

PRINTING BILL

Meets the Approval of the Governor.

Printing Pressmen and Others to be Paid in Full.

Dredger Bill Gets Back From Committee With a Favorable Report.

Stratton's Election Bill and Doty's Rock-Crusher in the House—Off for Berkeley To-Day.

The joint rules have been creating some difference of opinion between the Senate and the Assembly, and as yet peace has not been declared. Under the rules the Constitution must be suspended by a concurrent resolution before a bill may be introduced or a joint resolution offered.

The Senate adheres to the rule, but the Assembly has taken the ground that no rules adopted by the Legislature can eliminate the constitutional privilege of introducing a measure under a suspension of the rules by a two-thirds vote.

The Republicans of the Senate caucused on the matter yesterday morning, and agreed to stand by and be governed by the provisions of the rules.

Under this condition of affairs no more bills or joint resolutions can be introduced.

THE DREDGER BILL.

The dredger bill has finally found its way back to the Senate from the Finance Committee, and bears an unqualified recommendation that it do pass. This will be good news to thousands of people residing in the Sacramento Valley, who have eagerly watched every step taken since the inception of the plan.

COYOTE SCALPS.

The coyote scalp claim bill is also back with the Senate, and it still bears the original report of the committee recommending that it do pass. The proposed investigation ended in smoke, and all that is left of it has been left as a legacy to the State Board of Examiners.

Three several attempts were made in the Senate to adjourn over until Monday, but each individual attempt met with disaster. The Senate will continue the wheel this morning at the old stand, and the law mill will grind as usual.

QUIET BUT IMPORTANT.

An important chapter in the long story of the printing bills contest closed very quietly yesterday when the Governor's Private Secretary announced the approval of the amended A. B. 803, which appropriates a part of the much needed money to relieve the financial condition of the State Printing Office. After the session-long struggle the partial victory was received without any demonstration whatever.

OFF FOR BERKELEY.

The Assembly decided to give itself a rest for Saturday and Sunday, and go down to enjoy the hospitality of the Regents, faculty and students of "U. C.," who have extended the Legislature a cordial invitation to come. They leave this morning on the 9:30 train.

IN THE SENATE.

Dredger Bill Appropriation Favorably Recommended by the Committee.

In the Senate yesterday morning, Stratton offered a resolution providing that when the Senate adjourns it do so to Monday morning, in order to allow the members to accept the invitation of the Regents of the University of California, to attend a reception to be held at Berkeley to-day. Stratton explained that a special train would be in readiness to carry the legislators.

Bulla and Voorheis opposed the resolution on the ground that the session was drawing near a close and that every possible moment ought to be consumed in legislative labor.

The resolution was lost by a vote of 3 yeas, 30 noes.

Stratton was excused from attending to-day's session, by a viva voce vote.

Withington moved to reconsider the vote whereby Stratton was allowed leave of absence. Lost by a vote of 8 yeas, 21 noes.

REFUSED PASSAGE.

The third reading bill being in order, Smith's bill, 407, to amend Sections 1517, 1520 and 1521 of the Political Code, relating to public schools, having been previously read the third time, was refused passage by a vote of 6 yeas, 23 noes. Smith changed his vote and gave notice of a motion to reconsider.

S. B. 314, by Andrews (by request), to amend Section 480 of the Civil Code relating to reports to be made to the Board of Railroad Commissioners by railroad and other transportation companies, and fixing a penalty for failure to comply with the provisions of the act, was referred to the Finance Committee.

Dickinson opposed the bill, which is alleged to have been drafted by Railroad Commissioner LaKue, as did also Morehouse. The latter contended that the Railroad Commission had at the present time ample means to secure a report from any company and that no railroad company had ever refused to allow an investigation of the most thorough kind, or to produce every particle of data asked for. The fact was, he asserted, that the Railroad Commission

was absolutely worthless, and had acted as an arbitrary, instead of an equitable power to fix railroad rates. The Commission, he contended, had degenerated into a political machine, and he used its power to harass, annoy, and stir up feeling against the railroads of the State, instead of performing the duties expected of them. He submitted that under the bill, every state line and branch railroad would be obliged to send in voluminous reports, and that the unlimited power would work a hardship upon all common carriers.

Wolfe spoke for the bill, as did also Braunhart, Smith and Seawell. Morehouse replied, quoting the Constitution to show that the Railroad Commission already had power to issue subpoenas and secure data upon which to fix just and equitable rates. In the past, he said, the Commission had made petty political capital out of their office. There was, he said, no need for such an Act, and it should be defeated.

