

VAN BUSKIRK WAS QUICKLY PUT TO SLEEP.

Knocked Out by Jeffries in the Second Round of the Fight.

The Blow Which Did the Work Landed Squarely on the Jaw,

The Defeated Aspirant for Championship Honors Falling Like a Log on His Face, Being Counted Out Before He Could Get on His Feet—Slater Knocks Out McCoy, and Maxwell Puts Morrissey to Sleep in Ten Minutes.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 9.—James J. Jeffries, aspirant for championship honors, whose chief claim to distinction in the pugilistic world is based on his having been Jim Corbett's chief boxing partner while the ex-champion was undergoing his preparation at Carson, knocked out Theodore Van Buskirk, a California heavyweight, to-night in two rounds.

The contest was brought off by the National Club, and between five and six thousand people were in attendance. Jeffries has adopted Corbett's style of fighting as nearly as any man who ever appeared here. He allowed Van Buskirk to do the forcing, showing much cleverness in ducking and hitting in the breakthrough.

Van Buskirk claimed a foul on the first blow struck by Jeffries, a left hand swing on the stomach, but the referee declined to allow the claim. The blow which put Van Buskirk out was a right hand cross squarely on the jaw. Van turned completely around, and fell like a log on his face and was counted out before he could get on his feet.

Horace Slater knocked out Homer McCoy, a brother of Kid McCoy, in the first round, and Sammy Maxwell put Ed Morrissey to sleep for ten minutes with a right hand upper cut in the third round.

MAY USE ELECTRICITY.

An Improvement to be Made on Oakland Suburban Lines.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 9.—The announced intention of the Illinois Central Railroad to substitute electric cars for steam cars in the handling of Chicago suburban traffic has brought to light the fact that the Southern Pacific is seriously considering the advisability of making a similar change on its broad gauge lines running from Oakland to Fruitvale, Alameda and Berkeley.

For some time past Mr. Huntington has had several engineers at work studying the matter. The ferry travel of the company amounts annually to over 17,000,000 people. The great majority of the ferry travelers go by the broad gauge line, which has forty miles of road between Oakland, Fruitvale, Alameda and Berkeley.

JOHNSON LIBEL SUIT.

The Case Will Probably be Completed To-Day.

LOS ANGELES, April 9.—Judge Wellborn's department of the Federal Court is still engaged in trying the libel case of Evangelist Johnson versus the Fresno "Republican." It will possibly

be completed to-morrow. Johnson was to-day required to answer the question as to who was his alleged informant regarding the slanderous utterance reflecting upon the young girls of Fresno. He testified that he did not and never had known his name, but that he was a newspaper man who had been introduced to him by Rev. Gillan.

FELL IN A TANK OF OIL.

An Employee of the Pacific Rolling Mills Meets With Death.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 9.—Frank O'Hanlon, employed at the Pacific Rolling Mills met death to-day in an unusual way. He was engaged in cleaning the inside of one of the big tanks used for storing fuel petroleum. In doing this work he was let down on the inside of the tank, which is twenty or thirty feet deep, in a sling or chair, such as is used by painters.

Guilty of Contempt.

FLAGSTAFF (Ariz.), April 9.—In the District Court to-day Judge Ross adjudged G. W. Glowner, an attorney, guilty of contempt of court, and sentenced him to sixty days in jail and to pay a fine of \$100. Glowner, as attorney for the defendant in the case of the Arizona Central Bank versus Deegan, filed his affidavit of himself and three others that Judge Rouse was prejudiced, and asked for a change of venue. The venue had heretofore been changed by Judge Hawkins in a similar affidavit, and after argument, Glowner's motion was denied, and he was adjudged guilty of contempt.

Diaz and Grant.

