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Weather Forecast. Northern California—Generally fair Monday; somewhat warmer in the interior of the north portion Monday afternoon; brisk to high northerly winds.

THE NEXT CONGRESS. Though the largest community in the district and the Capital of the State, never before has Sacramento had a Representative in Congress chosen from among her citizens until Mr. Johnson was elected two years ago.

After all these years shall her people now consent that their choice be turned down after a single term. Stockton has been thrice honored by her citizens being selected, and now for the fourth time the opposition to the Republican party gives Sacramento the "go by" and again Stockton selects a Stockton man.

We submit that in the common nature of things this is discrimination favoring of unfairness. Local pride, therefore, alone should suffice to rally all voters in this county for Mr. Johnson, while San Joaquin County, which has been so much honored, can assuredly advance no cause for complaint.

But aside from this purely local consideration Mr. Johnson has been essentially a representative, not of Sacramento, but of all district interests. He has done just as much for one, put forth just as much energy and worked with just as good will for one section of the district as for another, and of this fact San Joaquin County will certainly bear witness.

He has been a Representative for the whole State, likewise. While we struggled fruitlessly for thirty years to secure the \$4,000,000 due from the Federal Government to this State for advances made in the time of the war of the rebellion, not until Representative Johnson took hold of the matter has anything really definite, and charged with the promise of success, been attained. He has that claim now so well won approval of his plan by the Treasury Department, that it is altogether likely we will win the point and see the sum paid over into the State Treasury that previous Representatives have failed to secure.

Governor McKinley is certain to be chosen President of the United States. Of that there can be entertained now no reasonable doubt. It is essential, therefore, that he shall be supported by a Congress in sympathy with him and the policy upon which he will go into office. It is then of first importance that the nominee of the Republican party shall be elected, and by such a majority as will clearly and unmistakably emphasize the will of the people. For the same reason every nominee of the party in every Congressional District in the State should be elected. The incoming Republican President must be backed by a Republican Congress.

There are evidences now that cannot be mistaken that the opposition, convinced of the hopelessness of electing Mr. Bryan, is bending all its energy to the task of capturing Congress. Indeed, it has been openly said by the organs of the opposition that if McKinley is chosen the doors of legislation will be closed against him, that whatever the outcome of the Presidential contest no pains must be spared to put an opposition majority in the halls of Congress.

NOT A MONOMETALLIC PARTY. In every speech Mr. Bryan asks, if the gold standard is a good one, why does the Republican party want to get rid of it? Therein he assumes without warrant. The Republican party is not for the gold standard alone, nor is it for silver or any other metallism. It is essentially a bimetallic party.

Read the Republican platform and see if possibly there can be extorted a single meaning from it that justifies the assumption that it is a monometallic party. On the contrary, the platform explicitly declares that it is opposed to

anything that will debase our currency or impair the national credit; that the party is opposed to the free coinage of silver except by international agreement with the leading commercial nations of the world; that it stands pledged to promote such agreement, and that until it is attained the present financial basis should not be disturbed; that all our silver and paper currency must be maintained at a parity with gold.

There is nothing in this to give the slightest reason for assuming that the party is monometallic, or that it is the enemy of silver coinage, or that it is not ready and solicitous to bring about such increase in the volume of silver currency as the needs of the people require.

It is opposed to unlimited, absolute and unrestricted free coinage of individual account, whereby a few dealers in and owners of silver bullion may profit at the expense of all the people. There is nothing, for instance, in the Republican platform opposed to any one of a dozen methods of procedure for keeping the volume of silver coin large enough for all domestic needs. There is nothing in the platform that antagonizes the present coinage of silver that is going on at the rate of two and a half millions a month.

There is nothing in the platform that will prevent the Republican party from considering and adopting the plan of action suggested in these columns, namely, that all the silver of the Government be coined into silver dollars; that all silver coinage of all denominations be made legal tender to the extent of \$50; that there be complete cessation of coinage of gold—no issue of paper based on gold—in denominations below the double eagle, \$20; that a silver note issue of the denomination of \$20 for convenience of handling.

