PRISON DIRECTORS' REPORT.

It Shows the Present Condition and Needs of Our Prisons.

A Low Per Capita of Maintenance of the Prisoners—Necessary Appropriations Asked.

The biennial report of the State Board of Prison Directors, recently submitted to the Governor, is of the most interesting nature, and deals with the subject in a terse and business-like manner. No one who peruses it can fail to catch the points aimed at. The following is a brief synopsis:

Two important subjects have claimed much of the time and attention of the board, the first, to keep the running expenses of the institutions under its control as low as possible in order that the per capita for maintenance should always be at the minimum, the second, to discover and formulate some plan whereby the prisoners might be so employed that they would earn enough to support themselves, and thus not be a tax upon the people of the State.

The Wardens' reports showed that the cost per capita has been kept below what it has been in previous years, but just how to employ the large number of prisoners at both prisons at some profitable employment has been a problem full of difficulties and has not yet been solved.

THE JUTE MILL.

It is apparent to the Board of Directors that so far as making money for the State is concerned, the jute mill is not and never will be a success under the present condition of affairs. It has been run at a loss, although at the present time a small profit is being made in the manufacture of sugar bags.

Still, the report contends, the mill has been of untold benefit to the farmers of the State in keeping the price of grain bags at the very lowest figure, preventing combinations among dealers and saving to the farmer in general, what it does not save to the prison fund.

Taking this view of the case, the report relates that the mill has benefited a class of people who require all the assistance they can get, but it would be just as beneficial to them, and more of a success financially, if the board was not hampered by the unnecessary provisions of the Ostrom law, and it is urged that some modifications of its provisions be made so that the Board of Directors would be enabled to offer the output of the mill for sale, without compelling the farmer to go before a Notary to make affidavit that he requires the goods for his own use. It suggests that the board should be given the privilege of disposing of the output even outside of the State, which cannot be done under the opinion given by the Attorney-General. With such a provision, the 3,000,000 grain bags now on hand would have been disposed of, at least at cost, and in some instances at a profit.

REMUNERATIVE EMPLOYMENT.

To find remunerative employment for the prisoners has been a serious question to the board. There are industries which might be profitable to the State, but the question raised by free laborers as to prisoners interfering with their right of gaining a livelihood is one which the board could not set aside.

Still it is related that articles manufactured in many of the Eastern prisons find a good market in this State, and while the people complain about prison labor in the State Prison, they from day to day purchase articles which help to sustain the prisons in other States. To make prison labor remunerative and at the same time not bring it in conflict with free labor, something should be engaged in which is not carried on in the State, and yet is profitable, and the board found it difficult to suggest a remedy.

BUILDING GRANITE.

The board believes, however, that one source of profit would be to make use of the building granite now owned by the State, and that this could be disposed of at such a figure as would prove beneficial both to builder and laborer, as the free power at Folsom reduces the price of handling and taking out granite and as a building material it is first-class.

OTHER INDUSTRIES.

The Board of Directors think that some of the prisoners might be profitably employed in making willowware, but does not at the present time recommend in engaging in many industries, even to supply the State institutions. A few industries could be profitably carried on at Folsom, even though the articles were not offered for sale, but merely used by the State.

CONSOLIDATION AT FOLSOM.

"After a very careful consideration and investigation," the report continues, "we are strongly of the opinion that much benefit would result were the prisons consolidated at Folsom. The free power there means the saving of a great deal of money each year, and besides, the per capita for maintenance would be much lower, where the number of prisoners is much greater."

A MODEL PRISON.

The report relates that the board believes it would be of untold benefit to have an additional prison room constructed at Folsom on the most approved modern plan, and that the next Legislature be requested to make an appropriation for commencing the work, and that the following Legislature furnish funds for its completion. With the prison labor, free power and the granite on the grounds, a model prison could be constructed there at a nominal cost. As it now is, there are but few cells where quarrelsome or dangerous prisoners may be confined, and there are many such to deal with, and a place where insane patients can be cared for is badly needed. Such prisoners are now sent to one of the asylums, and in many instances they escape, and for this reason there should be a ward for the insane within the prison walls.

RETRENCHMENT.

