

WILLIAM J. BRYAN IN PENNSYLVANIA.

Appears Before Two Large Gatherings in the City of Philadelphia.

One of Which He Addresses at Length on the Silver Question.

His Voice Too Hoarse to Make a Second Speech, and the Democratic Nominee Retires to His Hotel After Acknowledging the Greetings of the Second Assembly He Was Billed to Address.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 22.—Five thousand people packed closely in the Academy of Music, with seating capacity of 3,200, heard William J. Bryan deliver the first of three addresses he was to make to Philadelphia audiences to-night.

Many thousands more swarmed in the streets outside the building. An enormous crowd remained for hours outside the Hotel Lafayette waiting to get a glimpse of the candidate. Equally great was the assemblage that thronged Broad and Wharton streets in front of the Southwestern Democratic Club to hear the last address of the evening.

In all Mr. Bryan's campaigning he never drew crowds of greater magnitude, and the Academy of Music was entirely inadequate for the principal demonstration. It was packed from floor to gallery. The doors had to be closed early in the evening, for the building would hold no more, and those inside were pressed together as tightly as could be.

But the throng inside the academy was as nothing in point of numbers compared to the packed masses in the streets. On Broad street, outside the Hotel Lafayette, a great crowd choked passage for more than an hour before Mr. Bryan left the hotel for the academy.

When Mr. Bryan left his rooms to enter his carriage several hundred men who had been held in check broke through the line of guards and rushed after him pell mell. The candidate was sent flying along the corridors without regard to dignity, pushed through a narrow doorway and raced to his carriage by way of the Sansome-street entrance, thus eluding the crowd on Broad street.

There was another crush at the academy, but Mr. Bryan was finally landed on the stage, looking very much like the center rush in a football game after attempting the flying wedge. Outside the academy was another mass of humanity, packed deep in Broad street and lapping over into the adjoining thoroughfares. It was a good-natured crowd, and seemed willing enough to be entertained by campaign orators, who spoke from trucks and other conspicuous places.

Mr. Bryan left Wilmington, Del., at 10:05 o'clock this morning and reached Chester, Pa., at 10:23. He made the trip in a special car attached to a regular train provided by the Chester Reception Committee. Senator Gray of Delaware, one of Mr. Cleveland's main supporters in the Senate, was on the train, and at Claymont came into Mr. Bryan's car. The candidate and Senator chatted together until Chester was reached. A large crowd received Mr. Bryan at the station. At Turner and Woodrow's Park Mr. Bryan was cheered by a good sized audience and made a brief speech. From the stand Mr. Bryan went to the Colonnade Hotel, where he held a reception, leaving afterward for Philadelphia.

A large crowd was waiting for Mr. Bryan's arrival in this city. As the candidate came down the platform with Chairman Curley and the City Committee the crowd cheered heartily, and Mr. Bryan bowed his thanks as he hurried toward his carriage. Mr. Bryan was driven to the Lafayette Hotel, which will be his headquarters while here. At the hotel was a delegation of about thirty from the New Jersey State Committee. Mr. Bryan was introduced to the delegation and then went to luncheon.

At 1:30 Mr. Bryan was taken by boat to Washington Park, a summer resort on the New Jersey side of the Delaware River, where he spoke this afternoon.

It was late when Mr. Bryan reached the Academy of Music. A wave of enthusiasm swept through the overcrowded auditorium as he appeared. Almost every sentence Mr. Bryan uttered was followed by loud cheers. He spoke in part as follows: "The gold standard papers ask why I come to Pennsylvania. I have nothing to conceal. I come to secure, if possible, the electoral vote of the State of Pennsylvania. If you withhold that vote, I come upon another mission. That is to tell the people of Pennsylvania that the agitation for free silver will never cease until the gold standard is driven back to England. You say the craze is dying out. You may apply to it such epithets as you will, but the silver cause will not die, because truth never dies. You ask why I know this cause is true. I could give many reasons, but one is sufficient, that every enemy of good government is against it. You know a cause as you know an individual—by the company it keeps. Our cause appeals to the masses, because they are interested in effectual laws. Our cause is opposed by those who want to use the Government for private gain, because we are opposed to a government constituted for such purposes.

