DEFEATED ON THREE IMPORTANT VOTES.

Finance Committee Suffers Unexpected Reverses.

Cotton Bagging and Cotton Ties Placed on the Free List.

The Amendment Reducing the Duty on White Pine Led to a General Breaking Up of Party Lines on Both Sides of the Chamber—Settle Arraigns the Republicans in the House.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The Interstate Commerce Committee of the Senate considered the anti-scalping bill today, but owing to the absence of several members of the committee nothing definite was reached. It is probable that owing to the near approach of adjournment no further effort will be made to get the bill reported. It is also probable that there will not be another meeting of the committee this session and the pooling bill will also go over.

The tariff bill was taken up promptly. At the outset Mr. Teller of Colorado made inquiries as to the reports that an anti-trust amendment would be brought in. This is an important matter, he said, and there should be ample time for its consideration.

Allison said he did not know what disposal was to be made of the subject, as no action had been taken by the Finance Committee.

Teller said it had been reported about the chamber that it had been considered in caucus. He urged that it should not be brought in at the last moment, "and it will not be done," he added with positiveness.

Allen gave assurance that no such hasty action would be taken. White of California remarked that he thought the anti-trust subject had been dropped.

"The trouble with the Senator (White) and myself," answered Teller, "is that we are not members of the Republican caucus and therefore are somewhat in the dark."

The Finance Committee suffered several unexpected reverses during the progress of the tariff bill to-day, being defeated on three important votes. Cotton bagging was placed on the free list, 30 to 25, and cotton ties also by a vote of 28 to 23. The duty on white pine lumber was reduced from $2 to $1 per 1,000, 32 to 31.

The amendment on pine occasioned the greaest surprise and led to general breaking up of party lines on both sides of the chamber. During the early stages of the debate the duty on lumber, including pine, was placed at $2 after a protracted contest. To-day Teller returned to the contest and moved to place white pine lumber on the free list. The amendment was defeated by the close vote of 32 to 33, four Republicans, Baker, Carter, Hansbrough and Quay, joining with the Democrats, Populists and Silver Republicans in the affirmative, while three Democrats, Bacon, McEnery and Martin, voted with the Republicans in the negative. Following up this close vote Mantle, Silver Republical, moved to reduce the rate on white pine from $2 to $1, and this was carried by a majority of one. The two Republicans, Baker and Carter, voted with the Democrats in the affirmative, and three Democrats, Bacon, McEnery and Martin, with the Republicans in the negative. The bill is now completed, with the exception of the reciprocity section and some comparatively minor paragraphs.

Much progress was made to-day in clearing up detached paragraphs heretofore passed over. Only three of these, coal tar, potash and tea, remain, so that these items, the reciprocity section and the brief internal revenue and adminstration provisions are all that remain of the bill to be disposed of before the final vote is taken.

Paragraph 441, cocoa matting, was reconsidered, the paragraph being agreed to as reported.

Mr. Allison reported back the amendment to the coal paragraph offered by Mr. White yesterday, allowing a drawback of duty on coal used in American vessels engaged in foreign trade and in the trade between Atlantic and Pacific ports of the United States. The original amendment was modified by the committee to omit coastwise trade.

The amendment caused much debate and several Senators urged that it go over.

Mr. Allen of Nebraska proposed a further amendment allowing the drawback on coal, not only to vessels, but to "inhabitants of the United States."

"Does that mean free coal?" asked Mr. Clark of Wyoming.

"Yes, free coal," answered Mr. Allen, who argued that the people were as much entitled to the benefits of free coal as were the owners of vessels.

Mr. Platt of Cennecticut stated that this was not a question of free coal, but simply one as to giving American vessels the same advantages enjoyed by foreign vessels.

Mr. Allen and Mr. Clark became involved in a sharp personal colloquy concerning the former's reference to pauper labor in the coal mines, and Mr. Clark indignantly resented the implied insult to the coal miners, and Mr. Allen disclaimed any such purpose.

After further debate Mr. Allen's amendment was rejected, and the committee amendment, allowing drawbacks to American vessels, was agreed to without division.

