over the roadway. That is experience in all towns where intelligence is not employed. The skilled roadmaker will never treat a depression in that way, especially in macadam. He will break up the depression, loosen all its parts, then put in the repair material and puddle and tamp it all down until there is union of the new and old. The result is that the original surface is practically restored, and a repair made that is as good as the roadway was in the first place. In this city as in Oakland we had the same experience, and have it yet, but we are discovering that which they will find out in Oakland that it is cheapest to put competency at street work, that it is dearest to intrust it to every man who claims to "know how." After suffering under incompetency, says the Enquirer, an engineer was placed in charge of the streets, and repairs went on much better until the tax levy was cut down, and repairing came to a standstill for a long time, and now Oakland is suffering from neglected streets. The outcome will prove that the costliest thing the city could do it did do, namely, neglect its streets. The only way to conserve street economy is to make repairs immediately on sign of the slightest degeneracy of the street surface appearing. Such a policy costs far less than to permit the streets to get into a condition of decay, so to speak. It is money in the pockets of taxpayers in every case to be so prepared that a defect, or any serious wear in a roadway, can be repaired at once. At the close of a year of such policy there will be more money left in the street fund, than if wear is neglected and repairs made only at odd times. Road engineering has settled on this policy as one that cannot be downed, and why all cities do not adopt it is surprising.

A San Francisco paper has done a distinct service to justice by printing a complete list of all the capital cases appealed to the Supreme Court of California and heard by that body in the present decade to date. It is shown that there have been eighteen such appeals, and that in every case but one the judgment of the lower court has been affirmed. In the one case reversed a second trial was granted, the defendant was again convicted and died a convict. This showing completely disposes of the snarling cry and charge that the appellate court of the State is an open door for the escape of murderers. So persistently has this charge been made by the sensational and the unthinking press that a very large number of the people have come to believe that an appeal to the Supreme Court is equivalent to a miscarriage of justice in capital cases. So prevalent has become this belief that there has been serious debate in some quarters as to the advisability of abolishing appeals in such cases. See, now, how the truth puts error to flight.

NOTE AND COMMENT.

A small paper issued by High School scholars in this city contains an item saying that the introduction of type setting machines in this city throws out of employment thirty-five workers. It is added: "Of course the making of these wonderful pieces of mechanism gives employment to great numbers of other men, but it would have been better for the general public had such a thing never been invented." It is greatly to be regretted that such erroneous impressions and such false ideas should obtain among people, young or old. The statement of displacement quoted is wholly inaccurate, and proves that these young people accepted without inquiry or investigation what some prejudiced intelligence has averred. As to the conclusions reached they are amusing and absurd in the light of the common knowledge of mankind, the history of civilization, the development of the mechanic arts and the progress of mankind. If there was in the conclusion any warrant of truth, it could be drawn with equal propriety as to every art, manufacture, device, invention, discovery and aid; every advance in chemistry, electricity, science, letters, art, education, preventive medicine and civilization. It would blot out of consideration the millions upon millions of industrial workers in vocations not known before the era of machinery, and without which they would not be industrials. For the fact is that there has never been any real displacement, but that machinery under inventive genius and scientific research and discoveries has enlarged opportunities, multiplied ten thousand fold the industries of the world, lifted up to better conditions, broadened leisure, enhanced comforts, bettered conditions, enlarged intelligence, advanced education, conserved freedom, promoted liberty and made many things common comforts for all that not so very long ago were rare luxuries for even the very rich. If high school education gives its pupils no broader horizon and enlarged view than the near-sighted present, no better view of history and civilization and the betterment of mankind than the quoted extract would indicate, "it would have been better for the public had such a thing never have been invented."

The new administration in city government that is to take hold of public affairs in less than seven weeks from this time will conserve public interest and its own glory by making competency, experience, skill and knowledge of duties to be discharged the first essential in all appointive offices. The election is over, the friction of the campaign has ceased, the disturbed waters are calmed, and everybody, irrespective of party or partisanship, wants to see Sacramento bettered by Mayor Hubbard's administration being made just as highly successful as is possible. He is no friend of the city or its people who throws a single obstacle in the way of the new administration. This is a case in which the people having decided upon their administrators, every true friend of the people will put forth his best energies to render the new administration of all public affairs the best that is possible. The people's choice is entitled to this assistance, trust and encouragement. Sacramento interests demand it, and we believe will have it.

