

EMIGRATION FROM THE GERMAN EMPIRE.

It Will Henceforth be Directed Otherwise Than to the United States.

Under the Bill Submitted to the Reichstag by the Government.

Aim to Found in the Future Large Colonies of an Agricultural and Industrial Character in South and Central Countries, Where Such Colonies Will Not be Politically Interfered With.

BERLIN, April 3 (Copyrighted, 1897, by the Associated Press).—As laid bare by the emigration bill, which the Government has submitted to the Reichstag, it will hereafter be the settled policy of the Government to direct the stream of German emigration elsewhere than to the United States.

During the recent Cabinet session five out of the six members present declared themselves in accord with the aims of Pan-germanism and the colonial party, namely: To found in the future so far as circumstances permit, large German colonies of an agricultural and industrial character in South and Central American countries, where the autonomous and uniform make up of such colonies will not be politically interfered with.

The Government will encourage and prosper as much as possible by money grants and political intervention, wherever required, those companies aiming at settling such colonies. The first company was organized on Wednesday at Hamburg, with the title of Hansatic Colonization Company. Its capital is 1,000,000 marks. This company becomes the heir of the assets and privileges of the Hamburg Colonial Society of 1834, including a territory of about 1,700,000 acres of fertile lands in the Brazilian State of Santa Catarina.

The company's grant includes a railway from San Francisco Bay to the German colonies of Blumenau and Jeonville, the Brazilian Government getting 5 per cent. of the capital required to construct the railroad.

The Reichstag next fall will be asked for appropriations for the purpose of aiding the scheme of Admiral Trepitz, who replaces Admiral von Hollman, the Secretary of the Navy, during the latter's absence on sick leave. Admiral Trepitz is the reputed author of the gigantic naval plans, and it is practically certain that he will succeed von Hollman, who will be retired at the close of his leave of absence. This shows that the Emperor is determined not to abandon his naval scheme. The radical papers, however, already declare that the Reichstag will not grant to Admiral Trepitz what it refused to Admiral von Hollman.

His majesty will not wait until next session, trusting that in the meanwhile public opinion will grow more favorable to his ideas.

His majesty dined this evening with Admiral von Hollman. The Emperor was very indignant at Baron von Stumm's clumsy attempts to intimidate the Emperor by his usual show of the insolent forces working in the ministries of Berlin, and especially in the Department of Justice, whereby pardons are obtained for wholly undeserving convicts, Pfahl being one of the most successful go-betweens. The matter formed the subject of an interpellation in the Reichstag, and finally the Ministry of Justice made only evasive replies. The opposition press demands that the inside facts be brought to light.

Emperor William, on the anniversary of the birth of his grandfather, assembled in the palace, at which he presided the aides-de-camp of the old Emperor and conferred on them the right to wear his grandfather's monogram on their shoulder-straps, declaring that he, himself and the heir to the throne would in future wear the monogram in memory of the glorious reign of his grandfather.

Princess Ephege, daughter of Prussia is undergoing a regular course of training as a hospital field nurse. Prince Bismarck's birthday, April 1st, was generally greeted with congratulations and eulogistic articles. His rheumatic attack, which has been very painful during the last few months, he has subsided, the former Chancellor being able to spend part of the day out of bed and share in the family meals, his appetite remaining good. He entered the reception-room in the evening, dressed in plain black, with a white necktie and wearing his usual broad-brimmed hat. He did not take off on account of the drafts. He walked erect, carrying a stick. Count Herbert Bismarck, aided by Dr. Schwelinger, handed him the presents, which he examined closely. He then went to another room, where the presents of the statesman. Among the cards and letters displayed. Thousands of dispatches and letters arrived at Friedrichsruhe during the week, twenty-eight of them being from French admirals. From the United States there were 103 messages expressing sympathy with the great statesman. Among the cards and letters displayed.