Mr. Spooner of Wisconsin gave notice of a comprehensive amendment providing for the assignment of three general appraisers to make an investigation of all questions relating to the tariff; the condition of industries which are affected by the tariff; the condition of industries abroad which compete with American industries; the differences in labor cost here and abroad; also to make an analysis of the schedule of this tariff bill with a view to correcting any inequalities that may exist. The result of the inquiry is to be reported to the Secretary of the Treasury and to Congress.

The proposed amendment placing cotton bagging on the free list was then considered at length.

Mr. Pettus of Alabama had previously given notice of the amendment as follows: Bagging for cotton, gunny cloth and all similar materials available for covering cotton, composed wholly or in part of hemp, flax or jute butts.

Mr. Pettus spoke in support of the amendment, saying he desired to avoid a party contest and expected to secure Republican votes.

Mr. White moved to extend the amendment to burlaps and grain bags made of burlap.

The debate was protracted, and in the main technical. Mr. Mantle of Montana and Mr. White supporting the amendment, and Mr. Perkins of California opposing it.

As finally amended the paragraph is as follows: Bagging, for cotton, gunny cloth and similar fabrics, suitable for covering cotton, composed of single hemp, plain or woven fabrics, bags and sacks of single jute or hemp yarns, by whatever name known and burlaps and bags for grain made of burlap.

Mr. Bacon's amendment, placing cotton ties on the free list was then considered, and, after a brief explanation by Mr. Bacon, was adopted—28 to 23.

Charcoal, farina and feldspar were struck from the free list, and coal tar went over at the request of Quay.

The House paragraph placing on the free list hides and skins not specially provided for was restored. The committe paragraph, 603, relating to oils on the free list, was agreed to as reported.

On crude petroleum the proviso stands as originally reported, making the retaliatory duty equal to the export duty.

Cocoanut oil was taken from the free list and placed on the dutiable list at 3½ cents a pound.

Paragraph 622½, placing on the free list regalia and gems for use by societies, was agreed to with slight modifications.

Sheep dip was restored to and sodium struck from the free list.

Crude sulphur or brimstone was taken from the free list and made dutiable at 50 cents a ton.

The paragraph relating to the personal effects of persons arriving in the United States was modified to that the effects taken abroad may be brought back without limit, while effects acquired abroad and admissible free are to be limited to $100.

A new paragraph was inserted in the free list covering works of art, the production of American artists temporarily living abroad, and other works of art imported for presentation purposes.

The iron paragraph was further changed, making the reference to manganese ore as follows: Manganese ore containing less than forty metallic units in dry state, $1 per ton.

Teller moved an amendment including in the free list "rough lumber manufactured of white pine." The Senator criticized the course of the committee in placing white pine on the dutiable list, thus enlarging the destruction of pine, when it was known the supply would not last eight years.

Teller said he was for protection, but he would not carry it to extremes, compelling every man building a home or using a stick of pine to pay tribute to the few owners of pine. This was not Republican doctrine which was opposed to the advance of prices on necessaries of life. Teller declared that the duty on pine was one of the many absolutely indefensible features of the bill.

Gray and Mantle supported Teller's motion. Spooner opposed it on the ground that the duty was a fair measure of protection to an extensive industry of three border States. This was not a proposition to place all kinds of lumber, those of Maine and the South and West on the free list, but merely to discriminate against the white pine of three States.

The vote proved to be very close, the amendment being defeated—yeas 32, noes 33. It caused a surprising break in party lines on both sides of the chamber. Four Republicans, Baker, Carter, Hansbrough and Quay, and Mantle, Stewart, Teller and Kyle voted with the Democrats in the affirmative.

Three Democrats, Bacon, McEnery and Heitfeld, Populist, voted with the Republicans in the negative. Mantle moved to reduce the duty on white pine from $2 to $1 per thousand feet. He read from the statement of a lumberman that a $2 rate would be prohibitory, and he appealed to Democratic Senators to vote unitedly and thus overcome this high rate.

The amendment was carried by the close vote of 32 to 31 after another break in party lines on both sides of the chamber. On this vote Quay returned to his party associates and Hansbrough did not vote. Two Republicans, Baker and Carter, and Allen, Heitfeld, Kyle, Mantle, Stewart and Teller voted with the Democrats in the affirmative. Three Democrats, Bacon, McEnery and Martin, voted with the Republicans against the amendment.