While the appropriation for the support of prisoners is $30,000 less than heretofore, the board, by the exercise of the strictest economy, hope to keep within the appropriation, although there have been additional expenses to bear, which were not contemplated when it was made.

FUTURE APPROPRIATIONS.

The report calls attention to the necessity for appropriations for building and repairing the wharf at San Quentin, and for securing a system of sewerage for the prison at Folsom, and believe that it will not be possible to maintain the prisons on such appropriations as were made by the last Legislature, owing to the increase in the number of prisoners, as well as to the uncertainty attending the sale of grain bags.

PAROLE LAW.

The parole law has thus far worked well, and in the opinion of the board has done much to reform those who have been accorded its privileges.

ROCK CRUSHER.

The rock crusher, according to the report, has been a decided success, and has materially reduced the price of road metal in all places where distance has not made the cost of transportation too great. The railroad company has given a very low schedule of freight rates on the rock, which has tended much to make the plant the success that it is. It is absolutely necessary to have another air compressor for the plant, as the one now there is inadequate to furnish necessary power for the rock crusher, and also sufficient power handling or taking out the granite, and an appropriation is urged for that purpose.

RECOMMENDATIONS.

In conclusion the directors recommend:

First, that some appropriation be made looking to the enlargement of the Folsom Prison with the idea of future consolidation.

Second, that the Legislature take some action with reference to the employment of prisoners at industries other than the manufacture of jute fabrics.

Third, that the provisions of the Ostrom law, governing the sale of jute bags at San Quentin, be repealed and the board left free to act in the matter of the disposal of the same.

Fourth, that appropriations be made for the construction of an insane ward at one of the prisons; also for the building of the wharf at San Quentin, and for the purpose of securing for the Folsom prison a system of sewerage which will be approved by the State Board of Health.

Fifth, that should the work of building roads be continued, that the same be taken into consideration in fixing the next appropriation.

WARDEN AULL'S REPORT.

Embodied in the report is that submitted to the board by Warden Aull of the Folsom Prison. From it the following information was gleaned:

The per capita per diem cost of ordinary maintenance during the forty-sixth fiscal year was 36.22 cents, the average daily number of prisoners being 791.63. For the forty-seventh fiscal year the per capita per diem was 32.5 cents, the average daily number of prisoners being 891.42. In the latter year an increase of nearly 100 prisoners caused a reduction of nearly four cents per capita daily in maintenance.

The manner of working convicts scatteed at long distances apart without restraining walls necessitates a larger proportion of guards than any State prison known of by the Warden, and for that reason the salary pay roll has been out of proportion to the other expenses, and does not admit of reduction. It averages about 47 per cent. of the total cost.

REDUCING EXPENSES.

Benefits are being received from labor expended upon the prison and free power, free water, free ice and practically free light are material factors in reducing the expenses of the institution. The cultivation of the farm, made possible by plenty of water for irrigation, has also been an expense reducer. In this connection the Warden's report urges the necessity for purchasing additional lands adjacent to the prison, as the land now owned, 483 acres, is not sufficient for the requirements of the prison, and a much larger body of land could be made to pay big interest upon its cost.

The health of the inmates of the prison is shown to be good, the mortality rate being 8 per 1,000, which is below any other institution of its kind known.

The Warden's report further deals with the rock crushing plant and with the questions of sewerage and the employment of convicts, and is exhaustive in its nature.

WARDEN HALE'S REPORT.

Warden Hale of San Quentin reports that during the past year the maintaining cost of prisoners per capita has been reduced to thirty cents a day, and that the monthly average of prisoners has been 1,287 1-3, as against 1,351 for the preceding year.

There has been an increase in the mortality list, owing to the prevalence of pulmonary troubles.

JUTE MILL MANUFACTURES.

The tabulated report of the Warden shows that the amount of raw jute used during the year 1895 was 3,033,270 pounds; yards of cloth manufactured, 283,309; net expense of spinning and weaving, $56,437 56; bags manufactured during the year, 3,592,126; bags sold during year, 1,588,226.