As the military history of Diaz in many ways suggests that of Grant—though he had none of Grant's technical preparation, and led far smaller armies, and had always to create them himself out of next to nothing, forging invincible steel from the peon mud—so does his personal simplicity. At the opening of the lips the resemblance ceases, but there was the same quietness of taste. No man of Latin blood could disregard the demands of ceremony in a ruler; no man of any blood could be more modest in them. When and where etiquette compels, Diaz is splendid; and none can better carry off the pomp and circumstance of state than this ascetic soldier, who would be at home in any court. But outside the necessities of occasion, he goes as untrifled as our President; scrupulously neat and scrupulously simple in his dress. And while a tyrant may be unvain, tyrants do not walk loose among their serfs.

There is a deeper test of balance than unpretentiousness amid the temptations of practically supreme power. Diaz has remained to this day a man of the strictest habits. He has no vices—not even that sweetest and most human vice which is so easy to an autocrat. Abstemious, methodical, tireless; working with remarkable dispatch a long day, yet scrupulously that not even the nation shall quite rob his family of him; early to bed and early to rise; always busy but never hurried; a sturdy walker and a superb rider of superb horses; a real hunter—as frontiersmen count hunters, and not by the category of the titled trigger-pullers who butcher tame, fenced game—the private life of this curious man is as wholesome as his administration, and has broadly aided it.—Charles F. Lummis, in Harper's Magazine.

Incomprehensible.

"I can't understand it at all," said Dawson. "It must be an oversight." "What's that?" asked Hawkins. "Why, my wife went out of the city to visit week before last and nobody has as yet started a report that we have separated permanently."

His Valid Excuse.

"Michael," said his employer, "you are looking very rocky this morning." "Yes, sor," replied the driver of the delivery wagon. "I've got a headache. I was at a christenin' last night, sor, an' the kid was the only one in the crowd that took water."—Chicago Tribune.

Worried.

Wimbleton—What's on your mind, old man? Is your wife or any of your children sick? "Hankins—Heavens, it's a more serious matter than that! I'm afraid we're not going to have a baseball team here this season."

KANSAS LEGISLATURE SCANDAL.

A BOOK FIRM TRIES TO BRIBE A MEMBER.

The Speaker of the House Gives Testimony Which Creates a Sensation.

TOPEKA (Kans.), April 9.—Speaker Lewelling took him to a room in the National Hotel, and said there was "something in it for both of us" if they could get a substitute adopted for the original text book bill.

Representative Dingsworth swore that Representative Doyle had offered him \$250 if he would cease his fight for the text book bill. Dr. Frank H. Smith, Representative from Sherman County, demanded a right to testify. He said that statements made yesterday by Representative Clark of Thomas County, that he (Smith) had offered Clark \$250 to oppose the Harkney amendment to the railroad bill, was utterly false.

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Continuing, Smith said: "Mr. Clark probably could enlighten the committee in order to get his vote on the oleomargarine bill."

Miss Nellie Bennett, Clerk of the House Committee on Enrolled Bills (Smith's committee) testified to a conversation in the committee room between Clark and Smith. Clark said there ought to be "something" in that railroad bill; that he needed \$200 or \$300, and asked Dr. Smith if he thought there was anything in it.

After Clark had left the room Smith said to the witness that Clark was one of the men Brown of Pratt was counting on as for sale.

Senator Jumper told of the attempt by one Tucher to bribe him to vote against the stock yards bill. Tucher was arrested when the scandal first came out. Jumper later said that Horace Jensen, of Topeka had also approached him.

Speaker W. D. Street again testified, saying he wished to say something in explanation. His testimony was not in answer to questions, and took the form of a defense of his action as Speaker of the House.

Fairchild was recalled at his request, and pursued the same line of defense to such an extent that Grimes, the Republican member of the committee, asked the testimony of these two to be expunged from the records. His request was refused.

The list of witnesses having run out, the committee adjourned until to-morrow, but as the other witnesses cannot get here before Monday, little is expected to-morrow.

SENATE COMMITTEES.

The Task of Reorganization Will Likely Soon be Accomplished.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—The committee representing respectively the Republican and Democratic sides of the Senate resumed their efforts to-day to reach an agreement on a basis of reorganizing the Senate committees.

