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OAK PARK AGENCY-At A. F. Baker's grocery, corner Thirty-fourth street and Sacramento avenue. THE WEEKLY UNION (12 Pages). In the cheapest and most desirable Home, News and Literary Journal published on the Pacific Coast.

These publications are sent either by Mail or Express to agents or single subscribers with charges prepaid. All Postmasters are agents. The best advertising mediums on the Pacific Coast.

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Special Agencies. This paper is for sale at the following places: E. P. Fisher's, room 21, Merchants' Exchange, California street; the principal News Stands and Hotels and at the Market-street Ferry, San Francisco.

LOS ANGELES-Eclectic Book Store, corner Second and Main streets. SAN DIEGO-Emmett & Co., 800 Fifth street. CORONADO-Hopkins & Cox, Coronado Hotel.

SANTA BARBARA-Hassinger's News Depot. FRESNO-C. T. Cooley, 1111 J street. SANTA CRUZ-Clearer Bros.' News Depot.

Also for sale on all trains leaving and coming into Sacramento. Eastern Business Offices. "The Tribune" Building, New York City. Western Business Office, "The Roostery," Chicago.

The S. C. Beckwith Special Agency, sole agents for foreign advertising. Weather Forecast. Northern California-Fair Tuesday; fresh northwesterly winds on the coast; light variable winds in the valleys.

THE SENSIBLE PLAN. The radical silver men who will have nothing but the moon and insist upon its immediate delivery, are not able thus far to point an error in the proposition advanced in these columns to increase the volume of silver money.

It is a plan wholly within the province of Congress to accomplish, and there is nothing in it that the Republican party may not carry out without departing one iota from the declarations of its platform.

Believing in the widest possible use of silver as a medium of exchange, we hold that without radical change or any disturbance in commerce, or causing any uneasiness in business, the Congress of the United States may, and that the Republican party will stand forward in support of such a plan as this, namely, make all kinds of silver coinage legal tender to the full extent of \$50.

Direct that there shall issue no bills of gold or any coinage of gold, or any paper based on gold for a sum less than \$20. Coin all the bullion in the Treasury of the United States.

Thus we would have silver currency in all plenitude, gold would issue to the needs of commerce, and in denominations that would confine it mainly to commercial uses; silver would be the medium for about all domestic purchases, and thus we would put into circulation four or five hundred millions of dollars in silver.

The creation of a silver note for \$20 would be a useful and feasible part of such a financial adjustment. Under such a system there would come no harm to any interchange of commerce, and effort would not be paralyzed, but promoted, to secure by international agreement true bimetalism.

The decent and the fearless press has nothing to conceal and no offenses to omit from rebuke. It never allows its passions and its prejudices to lead its judgment.

But the San Francisco "Examiner" has so long and industriously catered to the criminal and the lawless elements and has so much cultivated contempt for authority and the rights of the people as against the lawless, that it is practically committed to approval of whatever the hoodlum element of San Francisco does.

The San Francisco "Examiner" was silent on Sunday morning concerning the outrageous conduct of that city the night previous, which it has so industriously cultivated and encouraged to acts of lawlessness.

A lawful and respectable parade of good citizens was announced for that night through the streets of the metropolis, and when it came to take place it was met by the lawless and vicious elements with jeers, hootings, crowding and personal assaults; the ornaments of the vehicles were torn off and destroyed largely, and the jostling, the crowding, the vile language and the jeering, were such that the procession was practically broken up and its effect destroyed.

The ladies in the line were by their escorts withdrawn at Eighth and Market streets, and long before the procession reached that point large numbers engaging in it left the line and returned to their homes because of the violent and insulting treatment they received.

Finally, after the procession passed, the hoodlums not being satisfied with their work used paving blocks from the street in attempts to derail street cars, to break windows and batter peaceable and innocent men, women and children, not a few of whom were bruised and wounded. It became necessary to call in large bodies of police and to order the club exercise before the riotous demonstration could be suppressed.

And this was the logical result of the preaching of the San Francisco "Examiner" and some other of its sensational contemporaries engaged daily in catering to the lawless spirit, and the stimulation of bad blood. As the "Examiner"

hand was against the officers of the law and opposed to order and peace in 1894, so to-day it is not less the conservator and apologist of the vicious. That the paper is conscious of this truth is deducible from its utter silence on Sunday morning concerning the outrages of Saturday night, though many of the vicious acts took place within a stone's throw of its office.