The statement for the year just ended is as follows:

Raw jute used during year, 2,710,252 pounds; yards of cloth manufactured, 1,312,859; net expense of spinning and weaving, $57,065 21; number of bags manufactured, 2,819,096; number of bags sold, 2,163,996; bags remaining on hand, 3,160,600.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following transfers have been recorded since last report:

Philip Wolf, Jr., et ux. to W. E. Brown—West half of lot 4, J and K, Twenty-sixth and Twenty-seventh streets.

Wm. H. Raplee to C. E. Wright—East half of lot 6, F and G, Twenty-seventh and Twenty-eighth streets.

Charles E. Wright et ux. to Frank Rider—East half of lot 6, F and G, Twenty-seventh and Twenty-eighth streets.

Frank X. Wiesenhofer to Miss Annie Wiesenhofer—West half of lot 6, W and X, Thirtieth and Thirty-first streets.

W. R. Knights Company to city of Sacramento—All of S street, between west line of Front street and low water mark of river.

Martha J. Bradford to Huldah and Mary A. Hatch—Part of lot 16 of H. S. Hill tract in Elk Grove.

Huldah and Mary A. Hatch to Annie Allin—Lot 15 and part of lot 16, H. S. Hill tract of Elk Grove.

To Cure a Cold in One Day
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c.

The Pacific Strong Seed and Plant Co. are permanently located at 723 J. We solicit the trade of the public. *

Hot chicken pie, 15c; charlotte russe. Eagle Confectionery, 826 K street. *

For sale.—An opportunity for a man with a little money. An old established furnishing goods store doing a good business at present time. Apply at this office. *

Babies, Ladies, Children and Men have photos taken at Cutbirth's, 13th and K.*

Prescriptions reliably compounded at Green's new drug store, corner Seventh and K, Golden Eagle Hotel block. *

Have your hot-air furnaces overhauled by Miller Bros., 1116 J street. *

Dr. Weldon, 806 J street, extracts teeth without pain; local anaesthetic. *

Fine chocolates. Welch Bros., 9th & J.*

Stroble, 317 J, wants your insurance.*

Alex. Holmes, Photo Studio, 1308 10th.*

JOHNSON AT LODI.

The Melon Center Was Crowded With People.

(From the Stockton Independent.)

There was a crowded town in the northern part of the county last Friday night when Congressman Johnson spoke to the Republicans of Lodi and vicinity. Many were in from the other towns of Northern San Joaquin and about 500 or 600 of the members of the McKinley and Hobart Club of Stockton went out on an excursion under the auspices of the County Central Committee. The Drill Corps of the club was out about sixty strong under the command of Lieutenant Giovanessi.

As soon as the special train from Stockton had landed its load of passengers in Lodi a parade was formed which marched through the streets of the little city, finally winding up at the stand which had been erected on the square facing the hotel.

When Chairman Hemphill called the meeting to order the space between the stand and the hotel was filled and the porches of the hotel were crowded. Mr. Hemphill introduced the Congressman, who was in good trim for the speech and he made one of the best of his campaign.

In part of his talk he referred to the recently published letter of Congressman Maguire, which is alleged to be a reply to Mr. Johnson's letter explaining his position on the funding bill. He declared that a committee consisting af Senator White, Congressman Maguire and ex-Congressman Caminetti had been appointed a month and more ago to answer his letter, and after a month of work had evolved the reply. It was signed only by Maguire because the others would not attach their names to an alleged answer which was not an answer in any sense of the word. He had no reply to make, for there was not an argument in the reply. All that he cared to ask was that the people of the Second District would read both letters and compare their arguments.

Mr. Johnson drew a vivid picture of the situation to-day as contrasted with that under Republican rule. He showed by statistics that all that had ever been done for silver was accomplished by a Republican Congress; that the party was now friendly to the white metal, and if returned to power it could be relied upon that they would hold silver on a parity with gold. In plain and unmistakable language which a child could understand he demonstrated the absurdity of a free silver policy without protection. Protection must and always would be a bodyguard of any monetary system in the United States. The speaker related the legend of the Greek King Midas. He besought the gods to give him wealth and power. He received an inspiration and a promise that whatever he touched would turn to gold. To put this to the test he laid his hand upon the noble warhorse, and lo, it turned to solid gold; he touched his palace, it became gold; he called for wine in his ecstacies of joy, but, ah, sadness, it became gold, and so his food and everything he encountered turned to gold, and thus surrounded by fabulous wealth he died the victim of his own avarice. "So it is," said Mr. Johnson, "with the people of the United States. They may have free and unlimited coinage of silver to such an extent that silver may be freely coined until every vault and bank in the Union is full to overflowing; until the streets are paved with the shining coins, and our citizen can never get one dollar of it except they work for it or steal it.