At 5:35 p. m. the bill was laid aside, and after an executive session the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE PROCEEDINGS.

Settle (D.) of Kentucky, after the journal had been read, raised a question as to the truth of the journal of last Monday's proceedings, by offering a technical amendment to correct the journal. Upon this amendment he got the floor and proceeded with an extended speech on the general question of the power of the House to adjourn over three days at a time, which he declared was a direct violation of the Constitution. He drifted into a general arraignment of the Republicans for not taking action on the bankruptcy bill and Cuban belligerency.

"You have acted in utter defiance of public sentiment," he cried. "You asked for time. You predicted great things. Calhoun went to Cuba; Calhoun returned from Cuba; Calhoun went home. Nothing was done. Calhoun has been forgotten and so has Cuba. There is indifference as to whether a civil Government or a state of war exists in Cuba."

When Settle referred to the municipal elections at "Chicago, Cincinnati, Columbus and Canton," as an indication of public disapproval of the House inaction and a forerunner of that November day in 1900 which would prove the "Armageddon and the Waterloo of the Republican party," the Speaker again rapped him to order, and Dingley and Bailey crossed swords over the question as to whether Settle's remarks were in order.

Dingley contended that the Kentuckian's remarks were wide of the motion, and Bailey that it was always proper to speak of public opinion.

"We have always had respect for public opinion," said the latter, "and we think it proper to lay it before you for your instruction and guidance." (Democratic applause.)

"But what is the connection of Armageddon and a motion to amend the journal?" asked Speaker Reed, whereat the Republicans laughed.

In conclusion Settle roused Democratic enthusiasm by asserting that his side proposed to hold up the hands of "the lion-hearted Democrat of Nebraska until his banner was planted on the topmost hights of victory."

The minority demanded the yeas and nays on Settle's motion, and the roll was called. The amendment was rejected—90 to 105, and the journal approved.

Knowles (Pop.) of South Dakota then rose to a question of personal privilege and sent to the Clerk's desk and had read an Associated Press dispatch dated Lewiston, Me., in which Professor L. C. Bateman charged, on the alleged authority of Knowles, "that the middle-of-the-road Populists had accepted $1,500 from the proceeds of Mr. Bryan's book with the understanding that nothing should be done to prevent fusion in 1900."

Knowles denounced Mr. Bateman's statement as willful falsehood without shadow of foundation.

At 1:30 p. m. the House adjourned until Monday.

OPEN THIS EVENING UNTIL 9 O'CLOCK.

MONDAY BEING SELECTED AS THE 4TH TO CELEBRATE, OUR STORE WILL CLOSE AT 12 O'CLOCK M. SHARP.

Special Offerings

—FOR THE—

4TH OF JULY PARADE

—AND—

Bicycle Tournament at Oak Park.

Grand efforts have been made to place several lines of fine goods on special sale to close. The Millinery season dies to-morrow evening at 11. Therefore we wish to dispose of several hundred fine Trimmed Hats and Sailors. In White Leghorns, Mulls and Light, Fancy Braids ("Airy goods for a warm day"), prices ranging on Trimmed Hats from 25c to $5. These prices represent values from $3 to $10. Sash Ribbons, national colors, Flag Ribbons, 12 1-2c and 15c and 18c yard. Handkerchiefs of all qualities, from 2 1-2c to the fine embroidered at 25c. Children's Black Silk Mitts, 5c and 10c. Ladies' Fine Black Silk Mitts in large variety, 15c to 50c (excellent value). Child's White Gloves in small sizes, 3c. Ladies' Black Silk Gloves, 25c. Extra quality of Fine Silk Gloves with double finger ends, 50c. Pure White Hosiery, full finished and fine ox blood, 25c pair. In Tan Hosiery from 8 1-3 to 25c. The greatest of all is our Ladies' Lightweight Sleeveless Undervests, from 5c to 25c. Our 5c grade is used a great deal for Corset Covers. Our new show windows can show you lots of pretty things.

THE RED HOUSE CO., "That's the Place."

J Street, between Seventh and Eighth.