The Durrant case having collapsed as a sensation, the Brady case being nearly ended and the Kovalev case not panning out sensationally, the hysterical press is driven to the poor recourse of booming Mrs. Mooney, Lady Douglas and the husband she married, and at the same time giving the shrewd theatrical managers who are exibiting the young woman the best kind of free advertising. How sickening and silly it all is, to be sure.

EVERYBODY'S COLUMN.

Correspondence of Interest to the General Public.

Under this heading the Record-Union will publish short letters from correspondents on topics of interest to the general public. The matter in these communications will be understood to represent only the views of the writers. All communications must be accompanied by the name of the writer, not for publication unless so desired, but as a guarantee of good faith.—Eds.

Seeing Sutter's Fort.

Eds. Record-Union: The other day when a lady friend and I were coming home from Sacramento in our own conveyance it occurred to us to drive by the way of Sutter's Fort, and take a look through the famous old structure since its restoration by the Native Sons.

When we reached the fort we found the front gate open; but the main building was closed, and there was no person around the premises. So, after seeing what we could from an outside view and waiting sometime for the person in charge of the old fort to appear, disappointed we continued on our way home.

It is a great disappointment to people and especially strangers to go there and then find no person to show them the relics and the different things there left for the public to view.

Is there no remedy for this matter?

M.

MEDALS FOR CALIFORNIA.

More Silver Medals Than Any Other Three States.

In a private letter Mr. Filcher, manager of California's exhibit at Atlanta, says:

Since coming here I have been very busy, and have worked more hours per day, if not harder, than ever before in my life. We have a fine exhibit, though—the best on the ground—and I am convinced that our effort is going to redound greatly to the benefit of California. The praises heaped on our State by the constant throngs who pass through our space is calculated to do one's soul good. This country had but a vague idea of California, but through our magnificent display they are receiving impressions that put us in the most favorable light.

They have boasted and believed in the "Sunny South" all their lives, but in the presence of the California exhibit they frankly admit that ours must be the Eden of earth. We have carried away more silver medals than any other three States combined, and the committees that can give nothing higher than silver medals have recommended to the Board of Higher Awards that California be given a gold medal "for the best, most varied and most artistic State exhibit."—Placer Herald.

Another Deputy Suit.

Suit has been commenced against P. H. McGrath for the return of $400 received by him as salary for services as Deputy Assessor for four months under R. C. Irvine, and for 20 per cent. damages.

SENSELESS CHATTER.

That is What a Marysville Paper Calls It.

(From the Marysville Democrat.)

The Sacramento Bee keeps up a senseless chatter relative to the law for the protection of game in this State. Its utterances are so absurd that they are really not worthy of notice, as they disregard truth, history and justice. It would have its readers believe that the law deprives the people of all the rights of citizenship simply because a few market hunters are prohibited to sell game between October 15th and November 15th. All persons are on an equality in the right to kill quail and duck between the 15th of October and the 15th of February, the only restriction being in the sale. And because of the failure of a jury to convict a person who openly violated the law the Bee declares that these twelve men who violated an oath did right.

The main provisions of the laws for the protection of fish and game have been violated hundreds of times during the past twenty years and in more than fifty cases of prosecution with positive proof before them the same result, failure to convict, has been recorded. And in nearly every instance the violators were either market hunters or men fishing for market men and canners. This writer has prosecuted more than twenty cases and has seen juries refuse to convict where the violation of the law was admitted. Therefore it is not because of the present law that market men and market hunters refuse to obey. They have violated the provisions of every statute for the protection of fish and game since 1866 to our personal knowledge, and they always found newspapers to defend, right or wrong.