The Republicans have gone to work with the serious intention of taking charge of the committees, but they find that in assuming this task there are many delicate points to be settled. The tariff is giving the managing committee and all the Republican Senators more concern than any other factor in the situation. It is doubtful whether they would attempt to proceed but for this bill. They fear, however, that if they do not take the work in hand the bill may be seriously delayed, some of the Democrats having practically warned them that they will object to any further legislation of any character until the committees shall be filled.

There was also a feeling on the Republican side that any attempt which might appear to discriminate injudiciously against the Populists and Silver Republicans would imperil the tariff bill by precipitating an unseemly wrangle on the eve of its presentation to the Senate. At the conclusion of three hours' session of the Republican committee Senator McMillan said that such satisfactory progress has been made as to warrant the prediction that reorganization would be accomplished.

BRYAN AT TALLAHASSEE.

Suffering No Serious Effects From Thursday's Accident.

TALLAHASSEE (Fla.), April 9.—Hon. W. J. Bryan reached here at 4 o'clock this afternoon. He spoke to-day at Lake City, Live Oak and Lloyds, where he was greeted by big crowds. Upon his arrival he was met by a committee of the Legislature and the city officials. When asked if he felt any serious effects from his accident yesterday, Mr. Bryan said: "I am all right, but I was considerably shaken, and my chest and legs are very painful."

A platform for the evening's address had been erected in Lewis Park, and Mr. Bryan spoke there at 8 o'clock to a thousand people, after a formal welcome to the city by Mayor Shiple and an introduction by Senator Shiple. He disclaimed any intention to influence the pending Senatorial contest in the Legislature.

After the speech a reception was held at the Leon Hotel. Mr. Bryan will speak to-morrow night at Jacksonville.

GOLD FIELDS OF PLATONICA.

Said to Far Surpass Anything in Richness on the Continent.

MONTREAL, April 9.—The Dominion Government has determined upon a step that will have an important influence upon the development of the rich gold fields of Platonica. A committee will be appointed to go there as soon as travel permits and organize a Government for the territory, and report on the existing conditions. The reports of Mr. Ogilvie, of the Geological Survey, who is wintering there, will show that

the gold fields of that country far surpass in richness and ease of access anything on the continent. The chief difficulty is not the winter cold, but the trouble in getting supplies into the country.

CHINESE IMMIGRANTS.

More Will Come to Attend the Nashville Exposition.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—Secretary Gage and the immigration officials are perplexed as to the best course to pursue in regard to the immigration of a large number of Chinese laborers in connection with the Chinese exhibit at the National Exposition at Nashville, Tenn.

The law allows the immigration of a sufficient number of Chinese laborers to do the work of installing the exhibit, and also such as may desire to give entertainments in the exhibition, on condition that a bond is given that they will leave the country at the close of the exhibition. The experience of the officials is that many of the Chinese, finding business dull after a week or two, drift over the country and engage in other business. While this is a violation of the spirit of the law, there does not seem to be any way of preventing it. The matter, however, is under consideration by the officials, and it is hoped that some remedy may be discovered.

E. S. DEAN & CO.

The Sheriff Takes Charge of Mail Addressed to the Firm.

NEW YORK, April 9.—The Sheriff's office has taken charge of all mail addressed to E. S. Dean & Co., and turned it over to the United States postal authorities. Receiver Norris arrived in this city to-day. He said he had nothing to do with the New York part of the business, but was receiver for the New Jersey offices.

At the office of the Bankers' and Merchants' Guarantee Interchange it was said that a number of letters had been received during the day from investors in the E. S. Dean Company who wanted the interchange to look out for their interests. The interchange, it is said, is taking up these without charging any advance, and will not give their clients any hope that they can recover anything. The interchange will recommend that small losers pool their interests.

PAULINE BAUER.

Her Body Was Found in the Mississippi Thursday.

