

THUNDER AND LIGHTNING AT SAN FRANCISCO.

The Bay City Experiences a Little Eastern Summer Weather.

Two Men Receive Shocks From the Electric Current.

Fifty Per Cent. of the Grain Crop in Eastern Washington Ruined by the Hot Spell—A Farmer Fatally Shot by His Neighbor at Spokane—Attempt to Rob the Treasury Office at Bakersfield.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 10.—A mid-July thunder shower started the city about 8 this morning. It confirmed the pioneer in his belief that the climate was changing, and made the Eastern tourists feel at home.

Through the thunder didn't sound very loud and the lightning flash was not very vivid, the electrical storm created considerable disturbance on the water front.

The electric lights of the day circuit in the Chief Wharfing's office were "doused," the telephone rattled like a pack of firecrackers and the electric wires in the building cracked like the trolley wire of an electric road.

Amos Rohls, one of the workmen in Foreman Dietz's gang, was engaged in attaching a steel rod to an iron column when the crash came. The shock knocked the workman down and rendered his limbs powerless.

His whole body was rigid and numb, and for a while it was feared that the man had been paralyzed by the stroke. His fellow workmen rubbed his extremities, and it was half an hour before circulation could be restored.

The rod which the man held was magnetized by the electric current. At another part of the front one of Foreman Blennerhassett's men was walking along the wharf, carrying a crowbar. The bar became magnetized, the shock nearly knocking the bearer of it off his feet.

Captain Blennerhassett was himself the hero of a strange experience. He was carrying a steel rod. The lightning struck the bar and made it feel like a red-hot poker.

A workman repairing the track of the Mission-street line is also reported to have received a shock which knocked him down. He was not seriously hurt. This is probably the first time in the history of the city that lightning has ever struck anybody. Though the result was not serious, it was certainly a great surprise.

BURGLARS AT BAKERSFIELD. Tried in Vain to Rob the County Treasury Vault.

BAKERSFIELD, July 10.—Burglars attacked a vault in the County Treasurer's office last night. They broke off the knob of the dial plate and drilled three holes in the plate, but broke the drill and left it in the hole. They were unable to open the door, and they got through the outside door there was another one to open, and inside the vault the coin is in a burglar-proof double door safe.

They are believed to be the same gang of burglars who tried to blow open the safe in McDonald's drug store a few weeks ago.

FATAL BOILER EXPLOSION. One Man Killed and Another Badly Injured.

SAN JOSE, July 10.—The pumping engine exploded on Lion's ranch, adjoining this city, at noon. Antonio Camacho, aged 6, a bystander, was instantly killed. Engineer James Parish had his skull fractured and was otherwise badly hurt. He may recover. Parish, who was a few feet away, ran toward the engine and had taken but a few steps when the explosion occurred. It was heard several blocks.

Rates to be Restored.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 10.—The Southern Pacific Railroad Company and the Oregon Railway and Navigation Company patched up a truce to-day, and the immediate result is an advance in rates between San Francisco and

OUR Hat Department IS INCLUDED IN OUR BUILDING BOOM REDUCTION SALE.

1-4, 1-3, 1-2

Deducted from regular prices.



Yachting Caps, 10c

The Gas Station 604, 606, 608, J STR.

Det. 6th & 7th

Portland, effective on the 21st inst. Steamer rates will be increased from \$5 first class to \$12, and from \$2 50 second class to \$8. It is stated that the Southern Pacific will withdraw the Oregon special train leaving San Francisco on steamer days for Portland and the Sound.

Drowned in a Swimming Tank. SPOKANE (Wash.), July 10.—Conrad Nuesens, aged 21, a great manufacturer of this city, committed suicide this morning by drowning himself in the swimming tank at Natatorium Park. He leaves a widow and three children.

Suicide at Los Angeles. LOS ANGELES, July 10.—Marmaduke R. Hill, insurance agent, drowned himself in Echo Lake this morning. He had been drinking heavily and was despondent. A wife and family survive him.

Grain Crop Ruined. SPOKANE (Wash.), July 10.—It is estimated that 50 per cent. of the wheat crop of Eastern Washington and portions of Idaho has already been ruined by the fatal unprecedented hot spell.