"The silver will belong to the men who dig it from the earth, and like King Midas of old they will starve amid wealth unless there is a demand for their labor. Protection is what is needed to restore prosperity. Protection will open the workshop, the foundry, the mills, and enable labor to honestly earn an honest dollar.

"There should be not only protection to manufacturing, but protection to labor. It is time to cast off the gang plank at Castle Garden and let America henceforth and forever be for Americans. I will labor for the passage of that bill. I will labor for every protection measure in its broadest sense, believing that I am doing that which will bring prosperity to the country and happiness to your family and my family."

CUMMINGS BOYS REPRIEVED.

New Law Regulating Pardons to be Submitted to the Legislature.

Governor Budd has issued a reprieve for John W. and Caesar Cummings, sentenced to be hanged September 25, 1896, and reprieved for thirty days, for the murder of T. C. Narramore, an old farmer of Riverside County, until April 2, 1897.

The case has been referred by the Governor to the State Board of Prison Directors, and the reprieve is granted to enable them to investigate the case fully, and for the further purpose of recommending to the Legislature the passage of a law preventing the pardon of a criminal commuted from the death penalty to life imprisonment without a concurrence of a majority of the Justices of the Supreme Court.

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS.

SYLLABUS.

(S. F., No. 413—Department Two—Filed in Los Angeles, Oct. 20, 1896.)

People of the State of California, ex rel. Charles S. Young, appellant; Madison Babcock, respondent. Contest over Superintendent of Schools for City and County of San Francisco. Affirmed.

Section 9 of the Consolidation Act authorized the Board of Supervisors to fill vacancies which might occur in the elective offices of the city and county, where no other provision was made by law to fill the same. But this section had no application to vacancies in the office of Superintendent of Schools for the reason that other provision was made therefor.

The Board of Education was given power to fill vacancies in the office of Superintendent of Schools by an Act of 1863 amending the Consolidation Act of 1856. And such power is still vested in that body, and not wrested from it by the provisions of the Act of March 14, 1883, nor by any County Government Acts since passed.

The Supervisors of the city and county of San Francisco are charter and not legislative officers.

The Consolidation Act was not repealed by the Constitution of 1879.

Consolidated city and county governments are subject to the control of general laws.

The law does not favor the repeal of statutes by implication. The County Government Act of 1883, with its several amendments, is a general law, but it is not a general law relating to municipal corporations, and hence cannot by implication repeal the Consolidation Act of the city and county of San Francisco.

The power to fill vacancies, given to Boards of Supervisors by the County Government Act, applies to Boards of Supervisors in and for the several counties of the State other than the City and County of San Francisco, and as to the latter the power to fill vacancies comes from the Consolidation Act, and does not include vacancies in the office of Superintendent of Public Schools, which are to be filled by the Board of Education.

ELEVEN HEALTHY BEGGARS.

They Will Earn Their Bread by th Sweat of Their Brows Now.

Even Hobson could have had small choice from among the eleven hobos who were arraigned in the Police Court yesterday morning on vagrancy charges. They were an able-bodied set of beggars, and each and everyone carried beautiful hand-painted noses which illumined the gloom cast by the figure of Justice, and that each and everyone expected to become the proud possessor of a "floater" on which to leave the city, was evidenced by the broad rows of yellew teeth that came to light when they responded "guilty" to the charge.

Their names were Charles Phillips, George Ward, Pat Moore, Henry Haley, George Higgins, Frank White, Robert Smith, George Wallace, George Brown, Jim Brady and Tom Allen, and their grins changed to chagrin when Justice Davis pulled on the black cap and sentenced each of them to serve forty days on the county rock pile. In the future, he said, no more floaters would be given vagrants, from which it may be deduced that macadam is to be furnished for county roads.