ST. LOUIS, April 9.—The body found in the Mississippi River Thursday has been identified as that of Pauline Bauer, who disappeared last November. Miss Bauer was a telegraph operator. Just before her disappearance she complained of continued annoyance from a young man. When, five months ago, her hat and jacket were found upon the river bank the murder theory was suggested and worked upon, but no clues were found. The body, though badly decomposed, shows a wound on the skull.

Miss Bauer was guardian for her younger brothers and sisters. Her unexplained disappearance has prevented the administration of the estate.

Public Morality in France.

PARIS, April 9.—M. Darlin, Minister of Justice, announced to the Chamber of Deputies that he would soon submit a bill to more effectually safeguard public morality. Previous to this the Ministers of Instruction and of the Interior, replying to an interpellation of Deputy Beranger, said that immoral literature in the tabarons would be eliminated by the Censor, and that there would be given to prohibit the sale or distribution of obscene papers and pictures in public places.

General Fullerton's Body Found.

WHEELING (W. Va.), April 9.—The body of General Joseph Fullerton of St. Louis, who was killed in the railway accident on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad near Oakland, Md., some weeks ago, was found this morning in the Youghiogheny River, eight miles below the bridge where the accident occurred. The body will be sent to Chillicothe, O., for burial.

The French Senate Adjourns.

PARIS, April 9.—After passing several bills and by vote approving the statements of the Government on the Eastern situation, and expressing confidence in the Government, the French Senate to-day adjourned until May 15th.

Peru Suspends Silver Coinage.

LIMA (Peru), April 9.—The Peruvian Government has suspended the coinage of silver. The Government Mint has issued a prohibition against the importation of silver coin after the 10th of May next.

General Rivera.

HAVANA, April 9.—General Ruiz Rivera, accompanied by Colonel Baccalao, arrived by train at Regia to-day. They were transferred to a tugboat and conveyed to Cabanas fortress. Both seemed in excellent spirits.

Will Pray for Rain.

SYDNEY (N. S. W.), April 9.—In view of the suffering from protracted drought the Government has proclaimed that April 16th be observed as a day of humiliation and prayer for rain.

BRAIN CELLS IN FINGER TIPS.

Acuteness of Touch Among the Blind Explained.

It has been reported, states the "Microscope," that the gray matter brain-cells of perception have been dissected out of the finger-tips of the blind. Standing point up beneath all the ridges so plainly seen with a magnifying glass on the skin of the inside of the finger ends are the so-called corpuscles of Pacini, which are arranged in the exact semblance of the keys of a piano, and are said by Meissner to creepitate and give forth a different sound in every age of each person. This Pacinian corpuscle, which contains within its lining membranes a nerve trunk, an artery and a vein, lines all the tactile surfaces of the body, particularly the inner finger and thumb tips.

A medical man recently assisted in an autopsy on a person blind from birth, and he sought to discover by scalpel and microscope the secret of the average man, a most complex and delicate ramification of nerve filaments, dainty and minute nerve twigs in immense number branching from the main stem. Through constant use the finger tips of the blind acquire this unusual development, with more and more perfect performance of function.

When a man is wrong and will not admit it, he usually gets angry.

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DEGENERATES.

So a Traveler Denominates the Inhabitants of Hellas.

It is a beautiful corner of the earth, where every prospect pleases and only man is disappointing. He falls painfully below his surroundings and confidence. The men do not inspire confidence, especially when one meets them on the lonely hillsides. They may be all right, but appearances are against them. They are tall and swarthy, but without the fine features characteristic of Arabs and Moors or the dignified demeanor common to most Orientals. And then, their dress! I often find English people refusing to believe that the Greeks really wear those incredible petticoats, but it is a fact. They are much more generally worn in Greece than kilts are in the Highlands, and much more absurd. They consist of a fabulous number of yards of some white material which looks like highly starched muslin, standing out stiff and barely reaching to the knee, exactly like a ballet-dancer's skirt. The lower part of the leg is swathed in bandages; on the body is worn a short jacket, and on the head a bright cap, with a long tassel. The whole is an exact presentation of a stage bandit, with all his tawdry finery and melodramatic suggestion; and when one encounters such a figure on the countryside armed with a rifle that looks like a legacy from the Saracens, with various knives and pistols, one feels transported into a barbaric age, when human life was cheap and murder the main business of the day.