Fatal Quarrel Over a Debt. SPOKANE (Wash.), July 10.—Peter Johnson, a prominent farmer, was fatally shot by a neighbor, Charles King, to-day. They quarreled over a debt.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE FOR PRESIDENT.

(Continued from First Page.)

gratulating everybody else, whether friend or stranger. It is a tribute to Mr. Bryan's personal popularity among all classes, and an expression of gratification at the honor done one of Omaha's citizens. Nothing approaching or like it has ever been witnessed in the city.

IN COLORADO. DENVER, July 10.—The nomination of Bryan was a general surprise to Colorado, and while the great crowds before the bulletin boards cheered the nominee, the more conservative wanted to know something about the man before committing themselves. A few hours later the committee, nearly settled themselves of his record, and they now talk of majorities for him ranging from 25,000 to 50,000 votes. A classmate of Bryan's in Union College Law School, practicing here, states that fearlessness and loyalty to principles are the leading characteristics of the nominee.

"I will now be a contest of the people against money," said D. H. Moffitt, President of the First National Bank. "I am glad they have named a candidate whose personal character is beyond reproach, and whose life has been clean. Although a Republican, I can only commend the course which will of course give him a great majority."

Governor McIntyre, Republican, says: "Bryan is magnetic, and he will put plenty of enthusiasm into the campaign. His silver record will elect him."

Nearly every town in the State to-night is celebrating the victory.

AT SALT LAKE. SALT LAKE, July 10.—The town is wild with enthusiasm for Bryan. Cannons are being fired and fireworks sent up. General rejoicing, in which Democrats and Republicans unite, is the order. Ninety-five per cent. of the Republicans of the city, on being interviewed, declare they will support Bryan and free silver.

Judge Goodwin, editor of the Salt Lake "Tribune," the leading Republican paper in the State, says: "Bryan is the best man named in the convention. He will carry every vote of the State west of the Allegheny Mountains."

IN NORTHERN UTAH. OGDEN, July 10.—Ogden City and Northern Utah have gone absolutely wild with enthusiasm at the news of the nomination of Bryan for President. When the announcement came from the city, the population gathered in front of the telegraph office broke out with cheer after cheer. The entire city is awake to-night, and meetings are being held to prepare for the grandest ratification meeting ever held in the State. Reports from all over the State indicate that Bryan is the man of all men for Utah citizens, regardless of party. All towns are enthusiastic in their demonstrations, and the coming few days will usher in one grand convulsive ratification of the nomination of Bryan, the youthful candidate from Nebraska.

ON THE COAST. SAN FRANCISCO, July 10.—The Presidential nominee of the Democratic Convention left many friends behind him last season on the coast when he was lecturing. The news of his election to-day was therefore received with marked gratification in all the Western towns.

In San Francisco the crowds gathered about the bulletin boards cheered enthusiastically when the result of the fifth ballot was posted. Those of the leading California Populists who have been interviewed are not disposed to commit themselves. While they admire Mr. Bryan and the cause he represents, the platform does not wholly please them.

Three of the eight delegates from the State of Washington wired the Nebraska orator their congratulations and assurances that they will carry the State for him. In Seattle and Tacoma vigorous demonstrations were held this evening in honor of Bryan's nomination, and the prominent Populists and dissenting Republicans almost to a man express their approval of the result of the convention.

Few Oregon points have been heard from, but reports at hand from that State would indicate that Mr. Bryan's candidacy is far from unpopular. Mayor Penney's warmest supporters in Portland have declared emphatically for Bryan.

In Reno, Nev., the nomination was received with the wildest enthusiasm. Bonfires were lighted, cannons discharged and every lawful means of showing their appreciation of Mr. Bryan's selection was used by the friends of silver. Chairman J. B. McCullough of the Populist State Central Committee stated to a United Press reporter to-night that Mr. Bryan was a most acceptable candidate to the Populists of Nevada, and that the delegation to St. Louis, of which he was Chairman, would certainly use every effort to have him indorsed by the Populist National National Convention. Other leading Populists expressed the same sentiment.