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NATIONAL BANK OF D. O. MILLS & CO.
Sacramento, Cal.—Founded 1850.
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THE OLDEST SAVINGS BANK IN the city, corner Fifth and J streets, Sacramento. Guaranteed capital, $500,000; paid up capital, gold coin, $400,000; reserve fund, $52,000; term and ordinary deposits, $3,224,931 50; loans on real estate January 1, 1897, $2,635,761 75. Terms and ordinary deposits received. Dividends paid in January and July. Money loaned upon real estate only. Information furnished upon application to
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Paid up capital and surplus.....$320,000
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PAID UP CAPITAL, $1,000,000. SURPLUS, $563,035.
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DIVIDEND NOTICE.—THE GERMAN Savings and Loan Society, 526 California street. For the half year ending June 30, 1897, a dividend has been declared at the rate of four and twenty-hundredths (4.20) per cent. per annum on term deposits, and three and fifty-hundredths (3.50) per cent. per annum on ordinary deposits, free of taxes, payable on and after THURSDAY, July 1, 1897.
je23-2w GEO. TOURNY, Secretary.

C. H. KREBS & CO.,
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626 J STREET,
DEALERS IN PAINTS, OILS, GLASS AND WALL PAPER.
Painting, Papering and Decorating in all its branches. Telephones 267.

Trade Mark. BIG G. CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A. Price $1.00.
Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

HALE BROS. & CO.

Some Sharp Cutting IN PRICES FOR TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW.

COMPLETE ASSORTMENT —OF— **4th of July Buntings, Flags and Ribbons.**

A Ribbon Drive.
Elegant Fancy Silk Ribbons in widths suited for neckwear and hat trimmings. All pure silk and in choice color combinations. Also a few wide Colored Taffeta Moire Ribbons worth 25c and 30c.
15c Yard.

Carriage Parasols.
Black Fancy Carriage Parasols, the 3-ruffle pattern in our regular $2 quality.
$1 25 Each.

Windsor Ties.
All-silk Windsor Ties for ladies' and boys' wear, solid colors, with embroidered ends.
10c Each.

Crash Toweling.
17-inch Dowlas Crash, all linen, with red border; very absorbent for toweling.
10c Yard.

Window Shades.
Heavy Opaque Window Shades, in light olive color, on best spring rollers, size 7x3 feet, complete.
25c Each.

Men's Shoes.
Men's good quality Satin Calf Dress Shoes, in hook and lace, medium toe.
$1 Pair.

Ladies' Shoes.
Mixed lot of Ladies' Dark Tan Low-cut Shoes, kid and cloth top. Worth $1 75 and $2.
$1 Pair.

Men's Straw Hats.
Men's Black and White Straw Hats, black silk bands. Regular 50c hat.
25c Each.

Toy Cannons, Caps and Cap Pistols —FOR— **4th of July!** At Notion Counter.

Children's Suits.
Children's Suits in reefer and junior styles. Formerly sold at $4 and $4 50.
$2 50 Suit.

Men's Pongee Shirts.
Men's Pongee Silk Shirts, full cut, well made. Worth $2.
$1 50 Each.

Counter Books.
Paper-cover Counter Books. Well worth 5c.
3 for 10c.

Toilet Soaps.
A good grade Toilet Soap, put up in 3 cakes to a box.
9c Box.

HALE BROS. & CO.
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Recover Your Manly Vigor

ROOT OUT THE SEEDS OF NERVOUS DEBILITY sown in your youth. Fortify your system against the possibility of nervous prostration. If the temptations of your early manhood lured you into the enjoyment of worldly pleasures; if you are not the man you should be at your age; if you have had night sweats, lame back, shaky nerves and a sense of your own weakness; if it preys upon your mind, do not let it mar your life. There is a cure for you. It is Electricity, the fountain of youth, the energy that sustains all animal life. The source of all the fire and vigor of manhood.

DR. SANDEN'S ELECTRIC BELT

Is the one grand remedy for weak men. By its use Dr. Sanden has made it possible to bring Nature's remedy to the assistance of Nature without inconvenience. It is a perfect body battery, as perfect as science and mechanical skill can make it. It has an electric suspensory for weak men. It cures when medicine fails. It can be regulated and is so simple that a child can use it. It

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There is nothing so strengthening, nothing so invigorating, nothing that builds up vital force and energy like Dr. Sanden's Electric Belt. Every day brings fresh proof of its power. Its touch is the touch of magnetism, the healthful essence of vitality that makes men strong and manly. If you are suffering from weakness of whatever nature write for Dr. Sanden's book, "Three Classes of Men," which will be sent, sealed, free by mail to any address. Don't put it off; act to-day. There is nothing more important than your health. Call or address

DR. A. T. SANDEN,
632 Maret Street, San Francisco, Cal.