To be honest, I was never molested by any of these personages, but one day I had the greatest difficulty in persuading a companion to turn his back on a pair of them. He was convinced that they would plug us from behind, so sinister was their appearance. The fisher-folk are a shade or two slier than the rustics, and the townsfolk are the most villainous than either. Of course, the educated people wear ordinary European dress or uniform. As for the ladies, doubtless they are charming; but, alas for the beauty of Helen, of Phryne, of Aspasia, and the other legendary heroines! Looks like a matter of taste, and I have neither the wish nor the right to say anything rude; but if anybody goes to Greece expecting to see in the face of man or woman anything remotely resembling what we have learned from sculpture to call the Greek type, he will most certainly be disappointed. The most beautiful people appeared to me neither clean nor industrious.

I have reason to know that many are rank thieves. But, all the same, they are not wholly degenerate. Did not a Greek win the long-distance event at the Olympian games. And in one thing at least they excel. They are the finest drivers in the world, and exclusively engaged for the most arduous and dangerous kind of sponge fishing, the headquarters of which is on the island of Aegina—pronounced Eghina, with the "i" short. Classical scholars please notice.

The degeneracy of the modern Greek is shown in nothing more plainly than in the wretched appearance and abounding dirt of his towns. Athens, of course, is a city apart, where classical association swallows up all other impressions. And Corfu presents a pleasant aspect on a superficial survey. The harbor, the citadel and the sea-front are very charming, and the hotels well enough; but the back quarters and slums, into which few travelers venture to penetrate, are nothing less than pestiferous. Yet Corfu is a show-place—the Brighton of Greece. In all the Ionian Islands it is melancholy to see the signs of an absolute arrest of progress, followed by decay, which fell upon the people from the moment when the stimulus of British civilization was removed. There are the half-finished houses, showing how enterprise and progress were at work, left as they stood and rotting away. Parasols, the commercial capital, is mean and squalid, without a redeeming feature. The "disorder" of Greek finances needs no explanation to any one who has seen the Greek at home. He is good for an empty and vainglorious excitement, but of real effort and progress, of anything approaching to Western civilization, he seems quite incapable when left to himself.—St. James Gazette.

The Witness and the Lawyer.

E. B. Green of Ottumwa, Ia., tells a good story about Judge Hendershott of that city, one of the leading lawyers of the Hawkeye State.

"Judge Hendershott," said Mr. Green, "was trying a case under the prohibition law. An important question was raised as to whether or not a barrel of whisky was delivered to the defendant. "An Irishman by the name of O'Connor was the drayman, and when Judge Hendershott started to cross-examine him he concluded to frighten him into contradicting his testimony on the examination-in-chief. Assuming a dramatic pose and with a stern voice, he said: 'Remember, sir, you are on your oath. Remember you have sworn to tell the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth. Remember that to deviate one iota from the truth is perjury, and that punishment for perjury is imprisonment in the State Penitentiary of Iowa. Now, sir, did you deliver that barrel of whisky to Pat Duffy?'"

"The Irishman answered coolly and deliberately, 'Well, Judge, bein' on my oath, faith I couldn't say. I delivered a barrel at Mr. Duffy's place. On one of that barrel was marked 'Pat Duffy,' and on the other it was marked 'whisky,' but bein' on my oath I couldn't say whether Pat Duffy or whisky was the barrel.'"

"The defendant was convicted,"—Washington Star.

George Wombell, who used to be a famous English showman, now makes a precarious living by playing the cornet before the public-houses of London.