At Phoenix, A. T., a monster ratification meeting has been arranged for tomorrow night, when all the leading Democrats, Populists and silverites of the State will take part. The friends of silver regard Mr. Bryan as delighted with Bryan's nomination.

Conrad Young, artistic photos, 421 J.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report



W. J. BRYAN NOMINATED FOR PRESIDENT.

(Continued from First Page.)

State, Idaho and other States that had previously voted for other candidates, led the movement. They were quickly followed in the order named by New Mexico, California, Nevada, District of Columbia, Idaho, Minnesota, Washington and Indian Territory, who all raised their standards and joined in the general shout for Bryan.

Then a procession was started, the standards of twenty-two States and Territories being borne around the hall amid a perfect tornado of cheering. Then Illinois joined in, and Florida followed. Ohio came in, and a brief spell of silence followed as the rumor passed around that a deal was on with McLean for second place.

After fifteen minutes of this performance the announcement of the result was announced, and the fourth ballot was officially announced as follows:

Alabama—Bryan 22. Arkansas—Bland 16. California—Bland 2, Boies 1, Matthews 2, Bryan 12, Blackburn 1. Colorado—Bryan 8. Connecticut—Pattison 2, not voting 10. Delaware—Bryan 1, Pattison 3, not voting 2. Florida—Matthews 3, Bryan 5. Georgia—Bryan 20. Idaho—Bryan 48. Illinois—Bland 48. Indiana—Matthews 30. Iowa—Boies 26. Kansas—Bryan 20. Kentucky—Blackburn 26. Louisiana—Bryan 16. Maine—Bland 2, Bryan 2, Pattison 5, not voting 3. Maryland—Bryan 5, Pattison 10, not voting 1. Massachusetts—Bland 2, Bryan 1, Pattison 3, Stevenson 5, Hill 1, not voting 18. Michigan—Bryan 28. Minnesota—Bland 1, Bryan 10, Stevenson 2, not voting 5. Mississippi—Bryan 18. Missouri—Bland 34. Montana—Bland 6. Nebraska—Bryan 16. Nevada—Bryan 6. New Hampshire—Pattison 1, not voting 7. New Jersey—Pattison 2, not voting 18. New York—Not voting 72. North Carolina—Bryan 22. North Dakota—Boies 6. Ohio—McLean 46. Oregon—Bryan 8. Pennsylvania—Pattison 64. Rhode Island—Pattison 6, not voting 2. South Carolina—Bryan 18. South Dakota—Bryan 7, Pattison 1. Tennessee—Bland 24. Texas—Bland 30. Utah—Bland 6. Vermont—Bryan 4, not voting 4. Virginia—Bland 24. Washington—Bland 6, Bryan 2. West Virginia—Bland 10, Bryan 1, Stevenson 1. Wisconsin—Bryan 5, not voting 19. Wyoming—Bryan 6. Alaska—Bland 6. District of Columbia—Matthews 1, Bryan 5. New Mexico—Bland 6. Oklahoma—Bland 6. Indian Territory—Bland 6. Totals—Bland 241, Boies 33, Matthews 26, McLean 46, Bryan 280, Blackburn 27, Pattison 97, Stevenson 8, Hill 1, not voting 161.

THE TWO-THIRDS' RULE. Immediately after the announcement of the fourth ballot the Chairman said that the proceedings had reached the stage where it was necessary for the Chair to state his connection with the two-thirds' rule. A careful examination left but one decision open to the Chair. The noise and confusion in the hall made the Chairman pause.

"Oh, gentlemen," he remonstrated, "do keep quiet." (Cries of "Sit down, sit down.")

The Chairman resumed his statement, and said that the two-thirds' rule had been acted on without objection ever since its adoption in the Ohio convention of 1852. The rule read that: "Two-thirds of the whole number of votes shall be necessary to nomination for President or Vice-President." Therefore, in the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds of the votes given would nominate the candidates for President and Vice-President. (Cheers.)

"Call the roll," he ordered, and the fifth ballot was begun.

BRYAN NOMINATED. At 2:45 the fifth roll-call was begun, and at once became evident that Bryan would secure a majority on this ballot to nominate him by the necessary majority.