COMMERCIAL.

SPOT WHEAT UNCHANGED, BUT A TRIFLE WEAKER.

Barley Is Unchanged—New Red Oats Have Arrived—Corn is Quiet.

San Francisco, July 1st.

Spot Wheat is unchanged, but a trifle weaker; futures are much neglected and are lower. Barley is unchanged, market steady. New Red Oats have arrived and are holding for $1 05 per cental. Free arrivals of Oats from Washington. Corn is quiet and unchanged. Very little difference between old and new Hay in price.

Potatoes are easy; prices have declined and new in sacks are coming along; Onions are steady. Receipts of Cucumbers and Summer Squash too heavy for trade requirements.

A carload of Watermelons has arrived from Bakersfield. First crop Figs about done for. Good Peaches move off well and Cherries are weaker.

Eggs 17c, with an upward tendency. Turkeys, Geese and Hens have advanced, while small Broilers and young Ducks have declined. All Ducks hard to sell.

Produce Quotations.

FLOUR—Net cash prices for Family Extras, $4 35@4 50; Bakers' Extras, $4 20@4 30; Superfine, $3 50@4 per bbl.

WHEAT—Shipping Wheat is quotable at $1 21½@1 22½ per ctl; Milling Wheat, $1 25@1 30.

BARLEY—Feed, 70@71½c per ctl; choice, Bright, 72½@73¾c; Brewing, 85@90c per ctl.

OATS—Common White, 95c@$1 07½ per ctl; good to choice, $1 10@1 20; fancy feed, $1 25@1 30 per ctl.

CORN—Large Yellow, 95c@$1; Small Yellow, $1 10@1 12½; White, 85@95c per ctl.

RYE—$1 05@1 10 per ctl for old and 80@82½c per ctl for new.

BUCKWHEAT—Nominal.

MIDDLINGS—$16 50@20 per ton.

BRAN—$13@14 for best California.

ROLLED BARLEY—$16@17 per ton.

CLIPPED OATS—$1@2 per ton more than the whole article, as to quality.

HAY—Old crop—Wheat, $8@11; Wheat and Oat, $7@10; Oat, $6@8 50; Barley, $5@6 for river and $6 50@8 for the best; Alfalfa, $5@8; Clover, $6@8; Stock, $5@6; Compressed Wheat, $6 50@10. New crop—Oat, $6@7 50 per ton; Alfalfa, $5 50 per ton for first cutting; Wheat, $7@9 50 per ton; Barley, $5@6 50 for river and $6@7 per ton for best.

STRAW—35@50c per bale.

HOPS—Crop of 1896, 8@12c per lb.

BEANS—Bayos, $1 60@1 75; Butter, $1 25@1 60; Pink, $1@1 10; Red, $1 05@1 15; Lima, $1 50@1 60; Pea, $1 10@1 20; Small White, $1 05@1 15; Large White, $1@1 10; Blackeye, $1 60@1 75; Red Kidney, nominal.

POTATOES—New, in boxes, 40@65c per ctl; do in sacks, 35@50c per ctl.

ONIONS—New Red, 60@70c per sack, Silverskins, 70@85c per ctl.

VEGETABLES—Cucumbers, 15@25c per small box and 25@35 per box for Bay; Dried Peppers, 6@7c per lb; Garlic, 1½c per lb; Green Peas, 2c per lb; String Beans, 1½@3c per lb; Summer Squash, 20@30c per lb; Green Peas, 2@2½c per lb; String Beans, small box; Bay Squash, 40c per box; Tomatoes, 50@65c per box for Vacaville and $1 50@2 per box for River; Green Corn, 15@18c per dozen for Vacaville and $2 25@2 50 per crate for Bay; Green Peppers, 50c@$1 per box for Chile and $1@2 per box for Bell; Green Okra, 8@10c per lb.

FRESH FRUITS—Apples—New, 25@35c per small box and 40@75c for large boxes.