"I come to proclaim to you the gospel described by the name of your city, and yet you say you will give 100,000 majority against the doctrine. (A voice, "No.") I come to defend financial independence in a city which declared national independence more than 100 years ago. The issue raised now was raised then. People then said we could not get along unless some foreign nation looked after us. Some to-day stand in the same position. Mr. Bryan presented the various platforms from 1841 to 1896, and continued: "The record is clear. The Democratic party has never declared for a gold standard and no man in office ever asserted a gold standard after he was elected unless he betrayed the people who elected him. (Applause.) I deny the right of any public servant to hold office upon a platform and then abandon it after he is elected. I was reared in a different school of Democracy. When I find my conscience will not permit me to carry out a platform on which I am elected I will resign and let some other man hold the office. That is the record of the Democratic party, and I stand here not only as the regular nominee, but as representing principles which have been Democratic from the time there was a Democratic party. Our opponents tell us I am radical. I am a conservative. The gold bugs, who think I am radical, have joined with the Populists of Texas, who think I am not radical enough. I believe in law and order. I do not believe any man, small or great, should be permitted to defy the law.

"You can find men who were talking for free coinage three months ago who will tell you they are in a position where they cannot say anything. They have a note at the bank and cannot pay it just now, and they are not at liberty to advocate what they believe, for fear the note will be called in and the Sheriff will close them. This Government has either got to be run in the interest of the people, or else has got to be robbed in the interest of a few syndicates. Anybody who enjoys being robbed ought to fall desperately in love with the Republican party, because it means to continue the same sort of thing which they have had for more than four years. I feel it my duty to defend the Administration to this extent—that it is simply carrying out the policy of the preceding Republican Administration, and applying that policy to a little more aggravated condition.

"We are not going to change the size of the silver dollar or the gold dollar, but we propose that any man who owes a debt shall be able to pay it in either gold or silver. We are not going to say that contracts already made under the present law, which permits contracting against silver, shall be changed, but we are going to say that hereafter no man shall be permitted to rob the people, to monetize what the Government makes legal tender. We have laws saying a man cannot collect more than a certain rate of interest. In these contracts men do not always stand upon an equal footing, and then the Government steps in to protect the weaker from having his rights trespassed upon. If it is right to say no man shall be permitted to collect no more than a certain rate of interest, it is right for the Government to say when it has declared a certain kind of money is legal tender that no man shall write a contract saying that that law is a lie."

Mr. Bryan did not speak at the overflow meeting in front of the Academy of Music, as was expected, but went direct to Broad and Wharton streets, where 15,000 people were congregated. Mr. Bryan acknowledged the greetings of the assembly and stated that he was too hoarse to address them. He then retired and was driven to his hotel.

STABBING AFFRAY.

Result of Two Men Quarreling Over a Smoking Pipe.

SAN JOSE, Sept. 22.—Carlos Mariniello entered a saloon here to-day and pleasantly accosted B. Nicoletti, sat down near him. The men had a few drinks together and seemed to be on the best of terms. First one treated and then the other "set 'em up." After drinking a while a smoke was proposed, but as only one pipe could be found each man wanted it. Nicoletti got the pipe and said something to the other which angered him. Without a word of warning he drew a knife and plunged it into Nicoletti. He stabbed him several times before bystanders interfered and disarmed him. A hasty examination was made of the wounds and the surgeons pronounced them serious, though not necessarily fatal.

Death of a Minister.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 22.—Rev. M. F. Colburn, pastor of Grace Methodist Episcopal Church, died this morning from paralysis of the brain. He has been in the State fifteen years, and was formerly Presiding Elder of San Diego District of his church. He also resided in Oakland and Los Angeles, serving as pastor of leading churches.

Supposed to be Holden's Accomplice.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 22.—Gus Devine, who is not unknown to the police, was arrested this morning in a saloon on Post and Dupont streets. He was taken to the city prison and booked en route for Sacramento. Devine is supposed to be the accomplice of Frank Holden in the diamond robbery at Sacramento last Friday evening.