When Kentucky, which was one of the States which did not join in the procession, was reached, Rhea, who had put Blackburn in nomination, rose and said: "While Kentucky honors its candidate, and would be glad to see him elected President, yet as he served in the Confederate army they don't seem to want him. (Faint hisses.) Therefore Kentucky takes pleasure in casting her 26 votes for the world's greatest orator, W. J. Bryan." (Cheers.)

Illinois, which had asked to be asked, cast her 48 votes for Bryan. This left him with 446 votes, six short of the necessary number.

Illinois which had asked to be passed, cast her 48 votes for Bryan. Oklahoma changed her six votes from Bland to Bryan, making 454.

Then Ohio withdrew the name of McLean and cast 46 votes for Bryan, making his total 500.

Before the result was announced, but when it was known that Mr. Bryan had received within a few of the necessary number, the Nebraska orator, Governor Stone of Missouri ascended the platform, and as order could be obtained he addressed the convention in these words: "Gentlemen of the Convention: Two or three days since I received this note, which I will now read in your hearing, from Bland to Bryan, making 500. I wish it to be understood that I do not desire the nomination unless it is the judgment of the free silver delegates that I would be the strongest candidate. It shall at any time appear that my candidacy is the least obstruction to the nomination of any candidate who is acceptable to the free coinage delegates of the convention, or one more acceptable to a majority of those delegates than myself. I wish my name, at once, unconditionally withdrawn from further consideration. I am willing to waive State instructions

for me. If need be, and to let the free silver delegates decide the whole matter. The cause must be put above the man." (Applause.)

"I came to this great city," continued Stone, "as one of the delegates from Missouri, voicing the sentiment of the Democracy of that State, to present your deliberation the name of that illustrious commoner for whom many of you have expressed a preference by your votes in this convention. To those who have been our friends in this struggle I desire now to return my grateful thanks, but following the direction of Mr. Bland himself, that whatever a majority of silver delegates expressed their preference for another he desired his name withdrawn, now, in the name of Missouri, I lower the standard under which we have fought throughout this convention, and in its place I lift that of the gifted and glorious son of Nebraska. (Loud and long continued cheering.)

"We have chosen a splendid leader, beautiful as Apollo, intellectual beyond comparison, a great orator, a great scholar, but above all, there is beating in his breast a heart that throbs in constant sympathy with the great masses of the people and instinct with the highest sentiments of patriotism. We will not only name him, but I believe with as much confidence as I can believe anything in the future, we will elect him by a very large majority in November. And, gentlemen of the convention, we will inaugurate not only a Democratic Administration at Washington, but one that will be set down as among the purest and ablest and the most illustrious of American history.

"So, now, gentlemen, I withdraw the name of Richard McKim Bland, and set the thirty-four votes of the State of Missouri for William J. Bryan."

Governor Stone was listened to with a silence such as no other orator had been honored with except Mr. Bryan himself, and at the close of his effective little speech he was loudly cheered.

Judge Van Wageningen was next recognized. He said the Iowa delegation bore to Chicago with them from Governor Boies a message saying that he had only the success of the party at heart; that he would not be disappointed if he was not named, but he would be disappointed if success did not come in November. He said when they arrived at Chicago that some other candidate than he was the choice, then his name was to be withdrawn. Acting under these instructions, he formally withdrew the name of Horace Boies and cast the 26 votes of Iowa for W. J. Bryan.

Senator Jones stood on his chair to announce that Arkansas changed her vote of 16 from Bland to Bryan.

Montana changed their six votes from Bland to the winner, the Chairman declaring that it was the intention of his State to stick to Bland from first to last, and they had done their duty.

Senator Turple of Indiana mounted the platform and said amid great noise and confusion that the delegates from Indiana had stood from first to last for the distinguished Chief Magistrate of Indiana; but, in view of the wave which had just swept over the convention, he was now authorized to withdraw the name of Governor Matthews and to cast the vote of Indiana for William J. Bryan of Nebraska. (Cheers.)

"In view of the unity which should prevail in the convention, I move that the nomination of William J. Bryan be made unanimous." (Cheers.)