The German newspapers continue printing articles advising the Government to adopt retaliatory measures in the event of the new American tariff bill being passed. The "Kreuzer-Zeitung" and the "Deutsche Zeitung" take the lead in this respect. The export business of the United States is now in a feverish condition. Although extra steamers have been provided for the transportation of export goods, the various steamship lines from Hamburg, Bremen and Stettin declare themselves unable to carry all the freight which is being sent to the docks.

The German Consul at Chicago having reported to the home Government unfavorably on the Chicago German Medical College and its alleged sale of diplomas, the Prussian Government has ordered that all persons publicly exhibiting degrees obtained from that institution shall be prosecuted.

James Fallow, one of a trio of American bank robbers, who appeared here last summer during the Industrial Exposition and did sick work, has just been arrested here.

The United States Ambassador, Edwin F. Uhl, was the guest on Monday at a banquet given by the Russian Ambassador.

WEST DEFEATS RYAN. Given the Decision at the End of the Eighth Round.

NEW YORK, April 3.—At the Broadway Athletic Club to-night Tom West of New York defeated Jim Ryan of Australia in the eighth round. In the second West sent Ryan down with a left punch in the face. Ryan got to his feet in four seconds, and remained on the defensive during the remainder of the round. In the fourth West sent his left straight on the face, and Ryan went down and remained on one knee until the referee counted nine. Each round succeeding was distinctly in West's favor. In the eighth West forced the fighting in a vicious manner, and in a clinch he threw Ryan to the floor. As soon as Ryan regained his feet the referee saw that he was unfit to continue the battle, and ordered both men to go to their corners. The referee awarded the fight to West.

Suicide at Leadville. LEADVILLE (Col.), April 3.—A handsome woman of 25, calling herself Marian Guley, committed suicide in an apartment house here to-day. The act is supposed to have been prompted by a telegram received from a lover in Denver whom she claimed had deserted her. Letters found in her effects indicate that she deserted her husband and a four-year-old child in Hartford, Conn.

Disruptive Wind at St. Louis. ST. LOUIS, April 3.—The south wall of the convention auditorium, in which Major McKinley was nominated, was blown down this afternoon by a strong wind. Nobody was hurt. The building is being demolished. The dwellings of Samuel McLane, Marion Simpson, Stephen Parker and William Riley were unroofed, and a part of the roof of a small Methodist Church was also taken off.

Cyclone in Kansas. TOPEKA (Kans.), April 3.—Topeka was given a genuine cyclone scare this afternoon, during which probably several thousand persons scurried into their cyclone cellars. At 1:30 o'clock this afternoon a funnel shaped cloud came up from the west and passed over the western part of the city.

Purse for Corbett and O'Donnell. NEW YORK, April 3.—The Palace Athletic Club of this city has offered a \$5,000 purse for a scientific twenty-round contest for points between Jim Corbett and Steve O'Donnell, and Billy Madden has accepted the offer on behalf of Corbett. Both signed articles to box within two months.

Accidentally Shot Himself. CLAYTON (N. M.), April 3.—L. B. Gallegos, Sheriff of this (Union) County, accidentally shot himself with fatal results in a try to draw a rifle from beneath a bed in the jail.

BATTLESHIP OREGON. The Big War Vessel Arrives at Seattle.

SEATTLE, April 3.—The battleship Oregon arrived at the Port Orchard wharf at 10:30 o'clock. She will go on the dock next Tuesday. The test is looked forward to with a great deal of interest, as it will give a conclusive test of the strength of the structure.

The Oregon left San Francisco last Tuesday. Wednesday morning a heavy gale was encountered. Two lifeboats eighteen feet above the water level were carried away. The waves dashed over the pilot-house, forty-five feet above the water line. The vessel was hoisted to and rode out the storm like a cork. Thursday she stood away on her course, making the run to Port Townsend at a twelve-knot clip.