Apricots—Royal, 25@40c per box and 40@50c in crates; in bulk, $8@12 50 per ton.

Berries—Strawberries, $2@4 per chest for Longworth in baskets and $2@2 50 per chest for large berries; Gooseberries, 1@2c per lb for common and 4c for English; Blackberries, $1 25@2 25 per chest; Raspberries, $3@5 per chest.

Cherries—20@30c per box; Royal Anne, 30@50c per box; in bulk, 1½@3c per lb for for Black and 3@4c per lb for Royal Anne.

Currants—$1@1 75 per chest.

Figs—Black, single layers, 20@25c per crate; double layer, 40@65c.

Peaches—25@60c per box.

Pears—Small boxes, 20@40c; Bartlett, $1 per box.

Plums—Clyman, 20@40c per box; Cherry, do, 15@30c per box.

CITRUS FRUIT—Oranges, $1@2 per box for Navels; Seedlings, 75c@$1 25 per box; Mediterranean Sweets, $1@2 50 per box; Malta Bloods, $2@3 per box; Mexican Limes, $6@6 50 per box; California Lemons, 75c@$1 50 for common to choice and $2@2 25 for fancy.

TROPICAL FRUITS—Bananas, $1@2 per bunch; Pineapples, $1 50@4 per dozen; Smyrna Figs, 13@14c per lb; Persian Dates, 6c per lb.

DRIED FRUITS—Following are the prices furnished by the San Francisco Fruit Exchange in carload lots: Apricots—Fancy Moorparks, —c; choice do, —c; fancy, —c; choice, —c; standard, 6½c; prime, 5½c. Peaches—Fancy, 6c; choice, 5c; standard, 4½c; prime, 4c; peeled in boxes, —c. Nectarines—Fancy, —c; choice, —c; standard, —c; prime, —c. Pears—Fancy, halves, —c; do, quarters, 4c; choice, 3c; standard, 2½c; prime, 2c. Apples—Evaporated, 5¼c; sundried, 2@2½c. Prunes—4 sizes, 2@2¼c. Figs—White, 3c; Black do, —c. Plums—1½c for unpitted and 4c for pitted.

Raisins—Carload lots, F. O. B. Fresno—In sacks or 50-lb boxes—Four-crown loose, 4½c; 3-crown loose, 4c; 2-crown loose, 3c. Seedless Sultans, 5c; Seedless Muscatels, 4½c; dried grapes, —c. In 20-lb boxes—Three-crown London layers, $1; clusters, $—; Dehesa clusters, $—; Imperial clusters, $—.

BUTTER—Creamery—Fancy, 16c per lb; seconds, 15@15½c per lb. Dairy—Fancy, 14½c; good to choice, 13@14c; lower grades, 11@12c.

CHEESE—Fancy mild new, 8c; fair to good, 7@7½c; California Cream Cheddar, 10@11c; Young America, 8@9c; Eastern, 12@14c per lb; Western, 11c.

EGGS—11@12c per dozen for store, 13@16c per dozen for ranch; Eastern, 12@13c; Duck Eggs, 13c per dozen.

POULTRY—Live Turkeys, 12@14c per lb; Roosters, $3 50@4 for old, $5 50@7 for young; Broilers, $1 50@2 for small; $3@3 50 for large; Fryers, $3 50@4 50; Hens, $3 50@4 50; Ducks, $3@3 25 for old, $2 50@3 50 for young; Geese, $1@1 25 per pair; Goslings, $1@1 25; Pigeons, $1 25@1 50 per dozen.

GAME—Nominal.

Meat Market.

Following are the rates for whole carcasses from slaughterers to dealers:

BEEF—First quality, 5½c; second quality, 5c; third quality, 4@4½c per lb.

VEAL—5½@6½c for large and 7@8c per lb for small.

MUTTON—Wethers, 5@6c; Ewes, 4½@5½c per lb.

LAMB—7@7½c per lb for Spring.

PORK—Live Hogs, 3½@3¾c per lb for heavy and 3¾@4c for small; dressed 5@6½c per lb.

California Fruit Sales.