Such a plan, while we are promoting what must come, and we believe speedily, international agreement, will settle the silver question permanently, will enlarge the volume of our silver currency to about \$750,000,000, make silver the domestic medium of exchange, and reserve to gold the mediumship for commercial exchange in dealing with foreign countries.

IS THE MAN RATTLED? A prominent expert in mental disease and monomania some days ago wrote to the New York "Times" declaring his belief in the assertion that Mr. Bryan's mind had become twisted and that he is dangerously near the line of monomania from dwelling so much upon one subject. The evidence sustaining this belief was given in much fullness, and in great detail. At the time we gave no thought to the matter further than to consider it an unfair, not to say disreputable slur, of which the author and the paper publishing it should be ashamed.

But we must confess that an expression of Mr. Bryan's reported by wire on Thursday as uttered at Chicago on Wednesday, raises the doubt as to his soundness. He said there, if correctly reported: "I expect to carry every State in the Union. The prospect seems encouraging to me. The number and enthusiasm of the crowds have surpassed my expectations. Nebraska will give me 25,000 majority. It has been the same everywhere. I have never seen anything like it. You should have seen the crowd at Boston. It was a most remarkable demonstration."

We can understand a circus manager talking this way. We can understand a young miss on her first journey abroad indulging in such language. But we cannot understand a sound man aspiring to be the chief magistrate of one of the great nations of the earth, and the foremost republic of the world, giving voice to such twaddle.

"Every State in the Union?" Could Mr. Bryan, if not mentally rattled, believe any such thing with the figures of the Vermont and Maine elections under his nose? Could a clear-headed man entertain such an idea with the managers of the party conceding Pennsylvania, all New England and likewise Wisconsin, while claiming Michigan on one side of that State and Iowa on the other, and all three agricultural and lumbering States peopled by about the same order of humanity?

Is it possible for level-headed men to mistake crowds for voting expression? Greeley in 1872 swung around the circle; and that wise old journalist was greeted by far greater "crowds" than Bryan has seen, for he was infinitely a greater curiosity, but the old philosopher was not so carried away by vanity as to fancy that the mere assemblage of people to see a noted man indicated that the people composing the crowds were all going to vote for him. Indeed, long before the campaign closed he reached the conclusion that his "crowds" had been altogether too large.

Of course Mr. Bryan has never seen such crowds. Why should he? Modest Nebraska country lawyers seldom have opportunity to see the American people turn out to view a curiosity, and if Mr. Bryan is not a curiosity then fancy falls to suggest one. If the "Boy" orator is not rattled and intoxicated with his own importance; if vanity has not unsettled good judgment, then the candidate is not nearly up to the intellectual level upon which he has been supposed to move, by even his opponents.

Under protection in the year 1890, as has been shown by the San Francisco "Chronicle" after laborious and careful compilation of the facts from the Assessor's reports, the business of that city aggregated in the value of its output \$119,575,650. In 1896 under the operation of Democratic tinkering with the tariff, the output amounted to but \$47,825,000. Yet Mr. Bryan declares protection to be a "crime." Under protection according to the McKinley schedule the employes in San Francisco factories in 1890 were 33,146. Under the manipulation of the House Committee of Ways and Means, of which Mr. Bryan was a member, the factory employes in San Francisco in 1896 are but 15,547. So, within five years or less, there were 14,000 operatives in San Francisco thrown out under the opera-

tion of the Gorman-Wilson bill. Yet, shouts Mr. Bryan, "you don't want protection, but free coinage at 16 to 1."

The Hercules cotton mills at Queretaro, Mexico, have closed down, throwing out 1,600 workers. These are the largest mills of the kind in the sister republic. What is the matter, over-production, or is there any relation between the fact and free silver and 53-cent dollar in Mexico? If the line of argument of the free coiners of the United States is logical, then the converse of what they claim is true, and to free silver the Queretaro mills owe their downfall. If with ordinary labor in the mills receiving only from 15 to 55 cents a day, and the highest skilled labor only 75 cents a day, and silver so plenty that it takes two Mexican dollars to buy an American one, cotton mills cannot run in Mexico, what—but it is useless to propound other conundrums.

