

NATIONAL FINANCES.

Silver Members of the Senate Committee Carry Their Point.

Will Report a Free Coinage Measure to the Upper House.

Cuban Insurgents Marching on to Victory—A Rumor, Though Uncorroborated, That Gomez and His Followers Have Attacked and Captured Havana, the Principal City of the Island.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—The Senate Committee on Finance went into session this afternoon at 1:30 o'clock. Before that time the silver members of the committee were in conference in the room of Senator Harris and agreed upon the text of the bill they proposed to submit to the full committee. This bill was laid before the full committee, and provided for the free and unlimited coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1, the coinage of the seigniorage in the treasury and the application of that coinage to the payment of the current and other obligations of the treasury.

A clause is also inserted that directs the Secretary of the Treasury, in redeeming both treasury notes and greenbacks, to use his option in redeeming them in either in gold or silver, and not take the option of the holder.

This bill was agreed to by the solid vote of the silver men, and the report will be made to the Senate to-morrow. After this had been accomplished, a recess was taken for thirty minutes, and the Democrats again went into conference, presumably on the tariff bill, which is to be taken up next.

The bill also provides for the retirement of all National bank notes of denominations of less than \$10 and the substitution therefor of silver certificates, the bank notes to be replaced by notes of denominations above \$10.

FEELING OF RELIEF.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—A feeling of relief is experienced in political and financial circles over the fact that the Administration has at last announced its position on selling bonds. The tension of the past ten days has been extreme.

The present bond proposition differs from all the other three that have gone before it, in that it is alternative in character. It opens the way for the acceptance of the bonds on terms prescribed by Congress, should Congress see fit to act before February 5th. Under the clause reserving the power to reject any or all bids, the Administration can sit out from the proposals, should Congress act before February 5th, whatever bids may be considered most favorable to the Government, and should Congress not act, then under the Administration's popular loan proposition, those propositions most favorable can also be accepted and those not can be rejected.

Thus, while inviting proposals for \$100,000,000 four-per-cent. thirty-year bonds, less than that amount may be accepted should the terms proposed be considered unfavorable.

The bonds sold to the Morgan-Belmont syndicate are now bringing in the open market 115 and over. The public is now given an opportunity to determine the disputed proposition whether a popular loan at present market prices can be floated by the United States within the United States. So far during this Administration three bond issues have been made, aggregating \$162,315,400, for which \$182,000,000 in gold was received.

On March 1, 1893, the public debt in the United States, including certificates and treasury notes, aggregated \$1,565,110,098, and on January 1, 1895, the public debt, including certificates and treasury notes, aggregated \$1,632,349,135, or an increase of \$128,239,037. On March 1, 1895, the general cash balance of the treasury was \$124,000,000, of which \$100,000,000 was in gold, and on January 1, 1896, the general treasury balance was \$178,000,000, of which \$63,000,000 was in gold. Since July 1, 1892, and up to January 1, 1896, three and a half years, the expenditures of the Government have exceeded the receipts in round numbers by \$127,000,000.

Following is the substitute offered by Senator Voorhees:

Section 1. From and after the passage of this Act the mints of the United States shall be open to the coinage of silver, and there shall be coined dollars of the weight of 412½ grains Troy, of standard silver nine-tenths fine, as provided by the Act of January 18, 1837, and upon the same terms and subject to the same limitations and provisions of law relating to the coinage and legal tender quality of gold, and whenever the said coins herein provided shall be received into the treasury certificates may be issued therefor in the manner provided by law.

Section 2. That the Secretary of the Treasury shall coin standard silver dollars as soon as practicable according to the provisions of Section 1 of this Act from the silver bullion purchased under the authority of the Act of July 14, 1890, entitled "An Act directing the purchase of silver bullion and the issue of treasury notes thereon and for other purposes." That portion of said silver bullion which represents the seigniorage or profit to the Government to wit, the difference between the cost of the silver purchased under said Act and its coined value and said silver dollars so coined shall be used in the payment of the current expenses of the Government, and for the purpose of making said seigniorage immediately available for use as money the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and directed to issue silver certificates against it, as if it were already coined and in the treasury.

Section 3. That no national bank note shall be hereafter issued of a denomination less than \$10, and that all notes of such banks outstanding of denominations less than that sum shall be, as rapidly as practicable, taken up, redeemed and cancelled, and notes of \$10 and larger denominations shall be issued in their stead under direction of the Comptroller of the Currency.