INDOOR BICYCLING. The Hatch Race Between Eaton and Longhead Proves a Farce.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 3.—The much-talked-of indoor race between Eaton and Longhead at the Mechanics Pavilion to-night proved to be a farce. Eaton won the first heat in 2:11 3/5, but neither of the riders making any attempt to catch their pacesmakers in the second heat they were recalled several times. Longhead won the second heat in 2:17 2/5. The third and decisive heat was won by Eaton in 2:12 1/5. The final of the mile open, which was the only other event on the programme, was won by Becker, the Minneapolis rider, Jones second and Stevens third. Time—2:26 2/5.

Train Robber Arrested. NEVADA (Cal.), April 3.—James True, accused of being the man who single-handed held up the Union Pacific mail train near Uintah, Utah, on March 18th, was arrested here this afternoon by Sheriff Gotchell, in conjunction with Postoffice Inspectors Thrall and Nichols, on a charge of robbing the mails. True, who is now in jail, refuses to make a statement, and has employed ex-District Attorney Fox to defend him. The postal authorities claim he will have a strong case against him.

Estate of Ex-Mayor Rader. LOS ANGELES, April 3.—Mrs. Clara Rader, widow of the late Frank Rader, filed a petition to-day for probate of her husband's will. The estimated value of his real estate is \$55,050. His other property consists of wearing apparel and jewelry valued at \$300; bonds, stocks and notes worth \$3,000; \$1,000 life insurance, and \$11,749 in the bank. Mrs. Rader, the widow, is named as executrix of the will, and is named in the will as sole legatee and devisee of the same.

Ten Thousand Rabbits Slaughtered. FRESNO, April 3.—It is estimated that between 4,000 and 5,000 people attended the rabbit race this afternoon at Station to-day, and that in the neighborhood of 10,000 rabbits were slaughtered to make a Fresno holiday. The jack rabbit has nearly disappeared from the territory east of the Southern Pacific road in this county, but upon the strictly settled plains for ten to fifteen miles west they are more numerous than ever, and are doing great damage to growing crops.

Bicycle Road Race. SANTA ANA, April 3.—In the handicap bicycle road race this afternoon around the eleven and three-quarter-mile kite, Harry Bundy won first time, with Ernest Wood, both scratch men, lapping his wheel, in 31:25. Guy Chandler, four-minute man, won first place, though Glenn nearly kept him from his prize. Even then his time was but ten over thirty-three minutes. The race drew out a large crowd.

BLOCKADE IN CRETE PROVES INEFFECTUAL.

Anarchy in the Island and the Confusion in Europe Worse Than Before.

The Powers First Threatened to Take United Action.

Not Certain That All the Powers Have Actually Agreed to Blockade the Greek Ports—Latest News Indicates That France and Italy Are Still Adverse to Such a Course.

LONDON, April 3. (Copyrighted, 1897, by the Associated Press)—It is just a month since the so-called concert of the Powers threatened the blockade of Crete, which has proved quite ineffectual, being continually evaded, and to-day the anarchy in Crete and the confusion in European councils are worse than before.

The replies of the Parliamentary Secretary for the Foreign Office, Mr. Curzon, to inquiries on the subject show it to be by no means certain that all the Powers have actually agreed to blockade the Greek ports. The latest news indicates that France and Italy are still adverse to this course. The fact is that the Powers distrust of each other reduces them to impotence. None of them wants a general war, nobody being able to foresee what its eventual result would be. It is believed that Russia and Germany, and perhaps Austria, want a localized war, hoping that Turkey, being victorious, will lay Greece at the mercy of European dictation.

In the meantime, the two combatants, as well as the Powers, hesitate to incur the odium of commencing the conflict. Germany's attitude in setting on the other Powers, while herself abstaining from any active share in the struggle, is universally condemned as being disgraceful diplomatically, and Russia is evidently playing her own game, and while willing to send to Crete whatever troops the other Powers suggest, hopes that the blockade of Greece will incite the Greeks to hostile action on the frontier, something that seems to be extremely possible, as the King of Greece strongly maintains his original determination, and the Premier, M. Deliyannis, declares that nothing will prevent war if the Powers persist in refusing their consent to the union of Crete and Greece. Russia is confident that Greece will lose the first battle, and that the Emperor, who will not move except at Russia's orders.