After the vote of Texas had been shifted to Mr. Bryan, the Chairman put the question on Senator Turple's motion to make the nomination unanimous, and declared it carried—only a few votes in the negative coming from the Pennsylvania delegation.

When the announcement was made all order was cast to the winds. The delegates and audience began to cheer and wave hats, flags and banners, while the march around the sections was again taken up. A band of music entered the hall from the vestibule and marched at the head of the procession playing "Marching Through Georgia" and other popular airs. In the chorus of which many of those present joined, "Dixie," which the band also played, had the usual effect of heightening the enthusiasm, and was cheered again and again.

At 3:45 p. m. the Sergeant-at-Arms, in behalf of the Chairman, succeeded in getting a hearing so as to be able to announce that the convention stood in recess until 8 p. m.

FIFTH BALLOT BEFORE CHANGES WERE MADE. Alabama—Bryan 22. Arkansas—Bland 16. California—Bryan 18. Colorado—Bryan 8. Connecticut—Pattison 2, not voting 10. Delaware—Bryan 1, Pattison 3, not voting 2. Florida—Matthews 3, Bryan 5. Georgia—Bryan 20. Idaho—Bryan 48. Illinois—Bland 48. Indiana—Matthews 30. Iowa—Boies 26. Kansas—Bryan 20. Kentucky—Bryan 26. Louisiana—Bryan 16. Maine—Bryan 4, Pattison 4, not voting 4. Maryland—Bryan 5, Pattison 10, not voting 1. Massachusetts—Bryan 6, Pattison 3, Stevenson 5, Hill 1, not voting 18. Michigan—Bryan 28. Minnesota—Bryan 11, Stevenson 2, not voting 5. Mississippi—Bryan 18. Missouri—Bland 34. Montana—Bland 6. Nebraska—Bryan 16. Nevada—Bryan 6. New Hampshire—Pattison 1, not voting 7. New Jersey—Pattison 2, not voting 18. New York—Not voting 72. North Carolina—Bryan 22. North Dakota—Bryan 4, Stevenson 2. Ohio—Bryan 46. Oregon—Bryan 8. Pennsylvania—Pattison 64. Rhode Island—Pattison 6, not voting 2. South Carolina—Bryan 18. South Dakota—Bryan 8. Tennessee—Bryan 24. Texas—Bland 30. Utah—Bland 6. Vermont—Bryan 4, not voting 4. Virginia—Bryan 24. Washington—Bland 4, Bryan 4. West Virginia—Bland 10, Bryan 2, Turple 1, Stevenson 2. Wisconsin—Bryan 5, not voting 19. Wyoming—Bryan 6. Alaska—Bland 6. Arizona—Bryan 6. District of Columbia—Bryan 6.



And this heated spell tells you that the PARASOL SEASON has practically just arrived, and will doubtless continue for some weeks to come—in fact long enough to make it an object for you to purchase a Parasol or Sunshade at the prices we propose to place them before you at. There are children's and ladies', in white, black, fancy colored, Persian and Dresden effects. Also, a lot of fine, high-grade Carriage Parasols, trimmed with chiffon and dainty laces, in handsome colorings to correspond with the pretty effects in this season's dress fabrics. They are all new, bright, stylish, and the interesting part of the story is told below:

Ladies' \$1 Parasols reduced to 65c. Ladies' \$1 50 Parasols reduced to 98c. Ladies' \$2 Parasols reduced to \$1 20. Ladies' \$2 50 Parasols reduced to \$1 35. Ladies' \$3 Parasols reduced to \$1 65. Ladies' \$3 50 Parasols reduced to \$2 10. Ladies' \$4 50 Parasols reduced to \$2 75. All \$5 Parasols are going at \$3 25. Children's 75c Parasols reduced to 35c. Children's \$1 Parasols reduced to 50c. Children's \$1 25 Parasols reduced to 65c.

LADIES' WHITE CHAMOIS FOUR-BUTTON GLOVES, with large white pearl buttons and white stitched backs. Can be washed and cleaned when soiled, which is an item to be considered, as well as the fact that they are what is considered to be a regular \$1 value elsewhere, and our price is..... 75c.