Section 4. The Secretary of the Treasury shall redeem the United States notes, commonly called greenbacks, and also the treasury notes issued under the provisions of the Act of July 14, 1890, when presented for redemption, in standard silver dollars or

in gold coin, using for redemption of said notes either gold or silver coin, or both, not at the option of the holder, but exclusively at the option of the Treasury Department, and the notes commonly called greenbacks when so redeemed shall be reissued as provided by the Act of May 31, 1878.

This measure was agreed upon at a conference of the silver men of this committee this morning, all the silver men being Democrats but Mr. Jones of Nevada. Immediately upon the reassembling of the full committee this bill was presented and a vote called for. There was no debate. The bill was read, and, by a vote of 8 to 5, a favorable report was ordered to be made. The report will be made to the Senate to-morrow by Mr. Jones of Arkansas. Whether there will be protracted debate remains to be seen. The result can be easily foretold. The majority in the Senate in favor of free coinage is at least ten, and it may reach a dozen.

THE CUBAN REVOLT.

Insurgents Continue in Their Victories Against Spanish Troops.

HAVANA, Jan. 6.—The stations of the Villa Nueva Railroad at Melena and Guara, a few miles to the westward of Guinos, in this Province, have been destroyed by the rebels. The insurgents then marched on the town of San Felipe, at the junction of the Batabano and Villa Nueva Railroads. The Mayor of the town was warned of their approach, and gathered 200 men, whom he commanded to defend the town. Maximino Gomez, the rebel leader, sent word to the Mayor that if the insurgents were fired upon he would burn the town to the ground. The inhabitants begged the Mayor to make no resistance, as they did not want to lose their property, and the Mayor acceded to their wishes and notified Gomez that no defense of the town would be made. The latter, at the head of 4,000 men, then entered San Felipe. No damage was done to property.

In the zone of Hivivich, Duran and San Felipe the rebels have destroyed the sugar estates of Salvador, Julia, San Augustin, Mercedesita, Santa Teresa, Mora and Mi Rosa.

A number of families fleeing from the rebels at Melra have arrived at Jesus Del Monte, a suburb of Havana.

The Government column, under command of General Suarez Valdez, arrived last evening at Regala, a small town situated a short way from Havana.

A train on the Villa Nueva road which arrived here at 9 o'clock last night brought a number of families from San Felipe, Bejucal, Duran, Melena and Juara, who are seeking safety under the guns of Havana. The train also brought a detachment of troops from the Barrio estate at Duran. Passengers from Melena state that the rebels entered that town and made an attack on the church establishment. The Mayor tried to oppose them and was killed.

A petard was exploded in front of the La Corina cigar factory in this city. The explosion caused much excitement in the vicinity, but no harm was done. An iron bomb was also exploded near Alvarez. A house was damaged and a large hole was made in the ground.

BATAVONA (Cuba), Jan. 6.—There is an uncorroborated report that the insurgents have captured Havana.

GOLD AND SILVER.

Approximate Estimation of the Output of the Past Year.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—R. E. Preston, Director of the Mint, has received an approximate estimation of the gold and silver product of the United States in 1895 from the mint officers and other agents employed to collect these statistics. The value of the gold and the number of fine ounces of silver produced by the several States and Territories is estimated to have been \$52,614,000 in gold and 51,000,000 ounces in silver.

The Director of the Mint is of the opinion that the estimates of the gold product of Oregon and that of Montana and South Dakota are excessive, and that when the final figures are compiled the production of gold by the mines of the United States in 1895 will be found to have been from \$46,000,000 to \$47,000,000, and the silver product about 46,000,000 fine ounces.

Republicans Approve Carlisle's Action.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—Republican members of the Senate Finance Committee look upon the bond call of Secretary Carlisle as carefully drawn and capable of covering every contingency. While they will not permit themselves to be quoted, they say that the call bears upon its face an evidence of the desire of the treasury to be fair in the matter, and place the loan in the usual manner. The public notice thus given is pleasing to those who were opponents of the arrangement that was alleged to be under way with the New York syndicate.

Oakland Water Front Case.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—In the case of the State of California vs. the Southern Pacific Railroad Company, in the Supreme Court of the United States today, involving the title to the water front of the city of Oakland, which was heard at the last term of the court, a motion was made to retax the costs, assessed at some thing over \$7,000. The case came to no conclusion in the Supreme Court of the United States, the parties being relegated to the State courts for preliminary action.