Withington also spoke, and Voorheis could see no reason why the bill should not pass.

The roll was called and the bill passed by a vote of 26 to 9—the title approved.

ARCHBISHOP'S POWERS. S. B. 413, by Wolfe, to amend Section 602 of the Civil Code relating to corporations sole, and conferring powers upon the Archbishop of San Francisco to dispose of and acquire property, was passed by a vote of 32 to 0. The bill had formerly been amended providing that the Archbishop should hold property in trust only.

S. B. 422, by Pedlar, relating to the National Guard, known as the military omnibus bill, having been previously read the third time, was passed by a vote of 32 to 0—the title approved.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION. Andrews offered a concurrent resolution providing that S. B. 1, to enable school districts in cities of the fifth class to issue bonds for school purposes, and A. B. 22, be recalled from the Governor to their respective houses in order that corrections might be made. The resolution was adopted and immediately transmitted to the Assembly.

AMENDMENT AMENDED. S. B. 490, by Pedlar, to repeal an Act to create the office of Attorney for the State Board of Health of the City and County of San Francisco, came up for final passage. It had been called up a few days before, and in the absence of the author, amended to make the office terminate July 1, 1898, instead of 1897. Pedlar protested against that action and to remedy the matter offered an amendment to strike out the figure "1898" and insert "1897." The amendment was adopted by a vote of 19 to 18, and the bill ordered re-engrossed.

BILLS PASSED. S. B. 480, by Langford, to amend Section 465 of the Civil Code, relating to the powers of railroads, was passed—the title approved.

S. B. 451, by Braunhart, to require ordinances and resolutions passed by the legislative body of a municipality to be presented to the Mayor for approval, was read the third time and passed by a vote of 28 to 3—the title approved.

S. B. 382, by Jones, empowering the legislative body of any incorporated city or town to levy taxes for the purpose of eradicating fruit tree pests in towns having more than 2,000 acres of fruit trees within their corporate limits, was read and passed by a vote of 34 yeas, 14 noes.

STANFORD EXEMPTION BILL. S. B. 274, by Voorheis, to establish as public schools technical schools endowed by private gift, coming within certain requirements, and to encourage such endowments, was called up for final action.

Smith said while the measure was intended to exempt Stanford University from taxation, it really went much further, and he hesitated to vote for a bill which would throw the burdens of another costly institution upon the shoulders of the State. The situation reminded him of the anecdote related by the late Alexander Stewart, in speaking of the progress of the civil war, said he would put down the rebellion if it took all his wife's relations. It was proposed to exempt the institution from taxation even if it ruined Tehama and several other counties.

At the present time, he said, was embarrassing, and to place it into the hands of the State meant to increase deficiencies and cost of maintenance. The taxable property of the State was too small in amount to tide over two State Universities, and he contended that the bill ought to be refused passage.

Simpson contended that under the Constitution it would be impossible to reimburse Tehama and other counties for taxes on property declared to be exempt. He claimed the Legislature had no power to exempt Stanford University from taxation, than numbers of other and similar ones in the State. If this one exemption were made, hundreds of sectarian and other institutions would justly claim a like right, and confusion would follow.

The bill of necessity arrived and the further consideration of the bill went over as unfinished business.

AFTERNOON SESSION. Stratton moved to reconsider the vote whereby his concurrent resolution, offered at the morning session, providing that when the Senate adjourns, it do so until 10 o'clock a. m. Monday, had been sent. He explained that the Assembly had adopted a similar resolution, and for the Senate not to do so might be looked upon as a slight to the invitation to attend the reception at Berkeley to-day.

NO JUNKET. The motion to reconsider was carried by a vote of 16 to 11, after which Bulla took the floor and protested against the adoption of the resolution. He noted the Senate would sustain the reputation it had established for honesty and sincerity, stay at the Capital and continue its labors.

Dickinson took the same ground and contended that the labor of the session should not be interfered with in order to make a wholesale junket, when no substantial benefits could be derived therefrom.

The resolution was lost by a vote of 12 yeas, 24 noes, and the Assembly will junket as usual.

DREDGER BILL FAVORABLY REPORTED. Voorheis, for the Finance Committee, handed in a bundle of reports, prominent among which was one recommending that \$300,000 be appropriated to purchase and operate a dredger to deepen and rectify the channel of the Sacramento River.