The people have but a very short time now in which to thoroughly inform themselves concerning the proposed outfall drain that is to be voted on in a few days. The "Record-Union" has made thorough examination in detail, and exhaustively of the plan, the necessity for it, its feasibility and its cost. It has advised with engineers and officials, and has applied its own knowledge of sewer systems and drainage plants, and it is convinced of three things. First, that the necessity for an outfall drain to take care of storm waters is very great, and that in its absence the city is in danger, not only of being mulcted in heavy damages, but that a large portion of the property of the people will be subject to damage the coming winter, since the discharges available heretofore are now all closed against the city save one, which is wholly inadequate. Second, that the system proposed is not a sewerage system, but a drainage plan to enable the present sewer system to free itself of storm waters and of all liquid food, and that it will not in any way militate against the adoption of the proper sewerage system hereafter, but will, in fact, facilitate it. Third, that the cost compared with the benefits and protection is really trifling, and should not for an instant cause any citizen to hesitate to cast his vote with the cross stamped opposite to the word "Yes."

The sensationalists in this campaign appear to have blinded themselves to every issue save one, and that the lesser. This is said with entire knowledge of the alleged importance of the financial question. But the effort to put to one side the matter of protection will not succeed. It involves issues affecting every wage earner in the land, every wheel of industry now idle that should turn; every activity that needs energizing; every investment upon which the key is turned because of foreign competition; every work that is paralyzed by the opposed power of foreign cheap labor. The Republican party has had the courage to renew its pledges on these matters and advance the standard of protection as the greater one of the campaign. It has not ignored the other issues; it has spoken reasonably, sensibly, honestly upon the money question and declared its position so plainly that none can mistake it. It favors as large use of silver money as is needed, to the utmost, but it realizes that by international agreement recognition of this use can be best secured, without disarrangement and paralysis of the commerce of the country. It is not opposed in the meanwhile to such local domestic adjustments as can be effected, and one of these the "Record-Union" has outlined as feasible and meeting all the needs until bimetalism by international agreement can be had, and to secure which the party has pledged itself to diligently labor.

The Republican party stands in this year 1896 for the return of prosperity under the restoration of the protective policy and the vitalizing of the reciprocity system. It stands forward, too, as the party of all others that is most devotedly attached to American institutions, the Constitution and the laws, peace, order and good government. It has not a dozen or so solms buzzing in its bonnet. It is not plagued with a host of theories and patent machines, and schemes for bettering the institutions of freedom and the Constitution of the fathers of liberty. It is four square for the republic as opposed to all the new-fangled and vain ideas of better forms of government. It stands all around invincible for financial soundness, good credit abroad, honest payment of debts, no repudiation under any guise, and for personal prosperity and all other human rights guaranteed under the charter of liberty.

Let us fancy for one moment what sort of a Government we would have with a Democratic President and a half and half Democratic and Populist Cabinet.

Many a nervous woman sits up all the night and tries to read herself sleepy. Nine to one she don't accomplish her purpose. Nine to one, she gets more and more nervous. The slightest sound strikes terror to her heart. The dark corners of the room contain a thousand frights. She doesn't know what she is afraid of, but she is afraid, actually, honestly, nervously, abjectly afraid. Healthy women are not cowards. If a woman is nervous and sleepless and afraid of the rustle of her own dress, there is something the matter with her. The most delicate nerves in her body are set on edge by weakness or disease. Nine-tenths of the nervousness, irritability and bad temper in women is merely a symptom of ill health; ill health of the delicate and sensitive organism that makes her a woman. If she is overworked, or over-worried, the effect will show itself there first. There is no use taking harmful and deadly narcotics for nervousness and sleeplessness. It will leave the body in a worse condition than it was before. The way to effect a cure is to cure the cause. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will do it. It has cured tens of thousands of cases of female weakness and nervousness. It is a most wonderful and invigorating nerve or nerve food. It brings sound and healthy sleep and restores the glow and bloom of health. It is the only medicine now before the public for women's peculiar ailments, adapted to her delicate organization by a regularly graduated physician-an experienced and skilled specialist in these maladies. It cannot do harm in any condition of the system. Its sales exceed the combined sales of all other medicines for women.