Ingalls Dropped From the Rolls.

LEAVENWORTH (Kas.), Jan. 6.—Ex-United States Senator John J. Ingalls of Atchison was dropped from the roll of membership of the Military Order of Loyal Legion of Kansas held in this city. The ex-Senator desired elevation from the third to the first rank, but only ex-commissioned officers are admitted to the rank. Correspondence followed, and a strained situation resulted.

No Corner in Gold.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—J. Pierpont Morgan, the head of the bond syndicate, said this afternoon: "I am not prepared to say what course the syndicate will pursue. There is thirty days in which to think over the matter. No one has yet withdrawn from the syndicate. I do not see why people who desire to bid for bonds should not be able to get hold. The syndicate has no corner in it."

Southern Pacific Earnings.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—The Southern Pacific system earned gross for November \$4,924,466, a decrease of \$137,567, and net of \$1,945,083, decrease \$137,129, and for eleven months to November 30th, gross of \$47,884,501, increase \$1,515,994, and net \$15,923,075, increase \$3,996.

EXPLOSION OF AN OIL TANK.

One Man Instantly Killed and Three Others Badly Injured.

Seven People Have a Miraculous Escape From Death.

Without Warning a Big Naphtha Tank Explodes, Scattering Oil and Debris in Every Direction—The Machinery in the Room Shattered to Fragments—Fire Follows the Explosion, But Does Little Damage.

BROOKLYN, Jan. 6.—One man was instantly killed and three badly injured in an explosion which occurred this afternoon in an oil tank in the factory of the United States and Canada Decreasing Company. Seven men working in the immediate vicinity of the tank had a miraculous escape from death. Without a warning the big naphtha tank exploded, scattering oil and debris in every direction.

The list of killed and injured are as follows: An unknown man, burned beyond recognition; William Miller, badly burned by boiling oil; George Miller, scalp and face wounds; Alfred Parker, forearm, severe scalp wounds and shock. The injured will recover. As a result of the explosion the building was set on fire, but the flames were confined to the section of the building where the explosion occurred. The machinery in the room was shattered to fragments. The total loss to machinery and building was \$6,000.

ASSOCIATE JUSTICE PECKHAM.

The New Member of the Supreme Court, Inducted into Office.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—The induction into office of a new member of the Supreme Court of the United States is an event rarely occurring in Washington, and attracted a crowd that more than taxed the capacity of the small chamber in which it took place.

To-day, when Hon. Rufus W. Peckham of New York, the new Associate Justice, took his seat on the bench, the restricted families occupied some time before the hour of noon, at which time the court meets. There were present within the bar, beside a full representation of the Department of Justice, headed by Attorney-General Harmon and a large attendance of the bar, Yang Yu, the Chinese Minister, accompanied by his secretary and interpreter. The costumes were the only relief to the prevailing dull gray-black of the color scene within the rail. The seats reserved for the families of the Justices were filled with the ladies of their households, Mrs. Peckham being among them.

Shortly before noon Mr. Peckham reached the Capitol, and proceeded at once to the reading-room of the Justices, where he joined his new associates, all of whom he had previously met. Donning his robe, made by Mrs. Stringer, the court costumer, from a magnificent swan of American silk, the statutory oath was administered to the new Justice by Chief Justice Fuller.

Promptly at 12 o'clock the impressive procession of the members of the court, led by the Marshal and headed by the Chief Justice, appeared in the courtroom, and the audience rose to its feet, remaining standing until the members of the court were seated. Mr. Peckham took a seat just below the bench, alongside the Clerk, J. H. McKenney.

Order being restored, Chief Justice Fuller said: "It gives me pleasure to announce to the gentlemen of the bar that Rufus W. Peckham, a citizen of the State of New York, has been appointed to a seat on this bench. Mr. Peckham is present and prepared to take the oath after his commission, which will be entered on the records of the court, has been read by the Clerk."

Mr. McKenney read the commission, and took a copy of the oath in his firm, fine tone. During this the court and audience were standing, and remained so until Justice Peckham had taken his seat at the extreme left of the bench, next to Justice Shiras, until now occupied by Justice White. As he stepped on the platform Justice Shiras welcomed him with a hand-shake, and all the members with a formal bow. Returning this, Mr. Peckham dropped into the luxurious arm chair provided, and the ceremony was over.