COYOTE SCALPS. Another of the reports related to the coyote scalp claims bill, and made no change in the former report that \$287,000 be appropriated to pay the same.

IMPROVEMENT AND REPAIRS. The reports on bills carrying appropriations for improvement and repairs

for the several State institutions were as follows:

Stockton Insane Asylum—Amount asked, \$20,000; recommended, \$10,000. Prison School of Industry at Jones—Amount asked, \$114,000; recommended, \$54,000.

Southern California Asylum for the Insane and Inebriates—Amount asked, \$116,500; recommended, \$72,505. Whittier Reform School—Amount asked, \$1,107,600; recommended, \$255,000.

Home for Feeble-minded Children—Amount asked, \$105,500; recommended, \$45,000. Mendocino Insane Asylum—Amount asked, \$130,000; recommended, \$20,000.

Chico State Normal School—Amount asked, \$11,000; recommended, \$4,000. San Jose Normal School—Amount asked, \$25,000; recommended, \$5,000.

Los Angeles Normal School—Amount asked, \$5,000; recommended, \$5,000. Home for Adult Blind—Amount asked, \$30,000; recommended, \$30,000.

Deaf, Dumb and Blind Asylum—Amount asked, \$20,000; recommended, \$12,000. Capitol Building (drainage)—Amount asked, \$5,000; recommended, \$4,000.

San Quentin State Prison—Amount asked, \$15,000; recommended, \$7,500. Yosemite Valley—Amount asked, \$8,000; recommended, \$8,000.

OTHER APPROPRIATIONS. To establish Normal School at San Diego—Amount asked, \$75,000; recommended, \$50,000.

To establish Mechanical Trades School at San Luis Obispo—Amount asked, \$75,000; recommended, \$75,000.

UNFAVORABLY REPORTED. To establish and construct leper hospital in San Francisco—Amount asked, \$100,000; recommended, nothing.

For public buildings in San Francisco—Amount asked, \$300,000; recommended, nothing.

To build residence for Governor at Sacramento—Amount asked, \$6,000; recommended, nothing.

To build road to Marshall Monument—Amount asked, \$1,500; recommended, nothing.

For mineral cabinet—Amount asked, \$20,000; recommended, nothing.

ASSEMBLY FILE. The special file of Assembly bills was taken up, and 396, by the Committee on Corporations, providing for the sale of street railways and other franchises, was passed by a vote of 25 to 0—the title approved.

622, by Dibble, to accept for the State the title to the Veterans' Home Association at Yountville was passed by a vote of 27 to 0—the title approved. It had been passed at a former date, but was reconsidered and a correction made.

A. B. 454, by Committee on Mines and Mining, to amend an Act for the further protection of stockholders in mining companies, was read the third time, amended and ordered re-engrossed.

A. B. 490, by Committee on Revision of Code and Statutes, to amend Section 943 of the Code of Civil Procedure, relating to orders of the court, was read the third time and passed by a vote of 27 to 0—the title approved.

A. B. 459, by Committee on Revision of Code and Statutes, amending Section 939 of the Code of Civil Procedure, relative to appeals from judgment, was read the third time and passed by a vote of 28 to 0—the title approved.

A. B. 255, by Chynoweth, relating to the notice for bids for public work, was read the third time and passed by a vote of 25 to 0—the title approved. Dickinson gave notice of a motion to reconsider.

A. B. 607, by the Committee on Education, relating to high schools, was read the third time and passed, 25 to 0—the title approved.

A. B. 495, by Valentine, relative to the granting by municipalities of franchises for the construction of paths and roads for the use of bicycles and other horseless vehicles, was read the third time and passed, 25 to 0—the title approved.

A. B. 104, by Leavitt, amending an Act to create and organize the University of California, relating to the construction of public buildings, read third time, passed, 28 to 0—the title approved.

REFUSED TO CONCUR. Langford's bill, 373, to amend Section 456 of the Code of Civil Procedure, relating to railroads, had been amended in the Assembly, leaving the law as it now stands upon the statute books. Langford moved that the Senate refuse to concur in the amendment. Carried by a vote of 27 to 0, and the Assembly was requested to recede.

A. B. 114, by Harris, to provide for the publication of the State blue book, read third time. No report from the committee being at the desk it was passed on file.

