

MCKINLEY'S NOMINATION RATIFIED AT CANTON.

A Large Outpouring of People From Eastern Ohio Cities.

Addresses Delivered by Messrs. Wolcott and Grosvenor.

Deafening Applause When the Republican Standard-Bearer Was Introduced and Arose to Thank His Fellow-Citizens for the Magnificent Demonstration Tendered Him.

CANTON (O.), June 27.—The nomination of McKinley was ratified with pomp and ceremony this afternoon. The outpouring of people from Cleveland and other cities of Eastern Ohio was very large. All day long crowds hung about the McKinley residence, and a lively stream of callers poured in at the gate.

"To-day, as we have assembled to ratify the nomination of our Republican standard bearer, I am reminded of a story about one of my nephews. He was trying to tell the story of the good Samaritan. He started in all right about the man going down the Jericho road and how he fell among thieves who stripped him of his raiment and wounded him and departed, leaving him half dead. And how a Levite who came along looked at the poor fellow and then passed by on the other side. Then when it came to the Samaritan my nephew got a little confused. He did not know anything about Samaria, but he did know something about America, and so, in telling the story my nephew said: 'A good American came along who took pity on the poor fellow and bound up his wounds and took care of him.'"

"I can see a very evident application of this story as my nephew told it. Four years ago this country did, perhaps we might literally say, fell among political thieves, who robbed her of her prosperity, wounded her and left her half dead. Then the Fifty-fourth Congress came along, and it looked at the sad condition of this country and then passed by on the other side and wouldn't even pass any tariff law or any currency law."

"But now we take courage, for there is coming along a good American, for a good Samaritan whichever you want to call him, most people call him 'Bill McKinley.' He is the man we've been looking for. He will heal up our national wounds and send our country on its way rejoicing."

"As President of the Tippecanoe Club, the pleasant duty falls upon me of expressing the joy which the members of the club feel over the work of the St. Louis Convention, and no better place for doing so could be found than right here in Canton, Ohio. Mr. McKinley has received the loving congratulations of wife and parents, blessed and hallowed as we know they must be by kisses and tears of joy and affection; here friends and neighbors have grasped his hand as they have poured forth their hearty congratulations. Here congratulatory messages have been received from all parts of the Union, from the East to the West, and from both sides of Mason and Dixon's line, and from all kinds and conditions of men; from political friends and political foes; from the plain people and all this spontaneous outpouring has been but a well-deserved tribute to the sterling manhood of William McKinley."

"Now to this mighty chorus the Tippecanoe Club wishes to add its glad note of praise and thanksgiving over the triumph of our political hero. We are all this spontaneously outpouring has been but a well-deserved tribute to the sterling manhood of William McKinley."

"The great occasions in our club's history have been the banquets at which William McKinley, Jr., was present and addressed us. We have lived near Governor McKinley, have often seen him and heard him speak, and with fond admiration have followed his private and public life and have a profound love and respect for him. We look to him as our leader and have been ready to go where he sent or follow where he led us. We cannot but love a man who has never been led by political rainbows to follow strange gods, but has ever been true to his political faith, and always kept his eyes fixed on the stars of duty and honor. Those who favor alone can a sure and lasting prosperity come to our country."

BRITISH OCCUPATION IN EGYPTIAN TERRITORY.

France Opens the Diplomatic Campaign Against Great Britain

Through the French Ambassador at London.

Proposes the Termination of the British Occupation of Egypt, No One Power to Exercise an Armed Protectorate Over the Country Without the Assent of the Others.

LONDON, June 27.—France has opened the expected diplomatic campaign against Great Britain by presenting a communication to Lord Salisbury, through Baron de Courcel, the French Ambassador, proposing the termination of the British occupation of Egypt within two years subsequent to the neutralization of Egypt; no one Power to exercise an armed protectorate over the country without the assent of the others. This form of condominium, of which much will certainly be heard in the future, has the support of Russia, and is the subject of active negotiations between France and the other Powers.

It is understood that Lord Salisbury, with good reason, relies upon Germany, Austria and Italy to back Great Britain in so prolonging the negotiations as to practically defeat the Russo-French move. The Sudan expedition will involve a large expenditure on the part of the British treasury and probably somewhat heavier loss in British troops. This will give Great Britain a firmer grip on Egypt, which not short of a European war can remove. It is not improbable that the French Government has contemplated such an issue. The proposals seem to have been made rather to gratify and amuse the French people, as M. Hanotaux, the French Foreign Minister, must know that there is no chance of the negotiations being successful.