Wasserman, Davis & Co., AGENTS FOR BUTTERICK PATTERNS, Corner Fifth and J Streets, Sacramento

White French Chip Pokes TRIMMED WITH Tips, Roses, Silk, Mull or Chiffon.

The latest style Hat for the summer trade. You will find them at MRS. M. A. PEALER'S, 621-623 J street, Sacramento, Cal.

New Mexico—Bryan 6. Oklahoma—Bryan 6. Indian Territory—Bryan 6. Total—Bland 190, Boies 25, Matthews 31, McLean 9, Bryan 500, Turple 1, Pattison 95, Stevenson 8, Hill 1, not voting 162.

The above is the fifth official ballot. Changes were made thereafter giving Bryan more than the necessary 512 votes.

\*Changed from McLean to Bryan. \*Changed from Bland to Bryan.

EVENING SESSION. The proceedings of the evening session were opened a few minutes before 9 p. m., when Chairman White called the convention to order.

At that time ex-Governor Flower of New York and a fair proportion of the New York delegates were occupying the seats in their section, Hill and Whitney having left the city in the afternoon. Most of the New Jersey delegates were also present. The fact that both the State delegations had declined to participate in the balloting for the Presidential candidate made their presence a matter of remark.

The Chairman announced that after the nomination for Vice-President should be made (whenever that might be) the Committee on Notification would be called on to report on the resolution on Resolutions, to the right of the Chair. He then stated that General Bragg of Wisconsin desired to make some remarks, and he accordingly introduced the gentleman to the convention.

General Bragg said: "I rise, Mr. Chairman, on a question of State privilege. When the delegation of Wisconsin was to-day engaged in private consultation as to what should be done by it in the future, some gentlemen (I suppose he was a gentleman; in fact, I know him to be such) took the liberty of entering and passing them as the representation of my delegation and of my State into the trail of the victor, for whom we had refused to cast our votes. I make this statement not in order to cast a reflection on anybody, but simply to place the State which I represent as its Chairman right, so that the record will show that we trailed not the Wisconsin badge behind the votes of the majority of this convention." (Cheers.)

Mr. Dockery attempted to take the stand to answer General Bragg's remarks, and as the two Wisconsin antagonists confronted each other General Bragg shook his finger in Dockery's face and said: "If you make any personal remarks about me you will suffer for it."

The Chairman remarked that whatever asperity might exist between the gentlemen from Wisconsin they ought not to enter into an altercation. He was satisfied that the gentlemen in the end would be found supporting the ticket, and he refused to recognize Dockery for the purpose of addressing the convention.

Dockery then left the stand, and this terminated the incident. Governor Stone of Missouri was next recognized to move an adjournment. He said the work thus far done had been, in his judgment, well done, but they had yet to name an associate for their great leader on the ticket. He believed this was an important work, which should not be hastily or incon siderately performed. It should, on the contrary, be performed in the most mature and deliberate manner possible and to the end that the delegations might have the opportunity to confer with each other and arrive at a conclusion which in the end would strengthen the ticket, and in order that no mistake might be made he moved that the convention do adjourn until 12 o'clock to-morrow.

The galleries, which were densely packed, and which to a greater extent before than last night undertook to take charge of the proceedings, here interposed a loud chorus of noes.

Mr. Henry of Mississippi moved to make the hour 10 o'clock. Governor Stone accepted the amendment.

Mr. Rhea of Kentucky made the point of order that the motion had not been seconded, but the Chair, disregarding the point, ordered the Secretary to call the roll.

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The Clerk went on with the roll-call, and did not always wait for a reply, but set down the State as voting "aye." The result was announced as carried in the affirmative by a vote of 512 yeas and 13 nays.

The Chair then stated at 9:30 p. m. that the convention was adjourned until 10 a. m. to-morrow.

THE VICE-PRESIDENCY. Names Mentioned in Connection With the Nomination.

CHICAGO, July 10.—A conference on the Vice-Presidential nominee was held at the Sherman House to-night. Nearly every State excepting the gold States was represented. Governor Stone of Missouri, Altgeld of Illinois, Senator Daniel of Virginia and several other prominent leaders were present. It was nearly 11 o'clock before the meeting got under way. The door was carefully guarded, and little leaked out as to the deliberations.