"Coin" Harvey, the radical and intolerant, insulted the old soldiers in a speech up in Iowa and was hissed from the stage by their comrades. Served him right. Yet it was a rude thing to do. Mr. Harvey's right of free speech gave him the right to denounce the veteran Generals if he saw fit, so long as he did not libel them. But it is just a little too much to ask the old soldiers to sit silent while the men in blue who led them in many a charge to save the flag are lampooned, ridiculed and abused and their motives impugned. So the old soldiers are to be excused, though really they should not have given Coin Harvey, intolerant and half crazy, any opportunity to pose as a martyr.

The customs receipts from October, 1890, to September, 1892, inclusive, twenty-four months, under the McKinley law, were \$353,311,542. From September, 1894, to August, 1896, twenty-four months, under the Wilson law, for which Bryan voted, and which he helped to frame as member of the Ways and Means Committee, were \$315,673,426. Decrease under the "tariff for revenue only" \$37,638,116. And now we are running behind every month so rapidly that unless McKinley or some safe man of his order is given the helm of State we will strike the rocks of bankruptcy at an early day.

It is about time to cease talking of the crime of '73, since it has been shown that the bill so designated was pending nearly three years, was frequently referred and reported upon, was debated at great length and was voted for by the very men in Congress who are now denouncing it as a crime; and what is more, that it was not discovered for years that anybody had been "hurt" by the bill, not indeed until the silver mine owners hit upon the free coinage device for making silver mines pay well.

Altgeld has made four speeches recently, and in not one has he referred to Bryan. What's the matter? Is Altgeld mad because Bryan is afraid to name him in his speeches?

AH CHUNG'S FIRE. How He Propitiated Satan and Got Himself Into Jail.

Ah Chung yesterday afternoon visited the Celestial cemetery to attend to the spiritual welfare of a "cousin" who was gone but not forgotten. The latter was, so Chung thought, in danger of getting into the clutches of the evil one, and the only preventive was the lighting of a good big devil-fire over his grave.

With this commendable purpose Chung visited the cemetery, collected his materials, struck a match, and the people by his side were soon gratified—he had a "devil of a fire." The high wind which was blowing drove the flames into the long, dry grass, and before the progress of the fire was checked the flames had extended into Clarke's orchard and destroyed a number of valuable trees. George E. Kicks arrested Chung, and the latter now occupies a cell in the County Jail.

AT IT AGAIN. Mrs. Strathmeier Causes Her Husband's Arrest.

Charles C. Strathmeier is in trouble again. Last evening he was arrested by Captain of Police Ash at the instance of his wife, who informed the officer that Strathmeier had been amusing himself by beating her unmercifully.

Only a few weeks since Strathmeier was arrested on a like charge, and also on one of carrying a concealed weapon. He was warned by Justice Davis at that time that such conduct would not be endured, and this morning he will have the satisfaction of once again facing the Justice. That is, provided his wife swears to a complaint, as she asserted she would do.

To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Is it a Piano. You want? We have it and at the lowest prices ever offered in Sacramento. Call and see us and learn what can be done and how it is that we can save you \$100 to \$150 on a piano. Hammer's Music Store, 818 J street.

Five-Acre Tracts. The finest fruit land in the State is located at Florin, and as for terms, they are your own. Wiseman, 411 J street.

Dairyman Milk Cans. Seamless necks, extra heavy and very strong. See this can and get our price before purchasing. American Cash Store, Eighth and K.

Your scalp is scaly and looks bad; causes your hair to fall. Smith's Dandruff Pomade will cure you. Guaranteed by Washburne & Co., Eighth and J.

Spare ribs and tenderloin, enough for everybody, at very low prices. Mohr & Yeerk Packing Company.

Choice home-made taffy and molasses candy at McKee & Gropp's Eagle Confectionery, 826 K street.

Prescriptions reliably compounded at Green's new drug store, corner Seventh and K, Golden Eagle Hotel block.

Electric light fixtures and electrical supplies. Tom Scott, the plumber, 305 J.

Babies, Ladies, Children and Men have photos taken at Cutbirth's, 13th and K. If you want something new and novel in the line of cream or candy line, try Welch Bros., Ninth and J. Alex. Holmes, Photo Studio, 1308 10th.

VOICE OF THE PRESS. Expressions of Coast Newspapers in Brief, On All Shades of Political Belief and Upon Leading Topics of the Day.