The story of its discovery and its wonderful success is told in one part of Doctor Pierce's great thousand page book, "Common Sense Medical Adviser," which will be sent free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay for mailing and postage. Dispensary Medical Association, No. 643 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS.

SYLLABI. (S. F., No. 44-Department One-Filed July 22, 1896.)

Louise Heick, respondent; Peter O. Minor, appellant. Action against sureties of a Notary Public to recover damages caused by false or fraudulent certificate of acknowledgment. Affirmed. The effect of an unqualified reversal is to remand the cause for a new trial. When a notary certifies that the mortgagor duly acknowledged the execution of a mortgage which, in fact, is a forgery, the measure of damages, in an action against the notary or his sureties brought by one who has parted with the value on the faith of such certificate, is the amount which would be the value of the mortgage if genuine. The value of a mortgage is the amount which can and will be collected thereon, and it matters not whether that amount is obtained by a sale of the mortgaged premises or by the enforcement of a deficiency judgment. When it appears that the plaintiff, had the mortgage been genuine, would have been able to collect the whole amount named therein, he is entitled to recover that amount without regard to the value of the mortgagor's interest in the mortgaged property.

The rule of the law of the case only applies when, on a subsequent trial, the issues and the facts found remain substantially the same. (Crim. 108-Department One-Filed July 22, 1896.)

People, appellants, Wm. W. de Winton, respondent. Appeal by the people from order arresting judgment upon a conviction of arson. Order affirmed. In charging arson it was always necessary at common law to aver the ownership of the building in another. And such is the rule in this country where not changed by statute. For this purpose one in possession or occupancy of the building at the time of the offense was deemed the owner; but it was essential that this should be averred and shown to be other than the defendant. Sections 447 and 452 of the Penal Code must be so construed. (S. F., No. 177-Department Two-Filed July 22, 1896.)

John Chetwood, Jr., respondent; California National Bank et al., defendants; R. P. Thomas, appellant. Action to recover moneys lost through negligence. Reversed, with directions to the trial court to enter judgment in favor of the defendant Thomas. The complaint charged joint negligence of three directors. The findings showed that President Thomas was negligent, not with the other defendants and as a member of the Executive Committee, but that he was individually and separately negligent in the performance of his duties as President. But this is not the cause of action pleaded against him, and it is well settled that, where the case made by the findings is a different case from that presented by the pleadings, the judgment will be reversed. The relief decreed must be the relief sought, and the variance, even if it be such as could have been remedied by amendment, is fatal to the validity of the judgment.

Where a joint action is brought against two or more for trespass done, and all are held liable, the judgment must be for joint damages. All legal consequences of a joint judgment must follow. Each is liable for all the damages which the plaintiff has sustained, without regard to their different degrees of culpability, and a release to one discharges all. (S. F., No. 214-Department Two-Filed July 22, 1896.)

John W. Mackay and R. V. Day, executors of the will of Theresa Fair, deceased, appellants; City and County of San Francisco, respondent. Action to recover taxes paid under protest. Article XIII, Section 1 of the Constitution of 1879, not only provides that all property shall be taxed, but defines the word "property," and expressly includes bonds in that definition.

Debts owing by corporations, like debts by individuals, are not property of the debtors in any sense; they are obligations of the debtors, and only possess value in the hands of the creditors. With them they are property, and in their hands they may be taxed. Unless restrained by provisions of the Federal Constitution, the power of the State as to the mode, form and extent of taxation is unlimited, where the subjects to which it applies are within her jurisdiction.

Section 3617 of the Political Code, as amended in 1895, contains inserted after the word "bonds" in the first subdivision, the words "except of railroad or other quasi public corporations." Held, that if the Constitution did not require the taxation of the bonds of railroad and other quasi public corporations the amendment in question was wholly unnecessary; and if the Constitution did require such bonds to be taxed it was not in the power of the Legislature to exempt them.