THESE BILLS APPROVED. A message was received from the Governor announcing that the following bills had been approved:

S. B. 2, by Andrews, providing for the destruction of municipal bonds of cities of the fifth class, where the same have been executed and remain unsold.

S. B. 67, by Flint, to add a new section to the Code of Civil Procedure, to be numbered 1705½, concerning the distribution of estates and discharge of executors and administrators.

S. B. 310, by Stratton, for the protection of the Antwerp messenger, or homing pigeon.

OTHER BUSINESS. A. B. 71, by Foreman, relating to the powers of Judges of Police Courts to call in Justices to act in their stead, was read the second time.

A. B. 536, by Beshaw, to authorize the Board of Fish Commissioners to dispose of the hatchery located on Battle Creek, in Tehama County, and to expend the proceeds for the same, read third time, passed, 25 to 0—the title approved.

SAN FRANCISCO POSTOFFICE. Wolfe again offered the resolution providing that our Senators be instructed and our Representatives be requested to take such action as will cause the proper authorities to issue the necessary orders to have the work of constructing the San Francisco Postoffice building begun forthwith. At Thursday's session Wolfe had offered a joint resolution covering the point, but it was ruled out over the point. The one under consideration was concurrent, and was adopted by a unanimous vote.

S. B. 512, by Stratton, relative to the City and County of San Francisco, City and County Boards of Election, having been read the third time, was passed by a vote of 24 to 6. Smith changed his vote and gave notice of a motion to reconsider.

FOR IMPOUNDING DEBRIS. Assembly bill 742, to amend an Act to provide for the appointment, duties and compensation of a Debris Commissioner and to extend the appropriation of \$250,000 made by the Legislature of 1895, upon the construction of dams for impounding mining debris, was read the third time and passed by a vote of 35 to 0—the title approved.

At 4:30 o'clock, on motion of Bulla, a recess was taken until 7:30.

Evening Session. The concurrent resolution relating to

a charter for San Jose, having returned from the printer, was read, adopted and ordered transmitted to the Assembly.

LAND SURVEYORS. S. B. 417, by Greaves, to define the duties of and regulate land surveyors, was read the third time. Gillette offered an amendment to strike out Section 13, which provides that licensed land surveyors shall in January of each year report to the board of examining surveyors the number of surveys made by him during the year, and if the report is not made he shall be notified, and if his report be not filed thirty days thereafter his license shall be revoked.

Greaves protested against the adoption of the amendment, and Gillette spoke for it. The amendment was lost. The bill was passed—the title approved.

THIRD READING. S. B. 483, by Bulla, making cities of 200,000 inhabitants and over cities of the first class, was passed by a vote of 29 to 0—the title approved.

S. B. 467, by Flint, to amend Section 1882 of the Political Code relating to the time bonds may be issued for, was passed by a vote of 28 to 0—the title approved.

Henderson moved that when the Senate adjourn it do so until 10 o'clock Monday morning. Lost.

S. B. 446, by Withington, allowing parties to marry regardless of color, was withdrawn, and S. B. 154, to regulate and improve the civil service of the State, and appropriate therefor, was read and lost by a vote of 15 to 18. Withington changed his vote and gave notice of a motion to reconsider.

At 8:40 o'clock the Senate adjourned to meet at 10 o'clock this morning, and under the direction of General Dickinson the members formed in column of twos and marched to the Assembly Chamber to take part in the reception tendered to Hon. Joseph McKenna.

IN THE ASSEMBLY. The Rock-Crushing Plant Again a Bone of Contention.

A laudable spirit of industry appeared to animate the Assembly yesterday morning and as soon as the opening order of business was concluded and leave of absence granted Fontana, Goff and Cartwright, the House got down to work.

SENATE MESSAGES. From the Senate the following bills were received as passed, and read in the Assembly the first time: S. B.'s 196, 372, 393, 484, 623, 534, substitute for 689, 265, 10, 203, 604, 537, 538, 516, 503, 361.

The Senate refused passage to A. B. 457, relating to the State Prison, and the return of A. B. 17, fixing the minimum rate of compensation for labor on public works. So ordered.

A. B. 23, favorably as amended; A. B. 183, refused second reading; Andrews' S. C. R. 8, adopted; A. B.'s 1 and 52, recalled.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES. State Prison and Reformatories: Treacy's 933, prohibiting machinery run by other than manual labor in State prisons, without recommendation.