The present law which the Bee denounces as iniquitous is simply a copy of the existing statute in force in fourteen States, and some of them have been in force more than twenty years. In Ohio the sale of certain kinds of game is prohibited entirely, though all persons may kill them, except on Sunday, which hunting is prohibited at all times. In Illinois killing of small game is permitted between October 1st and February 1st, yet the sale is entirely prohibited. In Maine and Massachusetts the open season extends over a period of four months, yet the sale is prohibited. Even the Supervisors of El Dorado County have passed an ordinance prohibiting the killing of quail for market at any time, but every person can hunt them as provided in the general law.

The fact is the Bee has said many absurd things of the game law and has plainly shown that it does not know if what is says is true or not, nor does it appear to care so it serves the market hunters. But as a public journal it ought to have the independence and manliness to stand for the right, the enforcement of the laws.

IN THE EARLY FIFTIES.

General Sutter and the Inauguration of Governor J. B. Weller.

Charles Pettit, the well-known pioneer, who has contributed many interesting sketches of early days to the Record-Union, writes as follows:

"As stated some time ago in an account of my trip across the plains in 1850, as published in the Record-Union, I arrived at Hangtown (now Placerville) six weeks before California was admitted into the Union. I went thence directly to Sutter's sawmill at Coloma, which was still standing, but abandoned and silent amid the debris of a worked-out mining claim—a striking monument to the sudden and wonderful change in affairs which the discovery of gold had wrought.

"The mill-race where Marshall first picked up the shining particles of gold was also entirely mined out, and nothing remained to mark the historic spot.

"During the early fifties General Sutter was a familiar figure upon the streets and in public places in the city, he being of a genial nature and was known and honored by everybody. Along in December, 1857, a few of the settlers on the Sutter grant conceived the idea of presenting to the old frontiersman a little New Year gift.

"Accordingly on the morning of January 8th, following the day upon which John B. Weller was to be inaugurated Governor, the presentation of a purse containing $600 in gold coin was made, which pleased Sutter greatly. So quietly was the affair managed that it never got into print, and was known only to those who were directly interested.

"To add still further to his pleasure on that day (January 8, 1858), General Sutter, clad in the full military uniform of his rank, and in command of a detachment of United States cavalry, rode at the head of the procession that escorted the Governor-elect through the principal streets of the city to the Capitol, which at that time was the present Courthouse, on I street, where the inauguration ceremonies were held.

"General Sutter made a fine appearance on horseback, and seemed every inch a commander and a soldier."

Dr. Siegert's Angostura Bitters, a pure vegetable tonic, makes health and health makes bright, rosy cheeks and happiness.

LAME BACK

Weak Kidneys, Lumbago, Rheumatism and Sciatica Are Cured by

A strong current of electricity is felt by the wearer every moment this belt is on the body.

It can be regulated by a new patent regulator so as to make it as strong or mild as you want it.

THE DULL, ACHING, TIRED FEELING THAT comes after standing long on the feet, the sharp pains which shoot along the spine and the weakness in the loins are evidences of relaxed, weak muscles, which can be contracted and vigorous strength given them by

Dr. Sanden's Electric Belt

It conveys a steady, soothing current of electricity into the weakened muscles, giving them a healthy nerve power, which revives them. It makes them strong. It is curing hundreds every month. See what this man says:

Martin, Wash., August 11, 1895.

Dr. A. Sanden—Dear Sir: Yours of the 9th at hand. In reply I will say that when I got your Belt my back was in a fearful shape. I was so bad that I could not stand up in the morning to dress myself. I had not worn the Belt a week when I began to change, and I am now entirely cured and do not need the Belt any more. It has done me more good than pen can tell, and I feel doubly paid for the cost. Yours respectfully,

C. W. MURRAY,
Conductor N. P. R. R.

IT CURES LAME BACK

In from two to eight weeks. If you suffer try it. It will save you many doctors' bills. Book, with full information, free. Address

SANDEN ELECTRIC CO.,
630 Market Street, Opposite Palace Hotel, San Francisco, Cal.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Vehicles—Baker & Hamilton—Hardware, Carts, Buggies, Carriages, Phaetons, Bain Farm and Header Wagons, Wholesale Hardware. Send for catalogue.