Events in Crete render futile concerted action by the Powers. Only Moslem Deputies consent to appear in the assembly convoked by Abdul Pasha, the Governor of the island. A number of Christian Deputies who were forming a revolutionary council have been arrested with a view to preventing them from forming an important assembly. Greece continues to add to her armaments. Orders for rifles, ordnance and ammunition amounting in value to millions of pounds have been received in England. Part of these orders are sent direct to ports in Crete. These shipments are known of in Paris and excite French accusations that Great Britain is fomenting insurrection. The charges, however, are wrong. Wherever the Greek authorities are getting the funds, it is not in London or Berlin, where the Greek bondholders are urging the respective Governments to influence Greece to remain neutral. Lord Salisbury has ordered the British Consul at Cana to assist in relieving the distress growing out of the insurrection. The assistance is to be extended to Moslems as well as Christians.

"Would you," wrote Rev. Mr. Wynn, a Baptist minister, to Mr. Gladstone, "if your heart's desire was fulfilled, see the whole of Christendom in the sway of the Pope? If not why ask Papal sanction for the validity of the Anglican orders, or any form of ministry?" In reply, Mr. Gladstone wrote: "The Church of Rome recognizes as valid a baptism when regularly performed by other Christian communions. For baptism, read orders. Papal sanction would strengthen Christianity."

The non-conformists think the answer evasive. With fourteen pages of amendments to the Irish land bill, the continuous Scotch and Irish rating bills and several other troublesome measures it is not deemed possible outside of the ministerial circle to adjourn Parliament at the time proposed by Mr. Balfour. He will give notice of a motion to apply cloture to the land rating bills on Monday. The motion will be fiercely opposed. Herbert Spencer, Lord Stanley of Aldersley, Aubrey Herbert, Mr. Mallock and Edgemont Hake are among the celebrities who are forming the nucleus of a new club to be called the "Individualist" a name with the reverse of a clubbable sound. The main motive of this project is to make the club a center of practical propaganda against socialistic ideas whether associated with conservative or liberal platforms. The "Liberty and Property Defense League," which professed to have pure individualism as its basic principle, really imitates the club. No politician of any prominence can become a member without forsaking his past.

"We are all socialists now," said Sir William Harcourt. Current reports that the Duke of York has decided to visit the United States, Canada and Australia may have a grain of truth. It is his repeatedly expressed desire to make a tour in these directions, but it cannot come off this year. The Duchess is again in a condition that requires his attention. The Duke's prospective trips around the world are synchronous with the conclusion of an agreement for imperial federation. The Hon. Perry Belmont, who is a delegate to the Democratic National Convention, sailed to-day from Havre for New York on the La Touraine. The French Government has purchased the picture exhibited by Julian Story at the Champs Elysee salon.

"GOVERNOR" AD. RYMAN. The Negro Minstrel Commits Suicide by Inhaling Gas. NEW YORK, June 27.—Edward, better known as "Ad" Ryman, the minstrel and negro delineator, known as "Governor" Ad Ryman, was found dead to-day at his room on East street. He had committed suicide by inhaling gas through a rubber tube attached to a gas jet. Ryman was 55 years of age, and was one of the old time negro minstrels. He had been on the stage at least thirty

HEAD-END COLLISION IN COLORADO.

A Passenger Train Runs Into a Switch Engine at a Watering Station,

Instantly Killing One Man and Injuring Two Others.

The Cashier of a Chicago Store Held Up by Two Men and the Contents of the Cash Drawer Taken—Two Burglars Shot by the Police While at Work in a Private Dwelling in the Same City.

COLORADO SPRINGS (Col.), June 27.—The Union Pacific, Denver and Gulf passenger train, which left this afternoon at 8:20 o'clock, collided with a standing tank engine at Berstead, a watering tank station twelve miles east of this city. Engineer Michael Shannon of the passenger was instantly killed, and Fireman Collins and Baggageman Davis seriously, if not fatally, injured. Engineer O'Rourke and the fireman of the switch engine were seriously injured by the water tank collapsing. The Denver passenger was reported eleven minutes late, and as a consequence Engineer O'Rourke of the switch engine stopped his engine at the tank and began taking water. There is a heavy curve just beyond the water tank, which completely hides it from the southbound trains. The accident was caused by either the switch engine oversteering its time at the tank or the passenger making up lost time.