Highest of all in Leavening Strength.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

ROW IN THE NEW YORK DEMOCRATIC CAMP.

Efforts to Force Thatcher, Nominee for Governor, Off the Ticket.

Tammanyites Declining to Support His Candidacy.

Meeting of the State Committee, at Which Senator Hill, Who Attends as a Proxy, Protests Against Thatcher's Withdrawal, and Takes Occasion to Denounce the Chicago Platform.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—A meeting of the Democratic State Committee was held at the Hoffman House to-night. The oppositor to John Boyd Thatcher was more pronounced than had been foreshadowed early in the day, and when it became known that Senator Hill was to attend on a proxy the interest increased. Chairman Danforth arrived at the hotel soon after 8 o'clock, and at a quarter to 9 the senior Senator of New York went into the meeting-room. After a conference between Messrs. Hill, Danforth, John C. Sheehan and Norton Chase, the committee was formally called to order and the doors closed.

So much time was taken up in deciding contests over seats of the representatives from Kings, Niagara and Monroe Counties that it was past 10 o'clock when the real business was reached. The rumors of the day that Tammany would not support the State ticket unless Thatcher declined the gubernatorial nomination were followed by a joint protest of other organizations, which was handed to the committee for consideration.

The contest between the supporters and opponents of Mr. Thatcher was precipitated by a resolution offered by John B. Shea, in substance as follows: "Resolved, That we heartily request that John B. Thatcher withdraw from the candidacy for the Governorship, so that the State Committee may be enabled to select a candidate in perfect accord with the platform adopted by the Democratic Convention at Chicago."

Senator Hill at once took the floor in opposition to the resolution, making a earnest appeal to have Mr. Thatcher retained. His remarks occupied forty minutes, and it was after 11 o'clock when Senator Thomas F. Grady took the floor. Mr. Grady was equally emphatic in urging the withdrawal of Mr. Thatcher, so that a candidate earnestly favoring free coinage may be substituted.

Following Senator Grady Messrs. John M. Carlisle and Charles M. Bulger made short speeches to the resolution, and it was midnight when Senator Hill again took the floor for the second time in the effort to prevent action looking to the withdrawal of Mr. Thatcher. Senator Hill said in part that the people did not understand the money question. He had heard men talking with all the eloquence of statesmen on the subject which they knew nothing about. He called it suicidal for the Democratic party of this State to accept the silverite principle. He would rather see the party dead and buried than see it damned by such insane conduct. He said the committee had not power to remove Mr. Thatcher from the ticket. The adoption of the resolution, he said, would be political cowardice.

"The leaders," he declared, "are trembling in their boots. Every man of unerring sense and intelligence in the Democratic party has taken to the right side on this money question by refusing to support the free coinage of silver. There is altogether too much Populism in the Democratic national platform. Had it come to this that the Democratic party must take its principles from the silverites? Who is the silverite? Is it the people or the Democratic party?" The object of these silverites is to drive to the rear the old party leaders and have new men run the movement. The movement is controlled and pushed forward by mine-owners.

Continuing, he said: "Do not be afraid of your own shadow. It is probably true that a great many of the laboring people are in favor of free silver, but they are in the minority and do not properly understand the subject. While Governor of this State I never refused my signature to any bill in the interest of the laboring man. Who dares to say that I am not yet a friend to the laboring man, and would protect his interest with all my power. The leaders of Tammany Hall are afraid of the laboring people, but they do not properly understand them.

"The effort to nominate a Silver candidate for the Governorship of this State is an endeavor to elect Mr. Black Governor. Cannot the masses continue to trust us leaders, or have they become too suspicious of our good faith? Why should I or Mr. Thatcher accept every Democratic platform. I am opposed to we going to allow a mine-owner of the West to come here and educate the people in a matter of politics? Men who have offered their lives in the interest of the party are now called traitors for refusing to accept everything in the Democratic platform. I am opposed to the insane ideas which the people, the Silverites, have tried to force on the party."