(S. F., No. 274-Department Two-Filed July 22, 1896.) Bank of California, plaintiff; J. L. Mott Iron Works, defendant and respondent; S. A. Monsarrat, defendant and appellant. Action over title to cash deposit in the hands of the plaintiff concern. Reversed. The defendant respondent claimed to have levied an attachment and so garnished the money in the hands of the plaintiff. The record in the case shows no evidence of any writ of attachment ever being used or served. The appellant's assignor was in possession of the negotiable note, sent it to the plaintiff bank for collection and had the amount placed to his credit. He was, therefore, prima facie the owner of the note. (Crim., No. 74-In Bank-Filed July 23, 1896.)

In the matter of W. R. Dalley on habeas corpus. Contempt of Court. Petitioner discharged. While the Superior Court could not enjoin or prohibit beforehand the future production of a certain play in a theater, it does not follow that the court could not have levied an attachment upon the petitioner for having produced such a play. Therefore, the assumption by counsel on both sides that the discharge of the petitioner should legally follow the decision of the appellate court in Dalley vs. Superior Court, San Francisco, No. 209, is erroneous. But as counsel stipulate for the discharge, the Supreme Court will not further consider the case. (S. F., No. 109-Department Two-Filed July 23, 1896.)

Samuel J. Murphy, plaintiff; Columbus Waterhouse, defendant and appellant; Pacific Bank, intervenor and respondent. Promissory note. Reversed. When two persons address a lawyer as their common agent, their communications to the lawyer, so far as concerns strangers, will be privileged, but as to themselves, they stand on the same footing as the lawyer and either can compel him to testify against the other as to their negotiations. And this rule is the same when the witness is attorney for only one of the contracting parties. In a civil case it is error to tell the jury that there must be evidence sufficient to "convince their minds" of any fact necessary to be shown by either party. The weight of evidence or preponderance of probability is sufficient to establish a fact in a civil case. ONCE LIVED HERE.

Biscaccianti, the Songstress, Who Died the Other Day. Madame Biscaccianti, the once brilliant opera singer, who died in Paris the other day, was once an inmate of a variety theater-called in those days "a melodeon"-in this city. She stood high in her profession when she landed in San Francisco, upward of thirty years ago. She had youth, beauty and a wonderfully sweet and well-cultured voice. Her success was great, but after a few years she took up with a noted sport of the city, and from the time forward her downfall was rapid. From the front rank of the world's vocalists she fell to the level of the beer garden and melodeon singers, and was soon an outcast. The telegraphic report of her death put her age at 72 years, but it is doubtful if she was more than 60, for she was young and fresh-looking when she arrived on the coast in the early sixties.

Daily Bicycle Drill. Every evening this week, from 7 to 8 o'clock, the members of the Capital City Wheelmen's Club will go through their evolutions at Agricultural Park. It is the desire of the club officials that the members attend these drills, in order that they may make a good showing at Stockton on the 9th. University Checks Signed. Governor Budd has signed University checks Nos. 21,199 to 21,350, both inclusive, aggregating \$18,538 13.

Pure blood is the safeguard of health. Keep your blood pure, rich and full of vitality by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and you will not need to fear the attacks of disease. Hood's Pills cure liver ills, constipation, jaundice, sick headache, biliousness. 25c. After a sleepless night, use Dr. Sieger's Angostur Bitters to tone up your system. All druggists.

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"RUSSIAN RAMBLES" by I. Haggood, contains the following statement: "Very few Russians wear anything but linen underwear, and foreigners who have been accustomed to wear flannels are forced to abandon them in Russia. The climate of Russia is known for its severity. Experience has taught the Russians that flannels weaken the skin and put those who wear them in constant danger of colds and pneumonia; hence, they clothe themselves in the safer and more trustworthy linen underwear."

AGENT FOR LINEN-MESH. OFFICIAL. Election Proclamation

NATIONAL BANK OF D. O. MILLS & CO. Sacramento, Cal., Founded 1850. DIRECTORS: D. O. MILLS, EDGAR MILLS, S. PRENTISS SMITH, FRANK MILLER, President, CHARLES F. DILLMAN, Cashier

Capital and Surplus, \$600,000. CALIFORNIA STATE BANK, SACRAMENTO. Does a General Banking Business. SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS.

OFFICERS: FREDERICK COX, President, JOSEPH STEFFENS, Vice-President, W. E. GERBER, Cashier, C. E. BURNEHAM, Assistant Cashier

DIRECTORS: GEO. W. PELTZER, FREDERICK COX, JOSEPH STEFFENS, PETER BOMI, ADOLPH HEILBRON, W. E. GERBER. SACRAMENTO BANK.