The passenger train was running at the rate of thirty miles an hour. Engineer Shannon did not see the standing switch engine until they were almost upon it. He quickly reversed his engine, but it was too late to prevent an awful head-end collision. Shannon was instantly killed, while his fireman received probably fatal wounds. Engineer O'Rourke and his fireman saw the flying passenger train just in time, and jumped under the water tank, which collapsed from the force of the collision. The passenger cars were badly broken up, but fortunately none of the thirty passengers on board received more than a severe shaking up.

Chicago, June 27.—The thirteenth of a regular series of hold-ups which have been taking place here at regular intervals for the past few weeks was accomplished this evening within a half block of the Harrison-street police station, and the hold-up men still looking for the men who so openly defy them. The same tactics were used as in the other twelve cases. Two men at 10 o'clock entered the shoe store of A. Ruppert at 108 Harrison street and with two revolvers each compelled the cashier to open his cash drawer and hand out its contents. Fortunately, only the day's receipts were in the vault and only \$20 was secured by the robbers. As soon as the two men got possession of their plunder they ran out and down the alley, and their whereabouts is at present unknown. The description of the men tallies with that of the men who have been systematically robbing stores for the past few weeks. Two burglars were shot and perhaps fatally wounded to-night while at work in a house at 205 Chestnut street. At a late hour work was received at the East Chicago avenue station that burglars were breaking into a Chestnut-street house, and that the occupants were not attending some meeting. Officers were dispatched to the scene and surprised the burglars at work. A great number of shots were exchanged. No officers were hurt, but both burglars were wounded and sent to the hospital. Chestnut street is a fashionable residential street. One of the burglars was recognized as Carey, a well-known thief. He will die. The other is a tough character by the name of Brown. It is believed he will recover.

STEAMSHIP GROUNDED. The Umbria Meets With a Mishap Off Sandy Hook. QUARANTINE (N. Y.), June 27.—The big steamship Umbria, which left her pier in New York City at 9 o'clock this morning with over 900 passengers, met with a mishap before she had cleared the bar at Sandy Hook, which delayed her twelve hours. The steamship had swung from her pier on the first ebb tide, and had made a quick trip down the bay, passing this place three-quarters of an hour after leaving her dock. She proceeded rapidly along the channel under the guidance of Pilot Josiah Johnson, and had reached a point about two miles off Sandy Hook when she struck a snag in the shape of a sunken coal barge in the middle of Gedney's Channel, and was soon hard aground. There was much confusion for a time on the decks of the liner, which was crowded with passengers taking a last look at the receding shores, but Captain Dutton and his officers quickly reassured them and they philosophically accepted the situation. The vessel struck the sunken barge at 10:15 this morning, when the tide was pretty near at full, so there was nothing to do but wait for the high tide this evening. The wreckers had everything in readiness by 8 o'clock, and it was then decided to try and get the vessel off. The tugs and wrecking vessels got in position, and, aided by the steamship's own screws, the work began. After half an hour of tugging and pulling the vessel slid off the barge on which she had been resting into deep water and immediately started for the open sea. The vessel proceeded just outside the bar, and at 9:35 p. m. dropped anchor. The wrecking tugs followed her and a diver was sent down to ex-

LYNCHING IN MARYLAND. A Man Awaiting Trial for Murder Taken From Jail and Hanged.

MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE. James B. Gentry Convicted of the Killing of Madge Yorke.

A Railway Sold at Auction. ST. LOUIS, June 27.—At noon to-day the St. Louis and San Francisco Railway was sold under a decree of foreclosure issued by the Federal Court. There was one bidder, E. C. Henderson of New York, counsel for the reorganization company. The purchase price was fixed at \$1,250,000, and these were Mr. Henderson's figures.

EVENTS ON THE TURF. ANOTHER WORLD'S RECORD LOW-ERED AT RED OAK.