AMUSEMENTS.

At the Clunie Opera-house this evening the patriotic and thrilling play "The Ensign." It has been very successful all of the past week, and would probably draw good houses for another week.

It Did the Work.

The following letter received at this office yesterday speaks for itself as to the value of advertising in the "Record-Union":

Michigan Bar, Oct. 24th.

"Record-Union," Sacramento—Gentlemen: Our ad. in your paper brought forth plenty of applicants, so we will try again in another line. Please insert three times. * * * Very truly yours,

E. R. SMITH,
Manager Interior Development Co.

Hotel Arrivals.

Arrivals at the Golden Eagle Hotel yesterday: James Waldere Kirk, C. M. McLouth, New York; P. J. Rogers, Washington, D. C.; F. I. Everett, Chicago; H. S. Porter, Los Angeles; Will B. Vineyard, Smartsville; George R. Hurlburt, Ouray, Col.; C. W. Noyes and wife, Boston; Chas. H. Ingham, Manchester, England; W. A. Richardson, James Jerome, Dr. T. W. Kaife, J. F. Wyman, San Francisco.

Inquest on Lannon.

Coroner Clark held an inquest yesterday on the body of Thomas Lannon, the lineman who fell from an electric pole at Seventh and K streets a few days ago. The jury found a verdict that his death was caused by concussion of the brain from falling from the pole and striking his head on the curbstone, the cause of his fall being unknown. He will be buried from the Cathedral at 1 p. m. to-day.

An Unusual Proceeding.

Judge Hinkson went to Auburn last night, where he will sit in court to-day to hear a proceeding in mandate concerning some pre-election proceedings and will return this evening. It is very rare, indeed, that court is held on Sunday, but it is necesary to do so this time.

Case Continued.

The case against William Clegg, charged with having committed a battery upon Daniel Miller, was yesterday morning in the Police Court continued until November 2d. It is alleged that Clegg assaulted Miller with an ice pick on the train between Stockton and Sacramento.

Coursing at the Park.

There will be another coursing meeting held at Agricultural Park to-day, in which a large number of dogs will take part. Plenty of hares have been provided and the races should be interesting to all who love the sport.

Petition to Administer.

P. H. Latourette has petitioned the Superior Court for letters of administration on the estate of Mary E. Mead, deceased, which consists of a mortgage for $900 and some personal property. The hearing is set for November 6th.

Notaries Appointed.

The Governor has appointed the following-named persons to be Notaries Public: P. E. Hatch, Long Beach, Los Angeles County; C. D. Ballard, Los Angeles, and Eugene Vardier, Kern, Kern County.

Wants His Money.

Gilbert Dobbs has commenced suit in the Superior Court against the San Jose Fruit Packing Company for a claim of $414 25 for lumber, which was assigned to him by Richardson Brothers Company.

Lewis Fined.

Leon Lewis, who Thursday last entered a plea of guilty to keeping his saloon at Twelfth and C streets open after midnight without a license, was yesterday morning sentenced by Justice Davis to pay a fine of $10. He paid it.

New Manager.

C. Wilson Frankel of New York City is a recent arrival in Sacramento. He has been engaged by S. S. Nathan & Co. as manager.

Wants a Divorce.

Ella Lower has commenced suit in the Superior Court for divorce from Oliver S. Lower on the grounds of desertion.

Wonderful Discovery.

Connoisseurs and buyers of groceries generally have found that the manner in which the C. C. C., Tenth and K, advertise facts and quote such low prices on high class goods, that they have revolutionized the trade in groceries, drugs, etc., in this city. Have you tried them? If you haven't now is the time. *

Electric light fixtures and electrical supplies. Tom Scott, the plumber, 303 J. *

DIED.

WEBB—In this city, October 23, 1896, Olive C., wife of F. A. Webb, a native of California, aged 26 years, 8 months and 22 days. (San Francisco papers please copy.)

Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral today (Sunday), at 3:30 p. m., from her late residence, No. 1800 P street. Interment private.