THE OLDEST SAVINGS BANK IN the city, corner Fifth and J streets, Sacramento. Guaranteed capital, \$200,000; paid up capital, gold coin, \$400,000; reserve fund, \$51,000; term and ordinary deposits, \$3,221,134 74; loans on real estate July 1, 1896, \$2,797,425 20. Term and ordinary deposits received. Dividends paid in January and July. Money loaned upon real estate only. Information furnished upon application to W. F. DOLEMAN, President. Ed. R. Hamilton, Cashier.

PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK, Sacramento, Cal. Paid up capital and surplus, \$310,000. DIRECTORS: Wm. Beckman, J. L. Huntton, Wm. Johnston, Geo. M. Hayton, Loans made on real estate. Interest paid semi-annually. Wm. Beckman, President. George W. Lorenz, Secretary.

FARMERS' AND MECHANICS' SAVINGS BANK, Fourth and J Streets, Sacramento, Cal. PAID UP CAPITAL, \$1,000,000. SURPLUS, \$563,005. DIRECTORS: Wm. H. Crocker, President, Wm. B. Hamilton, Vice-President, Wm. Johnston, Cashier, G. W. KLINE, Secretary, Wm. Beckman, J. L. Huntton, Geo. M. Hayton, Loans made on real estate. Interest paid semi-annually. Wm. Beckman, President. George W. Lorenz, Secretary.

LOANS MADE ON REAL ESTATE. Interest paid semi-annually on Term and Ordinary Deposits. B. O. STEINMAN, President, EDWIN K. ALLEN, Vice-President, D. H. WHITEHEAD, Cashier, C. H. CUMMINGS, Secretary, JAMES M. STEVENSON, Surveyor

CROCKER-WOOLWORTH NATIONAL BANK, Crocker Building, Market and Post Streets, San Francisco. PAID UP CAPITAL, \$1,000,000. SURPLUS, \$563,005. DIRECTORS: Wm. H. Crocker, President, Wm. B. Hamilton, Vice-President, Wm. Johnston, Cashier, G. W. KLINE, Secretary, Wm. Beckman, J. L. Huntton, Geo. M. Hayton, Loans made on real estate. Interest paid semi-annually. Wm. Beckman, President. George W. Lorenz, Secretary.

Those electors voting for said plan and for the ratification of the same shall mark an X opposite the word "Yes" and those voting against said plan and its ratification shall mark an X opposite the word "No." Upon said ballots will also be printed in relation to the matter of raising the money to carry out said plan the following words, to-wit: "For raising money to carry out the plan of drainage or sewerage by issuance of bonds; for raising money to carry out the plan of drainage or sewerage by direct taxation."

Those electors voting that the money required to carry out said plan shall be raised by the issuance of bonds shall mark an X opposite the words, "For raising money to carry out the plan of drainage or sewerage by issuance of bonds;" and those electors voting that the money required to carry out said plan shall be raised by direct taxation shall mark an X opposite the words, "For raising money to carry out the plan of drainage or sewerage by direct taxation."

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YES, WE ALL AGREE, MINERAL WATERS. In fact everybody agrees with us, that a firm like EAGLESON'S. Which employs hundreds of operators at the best wages paid, can well afford to put THE PICTURE OF ITS BIG FACTORY ANYWHERE IN CALIFORNIA, For it is the best California establishment in its line and is AT HOME nywhere in California, and furthermore, we are able to sell SHIRTS Cheaper than any other establishment in the entire State. JUST TRY US. Eagleson & Co. J AND SEVENTH STREETS. Branch House of San Francisco and Los Angeles. TTSsu

Bids for Printing the Great Register of Sacramento County. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT sealed bids will be received and opened by the Board of Supervisors of Sacramento County, at their office on I street, between Sixth and Seventh streets, Sacramento City, California, on THURSDAY, August 6, 1896, at 2 o'clock p. m., for printing the Great Register of Sacramento County for the general election of 1896 in form of precinct registers. Seven hundred and fifty copies of all the precinct registers bound together with printed paper cover, fifty single precinct registers with printed paper covers for each of the thirty-three precincts in the city of Sacramento, and twenty-five single precinct registers with printed paper covers for each of the thirty precincts outside of the city of Sacramento. Bidders must state price per name. The said board reserving the right to reject any or all bids. By order of said board.