The Admirals of foreign fleets in Cretan waters continue daily asking for definite instructions from their respective Governments. They have urgently advised the appointment of a European governor, and they are capable of ruling the island. It is a remarkable fact that Colonel Vassos and the Greeks inspire the greatest sympathy among all the foreign correspondents, the futile measures of the Powers being daily denounced.

Mr. Gladstone has written another letter on Cretan affairs, with reference to the concert of Europe. He says the attitude of the Powers recalls the days of Castlereagh and Metternich, when Greece was unable to buy armaments in Europe on credit, while Turkey had no difficulty whatever in doing so.

It is stated that Greece will try to raise an international loan of £10,000,000. The reports that Greek insurgents have already crossed the Macedonian frontier turn out to be incorrect. A well-informed correspondent in Vienna declares that the Powers are determined to maintain the blockade of Greece if that nation declares war, and thus deprive her of one of her most formidable means of attack.

A report from Athens says that a son of Admiral Hattis, the British commander in Cretan waters, has arrived there as a volunteer. It is understood that Russia has stopped Turkey's negotiations to sell the island of Crete to Greece by a threat to occupy Antolia if the negotiations are persisted in.

In connection with the warlike aspect of affairs in Europe and South Africa, it is significantly announced that Lord Wolsely, the British Commander-in-Chief, accompanied by his aide-de-camp, will soon start for Gibraltar, in order to inspect the fortress.

The details of the Transvaal claim against Great Britain for indemnity as a result of the Transvaal raid are now definitely known. In addition to the sum of £67,533 pounds, which is said to be the expense which the railway and telegraph companies, burglers, etc., suffered from the raid, demands £1,000,000 for moral and intellectual damage. This appears as a separate and additional item.

Colonel Francis Rhodes, the brother of Cecil Rhodes, explained before the Parliamentary Commission that the cost of engineering the raid was \$250,000. A sensation among the members of the commission is expected on Saturday next, when Charles Leonard, one of the members of the Johannesburg Reform Committee, is to present an exhaustive statement dealing with the grievances of the Transvaal. The Radical members of Parliament have unscrupled the fact that the present Czar enacted taxation amounting to £10,000 in death duties on money lying in the Bank of England when his father died. This complaint on the part of the Government towards Russia will be warmly appreciated. The Government has refused to allow stands to be erected in the public parks for the Queen's diamond jubilee procession. An offer of £10,000 was made for permission to erect a stand in the Greek Park facing Piccadilly.

suil at Moscow and others concerned in his detention in an asylum there.

NEW YORK, April 3.—A dispatch to the "World" from St. Petersburg says: The Russian Consul at Panina writes that it is untrue that he has been insulted by the Turkish troops, and that this story is probably a Greek invention.

In reply to the Greek assertions that the Macedonians will rise upon a declaration of war, the wish alone is father to the thought. The Prince of Bulgaria and Premier Stoleff are perfectly resolved that no risings shall take place if they can help it. It is perfectly true that in Bulgaria there is a certain popular feeling toward stirring up a Macedonian agitation, but it is said from a reliable source that Stoleff is able to hold his own against the opposition party. He considers that the best policy is to support the Prince and stanchly aid the Powers in the cause of peace now, in order that Bulgaria may have a stronger claim later.

Servia is pledged to follow Bulgaria's lead. Only in case of massacres taking place would either of these two Powers move. It is stated that the new Governor of Crete will be a Spanish official. The "Novoe Vremya" pertinently says: "Russia and England are agreed, but there is no gain and only fatal delay in waiting for the assent of the Powers. It will be necessary to give the Governor large military and financial resources." All the details of the Greek blockade are arranged.

The Emperor of Austria's speech is warmly approved here.

MISTAKEN FOR A BURGLAR. A MAN-OF-WARSHIP SHOT AND DANGEROUSLY WOUNDED.