W. W. P. Paces a Mile to Wagon in 2:08 1-2—Results of Races on Other Tracks.

RED OAK (Ia.), June 27.—For a second time at the meeting here a world's record was made in a mile race. W. W. P. paced to wagon to beat his record, went a mile in 2:08 1/2. Three races of the day were all run in fast time. To-day was the last day of the meeting, which has been marked for exceptionally fine racing. Trotting, 2:35 class, purse \$1,000, Nordica won, Delpha second, Kathleen third. Best time—2:19 1/4. Pacing, two-year-old class, purse \$1,000, Cricket Hill won, Aajay second, Claude Cour third. Best time—2:24 1/4. Paced by wagon, to beat record of 2:08 1/2, W. W. P. won, Ben Leonard Jr. (Louis) won. Time—2:05 1/2. Trotting, 2:19 class, purse \$1,000, Metzger won, Dick Hubbard second, Lucy third. Best time—2:10 1/4.

AT SHEEPFIELD. CHICAGO, June 27.—Results at Sheffield: Six furlongs, The Sculptor won, Scotch second, Repeater third. Time—1:16. Five furlongs, Zamar I. won, Yours Truly second, Brown Eyes third. Time—1:02 1/2. Six furlongs, Evanasus won, Roy Lochie second, Broadhead third. Time—1:13 1/4. Seven furlongs, Irene Woods won, Goodwin second, Samson third. Time—1:28. AT SHEEPSHEAD BAY. SHEEPSHEAD BAY, June 27.—Results: Five furlongs, Mistral II. won, Doctor Jim second, Remp third. Time—1:09 1/2. Seven furlongs, Tremargo won, The Swain second, Deerslayer third. Time—1:29 1/2. Six furlongs, Divide won, Winged Foot second, Scottish Chieftain third. Time—1:13 1/2. Six furlongs, The Deuce won, Palomita second, Double Quick third. Time—1:15 1/4. One and one-eighth miles, Jefferson won, Sir Dixon Jr. second, The Dragon third. Time—1:56. One and one-sixteenth miles, Counselor Howe won, Marshall second, Long Beach third. Time—1:52 1/2.

AT ST. LOUIS. ST. LOUIS, June 27.—Results: One mile, Denis won, Haroldine second, La Callenne third. Time—1:48 1/4. One mile, Pelles won, Rhett Goode second, Metete third. Time—1:46 1/4. Seven and a half furlongs, Don Carroll won, Benamella second, Harry McCouch third. Time—1:39 1/4. One mile, Schiller won, Ace second, Tartarian third. Time—1:46. Six furlongs, Figaro won, Johnny McHale second, George P. Smith third. Time—1:18 1/4. Five furlongs, George Rose won, Jack B. second, Dr. Walmsey third. Time—1:04 1/4.

AT LATONIA. LATONIA, June 27.—Results: One mile, Anna Lyle won, Countess Irma second, Judith third. Time—1:24. Mile and seventy yards, Sir Dilke won, Ondarue second, Rasper third. Time—1:47 1/4. Six furlongs, Urania won, Egbert second, Robinson third. Time—1:15 1/4. Five furlongs, Maceo won, Iry B. second, Proteus third. Time—1:02. Five and a half furlongs, Eugenia Wickes won, Charina second, The Blossom third. Time—1:10 1/4.

REICHTAG CONSIDERING THE CIVIL CODE BILL.

Almost Certain That It Will Become a Law Before the Session Ends.

The Measure Proposes Making Civil Marriages Compulsory.

The Small Attendance at Prince Hohenlohe's Parliamentary Dinner, Given on Tuesday Evening, the Subject of Much Comment—The Emperor of Germany to Start From Kiel on the First Instant.