Bids for Lighting the County Courthouse With Electricity. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT sealed bids will be received and opened by the Board of Supervisors of Sacramento County, at their office on I street, between Sixth and Seventh streets, Sacramento City, California, on THURSDAY, August 6, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., for lighting the County Courthouse with electricity. Bids require that connection be made to the system of wiring in the Courthouse, and furnishing necessary meters to regulate consumption of current registers in electric watts; meters to be conveniently placed that they may be read and inspected by a representative of the Board of Supervisors. Bidders must name a price for electric current by the thousand watts, such current to be furnished for a continuous day and night service during the entire year, the board reserving the right to reject any or all bids. By order of said board.

THE BEST If Anything NEW BREW. Is what you want in an article of food and drink. We recognize that fact and are proud to bring a beer to meet just that demand.

Buffalo Brewing Co., SACRAMENTO, CAL. Is a careful blend of the choicest malt and hops. It is thoroughly fermented, mellowed by age, exquisite in taste and of high aroma. These qualities not only make it the most palatable as a drink but also to the health-giving properties as well.

FLINT & CO'S Pacific Coast Clipper Line. For San Francisco and all Pacific Coast Ports. FROM NEW YORK-The Al Clipper Ship "Wm. H. Macy," Amesbury, Master. FROM SAN FRANCISCO-The Al Clipper Ship "A. J. Fuller," Colcord, Master.

BLACK DERBY HATS. Just now are neither fashionable nor comfortable. Why wear one when STRAW HATS are so natty and low priced at.

FRED TROUT'S, 302 J STREET.

AGENT FOR LINEN-MESH. OFFICIAL. Election Proclamation

NATIONAL BANK OF D. O. MILLS & CO. Sacramento, Cal., Founded 1850. DIRECTORS: D. O. MILLS, EDGAR MILLS, S. PRENTISS SMITH, FRANK MILLER, President, CHARLES F. DILLMAN, Cashier

Capital and Surplus, \$600,000. CALIFORNIA STATE BANK, SACRAMENTO. Does a General Banking Business. SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS.

OFFICERS: FREDERICK COX, President, JOSEPH STEFFENS, Vice-President, W. E. GERBER, Cashier, C. E. BURNEHAM, Assistant Cashier

DIRECTORS: GEO. W. PELTZER, FREDERICK COX, JOSEPH STEFFENS, PETER BOMI, ADOLPH HEILBRON, W. E. GERBER. SACRAMENTO BANK.

THE OLDEST SAVINGS BANK IN the city, corner Fifth and J streets, Sacramento. Guaranteed capital, \$200,000; paid up capital, gold coin, \$400,000; reserve fund, \$51,000; term and ordinary deposits, \$3,221,134 74; loans on real estate July 1, 1896, \$2,797,425 20. Term and ordinary deposits received. Dividends paid in January and July. Money loaned upon real estate only. Information furnished upon application to W. F. DOLEMAN, President. Ed. R. Hamilton, Cashier.

PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK, Sacramento, Cal. Paid up capital and surplus, \$310,000. DIRECTORS: Wm. Beckman, J. L. Huntton, Wm. Johnston, Geo. M. Hayton, Loans made on real estate. Interest paid semi-annually. Wm. Beckman, President. George W. Lorenz, Secretary.

FARMERS' AND MECHANICS' SAVINGS BANK, Fourth and J Streets, Sacramento, Cal. PAID UP CAPITAL, \$1,000,000. SURPLUS, \$563,005. DIRECTORS: Wm. H. Crocker, President, Wm. B. Hamilton, Vice-President, Wm. Johnston, Cashier, G. W. KLINE, Secretary, Wm. Beckman, J. L. Huntton, Geo. M. Hayton, Loans made on real estate. Interest paid semi-annually. Wm. Beckman, President. George W. Lorenz, Secretary.

LOANS MADE ON REAL ESTATE. Interest paid semi-annually on Term and Ordinary Deposits. B. O. STEINMAN, President, EDWIN K. ALLEN, Vice-President, D. H. WHITEHEAD, Cashier, C. H. CUMMINGS, Secretary, JAMES M. STEVENSON, Surveyor