The Victim of the Shooting, While Under the Influence of Liquor, Mistook His Lodgings.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 3.—William Godfrey, a man-of-warship, was shot and dangerously wounded by the Dobel in the rear of the residence 900A Folsom street shortly after 4 o'clock this morning.

About that hour Dobel, who lives at 909B, was awakened by a lady next door crying for help. He inquired the cause of the outcry, and was told by his startled neighbor that some man was trying to break in through a rear door.

Dobel ran to his apartments, secured a pistol, and then hurried to the rear. There he saw a man of whom he inquired his business. The trespasser made no reply, and Dobel commanded him to throw up his hands on penalty of his life.

Still the stranger took no notice of Dobel, and the latter fired two shots. He then hurried to the front of the house, expecting to intercept the intruder as he beat a retreat out of a side entrance.

By this time the entire neighborhood was in a state of wild excitement. Police whistles were blown, and in response Officer Nolting appeared. He went to the rear and there found Godfrey lying on the porch badly wounded.

The injured man was hastily taken to the Receiving Hospital, where an examination showed him to be slightly injured under the influence of liquor. The doctors looked him over, and found that one of the bullets fired by Dobel had taken effect under the right shoulder blade and had ranged inward, causing a wound that may prove fatal.

Godfrey claimed that on Thursday night, while in the rear of 911 Folsom street, and said he thought he was in that same place last night. He ridiculed the idea that he was trying to commit a burglary.

As he was hatless and shoeless when found, he was questioned regarding the cause of his plight, and he removed his shoes so that he could get about without making a disturbance.

Dobel was arrested on a charge of assault to murder. As there was no malice in the shooting, he was subsequently released.

It is the opinion of the police that Godfrey was not bent on crime, but that while drunk he made a mistake regarding his lodgings.

The wounded man is a seaman on the United States steamship Independence, now lying at Mare Island.

FATE OF HELENA HANGING IN THE BALANCE.

The Arkansas Town May at Any Moment be Deluged by Floods.

The Waters Now Even With the Crown of the New Levee.

Flood Water Fast Spreading Over the Entire Country in the Mississippi Delta—Many Thousand People Rendered Homeless—Fifty Thousand People on the Arkansas Side Confronted With Starvation.

MEMPHIS (Tenn.), April 3.—The heavy flood in the Mississippi north of Cairo and the rise in the Tennessee and Cumberland Rivers, will throw another world of water into the already filled St. Francis basin, and as all this will have to pass through the narrow levee-bound channel beginning ten miles above Helena to the first break, ten miles below that city, the fate of Helena and the low and fertile country behind Tunica County, Miss., levee is problematical. The people of Helena have raised the height of their levee two feet, but the water is now even with the top of the crown. The levees opposite Helena were reported last night to be in a precarious condition, and the heavy rains of to-day have added to their weakness.

In the Mississippi delta water is fast spreading over the entire country. Many thousand people have been made homeless. The levees opposite Helena were reported last night to be in a precarious condition, and the heavy rains of to-day have added to their weakness.

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HIGH WATER AT CHIPPEWA FALLS.

The Westbound Passenger Train Ditched Near Malad Station, Resulting in One Death and Several People Injured.

Frank Butler, the Australian Murderer, Starts Back to the Scene of His Many Crimes on the Steamship Mariposa, in Charge of Two Detectives.

SALT LAKE, April 3.—The west-bound passenger train on the Oregon Short Line was ditched near Malad Station at 8:10 o'clock this morning. The engine and first four cars passed over the switch safely, but the fifth car, a tourist seaper, a passenger coach and two Pullman sleepers were completely overturned and demolished, with fatal results. P. Kennedy of Kansas City, Mo., was killed, and the following injured seriously: Alice C. Stroin of Dayton, Wash., leg and ankle crushed and back injured; David M. Cartwell of Haines, Or., right shoulder and legs badly crushed; W. A. Cartwell, Haines, Or., right arm crushed and hip bruised; B. T. Herringer, Baker City, Or., right ankle broken, left leg bruised, arm scalded and face cut; J. A. Williams, an extra brakeman, leg badly crushed.