Riverside Press: In the course of his speech last night Dr. Castle said that the ratio of silver to gold in China is 15 to 1, and in Europe 15 1/2 to 1, and under free coinage at 16 to 1 we should ship to foreign countries billions of dollars' worth of bullion, which would result in opening new mines and giving employment to thousands of idle men. Somebody in the audience remarked that this was a "clincher," and it certainly would have been if the doctor had favored his hearers with some explanation as to just how this dream would be realized. Our present ratio is 16 to 1 and why don't we ship a few billions of silver to China now? By what occult process will opening our mints to the silver of the world create a demand for "billions" of bullion in China, Japan and India?

CAMPAIGN FALSEHOODS. Los Angeles Express: As the campaign excitement becomes more intense the campaign falsehood becomes more conspicuous. Every voter of mature years will remember the cruel and malignant falsehoods that were sprung upon Garfield during the last days of that exciting canvass. They were run to earth before they had secured his defeat. But he probably lost some thousands of votes by these campaign lies.

The present canvass these campaign fictions have not yet become of a personal character; although the one which reported that Hanna had conceded Ohio to Bryan came very near this border line, and thus far may be set down as the largest campaign falsehood of the season. All the stunning reports about the tidal wave for Bryan are made to order. It is an old and crooked device which is made to do duty on the eve of a Presidential election, and which ought to be less effective this year than ever.

LIKE TO KNOW. Alameda Telegram: It would be instructive to know where Mr. Bryan acquired his reputation as an orator. Hitherto his speeches as reported are essentially commonplace and have none of the splendor of Colonel Baker, or S. S. Frenniss or Rufus Choate. In that respect he is inferior to John P. Irish. So far as we have read of his expression displaying any rhetorical brilliancy was in reference to a certain crown of thorns and a cross of gold, and that is said to have been borrowed and has been worked over until it became unmarketable. Mr. Bryan is undoubtedly a valuable and intermittent talker, and the same may be said of a young crow.

CATOR. Santa Cruz Sentinel: There is no dodging the conclusion that every man who votes for the Democratic-Populist nominees for the State Senate and Assembly, votes for T. V. Cator for the United States Senate. The Populist nominees are pledged to so vote, and the Democratic nominees are too wily to deny or admit the fact that they will vote for him. They know that if they admit they are for Cator they are doomed, and that if they deny it the Populists will know them under. Cator is for free trade and free silver, and for

THE REPUDIATORS. Kern Echo: When contemporary political history is written the Democratic party will be known as the party of repudiators. Within the past ten years it has on two occasions induced the people by false promises to repudiate the prosperity of protection for illusions of free silver, by which it offers the anarchist element of society the chance of repudiating half the honest debts of the American people. It is very apparent that there is no acrobatic feat in the science of government that the Democrats are not capable of.

A LESSON FROM EXPERIENCE. Riverside Press: When the silver purchase Act of 1878 was passed, it was the expectation of the friends of silver that the monthly purchase of from two to four million dollars' worth of American silver would absorb the product of the mines of this country and maintain the price of silver at about \$1.29 per ounce, the price needed to keep it at a parity with gold at the ratio of 16 to 1. The result was disappointing. The output of silver increased faster than the demand, and the price steadily went down.

In 1890 the second purchase Act was passed, directing the purchase of 4,500,000 ounces per month. While this bill was pending, on June 13, 1890, Senator Stewart of Nevada said in a speech before the Senate: "I think if we could buy and coin \$4,000,000 worth per month it would place silver so nearly on a parity with gold upon the ratio of 16 to 1 that everybody would be willing to take the final step, that all would say there was no longer a thing to be gained by silver. I think 4,500,000 ounces a month would certainly put silver to par."

Did that prediction prove true? Here is the bullion value of the silver dollar during the time this law was in force, up to its repeal during the panic of 1893: 1890, 93 cents; 1891, 83 cents; 1892, 74 cents; 1893, 65 cents. In the face of a monthly purchase of 4,500,000 ounces of silver by the Government, the price of silver bullion fell in three years so that the value of a dollar decreased nearly 30 cents. The Government purchased under the laws of 1878 and 1890 a quantity of silver, 470,210,900 ounces, which cost \$464,210,000, and is now worth \$308,164,000. Here was a loss of \$156,046,000 caused by an attempt to "extend the usefulness" of silver.