BOSTON, July 1.—Porter Brothers Company sold California fruit at open auction to-day: Prunes—Tragedys, $2@3 per half crate. Plums—St. Catherines, $1 70; Clymans, $1 10@1 65; Royal Native, $1@1 55. Apricots—Royal, $1 25@1 70. Pears—Comet, $1 65 per box and $1 10 per half box. Peaches—Alexanders, 65c@$1 25. Cherries—Mastodon, $1 40@1 45.

CHICAGO, July 1.—Prunes—Tragedy, $1 35@1 55. Peaches—Alexanders, 70c@$1 15. Plums—50@70c.

NEW YORK, July 1.—Apricots—Queen, $2 75; Moorpark, $1 85; Royal, $1 35@1 70. Prunes—Tragedy, $1@2 40. Pears—Comet, $2 30. Cherries—Bigareaus, 40c@$2 05; Royal Anne, 80c@$1 90; Eureka, $1 55; Bingham, Black Napoleons, $1 25. Peaches—Alexander—65c@$1 10; Hale's, 90c; Briggs', 80c. Plums—15c@$1 95.

NEW YORK, July 1.—The Earl Fruit Company sold California fruit at open auction to-day, realizing the following prices: Tragedy prunes, $1 40@1 45 per half crate; Simoni, $1 50@1 70; Clyman plums, 75@85c. Seven cars California fruit sold in New York to-day.

BOSTON, July 1.—The Earl Fruit Company sold California cherries at open auction to-day, realizing the following prices: Royal Anne, 90c@$1 20 per box; Black Tartarian, $1@1 10; Bigereau, 40@80c. Three cars California fruit sold in Boston to-day.

PHILADELPHIA, July 1.—The Earl Fruit Company sold California cherries at open auction to-day as follows: Royal Anne, 55c@$1 30 per box; Tartarian, 65c@$1 05; Republican, 75@90c. Two cars California fruit sold in Philadelphia to-day.

Eastern Grain Markets.

New York, July 1st.

WHEAT—July, 74⅝c; September, 70⅝c; December, 71⅞c.

Chicago, July 1st.

WHEAT—July, 68⅝c; September, 64⅝c; December, 66⅝c.

SACRAMENTO MARKET.

FLOUR—Family Extras, $2 45 per 100 lbs; $1 25 for 50 lbs.

FRUIT—Oranges—Havana Seedlings, 25@40c per dozen; Limes, 10c; Lemons, 15@25c per dozen; Cocoanuts, 10c each; Bananas, 25c per dozen; Strawberries, 3 for 25c; Cherries, 5c per lb; Gooseberries, 5c per lb; Raspberries, 3 for 25c; Blackberries, 3 for 25c; Currants, 5c per lb; Apricots, 6c per lb; Apples, 5c; Pears, 5c; Peaches, 8c.

NUTS—New Walnuts, 12½c per lb; New Almonds, 12½c; New Brazils, 12½c; Pecans, 16c; Filberts, 15c; Chestnuts, 20c; Pine Nuts, 15c; Hickory Nuts, 10c.

DAIRY PRODUCE—Butter—Pickle, 20@21c per lb; Mountain, 20c; Valley Roll, 18@20c; Petaluma, 40c per roll; Creamery, 40c per roll. Cheese—California, 15c per lb; Young America, 17c; Eastern Creamery, 15@20c; Genuine Swiss, 40c; American Swiss, 30c; Martin's Creamery, 20c; Sage Cheese, 20c; Neufchatel, 10c.

VEGETABLES—Green Corn, 25c per doz; Peas, 5c lb; Cucumbers, 3 for 5c; Tomatoes, 12½c per lb; Celery, 5c per head; Cauliflower, 10c per head; Artichokes, 40c per dozen; Rhubarb, 5c per lb; New Potatoes, 2½c per lb; Nevada and Oregon Potatoes, $1 35 per 100 lbs; New Early York Cabbage, 5c per head; Turnips, Beets, Parsnips, Carrots, Lettuce, Radishes, Leek and Green Onions, 12½c per dozen bunches; Onions, 2c per lb; Dried Peppers, 15c per lb; Dried Okra, 20c per lb; Summer Squash, 4c per lb; Wax Beans, 4c per lb; Green, do, 4c per lb; Windsor, do, 5c per lb; Green Peppers, 15c per lb.

POULTRY—Hens, 60c each; Springs, 50c each; Broilers, 40c each; Tame Geese, $1 50 each; Tame Ducks, 75c each; Young Turkeys, 20c per lb.