The slightly injured were: De Kayle Smith, S. H. Fincher, Weiser, Idaho; Charles Russell, Sharon Center, Ia.; Charles Dello and Andrew Kutria, Portland, Or.; W. W. Croco, Bilas, Idaho; David Dupuis, Eureka, Utah, and W. A. Geddes, Plain City, Utah.

The accident was caused by the breaking of a switch frog. The officials of the road started from Salt Lake immediately after hearing of the accident, taking a number of physicians. The injured were taken to Boise, Idaho, and properly cared for. The track was cleared at 7 o'clock this evening.

PUBLIC STREAMS DEFINED. Interesting Decision Rendered by the Supreme Court.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 3.—The Supreme Court delivered an opinion to-day defining a public stream, so far as the right of taking fish is concerned.

The Trucker Lumber Company has its sawmills on the bank of the Truckee River, a stream that runs from Lake Tahoe, in this State, to Pyramid Lake, in the State of Nevada. W. F. Fitzgerald, the Attorney-General, asked an injunction against the company, alleging that it was permitting sawdust, shavings and other refuse from the mill to fall into the river, thereby destroying the fish. The Supreme Court granted the injunction, from which the defendant appealed, and the Supreme Court has now affirmed the order.

"The common right to take fish," said the court, "extends not alone to navigable waters, but exists to all waters, the lands underlying which are not in private ownership. While the right of fishery upon one's land is exclusively in the riparian proprietor, this does not imply or carry the right to destroy what he does not own. He may not own the fish in the stream. His right of property attaches only to those he reduces in actual possession, and he cannot lawfully kill or obstruct the free passage of those not taken. The mere fact, therefore, that the interference or obstruction causes a diminution in fact to be in a stream where the right of fishery is exclusively in private riparian owners, does not make the acts here complained of any less an invasion of the public right to protect its general interest in the property."

MURDERER BUTLER. Now En Route to the Scene of His Many Crimes.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 3.—When the steamer Mariposa sailed this evening for Australia all hope seemed to die in Frank Butler, who was started back to the scenes of his many crimes. For the first time since his arrest he began to show marked signs of trepidation. He had been driven as quickly as possible to the dock, where he was hurried into the specially equipped prisoner's room amidships.

COST OF THE LEGISLATURE. Expense of the Last Session, as Compared With That of 1895.

SANTA CRUZ, April 3.—Lieutenant-Governor Jeter has received from the Assistant Secretary of the Senate a memorandum of the cost of the Legislature. The expenditures are being figured up, but will not be ready for publication for several weeks. According to the memorandum, which compares the cost of the Legislature of 1897 to that of 1895, the pay of members of the Senate of 1895, including per diem and mileage, was \$21,318 20; officers and clerks, \$6,882; contingent expenses, \$55,000. Total, \$83,200 20. The total cost of the Senate of 1897 was \$75,000 00, including over \$4,000 for contested elections and driven as quickly as possible to the dock, where he was hurried into the specially equipped prisoner's room amidships.

Los Angeles Newspapers. SAN FRANCISCO, April 3.—It is now stated on good authority that the "Herald" and "Express" of Los Angeles have fallen under the control of the Los Angeles "Times" in a single financial combination, and it is no longer a secret that the San Francisco "Examiner" will print a Los Angeles edition simultaneously with its San Francisco edition.

Trustee of the Whittier School. LOS ANGELES, April 3.—Harry Patton, editor of the Los Angeles "Capital," has been appointed by Governor Budd to fill the vacancy in the Board of Trustees of the Whittier School. Mr. Patton has resigned the office of Trustee in Highlands Inland system, but will enter upon his duties at Whittier immediately.

FATAL RAIL ACCIDENT ON THE OREGON SHORT LINE.

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