Rules and Regulations: Dibble amends changing special urgency orders for Friday and Monday evenings to Monday and Tuesday.

Contested Elections: Report of expenses of case of Kelly vs. Powers; ordered printed in journal.

Ways and Means: A. C. R. 7, for the appointment of a non-partisan committee to inspect and recommend locations for the foundation of a new State Prison; referred to the Ways and Means Committee.

A. B. 593, appropriating money for the support of orphan and abandoned children; to Judiciary. A. B.'s 913, to pay the claim of Tehama County, and 914, to pay the claim of Napa County; referred to Committee on Claims. A. B. 717, to pay the claim of the George H. Taylor Co. 942, relating to Civilian claims in the Indian wars; 912, to pay the claim of the Southern Pacific Railroad; 362, to pay the claim of C. W. Metcalf; 880, for the improvement of the grounds at Sutter's Fort; 362, for an additional clerk to the Secretary of State, all favorably; 851, for a new building for the State Prison; California Insane Asylum; amended and recommended to passage.

Corporations: Jones' 891, to define and regulate the powers of fraternal beneficiary orders; 879, a code revision bill; 11, for the protection of creditors; all favorably.

Counties and County Boundaries: 964, establishing the boundary line between Amador and El Dorado Counties. Federal Relations: A. J. R. 29, relating to the manufacture of glucose; that it be adopted.

Claims: A. B. 450, to pay the claims of Ira Leacy; adversely, and referred to the Ways and Means Committee.

Agriculture: S. B. 182, for the inspection of dairies; S. B. 90, for the relief of District Agricultural Associations; favorably as amended.

Constitutional Amendments: Cimetret's A. C. 3, relating to sessions of the Legislature, favorably as amended; A. C. A. 38, relative to grammar schools; favorably; Clark's 29, relating to revenue and taxation, without recommendation.

Municipal Corporations: S. B. 541, referred to Committee on Commerce and Navigation.

Judiciary (supplementary): S. B. 15, exempting bicycles from execution, favorably as amended; Emmons' A. B. 697—the Sunday law—favorably as amended; 696, amending code, favorably; 694, amending code, and Waymire's 843, providing for the maintenance and support of illegitimate children; all favorably; 354, 508, 509 and 809, that they be withdrawn as being similar to 273, already passed; Combs' 335, amending the Act establishing a tax on collateral inheritance, was withdrawn by the author.

Public Morals: Emmons' 336, relating to races and race meetings and prohibiting trotting races during certain months, that it do not pass.

THE NEW MEMBER. To make the path easier for the new member, J. D. Kenney, it was moved by Emmons, a minority man, that the State Controller should draw his warrant in favor of Kenney for his per diem since the beginning of the session, for \$25 for contingent expenses and \$25 for mileage. Carried.

The Speaker then announced the appointment of Kenney on all the Committees and in the place of McLaurin. So passed McLaurin and so arrived Kenney.

TEACHERS' PENSION BILL. Pursuant to his notice Boone moved to reconsider the vote by which Jones' 63, the teachers' annuity and pension bill was carried. His claim that the bill worked a hardship on country teachers was cleverly answered by Emmons, who humorously took the Tulare member to task for interfering with something that did not concern him, and that Tulare communities of larger size than Tulare are more likely to obtain to and would impose no duty on country teachers. Emmons reduced the question to a matter of

common sense and the motion to reconsider was lost.

FOR PRIMARY ELECTIONS.

Stratton's 140, the general primary election law, was read in sections, and in technical matters, sent to printer and a special order for Monday at 11 o'clock.

BLUE AND GOLD JUNKET.

Just before the noon recess Wright moved that when the House adjourned it adjourn until Monday morning in order that legislators might accept the invitation of the Faculty of the State University to visit that institution to-day.

Several of the wiser heads opposed taking a day's junket simply for the pleasure of the members at this busy time in the session, Dibble pointing out that the trip would cost the State just \$4,000 if it would necessitate an extra day's stay after the statute session is closed. The younger members won easily and the Assembly will forget toil and care at Berkeley to-day.

AFTER RECESS.

North's resolution offered some time ago, excluding from the floor of the House all visitors not having official business, came up and was made the subject of some rather rough horse-play after which it was laid on the table.

IN MEMORIAM.

McClellan moved that when the House adjourned it should adjourn out of respect to the memory of Hon. Frank A. Blakeley, member of the Assembly from Tulare in 1893, who died in this city on Thursday evening, McClellan delivered a brief but appreciative eulogy upon the deceased, after which his motion was carried by a standing vote.