John R. McLean, Governor Matthews, G. Fred Williams and Joseph Sibley were talked of, as were others who have been mentioned in connection with the second place on the ticket. The relative strength of each man was considered, and a message was sent over to Mr. Bryan to learn his position in regard to the men most talked of.

At 12:30 a. m. no decision had been reached as to who should be placed in nomination. The consensus of opinion was that candidates from the South and from States east of the Alleghenies were unavailable. This practically killed the



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We have them in all the desirable styles, for men's, ladies' and children's wear, at prices that will prove a great saving to all.

Ladies' Tan Outing Shoes, kid or cloth tops, square or pointed toes, substantial soles. \$2 25 and \$2 50.

Men's Tan Outing Shoes, hook and lace fastening, square or pointed toes; very stylish and easy on the feet. Price, \$2.

Children's Tan Outing Shoes, \$1 and Up.

GEISER & KAUFMAN FOR SUMMER FOOTWEAR, 603 J St., Near Sixth, SACRAMENTO, CAL.

DID YOU WIN IT? NO. 347

Is the lucky HAM TAG. Present it to us and we will give you the BICYCLE.

At the urgent request of our many patrons we have decided to give away another "TRIBUNE BICYCLE" August 1, 1896, and will continue to attach to every "OUR TASTE" ham a numbered tag. Be sure and get one with every "Our Taste" ham you buy. It may entitle you to a

Bicycle Free!

HALL, LUHRS & CO., Wholesale Grocers.

changes of Sibley and Sewell of Maine, George Fred Williams and the several candidates from the South. The split in the Ohio delegation, which was divided between John R. McLean and Allen Thurman, made it unlikely that either of these candidates would be selected. Governor Matthews of Indiana seemed to stand the test of criticism better than the rest of the candidates. Governor Altgeld discussed the chances of ex-Congressman Fithian of Illinois.

GRAND LODGE OF ELKS. Officers Who Will Serve for the ensuing Term.

CINCINNATI, July 10.—It was after 2 a. m. when the Grand Lodge of the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks completed the installation of officers and adjourned to meet in Minneapolis in July, 1897.

While the governing laws have been changed in many respects, the old ritual was adopted in preference to the new one.

The following Grand Officers were elected: Exalted Ruler, Meade Detweiler of Harrisburg, Pa.; Grand Secretary, George Reynolds of Saginaw, Mich.; Grand Treasurer, S. A. Orris of Meville, Pa.; Esteemed Leading Knight, R. M. Allen of Birmingham, Ala.; Esteemed Loyal Knight, Lewis Houser of Newark, N. J.; Esteemed Lecturing Knight, C. M. Foote of Minneapolis, Grand Trustees—Jerome Fisher of Jamestown, N. Y.; Hunter A. Craycroft of Dallas, Tex.; George B. Cronk of Omaha; Court of Appeals—Thomas Turner of Canton, Ohio; Mann A. McHenry of Cumberland, Md.; Willard C. Vanderliss of Boston; Grand Esquire, Scott Holmes of Cincinnati.

HON. FRANK HURD. The Ohio Ex-Congressman Dies From Apoplexy.

TOLEDO (O.), July 10.—Hon. Frank H. Hurd, ex-Congressman, lawyer and one of the most prominent Democrats of Ohio, died here this morning after an illness of five days. The immediate cause of death was apoplexy.

Frank Hurd was born in Mount Vernon, Ohio, December 25, 1841. He was graduated in Kenyon College in 1858. After his admission to the bar he became County Prosecuting Attorney in 1863, and a State Senator in 1866. In 1874 he was elected Representative in Congress as a Democrat from Ohio and served one term, being defeated in 1876. He was again elected in 1878 and 1882, but was defeated in 1880 and 1888. Hurd had been conspicuous as an active advocate of free trade doctrines. He codified the criminal laws of Ohio in 1868.

Professional Assurance. Dr. A., who prides himself on his powers of diagnosis, was called in to see a lady. "I see that you are ailing," he said at once observed with a knowing smile. "Slight attacks of indigestion and nervous instability."

"Sir—"

"Allow me to finish. Your constitution is out of order."