Senator Hill spoke for over half an hour, and walked about the room gesticulating as he talked. When he finished Senator Grady arose and began another reply.

At 1:45 o'clock this (Wednesday) morning the committee finally adjourned, after adopting the substitution for the Shea resolution offered by B. J. York of Kings County. The vote was in favor of the latter by 46 to 2, and the resolution was as follows:

Resolved, That the Chairman of this meeting appoint a committee of five to notify the candidates of the State ticket of their nomination, and report back to a meeting of this committee to be held Monday evening, September 23.

After the meeting it transpired that Senator Hill had spoken five or six times. Members who had been present expressed the opinion that following the action of the committee to-night Mr. Thatcher would feel constrained to decline the gubernatorial nomination.

DEMOCRATIC HEADQUARTERS. Reports There All Favorable to the Election of Bryan.

CHICAGO, Sept. 22.—The Silver Republican leaders, Senator Frank Cannon of Utah and Congressman Hartman and Shafroth, were at Democratic national headquarters to-day conferring with Chairman Jones. One of the subjects discussed was the Idaho situation. The Silver Republicans and Senator Jones are in accord as to affording all the Democratic assistance possible to Senator Dubois to insure his return to the Senate. The calling of the Silver Republican Convention of Idaho to meet again is taken to mean that an agreement has been reached on a basis of fusion. The fusion State ticket will then be the only one in the field except the McKinley Republican, and the way will be made as clear as possible for the re-election of Senator Dubois. The Silver Republicans and fusionists have Silver Electors.

Campaign Committeeman Johnson said he talked with the editor of the McKinley Republican paper in Boise City when he was in Idaho recently, and the editor admitted that out of the 2,000 votes which would probably be cast McKinley would not get more than 3,000.

Chairman L. A. Rossing of the Democratic Committee of Minnesota was at headquarters. He declared there was no combination which could beat Bryan, taking the vote of two or four years ago as a basis. He said in 1894 the Democrats who are now against Bryan voted for Knute Nelson, the Republican candidate for Governor, because it was a choice of seeing him or a Populist elected. Therefore, the Republicans would not make any gains from the Democrats over that year. Then the Republican silver defunct must be taken as a clear loss, while the Democrats fused with the Populists. On this showing he was confident Bryan would carry the State.

Ex-Senator Doolittle of Wisconsin, W. O. Bailey of Indiana and F. B. Hemphill of Tennessee also called to see Chairman Jones, and report successful prospects in their States.

CZAR AND CZARINA. Now the Guests of Queen Victoria, at Balmoral.

LEITH, Sept. 22.—The Russian imperial yacht Standart, with the Czar and Czarina on board passed Bass Rock at 8 o'clock this morning, moving slowly on account of the fog. The Czar and Czarina, with their suites, were transferred from the Standart to a local steamer, which conveyed them to the jetty where they landed and took carriages to the railway station en route for Balmoral. The Prince of Wales, the Duke of Connaught and Lord Rosebery arrived from Dalmeny Park, Lord Rosebery's seat in Lincathgshire, and took carriages to the jetty, where they embarked on board a steamer and went out to the Standart to meet the Czar and Czarina. The Prince of Wales boarded the Standart and greeted the Russian Emperor and Empress, remaining on board the yacht for some time.

The Czar and Czarina and Prince of Wales received an ovation as they landed at the jetty, where the party entered carriages. Before going to the station where the Queen's special train awaited them, the Czar and Czarina were driven to the Tower Hall. The Lord Provost of Edinburgh presented them with an address welcoming them to Scotland.

AT BALMORAL.

BALMORAL, Sept. 22.—The special train which conveyed the Czar and Czarina from Leith arrived here at 7 o'clock this evening. After greetings of the party entered the royal carriages, each of which was drawn by four horses, and escorted by a detachment of dragoons, started for Balmoral. When their majesties entered the royal demesne they were met by the Queen's servants, wearing kilts and bearing lochaber, axes and torches. This scene was most striking and picturesque, as the party were conducted along the heavily wooded avenue leading to the main entrance of the Queen's highland residence. Here her majesty received her guests. Affectionate greetings were exchanged and short conversations were indulged in, after which the imperial guests were escorted to the apartments set aside for their use.