It is experience, not theory, and there is certainly nothing in this experience to justify the claims of the silver men that free coinage will keep silver at par.

IT HIT BARLEY. Visalia Delta: Under the last year of the McKinley tariff the exports of American barley amounted to 5,219,405 bushels, and in the succeeding year under the Wilson-Gorman tariff the barley exports fell to 1,563,754 bushels. At the same time our imports of barley increased from 791,061 bushels in the last McKinley year to 2,116,819 bushels in the first year of the Democratic tariff. It is still argued that a protective tariff does not protect the producer. But here we see how the Wilson-Gorman law cut the barley producers both ways—decreased the export of American barley and increased the imports of foreign barley to compete with the product of American farmers, thus causing a loss to the barley producers of this country in twelve months of \$2,121,494.

BANKERS. Fresno Republican: While the bankers who met in St. Louis were certain

OUR STOCK IS COMPLETE. Rubber Clothing for men and boys. Rubber Boots and Shoes for ladies, misses and children, men, youths and boys. Oil Clothing of every description. Albert Elkus

L. L. LEWIS & CO. SACRAMENTO, CAL. \$3 Will Buy a 16-inch BOX STOVE Like This. \$3 Did you ever see such a bargain? This is just what we are doing in the way of CUTTING PRICES on our line of Stoves and Ranges and Heating Stoves. Call and see us if you want BARGAINS in Stoves or any other goods. Send for Our 100-page 1896 Catalogue. L. L. LEWIS & CO., 502 and 504 J and 1009 Fifth Street.

of awful things to happen in case of Bryan's election, it is feared that the tears they shed were not for the dear people.—Examiner. Evidently the bankers are looking after their own interests, but it is an undeniable fact that they feel the pinch of hard times as quickly and severely as any other class. If they believed that free coinage would bring the universal prosperity that is predicted by its advocates nine-tenths of the bankers of the country would be for it. The bankers are just as liable to be mistaken as anybody else, but they are not opposed to free coinage because it will subvert their interests to have a continuation of hard times. There is not a bank in this State, for example, that has not suffered heavy losses on account of the existing depression.

NOTHING TO DO WITH IT. San Bernardino Index: The amount of money in circulation has nothing to do with fixing the value of products. Destroy all your money, every dollar of it, and your commodities will have the same value as they would have with a money circulation of a thousand dollars per capita. The only difference is you will have to exchange for other property instead of for money, which is property in its most concrete form, and hence the most convenient for general exchange.

FREE WOOL BRYAN. Amador Record: William J. Bryan, while a member of the House of Representatives, was outspoken in his advocacy of free wool; in fact, he was one of its leading champions. Being a member of the Ways and Means Committee, his opportunities for promoting the passage of the Wilson bill were better than the average Congressman. In his attack upon the McKinley law, which provided a protection of 11 cents a pound on an average for wool, he said: "I want to state as emphatically as words can state that I consider it false economy and vicious in policy to attempt to raise at a high price in this country that which we can purchase abroad at a low price. That is, if Australia or South America can undersell us open the flood gates and let them in. Let the 45,000,000 of sheep in this country be sacrificed upon the Bryan free trade altar. Annihilate one of the leading industries of America. Cripple and pauperize the farmers and flock-masters in order to get a pet theory of free trade Democracy may be satisfied."

AMUSEMENTS. At the Clunie Opera-house this evening the idyllic drama and comedy "Elymation and Galatea." Miss Dalglish will personate the Slave, Miss Gleason the wife of the Artist, Mr. Longergan the Sculptor and the other members of the company will be cast to the full demands of the play. Special fittings, properties and scenery have been prepared for this revival of the always popular, old classic comedy.

Weather Report. The Weather Bureau reports show the highest and lowest temperatures yesterday to have been 74 and 53 degrees, with northerly winds and partly cloudy weather prevailing. The barometrical readings at 5 a. m. and 5 p. m. yesterday were 29.98 and 29.91 inches, respectively. The highest and lowest temperatures one year ago yesterday were 86 and 54 degrees, and one year ago to-day 74 and 53 degrees. The mean temperature yesterday, 64 degrees, was 1 degree above the normal for October 11th.