THE NONPAREIL Easter Millinery Opening. Monday and Tuesday next will be devoted to an exhibition of the latest creations in this line for Easter. There will be shown many new Pattern Hats, and many of almost equal merit from our own workroom, none of which have ever been on exhibition in our salesroom before. New Veilings. Novelties, and all the latest at this counter; 4 Veilings in profusion; new fancy mesh in white or black ground; chenille dotted in two sized dots of the richest of the new colorings—dahlia, coachman, cerese, greens, blue, pink, cream, etc. Priced at 50c Yard. Gloves at \$1. It is a pleasure to buy a glove at \$1 when you can feel that they are reliable; just such a glove we shall place before you to-day in black, English red, brown, tan and cream; in all sizes. They are perfect in pattern and we stand back of every pair, guaranteeing them to be genuine kid and the most dependable glove you ever bought for \$1. Women's and Children's Shoes. It is a settled fact that ox blood is the shoe color for '97. We anticipated it by placing our orders early and for large quantities. The result is we have now when the demand is greatest, an unlimited stock of Summer Shoes in ox blood in every style. Misses' and Children's Ox-blood Shoes, cloth top, coin toe, button; and pointed toe, kid top, lace; spring heel. They are new and fresh. Misses' sizes, 1 1/2 to 2, \$1 50. Children's sizes, 8 1/2 to 11, \$1 25. Children's sizes, 5 to 8, 95c. School Shoes in lace and button, coin toe and square. Made of kangaroo calf; spring heel. Children's sizes, 8 1/2 to 11, \$1 25. Misses' sizes, 1 1/2 to 2, \$1 50. Women's Fine Dongola Kid Shoes, lace and button, cloth or kid tops, pointed or square toes; with all the style of a \$3 shoe. Our price, \$1 95. Bolero Jackets and Collars. The latest developments in novelty lines are the new Embroidery Bolero Jacket and Collar—creations of all-over embroidery, edgings, insertion, corded pique and Valenciennes lace, so daintily combined and so cool, sheer and pretty looking as to be irresistible at the popular prices they have been placed at—55c, \$1, \$1 25, \$1 50 and \$1 75. Ladies' Handkerchiefs. Late invoices have brought us the greatest variety and the best values ever shown in this line; one in particular consists of Fine Fancy-embroidered and Sealed Swiss Handkerchiefs, fine cambric and lawn with hemstitch and openwork, or embroidered centers. Your pick for 12c each. Two for 25c. Parasols. Spring with its sunny day brought our Parasols as companions. New Silk Parasols in black, plain or fancy, fancy colored and white; of different qualities of silk and styles of handles. Elegant ruffled India silk ones in white; and the Coaching Parasol. At prices ranging from \$1 Up. WASSERMAN, DAVIS & CO. Agents for Butterick Patterns. Big New Store, K, Between Sixth and Seventh.

CORWIN'S MILLINERY. Special Easter Design at Popular Prices. 607 J.

THE GREAT SATURDAY Sale at the Model, the last Saturday but one in the old store at Sixth and K, begins this morning at 9 o'clock. If you wish to be an eye witness of the greatest Clothing carnage in the annals of the city, don't miss it. We are going, surely going, and must be gone by May 1st. Between now and that date this stock must totally vanish. We actually offer splendid values in Suits and Pants at the following figures:

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Men's Suits (e.g., Guaranteed \$10 values go in our Removal Sale for \$3 65), Men's Pants (e.g., Guaranteed \$15 values go in our Removal Sale for 73c), and Shirts, Collars, Cuffs, Hats, Underwear.

THE MODEL, SIXTH AND K. And all Furnishing Goods at equally reduced prices.

SPECIAL SALE TAN AND COLORED SHOES. TO-DAY, SATURDAY. This sale will include every desirable style of color, in all widths and sizes. An opportunity to obtain nobby Spring Footwear at way under value prices. We group them together, and offer in: MEN'S 480 PAIRS \$1 95. WOMEN'S 360 PAIRS \$1 90. CHILDREN'S 284 PAIRS \$1 00. 316 PAIRS \$3 00. 600 PAIRS \$1 25. 526 PAIRS \$1 25. The Chas. P. Nathan Co. 117 ST. BETWEEN 6th & 7th.