Bombs Discussed at Constantinople.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 22.—The artillery department of the War Office has on exhibition 170 Armenian bombs from five to nine inches in length, which were discovered in this city.

Senatorial Nomination.

PLACERVILLE, Sept. 22.—The Democratic Joint Senatorial Convention of Placer and El Dorado Counties met here to-day and nominated T. W. Chapman. The Joint Populist Central Committee met here and endorsed the nomination. Chapman is Superintendent of the Taylor mine.

Wood vs. Metal.

Hard steel, states Dr. R. H. Thurston, weights 490 pounds per cubic foot, and a rod one inch square sustains 78,000 pounds; cast iron weighs 444 pounds, and supports 16,500 pounds per square inch, and aluminum weighs 168 pounds, and has a tenacity of 23,000 pounds. Ordinary woods are ten or twelve times as bulky as steel. Weight for weight, some woods are stronger than steel, a bar of pine just as heavy as a bar of steel one inch square holding up 125,000 pounds, the best ash 175,000, and some hemlock, 200,000 pounds.

The Nonpareil

SILK SURPRISES.

Never in the history of the silk business has there been such values. \$1 Black Brocaded Gros-grain Silks, in a dozen large handsome designs, at 75c a yard. Such a lot of Fancy Changeable Taffetas, in stripes and brocades, many of them worth \$1 and \$1 25 a yard. Your choice from fifty pieces at 75c a yard.

COTTON BLANKETS, 75c a Pair.

Two hundred pairs Gray Cotton Blankets, made by American mills. They have fancy bright borders, 10-4 size, medium-weight. Many prefer these light-weight Blankets to Comforters. We have both, however, but think if you see the Gray Cotton Blankets that you will thank us for the hint.

FLANNELETTES, 7c a Yard.

Five thousand yards first quality Flannelettes, the 10c grade, in splendid patterns, both light and dark. They're for shirting, wrappers and children's wear. You will want some later on. The price should induce you to buy now.

VEILINGS.

Nothing that's right and stylish in Veilings is lacking from the stock we have gathered. Days spent in getting together this line. Dozens of new meshes and scattered dots and, best of all, at prices much less than you expect to pay. Black Fish Net, spotted, 18 inches wide, 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c and \$1 a yard. Black Fish Net, plain, 40c and 65c a yard. Separate Veils, many different styles to choose from, with dainty lace edges, ranging in price from 45c to \$1 50 each.

Women's Underskirts, 50c Each.

Many customers surprised when they learn the price of them. They are simply the greatest value that has ever been shown in Underskirts. They are made in a dozen fancy colors, the body being either black, navy or cardinal, with Roman borders; warm and comfortable. To appreciate them you must see them.

Wasserman, Davis & Co., AGENTS FOR BUTTERICK PATTERNS. Corner Fifth and J Streets, Sacramento

CALF'S FOOT JELLY. I have just received from Reid, Lurdock & Co., Chicago, the following assorted flavors of Calf's Foot Jelly: Champagne, Rum, Cognac, Sherry, Madeira, Port Wine, Orange, Lemon and plain. Price, 50c per jar. These goods are strictly first-class. ROBERT D. FINNIE, Grocer, 721 J.

POPULISTS INDIGNANT. Say They Will Knife the Democratic Ticket, From Bryan Down.

WOODLAND, Sept. 22.—The fusion committee of the Democratic and Populist parties met last night to consider the proposition made by the latter party to combine on the county nominees. The Populists offered to give all the offices for the endorsement of their nominees for the Assembly. The meeting lasted until 2 o'clock this morning without coming to any agreement, and was one of the stormiest ever held in this county. At the session to-day the proposition was rejected. The Populists are indignant and declare they will knife the entire Democratic ticket from Bryan down.

STOCKTON RACES. A Moderate Sized Crowd at the Second day of the Fair.