LANNON—In this city, October 20, 1896, Thomas Lannon, a native of Mississippi, aged 30 years.

Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral to-day (Sunday), at 1:30 o'clock, from George H. Clark's funeral parlors, 1017 and 1019 Fourth street; thence to the Cathedral, where funeral services will be held, commencing at 2 o'clock.

WEINSTOCK, LUBIN & CO.

Men's Fancy Vests.

We have a new assortment of latest styles in Men's Fancy Vests. There are "taking" patterns and colors in corduroys, fancy woven imported cloths in dark red; also flannel vests in large plaids.

They are handsome goods and the young men are after them. Price, $2 to $5.

$4 75 We have just placed on our counters Men's Four-Button Sack Suits of full-weight cheviot in neat shade of wood brown. Smooth-finished and firmly woven. Price, $4 75.

$8 50 Double-breasted Corduroy Suits, cassimere-lined; will not rip, and intended for the roughest wear. Make good hunting suits. Price, $8 50.

$15 A dressy suit for business men. Made of clay worsted in a rich color, between brown and gray; invisible plaid pattern; Italian cloth lining, stitched edges, and the appearance and style of a higher-priced suit.

Dollar Working Shoes.

We are introducing a new line of Men's Buckle Working Shoes, with patent clasp fastenings, at $1.

Men's Hats, 78c.

A special offering in Men's Soft Felt Hats, medium wide brim, high crown, Alpine shape, with bound or unbound edges, at 78c.

The same quality as above in a slightly smaller shape, 66c. Sizes 6⅞ to 7⅛.

Tam O'Shanter Caps.

Much worn by school girls, plain navy blue cloth, with gold or silver bands. Price 50c. We also have red and black combinations.

Black silk bands, with names of various war ships in gold or silver. 25c.

Hunting Shoes.

If you are looking for a first-class Hunting Shoe, we call attention to our tan-colored calfskin ones full bellows tongue, and extra high cut. They have double extension soles and broad heels. A shoe that looks well, wears well and will always be a source of satisfaction. Price, $5.

Monday at 9:30
SALE OF
Suits, Jackets
AND
Separate Skirts

LOT I—Separate Skirts of black figured mohair, rustle lining and velveteen binding. Perfect hanging, tailor-made and all sizes.

Sale Price, $1 87.

LOT II—A mixed lot of stylish Separate Skirts in the newest dark Scotch mixtures. It will not pay to maks these garments at home, when you can buy perfect hanging skirts like these for

Sale Price, $5.

LOT III—A small lot of black twilled tailor-made Cheviot suits, stylishly cut.

Sale Price, $5 75.

LOT IV—Misses' and Children's Jackets. Beautiful materials, just received in dark-green and other mixtures. If you want something extra for the price see this lot. Sizes 8, 10, 12 and 14 years.

Sale Price, $5.

LOT V—Will consist of two small lots of women's latest style Jackets, in black and dark green mixed cloths of Irish frieze and cheviot. These garments have the new sleeves and are excellently made. All sizes.

Sale Price, $5, $5 48.

Best Mocha Kid Gloves, 95c.

One of the most popular and serviceable kid gloves for fall wear. Popular shades and all sizes, 95c.

Biarritz Kid Gloves, 69c.

These are the best quality Biarritz Gloves made, and have been popular for years. All sizes and colors, 69c.

Union Suits, $2.

We told the other day of Union Suits for $1. This is one just as good in its way, but twice the price. It is all wool, of medium weight, with elastic shoulders, and the seams finished with silk. Come in white, black or natural, and a splendid garment for the price.

Small but Useful.

A penny here and a penny there saved in the prices of these things of every-day use counts up.

Hair Pins, black, shell or amber, 10c dozen.

Wire Hair Pins in cabinets, assorted, 3c.

Hair Nets, 5c.

Kid Curlers, 8⅓c dozen.

Side Combs, filagree tops, 18c pair.

Curling Irons, 5c; Heaters, 9c.

Irons for waving, 15c.

Crimping Pins, 15c dozen.

Special Cashmere Hose.

Women's Black Cashmere Hose, elastic in leg and firmly made in the foot. Spliced heels and double soles. Merino heels and toes to insure better wear. Price, 3 pairs for $1.