BERLIN, June 27.—Throughout the week the Reichstag has made good progress in its consideration of the Government's Civil Code bill, and the measure, which passed its second reading this afternoon, is now certain to pass all of the stages for it to become a law before the end of the present session. The bill proposes to make civil marriage compulsory, and in opposing this revision D. Lieber, the leader of the Centrists, expressed regret that the committee to which the bill was referred had not treated marriage as a sacrament to which the assent of the civil authorities was necessary. Other Centrist Deputies, as well as General Von Roem and several other Conservatives, supported the view of Dr. Lieber, holding that the civil marriage clause was derogatory to the office of the clergy. Herr Niberring, Imperial Minister of Justice, denied that the Government had any desire to place a more religious character upon an equal footing with a religious ceremony, nor did they wish to come into conflict with the churches; yet for many reasons he said it was desirable that the clause should be maintained. The clause finally passed. The Centrists afterwards scored a victory, however, by succeeding in having eliminated from the bill the provision making incurable insanity a ground for divorce. A motion offered by Herr Bebel, Socialist, denied that the Government control over their own property was rejected by another Socialist amendment fixing twenty-one years as the limit of age beyond which parental consent to marriage was not required was adopted. Prince Bismarck is of the opinion that more mature consideration and a protest against the hurried manner in which the bill was handled the ex-Chancellor directed Count Herbert Bismarck, his eldest son, to leave the house when the first vote upon the measure was taken in the Reichstag. This direction was obeyed, and Count Herbert's demonstration in leaving the chamber followed by ten Conservative Deputies, created a momentary sensation. Prince Hohenlohe's parliamentary dinner, which was given by the Chancellor Tuesday evening, is still being talked about as having been sparsely attended, in contrast to the ministerial dinners given during the period of Prince Bismarck's occupancy of the office of Imperial Chancellor, at which the fate of parliamentary measures were wont to be decided. The presence of Dr. Stoecker, ex-Court Chaplain, bearing very lightly his fall from court and political favor, was also noticed and commented upon. Another subject of comment upon the occasion was the attendance of Baron Fiedel, Finance Minister of the Kingdom of Bavaria, who is associated with a project for the conversion of the Imperial securities, a fact which is very remarkable in that the scheme has hitherto been strongly opposed by the Bavarian Government. Prince Hohenlohe, in conversation at the dinner, expressed his satisfaction at the prospects for the passage of the Civil Code measure. The Chancellor, however, could not be drawn into any expression of opinion, or indeed any reference whatever to the reported negotiations on the part of Germany, France and England upon the question of the

FILIBUSTERS DETAINED. The Three Friends and City of Richmond Prevented From Sailing.

A Murder at Denver.

Pay for the Oregon's Builders.

Tin Mills Will Close.

PITTSBURG, June 27.—After a conference that lasted from 9 a. m. until 5 p. m. to-day, the tin-plate workers and makers were unable to agree, and on Tuesday night next week all of the tin mills will close pending a settlement. The manufacturers have asked for another conference Thursday of next week. About 10,000 men are concerned in the dispute in the tin mills of the country. Populist National Convention. ST. LOUIS, June 27.—J. H. McDowell, who will be Sergeant-at-Arms of the Populist National Convention, has arrived in the city and opened headquarters in the Commercial building. He says he will appoint not more than 400 assistants. Mr. McDowell says he expects 30,000 Populists in the city during the convention, besides many silver men who are not allowed with the party. There will be 1,375 delegates present. Expelled Newspaper Correspondents. HAVANA, June 27.—Mr. Gay, the New York newspaper correspondent who was expelled from the island by order of Captain-General Weyler, sailed for New York on the steamer Orizaba, for New York on the steamer Orizaba. Dawley of "Harper's Weekly" left on the same steamer. He has filed a claim at the American Consulate of \$100,000 against the Spanish Government. Mr. Gay has filed a claim of \$25,000. Knocked Out in the First Round. BROOKLYN, June 27.—At the Unique Athletic Club to-night Henry Baker of Chicago knocked out Joe Butler of Philadelphia in the first round. Butler remained unconscious fully five minutes. The men were to have fought twelve rounds. After the fight Baker's manager issued a challenge to Peter Maher. Six Years' Imprisonment. PARIS, June 27.—M. Arton, who was prominently identified with the Panama Canal scandal, has been sentenced to six years' imprisonment at hard labor for his complicity in the fraudulent transactions that led to the scandal, and to pay back the money he embezzled from the company. Gold Reserve. WASHINGTON, June 27.—The treasury gold reserve at the close of business to-day stood at \$102,064,746. The day's withdrawals were \$6,300.

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Oak Sideboard, \$50. Here's the biggest value in a Sideboard we ever had. The cabinet work and finish ought to be seen. Height, 6 feet 4 inches. Width, 54 inches. Depth, 24 inches. French bevel plate mirror, 18x40. John Breuner 604-606-608 K ST., SACRAMENTO