IN SOUTH AFRICA.

British Troops Now Rushing Into Capetown.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—A special cable dispatch to the "Evening Sun" from London says: The news from the Transvaal Republic, which the British Foreign Office has been suppressing, turns out to be of the most sensational description. The London Consul of the Transvaal Republic is authority for the statement that he has received a private dispatch from Johannesburg, announcing that Dr. Jameson has been rescued by the Uitlanders. The presumption is that a rising has occurred, and that the Boers who had the custody of Jameson and his men have been overwhelmed.

The same dispatch also states that the British Government is rushing troops to Cape Town. Twelve hundred soldiers left Bombay yesterday, and more are to follow.

LONDON, Jan. 6.—Frequent and prolonged conferences have taken place throughout the day among Joseph Chamberlain, Secretary of State for the Colonies, G. J. Goschen, First Lord of the Admiralty, and the heads of the War and Admiralty Departments. General Lord Wolseley, Commander-in-Chief of the British forces, and the entire headquarters staff, bustled themselves at the Horse Guards until a late hour to-night.

The Colonial Office has heard nothing of the alleged rising of the Uitlanders against President Kruger of the Transvaal Republic, nor have the authorities of that office received any information that Dr. Jameson has been rescued by the Uitlanders. Both reports are discredited by the colonial authorities.

In regard to the report that the British Government is rushing troops into Cape Colony, and the story that 1,200 soldiers left Bombay yesterday and more are to follow, it is learned at the War Office that no troops have been specially ordered to the Cape. The only

transport ship conveying troops from Bombay is the steamer Victoria, which is bringing 1,200 soldiers home from that place. The Victoria was ordered to call at Cape Town on her way home to learn if the men she has on board would be needed in Ashantee. The report that troops were being sent from Bombay to the Cape undoubtedly originated in a misconception of the destination of the men on board the Victoria.

PLOTTERS UNDER ARREST.

Had Planned to Kill the Man Who Was Their Benefactor.

CHICAGO, Jan. 6.—W. J. Weber and Gus Weber, brothers, were arrested this afternoon, charged with plotting to kill E. V. Hamlin, Secretary of the Miller Steel Type Company. Hamlin has been absent for a month or so, resting in Florida for his health, and during his absence Weber has filled his place. The Secretary has just returned to the city, and it is alleged that Weber planned to kill him so that he could retain his job.

Weber was picked up from the street by Hamlin twenty years ago, and was educated by the latter and supported until he reached manhood. His brother Gus is a tough about town, and has been in the Bridewell several times. According to police report, Gus this afternoon confessed that W. J. Weber offered to pay him to put Hamlin out of the way, and he accepted the job. Gus took with him as a partner in the prospective murder another tough named Dick Maloney, and the two were fitted up with new clothes and weapons by the man who wanted his benefactor killed.

Yesterday evening the two would-be murderers boarded a West Side car upon which was riding E. V. Hamlin, the intended victim. Mr. Hamlin left the car at Laflin street to go home. It is a dark neighborhood, and it was planned to kill the old man before he reached his own house, but Maloney weakened, and Weber, not wishing to do the job alone, postponed it to get another partner. A few words overheard spoken between them led to an investigation.

Both Webers are locked up, and Maloney is held as a witness. Hamlin is reluctant to believe the man he raised from boyhood has plotted his destruction.

CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE.

W. T. Baker Again Elected as Its President.

CHICAGO, Jan. 6.—The annual Board of Trade election to-day resulted in another triumph for President William T. Baker, he being elected for a fourth term by a majority of 215 votes in a total cast of 1,357. His opponent, Thomas A. Wright, was classed as the friend of the elevator interests, and although his ticket was headed "Anti-Bucket Shop," the conservative element on the board was opposed to him. The contest was the most exciting known to veteran traders. It brought to the floor to cast their ballots millionaires that are rarely seen there, Marshall Field and three of the Armour family.

Fatal Fire in Pennsylvania.