MILLER BROS., 1116 J street, carry a full line of oil heaters.

T. B. REID, dentist, Masonic Temple, Sixth and K streets. Office hours 9 to 5.

HODSON'S Ground Floor Gallery, 813 K.

A CHOICE collection of Holland bulbs, hyacinth, tulip, narcissus, etc., at the Bell Conservatory, Tenth and Y streets.

TRY Figg's Medicated Sea Salt. Also, Hay, Feed and Grain. 1119 Fourth street. New Telephone, 494.

NEW TO-DAY.

DATE TAKEN.

YOUNG LADIES' INSTITUTE, NO. 17, will give a Leap Year Party at Turner Hall, WEDNESDAY EVENING, January 29, 1896. 1t*

Now Is the Time

To buy newly SUGAR-CURED HAMS AND BACON.

Our LARD is unequaled, is fresh and pure, and made from grain-fed hogs.

MOHR & YOERK PACKING COMPANY,
1024 and 1026 J Street.

The Latest and Best of the Cyclopedias.

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For the latest and best of these last upon easy terms, and for all information concerning it apply to

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Pivier's Celebrated Poudre de Velours.

One of the latest Parisian novelties for the complexion, imparting to the skin a delicate, refreshing, youthlike appearance.

C. J. PETERS,
ODD FELLOWS' BUILDING,
901 K STREET. [WS] Telephone 333.

SACRAMENTO WOOD AND COAL YARD.

ALL KINDS OF WOOD, COAL, COKE Charcoal and Kindling, Grain and Mill Feed, Barley and Oats crushed to order. STEAM CARPET CLEANING AND RENOVATING WORKS. An entire new machine. No rips, no tears. CAPT. A. MENDIS, Proprietor, 1513-1515 Front street. Telephone 257.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES
—OF—
Watches, Jewelry and Diamonds,
—AT—
HOTFILTER'S CLEARANCE SALE,
808 J Street.

BLOOD POISON A SPECIALTY Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO. 307 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

Woman's Realm.

MAKE THE HOME A BLESSING.

The Love of Children is Innate in the Heart of every True Man and Woman.

All that is beautiful and lovely in woman, finds its climax in motherhood. How often we find among our American women that longing for the prattling voice, the idol of their waiting hearts. It is a natural instinct, this yearning of the heart for offspring; yet the wife hesitates to talk with the family physician on this delicate subject. A good way to do is to send for a medical book on "Woman and Her Diseases," (168 pages) sent, *sealed* in a *plain envelope*, on receipt of 10 cents in stamps, for postage, if you address the World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

The reflections of a married woman are not pleasant if she be delicate, rundown, or debilitated. She feels "played out." Her smile and her good spirits have taken flight. It worries her husband as well as herself.

This is the time to build up her strength and cure those weaknesses or ailments which are the cause of her trouble. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription regulates and promotes all the proper functions of womanhood, improves digestion, enriches the blood, dispels aches and pains, melancholy and nervousness, brings refreshing sleep, and restores perfect health and strength.

It's a safe remedial agent, an invigorating tonic and nervine which cures all those disorders, weaknesses and derangements incident to womanhood.

HUMPHREYS' VETERINARY SPECIFICS
For Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs, AND POULTRY.
500 Page Book on Treatment of Animals and Chart Sent Free.
A.A.—Fevers, Congestions, Inflammation (Spinal Meningitis, Milk Fever.
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E.E.—Coughs, Heaves, Pneumonia.
F.F.—Colic or Gripes, Bellyache.
G.G.—Miscarriage, Hemorrhages.
H.H.—Urinary and Kidney Diseases.
I.I.—Eruptive Diseases, Mange.
J.K.—Diseases of Digestion, Paralysis.
Single Bottle (over 50 doses), - - .60
Stable Case, with Specifics, Manual, Veterinary Cure Oil and Medicator, $7.00
Jar Veterinary Cure Oil, - - 1.00
Sold by Druggists, or sent prepaid anywhere and in any quantity on receipt of price.
HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. 28
In use 30 years. The only successful remedy for Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness, and Prostration, from over-work or other causes. $1 per vial, or 5 vials and large vial powder, for $5. Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price.
HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

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ORDERS FROM THE COUNTRY PROMPTLY FILLED

JOHN BREUNER.