STOCKTON, Sept. 22.—The second day of the fair saw a moderate-sized crowd in attendance at the track. Summaries: Special race, three in five, purse \$150. Fast won, Hazel second, Bell third. Best time—2:20. Five furlongs, selling, purse \$200. Castnet won, Tampa second, Tuxedo third. Time—1:02. Half-mile, maiden, two-year-olds, \$150. Greenleaf won, Kyle second, Sildell third. Time 0:49 1/2.

SHOT WHILE HUNTING. Serious Mishap to a Young Hunter at the Town of Loomis.

CHICO, Sept. 22.—This morning a young man named Frank Loomis started hunting. When in the suburbs of the town Loomis' shotgun was accidentally discharged, the whole charge of birdshot striking the instep of his left foot, tearing a hole completely through the foot. Loomis was quickly taken home and a physician summoned. An examination was made and the doctor decided that the foot could not be saved. It was amputated this afternoon.

A Footpad in El Dorado.

PLACERVILLE, Sept. 22.—William Irving of El Dorado, five miles from here, while returning home last evening about dusk, was followed and attacked by a footpad. Irving felled the robber with a rock, and ran to a neighboring house for help. The constable was sent for, and the unconscious road agent was conveyed to the Sheriff's office. He said his name was Charles Maguire. The Sheriff says Maguire answers the description of one of the men implicated in the recent attempted train robbery near Sacramento.

A Murderer Arrested.

NAPA, Sept. 22.—A man supposed to be the long-looked-for William Moore, who murdered Mrs. J. K. Greenwood of this county in February, 1891, has been arrested in Los Angeles. Sheriff McKenzie received a telegram from the Sheriff of Los Angeles County yesterday asking if the reward of \$2,250 for Moore's capture still held good. The answer was in the affirmative. To-day came another telegram from Los Angeles stating that Moore was under arrest there, and had confessed his crime.

Death of a Volo Citizen.

WOODLAND, Sept. 22.—John Allen, one of Yolo County's most highly respected citizens, died at his residence in Dunnigan to-day. He settled in this county in early days, and has been a resident ever since. He is survived by four sons and one daughter. Long Sentence for a Robber. MADERA, Sept. 22.—William Leverone, charged with the robbery of J. L. Ashley in April last, withdrew his plea of not guilty and substituted a plea of guilty, and was sentenced to forty-five years at Folsom.

SCHOOLS REOPEN OCT. 5th. We're The Headquarters For BOYS' Clothing. Single or Double Breasted SCHOOL SUITS \$1 00. THE CHAS. P. NATHAN COMPANY 604, 606, 608 J STREET.

A YANKEE WOMAN Kept a boarding-house in one of the New England towns. It so happened that a bridegroom and his bride from Tennessee were sojourning there for a few days. On Sunday morning they had codfish for breakfast. Someone passed the plate of them to the groom. He took one bite, and then settled him. He laid it down. The bride nudged him. He looked at her and said, "Honey," he said, "in a hoarse whisper, 'it's no use, I kaint eat that biscuit; there's something dead in it.'" So it is with bad cigars. Always smoke those nice, sweet, fragrant, aromatic, clear Havana FLOR DE ADAMS CIGARS and you won't be troubled with nausea.

SPECIAL TAN SHOE SALE 25 and 50 Cents on the Dollar. Ladies' Tan Ties sold regular at \$1.50, new styles, all sizes. Reduced to 75c. Ladies' Tan Ties sold regular at \$2.50, fine cloth tops, hand-turned soles, pointed toes, neat tips, all sizes. Reduced to \$1.35. Ladies' Tan Ties sold regular at \$3, \$3.50 and \$4, several pretty styles. Reduced to \$1.45, \$1.65 and \$2. THEY ARE ALL GREAT BARGAINS, EVEN IF YOU ONLY WANT THEM FOR HOUSE SHOES. Men's Tan Shoes sold regular at \$3, \$4 and \$5.00 reduced to \$1.50, \$2 and \$2.45. ALL NEW GOODS AND COMFORTABLE STYLES. GEISER & KAUFMAN STYLE LEADERS, 603 J St., Near Sixth, SACRAMENTO, CAL.