Wash Baskets.

Willow Wash Baskets, extra well made of full willow (not split); medium size, 65c; large, 85c.

Good Reading Lamp.

A substantial Central Draft Lamp, nickel-plated, easy to clean and with patent wicking device. Price, $1 35.

Will give as much light as a ten-dollar lamp.

Weinstock, Lubin & Co., 400-412 K St.

Just Arrived, Large Assortment of PARKER, L. C. Smith and Le Fevere SHOTGUNS.

W. H. ECKHARDT, - - 609-611 K Street.

FRIEND & TERRY LUMBER CO.

LUMBER Doors, Sash, Screens.

Office and Main Yard, 1310 Second Street. Branch Yard, Twelfth and J.

"WELL BRED, SOON WED."

GIRLS WHO USE SAPOLIO ARE QUICKLY MARRIED.

Try it in Your Next House Cleaning.

CREAMERY HEADQUARTERS. Agency Knights Landing and Woodland Creameries, California; Douglas Co. and Reno Creameries, Nevada. Strictly Modern. Highest Quality Maintained Always.

WOOD, CURTIS & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
California, Oregon and Nevada Products. Butter, Eggs, Potatoes, Beans, Vegetables, Fruits, etc. Agents Santa Paula Seedless Lemons.

RICHARDS & KNOX,

OFFICE, SECOND AND M.
LUMBER.
Yards, Second and M and Front and Q, Sacramento.

TAYLOR'S Refrigerators.

The most easily cleaned and the lowest priced of all. To be had only of
JAMES G. DAVIS,
FURNITURE AND CARPETS,
411-413 K STREET.

Baxter Bibles.

Samuel Baxter & Sons' Comprehensive Teachers' Bibles, with Charles L'Enfant's patent binding, at prices ranging from $1 to $6, are the very best Bibles on the market. See the window display.

Office Diaries for 1897 now in. Order in time. Last year the edition was exhausted early in the season.

W. F. PURNELL,
Bookseller and Stationer,
609 J Street.

WHOLESALE LIQUORS.

EBNER BROS. COMPANY,
116-118 K Street, Front and Second, Sacramento.
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE dealers in Wines and Liquors. Tel. 364.

M. CRONAN,
230 K St., and 1108-1110 Third St., Sacramento, Cal.,
IMPORTER AND WHOLESALE DEALER in Fine Whiskies, Brandies and Champagne.

HUGH CASEY, Importer and Wholesaler in Foreign and Domestic Wines and Liquors. Proprietor of Eagle Soda Works, 218 K street, Sacramento.

FINE TAILORING.

J. H. HEITMAN,
THE TAILOR.
Just received a large assortment of FALL and WINTER WOOLENS, the latest patterns, direct from the London Woolen Mills.
Suits made to order from $15 and upwards.
Trousers from $3 50 and upwards.
This is the house to get a stylish cut and best fitting suits made to order.
600 J Street, Corner Sixth, Sacramento.

ARCHITECTS AND DRAUGHTSMEN.

We have just received a full line of TRIANGLES and FRENCH CURVES in celluloid: They are far superior to anything in this line.

Perfectly transparent

H. S. CROCKER COMPANY,
208-210 J STREET.

WHY HAVE BARE FLOORS?

Linen Warp Matting 20c Yard.

An elegant new line just received from 10c to 35c per yard.

CHARLES M. CAMPBELL,
409 K STREET.

COCOANUT

Taffy, Peanut Taffy and old-fashioned Home-made Molasses Taffy; sweet, wholesome and pronounced by expert physicians to be positively nourishing.

BARTON.
810 J. -:- -:- 420 K.

25 PER CENT. SAVED.

Joe Poheim
THE TAILOR,
Has just imported the correct styles for the season of 1896-7.
Up-to-date designs in Cheviots, Cassimeres, Scotch Tweeds, in pretty colorings, etc., which you can have made up first-class at a saving of 25 per cent. less than any other house. Perfect fit and the best of workmanship guaranteed.
The Largest Tailoring Establishment in Sacramento.
603-605 K Street.

MADE ME A MAN

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