THE FRIEDLANDER CASE.

Kenyon, of the Contested Elections Committee, offered, out of order, the following report on resolution:

REPORT.

Whereas, it appears from the facts within the knowledge of the Committee on Contested Elections of the Assembly that one, A. Friedlander, has attempted, by means of a forged writing, to draw from the treasury of the State of California a sum of money for the purpose of extending the term of his office as an official of this committee, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Grand Jury of the County of Sacramento be requested to take cognizance of said offense and investigate the said charge and the subject connected therewith and that this Assembly take such action in the premises as may be right and just.

KENYON, Chairman.

ADOPTED.

RESOLUTION.

Resolved, That A. A. Friedlander be and he is hereby denied the privilege of admission to the Assembly Chamber or any of the rooms under the control of the Sergeant-at-Arms of the House during the remainder of the session. KENYON, Chairman.

Action upon the whole matter was appointed for 5 o'clock but when that hour arrived, in the heat of the rock crushing argument, it seemed to have been overlooked.

TWO NEW BILLS.

Although the constitutional time for the introduction of bills has passed, two have been introduced since then, after the necessary unanimous consent was secured. They are as follows:

By Emmons, 915, to provide an additional Judge of the Superior Court in counties of the twenty-fifth class. (Kern).

By Leavitt, 976, relating to the furnishing of artificial light to cities of the first class.

UNFINISHED BUSINESS.

On this file A. B. 62, to pay the claim of Thomas Hatch was passed; also Guy's 247, to pay the claim of the "Daily Republic" Guy's 225, for the pay of the San Francisco "Bulletin" and America's, 860, for \$25,000 for the improvement of Alviso Slough.

GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

The Governor sent no less than three communications to the Assembly yesterday. One message announced that Hill's A. B. 76, and a code bill, 419, had been transmitted to him with Senate amendments which had not been concurred in by the Assembly. This error in procedure will doubtless be corrected and the bills re-transmitted to the Governor.

Among other bills approved by the Governor yesterday were the following: \$80, the \$40,000 printing bill, Shanahan's 172, extending the time for redemption of property sold on execution from six months to one year, and \$40, appropriating \$20,000 for the contingency fund of the Assembly.

ANDERSON'S AMENDMENT.

Senator Doty's 57 came up on the Senate special file; the bill to regulate and govern the operation of the rock-crushing plant at the State Prison at Folsom which was burdened with the amendment offered by Anderson a few evenings ago which was carried and which, in the opinion of the friends of the bill, effectually killed the measure. Cutter offered another amendment which recedes the bill to its original status, or nearly so, and this precipitated the old, old discussion.

Emmons, Dibble, Toland, Anderson, Clark, Leavitt, rang the changes over the unoffending rock-crusher, from the standpoint of the broadest humanity, down to the difference between 40 cents per ton and "selling the rock free with ten per cent. added," as one speaker inadvertently put it.

But there were others—and those others included Valente, Bridgeford, Denney, North, Emms, Cutter, and others who spoke to such good purpose that the bill was not without obstructions of propositions to "table" and to "indefinitely postpone." Cutter's amendment carried, and the bill will now come up on third reading.

The House took a recess and the very brief evening session before the reception to Justice McKenna began, was devoted to getting the legislative decks cleared for action when the House reconvenes on Monday.

THEOSOPIHICAL CRUSADE.

And the Crusaders Will Reach Sacramento To-Day.

Handbills are abroad announcing that the American Theosophists, who have traveled around the world on behalf of the theosophical movement which was begun in America by Madame H. P. Blavatsky, continued by William Q. Judge, and now under the leadership of Mrs. Katherine A. Tingley, will arrive in Sacramento to-day, and invite the public to a meeting in Turner Hall on Sunday evening at 8 o'clock, when the Crusaders will give addresses on "Brotherhood," "Tolerance" and kindred theosophical topics.

The members of the party are: Mrs. Katherine A. Tingley, leader of the Theosophical movement throughout the world; E. T. Hargrove, President of the theosophical societies in America, Europe and Australia; Claude Falls Wright, Judge, and now under the leadership of Mrs. Katherine A. Tingley, will arrive in Sacramento to-day, and invite the public to a meeting in Turner Hall on Sunday evening at 8 o'clock, when the Crusaders will give addresses on "Brotherhood