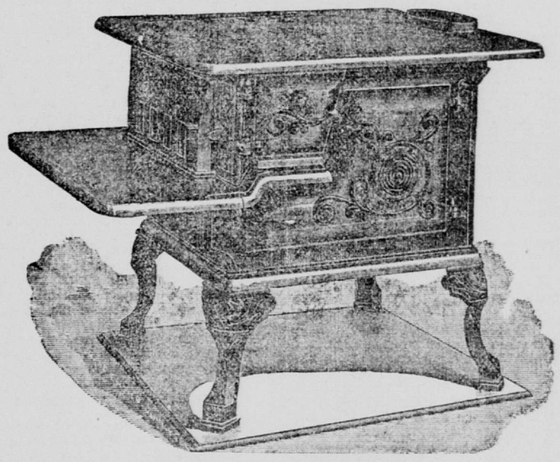
Handsome tapestry parlor suit with silk plush trimming. Separate pieces quoted as follows: Sofa, $10 50; Arm Chair, $5; Patent Rocker, $7; Divan, $7 50; Reception Chair, $2 50.

If you want to go higher in price we can accommodate you, giving you full value for every $1 received.

John Breuner
604-606-608 K ST., SACRAMENTO

L. L. LEWIS & CO.

$7 00.



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$3 50.

Here we are again selling nice Parlor Stoves at $3 50. Now don't wait if in want of a stove.

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CLUNIE OPERA HOUSE.
J. H. TODD.....Manager
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The ELDRIDGE-HALLETT STOCK COMPANY in Fred Marsden's Amusing Comedy,
MUMBUG.
Popular Prices—10c, 20c and 30c.

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UNDERTAKING PARLORS 905-907 K street, Odd Fellows' Temple. Embalming a specialty.

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EMBALMING A SPECIALTY. OFFICE open day and night. Telephone No. 305.

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WE HAVE A HEAVY-WEIGHT NO. 1 quality Mountain Butter for

40c a Roll.

TRY IT. TRY IT.

KILGORE & TRACY,
CASH GROCERS,
N. E. Corner Eighth and J Sts., Sacramento.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

BIDS FOR BUILDING FENCES ON THE Y-street levee, from Ninth street west to the Sacramento River, will be received at the office of the undersigned until 5 o'clock p. m. MONDAY, November 18, 1895. Specifications for the construction of the fences can be seen at this office. Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check, payable to the City Clerk, for a sum equal to 10 per cent. of the amount of the bid.

n8-td O. S. FLINT, City Clerk.

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GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,
HAY, FEED AND GRAIN.
TRY OUR CUP AND SAUCER COFFEE and Banner Powder. Goods delivered free.
1428 and 1430 Second Street.

FOR FIRST-CLASS GOODS
At Reasonable Prices Call on
TOM SCOTT, The Plumber,
303 J STREET.

EVERYBODY IS INVITED TO CALL
And see my fine stock of
CHRYSANTHEMUMS.
HERMAN SCHWARZ,
Twenty-fifth and O streets.

SEND THE WEEKLY UNION TO YOUR friends in the East.

MISS L. SCHUBERT,
Art Needlework and Christmas Novelties,
1014 EIGHTH STREET.
HAVING SECURED THE SERVICES OF first-class embroiderers, I am ready for any amount of Christmas work. Prices to suit the times.

AUCTIONS.

FOR SALE AT AUCTION.

BELL & CO. WILL SELL FOR THE Board of Education at 3 p. m. SATURDAY, November 16th, the picket fence surrounding the schoolhouse at Twenty-first and L streets. Purchaser to remove same at once. Also will sell the fence removed from the schoolhouse at Twenty-fourth and N. Said fence is now piled up in the yard of schoolhouse at Twenty-first and L.

E. A. CROUCH,
n13-td Chairman B. and R. Committee.

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