ATLANTA (Penn.), Jan. 5.—The Central Hotel, a six-story brick and the three-story brick building owned by George Striever, occupying half a block on Eleventh avenue were destroyed by fire early this morning. Five men were caught before a falling wall. Frank Hausman was instantly killed and William Wareham seriously injured. The other three escaped with cuts. Monetary loss about \$140,000. The fire originated in the hotel cellar, and spread rapidly, some of the guests escaping in their night clothes, and others being rescued by firemen. Several parties who had registered are missing, but it is thought that they left the city on early trains.

EVENTS ON THE TURF.

Results of Yesterday's Races on the Bay District Track.

Nose-and-Nose Finish Between Logan and Yo El Rey, the Former Winning.

FATAL FIRE IN UTAH.

Number of Buildings Burned at Mercur—One Life Lost.

SALT LAKE CITY, Jan. 6.—About 11:30 to-night a fire broke out in the mining camp of Mercur, about sixty-five miles south of this city, which for a time threatened to sweep out the entire camp. As it was a number of buildings were destroyed and the damage is estimated at \$12,000, with little or no insurance.

One man named Barnard, barkeeper at the Lewis Hotel, is supposed to have perished in the flames, which destroyed the hotel. The fire is pretty well under control, but not fully extinguished.

The Pension Led to His Death.

SAN JOSE, Jan. 6.—Nathan Strickland, an old soldier, was found dead in his bed in the New York Exchange Hotel last night. About three weeks ago he secured a pension of \$6 per month, and \$148 back pay. This so pleased him that he took to drink, and has been on a debauch ever since. The deceased had served in Battery I, Second United States Artillery. An autopsy showed that death resulted from heart disease.

Charged With Assault to Murder.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 6.—Thomas Mooney, a brother-in-law of Lord Sholto Douglas, stabbed Peter Kearney during a saloon brawl on New Year's night. He made his escape, but surrendered to-day, and was charged with assault to murder.

THE ICE PALACE.

Truckee Carnival Inaugurated on Sunday Night.

The great Truckee Ice Carnival has begun, having been inaugurated Sunday night with a brass band and appropriate ceremonies.

THE FORTY-FIFTH STATE.

Yesterday Was a General Holiday in the Erstwhile Mormon Territory.

Officers Were Inaugurated and the Legislature Opened.

A Number of Buildings Destroyed by Fire at Mercur, Utah, and One Life Lost During the Conflagration—A Request Issued to Judges of Criminal Courts by the State Prison Directors to Folsom and Hardened Criminals to San Quentin.

SALT LAKE CITY (Utah), Jan. 6.—With solemn and impressive exercises the first State officers of Utah were formally inaugurated to-day. Business of all kinds is generally suspended, the public schools and other municipal departments are closed and the city is gayly decorated. Trains from all parts of the State last night and this morning brought thousands of men and women.

The exercises began at noon in the vast Mormon Tabernacle, the doors of which had been thrown open four hours earlier, and which was crowded every part long before the hour appointed. The inaugural prayer was offered by President Woodruff of the Mormon Church, after which the oath was administered to the State officers-elect by Chief Justice Merritt.

Governor Wells then delivered his inaugural address and the closing benediction was pronounced by Rev. Dr. T. C. Hill of the Methodist Church. Between each number on the programme appropriate music was rendered by a choir of 1,000 voices.

The first Legislature of the new State assembled this afternoon. To-night an inauguration ball will be given at the Salt Lake Theater, under the auspices of the Utah National Guard. Celebrations are being held in several other cities of the State this afternoon.

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NAVAJO INDIANS.

An Uprising Near Flagstaff, Arizona—Whites in Danger.

ALBUQUERQUE (N. M.), Jan. 6.—Intelligence of an uprising of Navajo Indians near Flagstaff, Ariz., reached here to-day. The news was brought to Flagstaff, a small town on the Atlantic and Pacific, by a cowboy, who said the Indians had revolted against the whites, and that a band of twenty-five of the redskins had a gang of cowboys corralled at a trading-post forty-five miles east of the town. He believed if assistance was not sent at once the whites would be massacred. Sheriff Cameron at once organized a posse and left Flagstaff for the scene of the trouble. No word is expected from him until to-morrow. The Indians claim the cowboys have been stealing their ponies and disposing of them at Flagstaff.

STATE CRIMINALS.

Those of First Offense to be Sent to Folsom, Others to San Quentin.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 6.—Superior Judge Smith has received a communication from the State Prison Board requesting him, in common with all the trial courts of criminal jurisdiction, to sentence prisoners who have been guilty of first offenses and those who are very young to Folsom Penitentiary, while those who are hardened criminals should be sent to San Quentin. It is stated that the purpose is to make two classes of the criminals, and to undertake measures of reform at Folsom, which, owing to the different class of criminals, would not be introduced at San Quentin.