Last Evening's Fire. A Chinese shanty on Eleventh street, near the north levee, was destroyed by fire last evening. The shanty was near the Capital Packing-house on the levee, and there was some danger to it from flying sparks, but the Southern Pacific fire engine was on the ground and successfully guarded against any serious conflagration in that quarter while the fire department worked on the burning structure.

Dr. Weldon, 806 J street, extracts teeth without pain; local anaesthetic.

CHANGE IN THE AIR. Makes you think about discarding that old straw or soft hat for a handsome new Derby at \$2.50. See FRED TROUT, 802 J STREET.

PERSONAL MENTION. George L. Arnold of Los Angeles is in the city. Mrs. E. C. Flagg and daughter of San Jose are visiting Mrs. C. B. Burnham of this city. L. C. Morehouse, Chairman of the State Board of Equalization, is up from Alameda and stopping at the Golden Eagle. On the 26th of this month David Lubin and family, accompanied by Mrs. Seymour, will sail from London for New York on their return to this city. John Breuner, E. M. Graham and party have returned from a delightful camping trip on the Rubicon. They are loaded with fishing and hunting stories enough to last them all winter.

Revival Services. The revival services at the Central M. E. Church, conducted by the evangelist Rev. Shepherd, will continue each evening this week and at 2:30 each afternoon beginning on Tuesday. Meetings will be held to which the public are invited. The attendance at both yesterday morning and evening services was large and many seekers remained to the after meetings. The earnestness of the evangelist impresses hearers and convinces them of the truth as presented.

Joe Missed the Boat. Joe Martinez, a steamboat hand, ran a-muck on Front street, between M and N, yesterday afternoon, and bombarded everything in sight with cobblestones. When arrested he said he was only waiting for the 10 o'clock boat to start down the river. He had lost track of time, and was surprised when told that the day was on its decline.

Hotel Arrivals. Arrivals at the Golden Eagle Hotel yesterday: George L. Arnold, Los Angeles; C. C. Parsons, Denver; E. D. Seymour, Mrs. T. Westle, Frank M. Quaid, Louis Charles, San Francisco; T. F. Sturtevant, Chicago; E. M. Graham, Camp Crocker; L. C. Morehouse, San Leandro.

Referred to That. Briggs—The new preacher hesitates dreadfully. Wagner—Yes; and he doesn't know what to do with his hands. Briggs—That's what I referred to—his awkward pause.—Cleveland Plain Dealer. Neutralizing the Effect. Rev. Dr. Primus—What are the men of your church doing to prevent the spectacle of short skirts on the stage? Mr. Secundus—They are paying for their wives and daughters' tall bonnets.—Bay City Chat. Do not allow books to be very long in too warm a place; gas affects them very much, Russia leather in particular.

MERCURIAL POISON. Is the result of the usual treatment of blood disorders. The system is filled with Mercury and Potash remedies—more to be dreaded than the disease—and in a short while is in a far worse condition than before. The common result is RHEUMATISM.

For which S.S.S. is the most reliable cure. A few bottles will afford relief where all else has failed. I suffered from a severe attack of Mercurial Rheumatism, my arms and legs being swollen to twice their natural size, causing the most excruciating pains. I spent hundreds of dollars without relief, but after taking a few bottles of S.S.S. I improved rapidly and am now a well man. I can heartily recommend it to any one suffering from this painful disease. W. F. DALRY. Brooklyn Elevated R. R. Our Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free to any address. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ADRIANS, GA.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—ESTATE OF MARY BERGER, deceased. Notice hereby given by the undersigned, John G. Berger, administrator of the estate of Mary Berger, deceased, to the creditors of said deceased, to exhibit their claims against the said deceased, within four months after the first publication of this notice, to the said administrator, at law office of Alexander, Miller & Gardner, 408 1/2 street, Sacramento, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of the said estate in the county of Sacramento, State of California. JOHN G. BERGER, Administrator of the estate of Mary Berger, deceased. Dated October 3, 1896. Alexander, Miller & Gardner, Attorneys for Administrator. 05-52M