EGGS—California, 15c per dozen.

MEATS—Beef—Prime Rib Roast, 12½@15c; Loin Steak, 12½@15c; Rump Steak, 10c; Chuck Roast, 10c; Rump, 8c; Brisket, 8c; Chuck Steak, 10c. Veal—Loin and Rib Chops, 15c; Roast Veal, 12c. Mutton—Leg, 11@12½c; Loin and Rib Chops, 12½c; Mutton Stew, 8c; Shoulder Chops, 8c. Pork, 8@12c per lb; Corned Beef, 8@12½c; Sausage, 12½c; Vienna Sausage, 15c; Bacon, 8@13½c; Ham, 12½@13½c.

HAY AND GRAIN—Oat Hay, 55@60c per cwt; Alfalfa, first cutting, 45@50c; second and third cutting, 50@55c; whole Barley, 95c; Ground Barley, $1 05; Feed Oats, $1 20@1 50; Middlings, 90c; Bran, 85c Straw, 50@55c; Corn, $1 10 per ctl; Cracked Corn, $1 20.

GRANITE MINING CANDLES—(Wholesale), 10 oz, 6¼c; 12 oz, 7c; 14 oz, 7½c; 16 oz, 8½c.

ELECTRIC LIGHT CANDLES—(Wholesale), 10 oz, 5¼c; 12 oz, 6c; 14 oz 6¾c; 16 oz, 7½c.

GASOLINE—(Wholesale) Stove Gasoline, cases, 17c; Stove Gasoline, bulk, 11½c; 86 degree Gasoline, cases, 25c; 86 degree Gasoline, bulk, 20c; 63 degree Benzine, cases, 10½c; 63 degree Benzine, bulk, 11c.

COAL OIL—(Wholesale) Pearl, 17c; Star, 17c; Eocene, 19c; Elaine, 22c; Extra Star, 21c; Water White (bulk), 11½c.

SAN FRANCISCO STOCKS.

San Francisco, July 1st.

Morning Session—Alpha, 12@11c; Belcher, 22@21c; B & B, 45c; Bullion, 10c; Challenge, 45c; Chollar, 79@78c; C C V, $1 45; C Point, 21c; Exchequer, 3c; G & C, 35c; Mexican, 56c; Occidental, 16c; Ophir, 76c; Overman, 11c; Savage, 26c; Scorpion, 5c; Seg Belcher, 6c; S Nevada, 92@91c; Union, 42c; Yellow Jacket, 51@50c.

Afternoon Session—Ophir, 73c; G & C, 35c; B & B, 43c; C C V, $1 40; Savage, 25c; Chollar, 79@78c; Potosi, 41c; Yellow Jacket, 52c; Alpha, 10c; Confidence, $1 10; S Nevada, 91@89c; Union, 42@41c; Standard, $1 45.

Closing Quotations—Alta, 7c; Alpha, 8c; Andes, 13c; Belcher, 20c; B & B, 42c; Bullion, 10c; Caledonia, 9c; Challenge, 43c; Chollar, 78c; Confidence, $1 10; C C V, $1 35; Con Imperial, 1c; C Point, 21c; Exchequer, 2c; G & C, 34c; H & N, 81c; Justice, 5c; Kentuck, 4c; Mexican, 32c; Occidental, 15c; Ophir, 72c; Overman, 10c; Potosi, 40c; Savage, 26c; S Nevada, 89c; Union, 42c; Utah, 6c; Yellow Jacket, 49c; Standard, $1 45.

An Insular Conceit.

The tradition cherished by every schoolboy that one Englishman is equal to three Frenchmen probably originated in the passage quoted by Mahan from one of Nelson's letters: "I always was of opinion, have ever acted upon it, and never have had reason to repent it; that one Englishman was equal to three Frenchmen." This insular conceit was rudely dispelled in the case of a young man who went from this parish to a coachman's place in Paris. Writing home on one occasion, he says: "You've heerd tell how one Englishman is a match for three Frenchmen; but don't you believe it, mother; for I've tried it, and am now in the hospital." To hear the old woman gravely recite this is a delicious piece of comedy.—Notes and Queries.

If an artery is cut, compress it above the wound.