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tion, the coupon attached to the excursion tickets admitting the holder to all these pleasures free of charge. An excursion train will probably be run from this city on Sunday.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

Preparations for the Annual Election Next Week.

A special meeting of the directors of the Sacramento Chamber of Commerce was held yesterday to arrange for the approaching election to be held on the 13th of officers and directors, and to appoint an Election Committee, who, with the Secretary, under the code of laws, will conduct the election.

The following were appointed to serve: Director Enright on membership, during the hours the polls are open, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m., and Directors Lewis, Coleman, Steffens, Bruner, Bently and Hall, who will alternate. The election will be conducted strictly in accordance with the code of laws, of which every member has a copy.

The time for independent nominations expires to-day at close of business hours, and to-morrow the official ticket will be prepared and sent out to each member. The regular ticket nominated at the Pythian Castle meeting of members has so far had no declinations, while the independent nominations so far reported has by declinations lost G. B. Katzenstein, G. A. Luhrs, and several Chairmen of committees.

It seems apparent, as stated by us some days ago, that the original directors, who have only served three months, all prominent, capable citizens of Sacramento and competent to carry on this important work, ought to be elected to succeed themselves.

VERHEIM ON THE RACK.

The Gold Dust Saloon-Keeper Being Tried for Felony.

Judge Catlin occupied Department Three of the Superior Court yesterday, where William Verheim is on trial for knowingly receiving stolen goods. His place was known as the resort of ex-convicts, thieves and all kinds of criminals, and finally the climax came when Verheim was arrested by Officers Rathenford and Pennish after they had searched his house and found there innumerable articles that had been stolen.

The facts were all published at the time, as also was the testimony given at the preliminary examination. One of the men implicated with Verheim, Robert Forrester, pleaded guilty and was brought down from Folsom yesterday to testify in the case.

District Attorney Ryan is conducting the prosecution, and the prisoner is defended by E. C. Hart. The jurymen are S. J. Jackson, William Voght, F. H. Joy, A. L. Warren, G. P. Curtis, D. Poorman, J. A. Lafferty, T. F. O'Brien, E. B. Townsend, Robert Barby, C. Boothroyd and P. A. Miller.

TENTH STREET.

The Matter of Its Acceptance is Deferred Still Another Week.

The matter of accepting the macadamizing of Tenth street was taken up by the Trustees last night. R. Platnauer, counsel for Contractor King, asked to have the matter lie over another week, as two new members who had not listened to the evidence had taken their places on the board. He also wanted to remedy some defects in the records of the board, which might prejudice his client's case.

A. M. Seymour, for the property owners, asked that the case might be reopened in order that the two new members might have an opportunity of hearing the evidence.

Trustees McKay and Bentley, the new members, both said they had listened to the evidence and were conversant with it.

The matter was continued for another week.

DIED IN THE SOUTH.

Joseph Hull, a Pioneer of 1848, Dies at San Diego.

Word has been received from Joseph Hull, a former resident of Brighton Township in this county, where he settled as early as 1838.

Mr. Hull was a Supervisor here for two terms preceding 1867, and was Chairman of the board during one term. He had the distinction of having organized the first lodge of Masons in Oregon before coming to this State. He was 83 years of age and leaves a large family of grown sons and daughters.

AT IT AGAIN.

More Rowdylism Complained of at Twenty-First and O Streets.

J. Bullard, a young man, complained to the police yesterday that on Sunday night he was set upon and badly beaten at Twenty-first and O streets by Wallie Covell, "Zip" Turner and Archie Patrick. Yesterday he swore out warrants for their arrest.

The good people of that neighborhood have been scandalized by hoodlums ever since the prayers of the mothers and daughters against the granting of saloon licenses were disseminated.

BRIEF NOTES.

E. T. Taylor yesterday exhibited some exceptionally fine specimens of Washington navel oranges which were grown in his yard at 2307 H street. They were very sweet and thin-skinned.

Adjutant-General Barrett has informed Piedmont Parlor, Native Sons, of Oakland, that should their services be needed in the event of war, their offer to furnish 100 volunteers will be considered.

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